



SuperServer[®] 5019C-MHN2



USER'S MANUAL

Revision 1.0a

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Preface

About this Manual

This manual is written for professional system integrators and PC technicians. It provides information for the installation and use of the SuperServer 5019C-MHN2. Installation and maintenance should be performed by experienced technicians only.

Please refer to the 5019C-MHN2 server specifications page on our website for updates on supported memory, processors and operating systems (<http://www.supermicro.com>).

Notes

For your system to work properly, please follow the links below to download all necessary drivers/utilities and the user's manual for your server.

- Supermicro product manuals: <http://www.supermicro.com/support/manuals/>
- Product drivers and utilities: <https://www.supermicro.com/wftp/driver>
- Product safety info: http://www.supermicro.com/about/policies/safety_information.cfm

If you have any questions, please contact our support team at:
support@supermicro.com

This manual may be periodically updated without notice. Please check the Supermicro website for possible updates to the manual revision level.

Secure Data Deletion

A secure data deletion tool designed to fully erase all data from storage devices can be found on our website: https://www.supermicro.com/about/policies/disclaimer.cfm?url=/wftp/utility/Lot9_Secure_Data_Deletion_Utility/

Warnings

Special attention should be given to the following symbols used in this manual.



Warning! Indicates important information given to prevent equipment/property damage or personal injury.



Warning! Indicates high voltage may be encountered when performing a procedure.

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Appendix B Standardized Warning Statements for AC Systems

Appendix C System Specifications

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Chapter 1

Introduction

1.1 Overview

This chapter provides a brief outline of the functions and features of the 5019C-MHN2. The 5019C-MHN2 is based on the X11SCZ-F motherboard and the SC813MFTQC-350CB2 chassis.

In addition to the motherboard and chassis, several important parts that are included with the system are listed below:

Main Parts List		
Description	Part Number	Quantity
Air Shroud	MCP-310-19007-0N	1
Hard Drive Backplane	BPN-SAS3-815TQ	1
1U Passive CPU Heatsink	SNK-P0049P	1
Riser Card with PCI-E x16 output	RSC-RR1U-E16	1
Hot-swap 3.5" Hard Drive Trays	MCP-220-00075-0B	1
4-cm Counter-rotating Fans	FAN-0154L4	5

1.2 Unpacking the System

Inspect the box the SuperServer 5019C-MHN2 was shipped in and note if it was damaged in any way. If any equipment appears damaged, please file a damage claim with the carrier who delivered it.

Decide on a suitable location for the rack unit that will hold the server. It should be situated in a clean, dust-free area that is well ventilated. Avoid areas where heat, electrical noise and electromagnetic fields are generated. It will also require a grounded AC power outlet nearby. Be sure to read the precautions and considerations noted in Appendix B.

1.3 System Features

The following table provides you with an overview of the main features of the 5019C-MHN2. Please refer to Appendix C for additional specifications.

System Features
Motherboard
X11SCZ-F
Chassis
SC813MFTQC-350CB2
CPU
Supports Intel® Xeon® E-2100, 8th/9th Gen. Intel® Core™ i9/i7/i5 processors, Intel® Celeron®, Intel® Pentium® processors
Socket Type
Socket LGA1151
Memory
Up to 64GB of DDR4 ECC/Non-ECC UDIMM with speeds of up to 2666 MHz four memory slots Note: Memory speed support depends on the processors used in the system.
Chipset
Intel PCH C246
Hard Drives
Four hot-swap 3.5" SATA hard drives
Expansion Slots
One PCI-E 3.0 x16 slot (CPU SLOT7) Two PCI-E 3.0 x4 (x8) slots (PCH SLOT4, PCH SLOT6) One M.2 M-Key for SATA or PCI-E 3.0 x4 in the 2280 and 22110 form factors
Input/Output
COM: four COM ports on two headers SATA: five SATA 3.0 ports supporting RAID 0, 1, 5, 10 Display: one VGA D-Sub, one DVI-I, two DisplayPorts Networking: two RJ45 Gigabit Ethernet, one RJ45 dedicated IPMI port Audio: one Line Out port and one Mic In port on the rear I/O back panel, one audio header
Peripherals
USB 3.1 Gen 2: two ports on one internal header, three Type-A ports, one Type-C port on the rear I/O back panel USB 3.1 Gen 1 (equivalent to USB 3.0): two ports on one internal header USB 2.0: one type A port, six ports on three internal headers TPM: one onboard TPM chip and header

Note: The System Features table continues on the next page.

System Features	
Power	
One 350W power supply (PWS-350-1H)	
Cooling	
Five 40 x 40 x 28 mm PWM fans plus one additional fan housing space	
Form Factor	
1U rackmount	
Dimensions	
(WxHxD) 17.2 x 1.7 x 19.85 in. (437 x 43 x 504 mm)	

1.4 Server Chassis Features

Control Panel

The switches and LEDs located on the control panel are described below. See Chapter 4 for details on the control panel connections.

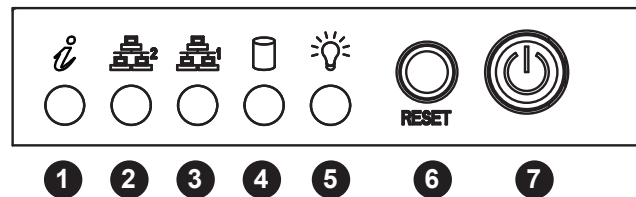


Figure 1-1. Control Panel View

Control Panel Features		
Item	Feature	Description
1	Information LED	See the following table for the status shown by this LED.
2	NIC2 LED	Indicates network activity on LAN port 2 when flashing.
3	NIC1 LED	Indicates network activity on LAN port 1 when flashing.
4	HDD LED	Indicates activity on a hard drive when flashing.
5	Power LED	Indicates power is being supplied to the system power supply. This LED should normally be illuminated when the system is operating.
6	Reset Button	The reset button is used to reboot the system.
7	Power Button	The main power button is used to apply or remove power from the power supply to the server. Turning off system power with this button removes the main power but maintains standby power. To perform many maintenance tasks, you must also unplug system before servicing.

Information LED	
Status	Description
Continuously on and red	An overheat condition has occurred. (This may be caused by cable congestion.)
Blinking red (1 Hz)	Fan failure: check for an inoperative fan.
Blinking red (0.25 Hz)	Power failure: check for an inoperative power supply.
Solid blue	Local UID has been activated. Use this function to locate the server in a rack environment.
Blinking blue (300 msec)	Remote UID has been activated. Use this function to locate the server from a remote location.

Front Features

The SC813MFTQC-350CB2 is a mini 1U chassis. See the illustration below for the features included on the front of the chassis.

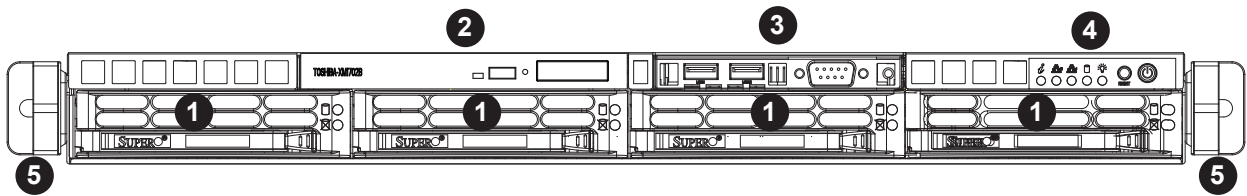


Figure 1-2. Chassis Front View

Front Chassis Features		
Item	Feature	Description
1	SATA HDD	Hot-swap 3.5" SATA hard disk drive
2	DVD Drive	Front access DVD drive bay (drive is optional)
3	Front USB 3.0 and COM Port	A front control panel for two USB 3.0 ports and a COM port (optional)
4	Control Panel	Front control panel with LEDs and buttons (see preceding page)
5	Rack Ear Brackets	Attaches server chassis to the rack

Rear Features

The illustration below shows the features included on the rear of the chassis.

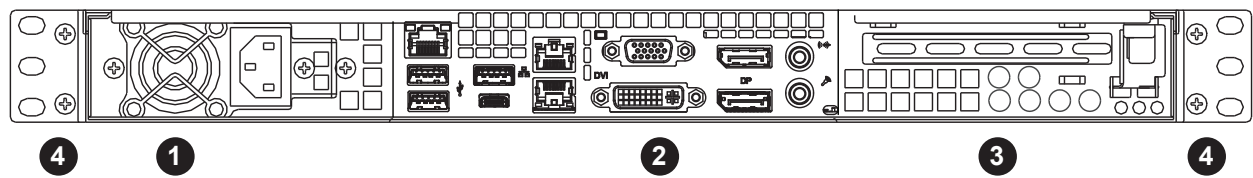


Figure 1-3. Chassis Rear View

Rear Chassis Features		
Item	Feature	Description
1	Power Supply	Single 350W Platinum Level power supply
2	I/O Backpanel	Rear I/O ports (see Section 4.4 for full details)
3	Expansion Card Slot	Slot for one expansion card (requires pre-installed riser card)
4	Rack Ear Brackets	Attaches server chassis to the rack

1.5 Motherboard Layout

Below is a layout of the X11SCZ-F with jumper, connector and LED locations shown. See the table on the following page for descriptions. For detailed descriptions, pinout information and jumper settings, refer to Chapter 4.

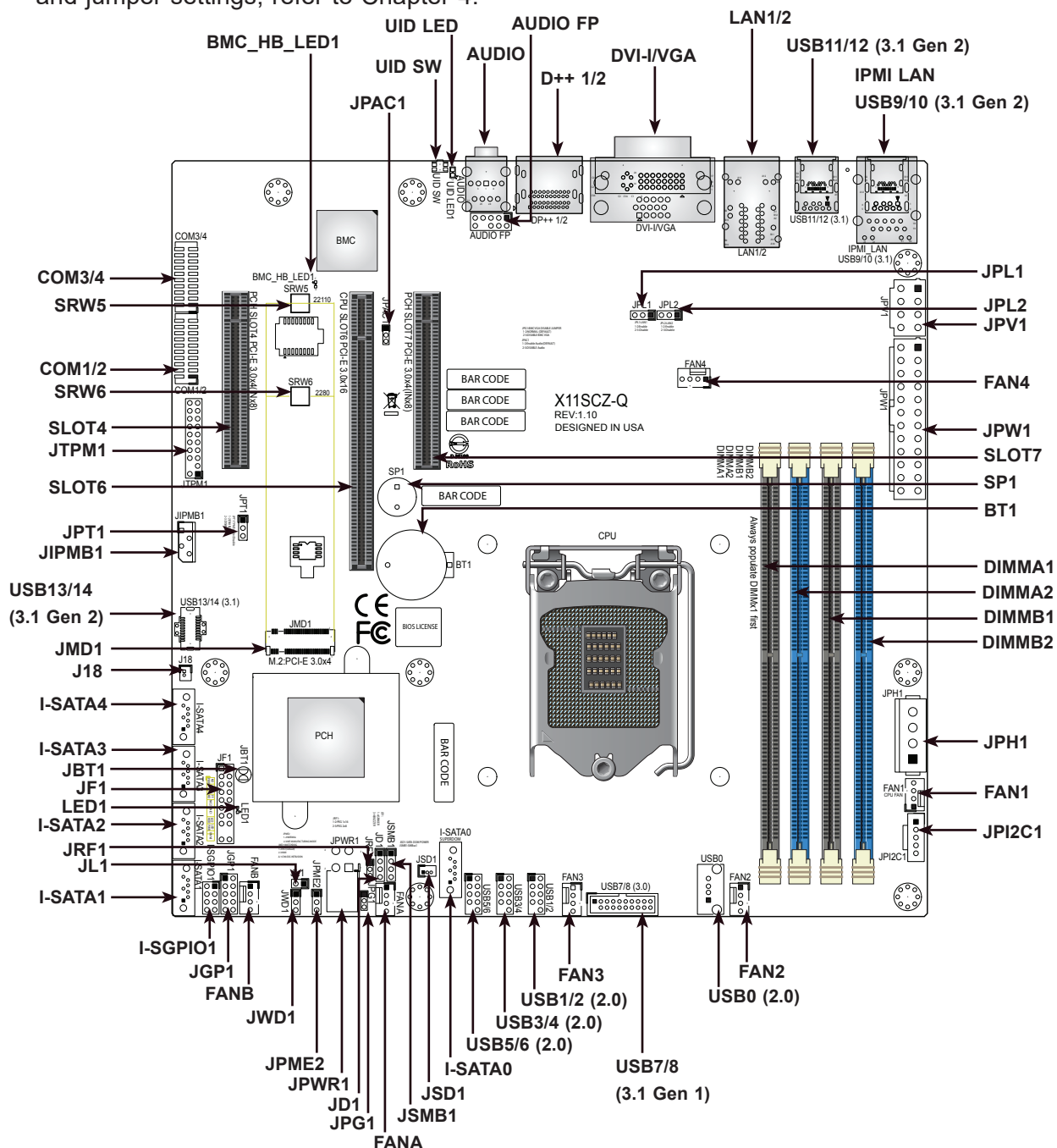


Figure 1-4. Motherboard Layout

Notes:

- The X11SCZ-F shares the same layout as the X11SCZ-Q.
- Components not documented are for internal testing only.
- "1" indicates the location of pin 1.

Quick Reference Table

Jumper	Description	Default Setting
JBT1	CMOS Clear	Open (Normal)
JPAC1	Audio Enable/Disable	Pins 1-2 (Enable)
JPG1	BMC Video Enable/Disable	Pins 1-2 (Enable)
JPL1/JPL2	LAN1/LAN2 Enable/Disable	Pins 1-2 (Enable)
JPME2	Manufacturing Mode	Pins 1-2 (Normal)
JPT1	Onboard TPM2.0 Enable/Disable	Pins 1-2 (Enable)
JRF1	PCI-E Slot 6 x16/x8x8 Bifurcation	Pins 1-2 (x16 lane)
JWD1	Watch Dog Timer	Pins 1-2 (Reset)

Connector	Description
AUDIO	High Definition Audio Ports on the I/O back panel
AUDIO FP	Front Panel Audio Header
BT1	Onboard Battery
COM1/2, COM3/4	RS-232 Serial COM Headers
DP++1/2	DisplayPorts
DVI-I	Digital Visual Interface Port supporting both digital and analog signals
FAN1 - FAN4, FANA, FANB	Fan Headers where FAN1 is the CPU Fan
IPMI LAN	Dedicated IPMI LAN Port
I-SATA0 - I-SATA4	Intel® PCH SATA 3.0 Ports where I-SATA0 is a SuperDOM connector
I-SGPIO1	Serial Link General Purpose I/O Header
J18	Extended CMOS Battery Connector
JD1	Speaker/Buzzer with Pins 1-4 for the speaker and Pins 3-4 for the buzzer
JF1	Front Control Panel Header
JGP1	General Purpose I/O Header
JIPMB1	System Management Bus Header for an IPMI card
JL1	Chassis Intrusion Header
JMD1	M.2 M-Key PCI-E 3.0 x4 or SATA 3 Connector
JPI2C1	Power Supply SMBus I²C Header
JPH1	4-pin Power Connector for HDD
JPV1	8-pin CPU Power Connector for ATX Power (required) or single 12V DC power for a special enclosure when 24-pin ATX power is not in use
JPW1	24-pin ATX Power Connector
JPWR1	4-pin 12V Power Connector for GPU card requiring extra 12V power up to 75W

Note: The Quick Reference table continues on the next page.

Connector	Description
JSD1	SATA Disk On Module (DOM) Power Connector
JSMB1	PCH SMBus Header
JTPM1	Trusted Platform Module (TPM) Header
LAN1/2	Gigabit Ethernet RJ45 Ports
SLOT4, SLOT7	PCH PCI-E 3.0 x4 Slots (in x8)
SLOT6	CPU PCI-E 3.0 x16 Slot
SP1	Speaker/Buzzer
SRW5	M.2 Holding Screw for 110mm key
SRW6	M.2 Holding Screw for 80mm key
UID SW	Unit Identifier Switch
USB0	USB 2.0 Type-A Header
USB1/2, USB3/4, USB5/6	Front Accessible USB 2.0 Headers
USB7/8	Front Accessible USB 3.1 Gen 1 Header
USB9/10, USB11/12	Back Panel USB 3.1 Gen 2 Ports
USB13/14	Front Accessible USB 3.1 Gen 2 Header
VGA	BMC VGA Port

* USB 3.1 Gen 1 is also referred to as USB 3.0.

LED	Description	Status
BMC_HB_LED1	BMC Heartbeat LED	Blinking Green: BMC normal
LED1	Power LED	Solid Green: Power On
UID LED	UID LED	Solid Blue: Unit Identified

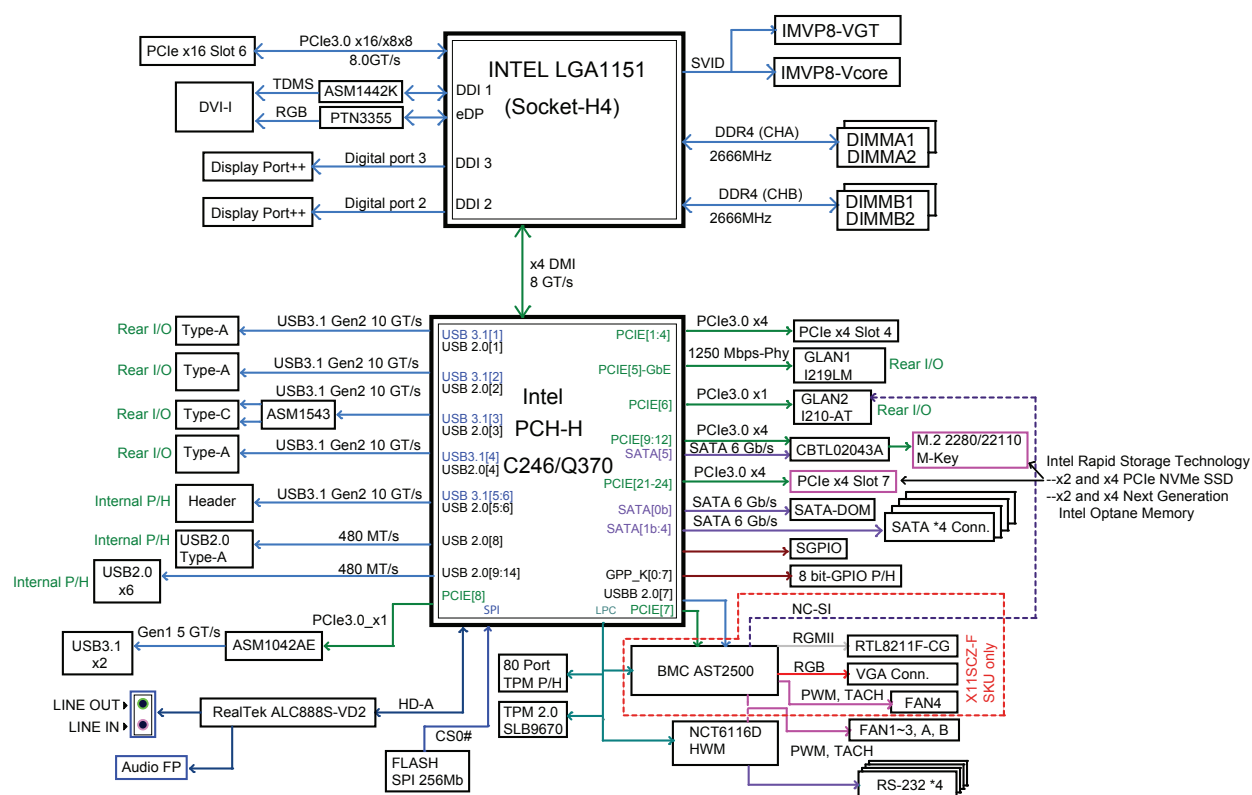


Figure 1-5. Intel PCH C246 Chipset: System Block Diagram

Note: This is a general block diagram and may not exactly represent the features on your motherboard. See the System Specifications appendix for the actual specifications of your motherboard.

Chapter 2

Server Installation

2.1 Overview

This chapter provides advice and instructions for mounting your system in a server rack. If your system is not already fully integrated with processors, system memory etc., refer to Chapter 3 for details on installing those specific components.

Caution: Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) can damage electronic components. To prevent such damage to PCBs (printed circuit boards), it is important to use a grounded wrist strap, handle all PCBs by their edges and keep them in anti-static bags when not in use.

2.2 Preparing for Setup

The box in which the system was shipped should include the rackmount hardware needed to install it into the rack. Please read this section in its entirety before you begin the installation.

Choosing a Setup Location

- The system should be situated in a clean, dust-free area that is well ventilated. Avoid areas where heat, electrical noise and electromagnetic fields are generated.
- Leave enough clearance in front of the rack so that you can open the front door completely (~25 inches) and approximately 30 inches of clearance in the back of the rack to allow sufficient space for airflow and access when servicing.
- This product should be installed only in a Restricted Access Location (dedicated equipment rooms, service closets, etc.).
- This product is not suitable for use with visual display workplace devices according to §2 of the the German Ordinance for Work with Visual Display Units.

Rack Precautions

- Ensure that the leveling jacks on the bottom of the rack are extended to the floor so that the full weight of the rack rests on them.
- In single rack installations, stabilizers should be attached to the rack. In multiple rack installations, the racks should be coupled together.

- Always make sure the rack is stable before extending a server or other component from the rack.
- You should extend only one server or component at a time - extending two or more simultaneously may cause the rack to become unstable.

Server Precautions

- Review the electrical and general safety precautions in Appendix B.
- Determine the placement of each component in the rack *before* you install the rails.
- Install the heaviest server components at the bottom of the rack first and then work your way up.
- Use a regulating uninterruptible power supply (UPS) to protect the server from power surges and voltage spikes and to keep your system operating in case of a power failure.
- Allow any drives and power supply modules to cool before touching them.
- When not servicing, always keep the front door of the rack and all covers/panels on the servers closed to maintain proper cooling.

Rack Mounting Considerations

Ambient Operating Temperature

If installed in a closed or multi-unit rack assembly, the ambient operating temperature of the rack environment may be greater than the room's ambient temperature. Therefore, consideration should be given to installing the equipment in an environment compatible with the manufacturer's maximum rated ambient temperature (TMRA).

Airflow

Equipment should be mounted into a rack so that the amount of airflow required for safe operation is not compromised.

Mechanical Loading

Equipment should be mounted into a rack so that a hazardous condition does not arise due to uneven mechanical loading.

Circuit Overloading

Consideration should be given to the connection of the equipment to the power supply circuitry and the effect that any possible overloading of circuits might have on overcurrent protection and power supply wiring. Appropriate consideration of equipment nameplate ratings should be used when addressing this concern.

Reliable Ground

A reliable ground must be maintained at all times. To ensure this, the rack itself should be grounded. Particular attention should be given to power supply connections other than the direct connections to the branch circuit (i.e. the use of power strips, etc.).



To prevent bodily injury when mounting or servicing this unit in a rack, you must take special precautions to ensure that the system remains stable. The following guidelines are provided to ensure your safety:

- This unit should be mounted at the bottom of the rack if it is the only unit in the rack.
- When mounting this unit in a partially filled rack, load the rack from the bottom to the top with the heaviest component at the bottom of the rack.
- If the rack is provided with stabilizing devices, install the stabilizers before mounting or servicing the unit in the rack.

2.3 Installing the Rails

There are a variety of rack units on the market, which may require a slightly different assembly procedure.

The following is a basic guideline for installing the system into a rack with the rack mounting hardware provided. You should also refer to the installation instructions that came with the specific rack you are using.

Identifying the Rails

The rack rails and the related hardware should have been included with the system. Note that the rails are left/right specific.

Installing the Rack Rails

Determine where you want to place the server in the rack (see the Rack and Server Precautions in Section 2.2). Note that servers should always be installed to the bottom of a rack first for stability reasons.

1. Position the chassis rail guides at the desired location in the rack, keeping the sliding rail guide facing the inside of the rack.
2. Screw the assembly securely to the rack using the brackets provided.
3. Attach the other assembly to the other side of the rack, making sure that both are at the exact same height and with the rail guides facing inward.

Note: Both front chassis rails and the rack rails have a locking tab, which serves two functions. First, it locks the server into place when installed and pushed fully into the rack (its normal operating position). In addition, these tabs lock the server in place when fully extended from the rack. This prevents the server from coming completely out of the rack when pulled out for servicing.



Slide rail mounted equipment is not to be used as a shelf or a work space.



Warning: Do not pick up the server with the front handles. They are designed to pull the system from a rack only.

2.4 Installing the Server into a Rack

You should now have rails attached to both the chassis and the rack. The next step is to install the server into the rack.

1. Line up the rear of the chassis rails with the front of the rack rails.
2. Slide the chassis rails into the rack rails, keeping the pressure even on both sides (you may have to press the locking tabs when inserting). See Figure 2-1.
3. When the server has been pushed completely into the rack, you should hear the locking tabs "click".

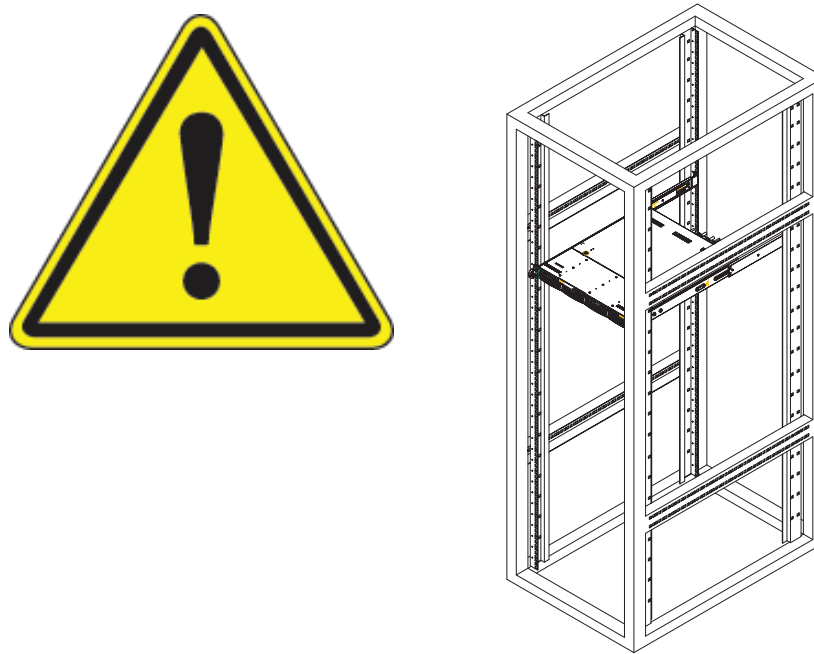


Figure 2-1. Installing the Server into a Rack

Note: Figures are for illustrative purposes only. Always install servers to the bottom of a rack first.



Warning: Stability hazard. The rack stabilizing mechanism must be in place, or the rack must be bolted to the floor before you slide the unit out for servicing. Failure to stabilize the rack can cause the rack to tip over.

Installing the Server into a Telco Rack

To install the SuperServer 5019C-MHN2 into a Telco (or “open”) type rack, use two L-shaped brackets on either side of the chassis (four total).

