



SUPERSERVER

1019C-FHTN8



USER'S MANUAL

Revision 1.0

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Manual Revision 1.0

Release Date: January 07, 2019

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Preface

About this Manual

This manual is written for professional system integrators and PC technicians. It provides information for the installation and use of this server. Installation and maintenance should be performed by experienced technicians only.

Please refer to the 1019C-FHTN8 server specifications page on our website for updates on supported memory, processors and operating systems (<http://www.supermicro.com>).

Notes

For your system to work properly, please follow the links below to download all necessary drivers/utilities and the user's manual for your server.

- Supermicro product manuals: <http://www.supermicro.com/support/manuals/>
- Product drivers and utilities: <https://www.supermicro.com/wftp>
- Product safety info: http://www.supermicro.com/about/policies/safety_information.cfm

If you have any questions, please contact our support team at:
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This manual may be periodically updated without notice. Please check the Supermicro website for possible updates to the manual revision level.

Warnings

Special attention should be given to the following symbols used in this manual.



Warning! Indicates important information given to prevent equipment/property damage or personal injury.



Warning! Indicates high voltage may be encountered when performing a procedure.

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Appendix B Standardized Warning Statements for AC Systems

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Chapter 1

Introduction

1.1 Overview

This chapter provides a brief outline of the functions and features of the 1019C-FHTN8 server. It is based on the X11SCM-LN8F motherboard and the SC513BTQC-350B chassis.

In addition to the motherboard and chassis, several important parts that are included with the system are listed below.

Main Parts List		
Description	Part Number	Quantity
Power supply module	PWS-350P-1H	1
Backplane	BPN-SAS3-826TQ-B2B	1
Fans	FAN-0154L4	4 (2 optional)
Air Shroud	MCP-310-51302-0B	1
Heatsink	SNK-P0049P	1
Riser Card	RSC-RR1U-E16	1
Rack mount rails (<i>optional</i>)	MCP-290-00102-0N MCP-290-00108-0N	1 set

1.2 Unpacking the System

Inspect the box in which the system was shipped, and note if it was damaged. If any equipment appears damaged, file a claim with the carrier who delivered it.

Decide on a suitable location for the rack unit that will hold the server. It should be situated in a clean, dust-free area that is well ventilated. Avoid areas where heat, electrical noise and electromagnetic fields are generated. It will also require a grounded AC power outlet nearby. Be sure to read the precautions and considerations noted in Appendix B.

1.3 System Features

The following table is an overview of the main features of the 1019C-FHTN8 server.

System Features	
Motherboard	X11SCM-LN8F
Chassis	SC513BTQC-350B
CPU	Intel Xeon E-2100, 8th Generation Core i3, Pentium, and Celeron series (in Socket H4 - LGA 1151).
Memory	Up to 128 GB unbuffered DIMM (UDIMM), ECC DDR4 up to 2666 MHz modules in four slots
Chipset	Intel C246
Expansion Slots	One PCI-E 3.0 x16 low-profile slot
Storage Drives	Two hot-swap 2.5" drives Three internal fixed 2.5" drives (with optional bracket, MCP-220-00137-0N) Two M.2 slots, one SATA/PCI-E 3.0 x4 and one PCI-E 3.0 x4 (Supports M-Key 2280 / 22110 and Intel Optane Memory)
Power	One 350 W 80Plus Platinum level module
Cooling	Four 40x28 mm 4-pin PWM fans, plus an option for two more fans, CPU heatsink, air shroud to direct air flow
Input/Output	LAN: Eight 1 GbE ports; one dedicated IPMI port USB: Two USB 3.1 Gen 1 ports, two USB 2.0 ports One VGA port
Form Factor	1U rackmount; (WxHxD) 17.2 x 1.7 x 15. in. (439 x 43 x 382 mm)

1.4 Chassis Features

Control Panel

Power switches and status LEDs are located on the control panel on the front of the chassis.

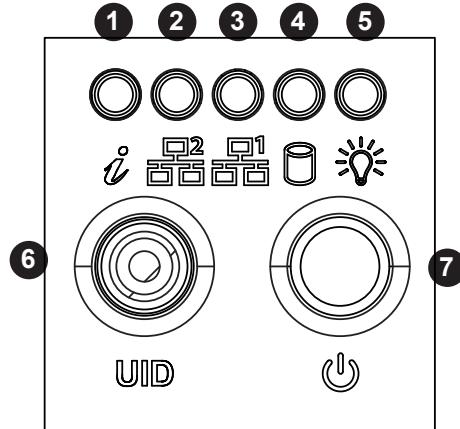


Figure 1-1. Control Panel

Control Panel Features		
Item	Features	Description
1	Information LED	Alerts operator to several states, as noted in the table below
2	NIC2 LED	Indicates network activity on LAN port 2 when flashing
3	NIC1 LED	Indicates network activity on LAN port 1 when flashing
4	HDD LED	Indicates activity on the hard drive when flashing
5	Power LED	Indicates power is being supplied to the system power supply; illuminated when the system is operating normally
6	UID Button	Press to illuminate the unit ID light, front and back of the system
7	Power Button	Applies or removes power from the power supply to the server; standby power is maintained

Information LED	
Status	Description
Continuously on and red	An overheat condition has occurred. (This may be caused by cable congestion.)
Blinking red (1Hz)	Fan failure, check for an inoperative fan.
Blinking red (0.25Hz)	Power failure, check for a non-operational power supply.
Solid blue	UID has been activated locally to locate the server in a rack environment.
Blinking blue	UID has been activated using IPMI to locate the server in a rack environment.

Front Features

The illustration below shows the features included on the front of the chassis.

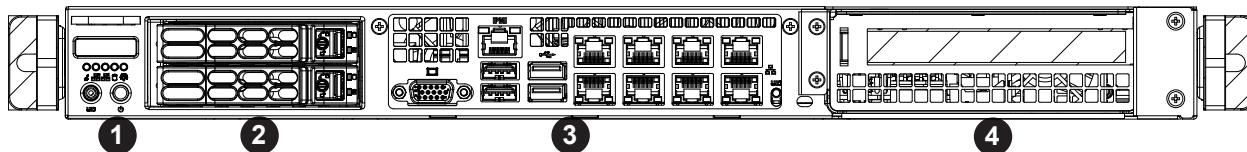


Figure 1-2. Chassis Front View

Front Chassis Features		
Item	Feature	Description
1	Control Panel	Front control panel with LEDs and buttons (see preceding page)
2	Drives	Two hot-swap 2.5" SATA storage drives
3	I/O Ports	Input/output ports (details below and Chapter 4)
4	PCI-E	Position for expansion cards

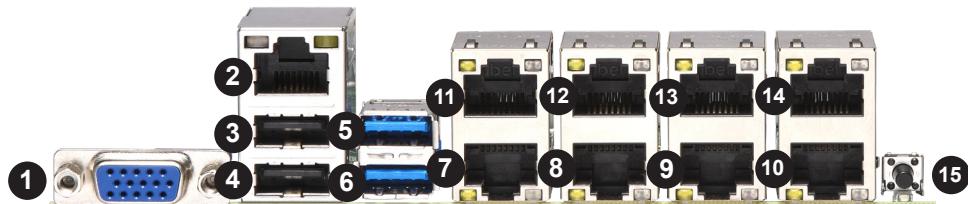


Figure 1-3. Input/Output Ports

Input/Output Ports					
#	Description	#	Description	#	Description
1	VGA Port	6	USB4 (USB 3.1 Gen 1)	11	LAN5
2	Dedicated IPMI LAN	7	LAN1	12	LAN6
3	USB1	8	LAN2	13	LAN7
4	USB0	9	LAN3	14	LAN8
5	USB5 (USB 3.1 Gen 1)	10	LAN4	15	UID Switch and UID LED

Chassis Rear

The illustration below shows the features included on the rear of the chassis.

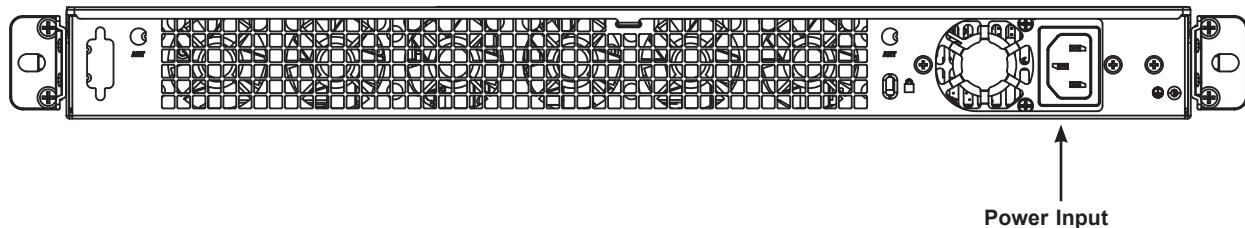


Figure 1-4. Rear View

1.5 Motherboard Layout

Below is a layout of the X11SCM-LN8F motherboard with jumper, connector and LED locations shown. See the table on the following page for descriptions. For detailed descriptions, pinout information and jumper settings, refer to Chapter 4.

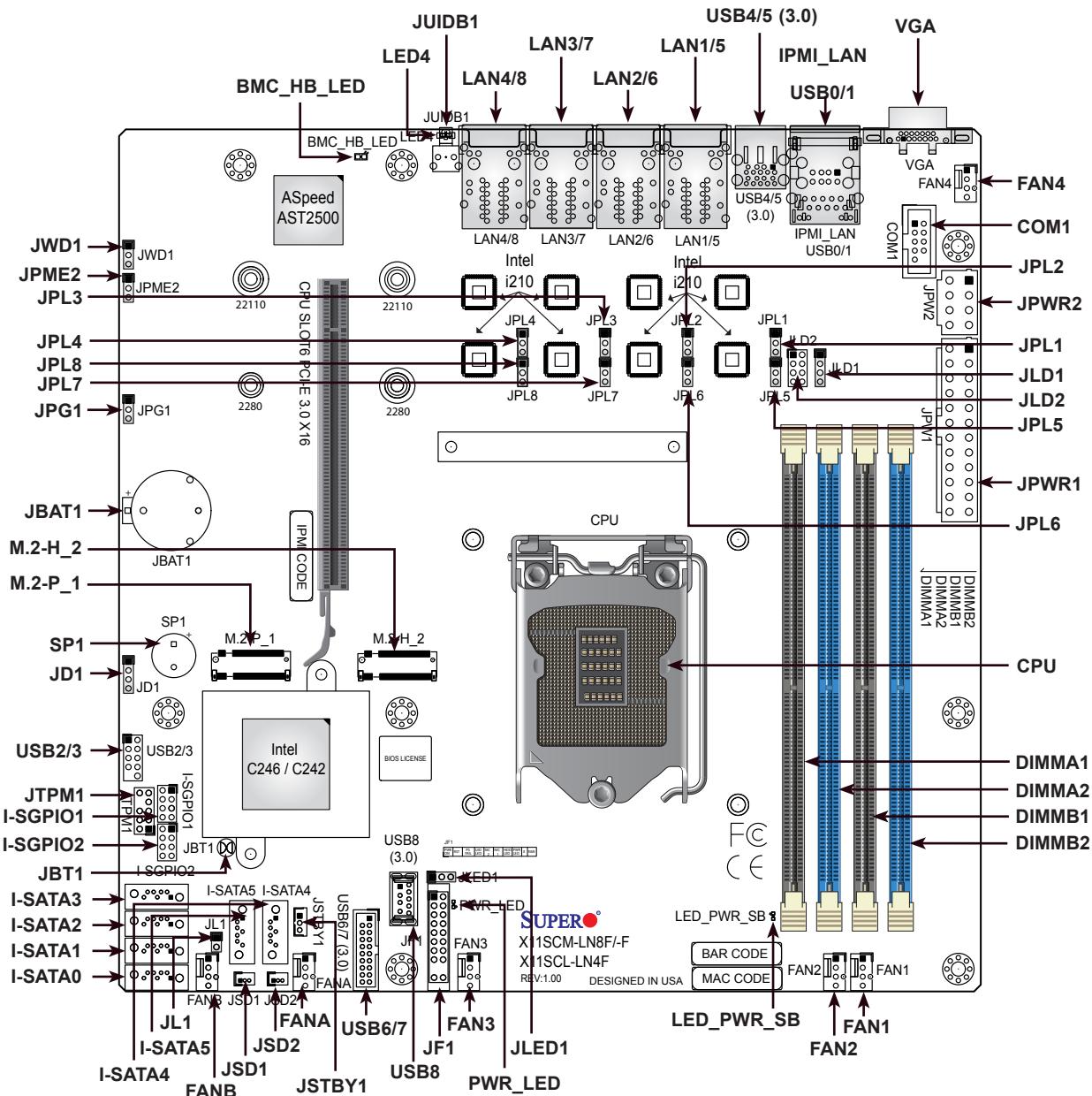


Figure 1-5. Motherboard Layout

Quick Reference

Jumper	Description	Default Setting
JBT1	CMOS Clear	Open (Normal)
JPG1	VGA Enable	Pins 1-2 (Enabled)
JPL1 – JPL8	GLAN Enable	Pins 1-2 (Enabled)
JPME2	ME Manufacturing Mode	Pins 1-2 (Normal)
JWD1	Watchdog Timer	Pins 1-2 (Reset)
Connector	Description	
COM1	COM Header	
FAN1 – FAN4 FANA, FANB	CPU/System Fan Headers	
IPMI_LAN	Dedicated IPMI LAN Port	
I-SATA0 ~ I-SATA5	Intel PCH SATA 3.0 Ports (with RAID 0, 1, 5, 10) I-SATA4 and I-SATA5 supports SuperDOM	
I-SGPIO1, I-SGPIO2	Serial Link General Purpose I/O Headers	
JBAT1	Onboard Battery	
JD1	Speaker Header (Pins 1-4: Speaker; Pins 3-4: Onboard Buzzer)	
JF1	Front Control Panel Header	
JL1	Chassis Intrusion Header	
JLED1	Onboard Power LED Header	
JLD1	LAN3 ~ LAN4 Activity LED Connector	
JLD2	LAN5 ~ LAN8 Activity LED Connector	
JPW1	24-pin ATX Power Supply Connector	
JPW2	8-pin Power Connector	
JSD1, JSD2	SATA DOM Power Connectors	
JSTBY1	Standby Power Header	
JTPM1	Trusted Platform Module (TPM)/Port 80 Header	
JUIDB1	Unit Identifier (UID) Switch	
LAN1 – LAN8	1GbE LAN Ports	
M.2-H_2	M.2 Slot supports PCI-E 3.0 x4 or SATA 3.0 x1 (Supports M-Key 2280 / 22110 and Intel Optane Memory)	
M.2-P_1	M.2 Slot for PCI-E 3.0 X4 (Supports M-Key 2280 / 22110 and Intel Optane Memory)	
SLOT6	CPU PCI-E 3.0 x16 Slot	
SP1	Onboard Buzzer	
USB0/1	Back Panel Universal Serial Bus (USB) 2.0 Ports	
USB2/3	Front Accessible USB 2.0 Header	
USB4/5	Back Panel USB 3.1 Gen 1 Ports	
USB6/7	Front Accessible USB 3.1 Gen 1 Header	
USB8	USB 3.1 Gen 1 Type-A Header	
VGA	VGA Port	

LED	Description	State: Status
BMC_HB_LED	BMC Heartbeat LED	Blinking Green: BMC Normal
LED4	Unit Identifier (UID) LED	Solid Blue: Unit Identified
LED_PWR_SB	Standby Power LED	Solid Green: Power Supply On
PWR_LED	Onboard Power LED	Solid Green: System On

System Block Diagram

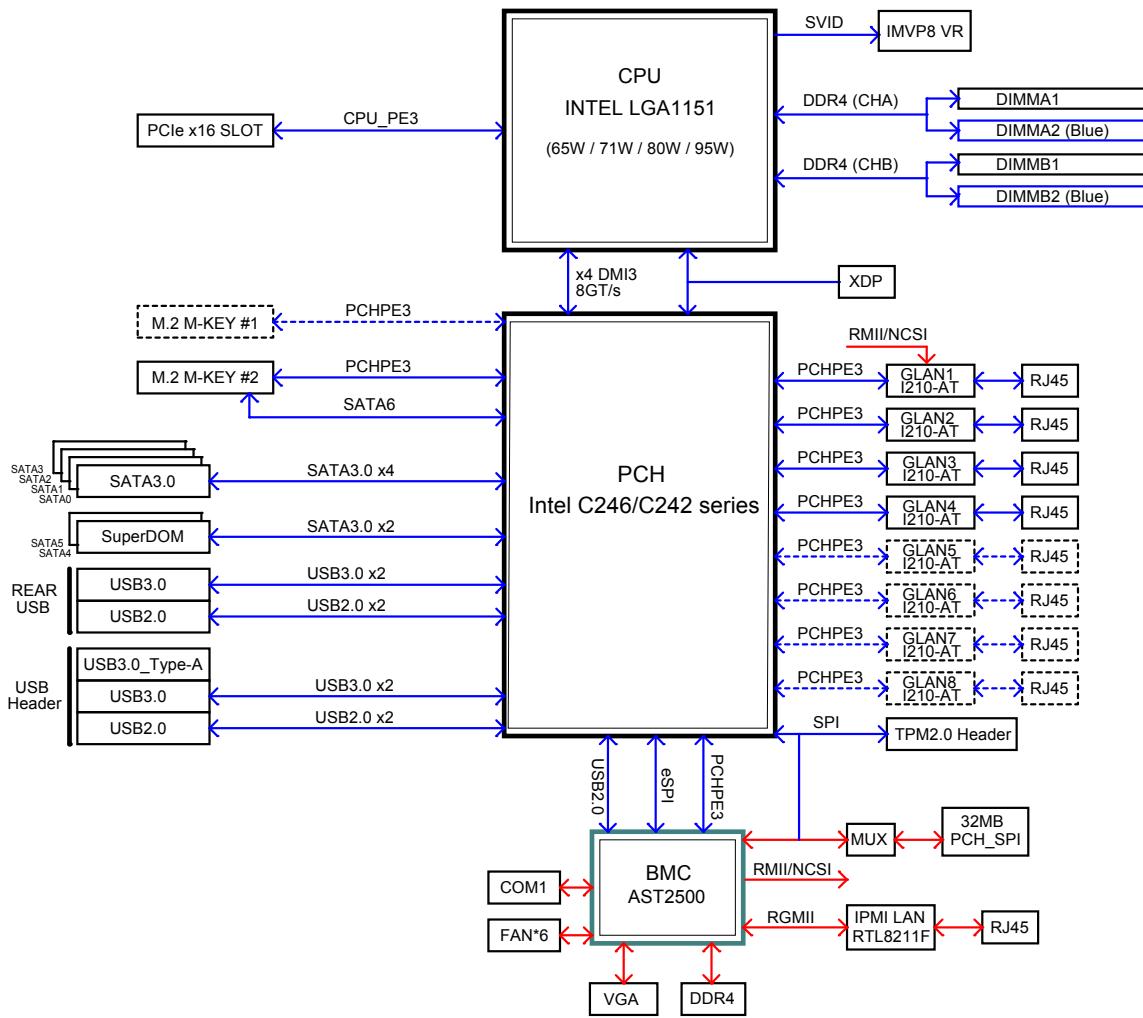


Figure 1-6. System Block Diagram

1.6 Where to Get Replacement Components

If you need replacement parts for your system, to ensure the highest level of professional service and technical support, purchase exclusively from our Supermicro Authorized Distributors/System Integrators/Resellers. A list can be found at: <http://www.supermicro.com>. Click the "Where to Buy" link.

1.7 Returning Merchandise for Service

A receipt or copy of your invoice marked with the date of purchase is required before any warranty service will be rendered. You can obtain service by calling your vendor for a Returned Merchandise Authorization (RMA) number. When returning to the manufacturer, the RMA number should be prominently displayed on the outside of the shipping carton, and mailed prepaid or hand-carried. Shipping and handling charges will be applied for all orders that must be mailed when service is complete.

For faster service, RMA authorizations may be requested online (<http://www.supermicro.com/support/rma/>).

Whenever possible, repack the chassis in the original Supermicro carton, using the original packaging material. If these are no longer available, be sure to pack the chassis securely, using packaging material to surround the chassis so that it does not shift within the carton and become damaged during shipping.

This warranty only covers normal consumer use and does not cover damages incurred in shipping or from failure due to the alteration, misuse, abuse or improper maintenance of products.

During the warranty period, contact your distributor first for any product problems.

Chapter 2

Server Installation

2.1 Overview

This chapter provides advice and instructions for mounting your system in a server rack. If your system is not already fully integrated with processors, system memory etc., refer to Chapter 3 for details on installing those specific components.

Caution: Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) can damage electronic components. To prevent such damage to PCBs (printed circuit boards), it is important to use a grounded wrist strap, handle all PCBs by their edges and keep them in anti-static bags when not in use.

2.2 Preparing for Setup

The box in which the system was shipped should include the rackmount hardware needed to install it into the rack. Please read this section in its entirety before you begin the installation.

Choosing a Setup Location

- The system should be situated in a clean, dust-free area that is well ventilated. Avoid areas where heat, electrical noise and electromagnetic fields are generated.
- Leave enough clearance in front of the rack so that you can open the front door completely (~25 inches) and approximately 30 inches of clearance in the back of the rack to allow sufficient space for airflow and access when servicing.
- This product should be installed only in a Restricted Access Location (dedicated equipment rooms, service closets, etc.).
- This product is not suitable for use with visual display workplace devices according to §2 of the German Ordinance for Work with Visual Display Units.

Rack Precautions

- Ensure that the leveling jacks on the bottom of the rack are extended to the floor so that the full weight of the rack rests on them.
- In single rack installations, stabilizers should be attached to the rack. In multiple rack installations, the racks should be coupled together.

- Always make sure the rack is stable before extending a server or other component from the rack.
- You should extend only one server or component at a time - extending two or more simultaneously may cause the rack to become unstable.

Server Precautions

- Review the electrical and general safety precautions in Appendix B.
- Determine the placement of each component in the rack *before* you install the rails.
- Install the heaviest server components at the bottom of the rack first and then work your way up.
- Use a regulating uninterruptible power supply (UPS) to protect the server from power surges and voltage spikes and to keep your system operating in case of a power failure.
- Allow any drives and power supply modules to cool before touching them.
- When not servicing, always keep the front door of the rack and all covers/panels on the servers closed to maintain proper cooling.

Rack Mounting Considerations

Ambient Operating Temperature

If installed in a closed or multi-unit rack assembly, the ambient operating temperature of the rack environment may be greater than the room's ambient temperature. Therefore, consideration should be given to installing the equipment in an environment compatible with the manufacturer's maximum rated ambient temperature (Tmra).

Airflow

Equipment should be mounted into a rack so that the amount of airflow required for safe operation is not compromised.

Mechanical Loading

Equipment should be mounted into a rack so that a hazardous condition does not arise due to uneven mechanical loading.

Circuit Overloading

Consideration should be given to the connection of the equipment to the power supply circuitry and the effect that any possible overloading of circuits might have on overcurrent protection

and power supply wiring. Appropriate consideration of equipment nameplate ratings should be used when addressing this concern.

Reliable Ground

A reliable ground must be maintained at all times. To ensure this, the rack itself should be grounded. Particular attention should be given to power supply connections other than the direct connections to the branch circuit (i.e. the use of power strips, etc.).



To prevent bodily injury when mounting or servicing this unit in a rack, you must take special precautions to ensure that the system remains stable. The following guidelines are provided to ensure your safety:

- This unit should be mounted at the bottom of the rack if it is the only unit in the rack.
- When mounting this unit in a partially filled rack, load the rack from the bottom to the top with the heaviest component at the bottom of the rack.
- If the rack is provided with stabilizing devices, install the stabilizers before mounting or servicing the unit in the rack.

2.3 Installing the Rails

This is a guideline for installing the unit into a rack with the sliding rails. There are a variety of rack units on the market, which may mean the assembly procedure may differ slightly. Refer also to instructions that came with the rack.

Each rail set consists of two sections: an inner rail that secures to the chassis and an outer rail that secures to the rack. Note that the rails are left/right side specific.

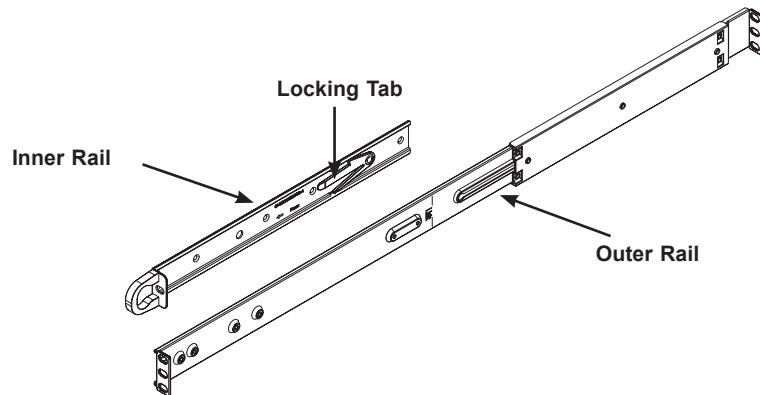


Figure 2-1. Identifying the Sections of the Rack Rails

Inner Rails

The inner rails are pre-attached to the chassis, but should the need arise to remove them, reinstallation of the rails is simple and can be accomplished with a screwdriver.

Installing the Inner Rails

Place the inner rail on the side of the chassis aligning the hooks of the chassis with the inner rail holes, and slide the extension toward the front of the chassis. Secure the chassis with one screw

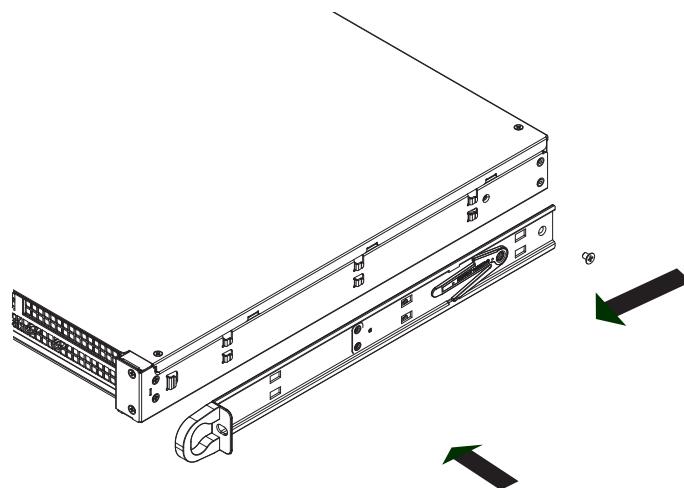


Figure 2-2. Installing the Inner Rails (Right side shown)

Outer Rails

Outer rails attach to the rack and hold the server in place. The outer rails for the chassis extend between 30 inches and 33 inches.

Installing the Outer Rails to the Rack

1. Attach the short bracket to the outside of the long bracket. Align the pins of the rail with the slides. The ends of each bracket must angle in the same direction.
2. Adjust both the short and long brackets to the proper distance so that the rail fits snugly into the rack.
3. Secure the long bracket to the front side of the rack with two M5 screws and the short bracket to the rear side of the rack with three M5 screws. Make sure that both sides are at the same height and with the rail guides facing inward.

