SuperServer®

SYS-512AR-N4T

USER'S MANUAL

Revision 1.0 MNL-2839

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Preface

About This Manual

This manual is written for professional system integrators and PC technicians. It provides information for the installation and use of the SYS-512AR-N4T server. Installation and maintenance should be performed by certified service technicians only.

Notes

For your system to work properly, follow the links below to download all necessary drivers/utilities and the user's manual for your server.

- Supermicro product manuals: https://www.supermicro.com/support/manuals
- Product drivers and utilities: https://www.supermicro.com/wdl
- Product safety info: https://www.supermicro.com/about/policies/safety_information.cfm
- A secure data deletion tool designed to fully erase all data from storage devices can be found on our website: https://www.supermicro.com/about/policies/disclaimer.cfm?url=/wdl/utility/Lot9_Secure_Data_Deletion_Utility
- Frequently Asked Questions: https://www.supermicro.com/FAQ/index.php
- If you still have questions after referring to our FAQs, contact our support team. Region-specific Technical Support email addresses can be found at: "Contacting Supermicro" on page 13
- If you have any feedback on Supermicro product manuals, contact our writing team at: Techwriterteam@supermicro.com

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Conventions Used in the Manual

Special attention should be given to the following symbols for proper installation and to prevent damage done to the components or injury to yourself.

Warning! Indicates important information given to prevent equipment/property damage or personal injury.

Warning! Indicates high voltage may be encountered while performing a procedure.

Important: Important information given to ensure proper server installation or to relay safety precautions.

Note: Additional information given to differentiate various models or to provide information for proper server setup.

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Chapter 1:

Introduction

This chapter provides a brief outline of the functions and features of the SYS-512AR-N4T system. It is based on the X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard and the CSE-813MF2TS chassis.

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1.1 Overview

This chapter provides a brief outline of the functions and features of the SuperServer SYS-512AR-N4T. The following provides an overview of the system specifications and capabilities.

System Overview	
Motherboard	X14SAZ-TLN4F
Chassis	CSE-813MF2TS
Processor	Intel® Core Ultra 5/7/9 processors with single socket LGA-1851
Memory	Slot Count: Four DIMM slots Max Memory (1 DPC): Up to 192 GB of ECC/non-ECC DDR5 UDIMM memory with speeds of up to 5600 MT/s Max Memory (2 DPC): Up to 192 GB of ECC/non-ECC DDR5 UDIMM memory with speeds of up to 4400 MT/s
Drive Support	Four front hot-swap 3.5" SATA drive bays One M.2 PCIe 5.0 x4 NVMe slot (M-key 2280/22110)
Expansion Slots	One PCIe 5.0 x16 FHHL slot One M.2 PCIe 5.0 x4 NVMe slot (M-key 2280/22110)
I/O Ports	One RJ45 1 GbE dedicated BMC LAN port Two RJ45 10 GbE LAN ports (Intel® X550-AT2) Two RJ45 2.5 GbE LAN ports (Intel® I226) Four USB 3.2 Gen2 Type-A ports (rear) Two DisplayPort 1.4 ports (rear) Two HDMI 2.1 ports (rear) One TPM header One TPM onboard/port 80
System Cooling	Six 4-cm heavy-duty fans with optimal fan speed control One air shroud
Power Supply	Single 600 W/800 W 100–240 VAC Titanium/Platinum power supply **Note:** The power supply can be upgraded to two redundant power supplies. Model PWS-602A-1R (600 W): 100–127 VAC, 60–50 Hz, 7.0–5.5 A 200–240 VAC, 60–50 Hz, 3.3–2.7 A Model PWS-804P-1R (800 W): 100–240 VAC, 60–50 Hz, 10–5.5 A
Form Factor	1U rackmount; (HxWxD) 1.7" x 17.2" x 19.98" (43 x 437 x 507 mm)

Notes:

- A Quick Reference Guide can be found on the following page of the Supermicro website: https://www.supermicro.com/en/products/system/embedded/1u/sys-512ar-n4t
- The following safety models associated with the SYS-512AR-N4T have been certified as compliant with UL or CSA: 813M-R6X14, 813M-6; 813M-R8X14, 813M-8.