1. First, determine how far the server will extend out from the front of the rack. The chassis should be positioned so that the weight is balanced between front and back.
2. Attach the two front brackets to each side of the chassis, then the two rear brackets positioned with just enough space to accommodate the width of the rack.
3. Finish by sliding the chassis into the rack and tightening the brackets to the rack. See Figure 2-2.

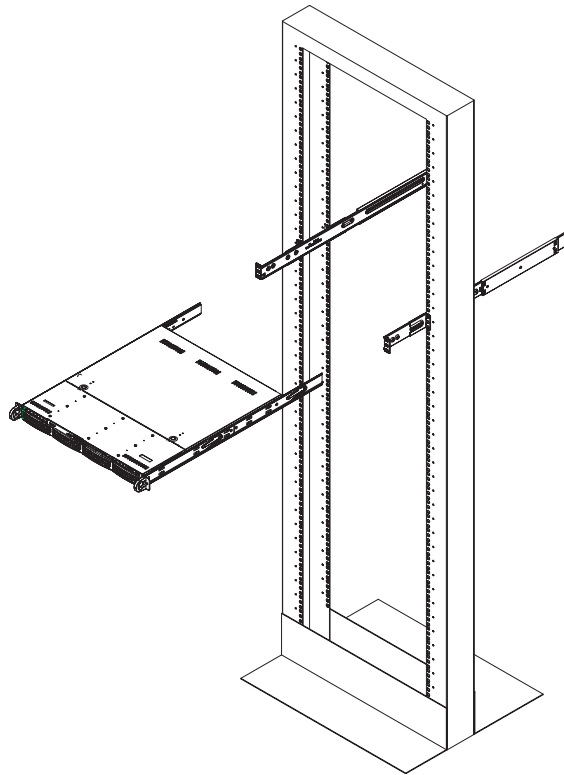


Figure 2-2. Installing the Server into a Telco Rack

Note: Figure is for illustrative purposes only. Always install servers to the bottom of a rack first.

Chapter 3

Maintenance and Component Installation

This chapter provides instructions on installing and replacing main system components. To prevent compatibility issues, only use components that match the specifications and/or part numbers given.

Installation or replacement of most components require that power first be removed from the system. Please follow the procedures given in each section.

Caution: Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) can damage electronic components. To prevent such damage to PCBs (printed circuit boards), it is important to use a grounded wrist strap, handle all PCBs by their edges and keep them in anti-static bags when not in use.

3.1 Removing Power

Use the following procedure to ensure that power has been removed from the system. This step is necessary when removing or installing non hot-swap components.

1. Use the operating system to power down the system.
2. After the system has completely shut-down, disconnect the AC power cords from the power strip or outlet.
3. Disconnect the power cord from the power supply module.

3.2 Accessing the System

The SC813MFTQC-350CB2 features a removable top cover, which allows easy access to the inside of the chassis.

Removing the Top Cover

1. Begin by removing power from the system as described in Section 3.1.
2. Grasp the two handles on either side and pull the unit straight out until it locks (you will hear a "click").
3. Depress the two buttons on the top of the chassis to release the top cover and at the same time, push the cover away from you until it stops.
4. Lift the top cover from the chassis to gain full access to the inside of the server.

Warning: Except for short periods of time, do not operate the server without the cover in place. The chassis cover must be in place to allow for proper airflow and to prevent overheating.

3.3 Motherboard Components

Processor and Heatsink Installation

Warning: When handling the processor package, avoid placing direct pressure on the label area of the CPU or CPU socket. Also, improper CPU installation or socket misalignment can cause serious damage to the CPU or motherboard which may result in RMA repairs. Please read and follow all instructions thoroughly before installing your CPU and heatsink.

Notes:

- Always connect the power cord last, and always remove it before adding, removing, or changing any hardware components. Please note that the processor and heatsink should be assembled together first to form the Processor Heatsink Module (PHM), and then install the entire PHM into the CPU socket.
- When you receive a motherboard without a processor pre-installed, make sure that the plastic CPU socket cap is in place and that none of the socket pins are bent; otherwise, contact your retailer immediately.
- Refer to the Supermicro website for updates on CPU support.
- Please follow the instructions given in the ESD Warning section on the first page of this chapter before handling, installing, or removing system components.

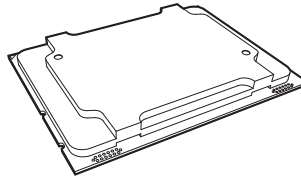
Note: All graphics, drawings, and pictures shown in this manual are for illustration only. The components that came with your machine may or may not look exactly the same as those shown in this manual.

Overview of the Processor Socket Assembly

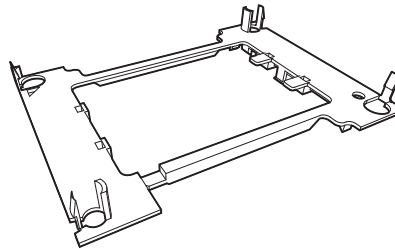
The processor socket assembly contains 1) the Intel processor, 2) the processor clip, 3) the dust cover, and 4) the CPU socket.

Note: Be sure to cover the CPU socket with the dust cover when the CPU is not installed.

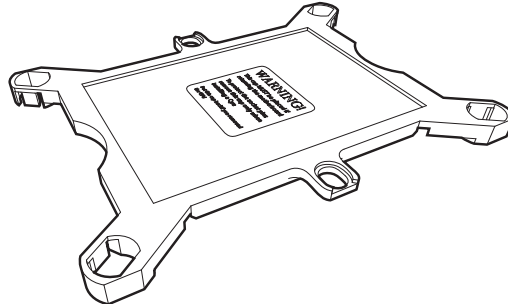
1. Processor



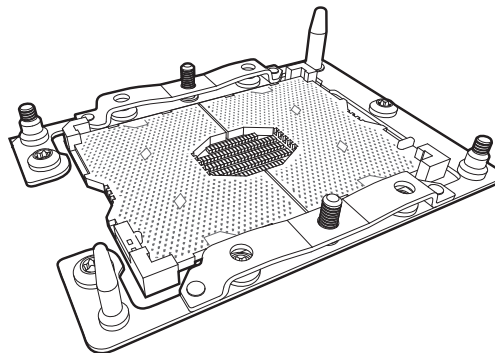
2. Processor Clip (the plastic processor package carrier used for the CPU)



3. Dust Cover



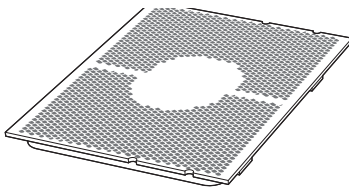
4. CPU Socket



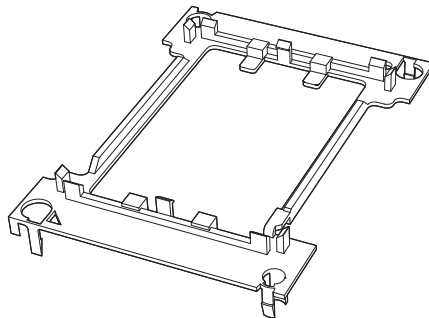
Overview of the Processor Heatsink Module (PHM)

The Processor Heatsink Module (PHM) contains 1) a heatsink, 2) a processor clip, and 3) the processor.

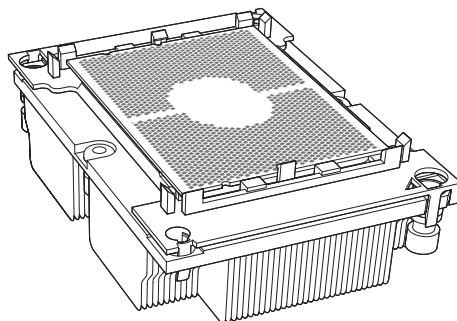
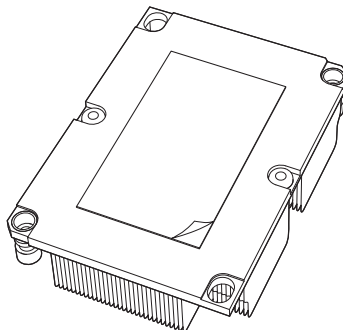
3. Processor



2. Processor Clip



1. Heatsink



(Bottom View)

Preparing the CPU Socket for Installation

This motherboard comes with the CPU socket pre-assembled in the factory. The CPU socket contains 1) a dust cover, 2) a socket bracket, 3) the CPU (P0) socket, and 4) a back plate. These components are pre-installed on the motherboard before shipping.

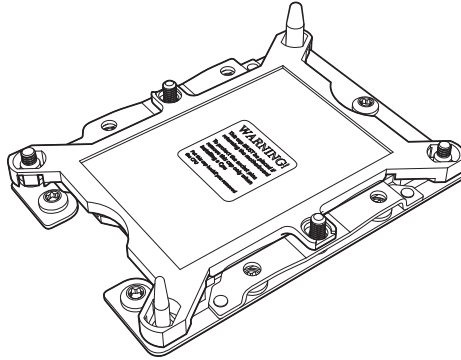


Figure 3-1. CPU Socket with Dust Cover Up

Removing the Dust Cover from the CPU Socket

Remove the dust cover from the CPU socket, exposing the socket and socket pins as shown on the illustration below.

Note: Do not touch the socket pins to avoid damaging them, causing the CPU to malfunction.

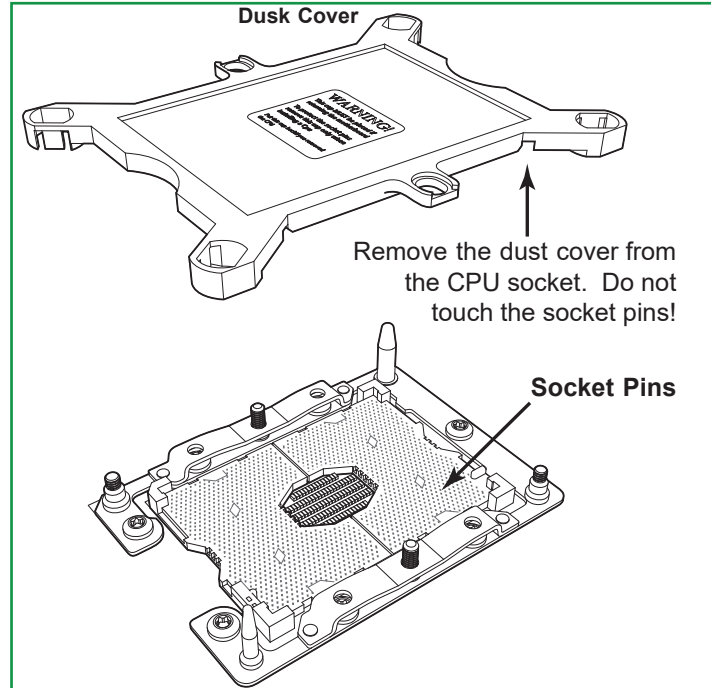


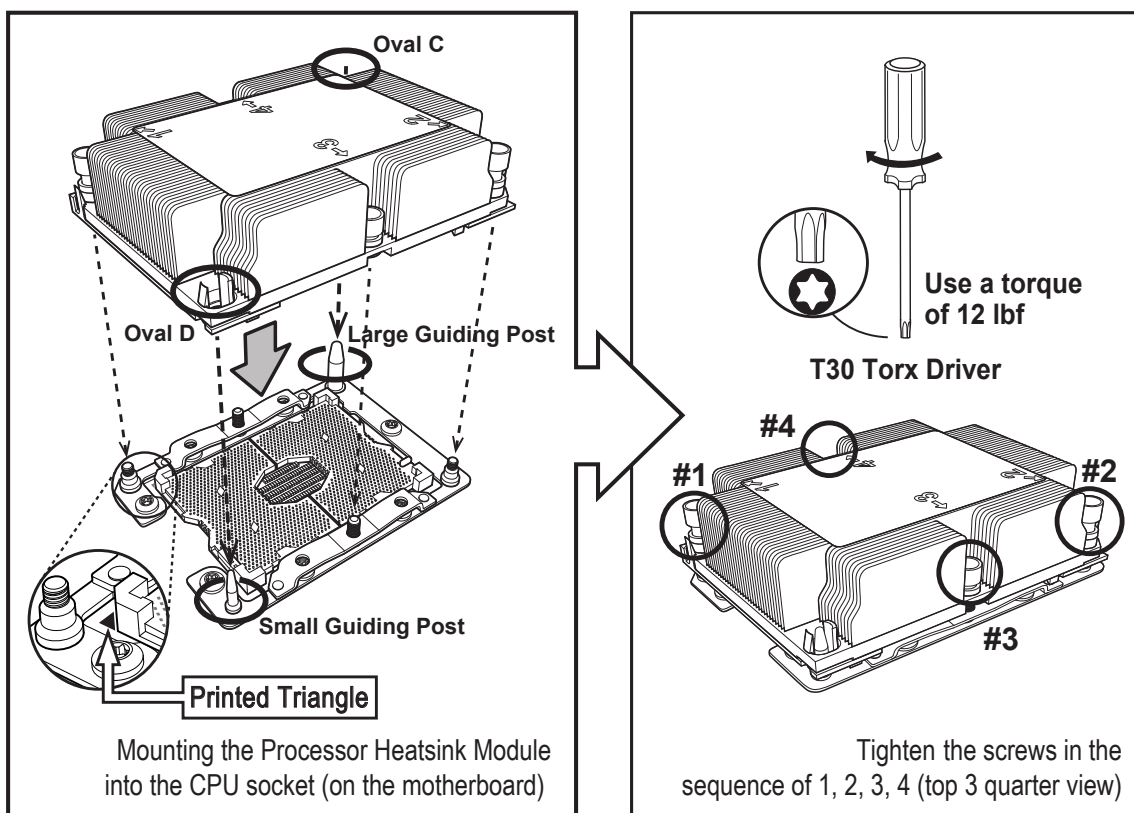
Figure 3-2. Removing the Dust Cover from the CPU Socket

Note: Visit the product page on the Supermicro website for possible updates to memory support (www.supermicro.com).

Installing the Processor Heatsink Module (PHM)

1. Once you have assembled the processor heatsink module (PHM) by following the instructions listed on page 26, you are ready to install the processor heatsink module (PHM) into the CPU socket on the motherboard. To install the PHM into the CPU socket, follow the instructions below.
2. Locate the triangle (pin 1) on the CPU socket, and locate the triangle (pin 1) at the corner of the PHM that is closest to "1." (If you have difficulty locating pin 1 of the PHM, turn the PHM upside down. With the LGA-lands side facing up, you will note the hollow triangle located next to a screw at the corner. Turn the PHM right side up, and you will see a triangle marked on the processor clip at the same corner of hollow triangle.)
3. Carefully align pin 1 (the triangle) on the the PHM against pin 1 (the triangle) on the CPU socket.
4. Once they are properly aligned, insert the two diagonal oval holes on the heatsink into the guiding posts.
5. Using a T30 Torx-bit screwdriver, install four screws into the mounting holes on the socket to securely attach the PHM onto the motherboard starting with the screw marked "1" (in the sequence of 1, 2, 3, and 4).

Note: Do not use excessive force when tightening the screws to avoid damaging the LGA-lands and the processor.

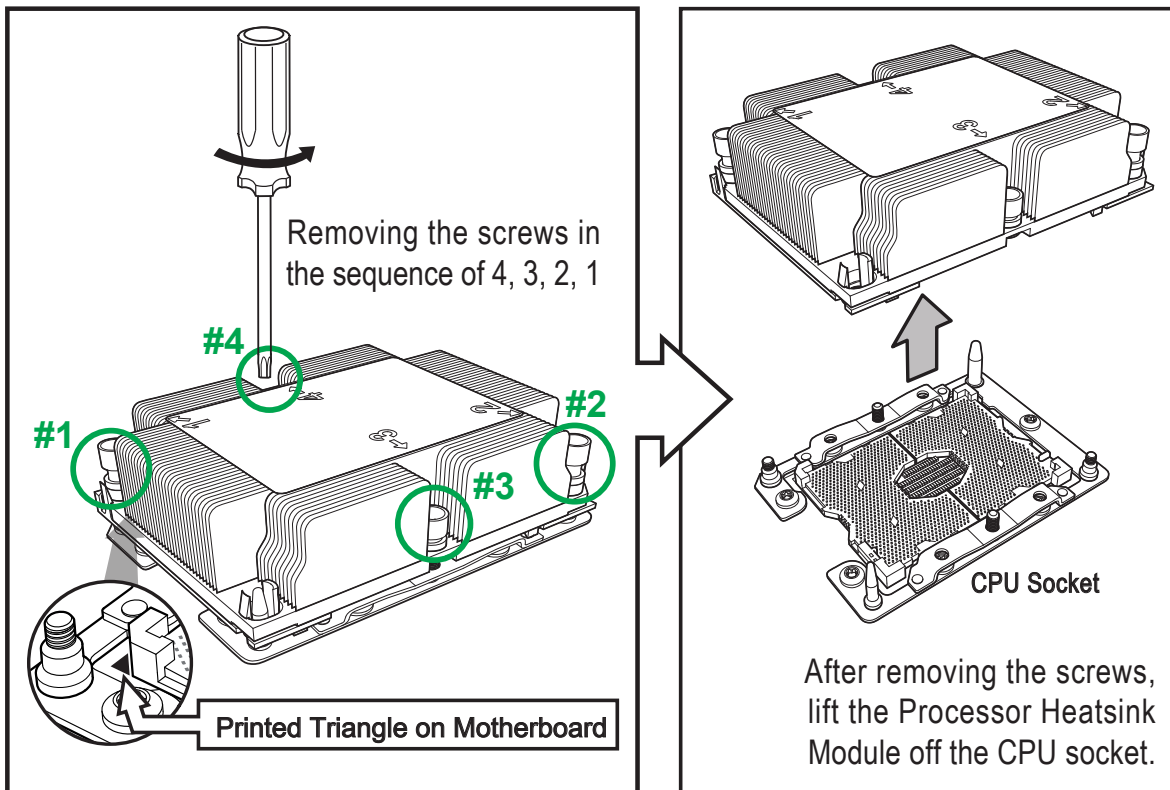


Removing the Processor Heatsink Module (PHM) from the Motherboard

Before removing the processor heatsink module (PHM), unplug power cord from the power outlet.

1. Using a T30 Torx-bit screwdriver, turn the screws on the PHM counterclockwise to loosen them from the socket, starting with the screw marked #4 (in the sequence of 4, 3, 2, 1).
2. After all four screws are removed, wiggle the PHM gently and pull it up to remove it from the socket.

Note: To properly remove the processor heatsink module, be sure to loosen and remove the screws on the PHM in the sequence of 4, 3, 2, 1 as shown below.



Memory Support and Installation

Note: Check the Supermicro website for recommended memory modules.

Important: Exercise extreme care when installing or removing DIMM modules to prevent any possible damage.

Memory Support

The X11SCZ-F supports up to 64GB of DDR4 ECC/Non-ECC UDIMM with speeds of up to 2666 MHz in four memory slots. Refer to the table below for additional memory information.

Recommended Population (Balanced)				
DIMMA1	DIMMB1	DIMMA2	DIMMB2	Total System Memory
		4GB	4GB	8GB
4GB	4GB	4GB	4GB	16GB
		8GB	8GB	16GB
8GB	8GB	8GB	8GB	32GB
		16GB	16GB	32GB
16GB	16GB	16GB	16GB	64GB

DIMM Module Population Sequence

When installing memory modules, the DIMM slots must be populated in the following order: DIMMA2, DIMMB2, DIMMA1, and DIMMB1.

- Always use DDR4 memory of the same type, size and speed.
- Mixed DIMM speeds can be installed. However, all DIMMs will run at the speed of the slowest DIMM.
- The motherboard will support odd-numbered modules (1 or 3 modules installed). However, to achieve the best memory performance, a balanced memory population is recommended.

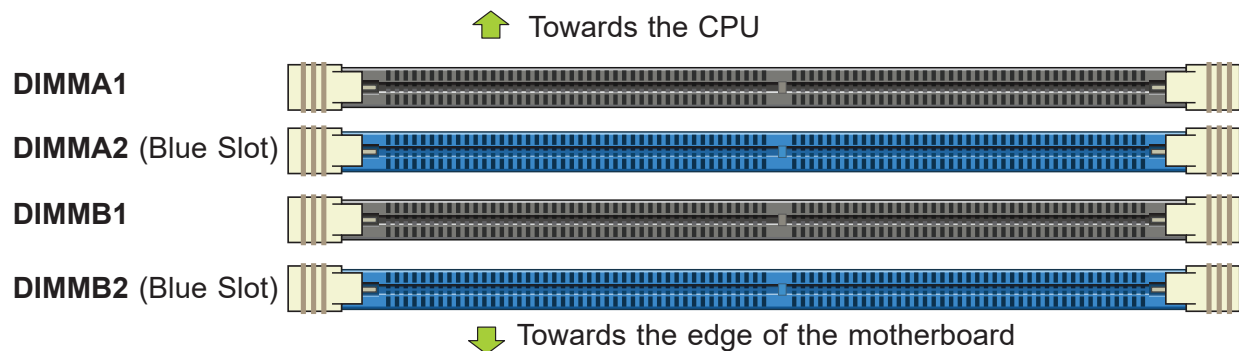


Figure 3-3. DIMM Population Sequence

DIMM Installation

1. Insert the desired number of DIMMs into the memory slots in the order described above. For best performance, please use the memory modules of the same type and speed.
2. Push the release tabs outwards on both ends of the DIMM slot to unlock it.
3. Align the key of the DIMM module with the receptive point on the memory slot.
4. Align the notches on both ends of the module against the receptive points on the ends of the slot.
5. Press the notches on both ends of the module straight down into the slot until the module snaps into place.
6. Press the release tabs to the lock positions to secure the DIMM module into the slot.

DIMM Removal

Press both release tabs on the ends of the DIMM module to unlock it. Once the DIMM module is loosened, remove it from the memory slot.

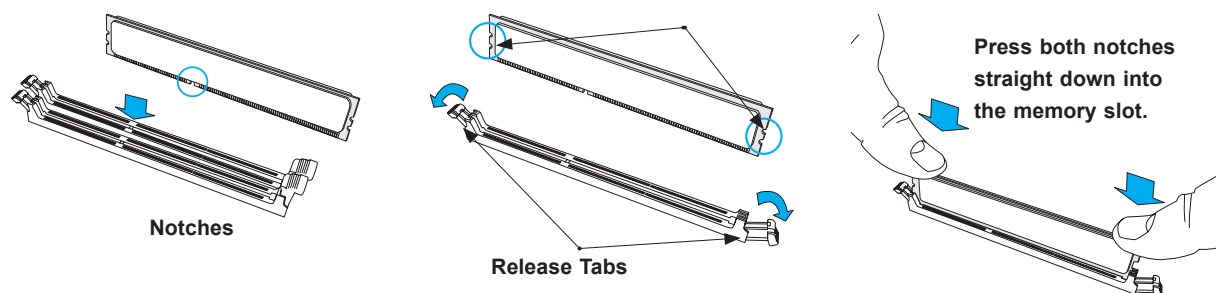


Figure 3-4. Installing DIMMs

PCI Expansion Card Installation

The system includes one pre-installed riser card: RSC-RR1U-E16, for a standard size PCI-E x16 card. Riser cards position the expansion cards at a 90 degree angle, allowing them to fit inside the 1U chassis.

Installing PCI Expansion Cards

The riser card has already been pre-installed into the motherboard. Perform the following steps to install an add-on card:

Begin by removing power from the system as described in section 3.1.

1. Remove the chassis cover to access the inside of the system.
2. Remove the PCI slot shield on the chassis by releasing the locking tab.
3. Insert the expansion (add-on) card into the riser card.
4. Secure the card with the locking tab.

Motherboard Battery

The motherboard uses non-volatile memory to retain system information when system power is removed. This memory is powered by a lithium battery residing on the motherboard.

Replacing the Battery

Begin by removing power from the system as described in section 3.1.

1. Push aside the small clamp that covers the edge of the battery. When the battery is released, lift it out of the holder.
2. To insert a new battery, slide one edge under the lip of the holder with the positive (+) side facing up. Then push the other side down until the clamp snaps over it.

Note: Handle used batteries carefully. Do not damage the battery in any way; a damaged battery may release hazardous materials into the environment. Do not discard a used battery in the garbage or a public landfill. Please comply with the regulations set up by your local hazardous waste management agency to dispose of your used battery properly.

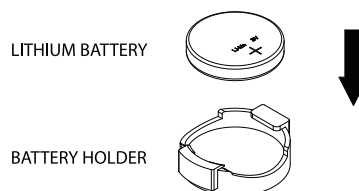


Figure 3-5. Installing the Onboard Battery

Warning: There is a danger of explosion if the onboard battery is installed upside down (which reverses its polarities). This battery must be replaced only with the same or an equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer (CR2032).

3.4 Chassis Components

Front Bezel

If your system has an optional bezel attached to the front of the chassis, you will need to remove it to gain access to the drive bays.

1. Unlock the front of the chassis and then press the release knob.
2. Carefully remove the bezel with both hands. A filter located within the bezel can be removed for replacement/cleaning.

It is recommended that you keep a maintenance log to list filter cleaning/replacement dates, since its condition affects the airflow throughout the whole system.

Hard Drives

Your server may or may not have come with hard drives installed. Up to four 3.5" hard drives are supported by the chassis.

SATA drives are mounted in drive carriers to simplify their installation and removal from the chassis. (Both procedures may be done without removing power from the system.)

Removing a Hot-Swap Drive Carrier

1. Push the release button on the carrier.
2. Swing the handle fully out.
3. Grasp the handle and use it to pull the drive carrier out of its bay.

Mounting a Drive in a Drive Carrier

1. To add a new drive, install it into the carrier with the printed circuit board side facing down so that the mounting holes align with those in the carrier.
2. Secure the drive to the carrier with the screws provided, then push the carrier completely into the drive bay. You should hear a *click* when the drive is fully inserted. This indicates that the carrier has been fully seated and connected to the midplane, which automatically makes the power and logic connections to the hard drive.

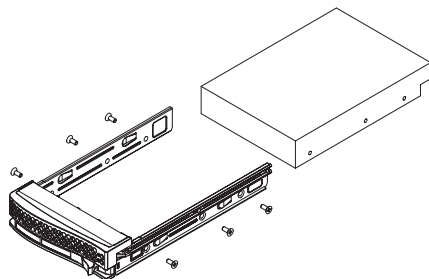


Figure 3-6. Mounting a Drive in a Carrier

Removing a Drive from a Drive Carrier

1. Remove the screws that secure the hard drive to the carrier and separate the hard drive from the carrier.
2. Replace the carrier back into the drive bay.

Hard Drive Carrier Indicators

Each hard drive carrier has two LED indicators: an activity indicator and a status indicator. In RAID configurations, the status indicator lights to indicate the status of the drive. In non-RAID configurations, the status indicator remains off. See the table below for details.