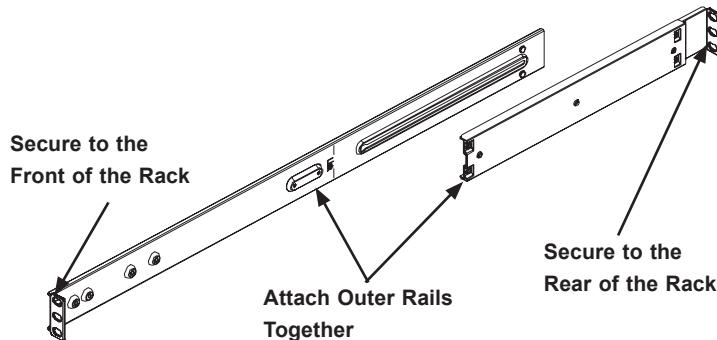


Figure 2-3. Assembling the Outer Rails



Warning: Stability hazard. The rack stabilizing mechanism must be in place, or the rack must be bolted to the floor before you slide the unit out for servicing. Failure to stabilize the rack can cause the rack to tip over.



Slide rail mounted equipment is not to be used as a shelf or a work space.

2.4 Installing the Server into the Rack

After the rails are attached to both the chassis and the rack:

1. Line up the rear of the inner rails with the front of the rack rails.
2. Slide the chassis rails into the rack rails, keeping the pressure even on both sides (you may have to depress the locking tabs when inserting).
3. When the server has been pushed completely into the rack, you should hear the locking tabs "click".
4. Finish by inserting and tightening the thumbscrews that hold the front of the server to the rack.

Locking Tabs: The inner rails have a locking tab. It locks the server in place when fully extended from the rack. This prevents the server from coming completely out of the rack when you pull it out for servicing. If you need to remove the server completely, depress the locking tabs on each side as you pull it out.

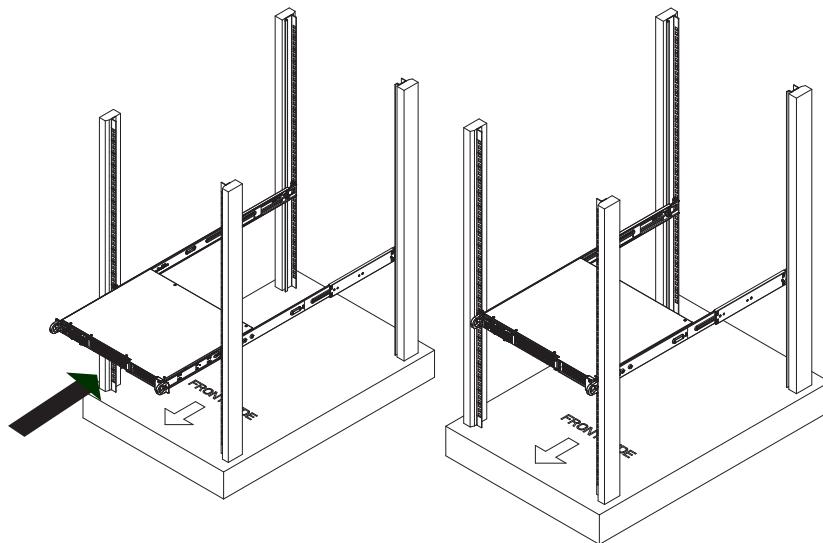


Figure 2-4. Installing the Server into a Rack

Note: Figures are for illustrative purposes only. Always install servers to the bottom of a rack first.



Warning: Do not pick up the server with the front handles. They are designed to pull the system from a rack only.

2.5 Installing the Server into a Telco Rack

The inner rails should remain attached when installing into a telco rack.

1. Use the two L-shaped brackets (four total) to suspend the sides of the chassis within the rack.
2. Determine how far the chassis will extend out the front of the rack. Larger chassis should be positioned to balance the weight between front and back. If a bezel is included on your server, remove it.
3. Attach the two front brackets to each side of the chassis, then the two rear brackets positioned with just enough space to accommodate the width of the telco rack.
4. Finish by sliding the chassis into the rack and tightening the brackets to the rack.

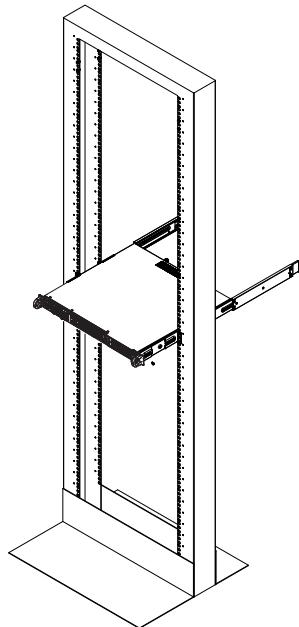


Figure 2-5. Installing the Server into a Telco Rack

Note: Figure is for illustrative purposes only. Always install servers to the bottom of a rack first.

Chapter 3

Maintenance and Component Installation

This chapter provides instructions on installing and replacing main system components. To prevent compatibility issues, only use components that match the specifications and/or part numbers given.

Installation or replacement of most components require that power first be removed from the system. Please follow the procedures given in each section.

3.1 Removing Power

Use the following procedure to ensure that power has been removed from the system. This step is necessary when removing or installing non hot-swap components or when replacing a non-redundant power supply.

1. Use the operating system to power down the system.
2. After the system has completely shut-down, disconnect the AC power cord(s) from the power strip or outlet. (If your system has more than one power supply, remove the AC power cords from all power supply modules.)
3. Disconnect the power cord(s) from the power supply module(s).

3.2 Accessing the System

The chassis features a removable top cover.

Removing the Top Cover

1. Remove the screws securing the cover to the chassis.
2. Slide the cover toward the rear of the chassis.
3. Lift the cover from the chassis.

Check that all ventilation openings on the top cover and the top of the chassis are clear and unobstructed.

Caution: Except for short periods of time, do not operate the server without the cover in place. The chassis cover must be in place to allow for proper airflow and to prevent overheating.

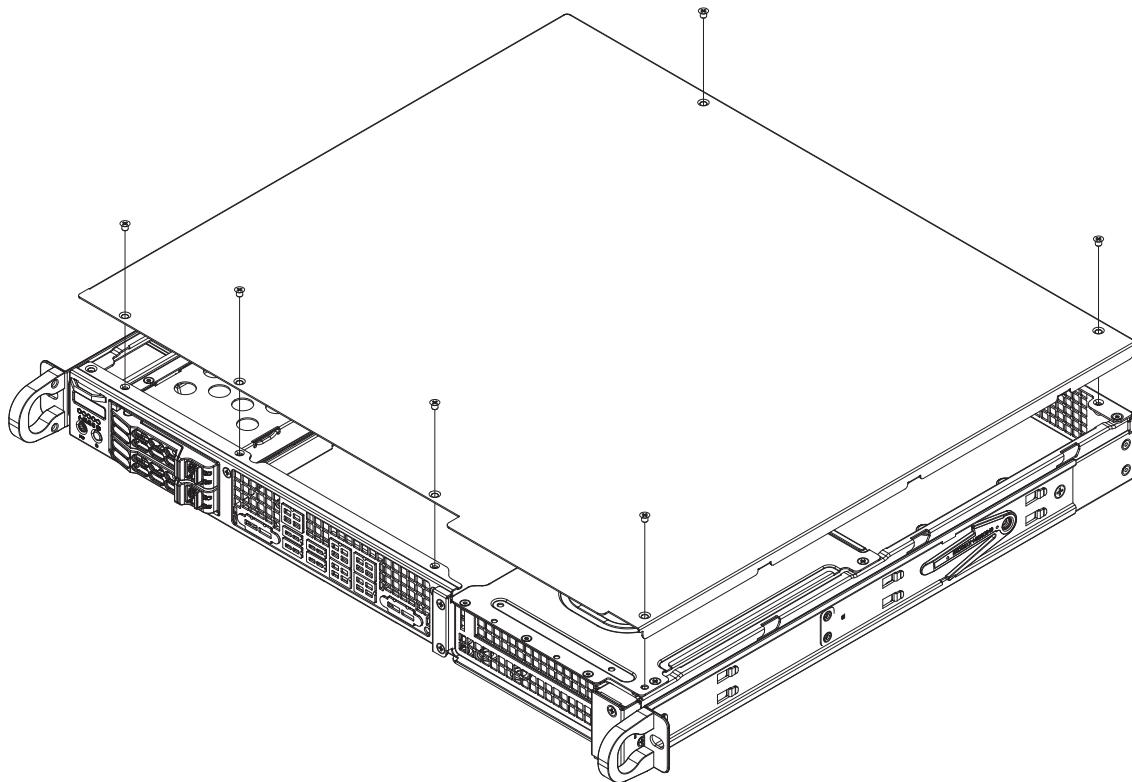


Figure 3-1. Removing the Chassis Cover

3.3 Motherboard Components

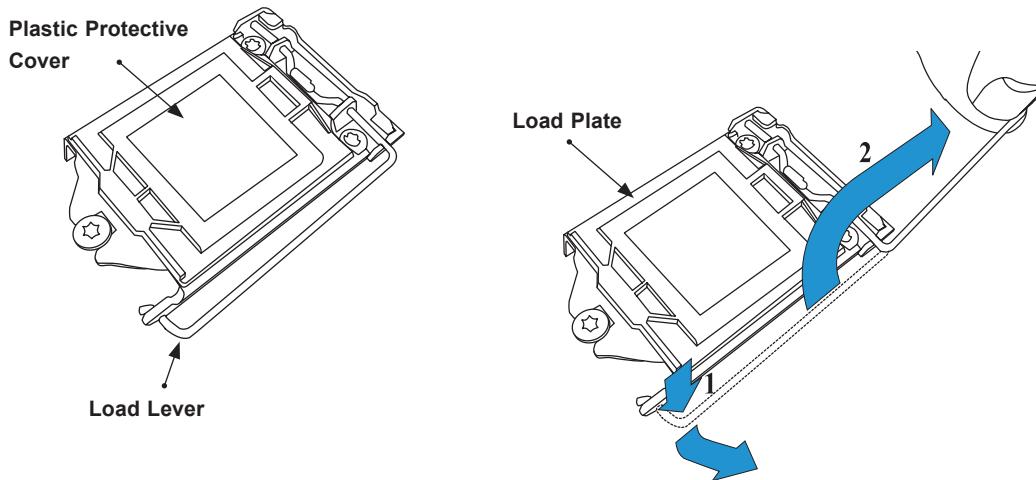
Processor and Heatsink Installation

Notes:

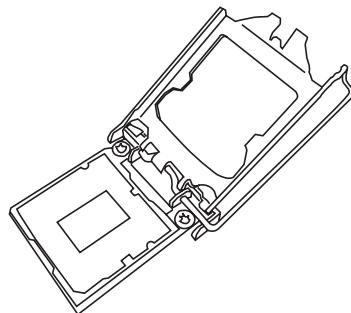
- Use ESD protection.
- Unplug the AC power cord from all power supplies after shutting down the system.
- Check that the plastic protective cover is on the CPU socket and none of the socket pins are bent. If they are, contact your retailer.
- When handling the processor, avoid touching or placing direct pressure on the LGA lands (gold contacts). Improper installation or socket misalignment can cause serious damage to the processor or CPU socket, which may require manufacturer repairs.
- Thermal grease is pre-applied on a new heatsink. No additional thermal grease is needed.
- Refer to the Supermicro website for updates on processor support.
- All graphics in this manual are for illustration only. Your components may look different.

Installing the LGA 1151 Processor

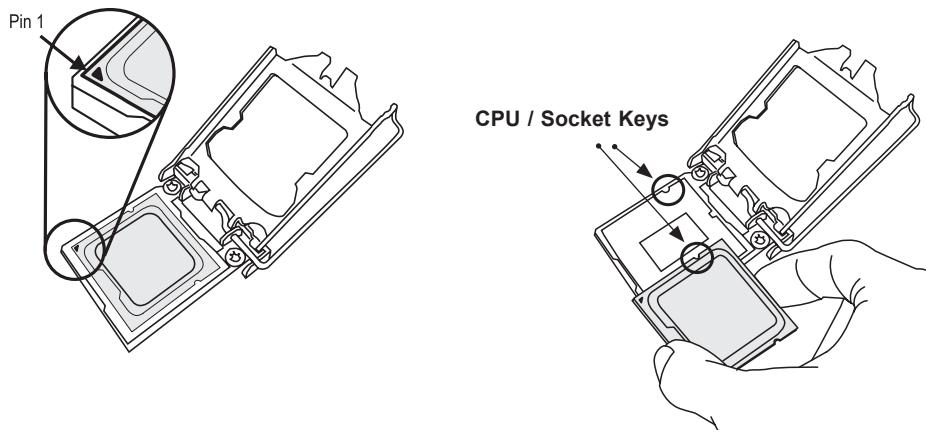
1. Press the load lever down to release the load plate from its locking position.



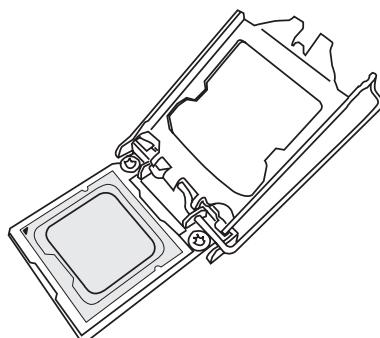
2. Gently lift the load lever to open the load plate. Remove the plastic protective cover. Do not touch the CPU socket contacts.



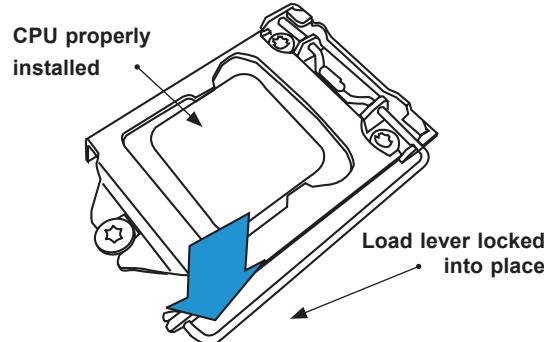
3. Locate the triangle on the CPU and CPU socket, which indicates the location of Pin 1. Holding the CPU by the edges with your thumb and index finger, align the triangle on the CPU with the triangle on the socket. The CPU keys (the semi-circle cutouts) may also be aligned against the socket keys as a guide.



4. Carefully lower the CPU straight down into the socket. Do not drop the CPU on the socket, or move it horizontally or vertically to avoid damaging the CPU or socket. Inspect the four corners of the CPU to make sure that the CPU is properly installed.



5. Close the load plate, then gently push down the load lever into its locking position.



Note: You can only install the CPU in one direction. Make sure it is properly inserted into the socket before closing the load plate. If it doesn't close properly, do not force it as it may damage your CPU. Instead, open the load plate again and double-check that the CPU is properly aligned.

Installing the CPU Heatsink

Notes:

- If you bought a CPU separately, use an Intel-certified multi-directional heatsink only.
- Do not apply any thermal grease to the heatsink or the CPU die; the required amount has already been applied.

1. Place the heatsink on top of the CPU so that the four mounting holes are aligned with those on the heatsink retention bracket.
2. Screw in two diagonal screws (i.e. the #1 and the #2 screws) until they are just snug. Do not fully tighten the screws or you may damage the CPU.
3. Add the two remaining screws then finish the installation by fully tightening all four screws (be careful not to overtighten).

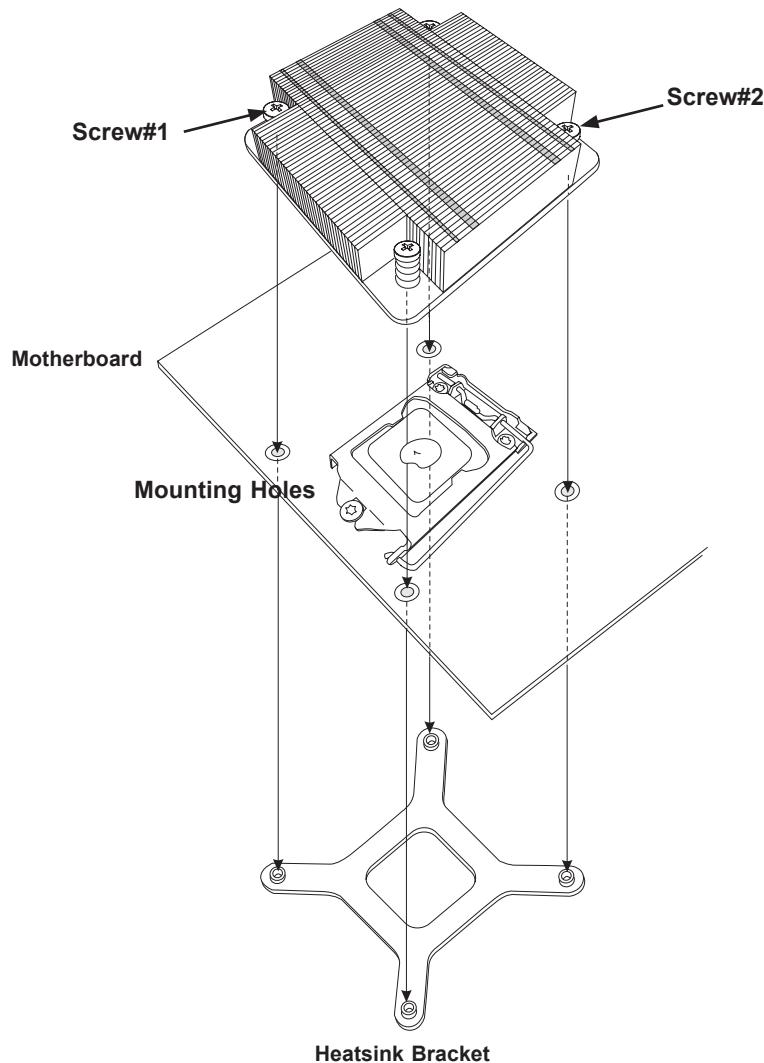


Figure 3-2. Installing the Heatsink

Removing a Heatsink

We do not recommend removing the heatsink. If necessary, please follow the instructions below to prevent damage to the CPU or the CPU socket.

1. Unscrew and remove the heatsink screws from the motherboard in the sequence as shown in the figure below.
2. Hold and gently pivot the heatsink back and forth to loosen it from the CPU. (Do not use excessive force when dislodging the heatsink.)
3. Once the heatsink is loose, remove it from the CPU.
4. Clean the surface of the CPU and the heatsink to get rid of the old thermal grease. Reapply the proper amount of thermal grease to the surface before you re-install the heatsink.

Note: Wait for the heatsink to cool down before removing it.

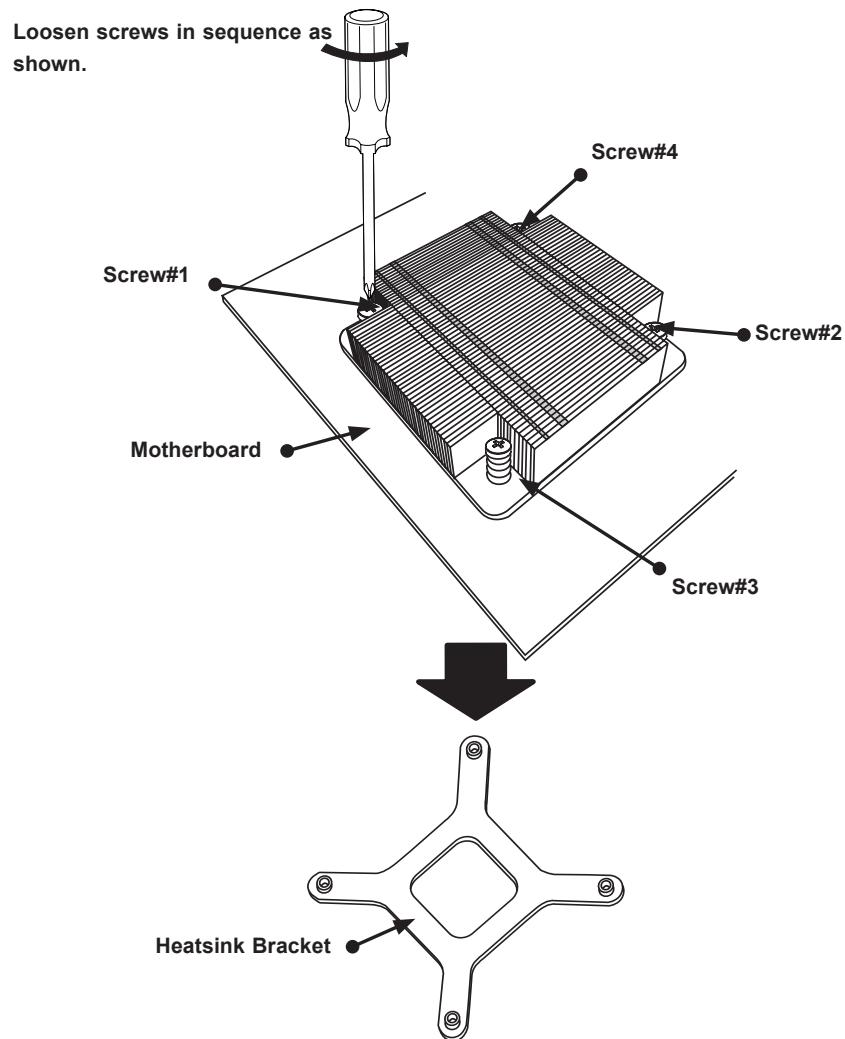


Figure 3-3. Removing the Heatsink

Memory

Note: Check the Supermicro website for recommended memory modules.

Memory Support

The X11SCM-LN8F supports up to 64GB of unbuffered (UDIMM) DDR4 (288-pin) ECC memory (2-DIMM per channel) with speeds of up to 2666MHz in four memory slots. Refer to the tables below for the recommended DIMM population order and additional memory information.

DIMM Type	Ranks Per DIMM and Data Width	DIMM Capacity (GB)		Speed (MT/s), Voltage (V), Slot Per Channel (SPC), and DIMM Per Channel (DPC)	
		DRAM Density		2 Slots Per Channel	
		4GB	8GB	1DPC	2DPC
Unbuffered DDR4 ECC	SR	16GB (4x 4GB DIMMs)	32GB (4x 8GB DIMMs)	2666	2666
	DR	32GB (4x 8GB DIMMs)	64GB (4x 16GB DIMMs)		

General Guidelines for Optimizing Memory Performance

- The blue slots must be populated first.
- Always use DDR4 memory of the same type, size, and speed.
- Mixed DIMM speeds can be installed. However, all DIMMs will run at the speed of the slowest DIMM.
- The motherboard will support odd-numbered modules. However, to achieve the best memory performance, a balanced memory population is recommended.

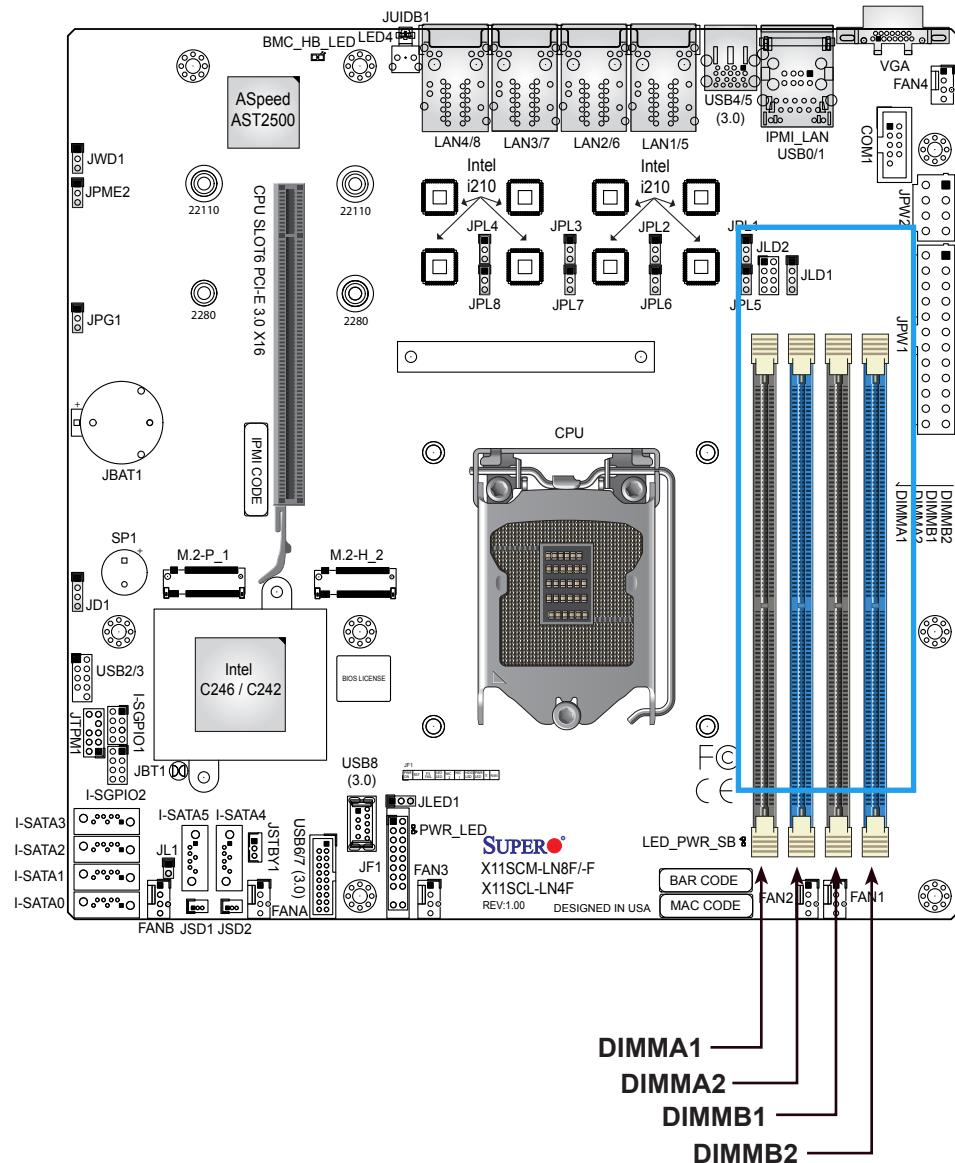


Figure 3-4. DIMM Slots

Memory Population Sequence	
Number of DIMMs	Sequence
1	DIMMB2
2	DIMMB2 / DIMMA2
3 (Unbalanced: not recommended)	DIMMB2 / DIMMA2 / DIMMB1
4	DIMMB2 / DIMMBA2 / DIMMB1 / DIMMA1

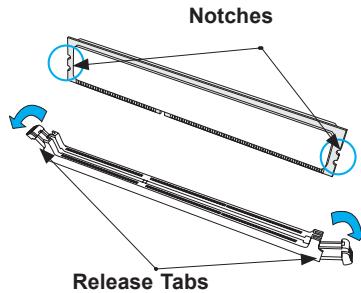
DIMM Installation

Insert the desired number of DIMMs into the memory slots based on the recommended population table on the previous page.

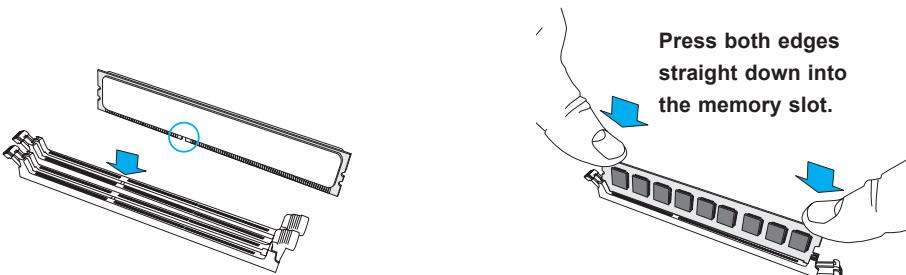
Installing Memory

Begin by removing power from the system as described in Section 3.1.