1.2 System Features

The following views of the system display the main features. Refer to the System Specifications appendix of this manual for additional specifications.

Front View

The following features are located on the front of the SYS-512AR-N4T server.

Figure 1-1. SYS-512AR-N4T Front View

System Features: Front	
Feature	**Description**
Control Panel	See "Control Panel" on the next page for more information

Logical Drive Numbers	
Slot	**Description**
0–3	Four hot-swap 3.5" SAS3/SATA3 drive bays

Control Panel

The following buttons and LEDs are located on the SYS-512AR-N4T server control panel.

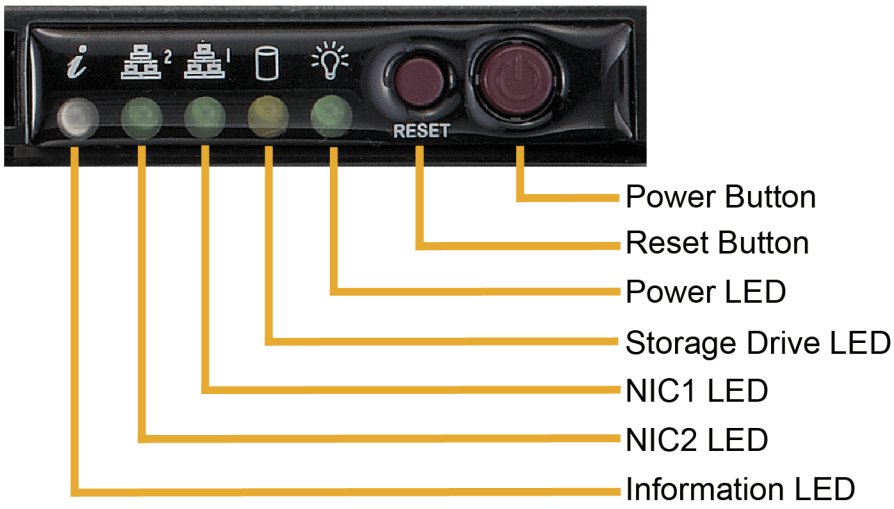

Figure 1-2. SYS-512AR-N4T Control Panel

Control Panel Features	
Feature	**Description**
Power Button	Applies or removes primary power from the power supplies to the server but maintains standby power.
Reset Button	Resets the BMC when pressed.
Power LED	Indicates power is being supplied to the system power supply units. This LED is illuminated when the system is operating normally.
Storage Drive LED	Indicates activity on the storage drives when flashing.
NIC1 LED	Indicates network activity on LAN1 when flashing.
NIC2 LED	Indicates network activity on LAN2/3/4/5 when flashing.
Information LED	Alerts operator to several states, as noted in the table below.

Information LED	
Color, Status	**Description**
Red, solid	An overheat condition has occurred.
Red, blinking at 1 Hz	Fan failure; check for an inoperative fan.
Red, blinking at 0.25 Hz	Power failure; check for an inoperative power supply.
Red, solid with Power LED blinking green	Fault detected.

Information LED	
Color, Status	**Description**
Blue and red, blinking at 10 Hz	Recovery mode.
Blue, solid	UID has been activated locally to locate the server in a rack environment.
Blue, blinking at 1 Hz	UID has been activated via BMC to locate the server in a rack environment.
Blue, blinking at 2 Hz	BMC is resetting.
Blue, blinking at 4 Hz	BMC is setting factory defaults.
Blue, blinking at 10 Hz with Power LED blinking green	BMC/BIOS firmware is updating.

Rear View

The following features are located on the rear of the SYS-512AR-N4T server.