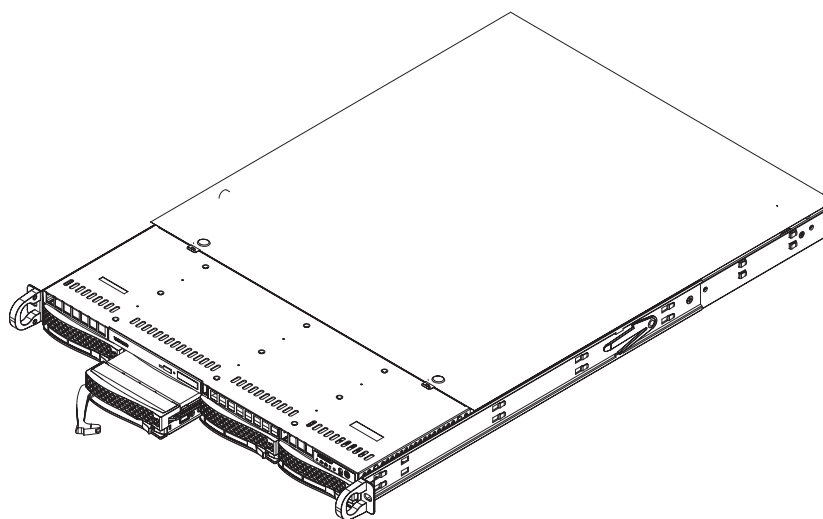


Figure 3-7. Removing a Drive Carrier

Hard Drive Carrier LED Indicators		
LED	State/Condition	Indication
Green	Blinking	Drive activity
Red	Blinking	Drive rebuilding
Red	Solid on	Drive failure

Note: Enterprise level hard disk drives are recommended for use in Supermicro chassis and servers. For information on recommended HDDs, visit the Supermicro website at <http://www.supermicro.com/products/nfo/files/storage/SBB-HDDCompList.pdf>

DVD-ROM Drive Installation

The 5019C-MHN2 can accommodate a slim DVD drive (optional). Side mounting brackets are needed to install the DVD drive in the chassis.

Accessing a DVD-ROM Drive

Begin by removing power from the system as described in Section 3.1.

1. Unplug the power and data cables from the drive.
2. Locate the locking tab at the rear of the drive. It will be on the left side of the drive when viewed from the front of the chassis.
3. Pull the tab away from the drive and push the drive unit out the front of the chassis.
4. Add a new drive by following this procedure in reverse order. You may hear the faint *click* of the locking tab when the drive is fully inserted.
5. Reconnect the data and power cables to the drive then replace the chassis cover and restore power to the system.

System Cooling

Five 4-cm fans provide the cooling for the system. The chassis provides one additional open fan housing, where an additional system fan may be added for optimal cooling.

It is very important that the chassis top cover is installed for the cooling air to circulate properly through the chassis and cool the components.

Replacing a Failed Fan

Fan speed is controlled by system temperature via IPMI. If a fan fails, the remaining fans will ramp up to full speed. Replace any failed fan at your earliest convenience with the exact same type and model (the system can continue to run with a failed fan).

1. With the server powered on, remove the chassis cover and inspect the fans to see which one has failed.
2. Power down the server and remove the AC power cords.
3. Remove the failed fan's wiring from the fan header on the motherboard and remove the failed fan from the chassis.
4. Place the new fan into the vacant space in the housing while making sure the arrows on the top of the fan (indicating air direction) point in the same direction as the arrows on the other fans.
5. Connect the fan wires to the same fan header as the fan just removed.
6. Power up the system and check that the fan is working properly and that the LED on the control panel has turned off. Finish by replacing the chassis cover.

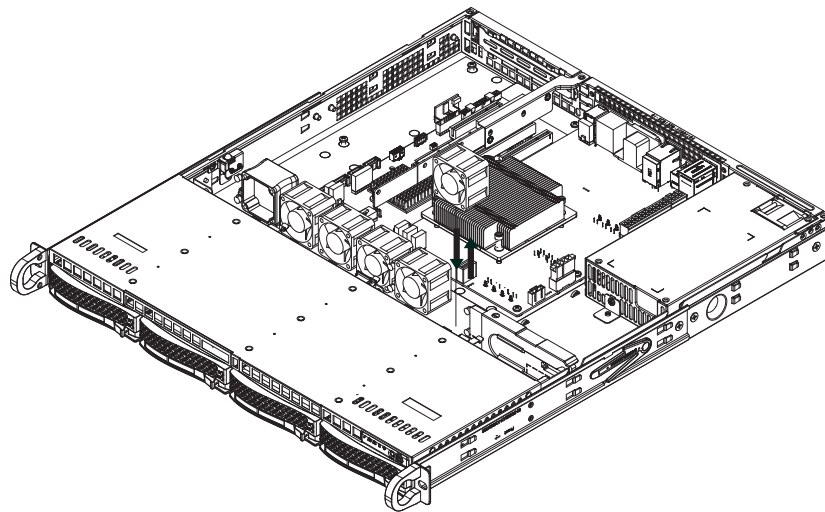


Figure 3-8. Replacing a System Fan

Note: The figure above is intended to show fan location only. The serverboard may differ from that in the 5019C-MHN2.

Power Supply

The SuperServer 5019C-MHN2 has a single 350W high-efficiency power supply. The power supply module has an auto-switching capability, which enables them to automatically sense and operate with a 100V-240V input voltage.

Power Supply Failure

If the power supply fails, the system will shut down and you will need to replace the unit. Replacement units can be ordered directly from Supermicro (see contact information in the Preface).

Removing the Power Supply

Begin by removing power from the system as described in Section 3.1.

1. First unplug the power cord from the power supply module.
2. Remove one screw by the fan and one screw by the AC power cord connector.
3. On the opposite side of the module, remove one screw at the center.
4. Lift the module up from the chassis.

Installing a New Power Supply

1. Replace the failed power module with another power supply module (p/n PWS-350-1H).
2. Replace the screws by the fan and the AC power cord connector.
3. Replace the screws on the opposite side of the module.
4. Connect the AC power cord to the power supply module.

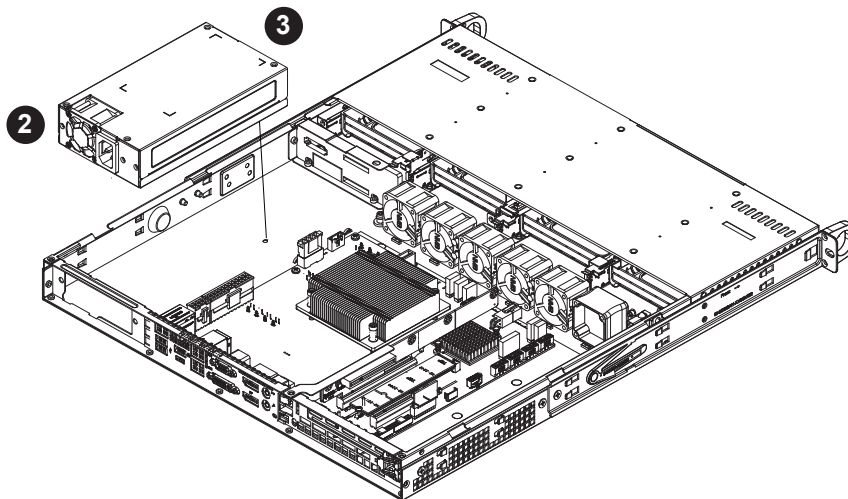


Figure 3-9. Removing and Installing the Power Supply

Chapter 4

Motherboard Connections

This section describes the connections on the motherboard and provides pinout definitions. Note that depending on how the system is configured, not all connections are required. The LEDs on the motherboard are also described here. A motherboard layout indicating component locations may be found in Chapter 1.

Please review the Safety Precautions in Appendix B before installing or removing components.

4.1 Power Connections

Two power connections on the X11SCZ-F must be connected to the power supply. The wiring is included with the power supply.

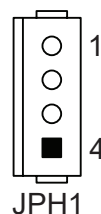
- 24-pin Primary ATX Power (JPW1)
- 8-pin Processor Power (JPV1)
- 4-pin HDD Power (JPH1)

Main ATX Power Supply Connector

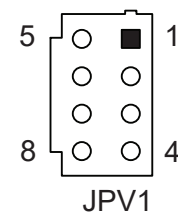
JPW1 is the 24-pin power connector for ATX power source. JPV1 is the 12V DC power connector that provides power to the CPU in conjunction with JPW1 or it can be used as the sole 12V DC only power input when JPW1 is not in use. JPH1 is a 4-pin HDD power connector that provides power to onboard HDD devices.

ATX Power 24-pin Connector Pin Definitions			
Pin#	Definition	Pin#	Definition
13	+3.3V	1	+3.3V
14	-12V	2	+3.3V
15	COM	3	COM
16	PS_ON	4	+5V
17	COM	5	COM
18	COM	6	+5V
19	COM	7	COM
20	Res (NC)	8	PWR_OK
21	+5V	9	5VSB
22	+5V	10	+12V
23	+5V	11	+12V
24	COM	12	+3.3V

4-pin HDD Power Pin Definitions	
Pin#	Definition
1	12V
2-3	Ground
4	5V



+12V 8-pin Power Pin Definitions	
Pin#	Definition
1-4	Ground
5-8	+12V



4-pin 12V Power for GPU

JPWR1 is a 4-pin 12V power connector for a GPU card that requires an extra 12V of power, up to 75W.

4.2 Headers and Connectors

Fan Headers

There are six 4-pin fan headers on the motherboard. Although these are 4-pin fan headers, pins 1-3 are backward compatible with traditional 3-pin fans. The onboard fan speeds are controlled by Thermal Management (via Hardware Monitoring) in the BIOS. The fan speed is controlled by the BMC.

Fan Header Pin Definitions	
Pin#	Definition
1	Ground (Black)
2	+12V (Red)
3	Tachometer
4	PWM Control

Extended CMOS Battery

J18 is a 2-pin connector for an external CMOS battery. Refer to Chapter 3 for battery installation instructions. This connector is also used to clear the CMOS. To clear the CMOS, remove the battery, shorts pins 1-2 for more than 10 seconds and then install the battery.

TPM Header

The JTPM1 header is used to connect a Trusted Platform Module (TPM)/Port 80, which is available from a third-party vendor. A TPM/Port 80 connector is a security device that supports encryption and authentication in hard drives. It allows the motherboard to deny access if the TPM associated with the hard drive is not installed in the system.

Trusted Platform Module Header Pin Definitions			
Pin#	Definition	Pin#	Definition
1	LCLK	2	GND1
3	LFRAME#	4	No Pin
5	LRESET#	6	+5V/NC
7	LAD3	8	LAD2
9	+3.3V	10	LAD1
11	LAD0	12	GND2
13	SMB_CLK	14	SMB_DAT
15	+3.3V_DUAL	16	SERIRQ
17	GND3	18	CLKRUN#/NC
19	LPCPD#	20	LDRQ# (X)

System Management Bus Header

A System Management Bus header for additional slave devices or sensors is located at JSMB1. See the table below for pin definitions.

SMBus Header Pin Definitions	
Pin#	Definition
1	Data
2	Ground
3	Clock
4	NC

Disk On Module Power Connector

The Disk On Module (DOM) power connector at JSD1 provides 5V power to a solid-state DOM storage device connected to the I-SATA0 port. Refer to the table below for pin definitions.

DOM Power Pin Definitions	
Pin#	Definition
1	5V
2	Ground
3	Ground

I-SATA 3.0 Ports

The X11SCZ-F has five I-SATA 3.0 ports (I-SATA0 - I-SATA4). I-SATA0 can be used with Supermicro SuperDOMs that are yellow SATA DOM connectors with power pins built in, and do not require external power cables. Supermicro SuperDOMs are backward compatible with regular SATA HDDs or SATA DOMs that need external power cables. These SATA ports support RAID 0, 1, 5, and 10. All these SATA ports provide serial-link signal connections, which are faster than the connections of Parallel ATA.

M.2 Slot

There is one M.2 slot (JMD1) on the motherboard. M.2 is formerly known as Next Generation Form Factor (NGFF). The M.2 slot is designed for an M-Key PCI-E 3.0 x4 or SATA storage device in the 2282 and 22110 form factors.

Unit Identifier Switch/UID LED Indicator

A Unit Identifier (UID) switch and an LED indicator are located on the motherboard. The UID switch is located at UID SW. The UID LED is located next to the UID switch. When you press the UID switch, the UID LED will be turned on. Press the UID switch again to turn off the LED indicator. The UID Indicator provides easy identification of a system unit that may be in need of service.

Note: UID can also be triggered via IPMI on the motherboard. For more information on IPMI, please refer to the IPMI User's Guide posted on our website at <http://www.supermicro.com/support/manuals/>.

UID LED Pin Definitions	
Color	Status
Blue: On	Unit Identified

Speaker/Buzzer

On the JD1 header, pins 1-4 are for the external speaker and pins 3-4 are for the buzzer.

Speaker Connector Pin Definitions	
Pin Setting	Definition
Pins 1-4	Speaker
Pins 3-4	Buzzer

Chassis Intrusion

A Chassis Intrusion header is located at JL1 on the motherboard. Attach the appropriate cable from the chassis to the header to inform you when the chassis is opened.

Chassis Intrusion Pin Definitions	
Pins	Definition
1	Intrusion Input
2	Ground

Front Accessible Audio Header

A 10-pin audio header located at AUDIO FP allows you to use the onboard sound for audio playback. Connect an audio cable to this header to use this feature. Refer to the table below for pin definitions.

Audio Header Pin Definitions			
Pin#	Definition	Pin#	Definition
1	Mic_2_Left	2	Audio_Ground
3	Mic_2_Right	4	Audio_Detect
5	Line_2_Right	6	Mic_2_JD
7	Jack_Detect	8	Key
9	Line_2_Left	10	Line_2_JD

SGPIO Header

The I-SGPIO1 (Serial General Purpose Input/Output) header is used to communicate with the enclosure management chip on the back panel.

SGPIO Header Pin Definitions			
Pin#	Definition	Pin#	Definition
1	NC	2	NC
3	Ground	4	DATA Out
5	Load	6	Ground
7	Clock	8	NC

General Purpose I/O Header

The JGP1 (General Purpose Input/Output) header is a general purpose I/O expander on a pin header via the SMBus. Refer to the table below for pin definitions.

JGP1 Header Pin Definitions			
Pin#	Definition	GPIO Pin	Memory Address
1	+5V		
2	Ground		
3	GP0	GPP_G0	0xFD6D0900
4	GP1	GPP_G1	0xFD6D0910
5	GP2	GPP_G2	0xFD6D0920
6	GP3	GPP_G3	0xFD6D0930
7	GP4	GPP_G4	0xFD6D0940
8	GP5	GPP_G5	0xFD6D0950
9	GP6	GPP_G6	0xFD6D0960
10	GP7	GPP_G7	0xFD6D0970

COM Port

The motherboard has two COM headers (COM1/2, COM3/4) that provide four serial connections and support RS-232 function, utilizing Supermicro PN: CBL-CUSB-0984 (not included).

COM Header (COM1/2, COM3/4) Pin Definitions			
Pin#	Definition	Pin#	Definition
1	DCD4	2	DSR4
3	RXD4	4	RTS4
5	TXD4	6	CTS4
7	DTR4	8	RI4_N
9	GND	10	N/A
11	DCD3	12	DSR3
13	RXD3	14	RTS3
15	TXD3	16	CTS3
17	DTR3	18	RI3_N
19	GND	20	N/A

4-pin External BMC I²C Header

A System Management Bus header for IPMI 2.0 is located at JIPMB1. Connect a cable to this header to use the IPMB I²C connection on your system. Refer to the table below for pin definitions.

External I ² C Header Pin Definitions	
Pin#	Definition
1	Data
2	Ground
3	Clock
4	No Connection

Power SMB (I²C) Header

Power System Management Bus (I²C) header at JPI²C1 monitors the power supply, fan and system temperatures. Refer to the table below for pin definitions.

Power SMB Header Pin Definitions	
Pin#	Definition
1	Clock
2	Data
3	Power Fail
4	Ground
5	+3.3V

4.3 Front Control Panel

JF1 contains header pins for various buttons and indicators that are normally located on a control panel at the front of the chassis. These connectors are designed specifically for use with Supermicro chassis. See the figure below for the descriptions of the front control panel buttons and LED indicators.

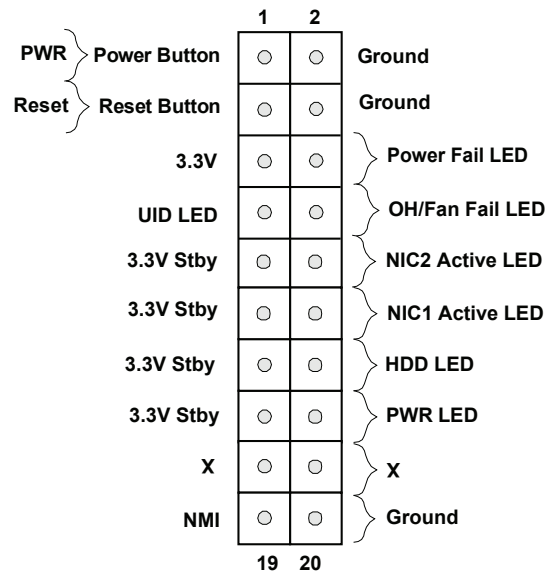


Figure 4-1. JF1 Header Pins

Power Button

The Power Button connection is located on pins 1 and 2 of JF1. Momentarily contacting both pins will power on/off the system. This button can also be configured to function as a suspend button (with a setting in the BIOS - see Chapter 6). To turn off the power in the suspend mode, press the button for at least 4 seconds. Refer to the table below for pin definitions.

Power Button Pin Definitions (JF1)	
Pins	Definition
1	Signal
2	Ground

Reset Button

The Reset Button connection is located on pins 3 and 4 of JF1. Attach it to a hardware reset switch on the computer case to reset the system. Refer to the table below for pin definitions.

Reset Button Pin Definitions (JF1)	
Pins	Definition
3	Reset
4	Ground

Overheat (OH)/Fan Fail

Connect an LED cable to OH/Fan Fail connections on pins 7 and 8 of JF1 to provide warnings for chassis overheat/fan failure. This connection will also serve as an IPMI UID indicator as a blue LED. Refer to the table below for pin definitions.

OH/Fan Fail Indicator Pin Definitions (JF1)	
Pin#	Definition
Off	Normal
On	Overheat
Flashing	Fan Fail

OH/Fan Fail LED Pin Definitions (JF1)	
Pins	Definition
7	Vcc/Blue UID LED
8	OH/Fan Fail LED

NIC1/NIC2 (LAN1/LAN2)

The NIC (Network Interface Controller) LED connection for LAN port 1 is located on pins 11 and 12 of JF1, and the LED connection for LAN Port 2 is on pins 9 and 10. Attach NIC LED cables to NIC1 and NIC2 LED indicators to display network activities. Refer to the table below for pin definitions.

LAN1/LAN2 LED Pin Definitions (JF1)	
Pins	Definition
9/11	+3.3V Stby
10/12	NIC Activity LED

HDD LED

The HDD LED connection is located on pins 13 and 14 of JF1. Attach a cable here to show hard drive activity status. Refer to the table below for pin definitions.

HDD LED Pin Definitions (JF1)	
Pins	Definition
13	+3.3V Stby
14	HD LED

Power LED

The Power LED connection is located on pins 15 and 16 of JF1. Refer to the table below for pin definitions.

Power LED Pin Definitions (JF1)	
Pins	Definition
15	+3.3V Stby
16	PWR LED

NMI Button

The non-maskable interrupt button header is located on pins 19 and 20 of JF1. Refer to the table below for pin definitions.

NMI Button Pin Definitions (JF1)	
Pins	Definition
19	Control
20	Ground

Power Fail LED

The Power Fail LED connection is located on pins 5 and 6 of JF1. Refer to the table below for pin definitions.

PWR Fail LED Pin Definitions (JF1)	
Pins	Definition
5	3.3V
6	Power Fail

4.4 Ports

Rear I/O Ports

See the figure below for the locations and descriptions of the various I/O ports on the rear of the motherboard.

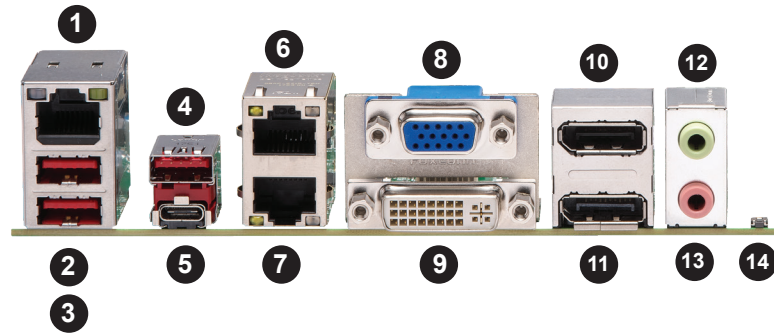


Figure 4-2. Rear Input/Output Ports

Rear I/O Ports					
#	Description	#	Description	#	Description
1.	IPMI LAN	6.	LAN2	11.	DisplayPort 1
2.	USB10 (3.1 Gen 2)	7.	LAN1	12.	Line Out
3.	USB9 (3.1 Gen 2)	8.	VGA	13.	Mic In
4.	USB12 (3.1 Gen 2)	9.	DVI-I	14.	UID Switch
5.	USB11 (3.1 Gen 2)	10.	DisplayPort 2		

DP++ Ports

The motherboard has two DisplayPorts located on the I/O back panel. DisplayPort, developed by the VESA consortium, delivers digital display and fast refresh rate. It can connect to virtually any display device using a DisplayPort adapter for devices such as VGA, DVI or HDMI.

DVI-I Port

A DVI-I port is located on the I/O back panel. Use this port to connect to a compatible DVI (Digital Visual Interface) display.

VGA Port

A video port from the BMC controller is located on the I/O back panel. Use this port to connect to a compatible VGA display.

LAN Ports

There are two 1GbE LAN ports (LAN1/LAN2) on the I/O back panel. The X11SCZ-F also has a dedicated IPMI LAN port on the I/O back panel. These ports accept RJ45 type cables. Refer to the table below for the pin definitions.

LAN Port Pin Definition			
Pin#	Definition	Pin#	Definition
1	TX_D1+	5	BI_D3-
2	TX_D1-	6	RX_D2-
3	RX_D2+	7	BI_D4+
4	BI_D3+	8	BI_D4-

High Definition Audio Ports

The green jack located on the I/O back panel audio port is the Line Out connection and the pink jack is the Mic In connection.

HD Audio	
Color	Definition
Green	Line Out
Pink	Mic In

Universal Serial Bus (USB) Header

There are three USB 2.0 headers (USB1/2, USB3/4, USB5/6), one USB 3.1 Gen 1 header (USB7/8), one USB 3.1 Gen 2 header (USB13/14), and one USB 2.0 Type-A header (USB0) on the motherboard to provide front access connection with a cable (not included). There are also four USB 3.1 Gen 2 ports on the I/O back panel. USB9, USB10, and USB12 are Type-A while USB11 is Type-C.

Front Panel USB 3.1 Gen 1 Header (USB7/8) Pin Definitions			
Pin#	Definition	Pin#	Definition
1	VBUS	11	IntA_P2_D+
2	IntA_P1_SSRX-	12	IntA_P2_D-
3	IntA_P1_SSRX+	13	GND
4	GND	14	IntA_P2_SSTX+
5	IntA_P1_SSTX-	15	IntA_P2_SSTX-
6	IntA_P1_SSTX+	16	GND
7	GND	17	IntA_P2_SSRX+
8	IntA_P1_D-	18	IntA_P2_SSRX-
9	IntA_P1_D+	19	VBus
10	ID		

Front Panel USB 3.1 Gen 2 Header (USB13/14) Pin Definitions			
Pin#	Definition	Pin#	Definition
1	GND	11	GND
2	TX1+	12	TX2-
3	TX1-	13	TX2+
4	GND	14	GND
5	RX1+	15	RX2-
6	RX1-	16	RX2+
7	GND	17	GND
8	D1+	18	D2+
9	D1-	19	D2-
10	VBUS	20	VBUS

* USB 3.1 Gen 1 is also referred to as USB 3.0

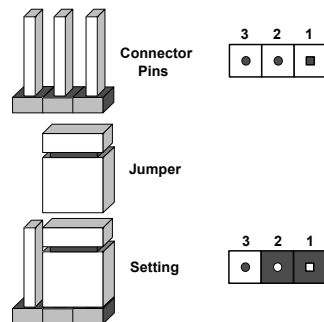
Front Panel USB 2.0 Header (USB1/2/3/4/5/6) Pin Definitions			
Pin#	Definition	Pin#	Definition
1	+5V	2	+5V
3	USB_PN2	4	USB_PN3
5	USB_PP2	6	USB_PP3
7	Ground	8	Ground
9	Key	10	Ground

4.5 Jumpers

Explanation of Jumpers

To modify the operation of the motherboard, jumpers are used to choose between optional settings. Jumpers create shorts between two pins to change the function associated with it. Pin 1 is identified with a square solder pad on the printed circuit board. See the motherboard layout page for jumper locations.

Note: On a two-pin jumper, "Closed" means the jumper is on both pins and "Open" indicates the jumper is either on only one pin or has been completely removed.



CMOS Clear

JBT1 is used to clear CMOS, which will also clear any passwords. Instead of pins, this jumper consists of contact pads to prevent accidentally clearing the contents of CMOS.

To Clear CMOS

1. First power down the system and unplug the power cord(s).
2. Remove the cover of the chassis to access the motherboard.
3. Remove the onboard battery from the motherboard.
4. Short the CMOS pads with a metal object such as a small screwdriver for at least four seconds.
5. Remove the screwdriver (or shorting device).
6. Replace the cover, reconnect the power cord(s) and power on the system.

Notes: Clearing CMOS will also clear all passwords.

Do not use the PW_ON connector to clear CMOS.



ME Manufacturing Mode

Close JPME2 to bypass SPI flash security and force the system to use the Manufacturing Mode, which will allow the user to flash the system firmware from a host server to modify system settings. Refer to the table below for jumper settings.

Manufacturing Mode Jumper Settings	
Jumper Setting	Definition
Pins 1-2	Normal (Default)
Pins 2-3	Manufacturing Mode

VGA Enable/Disable

Use jumper JPG1 to enable or disable the VGA port using the onboard graphics controller.

VGA Enable/Disable Jumper Settings	
Jumper Setting	Definition
Pins 1-2	Enabled (Default)
Pins 2-3	Disabled

PCI-E Bifurcation

Use JRF1 to set the function of CPU slot 6 as either a x16 or bifurcate to x8x8 lanes. Refer to the table below for jumper settings.

PCI-E Bifurcation Jumper Settings	
Jumper Setting	Definition
Pins 1-2	x16 lane (Default)
Pins 2-3	x8x8 lane

LAN Port Enable/Disable

Use JPL1 to enable or disable LAN1, and JPL2 to enable or disable LAN2. The default setting is Enabled.

LAN Port Enable/Disable Jumper Settings	
Jumper Setting	Definition
Pins 1-2	Enabled (Default)
Pins 2-3	Disabled

Onboard Audio Enable/Disable

JPAC1 allows you to enable or disable the onboard audio support. The default position is on pins 1-2 to enable onboard audio connections. Refer to the table below for jumper settings.

Audio Enable/Disable Jumper Settings	
Jumper Setting	Definition
Pins 1-2	Enabled (Default)
Pins 2-3	Disabled

Watch Dog

JWD1 controls the Watch Dog function. Watch Dog is a monitor that can reboot the system when a software application hangs. Jumping pins 1-2 will cause Watch Dog to reset the system if an application hangs. Jumping pins 2-3 will generate a non-maskable interrupt signal for the application that hangs. Watch Dog must also be enabled in the BIOS. The default setting is Reset.