1. Push the release tabs outwards on both ends of the DIMM slot to unlock it.



2. Align the key of the DIMM with the receptive point on the memory slot and with your thumbs on both ends of the module, press it straight down into the slot until the module snaps into place.



3. Press the release tabs to the locked position to secure the DIMM module into the slot.

To remove a DIMM, unlock the release tabs then pull the DIMM from the memory slot.

Caution: Exercise extreme caution when installing or removing memory modules to prevent any possible damage to the DIMMs or slots.

Motherboard Battery

The motherboard uses non-volatile memory to retain system information when system power is removed. This memory is powered by a lithium battery residing on the motherboard.

Replacing the Battery

Begin by removing power from the system as described in section 3.1.

1. Push aside the small clamp that covers the edge of the battery. When the battery is released, lift it out of the holder.
2. To insert a new battery, slide one edge under the lip of the holder with the positive (+) side facing up. Then push the other side down until the clamp snaps over it.

Note: Handle used batteries carefully. Do not damage the battery in any way; a damaged battery may release hazardous materials into the environment. Do not discard a used battery in the garbage or a public landfill. Please comply with the regulations set up by your local hazardous waste management agency to dispose of your used battery properly.

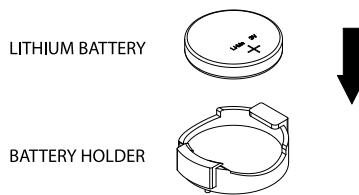


Figure 3-5. Installing the Onboard Battery

Warning: There is a danger of explosion if the onboard battery is installed upside down (which reverses its polarities). This battery must be replaced only with the same or an equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer (CR2032).

3.4 Chassis Components

This section provides instructions on installing and replacing system components. To assure compatibility, only use components that match the specifications or part numbers given.

Storage Drives

The system supports two hot-swap 2.5" drives and two internal 2.5" storage drives. If RAID is configured, the hot-swap drives can be removed or replaced without powering down the system.

Note: Enterprise level drives are recommended for use in Supermicro servers. For information on recommended HDDs, visit the Supermicro website product pages at <https://www.supermicro.com/products/nfo>.

Drive Carriers

The drives are mounted in drive carriers that simplify their removal from the chassis. These carriers also help promote proper airflow. Even carriers without drives must remain in the chassis for proper airflow.

Each drive carrier has two LED indicators: an activity indicator and a status indicator. In RAID configurations, the status indicator lights to indicate the status of the drive. In non-RAID configurations, the status indicator remains off. See the table below for details.

Drive Carrier LED Indicators			
	Color	Blinking Pattern	Behavior for Device
Activity LED	Blue	Solid On	SAS/NVMe drive installed
	Blue	Blinking	I/O activity
Status LED	Red	Solid On	Failure of drive with RSTe support
	Red	Blinking at 1 Hz	Rebuild drive with RSTe support
	Red	Blinking with two blinks and one stop at 1 Hz	Hot spare for drive with RSTe support (<i>not supported in VMD mode</i>)
	Red	On for five seconds, then off	Power on for drive with RSTe support
	Red	Blinking at 4 Hz	Identify drive with RSTe support
	Green	Solid On	Safe to remove NVMe device (<i>not supported in VMD mode</i>)
	Amber	Blinking at 1 Hz	Attention state—do not remove NVMe device (<i>not supported in VMD mode</i>)

Installing Hot-Swap Storage Drives

1. Remove the drive tray from the front of the chassis by unlocking the drive tray lever and pulling the tray out from the chassis.
2. Remove the dummy drive insert from the drive tray
3. Install the drive into the drive tray.
4. Insert and lock the drive tray.

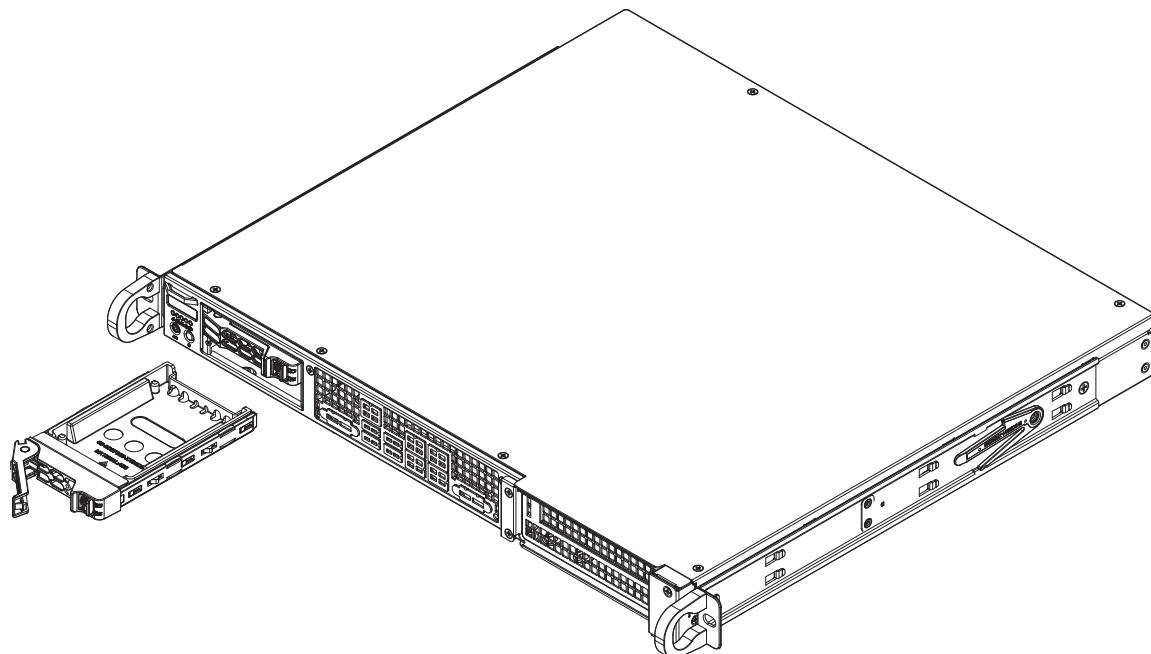


Figure 3-6. Installing Storage Drives

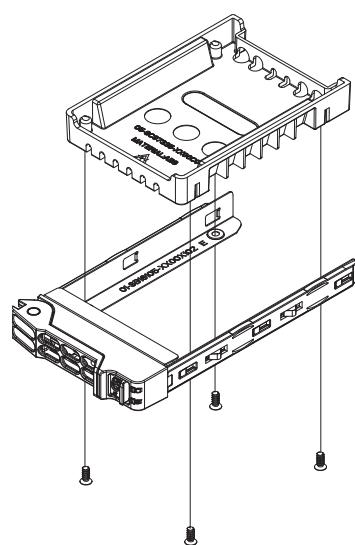


Figure 3-7. Installing Storage Drives

Installing Fixed Internal Drives

Installing 2.5" Drives with an (optional) Fixed Bracket

1. Obtain the mounting bracket.
2. Secure the drives to the mounting bracket.
3. Secure the drive bracket assembly to the chassis floor.
4. Connect drive cables.

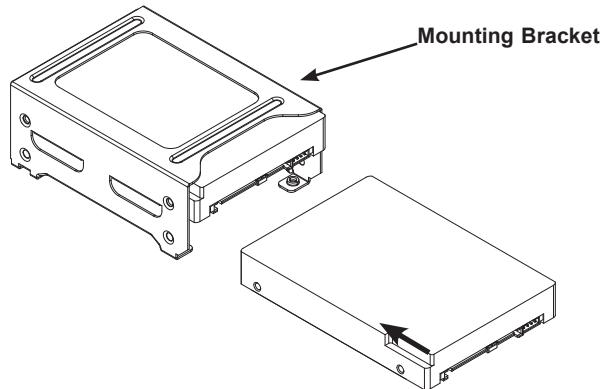


Figure 3-8. Inserting a 2.5" Drive into the Mounting Bracket

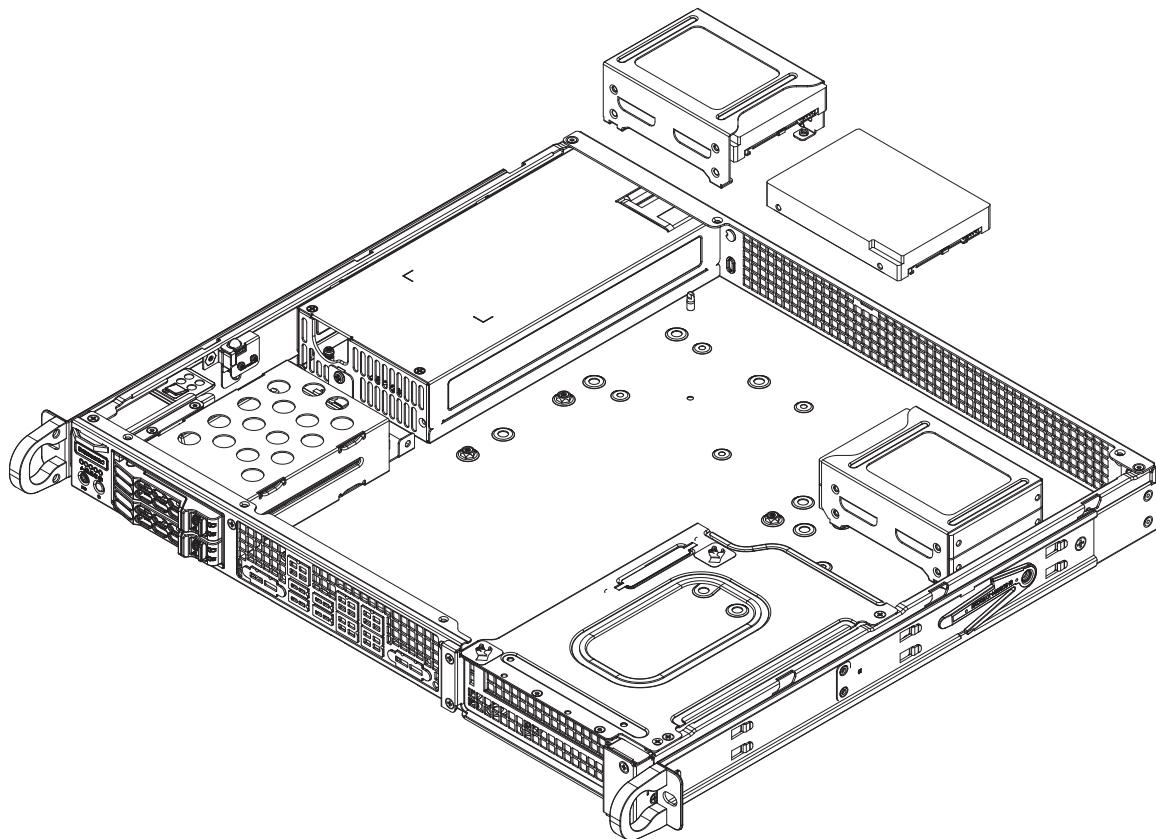


Figure 3-9. Securing the Drive Bracket to the Floor of the Chassis

System Fans

The system comes with four heavy-duty fans but supports up to six. It has additional sockets for two more optional fans to provide additional cooling, if needed.

The fans can adjust their speed according to the heat level sensed in the system, which results in more efficient and quieter fan operation. Fan speed is controlled by IPMI. Each fan in a set has its own separate tachometer.

If a fan fails, the remaining fans will ramp up to full speed and the overheat/fan fail LED on the control panel will blink on and off. Replace any failed fan at your earliest convenience with the same type and model (the system can continue to run with a failed fan).

Note: The chassis top cover must be installed for proper airflow.

Replacing System Fans

1. Determine which fan has failed using IPMI, or if necessary, open the chassis while the system is running. Never run the server for long without the chassis cover.
2. Power remove power from the system as described in Section 3.1.
3. Detach the fan cable from the motherboard.
4. Lift the fan housing and the two fans inside it up and out of the chassis. Gently pull upward to remove a failed fan from the housing.
5. Push the new fan into the housing making sure the arrows on the top of the fan, indicating air direction, point in the same direction as the arrows on the other fans.
6. Reconnect the fan cables to the same chassis fan headers.
7. Power up the system and check that the fan is working properly and that the LED on the control panel has turned off. Finish by replacing the chassis cover.

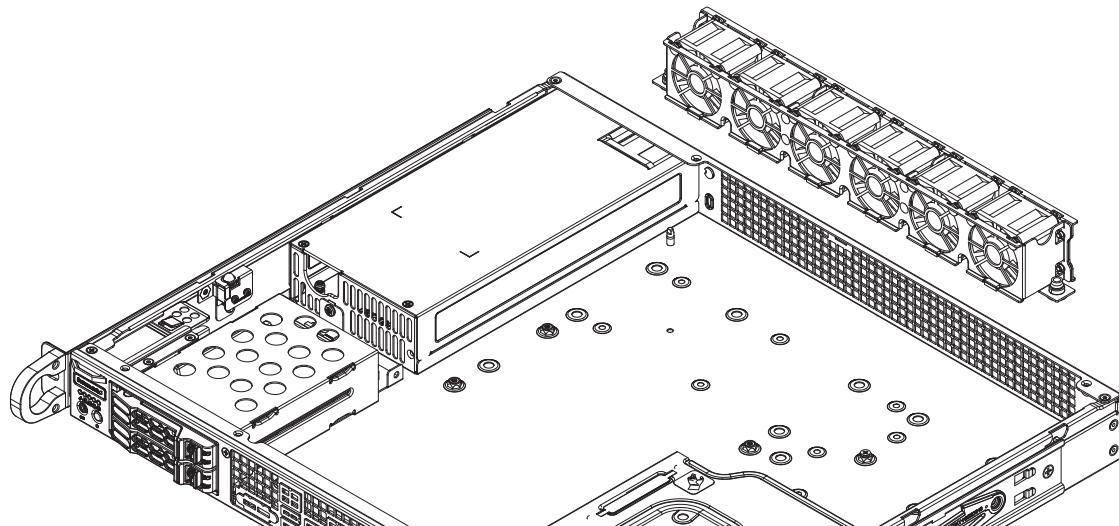


Figure 3-10. System Fans (drawing include two optional fans)

Installing the Air Shroud

Air shrouds concentrate airflow to maximize fan efficiency. It does not require screws to install.

Installing the Air Shroud

- Position the air shroud in the chassis as illustrated below. The air shroud fits next to the fans. Slide the air shroud into the grooves just behind the fan rack. If necessary, move any cables that interfere with the air shroud placement. Remove perforated tabs if necessary for a good fit.

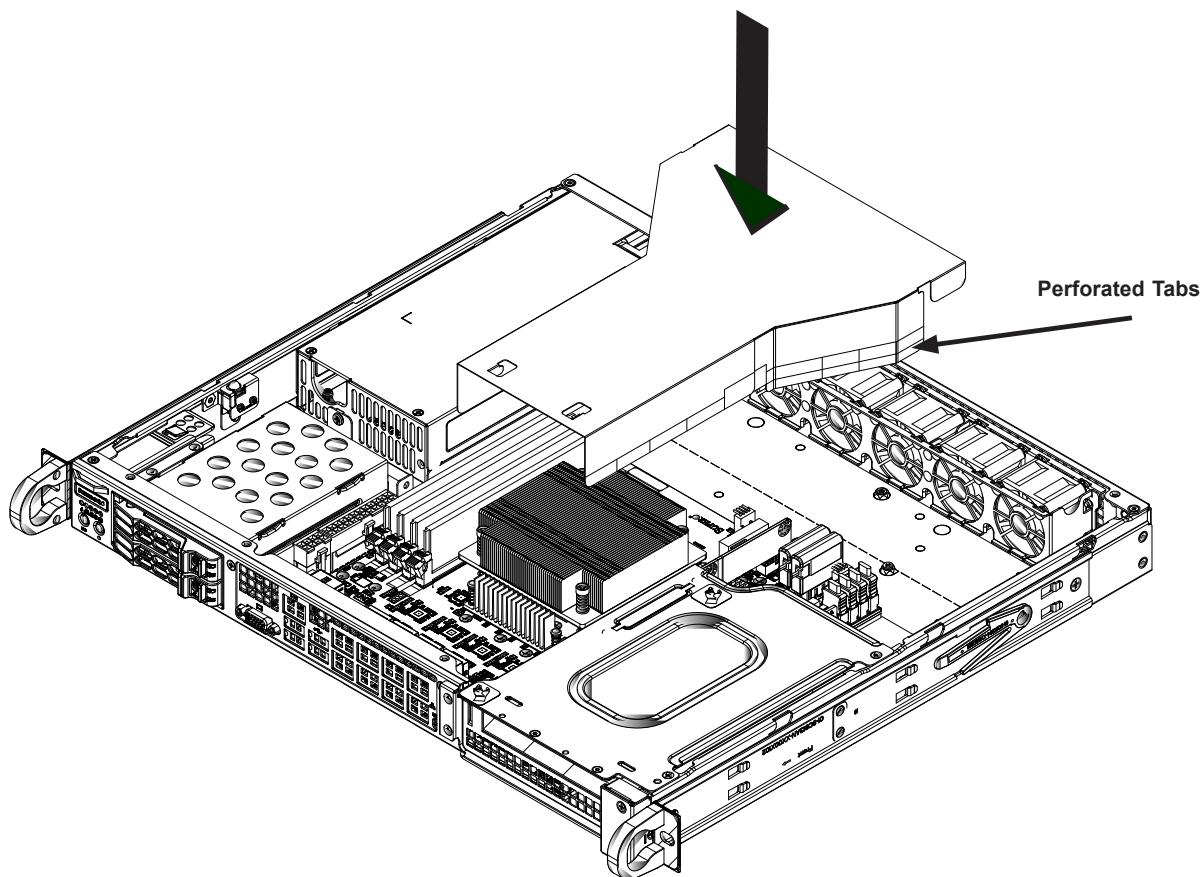
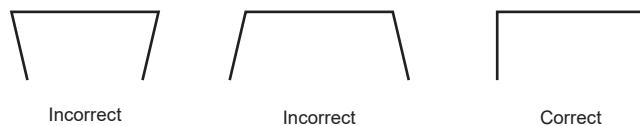


Figure 3-11. Installing the Air Shroud



Checking the Server Air Flow

- Make sure there are no objects to obstruct airflow in and out of the server.
- Do not operate the server without drives or drive carriers in the drive bays.
- Use only recommended server parts.
- Make sure no wires or foreign objects obstruct air flow through the chassis. Pull all excess cabling out of the airflow path or use shorter cables.

The control panel LEDs display system heat status. See “Control Panel” in Chapter 1 for details.

Overheating

There are several possible responses if the system overheats.

If the server overheats:

1. Use the LEDs to determine the nature of the overheating condition.
2. Confirm that the chassis covers are installed properly.
3. Make sure all fans are present and operating normally.
4. Check the routing of the cables.
5. Verify that the heatsinks are installed properly.

Power Supply

This power supply can operate at an input voltage from 100 to 240 volts. If replacing, use the exact same model. New units can be ordered directly from Supermicro or authorized distributors.

Changing the Power Supply Module

1. Power down the system, unplug the AC cord from the module, and remove the cover.
2. Remove the power cables to internal components.
3. Remove the three screws, located on the ear of the chassis and one screw at the front of the power supply and underside of the chassis, as illustrated below. Lift the unit out of the chassis.
4. Insert the new unit into position and secure it with the screws.
5. Reconnect the internal power cables
6. Reconnect the external power cord and replace the chassis top cover.

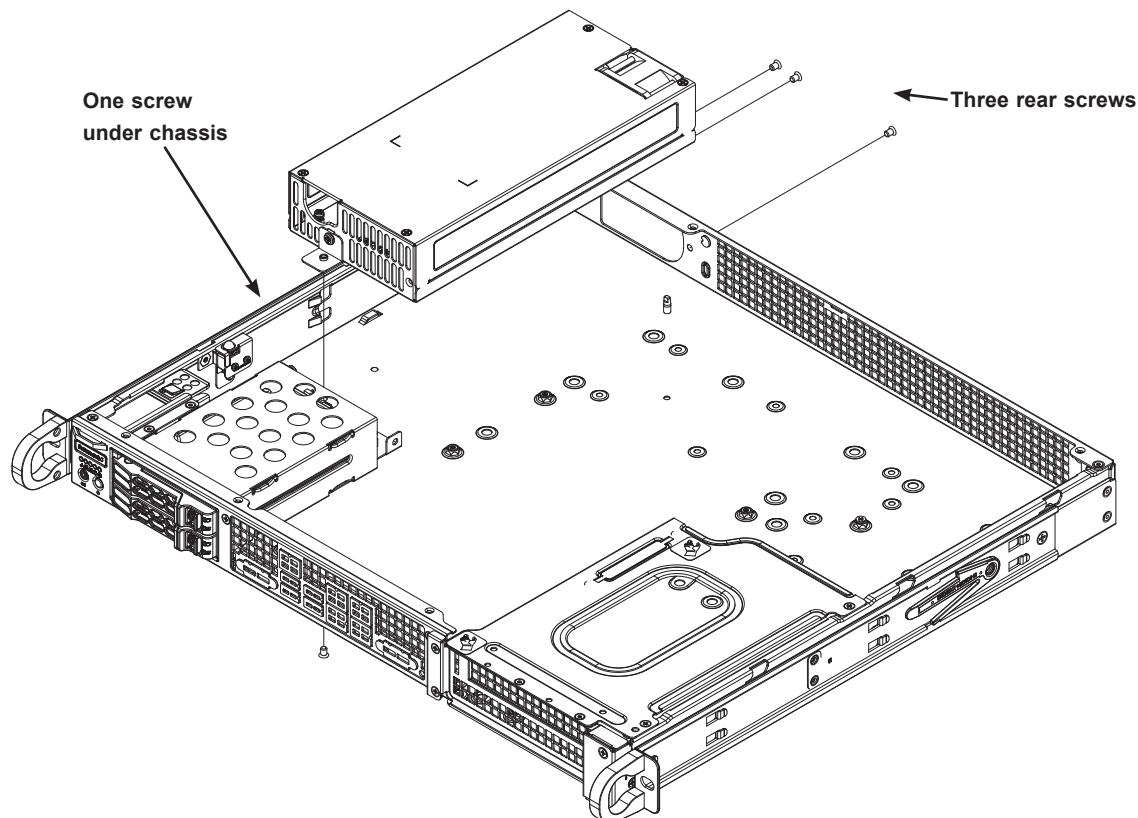


Figure 3-12. Replacing the Power Supply

PCI Expansion Cards

The system includes a pre-installed riser card that positions one or two full-height, half-length PCI-E x16 cards at a 90 degree angle, allowing it to fit inside the chassis.

Installing PCI Expansion Cards

1. Remove power as described in section 3.1 and remove the chassis cover.
2. Remove the riser card bracket from the chassis.

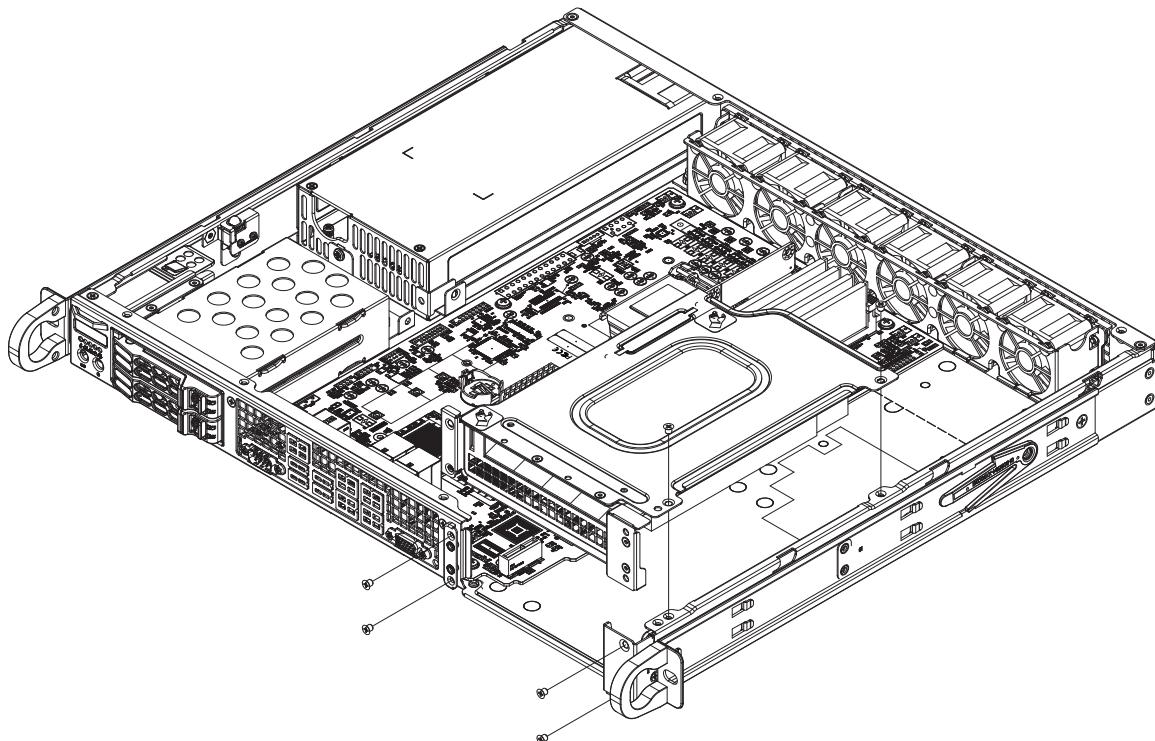


Figure 3-13. Removing the Riser Card Bracket

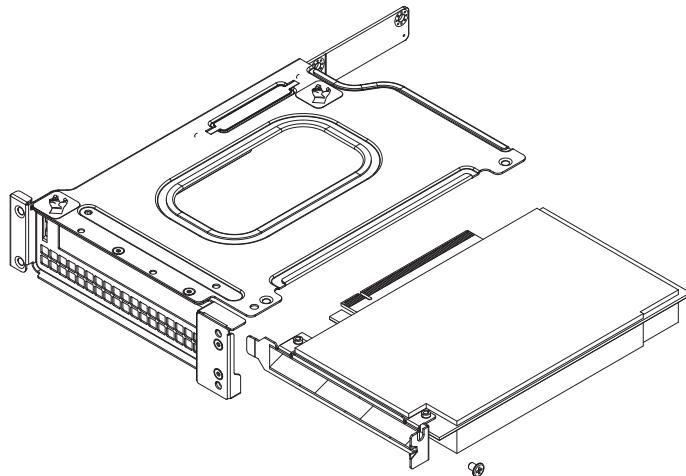


Figure 3-14. Inserting the Expansion Card(s) into the Riser Card Bracket

3. Insert the expansion card into the riser card slot while aligning the card rear shield with the chassis slot.
4. Secure the card shield with the locking tab.
5. Insert the riser card assembly into the motherboard slots while aligning it with the openings in the front of the chassis.
6. Secure the riser card bracket to the chassis.
7. Replace the chassis cover and power up the system.

Chapter 4

Motherboard Connections

This section describes the connections on the motherboard and provides pinout definitions. Note that depending on how the system is configured, not all connections are required. The LEDs on the motherboard are also described here. A motherboard layout indicating component locations may be found in Chapter 1.