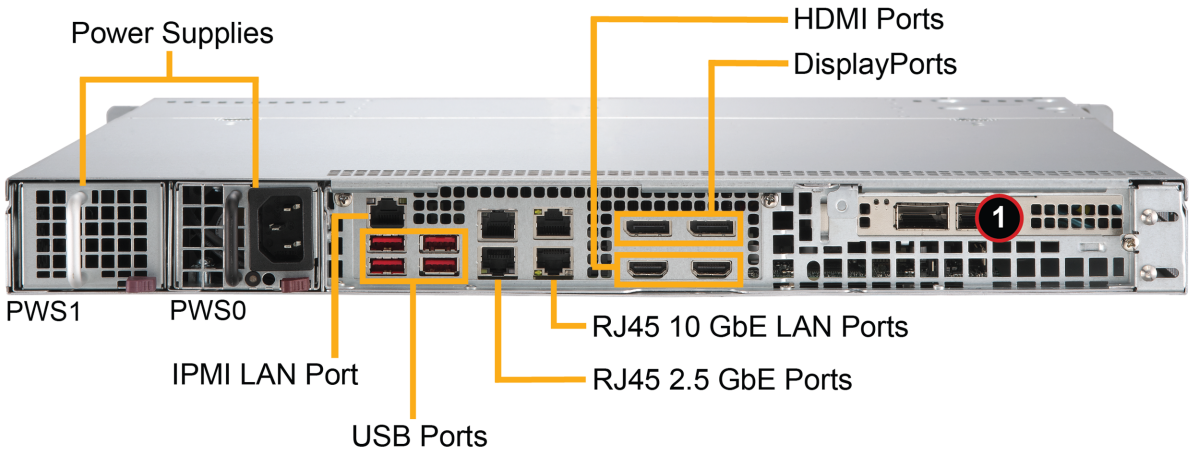

Figure 1-3. SYS-512AR-N4T Rear View

System Features: Rear	
Feature	**Description**
Power Supplies	Single 600 W/800 W 100–240 VAC Titanium/Platinum power supply **Note:** The power supply can be upgraded to a redundant power supply.
IPMI LAN Port	One RJ45 1 GbE dedicated IPMI BMC LAN port
USB Ports	Four USB ports
RJ45 10 GbE LAN Ports	Two RJ45 10 GbE LAN ports (Intel® X550-AT2)
RJ45 2.5 GbE Ports	Two RJ45 2.5 GbE LAN ports (Intel® I226)
HDMI Ports	Two HDMI ports
DisplayPorts	Two DisplayPorts

Expansion Slot Locations	
Slot	**Description**
1	One PCIe 5.0 x16 FHHL slot

1.3 System Architecture

This section covers the locations of the system's main components and provides a system block diagram.