Note: When Watch Dog is enabled, users need to write their own application software to disable it.

Watch Dog Jumper Settings	
Jumper Setting	Definition
Pins 1-2	Reset (Default)
Pins 2-3	NMI
Open	Disabled

Onboard TPM 2.0 Enable/Disable

Use JPT1 to enable or disable support for the onboard TPM 2.0 module. Refer to the table below for jumper settings.

TPM Enable/Disable Jumper Settings	
Jumper Setting	Definition
Pins 1-2	Enabled (Default)
Pins 2-3	Disabled

4.6 LED Indicators

BMC Heartbeat LED

BMC_HB_LED1 is the BMC heartbeat LED. When the LED is blinking green, BMC is functioning normally.

BMC LED Indicator	
LED Color	Definition
Blinking Green	BMC Normal

Power LED

LED1 is an Onboard Power LED. When this LED is lit, it means power is present on the motherboard. In suspend mode, this LED will blink on and off. Be sure to turn off the system and unplug the power cord before removing or installing components.

Onboard Power LED Indicator	
LED Color	Definition
Off	System Off (power cable not connected)
Green	System On

Chapter 5

Software

After the hardware has been installed, you can install the Operating System (OS), configure RAID settings and install the drivers.

5.1 Microsoft Windows OS Installation

If you will be using RAID, you must configure RAID settings before installing the Windows OS and the RAID driver. Refer to the RAID Configuration User Guides posted on our website at www.supermicro.com/support/manuals.

Installing the OS

1. Create a method to access the MS Windows installation ISO file. That might be a DVD, perhaps using an external USB/SATA DVD drive, or a USB flash drive, or the IPMI KVM console.
2. Retrieve the proper RST/RSTe driver. Go to the Supermicro web page for your motherboard and click on "Download the Latest Drivers and Utilities", select the proper driver, and copy it to a USB flash drive.
3. Boot from a bootable device with Windows OS installation. You can see a bootable device list by pressing **F11** during the system startup.

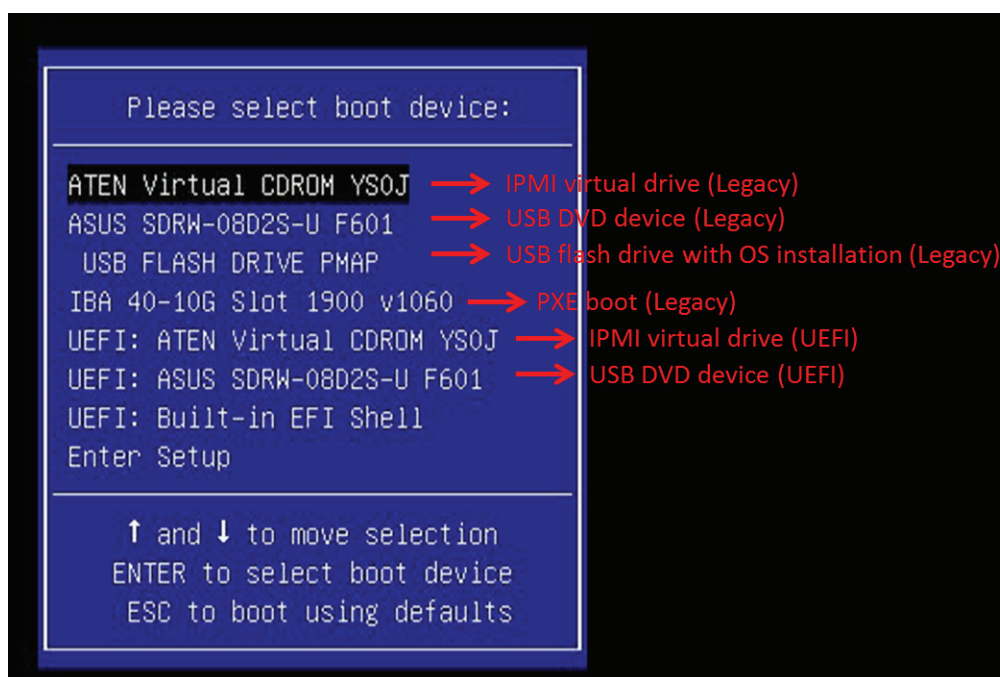


Figure 5-1. Select Boot Device

4. During Windows Setup, continue to the dialog where you select the drives on which to install Windows. If the disk you want to use is not listed, click on “Load driver” link at the bottom left corner.

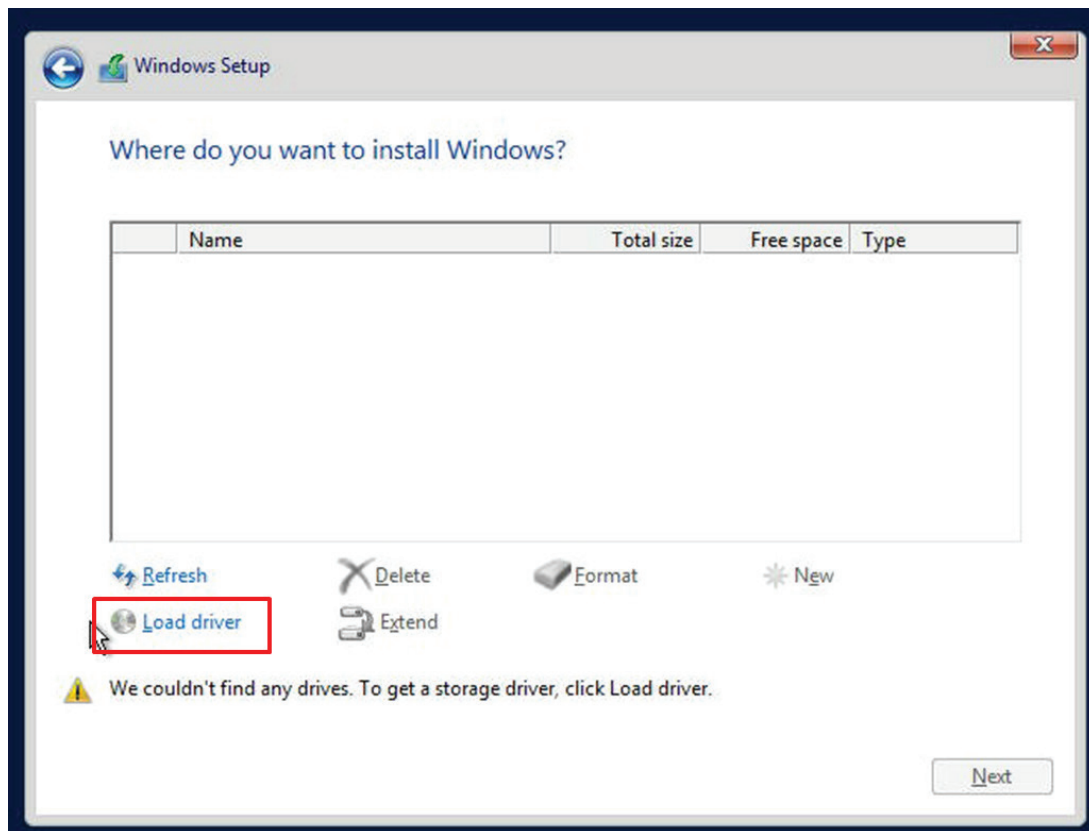


Figure 5-2. Load Driver Link

To load the driver, browse the USB flash drive for the proper driver files.

- For RAID, choose the SATA/sSATA RAID driver indicated then choose the storage drive on which you want to install it.
 - For non-RAID, choose the SATA/sSATA AHCI driver indicated then choose the storage drive on which you want to install it.
5. Once all devices are specified, continue with the installation.
 6. After the Windows OS installation has completed, the system will automatically reboot multiple times.

5.2 Driver Installation

The Supermicro website contains drivers and utilities for your system at <https://www.supermicro.com/wftp/driver>. Some of these must be installed, such as the chipset driver.

After accessing the website, go into the CDR_Images (in the parent directory of the above link) and locate the ISO file for your motherboard. Download this file to a USB flash drive or a DVD. (You may also use a utility to extract the ISO file if preferred.)

Another option is to go to the Supermicro website at <http://www.supermicro.com/products/>. Find the product page for your motherboard, and "Download the Latest Drivers and Utilities".

Insert the flash drive or disk and the screenshot shown below should appear.

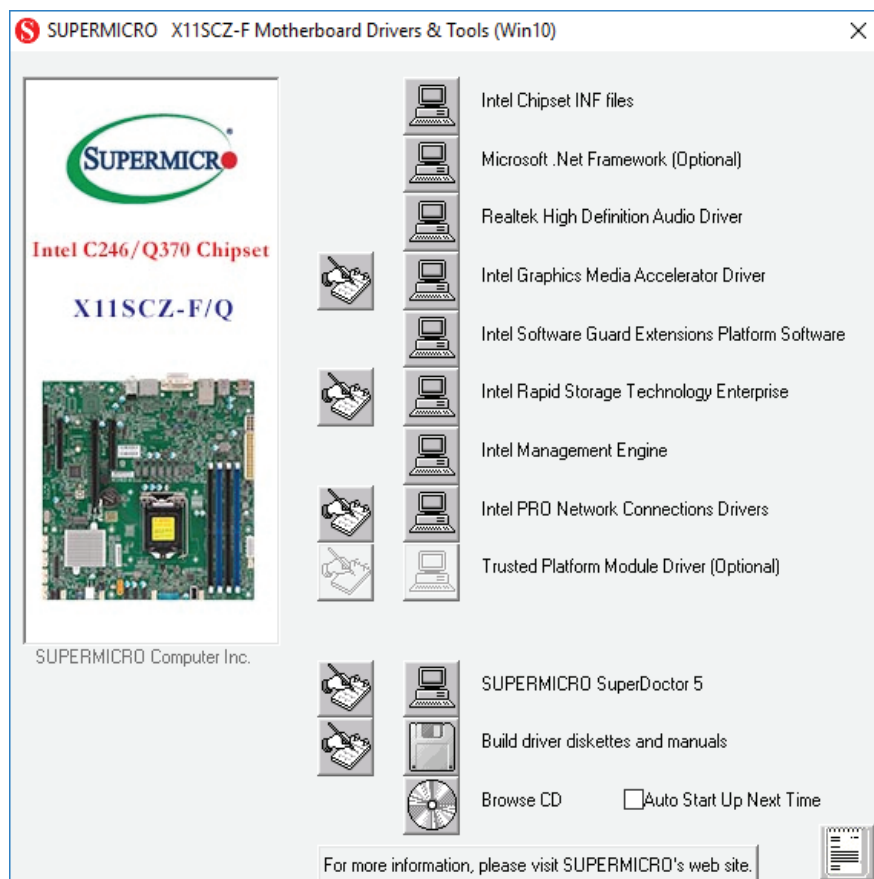


Figure 5-3. Driver & Tool Installation Screen

Note: Click the icons showing a hand writing on paper to view the readme files for each item. Click the computer icons to the right of these items to install each item (from top to the bottom) one at a time. **After installing each item, you must re-boot the system before moving on to the next item on the list.** The bottom icon with a CD on it allows you to view the entire contents.

5.3 SuperDoctor® 5

The Supermicro SuperDoctor 5 is a program that functions in a command-line or web-based interface for Windows and Linux operating systems. The program monitors such system health information as CPU temperature, system voltages, system power consumption, fan speed, and provides alerts via email or Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP).

SuperDoctor 5 comes in local and remote management versions and can be used with Nagios to maximize your system monitoring needs. With SuperDoctor 5 Management Server (SSM Server), you can remotely control power on/off and reset chassis intrusion for multiple systems with SuperDoctor 5 or IPMI. SuperDoctor 5 Management Server monitors HTTP, FTP, and SMTP services to optimize the efficiency of your operation.

Note: The default User Name and Password for SuperDoctor 5 is ADMIN / ADMIN.

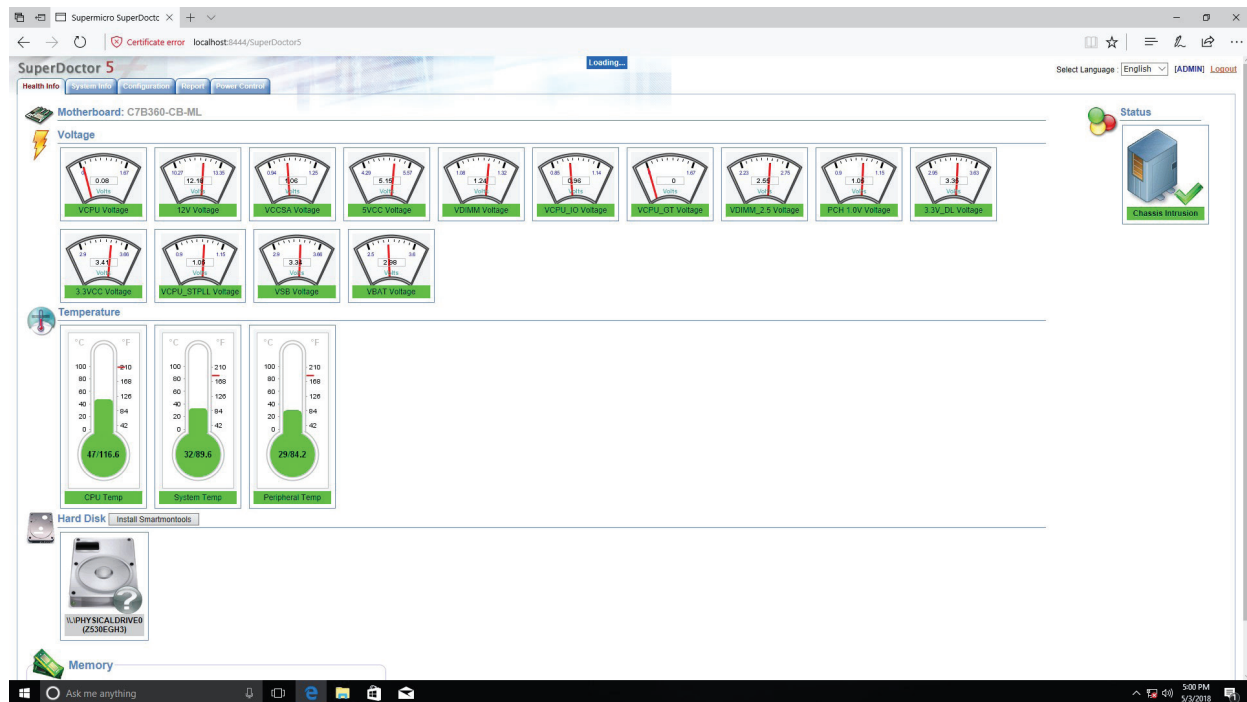


Figure 5-4. SuperDoctor 5 Interface Display Screen (Health Information)

5.4 IPMI

The X11SCZ-F supports the Intelligent Platform Management Interface (IPMI). IPMI is used to provide remote access, monitoring and management. There are several BIOS settings that are related to IPMI.

For general documentation and information on IPMI, please visit our website at: <http://www.supermicro.com/products/nfo/IPMI.cfm>.

Chapter 6

BIOS

6.1 Introduction

This chapter describes the AMIBIOS™ Setup utility for the X11SCZ-F/-Q motherboard. The BIOS is stored on a chip and can be easily upgraded using a flash program.

Note: Due to periodic changes to the BIOS, some settings may have been added or deleted and might not yet be recorded in this manual. Please refer to the Manual Download area of our website for any changes to the BIOS that may not be reflected in this manual.

Starting the Setup Utility

To enter the BIOS Setup Utility, hit the <Delete> key while the system is booting up. (In most cases, the <Delete> key is used to invoke the BIOS setup screen. There are a few cases when other keys are used, such as <F1>, <F2>, etc.) Each main BIOS menu option is described in this manual.

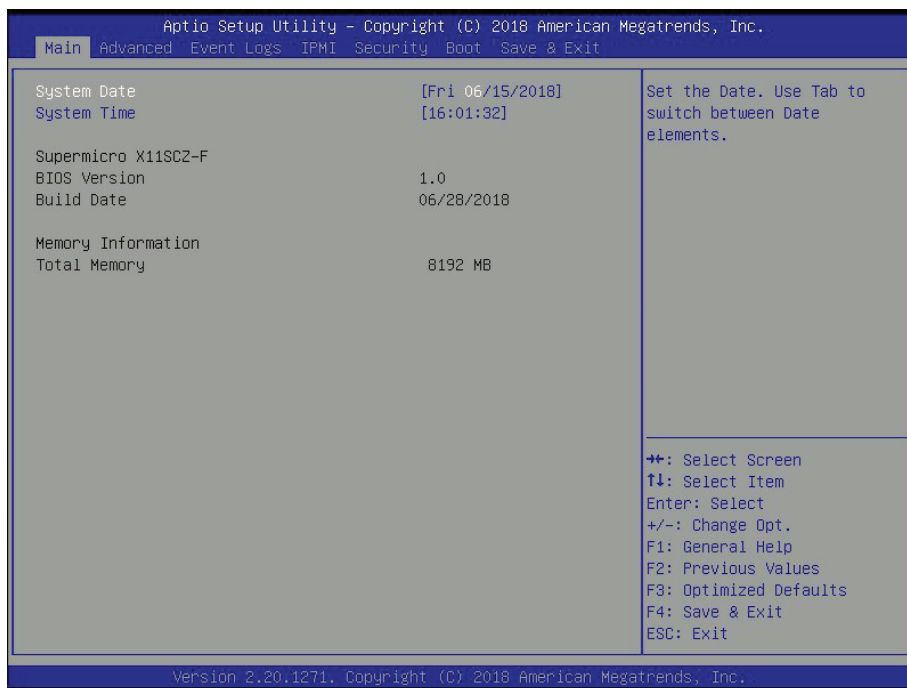
The Main BIOS screen has two main frames. The left frame displays all the options that can be configured. "Grayed-out" options cannot be configured. The right frame displays the key legend. Above the key legend is an area reserved for a text message. When an option is selected in the left frame, it is highlighted in white. Often a text message will accompany it. (Note that BIOS has default text messages built in. We retain the option to include, omit, or change any of these text messages.) Settings printed in **Bold** are the default values.

A " ►" indicates a submenu. Highlighting such an item and pressing the <Enter> key will open the list of settings within that submenu.

The BIOS setup utility uses a key-based navigation system called hot keys. Most of these hot keys (<F1>, <Enter>, <ESC>, <Arrow> keys, etc.) can be used at any time during the setup navigation process.

6.2 Main Setup

When you first enter the AMI BIOS setup utility, you will enter the Main setup screen. You can always return to the Main setup screen by selecting the Main tab on the top of the screen. The Main BIOS setup screen is shown below and the following features will be displayed:



System Date/System Time

Use this option to change the system date and time. Highlight *System Date* or *System Time* using the arrow keys. Enter new values using the keyboard. Press the <Tab> key or the arrow keys to move between fields. The date must be entered in MM/DD/YYYY format. The time is entered in HH:MM:SS format.

Note: The time is in the 24-hour format. For example, 5:30 P.M. appears as 17:30:00. The date's default value is the BIOS build date after RTC reset.

Supermicro X11SCZ-F

BIOS Version

This feature displays the version of the BIOS ROM used in the system.

Build Date

This feature displays the date when the version of the BIOS ROM used in the system was built.

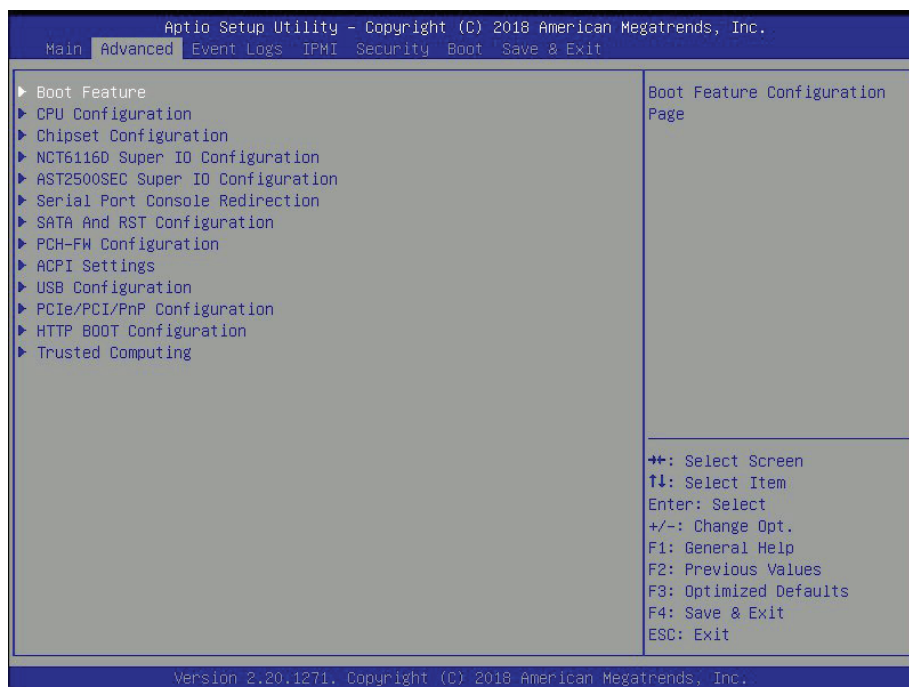
Memory Information

Total Memory

This feature displays the total size of memory available in the system.

6.3 Advanced

Use this menu to configure advanced settings.



Warning: Take caution when changing the Advanced settings. An incorrect value, a very high DRAM frequency or an incorrect BIOS timing setting may cause the system to malfunction. When this occurs, restore to default manufacturer settings.

► Boot Feature

Fast Boot

Enable this feature to reduce the time the computer takes to boot up. The computer will boot with a minimal set of required devices. This feature does not have an effect on BBS boot options in the Boot tab. The options are **Disabled** and **Enabled**.

Quiet Boot

Use this feature to select the screen display between POST messages or the OEM logo at bootup. Select **Disabled** to display the POST messages. Select **Enabled** to display the OEM logo instead of the normal POST messages. The options are **Disabled** and **Enabled**.

Bootup NumLock State

Use this feature to set the Power-on state for the Numlock key. The options are **Off** and **On**.

Option ROM Messages

Use this feature to set the display mode for the Option ROM. Select Keep Current to display the current AddOn ROM setting. Select Force BIOS to use the Option ROM display set by the system BIOS. The options are **Force BIOS** and Keep Current.

Wait For "F1" If Error

This feature forces the system to wait until the F1 key is pressed if an error occurs. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Re-try Boot

If this feature is enabled, the BIOS will automatically reboot the system from a specified boot device after its initial boot failure. The options are **Disabled**, Legacy Boot, and EFI Boot.

Watch Dog Function

If enabled, the Watch Dog timer will allow the system to reboot when it is inactive for more than five minutes. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

AC Loss Policy Depend on

Use this feature to set the power state after a power outage. Select Power Off for the system power to remain off after a power loss. Select Power On for the system power to be turned on after a power loss. Select Last State to allow the system to resume its last power state before a power loss. The options are Stay Off, Power On, and **Last State**.

Power Button Function

This feature controls how the system shuts down when the power button is pressed. Select 4 Seconds Override for the user to power off the system after pressing and holding the power button for four seconds or longer. Select Instant Off to instantly power off the system as soon as the user presses the power button. The options are **Instant Off** and 4 Seconds Override.

DeepSx Power Policies

Use this feature to configure the Advanced Configuration and Power Interface (ACPI) settings for the system. Enable S5 to power off the whole system except the power supply unit (PSU) and keep the power button alive so that the user can wake up the system by using an USB keyboard or mouse. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled in S4-S5.

Install Windows 7 USB Support

Enable this feature to use the USB keyboard and mouse during the Windows 7 installation, since the native XHCI driver support is unavailable. Use a SATA optical drive as a USB drive, and USB CD/DVD drives are not supported. Disable this feature after the XHCI driver has been installed in Windows. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

►CPU Configuration

The following CPU information will display:

- Processor type
- CPU Signature
- Microcode Patch
- Max CPU Speed
- Min CPU Speed
- CPU Speed
- Processor Cores
- Hyper Threading Technology
- VMX
- SMX/TXT
- 64-bit
- EIST Technology
- CPU C3 state
- CPU C6 state
- CPU C7 state
- CPU C8 state
- CPU C9 state
- CPU C10 state
- L1 Data Cache
- L1 Instruction Cache
- L2 Cache
- L3 Cache
- L4 Cache

C6DRAM

Select Enabled to activate moving the DRAM contents to PRM memory when the CPU is in the C6 state. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Hardware Prefetcher

If set to Enable, the hardware prefetcher will prefetch streams of data and instructions from the main memory to the L2 cache to improve CPU performance. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Adjacent Cache Line Prefetch

The CPU prefetches the cache line for 64 bytes if this feature is set to Disabled. The CPU prefetches both cache lines for 128 bytes as comprised if this feature is set to Enabled. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Intel (VMX) Virtualization Technology

Use this feature to enable the Vanderpool Technology. This technology allows the system to run several operating systems simultaneously. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Active Processor Cores

This feature determines how many CPU cores will be activated for each CPU. When all is selected, all cores in the CPU will be activated. The options are **All** and 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5.

Hyper-Threading (ALL)

Select Enabled to support Intel Hyper-threading Technology to enhance CPU performance. The options are Disable and **Enable**.

AES

Select Enabled for Intel CPU Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) instructions support to enhance data integrity . The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Boot Performance Mode

This feature allows the user to select the performance state that the BIOS will set before the operating system handoff. The options are Power Saving, **Max Non-Turbo Performance**, and Turbo Performance.

Intel® SpeedStep™

Intel SpeedStep Technology allows the system to automatically adjust processor voltage and core frequency to reduce power consumption and heat dissipation. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Intel® Speed Shift Technology

Use this feature to enable or disable Intel Speed Shift Technology support. When this feature is enabled, the Collaborative Processor Performance Control (CPPC) version 2 interface will be available to control CPU P-States. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Turbo Mode

Select Enable for processor cores to run faster than the frequency specified by the manufacturer. The options are Disable and **Enable**.

Package Power Limit MSR Lock

Select Enabled to lock the package power limit for the model specific registers. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Power Limit 1 Override

Select Enabled to support average power limit (PL1) override. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Power Limit 1

Use this feature to configure the value for Power Limit 1. The value is in milli watts and the step size is 125mW. Use the number keys on your keyboard to enter the value. Enter 0 to use the manufacture default setting. If the value is 0, the BIOS will set PL1 as 1.25* TDP. This feature is hidden when Power Limit 1 Override is Disabled.

Power Limit 2 Override

Select Enabled to support rapid power limit (PL2) override. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Power Limit 2

Use this feature to configure the value for Power Limit 2. The value is in milli watts and the step size is 125mW. Use the number keys on your keyboard to enter the value. Enter 0 to use the manufacture default setting. If the value is 0, the BIOS will set PL2 as 1.25* TDP.

1-Core Ratio Limit Override

This increases (multiplies) one clock speed in the CPU core in relation to the bus speed when one CPU core is active. Press "+" or "-" on your keyboard to change the value. The default value is **37** for X11SCZ-Q. The default value is **0** for X11SCZ-F.