Please review the Safety Precautions in Appendix B before installing or removing components.

4.1 Power Connections

ATX Power Supply Connector

The primary 24-pin power supply connector (JPW1) meets the ATX SSI EPS 12V specification. An 8-pin (JPW2) processor power connector must also be connected to your power supply.

ATX Power 24-pin Connector Pin Definitions			
Pin#	Definition	Pin#	Definition
13	+3.3V	1	+3.3V
14	NC	2	+3.3V
15	GND	3	GND
16	PS_ON	4	+5V
17	GND	5	GND
18	GND	6	+5V
19	GND	7	GND
20	Res (NC)	8	PWR_OK
21	+5V	9	5VSB
22	+5V	10	+12V
23	+5V	11	+12V
24	GND	12	+3.3V

8-Pin Power Connector

JPWR2 is an 8-pin 12V DC power input for the CPU that must be connected to the power supply. Refer to the table below for pin definitions.

8-pin Power Pin Definitions	
Pin#	Definition
1 - 4	GND
5 - 8	P12V (12V Power)

Important: To provide adequate power supply to the motherboard, be sure to connect the 24-pin ATX PWR and the 8-pin PWR connectors to the power supply. Failure to do so may void the manufacturer warranty on your power supply and motherboard.

4.2 Headers and Connectors

Onboard Fan Header

There are six 4-pin fan headers (FAN1–FAN4, FANA, FANB) on the motherboard. They are backward compatible with a traditional 3-pin fan. The onboard fan speed is controlled by Thermal Management (via Hardware Monitoring) in the IPMI 2.0. Use all 4-pin fans on the motherboard for better thermal management.

Fan Header Pin Definitions	
Pin#	Definition
1	Ground (Black)
2	+12V (Red)
3	Tachometer
4	PWM Control

TPM/Port 80 Header

The JTPM1 header is used to connect a Trusted Platform Module (TPM)/Port 80, which is available from Supermicro. TPM/Port 80 is a security device which supports encryption and authentication in hard drives. For more information, see: <http://www.supermicro.com/manuals/other/TPM.pdf>.

Trusted Platform Module Header Pin Definitions			
Pin#	Definition	Pin#	Definition
1	+3.3V	2	SPI_CS#
3	RESET#	4	SPI_MISO
5	SPI_CLK	6	GND
7	SPI_MOSI	8	NC
9	+3.3V Stdby	10	SPI_IRQ#

Onboard Power LED Header

JLED1 is the header for the onboard power LED.

Onboard PWR LED Pin Definitions	
Pins	Definition
1	VCC
2	GND
3	GND

COM Header

There is one COM header (COM1) on the motherboard that can provide serial communication support.

COM Header Pin Definitions			
Pin#	Definition	Pin#	Definition
1	DCD	6	DSR
2	RXD	7	RTS
3	TXD	8	CTS
4	DTR	9	RI
5	GND	10	N/A

Standby Power

The Standby Power header is located at JSTBY1 on the motherboard. You must have a card with a Standby Power connector and a cable to use this feature.

Standby Power Pin Definitions	
Pin#	Definition
1	+5V Standby
2	Ground
3	No Connection

LAN Activity LED Connectors

There are two LAN Activity LED connectors on the motherboard. JLD1 enables the LED for LAN3 and LAN4, while JLD2 enables LAN5 ~ LAN8. Attach Network Interface Controller (NIC) LED cables here to display network activity.

LAN Activity LED Connector (JLD1) Pin Definitions	
Pins	Definition
1	3.3V Stby
2	LAN3 Active LED
3	3.3V Stby
4	LAN4 Active LED

LAN Activity LED Connector (JLD2) Pin Definitions			
Pin#	Definition	Pin#	Definition
1	3.3V Stby	2	LAN5 Active LED
3	3.3V Stby	4	LAN6 Active LED
5	3.3V Stby	6	LAN7 Active LED
7	3.3V Stby	8	LAN8 Active LED

Chassis Intrusion

A Chassis Intrusion header is located at JL1 on the motherboard. Attach the appropriate cable from the chassis to inform you of a chassis intrusion when the chassis is opened.

Chassis Intrusion Pin Definitions	
Pin#	Definition
1	Intrusion Input
2	GND

SGPIO Headers

There are two Serial Link General Purpose Input/Output (I-SGPIO1, I-SGPIO2) headers located on the motherboard. The SGPIO headers are used to communicate with the enclosure management chip on the back panel.

I-SGPIO 1/2	
I-SGPIO1	I-SATA 3.0 Ports 0-3
I-SGPIO2	I-SATA 3.0 Ports 4-5

SGPIO Header Pin Definitions			
Pin#	Definition	Pin#	Definition
1	NC	2	NC
3	GND	4	DATA Out
5	Load	6	GND
7	Clock	8	NC

NC = No Connection

Onboard Buzzer

The Onboard Buzzer (SP1) is used to provide audible indicators for various beep codes. By default, pins 3-4 of JD1 are closed with a cap, which enables the use of this buzzer.

Onboard Buzzer Pin Definitions		
Pin#	Definition	
1	Pos (+)	VCC
2	Neg (-)	Beep In

Speaker Header

JD1 is used to connect an extra speaker. By default, pins 3-4 are closed with a cap to enable the onboard buzzer at SP1. To use an extra speaker instead, connect the speaker connector to pins 1-4.

Speaker/Onboard Buzzer Header Pin Definitions	
Pin#	Signal
1	P5V
2	Key
3	R_SPKPIN_N
4	R_SPKPIN

SATA Ports

The X11SCM-LN8F has six SATA 3.0 ports (I-SATA0 – I-SATA5) supported by the Intel C246 chipset. These SATA ports support RAID 0, 1, 5, and 10.

Note: Supermicro SuperDOMs are yellow SATADOM connectors with power pins built in and do not require separate external power cables. These connectors are backwards compatible with non-Supermicro SATADOMS that require an external power supply.

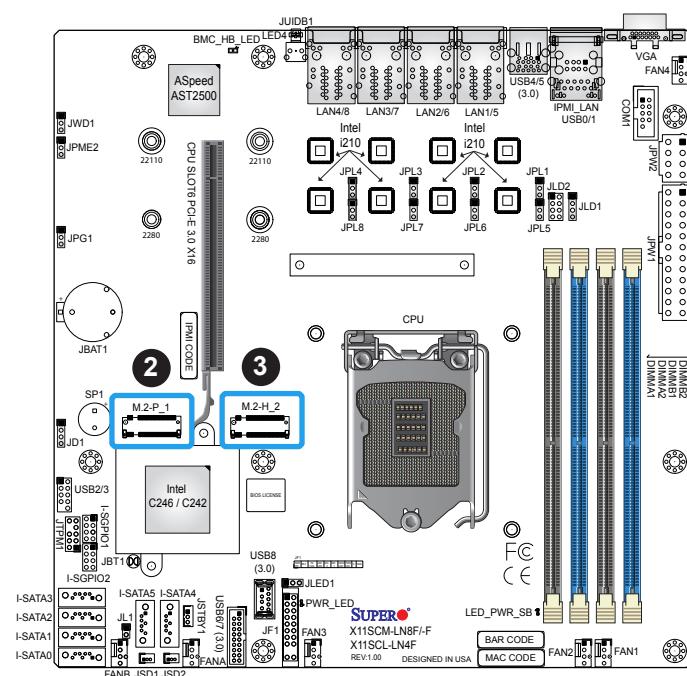
Disk-On-Module Power Connector

Two power connectors for SATA DOM (Disk-On-Module) devices are located at JSD1 and JSD2. Connect appropriate cables here to provide power support for your Serial Link DOM devices.

SATA Power Pin Definitions	
Pin#	Definition
1	5V
2	Ground
3	Ground

M.2 Slot

The motherboard has two M.2 slots offering solid state storage in a small form factor. The hybrid M.2-H_2 (3) slot supports PCI-E 3.0 x4 SSD cards in a 2280/22110 form factor, or SATA 3.0. The M.2-P_1 slot (2) supports PCI-E 3.0 x4.



Front Control Panel

JF1 contains header pins for various control panel connections. Refer to Figure 4-1 below for the pin locations and definitions of the control panel buttons and LED indicators.

All JF1 wires have been bundled into a single cable to simplify this connection. Verify that the red wire plugs into pin 1 as marked on the motherboard. The other end connects to the control panel PCB board.

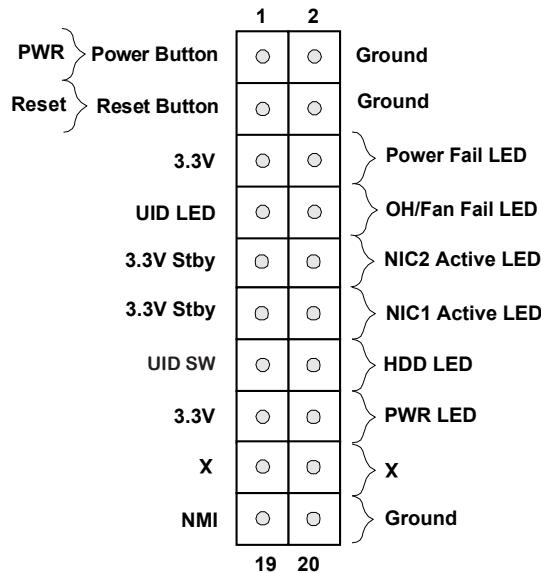


Figure 4-1. JF1: Control Panel Pins

Power Button

The Power Button connection is located on pins 1 and 2 of JF1. Momentarily contacting both pins will power on/off the system. This button can also be configured to function as a suspend button with a setting in the BIOS (see Chapter 6). To turn off the power when the system is in suspend mode, press the button for 4 seconds or longer. Refer to the table below for pin definitions.

Power Button Pin Definitions (JF1)	
Pins	Definition
1	Signal
2	Ground

Reset Button

The Reset Button connection is located on pins 3 and 4 of JF1. Attach it to a hardware reset switch on the computer case to reset the system. Refer to the table below for pin definitions.

Reset Button Pin Definitions (JF1)	
Pins	Definition
3	Reset
4	Ground

Power Fail LED

The Power Fail LED connection is located on pins 5 and 6 of JF1. Refer to the table below for pin definitions.

Power Fail LED Pin Definitions (JF1)	
Pin#	Definition
5	3.3V
6	PWR Supply Fail

Overheat (OH)/Fan Fail and UID LED

Connect an LED cable to pins 7 and 8 of the Front Control Panel to use the Overheat/Fan Fail LED connections. The LED on pin 8 provides warnings of overheat or fan failure. Refer to the tables below for pin definitions.

OH/Fan Fail Indicator Status	
State	Definition
Off	Normal
On	Overheat
Flashing	Fan Fail

OH/Fan Fail LED Pin Definitions (JF1)	
Pin#	Definition
7	UID LED (Blue)
8	OH/FAN Fail LED

NIC1/NIC2 (LAN1/LAN2)

The NIC (Network Interface Controller) LED connection for LAN port 1 is located on pins 11 and 12 of JF1, and LAN port 2 is on pins 9 and 10. Attach the NIC LED cables here to display network activity. Refer to the table below for pin definitions.

LAN1/LAN2 LED Pin Definitions (JF1)	
Pins	Definition
9/11	Vcc
10/12	NIC2 Active LED/ NIC1 Active LED

HDD LED/UID Switch

The HDD LED/UID Switch connection is located on pins 13 and 14 of JF1. Attach a cable to pin 14 to show hard drive activity status. Attach a cable to pin 13 to use the UID switch. Refer to the table below for pin definitions.

HDD LED/UID Switch Pin Definitions (JF1)	
Pin#	Definition
13	UID SW
14	HDD Active

Power LED

The Power LED connection is located on pins 15 and 16 of JF1. Refer to the table below for pin definitions.

Power LED Pin Definitions (JF1)	
Pins	Definition
15	3.3V
16	PWR LED

NMI Button

The non-maskable interrupt (NMI) button header is located on pins 19 and 20 of JF1. Refer to the table below for pin definitions.

NMI Button Pin Definitions (JF1)	
Pins	Definition
19	Control
20	Ground

4.3 Front I/O Ports

The following input/output ports are provided by the motherboard.

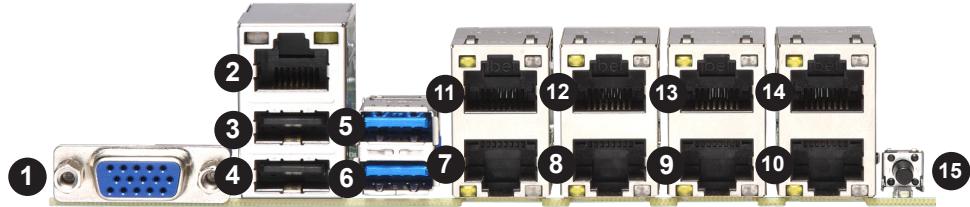


Figure 4-2. Front I/O Ports

#	Description	#	Description	#	Description
1	VGA Port	6	USB4 (USB 3.1 Gen 1)	11	LAN5
2	Dedicated IPMI LAN	7	LAN1	12	LAN6
3	USB1	8	LAN2	13	LAN7
4	USB0	9	LAN3	14	LAN8
5	USB5 (USB 3.1 Gen 1)	10	LAN4	15	UID Switch and UID LED

IPMI LAN Port

An IPMI-dedicated GbE LAN port is on the I/O panel. IPMI LAN is supported by the Aspeed AST2500 BMC (Baseboard Management Controller). This port accepts a RJ45 type cable. Refer to the LED Indicator Section for IPMI LAN LED information.

Universal Serial Bus (USB) Ports

There are two USB 3.1 Gen 1 ports (5/6) and two USB 2.0 ports (3/4).

Unit Identifier Switch/UID LED Indicator

A Unit Identifier (UID) Switch (UID-SW) and a rear LED Indicator (UID-LED) are located on the I/O panel. When the user presses the UID switch, the UID LED indicator illuminates. Press the UID switch again to turn off the UID LED. The UID indicator provides easy identification of a system unit that might be in need of service.

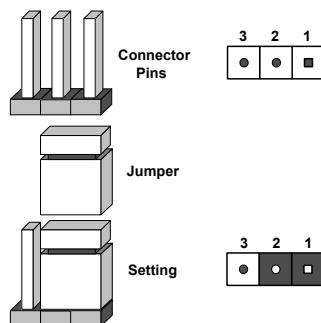
Note: UID can also be triggered via IPMI on the motherboard. For more information on IPMI, refer to the IPMI User's Guide posted on our website: <http://www.supermicro.com>.

4.4 Jumpers

Explanation of Jumpers

To modify the operation of the motherboard, jumpers are used to choose between optional settings. Jumpers create shorts between two pins to change the function associated with it. Pin 1 is identified with a square solder pad on the printed circuit board. See the motherboard layout page for jumper locations.

Note: On a two-pin jumper, "Closed" means the jumper is on both pins and "Open" indicates the jumper is either on only one pin or has been completely removed.



CMOS Clear

JBT1 is used to clear CMOS, which also clears any passwords. Instead of pins, this jumper consists of contact pads to prevent accidentally clearing the contents of CMOS.

To Clear CMOS

1. Power down the system and unplug the power cord(s).
2. Remove the cover of the chassis to access the motherboard.
3. Remove the onboard battery from the motherboard.
4. Short the CMOS pads with a metal object such as a small screwdriver for at least four seconds.
5. Remove the screwdriver (or shorting device).
6. Replace the cover, reconnect the power cord(s) and power on the system.

Notes: Clearing CMOS will also clear all passwords.

Do not use the PW_ON connector to clear CMOS.



JBT1 contact pads

ME Manufacturing Mode

Close pins 2-3 of jumper JPME2 to bypass SPI flash security and force the system to operate in the manufacturing mode, which will allow the user to flash the system firmware from a host server for system setting modifications. The default setting is Normal.

Manufacturing Mode Jumper Settings	
Jumper Setting	Definition
Pins 1-2	Normal
Pins 2-3	Manufacturing Mode

Watchdog Timer

Watchdog (JWD1) is a system monitor that can reboot the system when a software application hangs. Close pins 1-2 to reset the system if an application hangs. Close pins 2-3 to generate a non-maskable interrupt (NMI) signal for the application that hangs. The Watchdog must also be enabled in the BIOS. The default setting is Reset.

Note: When Watch Dog is enabled, the user needs to write their own application software to disable it.

Watchdog Jumper Settings	
Jumper Setting	Definition
Pins 1-2	Reset
Pins 2-3	NMI
Open	Disabled

VGA Enable/Disable

JPG1 allows you to enable or disable the VGA port, which is supported by the onboard BMC controller. The default setting is Enabled.

VGA Enable/Disable Jumper Settings	
Jumper Setting	Definition
Pins 1-2	Enabled
Pins 2-3	Disabled

LAN Port Enable

Change the setting of jumpers JPL1 – JPL8 for LAN1 – LAN8 to enable or disable the LAN ports. The default setting is Enabled.

LAN Port Enable/Disable Jumper Settings	
Jumper Setting	Definition
Pins 1-2	Enabled
Pins 2-3	Disabled

4.5 LED Indicators

LAN LEDs

The eight LAN ports, located on the front I/O panel, each have two LEDs. One LED indicates activity when flashing amber, while the other (Link) LED may be green, amber or off to indicate the speed of the connection.

LAN Link LED LED State	
LED Color	Definition
Off	No Connection/10 Mbps
Amber	1 Gbps
Green	100 Mbps

IPMI LAN LEDs

An IPMI-dedicated LAN, supported by the onboard Baseboard Management controller, is located on the I/O panel. The LED on the right indicates activity when flashing amber, while the LED on the left (Link) indicates the speed of the connection.

IPMI LAN Link LED LED State	
LED Color	Definition
Amber	1 Gbps
Green	100 Mbps

BMC Heartbeat LED

BMC_HB_LED is the BMC heartbeat LED. When the LED is blinking green, BMC is functioning normally.

Unit ID LED

A front UID LED indicator (LED4) is integrated with the UID switch. It can be activated to help identify of a unit that needs service.

Onboard Power LED

The Onboard Power LED is located at PWR_LED on the motherboard. When this LED is active, the system is powered on.

Standby Power LED

An onboard Standby Power LED is located at LED_PWR_SB. When this LED is on, the AC power cable is connected and the power supply hard switch is on.

Chapter 5

Software

After the hardware has been installed, you can install the Operating System (OS), configure RAID settings and install the drivers.

5.1 Microsoft Windows OS Installation

If you will be using RAID, you must configure RAID settings before installing the Windows OS and the RAID driver. Refer to the RAID Configuration User Guides posted on our website at www.supermicro.com/support/manuals.

Installing the OS

1. Create a method to access the MS Windows installation ISO file. That might be a DVD, perhaps using an external USB/SATA DVD drive, or a USB flash drive, or the IPMI KVM console.
2. Retrieve the proper RST/RSTe driver. Go to the Supermicro web page for your motherboard and click on "Download the Latest Drivers and Utilities", select the proper driver, and copy it to a USB flash drive.
3. Boot from a bootable device with Windows OS installation. You can see a bootable device list by clicking **F11** during the system startup.

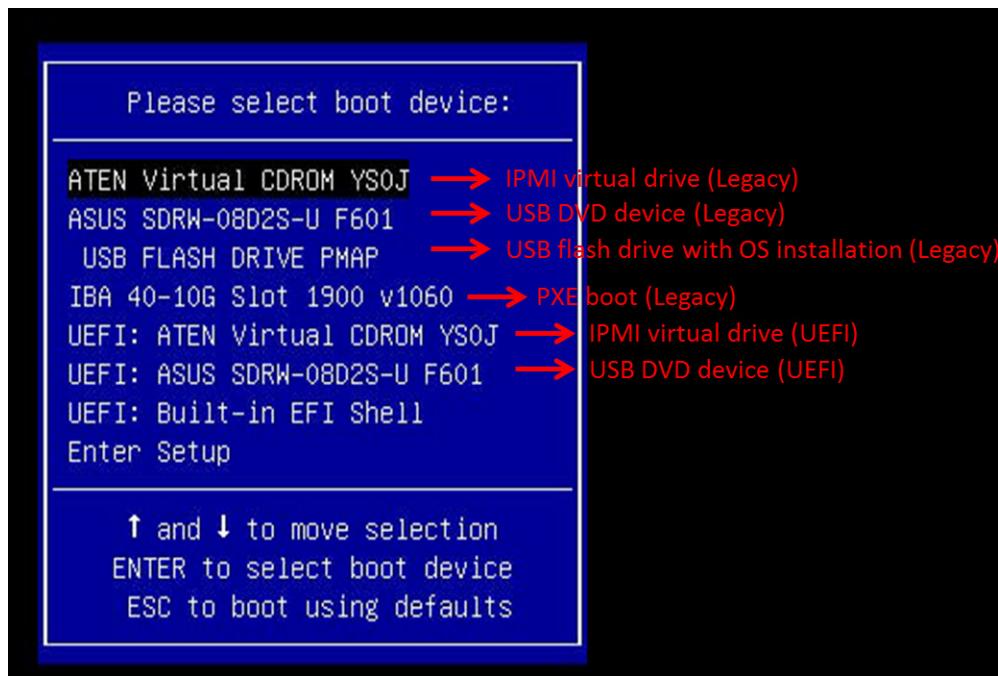


Figure 5-1. Select Boot Device

4. During Windows Setup, continue to the dialog where you select the drives on which to install Windows. If the disk you want to use is not listed, click on “Load driver” link at the bottom left corner.

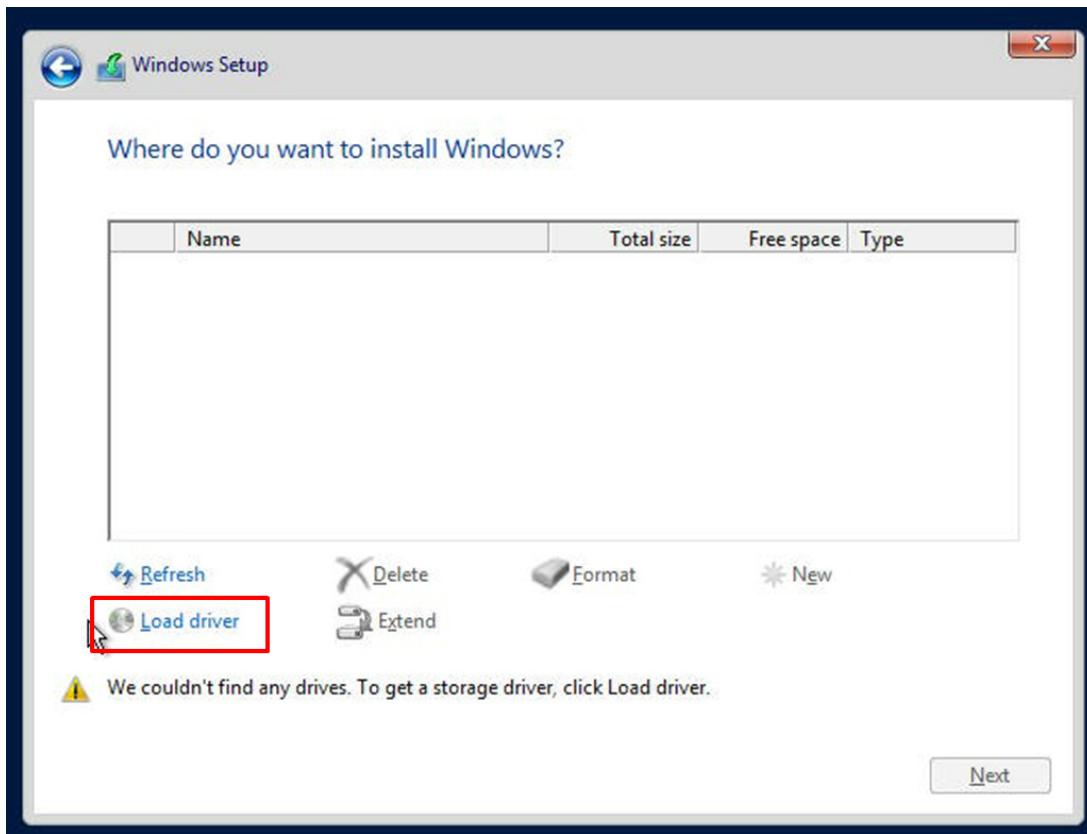


Figure 5-2. Load Driver Link

To load the driver, browse the USB flash drive for the proper driver files.

- For RAID, choose the SATA/sSATA RAID driver indicated then choose the storage drive on which you want to install it.
- For non-RAID, choose the SATA/sSATA AHCI driver indicated then choose the storage drive on which you want to install it.

5. Once all devices are specified, continue with the installation.
6. After the Windows OS installation has completed, the system will automatically reboot multiple times.

5.2 Driver Installation

The Supermicro website contains drivers and utilities for your system at <https://www.supermicro.com/wftp/driver>. Some of these must be installed, such as the chipset driver.

After accessing the website, go into the CDR_Images (in the parent directory of the above link) and locate the ISO file for your motherboard. Download this file to a USB flash drive or a DVD. (You may also use a utility to extract the ISO file if preferred.)

Another option is to go to the Supermicro website at <http://www.supermicro.com/products/>. Find the product page for your motherboard, and "Download the Latest Drivers and Utilities". Insert the flash drive or disk and the screenshot shown below should appear.

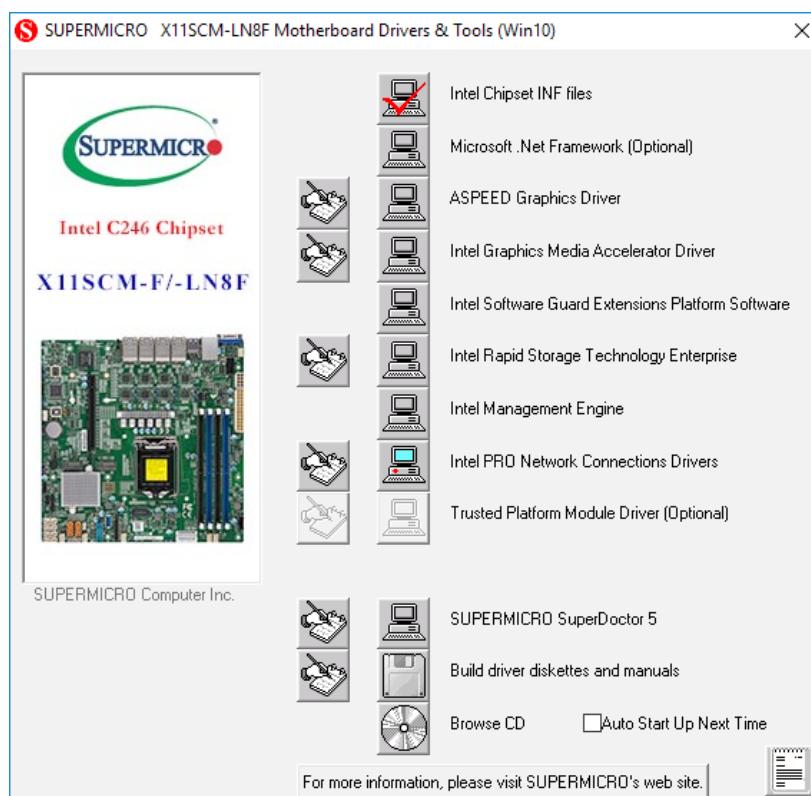


Figure 5-3. Driver & Tool Installation Screen

Note: Click the icons showing a hand writing on paper to view the readme files for each item. Click the computer icons to the right of these items to install each item (from top to the bottom) one at a time. **After installing each item, you must re-boot the system before moving on to the next item on the list.** The bottom icon with a CD on it allows you to view the entire contents.