2-Core Ratio Limit Override

This increases (multiplies) two clock speeds in the CPU core in relation to the bus speed when two CPU cores are active. Press "+" or "-" on your keyboard to change the value. The default value is **37** for X11SCZ-Q. The default value is **0** for X11SCZ-F.

3-Core Ratio Limit Override

This increases (multiplies) three clock speeds in the CPU core in relation to the bus speed when three CPU cores are active. Press "+" or "-" on your keyboard to change the value. The default value is **37** for X11SCZ-Q. The default value is **0** for X11SCZ-F.

4-Core Ratio Limit Override

This increases (multiplies) four clock speeds in the CPU core in relation to the bus speed when four CPU cores are active. Press "+" or "-" on your keyboard to change the value. The default value is **37** for X11SCZ-Q. The default value is **0** for X11SCZ-F.

5-Core Ratio Limit Override (-F)

This increases (multiplies) five clock speeds in the CPU core in relation to the bus speed when five CPU cores are active. Press "+" or "-" on your keyboard to change the value. The default value is **37** for X11SCZ-Q. The default value is **0** for X11SCZ-F.

6-Core Ratio Limit Override(-F)

This increases (multiplies) six clock speeds in the CPU core in relation to the bus speed when six CPU cores are active. Press "+" or "-" on your keyboard to change the value. The default value is **37** for X11SCZ-Q. The default value is **0** for X11SCZ-F.

C states

Use this feature to enable the C-State of the CPU. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Enhanced C-states

Use this feature to enable the enhanced C-State of the CPU. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

C-State Auto Demotion

Use this feature to prevent unnecessary excursions into the C-states to improve latency. The options are Disabled, C1, C3, and **C1 and C3**.

C-State Un-demotion

This feature allows the user to enable or disable the un-demotion of C-State. The options are Disabled, C1, C3, and **C1 and C3**.

Package C-State Demotion

Use this feature to enable or disable the Package C-State demotion. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Package C-State Un-demotion

Use this feature to enable or disable the Package C-State un-demotion. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

CState Pre-Wake

This feature allows the user to enable or disable the C-State Pre-Wake. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Package C State Limit

Use this feature to set the Package C-State limit. The options are C0/C1, C2, C3, C6, C7, C7s, C8, C9, C10, Cpu Default, and **Auto**.

► Chipset Configuration

Warning: Setting the wrong values in the sections below may cause the system to malfunction.

► System Agent (SA) Configuration

The following information will display:

- SA PCIe Code Version: 7.0.53.66
- VT-d: Supported

► Memory Configuration

Memory Configuration

- Memory RC Version
- Memory Frequency
- Memory Timing (tCL-tRCD-tRP-tRAS)
- DIMMA1
- DIMMA2
- DIMMB1
- DIMMB2

Maximum Memory Frequency

Use this feature to set the maximum memory frequency for onboard memory modules. The options are **Auto**, 1067, 1333, 1400, 1600, 1800, 1867, 2000, 2133, 2200, 2400, 2600, and 2667.

ECC Support

Use this feature to enable or disable memory ECC support. The options are **Disable** and **Enable**.

Max TOLUD

This feature sets the maximum TOLUD value, which specifies the "Top of Low Usable DRAM" memory space to be used by internal graphics devices, GTT Stolen Memory, and TSEG, respectively, if these devices are enabled. The options are **Dynamic**, 1 GB, 1.25 GB, 1.5 GB, 1.75 GB, 2 GB, 2.25 GB, 2.5 GB, 2.75 GB, 3 GB, 3.25 GB, and 3.5 GB.

Memory Scrambler

Use this feature to enable or disable memory scrambler support. The options are Disable and **Enable**.

MRC Fast Boot

Use this feature to enable or disable fast path through the memory reference code. The options are Disable and **Enable**.

REFRESH_2X_MODE

Use this feature to select the refresh mode. The options are **Disabled**, 1-Enabled for WARM or HOT, and 2-Enabled HOT only.

Closed Loop Thermal Manage

Use this feature to enable or disable memory temperature monitoring. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

► Graphics Configuration

Graphics Configuration

- IGFX VBIOS Version
- IGFX GOP Version

Primary Display

Use this feature to select the primary video display. The options are **Auto**, IGFX, PEG, and PCI.

Primary PEG

Use this feature to select which graphics device should be the the primary PEG. The **default** is CPU SLOT6 PCI-E 3.0 X16.

Primary PCIE

Use this feature to select which device will be the primary PCI-E graphics display. The options are **Auto**, PCH SLOT4 PCI-E 3.0 X4, and PCH SOLT7 PCI-E 3.0 X4.

Internal Graphics

Select Auto to keep an internal graphics device installed on an expansion slot supported by the CPU to be automatically enabled. The options are **Auto**, Disable, and Enable.

GTT Size

Use this feature to set the memory size to be used by the graphics translation table (GTT). The options are 2MB, 4MB, and **8MB**.

Aperture Size

Use this feature to set the Aperture size, which is the size of system memory reserved by the BIOS for graphics device use. The options are 128MB, **256MB**, 512MB, 1024MB, and 2048MB.

DVMT Pre-Allocated

Dynamic Video Memory Technology (DVMT) allows dynamic allocation of system memory to be used for video devices to ensure best use of available system memory based on the DVMT 5.0 platform. The options are 0M, **32M**, 64M, 4M, 8M, 12M, 16M, 20M, 24M, 28M, 36M, 40M, 44M, 48M, 52M, 56M, and 60M.

DVMT Total Gfx Mem

Use this feature to set the total memory size to be used by internal graphics devices based on the DVMT 5.0 platform. The options are 128MB, **256MB**, and MAX.

VDD Enable

Enabling this feature will force VDD in the BIOS. The options are **Enable** and Disable.

PM Support

Enable this feature to activate Power Management BIOS support. The options are **Enable** and Disable.

PAVP Enable

Protected Audio Video Path (PAVP) decodes Intel integrated graphics encrypted video. The options are Disable and **Enable**.

Cdynmax Clamping Enable

Enable this feature to activate Cdynmax Clamping. The options are **Enable** and Disable.

Graphics Clock Frequency

Use this feature to set the internal graphics clock frequency. The options are 337.5 Mhz, 450 Mhz, 540 Mhz, and **675 Mhz**.

Skip CD Clock Init in S3 resume

Use this feature to enable skipping of the full CD initialization. If set to Disabled, the full CD clock will initialize. The options are Enable and **Disable**.

►DMI/OPI Configuration

The following DMI information will display:

DMI: X4 Gen3

DMI Link ASPM Control

Use this feature to set the ASPM (Active State Power Management) state on the SA (System Agent) side of the DMI Link. The options are Disable, L0s, L1, and **L0sL1**.

DMI Extended Sync Control

Use this feature to enable or disable the DMI extended synchronization. The options are Enable and **Disable**.

DMI De-emphasis Control

Use this feature to configure the De-emphasis control on DMI. The options are -6 dB and **-3.5 dB**.

►PEG Port Configuration**CPU SLOT6 PCI-E 3.0 X16****SLOT6 Enable Root Port**

Use this feature to enable or disable the PCI Express Graphics (PEG) device in the port specified by the user. The options are Disable, Enable, and **Auto**.

SLOT6 Max Link Speed

Use this feature to select PCI-E support for the device installed on SLOT7. The options are **Auto**, Gen 1, Gen 2, and Gen 3.

SLOT6 Power Limit Value

Use this feature to set the upper limit on the power supplied by the PCIE slot. Press "+" or "-" on your keyboard to change this value. The default setting is **75**.

SLOT6 Slot Power Limit Scale

Use this feature to select the scale used for the slot power limit value. The options are **1.0x**, 0.1x, 0.01x, and 0.001x.

Program PCIe ASPM After OpROM

PCIe ASPM, the Active State Power Management for PCI-Express slots, is a power management protocol used to manage power consumption of serial link devices installed on PCI-E slots during a prolonged off-peak time. If this feature is set to Enabled, PCI-E ASPM will be programmed after OPROM. If set to Disabled, the PCI-E ASPM will be programmed before OPROM. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

►GT - Power Management Control

RC6 (Render Standby)

Use this feature to enable render standby support. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Maximum GT frequency

Use this feature to define the Maximum GT frequency. Choose between 33MHz (RPN) and 1200Mhz (RP0). Any value beyond this range will be clipped to its min/max supported by the CPU. The options are **Default Max Frequency**, 100Mhz, 150Mhz, 200Mhz, 250Mhz, 300Mhz, 350Mhz, 400Mhz, 450Mhz, 500Mhz, 550Mhz, 600Mhz, 650Mhz, 700Mhz, 750Mhz, 800Mhz, 8520Mhz, 900Mhz, 950Mhz, 1000Mhz, 1050Mhz, 1100Mhz, 1150Mhz, and 1200Mhz.

Disable Turbo GT frequency

Use this feature to disable Turbo GT frequency. If set to Enabled, Turbo GT frequency becomes disabled. If set to Disabled, GT frequency limiters will be removed. The options are Enable and **Disable**.

VT-d

Select Enabled to activate Intel Virtualization Technology support for Direct I/O VT-d by reporting the I/O device assignments to VMM through the DMAR ACPI Tables. This feature offers fully-protected I/O resource-sharing across the Intel platforms, providing the user with greater reliability, security and availability in networking and data-sharing. The options are Disable and **Enable**.

SW Guard Extensions (SGX)

Select Enabled to activate the Software Guard Extensions (SGX). The options are Disabled, Enabled, and **Software Controlled**.

Select Owner EPOCH input type

There are three Owner EPOCH modes (each EPOCH is 64 bit). The options are **Select Owner EPOCH input type**, Change to New Random Owner EPOCHs, and Manual User Defined Owner EPOCHs.

PRMRR Size

This feature appears if SW Guard Extensions is set to Enabled. This BIOS must reserve a contiguous region of Processor Reserved Memory (PRM) in the Processor Reserved Memory Range Register (PRMRR). The options are 32MB, 64MB, and **128MB**.

GNA Device (B0:D8:F0)

Use this feature to enable SA GNA device. The options are **Enable** and Disable.

X2APIC Opt Out

The feature "VT-D" must be enabled for this feature to be configurable. Use this feature to enable or disable X2APIC Opt Out. The options are Enable and **Disable**.

► PCH-IO Configuration

PCH-IO Configuration

- PCH SKU Name
- Stepping

► PCI Express Configuration

DMI Link ASPM Control

Use this feature to set the ASPM (Active State Power Management) state on the SA (System Agent) side of the DMI Link. The options are Disabled, L0s, L1, L0sL1, and **Auto**.

Peer Memory Write Enable

Use this feature to enable or disable peer memory write. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

- PCH SLOT4 PCI-E 3.0 X4 (IN X8)
- PCI-E M.2-M1
- PCH SLOT7 PCI-E 3.0 X4 (IN X8)

ASPM

Use this feature to activate the Active State Power Management (ASPM) level for a PCI-E device. Select Auto for the system BIOS to automatically set the ASPM level based on the system configuration. Select Disabled to disable ASPM support. The options are Disabled, L0s, L1, L0sL1, and **Auto**.

L1 Substates

Use this feature to set the PCI Express L1 Substates. The options are Disabled, L1.1, and **L1.1 & L1.2**.

PTM

Use this feature to enable or disable Precision Time Measurement. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

DPC

Use this feature to enable or disable Downstream Port Containment. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

EDPC

Use this feature to enable or disable rootport extensions for Downstream Port Containment. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

PCIe Speed

Use this feature to select the PCI Express port speed. The options are **Auto**, Gen1, Gen2, and Gen3.

PCIe PLL SSC

Use this feature to enable or disable PCIe PLL SSC. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

►NCT6776 Super IO Configuration (available on X11SCZ-F)**►NCT6116D Super IO Configuration (available on X11SCZ-Q)**

The following Super IO information will display:

- Super IO Chip NCT6776
- Super IO Chip NCT6116D

►Serial Port 1 Configuration**Serial Port 1**

Select Enabled to enable the selected onboard serial port. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Device Settings

This feature displays the status of a serial port specified by the user.

Change Settings

This feature specifies the base I/O port address and the Interrupt Request address of a serial port specified by the user. Select Auto to allow the BIOS to automatically assign the base I/O and IRQ address. The options are **Auto**, (IO=3F8h; IRQ=4;), (IO=3F8h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12;), (IO=2F8h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12;), (IO=3E8h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12;), and (IO=2E8h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12;).

►Serial Port 2 Configuration**Serial Port 2**

Select Enabled to enable the selected onboard serial port. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Device Settings

This feature displays the status of a serial port specified by the user.

Change Settings

This feature specifies the base I/O port address and the Interrupt Request address of a serial port specified by the user. Select Auto to allow the BIOS to automatically assign the base I/O and IRQ address. The options are **Auto**, (IO=2F8h; IRQ=3;), (IO=3F8h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12;), (IO=2F8h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12;), (IO=3E8h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12;), and (IO=2E8h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12;).

► Serial Port 3 Configuration

Serial Port 3

Select Enabled to enable the selected onboard serial port. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Device Settings

This feature displays the status of a serial port specified by the user.

Change Settings

This feature specifies the base I/O port address and the Interrupt Request address of a serial port specified by the user. Select Auto to allow the BIOS to automatically assign the base I/O and IRQ address. The options are **Auto**, (IO=3E8h; IRQ=7;), (IO=3E8h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12;), (IO=2E8h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12;), (IO=2F0h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12;), and (IO=2E0h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12;).

► Serial Port 4 Configuration

Serial Port 4

Select Enabled to enable the selected onboard serial port. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Device Settings

This feature displays the status of a serial port specified by the user.

Change Settings

This feature specifies the base I/O port address and the Interrupt Request address of a serial port specified by the user. Select Auto to allow the BIOS to automatically assign the base I/O and IRQ address. The options are **Auto**, (IO=2E8h; IRQ=7;), (IO=3E8h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12;), (IO=2E8h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12;), (IO=2F0h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12;), and (IO=2E0h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12;).

►AST2500SEC Super IO Configuration

AST2500SEC Super IO Configuration

Super IO Chip AST 2500SEC

►Serial Port 2 Configuration

Serial Port

Select Enabled to enable the selected onboard serial port. The options are Disabled and Enabled.

Device Settings

This feature displays the status of a serial port specified by the user.

Change Settings

This feature specifies the base I/O port address and the Interrupt Request address of a serial port specified by the user. Select Auto to allow the BIOS to automatically assign the base I/O and IRQ address. The options are **Auto**, (IO=248h; IRQ=10;), (IO=240h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12;), (IO=248h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12;), (IO=250h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12;), (IO=258h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12;), (IO=260h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12;), and (IO=268h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12;) .

COM Attribute

Use this feature to select the COM2 mode. The options are **SOL** and COM.

►Serial Port Console Redirection

COM1/COM2/COM3/COM4

Console Redirection

Select Enabled to enable COM ports 1-4 for Console Redirection, which will allow a client machine to be connected to a host machine at a remote site for networking. The options are Disabled and Enabled.

****If the feature above is set to Enabled, the following features will become available for configuration:***

► Console Redirection Settings

Terminal Type

This feature allows the user to select the target terminal emulation type for Console Redirection. Select VT100 to use the ASCII Character set. Select VT100+ to add color and function key support. Select ANSI to use the Extended ASCII Character Set. Select VT-UTF8 to use UTF8 encoding to map Unicode characters into one or more bytes. The options are VT100, **VT100+**, VT-UTF8, and ANSI.

Bits per second

Use this feature to set the transmission speed for a serial port used in Console Redirection. Make sure that the same speed is used in the host computer and the client computer. A lower transmission speed may be required for long and busy lines. The options are 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, and **115200** (bits per second).

Data Bits

Use this feature to set the data transmission size for Console Redirection. The options are 7 (Bits) and **8 (Bits)**.

Parity

A parity bit can be sent along with regular data bits to detect data transmission errors. Select Even if the parity bit is set to 0, and the number of 1's in data bits is even. Select Odd if the parity bit is set to 0, and the number of 1's in data bits is odd. Select None if you do not want to send a parity bit with your data bits in transmission. Select Mark to add a mark as a parity bit to be sent along with the data bits. Select Space to add a Space as a parity bit to be sent with your data bits. The options are **None**, Even, Odd, Mark, and Space.

Stop Bits

A stop bit indicates the end of a serial data packet. Select 1 Stop Bit for standard serial data communication. Select 2 Stop Bits if slower devices are used. The options are **1** and 2.

Flow Control

Use this feature to set the flow control for Console Redirection to prevent data loss caused by buffer overflow. Send a "Stop" signal to stop sending data when the receiving buffer is full. Send a "Start" signal to start sending data when the receiving buffer is empty. The options are **None** and Hardware RTS/CTS.

VT-UTF8 Combo Key Support

Select Enabled to enable VT-UTF8 Combination Key support for ANSI/VT100 terminals. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Recorder Mode

Select Enabled to capture the data displayed on a terminal and send it as text messages to a remote server. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Resolution 100x31

Select Enabled for extended-terminal resolution support. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Legacy OS Redirection Resolution

Use this feature to select the number of rows and columns used in Console Redirection for legacy OS support. The options are 80x24 and **80x25**.

Putty KeyPad

This feature selects Function Keys and KeyPad settings for Putty, which is a terminal emulator designed for the Windows OS. The options are **VT100**, LINUX, XTERMR6, SCO, ESCN, and VT400.

Redirection After BIOS POST

Use this feature to enable or disable legacy console redirection after BIOS POST. When set to BootLoader, legacy console redirection is disabled before booting the OS. When set to Always Enable, legacy console redirection remains enabled when booting the OS. The options are **Always Enable** and BootLoader.

SOL Console Redirection

Select Enabled to use the SOL port for Console Redirection. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

****If the feature above is set to Enabled, the following features are available for configuration:***

►Console Redirection Settings

Use this feature to specify how the host computer will exchange data with the client computer, which is the remote computer used by the user.

SOL**SOL Terminal Type**

Use this feature to select the target terminal emulation type for Console Redirection. Select VT100 to use the ASCII Character set. Select VT100+ to add color and function key support. Select ANSI to use the Extended ASCII Character Set. Select VT-UTF8 to use UTF8 encoding to map Unicode characters into one or more bytes. The options are VT100, **VT100+**, VT-UTF8, and ANSI.

SOL Bits per second

Use this feature to set the transmission speed for a serial port used in Console Redirection. Make sure that the same speed is used in the host computer and the client computer. A lower transmission speed may be required for long and busy lines. The options are 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, and **115200** (bits per second).

SOL Data Bits

Use this feature to set the data transmission size for Console Redirection. The options are 7 (Bits) and **8 (Bits)**.

SOL Parity

A parity bit can be sent along with regular data bits to detect data transmission errors. Select Even if the parity bit is set to 0, and the number of 1's in data bits is even. Select Odd if the parity bit is set to 0, and the number of 1's in data bits is odd. Select None if you do not want to send a parity bit with your data bits in transmission. Select Mark to add a mark as a parity bit to be sent along with the data bits. Select Space to add a Space as a parity bit to be sent with your data bits. The options are **None**, Even, Odd, Mark and Space.

SOL Stop Bits

A stop bit indicates the end of a serial data packet. Select 1 Stop Bit for standard serial data communication. Select 2 Stop Bits if slower devices are used. The options are **1** and 2.

SOL Flow Control

Use this feature to set the flow control for Console Redirection to prevent data loss caused by buffer overflow. Send a "Stop" signal to stop sending data when the receiving buffer is full. Send a "Start" signal to start sending data when the receiving buffer is empty. The options are **None** and Hardware RTS/CTS.

SOL VT-UTF8 Combo Key Support

Select Enabled to enable VT-UTF8 Combination Key support for ANSI/VT100 terminals. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

SOL Recorder Mode

Select Enabled to capture the data displayed on a terminal and send it as text messages to a remote server. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

SOL Resolution 100x31

Select Enabled for extended-terminal resolution support. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

SOL Legacy OS Redirection Resolution

Use this feature to select the number of rows and columns used in Console Redirection for legacy OS support. The options are 80x24 and **80x25**.

SOL Putty KeyPad

This feature selects Function Keys and KeyPad settings for Putty, which is a terminal emulator designed for the Windows OS. The options are **VT100**, LINUX, XTERMR6, SCO, ESCN, and VT400.

COM5 Redirection After BIOS POST

Use this feature to enable or disable legacy console redirection after BIOS POST. When set to BootLoader, legacy console redirection is disabled before booting the OS. When set to Always Enable, legacy console redirection remains enabled when booting the OS. The options are **Always Enable** and BootLoader.

Legacy Console Redirection

Redirection COM Port

Use this feature to select a COM port to display redirection of Legacy OS and Legacy OPRM messages. The options are **COM1**, COM2, COM3, COM4, SOL, and AMT SOL.

AMT SOL Console Redirection

Select Enabled to use the SOL port for Console Redirection. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

****If the feature above is set to Enabled, the following features are available for configuration:***

►AMT SOL Console Redirection Settings

Use this feature to specify how the host computer will exchange data with the client computer, which is the remote computer used by the user.

AMT SOL Terminal Type

Use this feature to select the target terminal emulation type for Console Redirection. Select VT100 to use the ASCII Character set. Select VT100+ to add color and function key support. Select ANSI to use the Extended ASCII Character Set. Select VT-UTF8 to use UTF8 encoding to map Unicode characters into one or more bytes. The options are VT100, **VT100+**, VT-UTF8, and ANSI.

AMT SOL Bits per second

Use this feature to set the transmission speed for a serial port used in Console Redirection. Make sure that the same speed is used in the host computer and the client computer. A lower transmission speed may be required for long and busy lines. The options are 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, and **115200** (bits per second).

AMT SOL Data Bits

Use this feature to set the data transmission size for Console Redirection. The options are 7 and 8.

AMT SOL Parity

A parity bit can be sent along with regular data bits to detect data transmission errors. Select Even if the parity bit is set to 0, and the number of 1's in data bits is even. Select Odd if the parity bit is set to 0, and the number of 1's in data bits is odd. Select None if you do not want to send a parity bit with your data bits in transmission. Select Mark to add a mark as a parity bit to be sent along with the data bits. Select Space to add a Space as a parity bit to be sent with your data bits. The options are **None**, Even, Odd, Mark and Space.

AMT SOL Stop Bits

A stop bit indicates the end of a serial data packet. Select 1 Stop Bit for standard serial data communication. Select 2 Stop Bits if slower devices are used. The options are **1** and **2**.

AMT SOL Flow Control

Use this feature to set the flow control for Console Redirection to prevent data loss caused by buffer overflow. Send a "Stop" signal to stop sending data when the receiving buffer is full. Send a "Start" signal to start sending data when the receiving buffer is empty. The options are **None** and Hardware RTS/CTS.

AMT SOL VT-UTF8 Combo Key Support

Select Enabled to enable VT-UTF8 Combination Key support for ANSI/VT100 terminals. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

AMT SOL Recorder Mode

Select Enabled to capture the data displayed on a terminal and send it as text messages to a remote server. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

AMT SOL Resolution 100x31

Select Enabled for extended-terminal resolution support. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

AMT SOL Legacy OS Redirection Resolution

Use this feature to select the number of rows and columns used in Console Redirection for legacy OS support. The options are 80x24 and **80x25**.

AMT SOL Putty KeyPad

This feature selects Function Keys and KeyPad settings for Putty, which is a terminal emulator designed for the Windows OS. The options are **VT100**, LINUX, XTERMR6, SCO, ESCN, and VT400.

AMT SOL Redirection After BIOS POST

Use this feature to enable or disable legacy console redirection after BIOS POST. When set to BootLoader, legacy console redirection is disabled before booting the OS. When set to Always Enable, legacy console redirection remains enabled when booting the OS. The options are **Always Enable** and BootLoader.

Serial Port for Out-of-Band Management/Windows Emergency Management Services (EMS)

Console Redirection

Select Enabled to use a COM port selected by the user for EMS Console Redirection. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

****If the feature above is set to Enabled, the following features are available for configuration:***

► Console Redirection Settings

This feature allows the user to specify how the host computer will exchange data with the client computer, which is the remote computer used by the user.

Out-of-Band Mgmt Port

The feature selects a serial port in a client server to be used by the Microsoft Windows Emergency Management Services (EMS) to communicate with a remote host server. The options are **COM1**, COM2, COM3, COM4, SOL, and AMT SOL.

Terminal Type

Use this feature to select the target terminal emulation type for Console Redirection. Select VT100 to use the ASCII character set. Select VT100+ to add color and function key support. Select ANSI to use the extended ASCII character set. Select VT-UTF8 to use UTF8 encoding to map Unicode characters into one or more bytes. The options are VT100, VT100+, **VT-UTF8**, and ANSI.

Bits per second

This feature sets the transmission speed for a serial port used in Console Redirection. Make sure that the same speed is used in the host computer and the client computer. A lower transmission speed may be required for long and busy lines. The options are 9600, 19200, 57600, and **115200** (bits per second).

Flow Control

Use this feature to set the flow control for Console Redirection to prevent data loss caused by buffer overflow. Send a "Stop" signal to stop sending data when the receiving buffer is full. Send a "Start" signal to start sending data when the receiving buffer is empty. The options are **None**, Hardware RTS/CTS, and Software Xon/Xoff.

Data Bits

Parity

Stop Bits

► SATA And RST Configuration

SATA Controller(s)

This feature enables or disables the onboard SATA controller supported by the Intel PCH chip. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled.

SATA Mode Selection

Select AHCI to configure a SATA drive specified by the user as an AHCI drive. Select RAID to configure a SATA drive specified by the user as a RAID drive. The options are **AHCI** and RAID.

Aggressive LPM Support

When this feature is set to Enable, the SATA AHCI controller manages the power usage of the SATA link. The controller will put the link in a low power mode during extended periods of I/O inactivity, and will return the link to an active state when I/O activity resumes. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Storage Option ROM/UEFI Driver

Select UEFI to load the EFI driver for system boot. Select Legacy to load a legacy driver for system boot. The options are Do not Launch, EFI, and **Legacy**.

Serial ATA Port 0~7

This feature displays the information detected on the installed SATA drive on the particular SATA port.

- Model number of drive and capacity
- Software Preserve Support

Serial ATA Port 0~7 Hot Plug

Set this feature to Enable for hot plug support, which will allow the user to replace a SATA drive without shutting down the system. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Serial ATA Port 0~7 Spin Up Device

Set this feature to enable or disable the PCH to initialize the device. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Serial ATA Port 0~7 SATA Device Type

Use this feature to specify if the SATA port specified by the user should be connected to a Solid State Drive or a Hard Disk Drive. The options are **Hard Disk Drive** and Solid State Drive.

►PCH-FW Configuration

ME Firmware Version: 12.0.3.1091

ME Firmware Mode: Normal Mode

ME Firmware SKU: Corporate SKU

ME FW Image Re-Flash

Use this feature to update the Management Engine firmware. The options are **Disabled** and **Enabled**.

Manageability Features State

Enabled this feature to allow system administrators to configure the ME BIOS extension (MEBx) configuration settings. The options are **Disabled** and **Enabled**.

AMT BIOS Features

Disable this feature to deny access to the MEBx setup. The options are **Disabled** and **Enabled**.