5.3 SuperDoctor® 5

The Supermicro SuperDoctor 5 is a program that functions in a command-line or web-based interface for Windows and Linux operating systems. The program monitors such system health information as CPU temperature, system voltages, system power consumption, fan speed, and provides alerts via email or Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP).

SuperDoctor 5 comes in local and remote management versions and can be used with Nagios to maximize your system monitoring needs. With SuperDoctor 5 Management Server (SSM Server), you can remotely control power on/off and reset chassis intrusion for multiple systems with SuperDoctor 5 or IPMI. SuperDoctor 5 Management Server monitors HTTP, FTP, and SMTP services to optimize the efficiency of your operation.

Note: The default User Name and Password for SuperDoctor 5 is ADMIN / ADMIN.

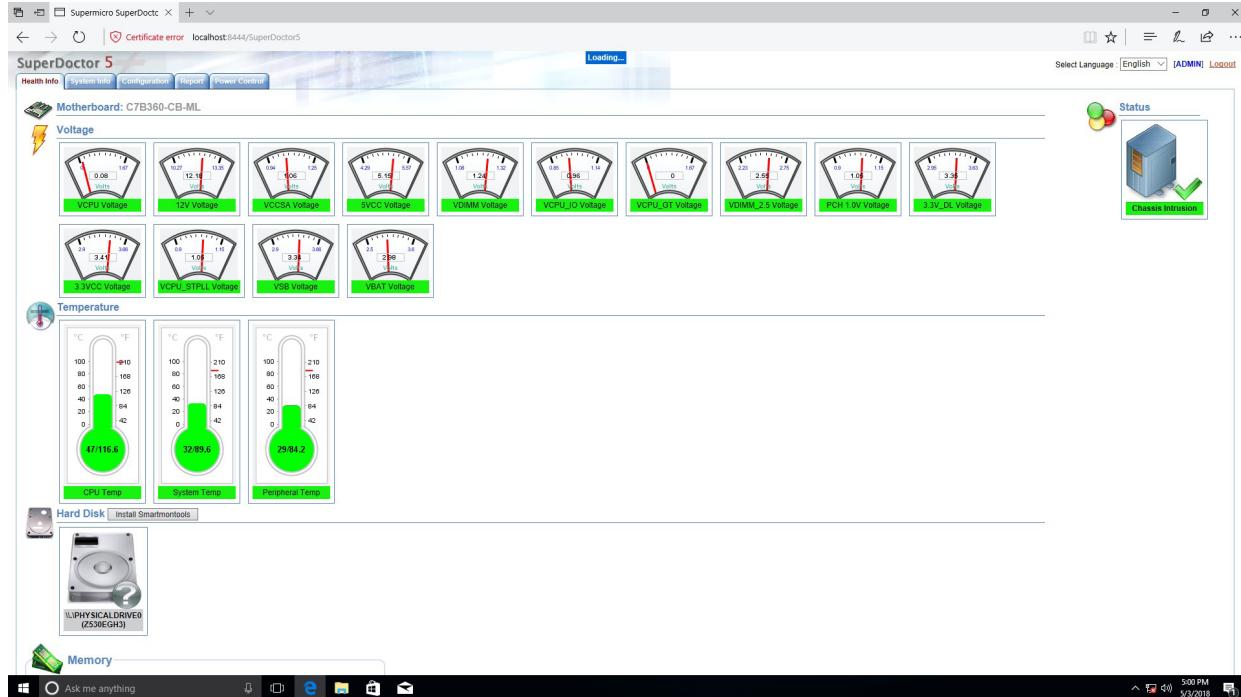


Figure 5-4. SuperDoctor 5 Interface Display Screen (Health Information)

5.4 IPMI

The X11SCM-LN8F supports the Intelligent Platform Management Interface (IPMI). IPMI is used to provide remote access, monitoring and management. There are several BIOS settings that are related to IPMI.

For general documentation and information on IPMI, please visit our website at: <http://www.supermicro.com/products/info/IPMI.cfm>.

Chapter 6

BIOS

6.1 Introduction

This chapter describes the AMI BIOS setup utility for the X11SCM-LN8F and provides the instructions on navigating the setup screens. The BIOS is stored in a Flash EEPROM and can be updated.

Note: Due to periodic changes to the BIOS, some settings may have been added or deleted since this manual was published.

Starting BIOS Setup Utility

To enter the AMI BIOS setup utility screens, press the **<Delete>** key while the system is booting up. (There are a few cases when other keys are used, such as **<F1>**, **<F2>**, etc.)

The BIOS screens have three main frames. The large left frame displays options can be configured by the user. These are blue. When an option is selected, it is highlighted in white. Settings printed in **Bold** are the default values.

In the left frame, a "►" indicates a submenu. Highlighting such an item and pressing the **<Enter>** key opens the list of settings in that submenu.

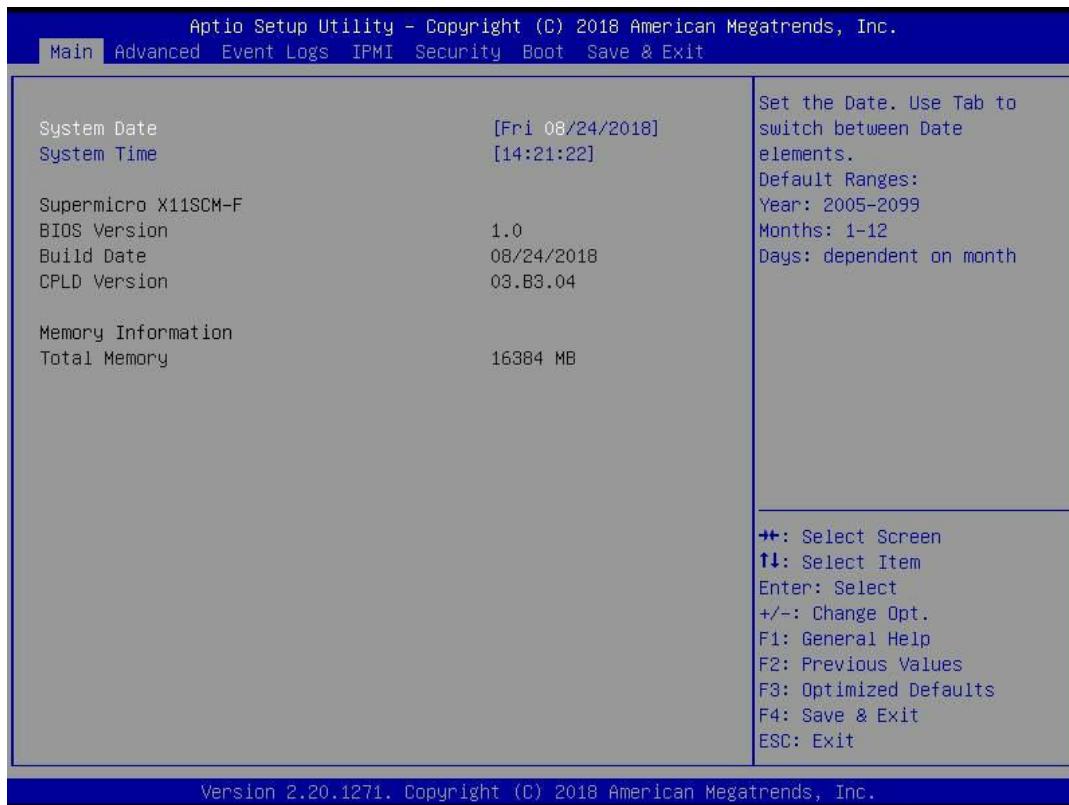
The upper right frame displays helpful information for the user. The AMI BIOS has default informational messages built in. The manufacturer retains the option to include, omit, or change any of these informational messages.

The lower right frame lists navigational methods. The AMI BIOS setup utility uses a key-based navigation system called *hot keys*. Most of these hot keys can be used at any time during setup navigation. These keys include **<F3>**, **<F4>**, **<Enter>**, **<ESC>**, arrow keys, etc.

Some system parameters may be changed.

6.2 Main Setup

When running the AMI BIOS setup utility, it starts with the Main screen. You can always return to it by selecting the Main tab on the top of the screen.



The Main tab page allows you to set the date and time, and it displays system information.

System Date/System Time

Use this option to change the system date and time. Highlight *System Date* or *System Time* using the arrow keys. Enter new values using the keyboard. Press the *<Tab>* key or the arrow keys to move between fields. The date must be entered in MM/DD/YYYY format. The time is entered in HH:MM:SS format.

Note: The time is in the 24-hour format. For example, 5:30 P.M. appears as 17:30:00. The date's default value is 01/01/2016 after RTC reset.

Supermicro X11SCM-LN8F (Motherboard model)

BIOS Version

Build Date (of the BIOS)

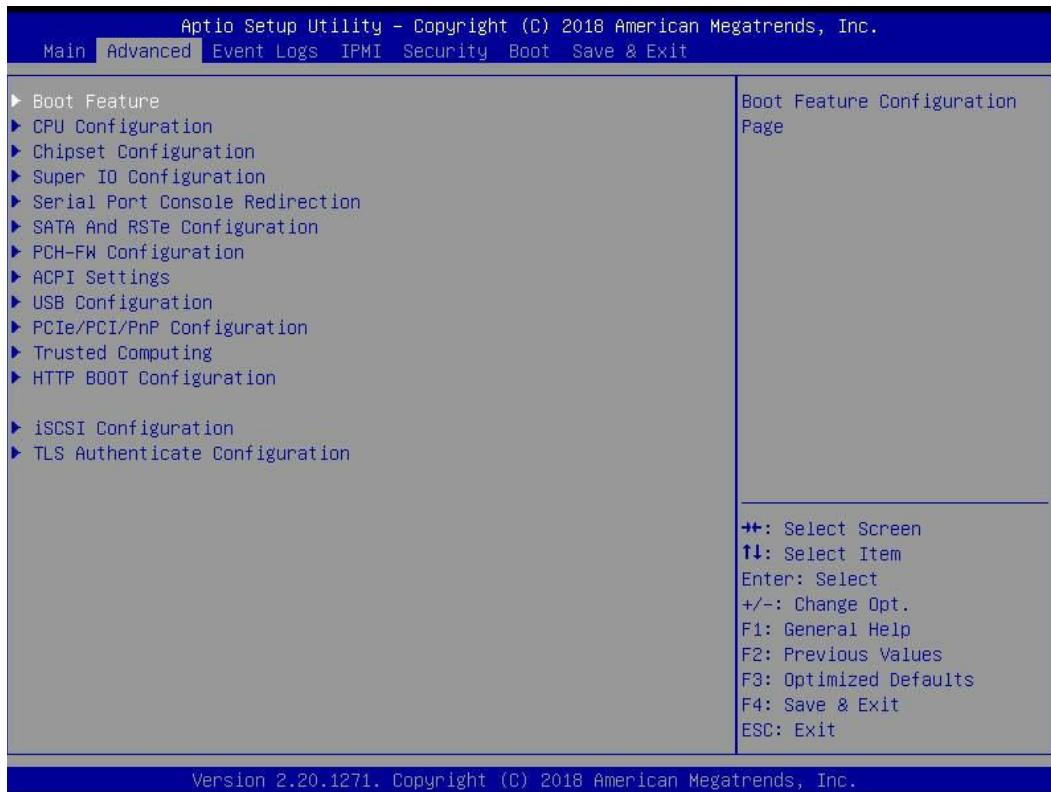
CPLD (Complex Programmable Logic Device) Version: This item displays the CPLD version used in the system.

Memory Information

Total Memory (for the system)

6.3 Advanced Setup Configurations

Use the arrow keys to select the Advanced tab and press <Enter> to access the submenu items.



Caution: Take caution when changing the Advanced settings. An incorrect value, a very high DRAM frequency, or an incorrect DRAM timing setting may make the system unstable. If this occurs, revert to the manufacture default settings.

▶ Boot Feature

Fast Boot

Enable this feature to reduce the time the computer takes to boot up. The computer will boot with a minimal set of required devices. This feature does not have an effect on BBS boot options in the Boot tab. The options are **Disabled** and **Enabled**.

Quiet Boot

Use this feature to select the screen display between the POST messages and the OEM logo upon bootup. Select **Disabled** to display the POST messages. Select **Enabled** to display the OEM logo instead of the normal POST messages. The options are **Disabled** and **Enabled**.

Bootup NumLock State

Use this feature to set the Power-on state for the <Numlock> key. The options are **On** and **Off**.

Option ROM Messages

Use this feature to set the display mode for the Option ROM. Select Keep Current to display the current AddOn ROM setting. Select Force BIOS to use the Option ROM display set by the system BIOS. The options are **Force BIOS** and **Keep Current**.

Wait For "F1" If Error

Use this feature to force the system to wait until the "F1" key is pressed if an error occurs. The options are **Disabled** and **Enabled**.

Re-try Boot

If this feature is enabled, the BIOS will automatically reboot the system from a specified boot device after its initial boot failure. The options are **Disabled**, Legacy Boot, and EFI Boot.

Watch Dog Function

If enabled, the Watch Dog Timer will allow the system to reset or generate NMI based on jumper settings when it is expired for more than five minutes. The options are **Disabled** and **Enabled**.

AC Loss Policy Depend On

Use this feature to set the power state after a power outage. Select Stay Off for the system power to remain off after a power loss. Select Power On for the system power to be turned on after a power loss. Select Last State to allow the system to resume its last power state before a power loss. The options are **Stay Off**, **Power On**, and **Last State**.

Power Button Function

This feature controls how the system shuts down when the power button is pressed. Select 4 Seconds Override for the user to power off the system after pressing and holding the power button for four seconds or longer. Select Instant Off to instantly power off the system as soon as the user presses the power button. The options are **Instant Off** and **4 Seconds Override**.

DeepSx Power Policies

Use this feature to configure the Advanced Configuration and Power Interface (ACPI) settings for the system. Enable S4-S5 to power off the whole system except the power supply unit (PSU) and keep the power button "alive" so that the user can "wake up" the system by using a USB keyboard or mouse. The options are **Disabled** and **Enabled** in S4-S5.

►CPU Configuration

The following CPU information will display:

- Type
- CPU Signature
- Microcode Revision

- CPU Speed
- L1 Data Cache
- L1 Instruction Cache
- L2 Cache
- L3 Cache
- L4 Cache
- VMX
- SMX/TXT

CPU Flex Ratio Override

Select Enabled to activate CPU Flex Ratio programming. The flex ratio should be under the CPU's max ratio. The options are **Disabled** and **Enabled**.

****If the feature above is set to Enabled, "CPU Flex Ratio Settings" will become available for configuration:***

CPU Flex Ratio Settings

When CPU Flex Ratio Override is enabled, this feature sets the value for the CPU Flex Ratio. This value must be between the maximum efficiency ratio and maximum non-turbo ratio. The default value is dependent on the CPU.

Hardware Prefetcher (Available when supported by the CPU)

If set to Enabled, the hardware prefetcher will prefetch streams of data and instructions from the main memory to the L2 cache to improve CPU performance. The options are **Disabled** and **Enabled**.

Adjacent Cache Line Prefetch (Available when supported by the CPU)

The CPU prefetches the cache line for 64 bytes if this feature is set to **Disabled**. The CPU prefetches both cache lines for 128 bytes as comprised if this feature is set to **Enabled**. The options are **Disabled** and **Enabled**.

Intel (VMX) Virtualization Technology

Use this feature to enable the Vanderpool Technology. This technology allows the system to run several operating systems simultaneously. The options are **Disabled** and **Enabled**.

Active Processor Cores

This feature determines how many CPU cores will be activated for each CPU. When **All** is selected, all cores in the CPU will be activated. (Please refer to Intel's website for more information.) The options are **All**, 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5.

Hyper-Threading (Available when supported by the CPU)

Intel Hyper-Threading Technology efficiently uses processor resources by executing multiple threads on each core. It improves processor execution efficiency and enhances the overall performance of the thread software. The options are **Disabled** and **Enabled**.

BIST

Use this feature to enable the Built-In Self Test (BIST) at system reset or reboot. The options are **Disabled** and **Enabled**.

AES

Select Enabled to use the Intel Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) to ensure data security. The options are **Disabled** and **Enabled**.

Boot Performance Mode

This feature allows the user to select the performance state that the BIOS will set before the operating system handoff. The options are Power Saving, **Max Non-Turbo Performance**, and Turbo Performance.

Intel(R) SpeedStep (tm)

Intel SpeedStep Technology allows the system to automatically adjust processor voltage and core frequency to reduce power consumption and heat dissipation. The options are **Disabled** and **Enabled**.

Intel(R) Speed Shift Technology

Use this feature to enable or disable Intel Speed Shift Technology support. When this feature is enabled, the Collaborative Processor Performance Control (CPPC) version 2 interface will be available to control CPU P-States. The options are **Disabled** and **Enabled**.

Always Turbo Mode

Use this feature to enable the system to always run in turbo mode. The options are **Disabled** and **Enabled**.

Turbo Mode

This feature will enable dynamic control of the processor, allowing it to run above stock frequency. The options are **Disabled** and **Enabled**.

Monitor/Mwait

Select Enabled to enable the Monitor/Mwait instructions. The Monitor instructions monitor a region of memory for writes, while MWait instructions instruct the CPU to stop until the monitored region begins to write. The options are **Disabled** and **Enabled**.

C-States

C-State architecture, a processor power management platform developed by Intel, can further reduce power consumption from the basic C1 (Halt State) state that blocks clock cycles to the CPU. Select Enabled for CPU C-State support. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Enhanced C-States

Use this feature to enable C1E, which is a power saving feature for the CPU. C1E drops the frequency and voltage of the CPU to reduce power usage when the system is idle. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

C-State Auto Demotion

Use this feature to prevent unnecessary excursions into C-States to improve latency. The options are Disabled, C1, C3, and **C1 and C3**.

C-State Un-Demotion

This feature allows the user to enable or disable the un-demotion of C-States. The options are Disabled, C1, C3, and **C1 and C3**

Package C-State Demotion

Use this feature to enable or disable the Package C-State demotion. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Package C-State Un-Demotion

Use this feature to enable or disable the Package C-State un-demotion. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

C-State Pre-Wake

This feature allows the user to enable or disable the C-State Pre-Wake. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Package C-State Limit

Use this feature to set the Package C-State limit. The options are C0/C1, C2, C3, C6, C7, C7S, C8, C9, C10, CPU Default, and **Auto**.

►Chipset Configuration

Warning: Setting the wrong values in the following features may cause the system to malfunction.

►System Agent (SA) Configuration

The following information is displayed:

- SA PCIe Code Version
- VT-d

►Memory Configuration

- Memory RC Version
- Memory Frequency
- Memory Timings (tCL-tRCD-tRP-tRAS)
- DIMM A ~ DIMM B information

Maximum Memory Frequency

Use this feature to set the maximum memory frequency for onboard memory modules. The options are **Auto**, 1067, 1333, 1400, 1600, 1800, 1867, 2000, 2133, 2200, 2400, 2600, and 2667.

ECC Support

Use this feature to enable Error Checking & Correction (ECC) support for onboard memory modules. The options are **Disabled** and **Enabled**.

Max TOLUD

This feature sets the maximum TOLUD value, which specifies the “Top of Low Usable DRAM” memory space to be used by internal graphic devices, GTT Stolen Memory, and TSEG, respectively, if these devices are enabled. The options are **Dynamic** and 1 GB ~ 3.5 GB (in 0.25 GB increments).

Memory Scrambler

This feature enables memory scrambler support for memory error correction. The settings are **Disabled** and **Enabled**.

Fast Boot

Use this feature to enable or disable fast path through the memory reference code (MRC). The options are **Disabled** and **Enabled**.

REFRESH_2X_MODE

Use this feature to select the memory controller 2x refresh rate mode. The options are **Disabled**, 1- Enabled for WARM or HOT, and 2- Enabled HOT only.

►DMI/OPI Configuration

The following DMI information will display:

- DMI

DMI Link ASPM Control

Use this feature to set the Active State Power Management (ASPM) state on the System Agent (SA) side of the DMI Link. The options are **Disabled**, **L0s**, **L1**, and **L0sL1**

DMI Extended Sync Control

Use this feature to enable or disable the DMI extended synchronization. The options are **Enabled** and **Disabled**.

DMI De-Emphasis Control

Use this feature to configure the De-emphasis control on DMI. The options are **-6 dB** and **-3.5 dB**.

►PEG Port Configuration

CPU SLOT6 PCI-E 3.0 x16

Enable Root Port

Use this feature to enable or disable the PCI Express Graphics (PEG) device in the port specified by the user. The options are **Disabled**, **Enabled**, and **Auto**.

Max Link Speed

Use this feature to configure the link speed of a PCI-E port specified by the user. The options are **Auto**, **Gen1**, **Gen2**, and **Gen3**.

Power Limit Value

Use this feature to set the upper limit on the power supplied by the PCIE slot. Press "+" or "-" on your keyboard to change this value. The default setting is **75**.

Power Limit Scale

Use this feature to select the scale used for the slot power limit value. The options are **1.0x**, **0.1x**, **0.01x**, and **0.001x**.

Physical Slot Number

Use this feature to set the physical slot number attached to this port. Press "+" or "-" on your keyboard to change the setting to a value between 0-8191. The default setting is **1**.

Max Payload Size

Select **Auto** for the system BIOS to automatically set the maximum payload value for a PCI-E device to enhance system performance. The options are **Auto**, **128**, and **256 TLP**.

Program PCIe ASPM After OPROM

PCIe ASPM, the Active State Power Management for PCI-Express slots, is a power management protocol used to manage power consumption of serial-link devices installed

on PCI-E slots during a prolonged off-peak time. If this feature is set to Enabled, PCI-E ASPM will be programmed after OPROM. If this feature is set to Disabled, the PCI-E ASPM will be programmed before OPROM. The options are **Disabled** and **Enabled**.

VT-d

Select Enable to use Intel Virtualization Technology for Direct I/O VT-d support by reporting the I/O device assignments to the VMM (Virtual Machine Monitor) through the DMAR ACPI tables. This feature offers fully-protected I/O resource sharing across Intel platforms, providing greater reliability, security, and availability in networking and data-sharing. The options are **Disabled** and **Enabled**.

GNA Device (B0:D8:F0)

This feature enables the SA GNA device. The options are **Enabled** and **Disabled**.

X2APIC Opt Out

X2APIC, an extension of the XAPIC architecture, is designed to support 32-bit processor addressability. X2APIC enhances the performance of interrupt delivery. The options are **Enabled** and **Disabled**.

►PCH-IO Configuration

►PCI Express Configuration

DMI Link ASPM Control

Use this feature to set the Active State Power Management (ASPM) state on the System Agent (SA) side of the DMI Link. The options are **Disabled**, **L0s**, **L1**, **L0sL1**, and **Auto**.

Peer Memory Write Enable

Use this feature to enable or disable peer memory write. The options are **Disabled** or **Enabled**.

►M.2-P_1 / M.2-H_2

M.2-P_1 / M.2-H_2 ASPM Support**

This feature controls the Active State Power Management (ASPM) setting. The options are **Disabled**, **L0s**, **L1**, **L0sL1**, and **Auto**.

M.2-P_1 / M.2-H_2 L1 Substates**

Use this feature to configure the PCI Express L1 Substates. The options are **Disabled**, **L1.1**, and **L1.1 & L1.2**.

M.2-P_1 / M.2-H_2 PCIe Speed**

Use this feature to select the PCI Express port speed. The options are **Auto**, Gen1, Gen2, and Gen3.

Port 61h Bit-4 Emulation

Select Enabled to enable the emulation of Port 61h bit-4 toggling in System Management Mode (SMM). The options are **Disabled** and **Enabled**.

PCIE PLL SSC

Use this feature to enable PCI-E phase-locked loop (PLL) spread spectrum clocking (SSC). The options are **Enabled** and **Disabled**.

►Super IO Configuration

The following Super IO information will display:

- Super IO Chip AST2500

►Serial Port 1 Configuration

This submenu allows the user to configure the settings of Serial Port 1.

Serial Port 1

Select Enabled to enable the selected onboard serial port. The options are **Disabled** and **Enabled**.

Device Settings

This item displays the status of a serial port specified by the user.

Change Settings

This feature specifies the base I/O port address and the Interrupt Request address of a serial port specified by the user. Select Auto to allow the BIOS to automatically assign the base I/O and IRQ address.

The options for Serial Port 1 are **Auto**, (IO=3F8h; IRQ=4), (IO=2F8h; IRQ=4), (IO=3E8h; IRQ=4), and (IO=2E8h; IRQ=4).

►Serial Port 2 Configuration

This submenu allows the user to configure the settings of Serial Port 2.

Serial Port 2

Select Enabled to enable the selected onboard serial port. The options are **Disabled** and **Enabled**.

Device Settings

This item displays the status of a serial port specified by the user.

Change Settings

This feature specifies the base I/O port address and the Interrupt Request address of a serial port specified by the user. Select Auto to allow the BIOS to automatically assign the base I/O and IRQ address.

The options for Serial Port 2 are **Auto**, (IO=3F8h; IRQ=3), (IO=2F8h; IRQ=3), (IO=3E8h; IRQ=3), and (IO=2E8h; IRQ=3).

Serial Port 2 Attribute

Select SOL to use COM Port 2 as a Serial Over LAN (SOL) port for console redirection. The options are **SOL** and COM.

►Serial Port Console Redirection

COM1 Console Redirection

Select Enabled to enable console redirection support for a serial port specified by the user. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

**If the feature above is set to Enabled, the following settings will become available for configuration:*

►COM1 Console Redirection Settings

Use this feature to specify how the host computer will exchange data with the client computer, which is the remote computer used by the user.

COM1 Terminal Type

This feature allows the user to select the target terminal emulation type for Console Redirection. Select VT100 to use the ASCII Character set. Select VT100+ to add color and function key support. Select ANSI to use the Extended ASCII Character Set. Select VT-UTF8 to use UTF8 encoding to map Unicode characters into one or more bytes. The options are VT100, **VT100+**, VT-UTF8, and ANSI.

COM1 Bits Per Second

Use this feature to set the transmission speed for a serial port used in Console Redirection. Make sure that the same speed is used in the host computer and the client computer. A lower transmission speed may be required for long and busy lines. The options are 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, and **115200** (bits per second).

COM1 Data Bits

Use this feature to set the data transmission size for Console Redirection. The options are **7 Bits** and **8 Bits**.

COM1 Parity

A parity bit can be sent along with regular data bits to detect data transmission errors. Select Even if the parity bit is set to 0, and the number of 1's in data bits is even. Select Odd if the parity bit is set to 0, and the number of 1's in data bits is odd. Select None if you do not want to send a parity bit with your data bits in transmission. Select Mark to add a mark as a parity bit to be sent along with the data bits. Select Space to add a Space as a parity bit to be sent with your data bits. The options are **None**, Even, Odd, Mark, and Space.

COM1 Stop Bits

A stop bit indicates the end of a serial data packet. Select 1 Stop Bit for standard serial data communication. Select 2 Stop Bits if slower devices are used. The options are **1** and **2**.

COM1 Flow Control

Use this feature to set the flow control for Console Redirection to prevent data loss caused by buffer overflow. Send a "Stop" signal to stop sending data when the receiving buffer is full. Send a "Start" signal to start sending data when the receiving buffer is empty. The options are **None** and Hardware RTS/CTS.