****If the feature "AMT BIOS Features" is set to Enabled, the AMT Configuration submenu will be available for configuration:***

►AMT Configuration

ASF support

Use this feature to enable or disable Alert Standard Format support. This feature sends an alert about a potential issue when the operating system is in a sleep state. The options are **Disabled** and **Enabled**.

USB Provisioning of AMT

Use this feature to enable or disable USB provisioning. The options are **Disabled** and **Enabled**.

►CIRCA Configuration

Activate Remote Assistance Process

Use this feature to activate Remote Assistance. Enabling this feature will also trigger the CIRCA boot. The options are **Disabled** and **Enabled**.

****If the feature "Activate Remote Assistance Process" above is set to Enabled, the feature below will be available for configuration:***

CIRCA Timeout

Use this feature to set the timeout value for MPS connection. Use 0 for the default timeout value of 60 seconds.

►ASF Configuration

PET Progress

Use this feature to enable or disable PET Events Progress to receive PET Events alerts. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

WatchDog

Select Enabled to allow AMT to reset or power down the system if the operating system or BIOS hangs or crashes. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

OS Timer / BIOS Timer

These options appear if Watch Dog (above) is enabled. This is a timed delay in seconds, before a system power down or reset after a BIOS or operating system failure is detected. Enter the value in seconds.

ASF Sensors Table

Enable this feature for the ASF Sensor Table to be added into the ASF! ACPI table. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

►Secure Erase Configuration

Secure Erase mode

Select Real to securely erase a solid state drive. The options are **Simulated** and Real.

Force Secure Erase

Select Enabled to force a secure erase of the solid state drive on the next boot. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

►OEM Flags Settings

MEBx hotkey Pressed

Use this feature to specify whether the MEBx hotkey should be enabled during the system boot. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

MEBx Selection Screen

Use this feature to select the type of MEBx selection screen. Press 1 to enter the ME Configuration screen and 2 to initiate a remote connection. Network access must be activated for a remote connection. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Hide Unconfigure ME Confirmation Prompt

Use this feature to hide the unconfigure ME confirmation prompt . The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

MEBx OEM Debug Menu Enable

Use this feature to enable or disable the OEM debug menu in MEBx. The options are **Disabled** and **Enabled**.

Unconfigure ME

Use this feature to reset the MEBx password to default. The options are **Disabled** and **Enabled**.

►MEBx Resolution Settings**Non-UI Mode Resolution**

Use this feature to specify the resolution for the non-UI text mode. The options are **Auto**, 80x25, and 100x31.

UI Mode Resolution

Use this feature to specify the resolution for the UI text mode. The options are **Auto**, 80x25, and 100x31.

Graphics Mode Resolution

Use this feature to specify the resolution for the graphics mode. The options are **Auto**, 640x480, 800x600, 1024x768.

►ACPI Settings**ACPI Sleep State**

Use this feature to select the ACPI Sleep State that the system will enter into when the suspend button is activated. The options are Suspend Disabled and **S3 (Suspend to RAM)**.

WHEA Support

Select Enabled to support the Windows Hardware Error Architecture (WHEA) platform and provide a common infrastructure for the system to handle hardware errors within the Windows OS environment in order to reduce system crashes and enhance system recovery and health monitoring. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

High Precision Event Timer

Select Enabled to activate the High Precision Event Timer (HPET) that produces periodic interrupts at a much higher frequency than a Real-time Clock (RTC) does in synchronizing multimedia streams, providing smooth playback and reducing the dependency on other timestamp calculation devices, such as an x86 RDTSC Instruction embedded in the CPU. The High Performance Event Timer is used to replace the 8254 Programmable Interval Timer. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Native PCIE Enable

Enable this feature to grant control of PCI Express Native hot plug, PCI Express Power Management Events, and PCI Express Capability Structure Control. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Native ASPM

Select Enabled for the operating system to control the ASPM, or Disabled for the BIOS to control the ASPM. The options are Auto, Enabled, and **Disabled**.

►USB Configuration

USB Configuration

USB Module Version: 21

USB Controllers: 2 XHCIs

USB Devices: (2 Keyboards, 2 Mice, 2 Hubs)

Select Enabled to support onboard legacy USB devices. Select Auto to disable legacy support if there are no legacy USB devices present. Select Disable to have all USB devices available for EFI applications only. The options are **Enabled**, Disabled, and Auto.

XHCI Hand-off

This is a work-around solution for operating systems that do not support XHCI (Extensible Host Controller Interface) hand-off. The XHCI ownership change should be claimed by the XHCI driver. The settings are **Enabled** and Disabled.

USB Mass Storage Driver Support

Select Enabled for USB mass storage device support. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Port 60/64 Emulation

Select Enabled for I/O port 60h/64h emulation support, which in turn, will provide complete legacy USB keyboard support for the operating systems that do not support legacy USB devices. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

►Fan Control

Fan Control Setting

Fan Speed Control Mode

Use this feature to set the fan speed control mode. The options are Full Speed, Heavy I/O, Standard, **Optimal**, and PUE.

► PCIe/PCI/PnP Configuration

Option ROM execution

Video

Use this feature to select the execution of the video OpROM. The options are Do not launch, UEFI, and **Legacy**.

PCI PERR/SERR Support

Use this feature to enable or disable the runtime event for PCI errors. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Above 4G MMIO BIOS Assignment

Select Enabled to decode a PCI device that supports 64-bit in the space above 4G Address. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

BME DMA Mitigation

Enable this feature to help block DMA attacks. The options are Enable and **Disable**.

Onboard Video Option ROM (available on X11SCZ-F)

Use this feature to select which firmware function to be loaded for LAN Port1 used for system boot. The options are Disabled, **Legacy**, and EFI.

PCIe/PCI/PnP Configuration

PCH SLOT4 PCI-E 3.0 X4 (IN X8) OPROM

Use this feature to select which firmware to be loaded for the add-on card in this slot. The options are Disabled, **Legacy**, and EFI.

CPU SLOT6 PCI-E 3.0 X16 OPROM

Use this feature to select which firmware to be loaded for the add-on card in this slot. The options are Disabled, **Legacy**, and EFI.

PCH SLOT7 PCI-E 3.0 X4 (IN X8) OPROM

Use this feature to select which firmware to be loaded for the add-on card in this slot. The options are Disabled, **Legacy**, and EFI.

PCI-E M.2-M1 OPROM

Use this feature to select which firmware to be loaded for the add-on card in this slot. The options are Disabled, **Legacy**, and EFI.

Onboard LAN1 SUPPORT

Use this feature to select which firmware to be loaded for LAN Port1 used for system boot. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Onboard LAN Option ROM Type

Use this feature to select which firmware to be loaded for onboard LAN devices. The options **Legacy** and EFI. Select Legacy to display and configure the Onboard LAN1 ~ LAN8 Option ROM features.

Onboard LAN1 Option ROM

Use this feature to select which firmware function to be loaded for LAN Port1 used for system boot. The options are Disabled and **PXE**.

Onboard LAN2 Option ROM

Use this feature to select which firmware function to be loaded for LAN Port2 used for system boot. The options are **Disabled**, PXE, and iSCSI.

Network Stack

Select Enabled to enable PXE (Preboot Execution Environment) or UEFI (Unified Extensible Firmware Interface) for network stack support. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled.

****If the feature above is set to Enabled, the next seven features will be available for configuration:***

Ipv4 PXE Support

Select Enabled to enable IPv4 PXE boot support. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Ipv4 HTTP Support

Select Enabled to enable IPv4 HTTP boot support. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Ipv6 PXE Support

Select Enabled to enable IPv6 PXE boot support. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Ipv6 HTTP Support

Select Enabled to enable IPv6 HTTP boot support. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

IPSEC Certificate

The feature appears if Network Stack is enabled. Internet Protocol Security (IPSEC) offers a secure connection for remote computers using a secure tunnel. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled.

PXE boot wait time

Use this feature to specify the wait time to press the ESC key to abort the PXE boot. Press "+" or "-" on your keyboard to change the value. The default setting is **0**.

Media detect count

Use this option to specify the number of times media will be checked. Press "+" or "-" on your keyboard to change the value. The default setting is **1**.

► HTTP BOOT Configuration

HTTP BOOT Configuration

Http Boot One Time

Use this feature to create the HTTP boot option. The options are **Disabled** and **Enable**.

Input the description

Highlight the feature and press enter to create a description.

Boot URI

Highlight the feature and press enter to create a boot URI.

► Trusted Computing

****The features in the Trusted Computing section on this page are displayed if a TPM 1.2 module is detected:***

Configuration

Security Device Support

If this feature and the TPM jumper on the motherboard are both set to **Enabled**, onboard security devices will be enabled for TPM support to enhance data integrity and network security. Please reboot the system for a change on this setting to take effect. The options are **Disable** and **Enable**.

TPM State

Select **Enabled** to use TPM (Trusted Platform Module) settings to enhance system data security. Please reboot your system for any change on the TPM state to take effect. The options are **Disabled** and **Enabled**.

Pending Operation

Use this feature to schedule a TPM-related operation to be performed by a security device for system data integrity. Your system will reboot to carry out a pending TPM operation. The options are **None** and **TPM Clear**.

Note: Your system will reboot to carry out a pending TPM operation.

Device Select

Use this feature to select the TPM version. TPM 1.2 will restrict support to TPM 1.2 devices. TPM 2.0 will restrict support for TPM 2.0 devices. Select Auto to enable support for both versions. The default setting is **Auto**.

Current Status Information

This feature displays the status of the TPM support on this motherboard.

- TPM Enabled Status
- TPM Active Status
- TPM Owner Status

SMCI BIOS-Based TPM Provision Support (not available on the -F SKU)

Use feature to enable the Supermicro TPM Provision support. The options are Disabled and Enabled.

TXT Support

Intel TXT (Trusted Execution Technology) helps protect against software-based attacks and ensures protection, confidentiality and integrity of data stored or created on the system. Use this feature to enable or disable TXT Support. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

****The features in the Trusted Computing section on this page and the next are displayed if a TPM 2.0 module is detected:***

TPM20 Device Found

Firmware Version: 5.51

Vendor: IFX

Security Device Support

If this feature and the TPM jumper on the motherboard are both set to Enabled, onboard security devices will be enabled for TPM support to enhance data integrity and network security. Please reboot the system for a change on this setting to take effect. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

The following TPM information will be displayed:

- Active PCR banks
- Available PCR banks

****If the feature "Security Device Support" is enabled, the following features are available for configuration:***

SHA-1 PCR Bank

Use this feature to disable or enable the SHA-1 Platform Configuration Register (PCR) bank for the installed TPM device. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

SHA256 PCR Bank

Use this feature to disable or enable the SHA256 Platform Configuration Register (PCR) bank for the installed TPM device. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Pending operation

Use this feature to schedule a TPM-related operation to be performed by a security device for system data integrity. Your system will reboot to carry out a pending TPM operation. The options are **None** and TPM Clear.

Platform Hierarchy

Use this feature to disable or enable platform hierarchy for platform protection. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Storage Hierarchy

Use this feature to disable or enable storage hierarchy for cryptographic protection. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Endorsement Hierarchy

Use this feature to disable or enable endorsement hierarchy for privacy control. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

TPM2.0 UEFI Spec Version

Use this feature to specify the TPM UEFI spec version. TCG 1.2 has support for Windows® 2012, Windows 8, and Windows 10. TCG 2 has support for Windows 10 or later. The options are TCG_1_2 and **TCG_2**.

Physical Presence Spec Version

Use this feature to select the PPI spec version. The options are 1.2 and **1.3**.

PH Randomization

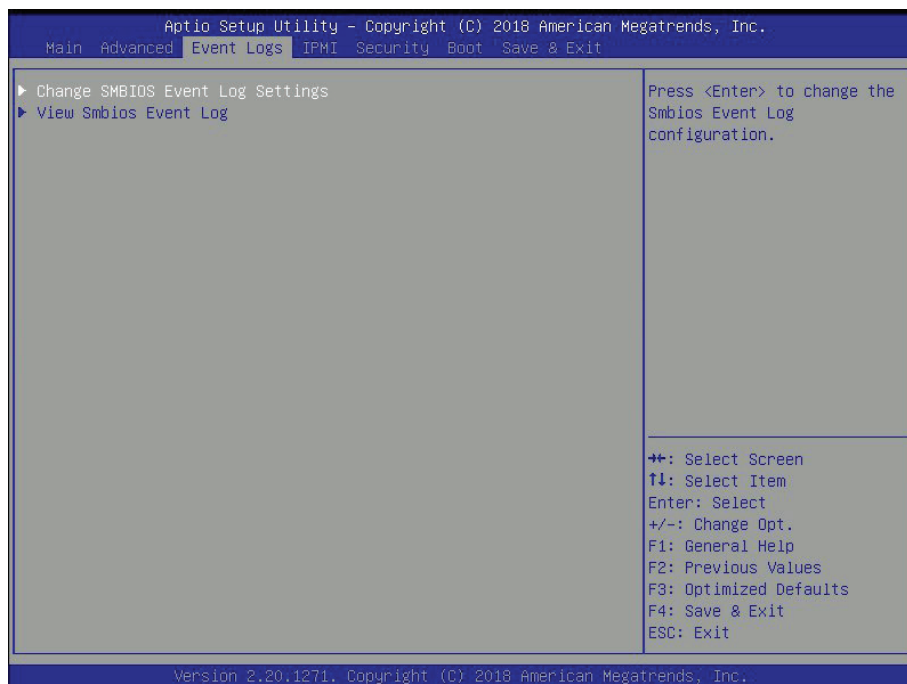
Use this feature to disable or enable Platform Hierarchy (PH) Randomization. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Device Select

Use this feature to select the TPM version. TPM 1.2 will restrict support to TPM 1.2 devices. TPM 2.0 will restrict support for TPM 2.0 devices. Select Auto to enable support for both versions. The options are TPM 1.2, TPM 2.0, **Auto**.

6.4 Event Logs

Use this menu to configure event log settings.



► Change SMBIOS Event Log Settings

Enabling/Disabling Options

SMBIOS Event Log

Change this feature to enable or disable all features of the SMBIOS Event Logging during system boot. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Erasing Settings

Erase Event Log

Select Enabled to erase all error events in the SMBIOS (System Management BIOS) log before an event logging is initialized at bootup. The options are **No**, Yes, Next reset, and Yes, Every reset.

When Log is Full

Select Erase Immediately to immediately erase all errors in the SMBIOS event log when the event log is full. Select Do Nothing for the system to do nothing when the SMBIOS event log is full. The options are **Do Nothing** and Erase Immediately.

SMBIOS Event Log Standard Settings

Log System Boot Event

Select Enabled to log system boot events. The options are Enabled and **Disabled**.

MECI (Multiple Event Count Increment)

Enter the increment value for the multiple event counter. Enter a number between 1 to 255. The default setting is **1**.

METW (Multiple Event Count Time Window)

This feature is used to determine how long (in minutes) should the multiple event counter wait before generating a new event log. Enter a number between 0 to 99. The default setting is **60**.

Note: Please reboot the system for the changes to take effect.

►View Smbios Event Log

This feature allows the user to view the event in the SMBIOS event log. The following categories are displayed:

DATE/TIME/ERROR CODE/SEVERITY

6.5 IPMI

Use this menu to configure Intelligent Platform Management Interface (IPMI) settings.



BMC Firmware Revision

This feature indicates the IPMI firmware revision in your system.

IPMI STATUS

This feature indicates the status of the IPMI firmware installed in your system.

► System Event Log

Enabling/Disabling Options

SEL Components

Select Enabled for all system event logging at bootup. The options are Disabled and Enabled.

Erasing Settings

Erase SEL

Select Yes, On next reset to erase all system event logs upon next system reboot. Select Yes, On every reset to erase all system event logs upon each system reboot. Select No to keep all system event logs after each system reboot. The options are **No**, Yes, On next reset, and Yes, On every reset.

When SEL is Full

This feature allows the user to determine what the BIOS should do when the system event log is full. Select Erase Immediately to erase all events in the log when the system event log is full. The options are **Do Nothing** and Erase Immediately.

Note: After making changes on a setting, be sure to reboot the system for the changes to take effect.

► BMC Network Configuration

BMC network configuration

Configure IPV4 support

IPMI LAN Selection

This feature displays the IPMI LAN setting. The default setting is **Failover**.

IPMI Network Link Status

This feature displays the IPMI Network Link status. The default setting is **Dedicated LAN**.

Update IPMI LAN Configuration

Select Yes for the BIOS to implement all IP/MAC address changes at the next system boot. The options are **No** and Yes.

****If the feature above is set to Yes, the Configuration Address Source and VLAN features are available for configuration:***

Configuration Address Source

Use this feature to select the source of the IP address for this computer. If Static is selected, you will need to know the IP address of this computer and enter it to the system manually in the field. If DHCP is selected, the BIOS will search for a DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) server in the network that is attached to and request the next available IP address for this computer. The options are **DHCP** and Static.

****If the feature above is set to Static, the Station IP Address/Subnet Mask/Gateway IP Address features are available for configuration:***

Station IP Address

This feature displays the Station IP address for this computer. This should be in decimal and in dotted quad form (i.e., 192.168.10.253).

Subnet Mask

This feature displays the sub-network that this computer belongs to. The value of each three-digit number separated by dots should not exceed 255.

Station MAC Address

This feature displays the Station MAC address for this computer. Mac addresses are 6 two-digit hexadecimal numbers.

Gateway IP Address

This feature displays the Gateway IP address for this computer. This should be in decimal and in dotted quad form (i.e., 192.168.10.253).

VLAN

This feature is configurable if the Update IPMI LAN Configuration feature is set to Yes. Use this feature to enable or disable the IPMI VLAN function. The options are **Disable** and **Enable**.

****If the feature above is set to Enable, the VLAN ID feature below is available for configuration:***

VLAN ID

Use this feature to select a value for VLAN ID.

Configure IPV6 support**IPV6 Support**

Use this feature to enable IPV6 support. The options are **Enabled** and **Disabled**.

Configuration Address Source

Use this feature to select the source of the IP address for this computer. If Static is selected, you will need to know the IP address of this computer and enter it to the system manually in the field. If DHCP is selected, the BIOS will search for a DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) server in the network that is attached to and request the next available IP address for this computer. The options are Unspecified, Static, and **DHCP**.

****If the feature above is set to Static, the Station IP Address/Prefix Length/IPV6 Router1 IP Address features are available for configuration:***

Station IPV6 Address

Use this feature to enter the IPV6 address.

Prefix Length

Use this feature to change the prefix length.

IPV6 Router1 IP Address

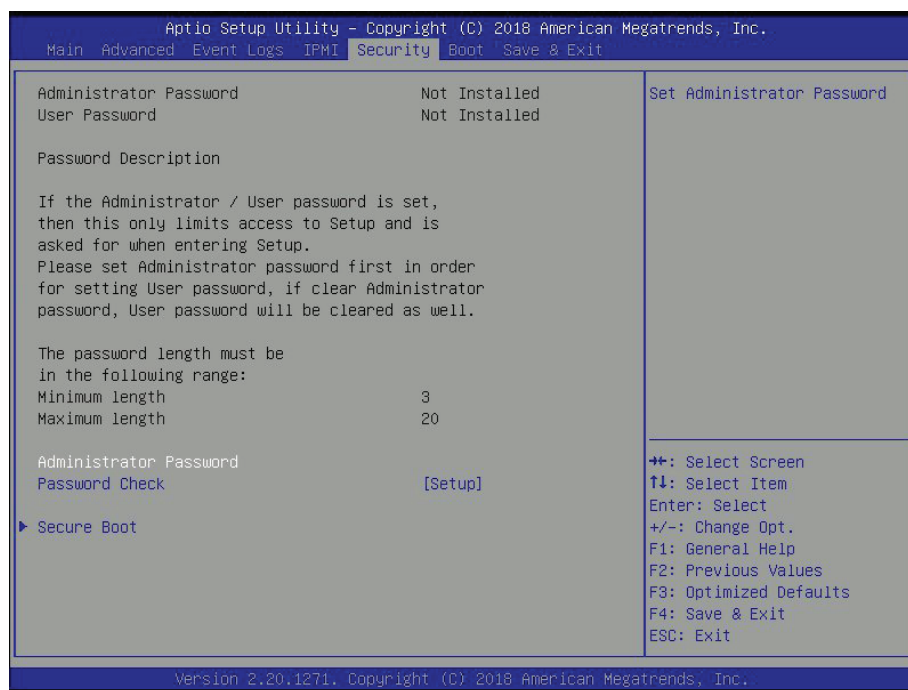
Use this feature to change the IPV6 Router1 IP address.

IPMI Extended Instruction

Use this feature to enable IPMI support. The options are Enabled and Disabled. When Disabled, the system powers on quickly by removing BIOS support for extended IPMI features. The Disable option is for applications that require faster power on time without using Supermicro Update Manager (SUM) or extended IPMI features. The BMC network configuration in the BIOS setup is also invalid when IPMI Function Support is disabled. The general BMC function and motherboard health monitor such as fan control are still functioning even when this option is disabled.

6.6 Security

Use this menu to configure the security settings for the system.



Administrator Password

Use this feature to set the administrator password which is required to enter the BIOS setup utility. The length of the password should be from 3 characters to 20 characters long.

Password Check

Select Setup for the system to check for a password at Setup. Select Always for the system to check for a password at bootup or upon entering the BIOS Setup utility. The options are **Setup** and Always.

▶ Secure Boot

System Mode

Secure Boot

Attempt Secure Boot

Select Enable for secure boot support to ensure system security at bootup. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Secure Boot Mode

This feature allows the user to select the desired secure boot mode for the system. The options are Standard and **Customized**.

****If Secure Boot Mode is set to Customized, Key Management features are available for configuration:***

CSM Support

This feature is for manufacturing debugging purposes.

► Key Management

Vendor Keys

Provision Factory Default keys

Select Enabled to install the default Secure Boot keys set by the manufacturer. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

****If the feature above is set to Enabled, the next four features are available for configuration:***

► Install Factory Default Keys

Select Yes to install all factory keys to the default settings. The options are Yes and No.

► Reset to Setup Mode

Select Yes to delete all Secure Boot key databases and force the system to Setup Mode. The options are Yes and No.

► Save all Secure Boot variables

Use this feature to copy the NVRAM contents of the secure boot variables to a file.

► Enroll Efi Image

This feature allows the image to run in Secure Boot mode.

Device Guard Ready

► Remove 'UEFI CA' from DB

Use this feature to remove the Microsoft UEFI CA certificate from the database. The options are Yes and No.

► Restore DB defaults

Select Yes to restore all DBs to the default settings. The options are Yes and No.

Secure Boot variable

► Platform Key (PK)

This feature allows the user to configure the settings of the platform keys.

Details

Select this feature to view the details of the Platform Key.

Export

Select Yes to export a PK from a file on an external media.

Update

Select Yes to load a factory default PK or No to load from a file on an external media.

Delete

Select Ok to remove the PK and then the system will reset to Setup/Audit Mode.

► Key Exchange Keys

Details

Select this feature to view the details of the Key Exchange Key.

Export

Select Yes to export a KEK from a file on an external media.

Update

Select Yes to load a factory default KEK or No to load from a file on an external media.

Append

Select Yes to add the KEK from the manufacturer's defaults list to the existing KEK. Select No to load the KEK from a file. The options are Yes and No.

Delete

Select Ok to remove the KEK and then the system will reset to Setup/Audit Mode.

► Authorized Signatures

Details

Select this feature to view the details of the db.

Export

Select Yes to export a db from a file on an external media.

Update

Select Yes to load a factory default db or No to load from a file on an external media.

Append

Select Yes to add the db from the manufacturer's defaults list to the existing db. Select No to load the db from a file. The options are Yes and No.

Delete

Select Ok to remove the db and then the system will reset to Setup/Audit Mode.

► Forbidden Signatures**Details**

Select this feature to view the details of the dbx.

Export

Select Yes to export a dbx from a file on an external media.

Update

Select Yes to load a factory default dbx or No to load from a file on an external media.

Append

Select Yes to add the dbx from the manufacturer's defaults list to the existing dbx. Select No to load the dbx from a file. The options are Yes and No.

Delete

Select Ok to remove the dbx and then the system will reset to Setup/Audit Mode.

► Authorized TimeStamps**Details**

Select this feature to view the details of the dbt.

Export

Select Yes to export a dbt from a file on an external media.

Update

Select Yes to load a factory default dbt or No to load from a file on an external media.

Append

Select Yes to add the dbt from the manufacturer's defaults list to the existing dbt. Select No to load the dbt from a file. The options are Yes and No.

Delete

Select Ok to remove the dbt and then the system will reset to Setup/Audit Mode.

► **OsRecovery Signatures**

Details

Select this feature to view the details of the dbr.

Export

Select Yes to export a dbr from a file on an external media.

Update

Select Yes to load a factory default dbr or No to load from a file on an external media.

Append

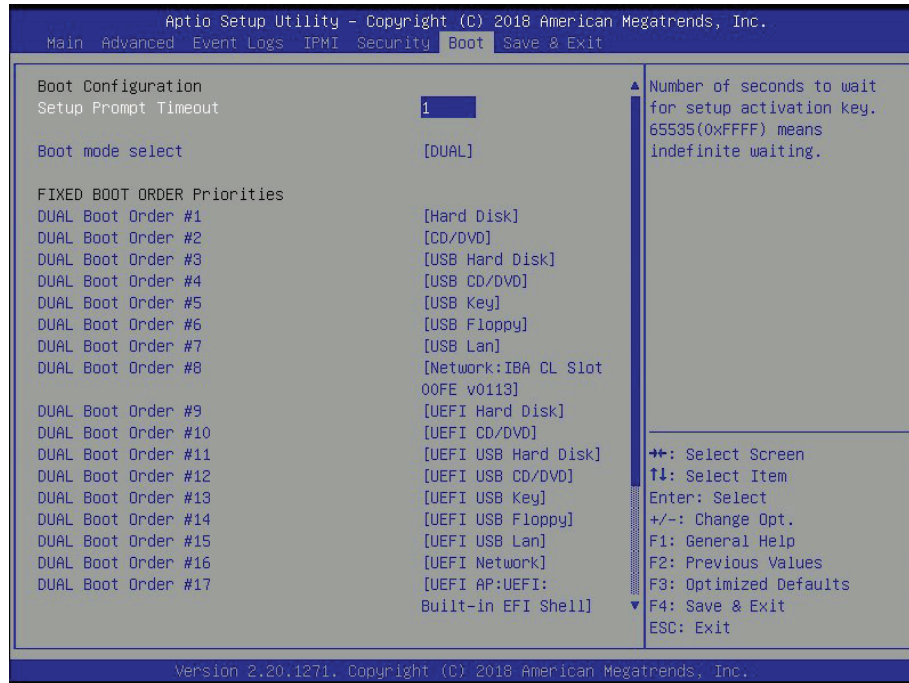
Select Yes to add the dbr from the manufacturer's defaults list to the existing dbr. Select No to load the dbr from a file. The options are Yes and No.

Delete

Select Ok to remove the dbr and then the system will reset to Setup/Audit Mode.

6.7 Boot

Use this menu to configure boot settings.



Setup Prompt Timeout

Use this feature to specify the length of time (the number of seconds) for the BIOS to wait before rebooting the system when the setup activation key is pressed. Enter the value of 65535 (0xFFFF) for the BIOS to wait indefinitely. The default setting is **1**.

Boot mode select

Use this feature to select the boot mode. The options are LEGACY, UEFI, and **DUAL**.

Fixed BOOT ORDER Priorities

This option prioritizes the order of bootable devices that the system to boot from. Press <Enter> on each entry from top to bottom to select devices.

- LEGACY/UEFI/DUAL Boot Order #1
- LEGACY/UEFI/DUAL Boot Order #2
- LEGACY/UEFI/DUAL Boot Order #3
- LEGACY/UEFI/DUAL Boot Order #4
- LEGACY/UEFI/DUAL Boot Order #5
- LEGACY/UEFI/DUAL Boot Order #6

- LEGACY/UEFI/DUAL Boot Order #7
- LEGACY/UEFI/DUAL Boot Order #8
- LEGACY/UEFI/DUAL Boot Order #9
- LEGACY/UEFI/DUAL Boot Order #10
- LEGACY/UEFI/DUAL Boot Order #11
- LEGACY/UEFI/DUAL Boot Order #12
- LEGACY/UEFI/DUAL Boot Order #13
- LEGACY/UEFI/DUAL Boot Order #14
- LEGACY/UEFI/DUAL Boot Order #15
- LEGACY/UEFI/DUAL Boot Order #16
- LEGACY/UEFI/DUAL Boot Order #17

► **Delete Boot Option**

Use this feature to select a boot device to delete from the boot priority list.

► **Delete Driver Option**

Use this feature to remove an EFI driver option from the driver order.

► **UEFI Application Boot Priorities**

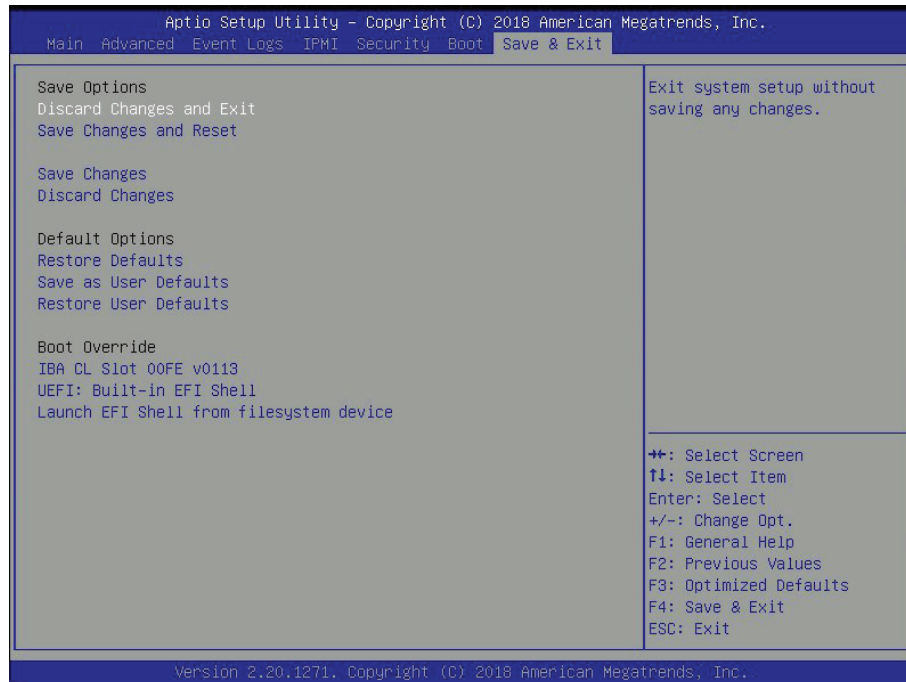
- Boot Option # - This feature sets the system boot order of detected devices. The options are **[the list of detected boot device(s)]** and Disabled.

► **NETWORK Drive BBS Priorities**

- Boot Option # - This feature sets the system boot order of detected devices. The options are **[the list of detected boot device(s)]** and Disabled.

6.8 Save & Exit

Use this menu to configure save and exit settings.



Save Options

Discard Changes and Exit

Select this option to quit the BIOS Setup without making any permanent changes to the system configuration and reboot the computer. Select Discard Changes and Exit from the Exit menu and press <Enter>.

Save Changes and Reset

When you have completed the system configuration changes, select this option to save all changes made and reset the system.

Save Changes

When you have completed the system configuration changes, select this option to save all changes made. This will not reset (reboot) the system.

Discard Changes

Select this option and press <Enter> to discard all the changes and return to the AMI BIOS Utility Program.

Default Options

Restore Defaults

To set this feature, select Restore Optimized Defaults and press <Enter>. These are factory settings designed for maximum system performance but not for maximum stability.

Save as User Defaults

To set this feature, select Save as User Defaults from the Exit menu and press <Enter>. This enables the user to save any changes to the BIOS setup for future use.

Restore User Defaults

To set this feature, select Restore User Defaults from the Exit menu and press <Enter>. Use this feature to retrieve user-defined settings that were saved previously.

Boot Override

Other boot options are listed in this section. The system will boot to the selected boot option.

IBA GE Slot 00FE v0113

UEFI: Built-in EFI Shell

Launch EFI Shell from filesystem device

Appendix A

BIOS Codes

A.1 BIOS Error POST (Beep) Codes

During the POST (Power-On Self-Test) routines, which are performed each time the system is powered on, errors may occur.

Non-fatal errors are those which, in most cases, allow the system to continue the boot-up process. The error messages normally appear on the screen.

Fatal errors are those which will not allow the system to continue the boot-up procedure. If a fatal error occurs, you should consult with your system manufacturer for possible repairs.

These fatal errors are usually communicated through a series of audible beeps. The table shown below lists some common errors and their corresponding beep codes encountered by users.

BIOS Beep (POST) Codes		
Beep Code	Error Message	Description
1 beep	Refresh	Circuits have been reset (Ready to power up)
5 short, 1 long	Memory error	No memory detected in system
5 long, 2 short	Display memory read/write error	Video adapter missing or with faulty memory
1 long continuous	System OH	System overheat condition

A.2 Additional BIOS POST Codes

The AMI BIOS supplies additional checkpoint codes, which are documented online at <http://www.supermicro.com/support/manuals/> ("AMI BIOS POST Codes User's Guide").

When BIOS performs the Power On Self Test, it writes checkpoint codes to I/O port 0080h. If the computer cannot complete the boot process, a diagnostic card can be attached to the computer to read I/O port 0080h (Supermicro p/n AOC-LPC80-20).

For information on AMI updates, please refer to <http://www.ami.com/products/>.

Appendix B

Standardized Warning Statements for AC Systems

B.1 About Standardized Warning Statements

The following statements are industry standard warnings, provided to warn the user of situations which have the potential for bodily injury. Should you have questions or experience difficulty, contact Supermicro's Technical Support department for assistance. Only certified technicians should attempt to install or configure components.

Read this appendix in its entirety before installing or configuring components in the Supermicro chassis.

These warnings may also be found on our website at http://www.supermicro.com/about/policies/safety_information.cfm.

Warning Definition



Warning! This warning symbol means danger. You are in a situation that could cause bodily injury. Before you work on any equipment, be aware of the hazards involved with electrical circuitry and be familiar with standard practices for preventing accidents.

警告の定義

この警告サインは危険を意味します。

人身事故につながる可能性がありますので、いずれの機器でも動作させる前に、電気回路に含まれる危険性に注意して、標準的な事故防止策に精通して下さい。

此警告符号代表危險。

您正处于可能受到严重伤害的工作环境中。在您使用设备开始工作之前，必须充分意识到触电的危险，并熟练掌握防止事故发生的标准工作程序。请根据每项警告结尾的声明号码找到此设备的安全性警告说明的翻译文本。

此警告符號代表危險。

您正處於可能身體可能會受損傷的工作環境中。在您使用任何設備之前，請注意觸電的危險，並且要熟悉預防事故發生的標準工作程序。請依照每一注意事項後的號碼找到相關的翻譯說明內容。

Warnung

WICHTIGE SICHERHEITSHINWEISE

Dieses Warnsymbol bedeutet Gefahr. Sie befinden sich in einer Situation, die zu Verletzungen führen kann. Machen Sie sich vor der Arbeit mit Geräten mit den Gefahren elektrischer Schaltungen und den üblichen Verfahren zur Vorbeugung vor Unfällen vertraut. Suchen Sie mit der am Ende jeder Warnung angegebenen Anweisungsnummer nach der jeweiligen Übersetzung in den übersetzten Sicherheitshinweisen, die zusammen mit diesem Gerät ausgeliefert wurden.

BEWAHREN SIE DIESE HINWEISE GUT AUF.

INSTRUCCIONES IMPORTANTES DE SEGURIDAD

Este símbolo de aviso indica peligro. Existe riesgo para su integridad física. Antes de manipular cualquier equipo, considere los riesgos de la corriente eléctrica y familiarícese con los procedimientos estándar de prevención de accidentes. Al final de cada advertencia encontrará el número que le ayudará a encontrar el texto traducido en el apartado de traducciones que acompaña a este dispositivo.

GUARDE ESTAS INSTRUCCIONES.

IMPORTANTES INFORMATIONS DE SÉCURITÉ

Ce symbole d'avertissement indique un danger. Vous vous trouvez dans une situation pouvant entraîner des blessures ou des dommages corporels. Avant de travailler sur un équipement, soyez conscient des dangers liés aux circuits électriques et familiarisez-vous avec les procédures couramment utilisées pour éviter les accidents. Pour prendre connaissance des traductions des avertissements figurant dans les consignes de sécurité traduites qui accompagnent cet appareil, référez-vous au numéro de l'instruction situé à la fin de chaque avertissement.

CONSERVEZ CES INFORMATIONS.

תקנון הזהרות אזהרה

הזהרות הבאות הן אזהרות על פי תקני התעשייה, על מנת להזהיר את המשתמש מפני חבלה פיזית אפשרית. במידה ויש שאלות או היתקלות בבעיה כלשהי, יש ליצור קשר עם מחלקת תמיכה טכנית של סופרמיקרו. טכנאים מוסמכים בלבד רשאים להתקין או להגדיר את הרכיבים. יש לקרוא את הנספח במלואו לפני התקנת או הגדרת הרכיבים במארזי סופרמיקרו.

اَكْ ف حالة وُكِي اَي تتسبب ف اصابة جسدهُ هذا الزهرز عُ خطر! تحذُرُ .
 قبل اَي تعول على اَي هعدات، كي على علن بالوخاطز ال اُجوة عي الذوائر
 الكهزبائِة
 وكي على دراهُ بالووارسات البقائِة لو عُ وقع اَي حادث
 استخدم رقن الب اِي الو صُص ف هَّاهُ كل تحذُر للعشر تزجوتها

안전을 위한 주의사항

경고!

이 경고 기호는 위험이 있음을 알려 줍니다. 작업자의 신체에 부상을 야기 할 수 있는
 상태에 있게 됩니다. 모든 장비에 대한 작업을 수행하기 전에 전기회로와 관련된
 위험요소들을 확인하시고 사전에 사고를 방지할 수 있도록 표준 작업절차를 준수해 주시기
 바랍니다.

해당 번역문을 찾기 위해 각 경고의 마지막 부분에 제공된 경고문 번호를 참조하십시오

BELANGRIJKE VEILIGHEIDSINSTRUCTIES

Dit waarschuwings symbool betekent gevaar. U verkeert in een situatie die lichamelijk letsel kan veroorzaken. Voordat u aan enige apparatuur gaat werken, dient u zich bewust te zijn van de bij een elektrische installatie betrokken risico's en dient u op de hoogte te zijn van de standaard procedures om ongelukken te voorkomen. Gebruik de nummers aan het eind van elke waarschuwing om deze te herleiden naar de desbetreffende locatie.

BEWAAR DEZE INSTRUCTIES

Installation Instructions



Warning! Read the installation instructions before connecting the system to the power source.

設置手順書

システムを電源に接続する前に、設置手順書をお読み下さい。

警告

将此系统连接电源前,请先阅读安装说明。

警告

將系統與電源連接前，請先閱讀安裝說明。

Warnung

Vor dem Anschließen des Systems an die Stromquelle die Installationsanweisungen lesen.

¡Advertencia!

Lea las instrucciones de instalación antes de conectar el sistema a la red de alimentación.

Attention

Avant de brancher le système sur la source d'alimentation, consulter les directives d'installation.

יש לקרוא את הוראות התקנה לפני חיבור המערכת למקור מתח.

اقرأ إرشادات التركيب قبل توصيل النظام إلى مصدر للطاقة

시스템을 전원에 연결하기 전에 설치 안내를 읽어주십시오.

Waarschuwing

Raadpleeg de installatie-instructies voordat u het systeem op de voedingsbron aansluit.

Circuit Breaker



Warning! This product relies on the building's installation for short-circuit (overcurrent) protection. Ensure that the protective device is rated not greater than: 250 V, 20 A.

サーキット・ブレーカー

この製品は、短絡(過電流)保護装置がある建物での設置を前提としています。

保護装置の定格が250 V、20 Aを超えないことを確認下さい。

警告

此产品的短路(过载电流)保护由建筑物的供电系统提供,确保短路保护设备的额定电流不大于250V,20A。

警告

此產品的短路(過載電流)保護由建築物的供電系統提供,確保短路保護設備的額定電流不大於250V,20A。

Warnung

Dieses Produkt ist darauf angewiesen, dass im Gebäude ein Kurzschluss- bzw. Überstromschutz installiert ist. Stellen Sie sicher, dass der Nennwert der Schutzvorrichtung nicht mehr als: 250 V, 20 A beträgt.

¡Advertencia!

Este equipo utiliza el sistema de protección contra cortocircuitos (o sobrecorrientes) del edificio. Asegúrese de que el dispositivo de protección no sea superior a: 250 V, 20 A.

Attention

Pour ce qui est de la protection contre les courts-circuits (surtension), ce produit dépend de l'installation électrique du local. Vérifiez que le courant nominal du dispositif de protection n'est pas supérieur à :250 V, 20 A.

מוצר זה מסתמך על הגנה המותקנת במבנים למניעת קצר חשמלי. יש לוודא כי המכשיר המגן מפני הקצר החשמלי הוא לא יותר מ-60VDC, 20A

هذا المنتج يعتمد على معدات الحماية مه الدوائر القصيرة التي تم تثبيتها في المبنى
تأكد من أن تقييم الجهاز الوقائي ليس أكثر من : 20A, 250V

경고!

이 제품은 전원의 단락(과전류)방지에 대해서 전적으로 건물의 관련 설비에 의존합니다. 보호장치의 정격이 반드시 250V(볼트), 20A(암페어)를 초과하지 않도록 해야 합니다.

Waarschuwing

Dit product is afhankelijk van de kortsluitbeveiliging (overspanning) van uw elektrische installatie. Controleer of het beveiligde apparaat niet groter gedimensioneerd is dan 250V, 20A.

Power Disconnection Warning



Warning! The system must be disconnected from all sources of power and the power cord removed from the power supply module(s) before accessing the chassis interior to install or remove system components.

電源切斷の警告

システムコンポーネントの取り付けまたは取り外しのために、シャーシ内部にアクセスするには、システムの電源はすべてのソースから切斷され、電源コードは電源モジュールから取り外す必要があります。

警告

在你打开机箱并安装或移除内部器件前,必须将系统完全断电,并移除电源线。

警告

在您打開機殼安裝或移除內部元件前，必須將系統完全斷電，並移除電源線。

Warnung

Das System muss von allen Quellen der Energie und vom Netzanschlusskabel getrennt sein, das von den Spg.Versorgungsteilmodulen entfernt wird, bevor es auf den Chassisinnenraum zurückgreift, um Systemsbestandteile anzubringen oder zu entfernen.

¡Advertencia!

El sistema debe ser disconnected de todas las fuentes de energía y del cable eléctrico quitado de los módulos de fuente de alimentación antes de tener acceso el interior del chasis para instalar o para quitar componentes de sistema.

Attention

Le système doit être débranché de toutes les sources de puissance ainsi que de son cordon d'alimentation secteur avant d'accéder à l'intérieur du chassis pour installer ou enlever des composants de système.

אזהרה מפני ניתוק חשמלי

אזהרה!

יש לנתק את המערכת מכל מקורות החשמל ויש להסיר את כבל החשמלי מהספק לפני גישה לחלק הפנימי של המארז לצורך התקנת או הסרת רכיבים.

يجب فصل انظاؤ من جميع مصادر انطاقت وإزانت سهك انكهرباء من وحدة امداد
انطاقت قېم
انصل إلى امناطق انداخھيت نهھيكم نتشيج أو إزانت مكنناث الجهاز

경고!

시스템에 부품들을 장착하거나 제거하기 위해서는 새시 내부에 접근하기 전에 반드시 전원 공급장치로부터 연결되어있는 모든 전원과 전기코드를 분리해주어야 합니다.

Waarschuwing

Voordat u toegang neemt tot het binnenwerk van de behuizing voor het installeren of verwijderen van systeem onderdelen, dient u alle spanningsbronnen en alle stroomkabels aangesloten op de voeding(en) van de behuizing te verwijderen

Equipment Installation



Warning! Only trained and qualified personnel should be allowed to install, replace, or service this equipment.

機器の設置

トレーニングを受け認定された人だけがこの装置の設置、交換、またはサービスを許可されています。

警告

只有经过培训且具有资格的人员才能进行此设备的安装、更换和维修。

警告

只有經過受訓且具資格人員才可安裝、更換與維修此設備。

Warnung

Das Installieren, Ersetzen oder Bedienen dieser Ausrüstung sollte nur geschultem, qualifiziertem Personal gestattet werden.

¡Advertencia!

Solamente el personal calificado debe instalar, reemplazar o utilizar este equipo.

Attention

Il est vivement recommandé de confier l'installation, le remplacement et la maintenance de ces équipements à des personnels qualifiés et expérimentés.

אזהרה!

צוות מוסמך בלבד רשאי להתקין, להחליף את הציוד או לתת שירות עבור הציוד.

والمدربيه لتزكيب واستبدال أو خدمة هذا الجهاز يجب أن يسمح فقط للموظفيه المؤهليه

경고!

훈련을 받고 공인된 기술자만이 이 장비의 설치, 교체 또는 서비스를 수행할 수 있습니다.

Waarschuwing

Deze apparatuur mag alleen worden geïnstalleerd, vervangen of hersteld door geschoold en gekwalificeerd personeel.

Restricted Area



Warning! This unit is intended for installation in restricted access areas. A restricted access area can be accessed only through the use of a special tool, lock and key, or other means of security. (This warning does not apply to workstations).

アクセス制限区域

このユニットは、アクセス制限区域に設置されることを想定しています。

アクセス制限区域は、特別なツール、鍵と錠前、その他のセキュリティの手段を用いてのみ出入りが可能です。

警告

此部件应安装在限制进出的场所，限制进出的场所指只能通过使用特殊工具、锁和钥匙或其它安全手段进出的场所。

警告

此裝置僅限安裝於進出管制區域，進出管制區域係指僅能以特殊工具、鎖頭及鑰匙或其他安全方式才能進入的區域。

Warnung

Diese Einheit ist zur Installation in Bereichen mit beschränktem Zutritt vorgesehen. Der Zutritt zu derartigen Bereichen ist nur mit einem Spezialwerkzeug, Schloss und Schlüssel oder einer sonstigen Sicherheitsvorkehrung möglich.

¡Advertencia!

Esta unidad ha sido diseñada para instalación en áreas de acceso restringido. Sólo puede obtenerse acceso a una de estas áreas mediante la utilización de una herramienta especial, cerradura con llave u otro medio de seguridad.

Attention

Cet appareil doit être installée dans des zones d'accès réservés. L'accès à une zone d'accès réservé n'est possible qu'en utilisant un outil spécial, un mécanisme de verrouillage et une clé, ou tout autre moyen de sécurité.

אזור עם גישה מוגבלת

אזהרה!

יש להתקין את היחידה באזורים שיש בהם הגבלת גישה. הגישה ניתנת בעזרת 'כלי אבטחה בלבד' (מפתח, מנעול וכד.).

تخصيص هذه انحدزة نترك بُها ف مناطق محظورة تم .
ممكن انصلل إن منطقت محظورة فقط من خلال استخذاو أداة خاصت
أو أ وس هُت أخري نلاأمما ققم ومفتاح

경고!

이 장치는 접근이 제한된 구역에 설치하도록 되어있습니다. 특수도구, 잠금 장치 및 키, 또는 기타 보안 수단을 통해서만 접근 제한 구역에 들어갈 수 있습니다.

Waarschuwing

Dit apparaat is bedoeld voor installatie in gebieden met een beperkte toegang. Toegang tot dergelijke gebieden kunnen alleen verkregen worden door gebruik te maken van speciaal gereedschap, slot en sleutel of andere veiligheidsmaatregelen.

Battery Handling



Warning! There is the danger of explosion if the battery is replaced incorrectly. Replace the battery only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer. Dispose of used batteries according to the manufacturer's instructions

電池の取り扱い

電池交換が正しく行われなかった場合、破裂の危険性があります。交換する電池はメーカーが推奨する型、または同等のものを使用下さい。使用済電池は製造元の指示に従って処分して下さい。

警告

電池更換不當會有爆炸危險。請只使用同類電池或制造商推荐的功能相当的電池更換原有電池。請按制造商的說明處理廢舊電池。

警告

電池更換不當會有爆炸危險。請使用製造商建議之相同或功能相當的電池更換原有電池。請按照製造商的說明指示處理廢棄舊電池。

Warnung

Bei Einsetzen einer falschen Batterie besteht Explosionsgefahr. Ersetzen Sie die Batterie nur durch den gleichen oder vom Hersteller empfohlenen Batterietyp. Entsorgen Sie die benutzten Batterien nach den Anweisungen des Herstellers.

Attention

Danger d'explosion si la pile n'est pas remplacée correctement. Ne la remplacer que par une pile de type semblable ou équivalent, recommandée par le fabricant. Jeter les piles usagées conformément aux instructions du fabricant.

¡Advertencia!

Existe peligro de explosión si la batería se reemplaza de manera incorrecta. Reemplazar la batería exclusivamente con el mismo tipo o el equivalente recomendado por el fabricante. Desechar las baterías gastadas según las instrucciones del fabricante.

אזהרה!

קיימת סכנת פיצוץ של הסוללה במידה והוחלפה בדרך לא תקינה. יש להחליף את הסוללה בסוג התואם מחברת יצרן מומלצת. סילוק הסוללות המשומשות יש לבצע לפי הוראות היצרן.

هناك خطر من انفجار في حالة اسحبذال البطارية بطريقة غير صحيحة فعليل
 اسحبذال البطارية
 فقط بنفس النوع أو ما يعادلها مما أوصت به الشركة المصنعة
 جخلص من البطاريات المسحمة وفقا لعمليات الشركة الصانعة

경고!

배터리가 올바르게 교체되지 않으면 폭발의 위험이 있습니다. 기존 배터리와 동일하거나 제조사에서 권장하는 동등한 종류의 배터리로만 교체해야 합니다. 제조사의 안내에 따라 사용된 배터리를 처리하여 주십시오.

Waarschuwing

Er is ontplofingsgevaar indien de batterij verkeerd vervangen wordt. Vervang de batterij slechts met hetzelfde of een equivalent type die door de fabrikant aanbevolen wordt. Gebruikte batterijen dienen overeenkomstig fabrieksvoorschriften afgevoerd te worden.

Redundant Power Supplies



Warning! This unit might have more than one power supply connection. All connections must be removed to de-energize the unit.

冗長電源装置

このユニットは複数の電源装置が接続されている場合があります。

ユニットの電源を切るためには、すべての接続を取り外さなければなりません。

警告

此部件连接的电源可能不止一个，必须将所有电源断开才能停止给该部件供电。

警告

此裝置連接的電源可能不只一個，必須切斷所有電源才能停止對該裝置的供電。

Warnung

Dieses Gerät kann mehr als eine Stromzufuhr haben. Um sicherzustellen, dass der Einheit kein Strom zugeführt wird, müssen alle Verbindungen entfernt werden.

¡Advertencia!

Puede que esta unidad tenga más de una conexión para fuentes de alimentación. Para cortar por completo el suministro de energía, deben desconectarse todas las conexiones.

Attention

Cette unité peut avoir plus d'une connexion d'alimentation. Pour supprimer toute tension et tout courant électrique de l'unité, toutes les connexions d'alimentation doivent être débranchées.

אם קיים יותר מספק אחד

אזהרה!

ליחידה יש יותר מחיבור אחד של ספק. יש להסיר את כל החיבורים על מנת לרוקן את היחידה.

قد يكون لهذا الجهاز عدة اتصالات بوحدات امداد الطاقة .

يجب إزالة كافة الاتصالات لعسل الوحدة عن الكهرباء

경고!

이 장치에는 한 개 이상의 전원 공급 단자가 연결되어 있을 수 있습니다. 이 장치에 전원을 차단하기 위해서는 모든 연결 단자를 제거해야만 합니다.

Waarschuwing

Deze eenheid kan meer dan één stroomtoevoeraansluiting bevatten. Alle aansluitingen dienen verwijderd te worden om het apparaat stroomloos te maken.

Backplane Voltage



Warning! Hazardous voltage or energy is present on the backplane when the system is operating. Use caution when servicing.

バックプレーンの電圧

システムの稼働中は危険な電圧または電力が、バックプレーン上にかかっています。

修理する際には注意ください。

警告

当系统正在进行时，背板上有很危险的电压或能量，进行维修时务必小心。

警告

當系統正在進行時，背板上有危險的電壓或能量，進行維修時務必小心。

Warnung

Wenn das System in Betrieb ist, treten auf der Rückwandplatine gefährliche Spannungen oder Energien auf. Vorsicht bei der Wartung.

¡Advertencia!

Cuando el sistema está en funcionamiento, el voltaje del plano trasero es peligroso. Tenga cuidado cuando lo revise.

Attention

Lorsque le système est en fonctionnement, des tensions électriques circulent sur le fond de panier. Prendre des précautions lors de la maintenance.

מתח בפנל האחורי

אזהרה!

קיימת סכנת מתח בפנל האחורי בזמן תפעול המערכת. יש להיזהר במהלך העבודה.

هناك خطر من التيار الكهربائي أو الطاقة المبددة على الساحة
عندما يكون النظام يعمل كه حذرا عند خدمة هذا الجهاز

경고!

시스템이 동작 중일 때 후면판 (Backplane)에는 위험한 전압이나 에너지가 발생 합니다.
서비스 작업 시 주의하십시오.

Waarschuwing

Een gevaarlijke spanning of energie is aanwezig op de backplane wanneer het systeem in gebruik is. Voorzichtigheid is geboden tijdens het onderhoud.

Comply with Local and National Electrical Codes



Warning! Installation of the equipment must comply with local and national electrical codes.

地方および国の電気規格に準拠

機器の取り付けはその地方および国の電気規格に準拠する必要があります。

警告

设备安装必须符合本地与本国电气法规。

警告

設備安裝必須符合本地與本國電氣法規。

Warnung

Die Installation der Geräte muss den Sicherheitsstandards entsprechen.

¡Advertencia!

La instalacion del equipo debe cumplir con las normas de electricidad locales y nacionales.

Attention

L'équipement doit être installé conformément aux normes électriques nationales et locales.