COM1 VT-UTF8 Combo Key Support

Select Enabled to enable VT-UTF8 Combination Key support for ANSI/VT100 terminals. The options are **Disabled** and **Enabled**.

COM1 Recorder Mode

Select Enabled to capture the data displayed on a terminal and send it as text messages to a remote server. The options are **Disabled** and **Enabled**.

COM1 Resolution 100x31

Select Enabled for extended-terminal resolution support. The options are **Disabled** and **Enabled**.

COM1 Legacy OS Redirection Resolution

Use this feature to select the number of rows and columns used in Console Redirection for legacy OS support. The options are **80x24** and **80x25**.

COM1 Putty KeyPad

This feature selects the settings for Function Keys and KeyPad used for Putty, which is a terminal emulator designed for the Windows OS. The options are **VT100**, **LINUX**, **XTERMR6**, **SC0**, **ESCN**, and **VT400**.

COM1 Redirection After POST

Use this feature to enable or disable legacy console redirection after BIOS POST. When set to **BootLoader**, legacy console redirection is disabled before booting the OS. When set to **Always Enable**, legacy console redirection remains enabled when booting the OS. The options are **Always Enable** and **BootLoader**.

SOL Console Redirection

Select Enabled to enable console redirection support for a serial port specified by the user. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

**If the feature above is set to Enabled, the following settings will become available for configuration:*

►SOL Console Redirection Settings

Use this feature to specify how the host computer will exchange data with the client computer, which is the remote computer used by the user.

SOL Terminal Type

This feature allows the user to select the target terminal emulation type for Console Redirection. Select VT100 to use the ASCII Character set. Select VT100+ to add color and function key support. Select ANSI to use the Extended ASCII Character Set. Select VT-UTF8 to use UTF8 encoding to map Unicode characters into one or more bytes. The options are VT100, **VT100+**, VT-UTF8, and ANSI.

SOL Bits Per Second

Use this feature to set the transmission speed for a serial port used in Console Redirection. Make sure that the same speed is used in the host computer and the client computer. A lower transmission speed may be required for long and busy lines. The options are 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, and **115200** (bits per second).

SOL Data Bits

Use this feature to set the data transmission size for Console Redirection. The options are **7 Bits** and **8 Bits**.

SOL Parity

A parity bit can be sent along with regular data bits to detect data transmission errors. Select Even if the parity bit is set to 0, and the number of 1's in data bits is even. Select Odd if the parity bit is set to 0, and the number of 1's in data bits is odd. Select None if you do not want to send a parity bit with your data bits in transmission. Select Mark to add a mark as a parity bit to be sent along with the data bits. Select Space to add a Space as a parity bit to be sent with your data bits. The options are **None**, Even, Odd, Mark, and Space.

SOL Stop Bits

A stop bit indicates the end of a serial data packet. Select 1 Stop Bit for standard serial data communication. Select 2 Stop Bits if slower devices are used. The options are **1** and **2**.

SOL Flow Control

Use this feature to set the flow control for Console Redirection to prevent data loss caused by buffer overflow. Send a "Stop" signal to stop sending data when the receiving buffer

is full. Send a "Start" signal to start sending data when the receiving buffer is empty. The options are **None** and Hardware RTS/CTS.

SOL VT-UTF8 Combo Key Support

Select Enabled to enable VT-UTF8 Combination Key support for ANSI/VT100 terminals. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

SOL Recorder Mode

Select Enabled to capture the data displayed on a terminal and send it as text messages to a remote server. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

SOL Resolution 100x31

Select Enabled for extended-terminal resolution support. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

SOL Legacy OS Redirection Resolution

Use this feature to select the number of rows and columns used in Console Redirection for legacy OS support. The options are 80x24 and **80x25**.

SOL Putty KeyPad

This feature selects the settings for Function Keys and KeyPad used for Putty, which is a terminal emulator designed for the Windows OS. The options are **VT100**, LINUX, XTERMR6, SC0, ESCN, and VT400.

SOL Redirection After POST

Use this feature to enable or disable legacy console redirection after BIOS POST. When set to BootLoader, legacy console redirection is disabled before booting the OS. When set to Always Enable, legacy console redirection remains enabled when booting the OS. The options are **Always Enable** and BootLoader.

Legacy Console Redirection

►Legacy Console Redirection Settings

Legacy Redirection COM Port

Use this feature to select a COM port to display redirection of Legacy OS and Legacy OPROM messages. The options are **COM1** and SOL.

Legacy OS Redirection Resolution

Use this feature to select the number of rows and columns used in Console Redirection for legacy OS support. The options are 80x24 and **80x25**.

Legacy Redirection After POST

Use this feature to enable or disable legacy console redirection after BIOS POST. When set to BootLoader, legacy console redirection is disabled before booting the OS. When set

to Always Enable, legacy console redirection remains enabled when booting the OS. The options are **Always Enable** and BootLoader.

Serial Port for Out-of-Band Management / Windows Emergency Management Services (EMS)

EMS Console Redirection

Select Enabled to enable console redirection support for a serial port specified by the user. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

**If the feature above is set to Enabled, the following settings will become available for configuration:*

►EMS Console Redirection Settings

This feature allows the user to specify how the host computer will exchange data with the client computer, which is the remote computer used by the user.

EMS Out-of-Band Mgmt Port

This feature selects a serial port in a client server to be used by the Microsoft Windows Emergency Management Services (EMS) to communicate with a remote host server. The options are **COM1** and **SOL**.

EMS Terminal Type

Use this feature to select the target terminal emulation type for Console Redirection. Select VT100 to use the ASCII character set. Select VT100+ to add color and function key support. Select ANSI to use the extended ASCII character set. Select VT-UTF8 to use UTF8 encoding to map Unicode characters into one or more bytes. The options are **VT100**, **VT100+**, **VT-UTF8**, and **ANSI**.

EMS Bits Per Second

This feature sets the transmission speed for a serial port used in Console Redirection. Make sure that the same speed is used in the host computer and the client computer. A lower transmission speed may be required for long and busy lines. The options are 9600, 19200, 57600, and **115200** (bits per second).

EMS Flow Control

Use this feature to set the flow control for Console Redirection to prevent data loss caused by buffer overflow. Send a "Stop" signal to stop sending data when the receiving buffer is full. Send a "Start" signal to start sending data when the receiving buffer is empty. The options are **None**, Hardware RTS/CTS, and Software Xon/Xoff.

EMS Data Bits, Parity, Stop Bits

►SATA and RSTe Configuration

When this submenu is selected, the AMI BIOS automatically detects the presence of the SATA devices that are supported by the Intel PCH chip and displays the following features:

SATA Controller(s)

This feature enables or disables the onboard SATA controller supported by the Intel PCH chip. The options are **Enabled** and **Disabled**.

****If the feature "SATA Controller(s)" above is set to Enabled, the following settings will become available for configuration:***

SATA Mode Selection

Use this feature to select the mode for the installed SATA drives. The options are **AHCI** and **RAID**.

SATA Frozen

Use this feature to enable the HDD Security Frozen Mode. The options are **Enabled** and **Disabled**.

Aggressive LPM Support

When Aggresive Link Power Management (LPM) support is set to Enabled, the SATA AHCI controller manages the power usage of the SATA link. The controller will put the link in a low power mode during extended periods of I/O inactivity, and will return the link to an active state when I/O activity resumes. The options are **Disabled** and **Enabled**.

Storage Option ROM/UEFI Driver

Select UEFI to load the EFI driver for system boot. Select Legacy to load a legacy driver for system boot. The options are **Do Not Launch**, **UEFI**, and **Legacy**.

Serial ATA Port 0 ~ Port 6 (For X11SCM-LN8F: Port 0 ~ Port 5)

This feature displays the information detected on the installed SATA drive on the particular SATA port.

- Model number of drive and capacity
- Software Preserve Support

Port 0 ~ Port 6 Hot Plug (For X11SCM-LN8F: Port 0 ~ Port 5)

Set this feature to Enabled for hot plug support, which will allow the user to replace a SATA drive without shutting down the system. The options are **Disabled** and **Enabled**.

Port 0 ~ Port 6 Spin Up Device (For X11SCM-LN8F: Port 0 ~ Port 5)

On an edge detect from 0 to 1, set this feature to allow the PCH to initialize the device. The options are **Disabled** and **Enabled**.

Port 0 ~ Port 6 SATA Device Type (For X11SCM-LN8F: Port 0 ~ Port 5)

Use this feature to specify if the SATA port specified by the user should be connected to a Solid State drive or a Hard Disk Drive. The options are **Hard Disk Drive** and Solid State Drive.

►PCH-FW Configuration

The following firmware information will display:

- Operational Firmware Version
- Backup Firmware Version
- Recovery Firmware Version
- ME Firmware Features
- ME Firmware Status #1
- ME Firmware Status #2
- Current State
- Error Code

►ACPI Settings

WHEA Support

Select Enabled to support the Windows Hardware Error Architecture (WHEA) platform and provide a common infrastructure for the system to handle hardware errors within the Windows OS environment to reduce system crashes and to enhance system recovery and health monitoring. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

High Precision Event Timer

Select Enabled to activate the High Precision Event Timer (HPET) that produces periodic interrupts at a much higher frequency than a Real-time Clock (RTC) does in synchronizing multimedia streams, providing smooth playback and reducing the dependency on other timestamp calculation devices, such as an x86 RDTSC Instruction embedded in the CPU. The High Performance Event Timer is used to replace the 8254 Programmable Interval Timer. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Native PCIE Enable

Enable this feature to grant native control of hot plug, Power Management Events, PCI-E Advanced Error Reporting, PCI-E Capability Structure Control, and Latency Tolerance Reporting Control. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Native ASPM

Select Enabled for the operating system to control the Active State Power Management (ASPM). Select Disabled for the BIOS to control the ASPM. The options are **Auto**, Enabled, and Disabled.

►USB Configuration

The following USB items will be displayed:

- USB Module Version
- USB Controllers
- USB Devices

Legacy USB Support (Available when USB Functions are not Disabled)

Select Enabled to support legacy USB devices. Select Auto to disable legacy support if USB devices are not present. Select Disabled to have USB devices available for Extensive Firmware Interface (EFI) applications only. The settings are **Enabled**, Disabled, and Auto.

XHCI Hand-off

This feature is for operating systems that do not support eXtensible Host Controller Interface (XHCI) hand-off. When this feature is enabled, XHCI ownership change will be claimed by the XHCI driver. The settings are **Enabled** and Disabled.

USB Mass Storage Driver Support

Select Enabled for USB mass storage device support. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Port 60/64 Emulation

Select Enabled for I/O port 60h/64h emulation support which will provide complete USB keyboard legacy support for the operating system that does not support Legacy USB devices. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

►PCIe/PCI/PnP Configuration

Option ROM Execution

Video

This feature controls which option ROM to execute for the video device. The options are Do Not Launch, UEFI, and **Legacy**.

PCI PERR/SERR Support

Select Enabled to allow a PCI device to generate a PERR/SERR number for a PCI Bus Signal Error Event. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Above 4GB MMIO BIOS Assignment

Select Enabled to decode a PCI device that supports 64-bit in the space above 4G Address. The options are **Enable** and **Disabled**.

VGA Priority

Use this feature to select VGA priority when multiple VGA devices are detected. Select Onboard to give priority to your onboard video device. Select Offboard to give priority to your graphics card. The options are **Onboard** and **Offboard**.

Onboard Video Option ROM

Use this feature to select the onboard video firmware type to be loaded. The options are **Legacy** and **EFI**.

NVMe Firmware Source

Use this feature to select the NVMe firmware to support booting. The options are **Vendor Defined Firmware** and **AMI Native Support**. The default option, **Vendor Defined Firmware**, is pre-installed on the drive and may resolve errata or enable innovative functions for the drive. The other option, **AMI Native Support**, is offered by the BIOS with a generic method.

PCIe/PCI/PnP Configuration**CPU SLOT6 PCI-E 3.0 X16 OPROM**

Use this feature to select which firmware type to be loaded for the add-on card in this slot. The options are **Disabled**, **Legacy**, and **EFI**.

M.2-P_1 OPROM

Use this feature to select which firmware type to be loaded for the add-on card in this slot. The options are **Disabled**, **Legacy**, and **EFI**.

M.2-H_2 OPROM

Use this feature to select which firmware type to be loaded for the add-on card in this slot. The options are **Disabled**, **Legacy**, and **EFI**.

Onboard LAN Option ROM Type

Use this feature to select which firmware type to be loaded for onboard LAN ports. The options are **Legacy** and **EFI**.

****If the feature above is set to Legacy, the following LAN ports will be listed and become available for configuration:***

Onboard LAN1 ~ LAN2 (X11SCM-LN8F) / Onboard LAN1 ~ LAN4 (X11SCM-LN8F) / Onboard LAN1 ~ LAN8 (X11SCM-LN8F) Option ROM Type

Use this feature to select which firmware function to be loaded for the specified onboard LAN port at system boot. The options are **Disabled**, **PXE**, and **iSCSI***.

****iSCSI is only supported on Onboard LAN1. The default setting for Onboard LAN1 is PXE.***

Network Stack

Select Enabled to enable Preboot Execution Environment (PXE) or Unified Extensible Firmware Interface (UEFI) for network stack support. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

**If the feature above is set to Enabled, the following settings will become available for configuration:*

Ipv4 PXE Support

Select Enabled to enable IPv4 PXE boot support. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Ipv4 HTTP Support

Select Enabled to enable IPv4 HTTP boot support. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Ipv6 PXE Support

Select Enabled to enable IPv6 PXE boot support. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Ipv6 HTTP Support

Select Enabled to enable IPv6 HTTP boot support. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

IPSEC Certificate

Internet Protocol Security (IPSEC) offers a secure connection for remote computers using a secure tunnel. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

PXE Boot Wait Time

Use this feature to specify the wait time to press the ESC key to abort the PXE boot. Press "+" or "-" on your keyboard to change the value. The default setting is **0**.

Media Detect Count

Use this feature to specify the number of times media will be checked. Press "+" or "-" on your keyboard to change the value. The default setting is **1**.

►Trusted Computing

The X11SCM-LN8F supports TPM 1.2 and 2.0. The following Trusted Platform Module (TPM) information will display if a TPM 2.0 module is detected:

- Firmware Version
- Vendor Name

Security Device Support

If this feature and the TPM jumper on the motherboard are both set to Enable, onboard security devices will be enabled for TPM (Trusted Platform Module) support to enhance data integrity and network security. Please reboot the system for a change on this setting to take effect. The options are **Disable** and **Enable**.

- Active PCR Bank
- SHA256 PCR Bank

****If a TPM is installed and the feature above is set to Enable, "SHA-1 PCR Bank", "SHA256 PCR Bank", and additional settings will become available for configuration:***

SHA-1 PCR Bank

Use this feature to disable or enable the SHA-1 Platform Configuration Register (PCR) bank for the installed TPM device. The options are **Disabled** and **Enabled**.

SHA256 PCR Bank

Use this feature to disable or enable the SHA256 Platform Configuration Register (PCR) bank for the installed TPM device. The options are **Disabled** and **Enabled**.

Pending Operation

Use this feature to schedule a TPM-related operation to be performed by a security device for system data integrity. Your system will reboot to carry out a pending TPM operation. The options are **None** and **TPM Clear**.

Platform Hierarchy

Use this feature to disable or enable platform hierarchy for platform protection. The options are **Disabled** and **Enabled**.

Storage Hierarchy

Use this feature to disable or enable storage hierarchy for cryptographic protection. The options are **Disabled** and **Enabled**.

Endorsement Hierarchy

Use this feature to disable or enable endorsement hierarchy for privacy control. The options are **Disabled** and **Enabled**.

TPM2.0 UEFI Spec Version

Use this feature to specify the TPM UEFI spec version. TCG 1.2 supports Windows® 2012, Windows 8, and Windows 10. TCG 2 supports Windows 10 or later. The options are **TCG_1_2** and **TCG_2**.

Physical Presence Spec Version

Use this feature to select the PPI spec version. The options are **1.2** and **1.3**.

PH Randomization

Use this feature to disable or enable Platform Hierarchy (PH) Randomization. The options are **Disabled** and **Enabled**.

Device Select

Use this feature to select the TPM version. TPM 1.2 will restrict support to TPM 1.2 devices. TPM 2.0 will restrict support for TPM 2.0 devices. Select **Auto** to enable support for both versions. The options are **TPM 1.2**, **TPM 2.0**, and **Auto**.

SMCI BIOS-Based TPM Provision Support

Use feature to enable the Supermicro TPM Provision support. The options are **Disabled** and **Enabled**.

TXT Support

Intel Trusted Execution Technology (TXT) helps protect against software-based attacks and ensures protection, confidentiality, and integrity of data stored or created on the system. Use this feature to enable or disable TXT Support. The options are **Disabled** and **Enabled**.

►HTTP Boot Configuration

Http Boot One Time

After creating and saving a HTTP boot option, enable this feature to have the system auto boot into the newly created HTTP boot option the next time the system is powered on. The options are **Disabled** and **Enabled**.

Input The Description

Use this feature to input the HTTP boot option description.

Boot URI

Use this feature to input the URI address for HTTP Boot feature.

►iSCSI Configuration

This submenu is available for configuration when "Network Stack" is enabled under the submenu, "PCIe/PCI/PnP Configuration".

iSCSI Initiator Name

This feature allows the user to enter the unique name of the iSCSI Initiator in IQN format. Once the name of the iSCSI Initiator is entered into the system, configure the proper settings for the following features.

►Add an Attempt

►Delete Attempts

►Change Attempt Order

►TLS Authentication Configuration

This submenu allows the user to configure Transport Layer Security (TLS) settings.

►Server CA Configuration

►Enroll Certification

Enroll Certification Using File

Use this feature to enroll certification from a file.

Certification GUID

Use this feature to input the certification GUID.

Commit Changes and Exit

Use this feature to save all changes and exit TLS settings.

Discard Changes and Exit

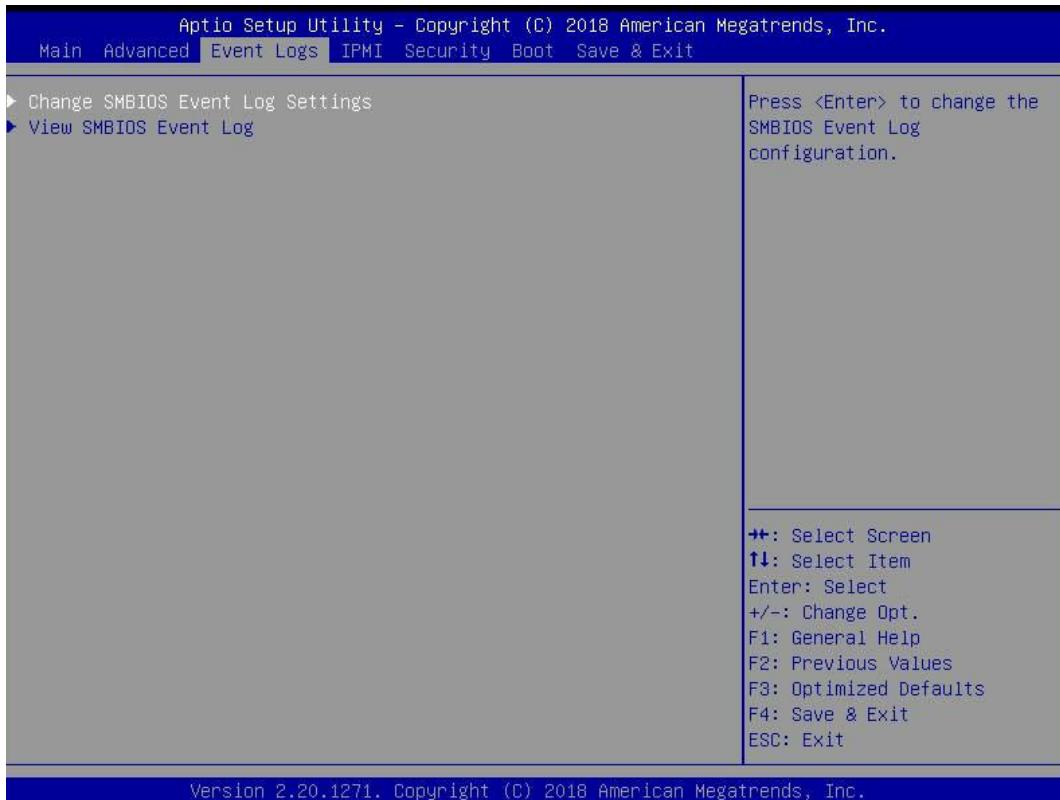
Use this feature to discard all changes and exit TLS settings.

►Delete Certification

Use this feature to delete certification.

6.4 Event Logs

Use this tab page to configure Event Log settings.



►Change SMBIOS Event Log Settings

Enabling/Disabling Options

SMBIOS Event Log

Change this feature to enable or disable all features of the SMBIOS Event Logging during system boot. The options are **Disabled** and **Enabled**.

Erasing Settings

Erase Event Log

If **No** is selected, data stored in the event log will not be erased. Select **Yes**, **Next reset**, data in the event log will be erased upon next system reboot. Select **Yes**, **Every reset**, data in the event log will be erased upon every system reboot. The options are **No**, **Yes**, **Next reset**, and **Yes, Every reset**.

When Log is Full

Select **Erase Immediately** for all messages to be automatically erased from the event log when the event log memory is full. The options are **Do Nothing** and **Erase Immediately**.

SMBIOS Event Log Standard Settings

Log System Boot Event

This feature toggles the System Boot Event logging to enabled or disabled. The options are **Enabled** and **Disabled**.

MECI

The Multiple Event Count Increment (MECI) counter counts the number of occurrences that a duplicate event must happen before the MECI counter is incremented. This is a numeric value. The default value is **1**.

METW

The Multiple Event Time Window (METW) defines the number of minutes that must pass between duplicate log events before MECI is incremented. This is in minutes, from 0 to 99. The default value is **60**.

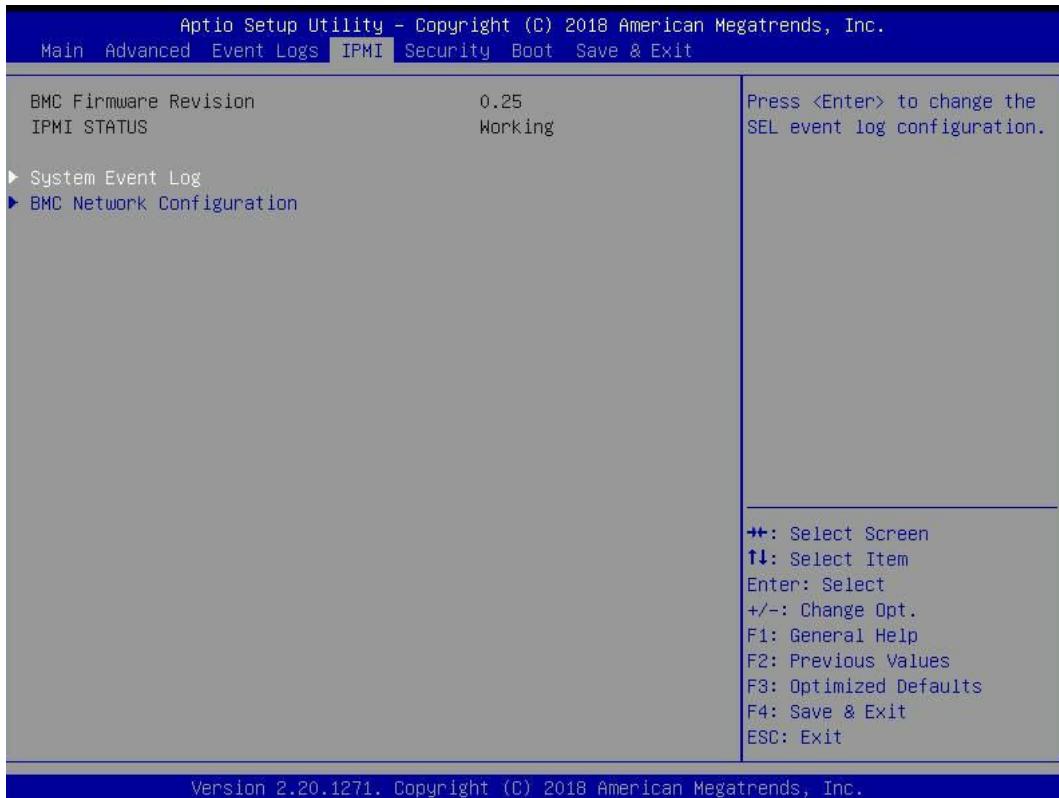
Note: After making changes on a setting, be sure to reboot the system for the changes to take effect.

►View SMBIOS Event Log

Select this submenu and press enter to see the contents of the SMBIOS event log. The following categories will be displayed: Date/Time/Error Codes/Severity.

6.5 IPMI

Use this tab page to configure Intelligent Platform Management Interface (IPMI) settings.



BMC Firmware Revision

This item indicates the IPMI firmware revision used in your system.

IPMI Status (Baseboard Management Controller)

This item indicates the status of the IPMI firmware installed in your system.

►System Event Log

Enabling/Disabling Options

SEL Components

Select Enabled for all system event logging at bootup. The options are Disabled and Enabled.

Erasing Settings

Erase SEL

Select Yes, On next reset to erase all system event logs upon next system reboot. Select Yes, On every reset to erase all system event logs upon each system reboot. Select No

to keep all system event logs after each system reboot. The options are **No**, **Yes**, **On next reset**, and **Yes, On every reset**.

When SEL is Full

This feature allows the user to decide what the BIOS should do when the system event log is full. Select **Erase Immediately** to erase all events in the log when the system event log is full. The options are **Do Nothing** and **Erase Immediately**.

Note: After making changes on a setting, be sure to reboot the system for the changes to take effect.

►BMC Network Configuration

BMC Network Configuration

Update IPMI LAN Configuration

Select **Yes** for the BIOS to implement all IP/MAC address changes at the next system boot. The options are **No** and **Yes**.

***If the feature above is set to Yes, the following settings will become available for configuration:**

Configure IPV4 Support

This section displays configuration features for IPV4 support.

IPMI LAN Selection

This feature displays the IPMI LAN setting. The default setting is **Failover**.

IPMI Network Link Status

This feature displays the IPMI Network Link status. The default setting is **Shared LAN**.

Configuration Address Source

This feature allows the user to select the source of the IP address for this computer. If **Static** is selected, you will need to know the IP address of this computer and enter it to the system manually in the field. If **DHCP** is selected, the BIOS will search for a DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) server attached to the network and request the next available IP address for this computer. The options are **Static** and **DHCP**.

***If the feature above is set to Static, the following settings will become available for configuration:**

Station IP Address

This feature displays the Station IP address for this computer. This should be in decimal and in dotted quad form (i.e., 192.168.10.253).

Subnet Mask

This feature displays the sub network that this computer belongs to. The value of each three-digit number separated by dots should not exceed 255.

Station MAC Address

This feature displays the Station MAC address for this computer. Mac addresses are 6 two-digit hexadecimal numbers.

Gateway IP Address

This feature displays the Gateway IP address for this computer. This should be in decimal and in dotted quad form (i.e., 172.31.0.1).

VLAN

This feature displays the virtual LAN settings. The options are **Disable** and **Enable**.

****If the feature above is set to Enable, "VLAN ID" will become available available for configuration:***

VLAN ID

Use this feature to enter the VLAN ID. The default setting is **0**.

Configure IPV6 Support

This section displays configuration features for IPV6 support.