תיאום חוקי החשמל הארצי

אזהרה!

התקנת הציוד חייבת להיות תואמת לחוקי החשמל המקומיים והארציים.

تركيب المعدات الكهربائية يجب أن يمثل للقوايه المحلية والبطية المتعلقة
بالكهرباء

경고!

현 지역 및 국가의 전기 규정에 따라 장비를 설치해야 합니다.

Waarschuwing

Bij installatie van de apparatuur moet worden voldaan aan de lokale en nationale elektriciteitsvoorschriften.

Product Disposal



Warning! Ultimate disposal of this product should be handled according to all national laws and regulations.

製品の廃棄

この製品を廃棄処分する場合、国の関係する全ての法律・条例に従い処理する必要があります。

警告

本产品的废弃处理应根据所有国家的法律和规章进行。

警告

本產品的廢棄處理應根據所有國家的法律和規章進行。

Warnung

Die Entsorgung dieses Produkts sollte gemäß allen Bestimmungen und Gesetzen des Landes erfolgen.

¡Advertencia!

Al deshacerse por completo de este producto debe seguir todas las leyes y reglamentos nacionales.

Attention

La mise au rebut ou le recyclage de ce produit sont généralement soumis à des lois et/ou directives de respect de l'environnement. Renseignez-vous auprès de l'organisme compétent.

סילוק המוצר

אזהרה!

סילוק סופי של מוצר זה חייב להיות בהתאם להנחיות וחוקי המדינה.

التخلص النهائي من هذا المنتج ينبغي التعامل معه وفقا لجميع القوانين واللوائح الوطنية عند

경고!

이 제품은 해당 국가의 관련 법규 및 규정에 따라 폐기되어야 합니다.

Waarschuwing

De uiteindelijke verwijdering van dit product dient te geschieden in overeenstemming met alle nationale wetten en reglementen.

Hot Swap Fan Warning



Warning! Hazardous moving parts. Keep away from moving fan blades. The fans might still be turning when you remove the fan assembly from the chassis. Keep fingers, screwdrivers, and other objects away from the openings in the fan assembly's housing.

ファン・ホットスワップの警告

警告!回転部品に注意。運転中は回転部(羽根)に触れないでください。シャーシから冷却ファン装置を取り外した際、ファンがまだ回転している可能性があります。ファンの開口部に、指、ドライバー、およびその他のものを近づけないで下さい。

警告!

警告! 危険的可移动性零件。请务必与转动的风扇叶片保持距离。当您从机架移除风扇装置, 风扇可能仍在转动。小心不要将手指、螺丝起子和其他物品太靠近风扇

警告

危險的可移動性零件。請務必與轉動的風扇葉片保持距離。當您從機架移除風扇裝置, 風扇可能仍在轉動。小心不要將手指、螺絲起子和其他物品太靠近風扇。

Warnung

Gefährlich Bewegende Teile. Von den bewegenden Lüfterblätter fern halten. Die Lüfter drehen sich u. U. noch, wenn die Lüfterbaugruppe aus dem Chassis genommen wird. Halten Sie Finger, Schraubendreher und andere Gegenstände von den Öffnungen des Lüftergehäuses entfernt.

¡Advertencia!

Riesgo de piezas móviles. Mantener alejado de las aspas del ventilador. Los ventiladores podran dar vuelta cuando usted quite el montaje del ventilador del chasis. Mantenga los dedos, los destornilladores y todos los objetos lejos de las aberturas del ventilador

Attention

Pieces mobiles dangereuses. Se tenir a l'écart des lames du ventilateur Il est possible que les ventilateurs soient toujours en rotation lorsque vous retirerez le bloc ventilateur du châssis. Prenez garde à ce que doigts, tournevis et autres objets soient éloignés du logement du bloc ventilateur.

אזהרה!

חלקים נעים מסוכנים. התרחק מלהבי המאוורר בפעולה כאשר מסירים את חלקי המאוורר מהמארז, יתכן והמאווררים עדיין עובדים. יש להרחיק למרחק בטוח את האצבעות וכלי עבודה שונים מהפתחים בתוך המאוורר

تحذير! أجزاء متحركة خطيرة. ابتعد عن شفرات المروحة المتحركة. من الممكن أن المراوح لا تزال تدور عند إزالة كتلة المروحة من الهيكل يجب إبقاء الأصابع ومفكات البراغي وغيرها من الأشياء بعيدا عن الفتحات في كتلة المروحة

경고!

움직이는 위험한 부품. 회전하는 송풍 날개에 접근하지 마세요. 새시로부터 팬 조립품을 제거할 때 팬은 여전히 회전하고 있을 수 있습니다. 팬 조립품 외관의 열려있는 부분들로부터 손가락 및 스크류드라이버, 다른 물체들이 가까이 하지 않도록 배치해 주십시오.

Waarschuwing

Gevaarlijk bewegende onderdelen. Houd voldoende afstand tot de bewegende ventilatorbladen. Het is mogelijk dat de ventilator nog draait tijdens het verwijderen van het ventilatorsamenstel uit het chassis. Houd uw vingers, schroevendraaiers en eventuele andere voorwerpen uit de buurt van de openingen in de ventilatorbehuizing.

Power Cable and AC Adapter



Warning! When installing the product, use the provided or designated connection cables, power cables and AC adaptors. Using any other cables and adaptors could cause a malfunction or a fire. Electrical Appliance and Material Safety Law prohibits the use of UL or CSA -certified cables (that have UL/CSA shown on the code) for any other electrical devices than products designated by Supermicro only.

電源コードとACアダプター

製品を設置する場合、提供または指定および購入された接続ケーブル、電源コードとACアダプターを、該当する地域の条例や安全基準に適合するコードサイズやプラグと共に使用下さい。他のケーブルやアダプタを使用すると故障や火災の原因になることがあります。

電気用品安全法は、ULまたはCSA認定のケーブル(UL/CSEマークがコードに表記)を Supermicro が指定する製品以外に使用することを禁止しています。

警告

安装此产品时,请使用本身提供的或指定的或采购的连接线,电源线和电源适配器, 包含遵照当地法规和安全要求的合规的电源线尺寸和插头.使用其它线材或适配器可能会引起故障或火灾。除了Supermicro所指定的产品,电气用品和材料安全法律规定禁止使用未经UL或CSA认证的线材。(线材上会显示UL/CSA符号)。

警告

安裝此產品時,請使用本身提供的或指定的或採購的連接線,電源線和電源適配器, 包含遵照當地法規和安全要求的合規的電源線尺寸和插頭.使用其它線材或適配器可能會引起故障或火災。除了Supermicro所指定的產品,電氣用品和材料安全法律規定禁止使用未經UL或CSA認證的線材。(線材上會顯示UL/CSA符號)。

Warnung

Nutzen Sie beim Installieren des Produkts ausschließlich die von uns zur Verfügung gestellten Verbindungskabeln, Stromkabeln und/oder Adapter, die Ihre örtlichen Sicherheitsstandards einhalten. Der Gebrauch von anderen Kabeln und Adapter können Fehlfunktionen oder Feuer verursachen. Die Richtlinien untersagen das Nutzen von UL oder CAS zertifizierten Kabeln (mit UL/CSA gekennzeichnet), an Geräten oder Produkten die nicht mit Supermicro gekennzeichnet sind.

¡Advertencia!

Cuando instale el producto, utilice la conexión provista o designada o procure cables, Cables de alimentación y adaptadores de CA que cumplan con los códigos locales y los requisitos de seguridad, incluyendo el tamaño adecuado del cable y el enchufe. El uso de otros cables y adaptadores podría causar un mal funcionamiento o un incendio. La Ley de Seguridad de Aparatos Eléctricos y de Materiales prohíbe El uso de cables certificados por UL o CSA (que tienen el certificado UL / CSA en el código) para cualquier otros dispositivos eléctricos que los productos designados únicamente por Supermicro.

Attention

Lors de l'installation du produit, utilisez les cables de connection fournis ou désigné ou achetez des cables, cables de puissance et adaptateurs respectant les normes locales et les conditions de securite y compris les tailles de cables et les prises electriques appropriées. L'utilisation d'autres cables et adaptateurs peut provoquer un dysfonctionnement ou un incendie. Appareils électroménagers et la Loi sur la Sécurité Matériel interdit l'utilisation de câbles certifiés- UL ou CSA (qui ont UL ou CSA indiqué sur le code) pour tous les autres appareils électriques sauf les produits désignés par Supermicro seulement.

AC כבלים חשמליים ומתאמי

!אזהרה

אשר נרכשו או הותאמו לצורך ההתקנה, ואשר הותאמו לדרישות AC כאשר מתקינים את המוצר, יש להשתמש בכבלים, ספקים ומתאמים הבטיחות המקומיות, כולל מידה נכונה של הכבל והתקע. שימוש בכל כבל או מתאם מסוג אחר, עלול לגרום לתקלה או קצר חשמלי. בהתאם כאשר מופיע עליהם קוד) UL-CSA או ב UL - לחוקי השימוש במכשירי החשמל וחוקי הבטיחות, קיים איסור להשתמש בכבלים המוסמכים ב Supermicro עבור כל מוצר חשמלי אחר, אלא רק במוצר אשר הותאם ע"י UL/CSA של

عند تركيب المنتج، قم باستخدام التوصيلات المتوفرة أو المحددة أو قم بشراء الكابلات الكهربائية ومحوّلات التيار المتردد مع الالتزام بقوانين ومتطلبات السلامة المحلية بما في ذلك حجم الموصل والقابس السليم. استخدام أي كابلات ومحوّلات أخرى قد يتسبب في عطل أو حريق. يحظر قانون السلامة للأجهزة الكهربائية والمعدات استخدام الكابلات المعتمدة Supermicro مع أي معدات أخرى غير المنتجات المعنية والمحددة من قبل (UL/CSA) والتي تحمل علامة CSA أو UL من قبل

전원 케이블 및 AC 어댑터

경고! 제품을 설치할 때 현지 코드 및 적절한 굵기의 코드와 플러그를 포함한 안전 요구 사항을 준수하여 제공되거나 지정된 연결 혹은 구매 케이블, 전원 케이블 및 AC 어댑터를 사용하십시오.

다른 케이블이나 어댑터를 사용하면 오작동이나 화재가 발생할 수 있습니다. 전기 용품 안전법은 UL 또는 CSA 인증 케이블 (코드에 UL / CSA가 표시된 케이블)을 Supermicro가 지정한 제품 이외의 전기 장치에 사용하는 것을 금지합니다.

Stroomkabel en AC-Adapter

Waarschuwing! Bij het aansluiten van het Product uitsluitend gebruik maken van de geleverde Kabels of een andere geschikte aan te schaffen Aansluitmethode, deze moet altijd voldoen aan de lokale voorschriften en veiligheidsnormen, inclusief de juiste kabeldikte en stekker. Het gebruik van niet geschikte Kabels en/of Adapters kan een storing of brand veroorzaken. Wetgeving voor Elektrische apparatuur en Materiaalveiligheid verbied het gebruik van UL of CSA -gecertificeerde Kabels (met UL/CSA in de code) voor elke andere toepassing dan de door Supermicro hiervoor beoogde Producten.

Appendix C

System Specifications

Processors

Single Intel Xeon E-2100 or 8th/9th Gen Core i3/5/7/9 Pentium, Celeron processor in an LGA1151 socket

Note: Please refer to the motherboard specifications pages on our website for updates to supported processors.

Chipset

Intel PCH C246

BIOS

256 Mb SPI AMI BIOS® SM Flash UEFI BIOS

ACPI 6.1, SMBIOS 3.1 UEFI 2.6 specification, PCI F/W 3.0 Plug-and-Play (PnP), SPI Dual/quad speed support, RTC wakeup

Memory

Up to 64GB of DDR4 ECC/Non-ECC UDIMM with speeds of up to 2666 MHz in four slots

Note: See the memory section in Chapter 3 for details and our website for updates to supported memory.

SATA Controller

On-chip (Intel PCH C246) controller

Drive Bays

Supports up to four hot-swap 3.5" SATA hard drives

Expansion Slots

One PCI-E 3.0 x16 slot (CPU SLOT7)

Two PCI-E 3.0 x4 (x8) slots (PCH SLOT4, PCH SLOT6)

One M.2 M-Key for SATA or PCI-E 3.0 x4 in the 2280 or 22110 form factor

Input/Output

COM: four COM ports on two headers

SATA: five SATA 3.0 ports supporting RAID 0, 1, 5, 10

Display: one VGA D-Sub, one DVI-I, two DisplayPorts

Networking: two RJ45 Gigabit Ethernet, one RJ45 dedicated IPMI port

Audio: one Line Out port and one Mic In port on the rear I/O back panel, one audio header

Peripherals

USB 3.1 Gen 2: two ports on one internal header, three Type-A ports, one Type-C port on the rear I/O back panel

USB 3.1 Gen 1 (equivalent to USB 3.0): two ports on one internal header

USB 2.0: one Type-A port, six ports on three internal headers

TPM: one onboard TPM chip and header

Motherboard

X11SCZ-F; Micro ATX form factor (L x W) 9.6" x 9.6" (244 mm x 244 mm)

Chassis

SC813MFTQC-350CB2; 1U Rackmount, (WxHxD) 17.2 x 1.7 x 19.85 in. (437 x 43 x 504 mm)

System Cooling

Five 40 x 40 x 28 mm fans plus space for one additional optional fan

Power Supply

Single 350W power supply
AC Input Voltages: 100-240 VAC
Rated Input Current: 5-2.5A
Rated Input Frequency: 50-60 Hz
Rated Output Power: 350 Watts
Rated Output Voltages: +5V (8A), +12V (16A), +3.3V (8A), +5Vsb (2A)

Operating Environment

Operating Temperature: 0° to 40° C (32° to 104° F)
Non-operating Temperature: -40° to 70° C (-40° to 158° F)
Operating Relative Humidity: 8% to 90% (non-condensing)
Non-operating Relative Humidity: 5% to 95% (non-condensing)

Regulatory Compliance

Electromagnetic Emissions: FCC Class A, EN 55032 Class A, EN 61000-3-2/3-3, CISPR 22 Class A
Electromagnetic Immunity: EN 55024/CISPR 24, (EN 61000-4-2, EN 61000-4-3, EN 61000-4-4, EN 61000-4-5, EN 61000-4-6, EN 61000-4-8, EN 61000-4-11)
Safety: CSA/EN/IEC/UL 60950-1 Compliant, UL or CSA Listed (USA and Canada), CE Marking (Europe)
Other: VCCI-CISPR 32, AS/NZS CISPR 32 and BSMI (CNS13438, CNS14336-1, CNS15663 Section 5)
Environmental: Directive 2011/65/EU and Delegated Directive (EU) 2015/863 and Directive 2012/19/EU

Perchlorate Warning

California Best Management Practices Regulations for Perchlorate Materials: This Perchlorate warning applies only to products containing CR (Manganese Dioxide) Lithium coin cells. "Perchlorate Material-special handling may apply. See www.dtsc.ca.gov/hazardouswaste/perchlorate"

Appendix D

UEFI BIOS Recovery

Warning: Do not upgrade the BIOS unless your system has a BIOS-related issue. Flashing the wrong BIOS can cause irreparable damage to the system. In no event shall Supermicro be liable for direct, indirect, special, incidental, or consequential damages arising from a BIOS update. If you need to update the BIOS, do not shut down or reset the system while the BIOS is updating to avoid possible boot failure.

D.1 Overview

The Unified Extensible Firmware Interface (UEFI) provides a software-based interface between the operating system and the platform firmware in the pre-boot environment. The UEFI specification supports an architecture-independent mechanism that will allow the UEFI OS loader stored in an add-on card to boot the system. The UEFI offers clean, hands-off management to a computer during system boot.

D.2 Recovering the UEFI BIOS Image

A UEFI BIOS flash chip consists of a recovery BIOS block and a main BIOS block (a main BIOS image). The boot block contains critical BIOS codes, including memory detection and recovery codes for the user to flash a new BIOS image if the original main BIOS image is corrupted. When the system power is first turned on, the boot block codes execute first. Once this process is completed, the main BIOS code will continue with system initialization and the remaining POST (Power-On Self-Test) routines.

Note 1: Follow the BIOS recovery instructions below for BIOS recovery when the main BIOS boot crashes.

Note 2: When the BIOS boot block crashes, you will need to follow the procedures to make a Returned Merchandise Authorization (RMA) request. Also, you may use the Supermicro Update Manager (SUM) Out-of-Band (OOB) (https://www.supermicro.com.tw/products/nfo/SMS_SUM.cfm) to reflash the BIOS.

D.3 Recovering the BIOS Block with a USB Device

This feature allows the user to recover a BIOS image using a USB-attached device without additional utilities used. A USB flash device such as a USB Flash Drive, or a USB CD/DVD ROM/RW device can be used for this purpose. However, a USB Hard Disk drive cannot be used for BIOS recovery at this time.

The file system supported by UEFI is FAT (including FAT12, FAT16, and FAT32), which is installed on a bootable or non-bootable USB-attached device. However, the BIOS might need several minutes to locate the SUPER.ROM file if the media size becomes too large due to the huge volumes of folders and files stored in the device.

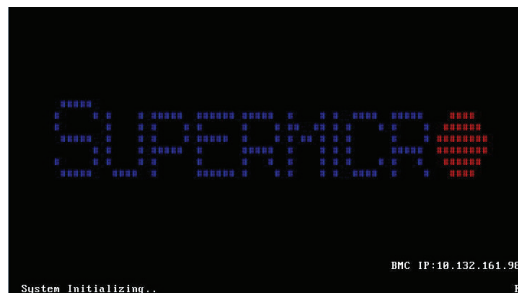
To perform UEFI BIOS recovery using a USB-attached device, follow the instructions below.

1. Using a different machine, copy the "Super.ROM" binary image file into the disc Root "\\" directory of a USB device or a writable CD/DVD.

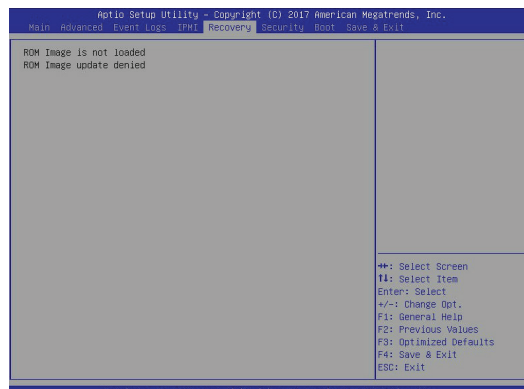
Note: If you cannot locate the "Super.ROM" file in your driver disk, visit our website at www.supermicro.com to download the BIOS image into a USB flash device and rename it to "Super.ROM" for BIOS recovery use.

2. Insert the USB device that contains the new BIOS image ("Super.ROM") into your USB drive and power on the system
3. While powering on the system, please keep pressing <Ctrl> and <Home> simultaneously on your keyboard *until the following screen (or a screen similar to the one below) displays.*

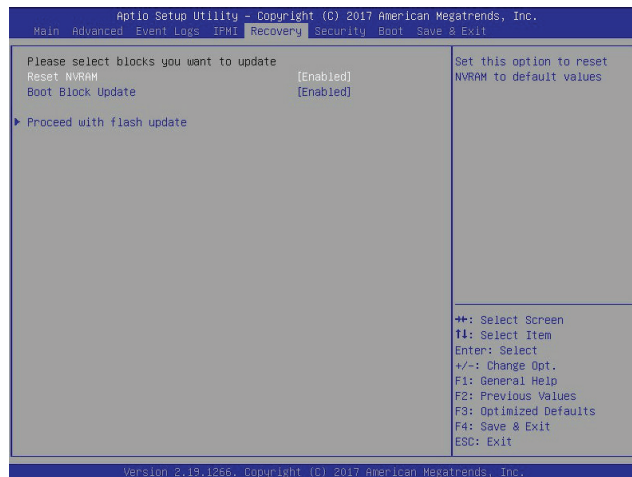
Warning: Please **stop** pressing the <Ctrl> and <Home> keys immediately when you see the screen (or a similar screen) below; otherwise, it will trigger a system reboot.



Note: On the other hand, if the following screen displays, please load the "Super.ROM" file to the root folder and connect this folder to the system. (You can do so by inserting a USB device that contains the new "Super.ROM" image to your machine for BIOS recovery.)



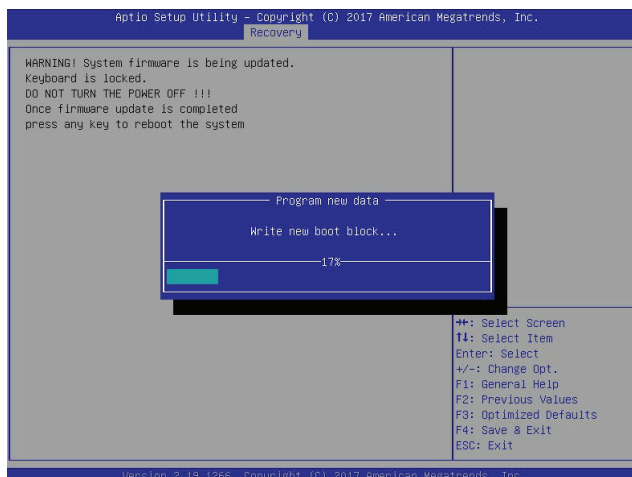
4. After locating the new BIOS binary image, the system will enter the BIOS Recovery menu as shown below.



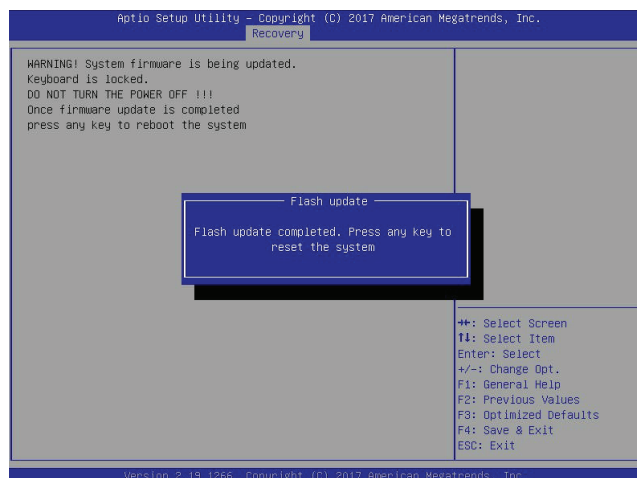
Note: At this point, you may decide if you want to start the BIOS recovery. If you decide to proceed with BIOS recovery, follow the procedures below.

5. When the screen as shown above displays, use the arrow keys to select the item "Proceed with flash update" and press the <Enter> key. You will see the BIOS recovery progress as shown in the screen below.

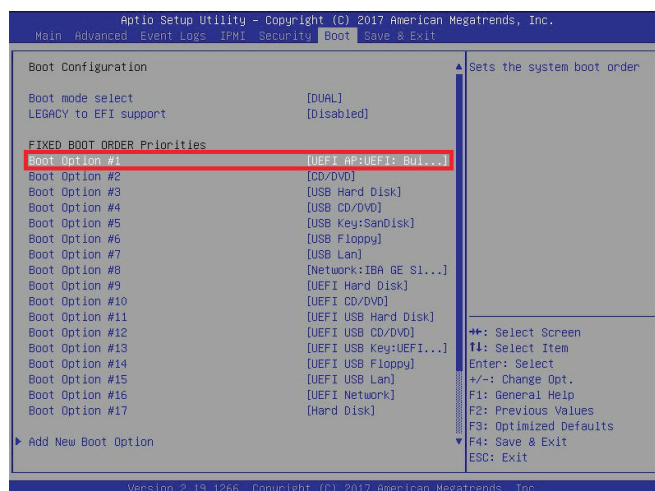
Note: Do not interrupt the BIOS flashing process until it has completed.



6. After the BIOS recovery process is completed, press any key to reboot the system.



7. Using a different system, extract the BIOS package into a USB flash drive.
8. Press continuously during system boot to enter the BIOS setup utility. From the top of the tool bar, click on Boot and press <Enter> to enter the submenu. From the submenu list, select Boot Option #1 as shown below. Then, boot Option #1 to [UEFI AP:UEFI: Built-in EFI Shell]. Press <F4> to save the settings and exit the BIOS setup utility.



9. When the UEFI Shell prompt appears, type `fs#` to change the device directory path. Go to the directory that contains the BIOS package you extracted earlier from Step 7. Enter `flash.nsh BIOSname.###` at the prompt to start the BIOS update process.

```
UEFI Interactive Shell v2.1
EDK II
UEFI v2.50 (American Megatrends, 0x0005000C)
Mapping table
  FSD: Alias(s):HD(0):MB:BLK1:
    PciRoot(0x0)/Pci(0x14,0x0)/USB(0x11,0x0)/HD(1,MBR,0x37901072,0x800,0x1
CR3932)
  BLK0: Alias(s):
    PciRoot(0x0)/Pci(0x14,0x0)/USB(0x11,0x0)
Press F8 in 1 seconds to skip startup.nsh or any other key to continue.
Shell> fs#
FSD:\> cd AFUDOS
FSD:\AFUDOS> cd SNJPM2_03162017
FSD:\AFUDOS\SNJPM2_03162017> flash.nsh X10PU7.314
```

Note: Do not interrupt this process until the BIOS flashing is complete.

```
Done.
[ Access Cmos Port Ex ]
<Read>
Index 0x51: 0x10

Done.
*****
* Program BIOS and ME (including FDT) regions...
*****
| AMI Firmware Update Utility v5.09.01.1317 |
| Copyright (C)2017 American Megatrends Inc. All Rights Reserved. |
|-----|
CPUID = 50652

Reading flash ..... done
- ME Data Size checking - ok
- FFS checksums ..... ok
- Check RomLayout ..... OK
Erasing Boot Block ..... done
Updating Boot Block ..... done
Verifying Boot Block ..... done
Erasing Main Block ..... 0x00132000 (0x)
```

10. The screen above indicates that the BIOS update process is completed. When you see the screen above, unplug the AC power cable from the power supply, clear CMOS, and plug the AC power cable in the power supply again to power on the system.

```
Verifying MCB Block ..... done
- Update success for FDR
- Update success for IE. -
- Successful Update Recovery Loader to OPR!!
- Successful Update MFSB!!
- Successful Update FTRP!!
- Successful Update MFS, IVB1 and IVB2!!
- Successful Update FLOS and UTR!!
- ME Entire Image update success !!
WARNING : System must power-off to have the changes take effect!
Moving FSD:\AFUDOS\SNJPM2_03162017\fdt64.efi -> FSD:\AFUDOS\SNJPM2_03162017\fdt64.efi
dt.smc
- [ok]
Moving FSD:\AFUDOS\SNJPM2_03162017\afuefi64.efi -> FSD:\AFUDOS\SNJPM2_03162017\afuefi64.efi
- [ok]
*****
* Please ignore this 'Shell: Cannot read from file - Device Error'
* warning message due to it does not impact flashing process.
*****
Deleting "FSD:\SNJPM2.nsh"
Delete successful.
FSD:\>
```

11. Press `` continuously to enter the BIOS setup utility.
12. Press `<F3>` to load the default settings.
13. After loading the default settings, press `<F4>` to save the settings and exit the BIOS setup utility.