IPV6 Address Status

This feature displays the IPV6 Address status. The default setting is **Disabled**.

IPV6 Support

Use this feature to enable IPV6 support. The options are **Enabled** and **Disabled**.

****If the feature above is set to Enabled, the following settings will become available for configuration:***

Configuration Address Source

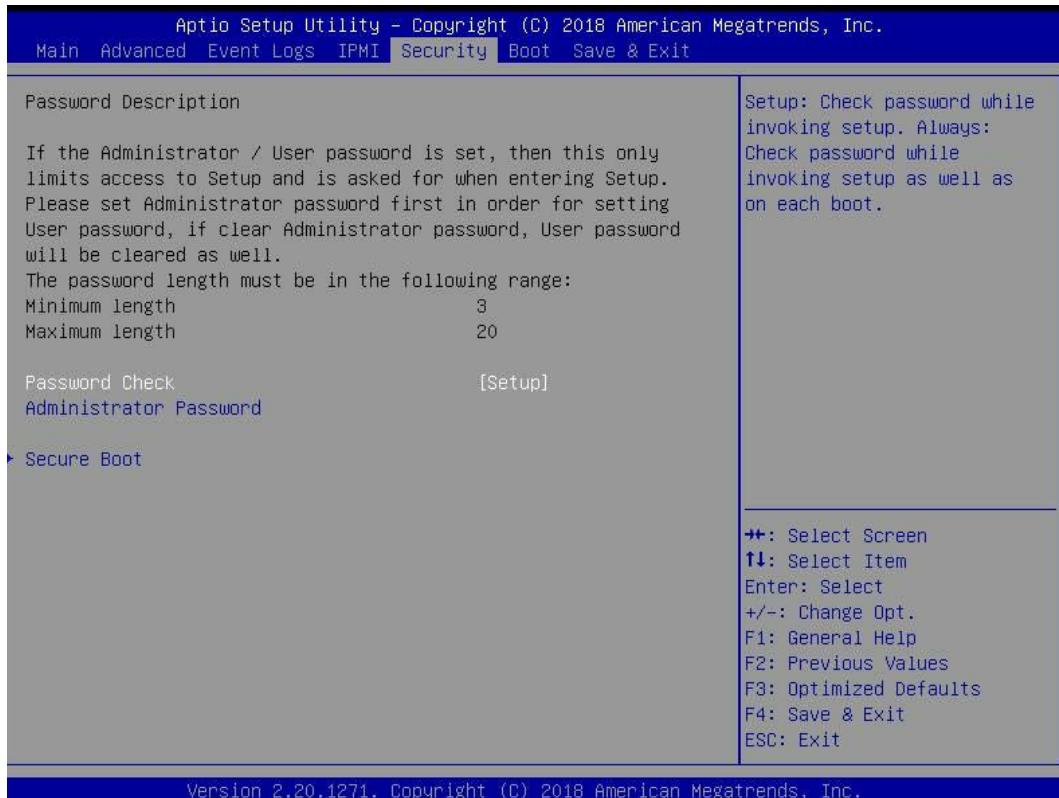
This feature allows the user to select the source of the IP address for this computer. If **Static** is selected, you will need to know the IP address of this computer and enter it to the system manually in the field. If **DHCP** is selected, the BIOS will search for a DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) server attached to the network and request the next available IP address for this computer. The options are **Static** and **DHCP**.

****If the feature above is set to Static, the following settings will become available for configuration:***

- Station IPV6 Address
- Prefix Length
- IPV6 Router1 IP Address

6.6 Security

Use this tab page to configure Security settings.



Password Check

Select Setup for the system to check for a password at Setup. Select Always for the system to check for a password at bootup or upon entering the BIOS Setup utility. The options are **Setup** and **Always**.

Administrator Password

Press Enter to create a new, or change an existing, Administrator password.

►Secure Boot

This section displays the contents of the following secure boot features:

- System Mode
- Vendor Keys
- Secure Boot

Secure Boot

Use this feature to enable secure boot. The options are **Disabled** and **Enabled**.

Secure Boot Mode

Use this feature to configure Secure Boot variables without authentication. The options are Standard and **Custom**.

CSM Support

Select Enabled to support the EFI Compatibility Support Module (CSM), which provides compatibility support for traditional legacy BIOS for system boot. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

►Key Management

This submenu allows the user to configure the following Key Management settings.

►Restore Factory Keys

Select Yes to restore all factory keys to the default settings. The options are **Yes** and No.

►Reset to Setup Mode

Select Yes to delete all Secure Boot key databases and force the system to Setup Mode. The options are **Yes** and No.

►Export Secure Boot variables

Use this feature to copy the NVRAM contents of the secure boot variables to a file.

►Enroll EFI Image

This feature allows the image to run in Secure Boot Mode. Enroll SHA256 Hash Certificate of the image into the Authorized Signature Database.

Device Guard Ready

►Remove 'UEFI CA' from DB

Use this feature to remove the Microsoft UEFI CA certificate from the database. The options are **Yes** and No.

►Restore DB Defaults

Select Yes to restore the DB defaults. The options are **Yes** and No.

Secure Boot Variable

►Platform Key (PK)

This feature allows the user to update the settings of the platform keys.

Update

Select Yes to load a factory default PK or No to load from a file on an external media. The options are **Yes** and No.

►Key Exchange Keys

Update

Select Yes to load the KEK from the manufacturer's defaults. Select No to load the KEK from a file. The options are **Yes** and No.

Append

Select Yes to add the KEK from the manufacturer's defaults list to the existing KEK. Select No to load the KEK from a file. The options are **Yes** and No.

►Authorized Signatures

Update

Select Yes to load the database from the manufacturer's defaults. Select No to load the DB from a file. The options are **Yes** and No.

Append

Select Yes to add the database from the manufacturer's defaults to the existing DB. Select No to load the DB from a file. The options are **Yes** and No.

►Forbidden Signatures

Update

Select Yes to load the DBX from the manufacturer's defaults. Select No to load the DBX from a file. The options are **Yes** and No.

Append

Select Yes to add the DBX from the manufacturer's defaults to the existing DBX. Select No to load the DBX from a file. The options are **Yes** and No.

►Authorized TimeStamps

Update

Select Yes to load the DBT from the manufacturer's defaults. Select No to load the DBT from a file. The options are **Yes** and No.

Append

Select Yes to add the DBT from the manufacturer's defaults list to the existing DBT. Select No to load the DBT from a file. The options are **Yes** and No.

►OsRecovery Signature

This feature uploads and installs an OSRecovery Signature. You may insert a factory default key or load from a file. The file formats accepted are:

- 1) Public Key Certificate
 - a. EFI Signature List
 - b. EFI CERT X509 (DER Encoded)
 - c. EFI CERT RSA2048 (bin)
 - d. EFI SERT SHA256 (bin)

- 2) EFI Time Based Authenticated Variable

When prompted, select "Yes" to load Factory Defaults or "No" to load from a file.

Update

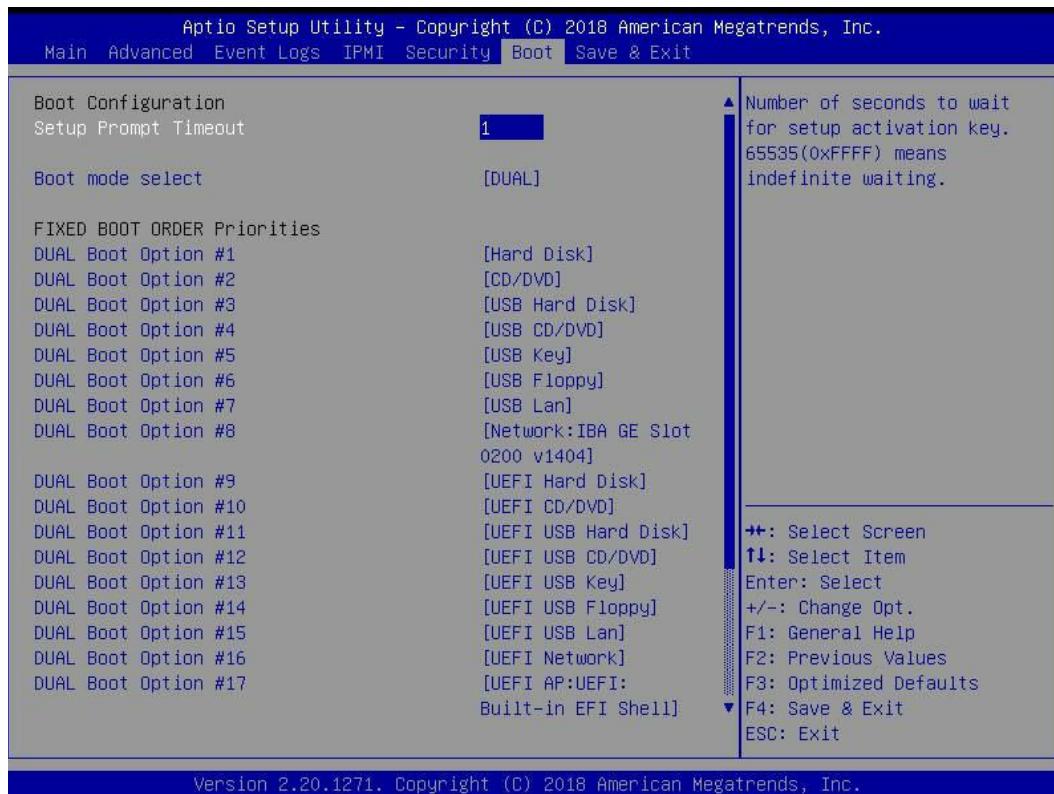
Select Yes to load the DBR from the manufacturer's defaults. Select No to load the DBR from a file. The options are **Yes** and No.

Append

This feature uploads and adds an OSRecovery Signature into the Key Management. You may insert a factory default key or load from a file. When prompted, select "**Yes**" to load Factory Defaults or "No" to load from a file.

6.7 Boot

Use this tab page to configure Boot Settings.



Setup Prompt Timeout

Use this feature to indicate the length of time (the number of seconds) for the BIOS to wait before rebooting the system when the setup activation key is pressed. Enter the value of 65535 (0xFFFF) for the BIOS to wait indefinitely. The default setting is **1**.

Boot Mode Select

Use this feature to select the type of device that the system is going to boot from. The options are Legacy, UEFI, and **Dual**.

Fixed Boot Order Priorities

This feature prioritizes the order of bootable devices that the system boots from. Press <Enter> on each entry from top to bottom to select devices.

****If the feature "Boot Mode Select" above is set to Legacy, UEFI, or Dual, the following settings will be available for configuration:***

- Legacy/UEFI/Dual Boot Option #1
- Legacy/UEFI/Dual Boot Option #2
- Legacy/UEFI/Dual Boot Option #3
- Legacy/UEFI/Dual Boot Option #4

- Legacy/UEFI/Dual Boot Option #5
- Legacy/UEFI/Dual Boot Option #6
- Legacy/UEFI/Dual Boot Option #7
- Legacy/UEFI/Dual Boot Option #8
- UEFI/Dual Boot Option #9
- Dual Boot Option #10
- Dual Boot Option #11
- Dual Boot Option #12
- Dual Boot Option #13
- Dual Boot Option #14
- Dual Boot Option #15
- Dual Boot Option #16
- Dual Boot Option #17

►Delete Boot Option

This feature allows the user to select an EFI boot option to delete from the boot order.

Delete Boot Option

Use this feature to remove an EFI boot option from the boot priority list.

►Delete Driver Option

This feature allows the user to select an EFI driver option to delete from the drive order.

****If any storage media is detected, "Add New Boot Option" and "Add New Driver Option" will become available for configuration:***

►Add New Boot Option

This feature allows the user to add a new EFI boot option to the boot order for your system.

Add Boot Option

Use this feature to specify the name for the new boot option.

Path for Boot Option

Use this feature to enter the path for the new boot option in the format fsx:\path\filename.efi.

Boot Option File Path

Use this feature to specify the file path for the new boot option.

Create

Use this feature to set the name and the file path of the new boot option.

►Add New Driver Option

This feature allows the user to add a new EFI driver option to the driver order for your system.

Add Driver Option

Use this feature to specify the name for the new driver option.

Path for Boot Option

Use this feature to enter the path for the new driver option in the format fsx:\path\filename. efi.

Driver Option File Path

Use this feature to specify the file path for the new driver option.

Create

Use this feature to set the name and the file path of the new driver option.

►UEFI Application Boot Priorities

This feature allows the user to specify which UEFI devices are boot devices.

- UEFI Boot Option #1

►NETWORK Drive BBS Priorities

This feature sets the system boot order of detected devices.

- Boot Option #1

**If any storage media is detected, the following features will become available for configuration:*

►UEFI Hard Disk Drive BBS Priorities

This feature sets the system boot order of detected devices.

- Boot Option #1

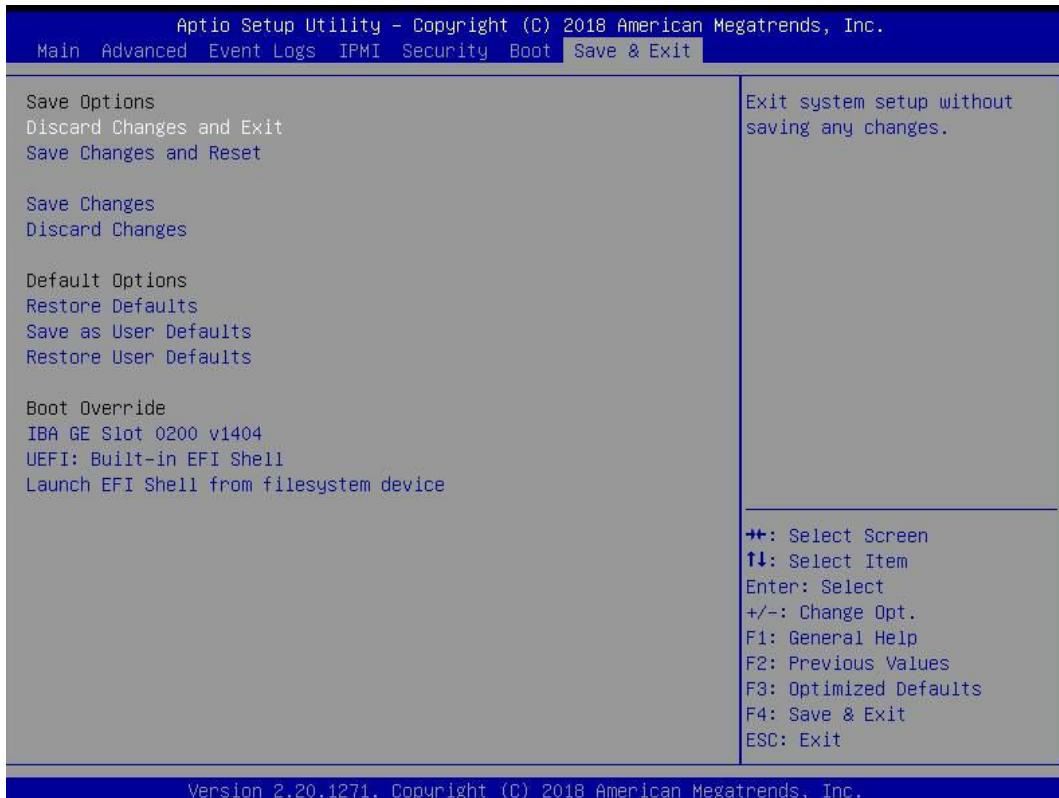
►Hard Disk Drive BBS Priorities

This feature sets the system boot order of detected devices.

- Boot Option #1

6.8 Save & Exit

Use this tab page to configure Save & Exit settings.



Save Options

Discard Changes and Exit

Select this feature to quit the BIOS Setup without making any permanent changes to the system configuration and reboot the computer. Select Discard Changes and Exit from the Save & Exit menu and press <Enter>.

Save Changes and Reset

After completing the system configuration changes, select this option to save the changes you have made. This will not reset (reboot) the system.

Save Changes

When you have completed the system configuration changes, select this option to leave the BIOS setup utility and reboot the computer for the new system configuration parameters to take effect. Select Save Changes from the Save & Exit menu and press <Enter>.

Discard Changes

Select this feature and press <Enter> to discard all the changes and return to the AMI BIOS utility program.

Default Options

Restore Defaults

To set this feature, select Restore Defaults from the Save & Exit menu and press <Enter>. These are factory settings designed for maximum system stability, but not for maximum performance.

Save As User Defaults

To set this feature, select Save as User Defaults from the Save & Exit menu and press <Enter>. This enables the user to save any changes to the BIOS setup for future use.

Restore User Defaults

To set this feature, select Restore User Defaults from the Save & Exit menu and press <Enter>. Use this feature to retrieve user-defined settings that were saved previously.

Boot Override

Listed in this section are other boot options for the system (i.e., Built-in EFI shell). Select an option and press <Enter>. Your system will boot to the selected boot option.

Appendix A

BIOS Error Codes

A.1 BIOS Error Beep (POST) Codes

During the POST (Power-On Self-Test) routines, which are performed each time the system is powered on, errors may occur.

Non-fatal errors are those which, in most cases, allow the system to continue the boot-up process. The error messages normally appear on the screen.

Fatal errors are those which will not allow the system to continue the boot-up procedure. If a fatal error occurs, you should consult with your system manufacturer for possible repairs.

These fatal errors are usually communicated through a series of audible beeps. The table below lists some common errors and their corresponding beep codes encountered by users.

BIOS Error Beep (POST) Codes		
Beep Code	Error Message	Description
1 short	Refresh	Circuits have been reset (Ready to power up)
5 short, 1 long	Memory error	No memory detected in system
5 long, 2 short	Display memory read/write error	Video adapter missing or with faulty memory
1 long continuous	System OH	System overheat condition

A.2 Additional BIOS POST Codes

The AMI BIOS supplies additional checkpoint codes, which are documented online at <http://www.supermicro.com/support/manuals/> ("AMI BIOS POST Codes User's Guide").

When BIOS performs the Power On Self Test, it writes checkpoint codes to I/O port 0080h. If the computer cannot complete the boot process, a diagnostic card can be attached to the computer to read I/O port 0080h (Supermicro p/n AOC-LPC80-20).

For information on AMI updates, please refer to <http://www.ami.com/products/>.

Appendix B

Standardized Warning Statements for AC Systems

About Standardized Warning Statements

The following statements are industry standard warnings, provided to warn the user of situations which have the potential for bodily injury. Should you have questions or experience difficulty, contact Supermicro's Technical Support department for assistance. Only certified technicians should attempt to install or configure components.

Read this appendix in its entirety before installing or configuring components in the Supermicro chassis.

These warnings may also be found on our website at http://www.supermicro.com/about/policies/safety_information.cfm.

Warning Definition



Warning! This warning symbol means danger. You are in a situation that could cause bodily injury. Before you work on any equipment, be aware of the hazards involved with electrical circuitry and be familiar with standard practices for preventing accidents.

警告の定義

この警告サインは危険を意味します。

人身事故につながる可能性がありますので、いずれの機器でも動作させる前に、電気回路に含まれる危険性に注意して、標準的な事故防止策に精通して下さい。

此警告符号代表危险。

您正处于可能受到严重伤害的工作环境中。在您使用设备开始工作之前，必须充分意识到触电的危险，并熟练掌握防止事故发生的标准工作程序。请根据每项警告结尾的声明号码找到此设备的安全性警告说明的翻译文本。

此警告符号代表危險。

您正處於可能身體可能會受損傷的工作環境中。在您使用任何設備之前，請注意觸電的危險，並且要熟悉預防事故發生的標準工作程序。請依照每一注意事項後的號碼找到相關的翻譯說明內容。

Warnung

WICHTIGE SICHERHEITSHINWEISE

Dieses Warnsymbol bedeutet Gefahr. Sie befinden sich in einer Situation, die zu Verletzungen führen kann. Machen Sie sich vor der Arbeit mit Geräten mit den Gefahren elektrischer Schaltungen und den üblichen Verfahren zur Vorbeugung von Unfällen vertraut. Suchen Sie mit der am Ende jeder Warnung angegebenen Anweisungsnummer nach der jeweiligen Übersetzung in den übersetzten Sicherheitshinweisen, die zusammen mit diesem Gerät ausgeliefert wurden.

BEWAHREN SIE DIESE HINWEISE GUT AUF.

INSTRUCCIONES IMPORTANTES DE SEGURIDAD

Este símbolo de aviso indica peligro. Existe riesgo para su integridad física. Antes de manipular cualquier equipo, considere los riesgos de la corriente eléctrica y familiarícese con los procedimientos estándar de prevención de accidentes. Al final de cada advertencia encontrará el número que le ayudará a encontrar el texto traducido en el apartado de traducciones que acompaña a este dispositivo.

GUARDE ESTAS INSTRUCCIONES.

IMPORTANTES INFORMATIONS DE SÉCURITÉ

Ce symbole d'avertissement indique un danger. Vous vous trouvez dans une situation pouvant entraîner des blessures ou des dommages corporels. Avant de travailler sur un équipement, soyez conscient des dangers liés aux circuits électriques et familiarisez-vous avec les procédures couramment utilisées pour éviter les accidents. Pour prendre connaissance des traductions des avertissements figurant dans les consignes de sécurité traduites qui accompagnent cet appareil, référez-vous au numéro de l'instruction situé à la fin de chaque avertissement.

CONSERVEZ CES INFORMATIONS.

תקנון הצהרות אזהרה

הצהרות הבאות הן אזהרות על פי התקני התעשייה, על מנת להזהיר את המשתמש מפני חבלה פיזית אפשרית. במידה ויש שאלות או היתקלות בעיה כלשהי, יש ליצור קשר עם מחלקת תמייה טכנית של סופרמיקרו. טכנאים מוסמכים בלבד רשאים להתקין או להגדיר את הרכיבים. יש לקרוא את הנספח במלואו לפני התקנת או הגדרת הרכיבים במאזן סופרמיקרו.

اًكَّ فَحَالَةٌ وُكِيَّ أَيْ تَتَسَبَّبُ فِي اصَابَةٍ جَسْدَهُ هَذَا الْزَهْزَعُ خَطَرٌ تَحْذِيرٌ .
 قَبْلَ أَيْ تَعْوِلَ عَلَى أَيْ هَعْدَاتٍ، كَيْ عَلَى عَلَنِ الْوَخَاطِرِ الْأَجْوَهُ عَيْ الْذَوَائِزِ
 الْكَهْزَبَائِيَّةِ
 وَكَيْ عَلَى دَرَّهُ الْبَالْوَارَسَاتِ الْقَائِيَّةِ لَوْعُ وَقَعَ أَيْ حَادَثٌ
 اسْتَخْدِمْ رَقْنَ الْبِّإِ الْوَصْصَ فَهَاهُ كُلَّ تَحْذِيرٍ لِلْعَشْرِ تَرْجُوتَهَا

안전을 위한 주의사항

경고!

이 경고 기호는 위험이 있음을 알려 줍니다. 작업자의 신체에 부상을 야기 할 수 있는 상태에 있게 됩니다. 모든 장비에 대한 작업을 수행하기 전에 전기회로와 관련된 위험요소들을 확인하시고 사전에 사고를 방지할 수 있도록 표준 작업절차를 준수해 주시기 바랍니다.

해당 번역문을 찾기 위해 각 경고의 마지막 부분에 제공된 경고문 번호를 참조하십시오

BELANGRIJKE VEILIGHEIDSINSTRUCTIES

Dit waarschuwingssymbool betekent gevaar. U verkeert in een situatie die lichamelijk letsel kan veroorzaken. Voordat u aan enige apparatuur gaat werken, dient u zich bewust te zijn van de bij een elektrische installatie betrokken risico's en dient u op de hoogte te zijn van de standaard procedures om ongelukken te voorkomen. Gebruik de nummers aan het eind van elke waarschuwing om deze te herleiden naar de desbetreffende locatie.

BEWAAR DEZE INSTRUCTIES

Installation Instructions



Warning! Read the installation instructions before connecting the system to the power source.

設置手順書

システムを電源に接続する前に、設置手順書をお読み下さい。

警告

将此系统连接电源前,请先阅读安装说明。

警告

將系統與電源連接前，請先閱讀安裝說明。

Warnung

Vor dem Anschließen des Systems an die Stromquelle die Installationsanweisungen lesen.

¡Advertencia!

Lea las instrucciones de instalación antes de conectar el sistema a la red de alimentación.

Attention

Avant de brancher le système sur la source d'alimentation, consulter les directives d'installation.

יש לקרוא את הוראות התקינה לפני חיבור המערכת למקור מתח.

اقر إرشادات التركيب قبل توصيل النظام إلى مصدر للطاقة

시스템을 전원에 연결하기 전에 설치 안내를 읽어주십시오.

Waarschuwing

Raadpleeg de installatie-instructies voordat u het systeem op de voedingsbron aansluit.

Circuit Breaker



Warning! This product relies on the building's installation for short-circuit (overcurrent) protection. Ensure that the protective device is rated not greater than: 250 V, 20 A.

サーキット・ブレーカー

この製品は、短絡(過電流)保護装置がある建物での設置を前提としています。

保護装置の定格が250 V、20 Aを超えないことを確認下さい。

警告

此产品的短路(过载电流)保护由建筑物的供电系统提供,确保短路保护设备的额定电流不大于250V,20A。

警告

此產品的短路(過載電流)保護由建築物的供電系統提供,確保短路保護設備的額定電流不大於250V,20A。

Warnung

Dieses Produkt ist darauf angewiesen, dass im Gebäude ein Kurzschluss- bzw. Überstromschutz installiert ist. Stellen Sie sicher, dass der Nennwert der Schutzvorrichtung nicht mehr als: 250 V, 20 A beträgt.

¡Advertencia!

Este equipo utiliza el sistema de protección contra cortocircuitos (o sobrecorrientes) del edificio. Asegúrese de que el dispositivo de protección no sea superior a: 250 V, 20 A.

Attention

Pour ce qui est de la protection contre les courts-circuits (surtension), ce produit dépend de l'installation électrique du local. Vérifiez que le courant nominal du dispositif de protection n'est pas supérieur à :250 V, 20 A.

מווצר זה מסתמך על הגנה המותקנת במבנים **למניעת קוצר חשמל**. יש לוודא כי המכשיר המגן מפני הקוצר החשמלי הוא לא יותר מ- 250VDC, 20A

هذا المنتج يعتمد على معدات الحماية من الدوائر القصيرة التي تم تثبيتها في المبني
تأكد من أن تقييم الجهاز الوقائي ليس أكثر من : 20A, 250V

경고!

이 제품은 전원의 단락(과전류)방지에 대해서 전적으로 건물의 관련 설비에 의존합니다.
보호장치의 정격이 반드시 250V(볼트), 20A(암페어)를 초과하지 않도록 해야 합니다.

Waarschuwing

Dit product is afhankelijk van de kortsluitbeveiliging (overspanning) van uw electrische installatie. Controleer of het beveiligde apparaat niet groter gedimensioneerd is dan 250V, 20A.

Power Disconnection Warning



Warning! The system must be disconnected from all sources of power and the power cord removed from the power supply module(s) before accessing the chassis interior to install or remove system components.

電源切断の警告

システムコンポーネントの取り付けまたは取り外しのために、シャーシー内部にアクセスするには、システムの電源はすべてのソースから切断され、電源コードは電源モジュールから取り外す必要があります。

警告

在你打开机箱并安装或移除内部器件前,必须将系统完全断电,并移除电源线。

警告

在您打開機殼安裝或移除內部元件前，必須將系統完全斷電，並移除電源線。

Warnung

Das System muss von allen Quellen der Energie und vom Netzanschlusskabel getrennt sein, das von den Spg. Versorgungsteilmodulen entfernt wird, bevor es auf den Chassisinnenraum zurückgreift, um Systemsbestandteile anzubringen oder zu entfernen.

¡Advertencia!

El sistema debe ser disconnected de todas las fuentes de energía y del cable eléctrico quitado de los módulos de fuente de alimentación antes de tener acceso el interior del chasis para instalar o para quitar componentes de sistema.

Attention

Le système doit être débranché de toutes les sources de puissance ainsi que de son cordon d'alimentation secteur avant d'accéder à l'intérieur du châssis pour installer ou enlever des composants de système.

ازהרה מפני ניתוק חשמלי,

ازהרה!

יש לנתק את המערכת מכל מקורות החשמל ויש להסיר את כבל החשמלי מהספק. לפני גישה לחלק הפנימי של המארז לצורך התקנת או הסרת רכיבים.

يجب فصل انظاوم من جميع مصادر انطاقت وإزانت سهك انكهرباء من وحدة امداد
انطاقت قبم
انصل إني انمناطق انداخهيت نههيكم نتشبيج أو إزانت مكناث الجهاز

경고!

시스템에 부품들을 장착하거나 제거하기 위해서는 새시 내부에 접근하기 전에 반드시 전원 공급장치로부터 연결되어있는 모든 전원과 전기코드를 분리해주어야 합니다.

Waarschuwing

Voordat u toegang neemt tot het binnenwerk van de behuizing voor het installeren of verwijderen van systeem onderdelen, dient u alle spanningsbronnen en alle stroomkabels aangesloten op de voeding(en) van de behuizing te verwijderen

Equipment Installation



Warning! Only trained and qualified personnel should be allowed to install, replace, or service this equipment.

機器の設置

トレーニングを受け認定された人だけがこの装置の設置、交換、またはサービスを許可されています。

警告

只有经过培训且具有资格的人员才能进行此设备的安装、更换和维修。

警告

只有經過受訓且具資格人員才可安裝、更換與維修此設備。

Warnung

Das Installieren, Ersetzen oder Bedienen dieser Ausrüstung sollte nur geschultem, qualifiziertem Personal gestattet werden.

¡Advertencia!

Solamente el personal calificado debe instalar, reemplazar o utilizar este equipo.

Attention

Il est vivement recommandé de confier l'installation, le remplacement et la maintenance de ces équipements à des personnels qualifiés et expérimentés.

אזהרה!

צוות מוסמך בלבד רשאי להתקין, להחליף את הציוד או לחת שירות עבור הציוד.

والمدربين لتزكيب واستبدال أو خدمة هذا الجهاز يجب أن يسمح فقط للموظفه المؤهلية

경고!

훈련을 받고 공인된 기술자만이 이 장비의 설치, 교체 또는 서비스를 수행할 수 있습니다.

Waarschuwing

Deze apparatuur mag alleen worden geïnstalleerd, vervangen of hersteld door geschoold en gekwalificeerd personeel.

Restricted Area

Warning! This unit is intended for installation in restricted access areas. A restricted access area can be accessed only through the use of a special tool, lock and key, or other means of security. (This warning does not apply to workstations).

アクセス制限区域

このユニットは、アクセス制限区域に設置されることを想定しています。

アクセス制限区域は、特別なツール、鍵と錠前、その他のセキュリティの手段を用いてのみ出入りが可能です。

警告

此部件应安装在限制进出的场所，限制进出的场所指只能通过使用特殊工具、锁和钥匙或其它安全手段进出的场所。

警告

此裝置僅限安裝於進出管制區域，進出管制區域係指僅能以特殊工具、鎖頭及鑰匙或其他安全方式才能進入的區域。

Warnung

Diese Einheit ist zur Installation in Bereichen mit beschränktem Zutritt vorgesehen. Der Zutritt zu derartigen Bereichen ist nur mit einem Spezialwerkzeug, Schloss und Schlüssel oder einer sonstigen Sicherheitsvorkehrung möglich.

¡Advertencia!

Esta unidad ha sido diseñada para instalación en áreas de acceso restringido. Sólo puede obtenerse acceso a una de estas áreas mediante la utilización de una herramienta especial, cerradura con llave u otro medio de seguridad.

Attention

Cet appareil doit être installée dans des zones d'accès réservés. L'accès à une zone d'accès réservé n'est possible qu'en utilisant un outil spécial, un mécanisme de verrouillage et une clé, ou tout autre moyen de sécurité.

אזור עם גישה מוגבלת
ゾーハラ!

יש להתקן את היחידה באזוריים שיש בהם הגבלת גישה. הגישה ניתנת בעזרת
'כלי אבטחה בלבד (מפתח, מנעול ועוד).

تحصيص هذه انحذة ترك بها ف مناطق محظورة تم .
يمكن انتصيل إن منطق ممحظورة فقط من خلال استخدام أداة خاصة
أو أوس هُت أخرى نلاًاما قم و مفتاح

경고!

이 장치는 접근이 제한된 구역에 설치하도록 되어있습니다. 특수도구, 잠금 장치 및 키,
또는 기타 보안 수단을 통해서만 접근 제한 구역에 들어갈 수 있습니다.

Waarschuwing

Dit apparaat is bedoeld voor installatie in gebieden met een beperkte toegang. Toegang tot dergelijke gebieden kunnen alleen verkregen worden door gebruik te maken van speciaal gereedschap, slot en sleutel of andere veiligheidsmaatregelen.

Battery Handling



Warning! There is the danger of explosion if the battery is replaced incorrectly. Replace the battery only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer. Dispose of used batteries according to the manufacturer's instructions

電池の取り扱い

電池交換が正しく行われなかった場合、破裂の危険性があります。交換する電池はメーカーが推奨する型、または同等のものを使用下さい。使用済電池は製造元の指示に従って処分して下さい。

警告

电池更换不当会有爆炸危险。请只使用同类电池或制造商推荐的功能相当的电池更换原有电池。请按制造商的说明处理废旧电池。

警告

電池更換不當會有爆炸危險。請使用製造商建議之相同或功能相當的電池更換原有電池。請按照製造商的說明指示處理廢棄舊電池。

Warnung

Bei Einsetzen einer falschen Batterie besteht Explosionsgefahr. Ersetzen Sie die Batterie nur durch den gleichen oder vom Hersteller empfohlenen Batterietyp. Entsorgen Sie die benutzten Batterien nach den Anweisungen des Herstellers.

Attention

Danger d'explosion si la pile n'est pas remplacée correctement. Ne la remplacer que par une pile de type semblable ou équivalent, recommandée par le fabricant. Jeter les piles usagées conformément aux instructions du fabricant.

¡Advertencia!

Existe peligro de explosión si la batería se reemplaza de manera incorrecta. Reemplazar la batería exclusivamente con el mismo tipo o el equivalente recomendado por el fabricante. Desechar las baterías gastadas según las instrucciones del fabricante.

אזהרה!

קיימת סכנת פיצוץ של הסוללה במידה והוחלפה בדרך לא תקינה. יש להחליף את הסוללה בסוג התואם מחברת יצורן מומלצת.
סילוק הסוללות המשמשות יש לבצע לפי הוראות היצרן.

هناك خطر من انفجار في حالة اسحذال البطارية بطريقة غير صحيحة فعليل
اسحذال البطارية

فقط بنفس النوع أو ما يعادلها مما أوصى به الشرمة المصنعة
جخلص من البطاريات الممسحعملة وفقا لتعليمات الشرمة الصانعة

경고!

배터리가 올바르게 교체되지 않으면 폭발의 위험이 있습니다. 기존 배터리와 동일하거나 제조사에서 권장하는 동등한 종류의 배터리로만 교체해야 합니다. 제조사의 안내에 따라 사용된 배터리를 처리하여 주십시오.

Waarschuwing

Er is ontploffingsgevaar indien de batterij verkeerd vervangen wordt. Vervang de batterij slechts met hetzelfde of een equivalent type die door de fabrikant aanbevolen wordt. Gebruikte batterijen dienen overeenkomstig fabrieksvoorschriften afgevoerd te worden.

Redundant Power Supplies



Warning! This unit might have more than one power supply connection. All connections must be removed to de-energize the unit.

冗長電源装置

このユニットは複数の電源装置が接続されている場合があります。

ユニットの電源を切るためには、すべての接続を取り外さなければなりません。

警告

此部件连接的电源可能不止一个，必须将所有电源断开才能停止给该部件供电。

警告

此裝置連接的電源可能不只一個，必須切斷所有電源才能停止對該裝置的供電。

Warnung

Dieses Gerät kann mehr als eine Stromzufuhr haben. Um sicherzustellen, dass der Einheit kein Strom zugeführt wird, müssen alle Verbindungen entfernt werden.

¡Advertencia!

Puede que esta unidad tenga más de una conexión para fuentes de alimentación. Para cortar por completo el suministro de energía, deben desconectarse todas las conexiones.

Attention

Cette unité peut avoir plus d'une connexion d'alimentation. Pour supprimer toute tension et tout courant électrique de l'unité, toutes les connexions d'alimentation doivent être débranchées.

אם קיים יותר מספק אחד
אוורה!

ליחדה יש יותר מחיבור אחד של ספק. יש להסיר את כל החיבורים על מנת לרוקן
את היחידה.

قد يكون لهذا الجهاز عدة اتصالات بوحدات امداد الطاقة .
يجب إزالة كافة الاتصالات لعزل الوحدة عن الكهرباء

경고!

이 장치에는 한 개 이상의 전원 공급 단자가 연결되어 있을 수 있습니다. 이 장치에 전원을 차단하기 위해서는 모든 연결 단자를 제거해야만 합니다.

Waarschuwing

Deze eenheid kan meer dan één stroomtoevoeraansluiting bevatten. Alle aansluitingen dienen verwijderd te worden om het apparaat stroomloos te maken.

Backplane Voltage



Warning! Hazardous voltage or energy is present on the backplane when the system is operating. Use caution when servicing.

バックプレーンの電圧

システムの稼働中は危険な電圧または電力が、バックプレーン上にかかりています。

修理する際には注意ください。

警告

当系统正在进行时，背板上有很危险的电压或能量，进行维修时务必小心。

警告

當系統正在進行時，背板上有危險的電壓或能量，進行維修時務必小心。

Warnung

Wenn das System in Betrieb ist, treten auf der Rückwandplatine gefährliche Spannungen oder Energien auf. Vorsicht bei der Wartung.

¡Advertencia!

Cuando el sistema está en funcionamiento, el voltaje del plano trasero es peligroso. Tenga cuidado cuando lo revise.

Attention

Lorsque le système est en fonctionnement, des tensions électriques circulent sur le fond de panier. Prendre des précautions lors de la maintenance.

מתה בפנל האחורי

אוורה!

קיימת סכנת מתה בפנל האחורי בזמן תפעול המערכת. יש להיזהר במהלך העבודה.

هناك خطر مه التيار الكهربائي أو الطاقة المبذدة على اللحمة
عندما يكن النظام يعمل كه حذرا عند خدمة هذا الجهاز

경고!

시스템이 동작 중일 때 후면판 (Backplane)에는 위험한 전압이나 에너지가 발생 합니다.
서비스 작업 시 주의하십시오.

Waarschuwing

Een gevaarlijke spanning of energie is aanwezig op de backplane wanneer het systeem in gebruik is. Voorzichtigheid is geboden tijdens het onderhoud.

Comply with Local and National Electrical Codes



Warning! Installation of the equipment must comply with local and national electrical codes.

地方および国の電気規格に準拠

機器の取り付けはその地方および国の電気規格に準拠する必要があります。

警告

设备安装必须符合本地与本国电气法规。

警告

設備安裝必須符合本地與本國電氣法規。

Warnung

Die Installation der Geräte muss den Sicherheitsstandards entsprechen.

¡Advertencia!

La instalacion del equipo debe cumplir con las normas de electricidad locales y nacionales.

Attention

L'équipement doit être installé conformément aux normes électriques nationales et locales.

תיאום חוקי החשמל הארצי

אוורה!

התקנת הציוד חייבת להיות תואמת לחוקי החשמל המקומיים והלאומיים.

تركيب المعدات الكهربائية يجب أن يمتثل للقوانين المحلية والدولية المتعلقة بالكهرباء.

경고!

현 지역 및 국가의 전기 규정에 따라 장비를 설치해야 합니다.

Waarschuwing

Bij installatie van de apparatuur moet worden voldaan aan de lokale en nationale elektriciteitsvoorschriften.

Product Disposal



Warning! Ultimate disposal of this product should be handled according to all national laws and regulations.

製品の廃棄

この製品を廃棄処分する場合、国の関係する全ての法律・条例に従い処理する必要があります。

警告

本产品的废弃处理应根据所有国家的法律和规章进行。

警告

本產品的廢棄處理應根據所有國家的法律和規章進行。

Warnung

Die Entsorgung dieses Produkts sollte gemäß allen Bestimmungen und Gesetzen des Landes erfolgen.

¡Advertencia!

Al deshacerse por completo de este producto debe seguir todas las leyes y reglamentos nacionales.

Attention

La mise au rebut ou le recyclage de ce produit sont généralement soumis à des lois et/ou directives de respect de l'environnement. Renseignez-vous auprès de l'organisme compétent.

סילוק המוצר

ازורה!

סילוק סופי של מוצר זה חייב להיות בהתאם להנחיות וחוקי המדינה.

التخلص النهائي من هذا المنتج ينبغي التعامل معه وفقاً لجميع القوانين واللائحة البيئية عند

경고!

이 제품은 해당 국가의 관련 법규 및 규정에 따라 폐기되어야 합니다.

Waarschuwing

De uiteindelijke verwijdering van dit product dient te geschieden in overeenstemming met alle nationale wetten en reglementen.

Hot Swap Fan Warning



Warning! Hazardous moving parts. Keep away from moving fan blades. The fans might still be turning when you remove the fan assembly from the chassis. Keep fingers, screwdrivers, and other objects away from the openings in the fan assembly's housing.

ファン・ホットスワップの警告

警告!回転部品に注意。運転中は回転部(羽根)に触れないでください。シャーシから冷却ファン装置を取り外した際、ファンがまだ回転している可能性があります。ファンの開口部に、指、ドライバー、およびその他のものを近づけないで下さい。

警告!

警告！危险的可移动性零件。请务必与转动的风扇叶片保持距离。当您从机架移除风扇装置，风扇可能仍在转动。小心不要将手指、螺丝起子和其他物品太靠近风扇

警告

危險的可移動性零件。請務必與轉動的風扇葉片保持距離。當您從機架移除風扇裝置，風扇可能仍在轉動。小心不要將手指、螺絲起子和其他物品太靠近風扇。

Warnung

Gefährlich Bewegende Teile. Von den bewegenden Lüfterblätter fern halten. Die Lüfter drehen sich u. U. noch, wenn die Lüfterbaugruppe aus dem Chassis genommen wird. Halten Sie Finger, Schraubendreher und andere Gegenstände von den Öffnungen des Lüftergehäuses entfernt.

¡Advertencia!

Riesgo de piezas móviles. Mantener alejado de las aspas del ventilador. Los ventiladores podran dar vuelta cuando usted quite el montaje del ventilador del chasis. Mantenga los dedos, los destornilladores y todos los objetos lejos de las aberturas del ventilador

Attention

Pieces mobiles dangereuses. Se tenir a l'écart des lames du ventilateur Il est possible que les ventilateurs soient toujours en rotation lorsque vous retirerez le bloc ventilateur du châssis. Prenez garde à ce que doigts, tournevis et autres objets soient éloignés du logement du bloc ventilateur.

ازهاره!

חלקים נייחים מסוכנים. התרחק מלהבי המא Orr בפעולת הכח מסירם את חלקו המא Orr מהמארז, יתכן והמא Orrים עדים עובדים. יש להרחק למרחק בטוח את הא צבעות וכל עבודה שונות מהפתחים בתוך המא Orr

تحذير! أجزاء متحركة خطيرة. ابتعد عن شفرات المروحة المتحركة. من الممكن أن المروحة لا تزال تدور عند إزالة كتلة المروحة من الهيكل يجب إبقاء الأصابع ومفكات البراغي وغيرها من الأشياء بعيداً عن الفتحات في كتلة المروحة.

경고!

움직이는 위험한 부품. 회전하는 송풍 날개에 접근하지 마세요. 새시로부터 팬 조립품을 제거할 때 팬은 여전히 회전하고 있을 수 있습니다. 팬 조립품 외관의 열려있는 부분들로부터 손가락 및 스크류드라이버, 다른 물체들이 가까이 하지 않도록 배치해 주십시오.

Waarschuwing

Gevaarlijk bewegende onderdelen. Houd voldoende afstand tot de bewegende ventilatorbladen. Het is mogelijk dat de ventilator nog draait tijdens het verwijderen van het ventilatorsamenstel uit het chassis. Houd uw vingers, schroevendraaiers en eventuele andere voorwerpen uit de buurt van de openingen in de ventilatorbehuizing.

Power Cable and AC Adapter



Warning! When installing the product, use the provided or designated connection cables, power cables and AC adaptors. Using any other cables and adaptors could cause a malfunction or a fire. Electrical Appliance and Material Safety Law prohibits the use of UL or CSA -certified cables (that have UL/CSA shown on the cord) for any other electrical devices than products designated by Supermicro only.

電源コードとACアダプター

製品を設置する場合、提供または指定および購入された接続ケーブル、電源コードとACアダプターを該当する地域の条例や安全基準に適合するコードサイズやプラグと共に使用下さい。他のケーブルやアダプタを使用すると故障や火災の原因になることがあります。

電気用品安全法は、ULまたはCSA認定のケーブル(UL/CSEマークがコードに表記)を Supermicro が指定する製品以外に使用することを禁止しています。

警告

安装此产品时,请使用本身提供的或指定的或采购的连接线,电源线和电源适配器, 包含遵照当地法规和安全要求的合规的电源线尺寸和插头. 使用其它线材或适配器可能会引起故障或火灾。

除了Supermicro所指定的产品,电气用品和材料安全法律规定禁止

使用未经UL或CSA认证的线材。(线材上会显示UL/CSA符号)。

警告

安裝此產品時,請使用本身提供的或指定的或採購的連接線,電源線和電源適配器, 包含遵照當地法規和安全要求的合規的電源線尺寸和插頭. 使用其它線材或適配器可能會引起故障或火災。

除了Supermicro所指定的產品,電氣用品和材料安全法律規定禁止

使用未經UL或CSA認證的線材。(線材上會顯示UL/CSA符號)。

Warnung

Nutzen Sie beim Installieren des Produkts ausschließlich die von uns zur Verfügung gestellten Verbindungskabeln, Stromkabeln und/oder Adapter, die Ihre örtlichen Sicherheitsstandards einhalten. Der Gebrauch von anderen Kabeln und Adaptern können Fehlfunktionen oder Feuer verursachen. Die Richtlinien untersagen das Nutzen von UL oder CAS zertifizierten Kabeln (mit UL/CSA gekennzeichnet), an Geräten oder Produkten die nicht mit Supermicro gekennzeichnet sind.

¡Advertencia!

Cuando instale el producto, utilice la conexión provista o designada o procure cables, Cables de alimentación y adaptadores de CA que cumplan con los códigos locales y los requisitos de seguridad, incluyendo el tamaño adecuado del cable y el enchufe. El uso de otros cables y adaptadores podría causar un mal funcionamiento o un incendio. La Ley de Seguridad de Aparatos Eléctricos y de Materiales prohíbe El uso de cables certificados por UL o CSA (que tienen el certificado UL / CSA en el código) para cualquier otros dispositivos eléctricos que los productos designados únicamente por Supermicro.

Attention

Lors de l'installation du produit, utilisez les cables de connection fournis ou désigné ou achetez des cables, cables de puissance et adaptateurs respectant les normes locales et les conditions de sécurité y compris les tailles de cables et les prises électriques appropriées. L'utilisation d'autres cables et adaptateurs peut provoquer un dysfonctionnement ou un incendie. Appareils électroménagers et la Loi sur la Sécurité Matériel interdit l'utilisation de câbles certifiés- UL ou CSA (qui ont UL ou CSA indiqué sur le code) pour tous les autres appareils électriques sauf les produits désignés par Supermicro seulement.

AC ימאתו סילבך סילבך
הרזה!

רוצל ומאותה וא שכרנו רשא AC סימאתמו מיקפו, סילבכ שמתshall שי, רצומה תא מיניקתם רשאכ לבב שומיש. עקתוו לבכה לש הנוכנ הדימ לLOC, תויומקמה תוחיתבה תושירידל ומאותה רשאו, הנקתהה למשחה ירישכמב שומישה יקוחל מסתhab. ימשח רצק וא הלקטל סורגל לולע, רחא גוסם מסתאם וא לבכ לש דוק מהילע עיפומ רשאכ) A-B ו-AUL-ב סיכמסומה סילבכ שמתshall רוסיא מיק, תוחיתבה יקוחו דבלב Supermicro. י"ע מאותה רשא רצומב קר אלא, רחא ימשח רצום לכ חובע AUL/CSA.

تالب اكلا ءارشب مق وأ قدحـملـا وـأـ قـرفـوتـمـلـاـ تـالـيـصـوـتـلـاـ مـادـخـتـسـابـ مقـ ،ـجـتنـمـلـاـ بـيـكـرـتـ دـنـعـ
كلـذـ يـفـ اـمـبـ ئـيـلـحـمـلـاـ قـمـالـسـلـاـ تـابـلـطـتـمـوـ نـيـنـاـوـقـبـ مـازـتـلـالـاـ عـمـ دـدـرـتـمـلـاـ رـايـتـلـاـ تـالـلـوـحـمـوـ ئـيـئـاـبـرـهـكـلـاـ
قـيـرـحـ وـأـ لـطـعـ يـفـ بـبـسـتـيـ دـقـ ئـرـخـأـ تـالـلـوـحـمـوـ تـالـبـاـكـ يـأـ مـادـخـتـسـاـ.ـمـيـلـسـلـاـ سـبـاـقـلـاوـ لـصـوـمـلـاـ مـجـحـ
وـأـ ULـ لـبـقـ نـمـ قـدـمـتـعـمـلـاـ تـالـبـاـكـلـاـ مـادـخـتـسـاـ تـادـعـمـلـاوـ ئـيـئـاـبـرـهـكـلـاـ قـزـهـجـأـلـلـ قـمـالـسـلـاـ نـونـاـقـ رـظـحـيـ
لـبـقـ نـمـ قدـحـمـلـاوـ ئـيـنـعـمـلـاـ تـاجـتـنـمـلـاـ رـيـغـ ئـرـخـأـ تـادـعـمـ يـأـ عـمـ (UL/CSA)ـ قـمـالـعـ لـمـحـتـ يـتـلـاوـ Supermicro.

전원 케이블 및 AC 어댑터

경고! 제품을 설치할 때 현지 코드 및 적절한 굽기의 코드와 플러그를 포함한 안전 요구 사항을 준수하여 제공되거나 지정된 연결 혹은 구매 케이블, 전원 케이블 및 AC 어댑터를 사용하십시오.

다른 케이블이나 어댑터를 사용하면 오작동이나 화재가 발생할 수 있습니다. 전기 용품 안전법은 UL 또는 CSA 인증 케이블 (코드에 UL / CSA가 표시된 케이블)을 Supermicro 가 지정한 제품 이외의 전기 장치에 사용하는 것을 금지합니다.

Stroomkabel en AC-Adapter

Waarschuwing! Bij het aansluiten van het Product uitsluitend gebruik maken van de geleverde Kabels of een andere geschikte aan te schaffen Aansluitmethode, deze moet altijd voldoen aan de lokale voorschriften en veiligheidsnormen, inclusief de juiste kabeldikte en stekker. Het gebruik van niet geschikte Kabels en/of Adapters kan een storing of brand veroorzaken. Wetgeving voor Elektrische apparatuur en Materiaalveiligheid verbied het gebruik van UL of CSA -gecertificeerde Kabels (met UL/CSA in de code) voor elke andere toepassing dan de door Supermicro hiervoor beoogde Producten.

Appendix C

System Specifications

Processors

Single socket H4 - LGA 1151, CPU TDP support up to 80W,
 Intel® Xeon® E-2100 processors, 8th Gen. Intel® Core™ i3, Intel® Celeron®, Intel® Pentium®
 Note: Refer to the motherboard specifications pages on our website for updates to supported processors.

Chipset

Intel C246

BIOS

256Mb AMI BIOS® SPI Flash BIOS

Memory

Four DIMM slots, up to 128 GB ECC unbuffered DIMM (UDIMM), DDR4 up to 2666 MT/s modules

Storage Drives

Two hot-swap 2.5" SATA3 drive bays

Three internal 2.5" SATA3 drive bays (SSD only)

M.2 Interface: 1 SATA/PCI-E 3.0 x4 and 1 PCI-E 3.0 x4, M.2 Form Factor: 2280/22110, M.2 Key: M-Key

PCI Expansion Slots

One PCI-E x16 (FHFL) slot

Input/Output

SATA: five SATA3 (6Gbps) ports

LAN: eight RJ45 Gigabit Ethernet LAN ports; one RJ45 dedicated IPMI LAN port

USB: two USB 3.1 ports (front); two USB 2.0 ports (front)

Video: one VGA port

Serial Port / Header: one COM port (option)

Motherboard

X11SCM-LN8F; 9.6" (W) x 9.6" (L) (243.8mm x 243.8mm)

Chassis

SC513BTQC-350B; 1U rackmount; (WxHxD) 17.2 x 1.7 x 15 in. (437 x 43 x 381 mm)

System Cooling

Four to six 4-cm fans, CPU heatsink, air shroud to direct air flow

Power Supply

Model: PWS-350-1H, 350 W module, 80Plus Platinum level

AC Input: 100-240 V, 50-60 Hz, 4.2-1.8 Amp

DC

+5V: Max.: 15 Amp: Min.: 0.2 Amp

+5V standby: Max.: 3 Amp; Min.: 0 Amp

+12V: Max.: 29 Amp; Min.: 0.5 Amp

-12V: Max.: 0.2 Amp; Min.: 0 Amp

+3.3V: Max.: 12 Amp; Min.: 0.2 Amp

Operating Environment

Operating Temperature: 0°C to 40°C (32°F to 104°F)

Non-operating Temperature: -40°C to 70°C (-40°F to 158°F)

Operating Relative Humidity: 8% to 90% (non-condensing)

Non-operating Relative Humidity: 5% to 95% (non-condensing)

Regulatory Compliance

Electromagnetic Emissions: FCC Class A, EN 55032 Class A, EN 61000-3-2/3-3, CISPR 32 Class A

Electromagnetic Immunity: EN 55024/CISPR 24, (EN 61000-4-2, EN 61000-4-3, EN 61000-4-4, EN 61000-4-5, EN 61000-4-6, EN 61000-4-8, EN 61000-4-11)

Other: VCCI-CISPR 32 and AS/NZS CISPR 32

Environmental: Directive 2011/65/EU and Directive 2012/19/EU

Safety: CSA/EN/IEC/UL 60950-1 Compliant, UL or CSA Listed (USA and Canada), CE Marking (Europe)

Perchlorate Warning

California Best Management Practices Regulations for Perchlorate Materials: This Perchlorate warning applies only to products containing CR (Manganese Dioxide) Lithium coin cells. "Perchlorate Material-special handling may apply. See www.dtsc.ca.gov/hazardouswaste/perchlorate"