Main Components

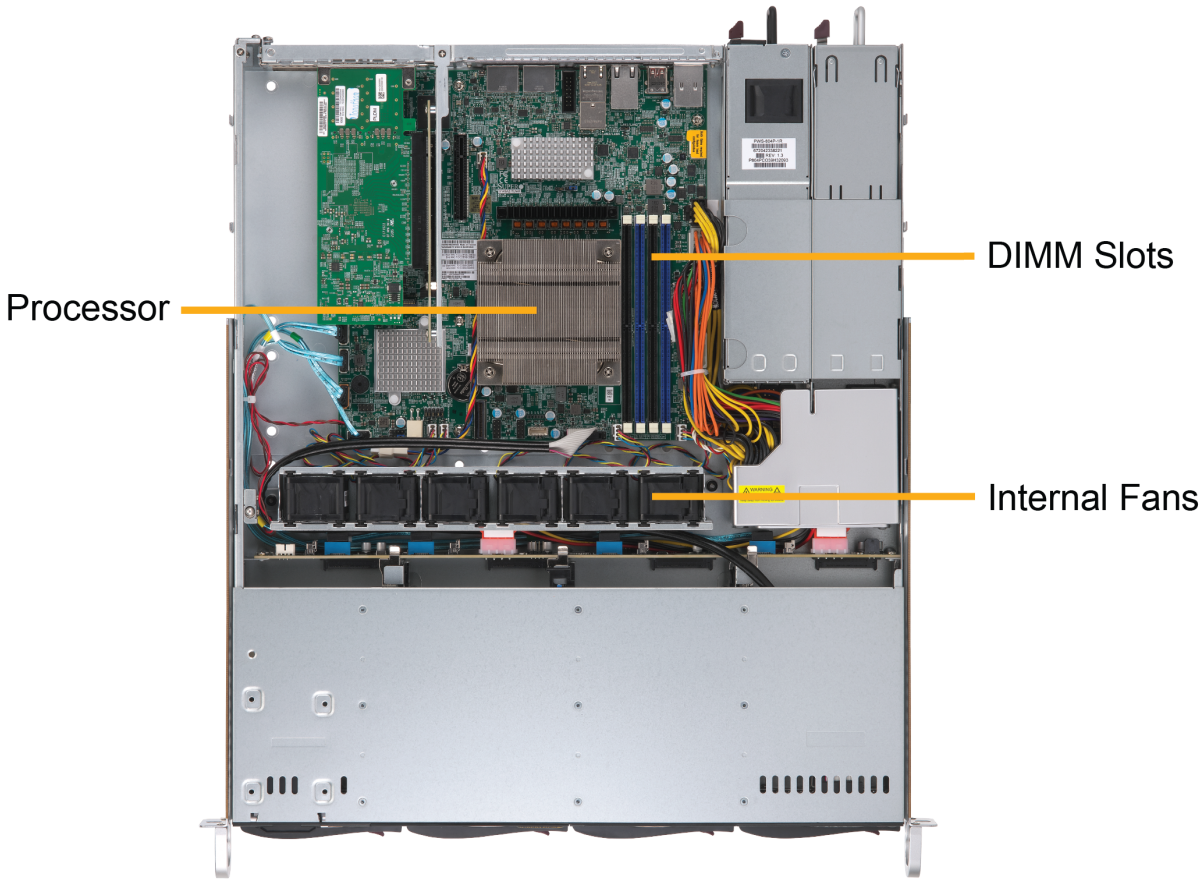

Figure 1-4. SYS-512AR-N4T Main Component Locations

System Features: Top	
Feature	**Description**
DIMM Slots	Four DDR5 DIMM slots
Processor	Intel Core Ultra 9/7/5 (Series 2) processor
Internal Fans	Six internal fans

Motherboard Block Diagram

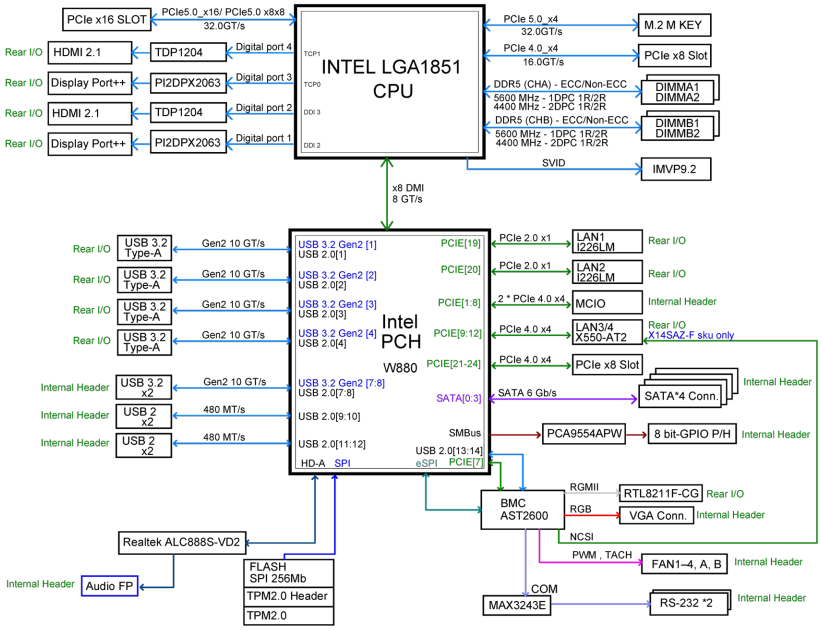

Figure 1-5. X14SAZ-TLN4F Motherboard Block Diagram

1.4 Motherboard Quick Reference

For details on the X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard layout and other quick reference information, refer to the content below.

Motherboard Layout

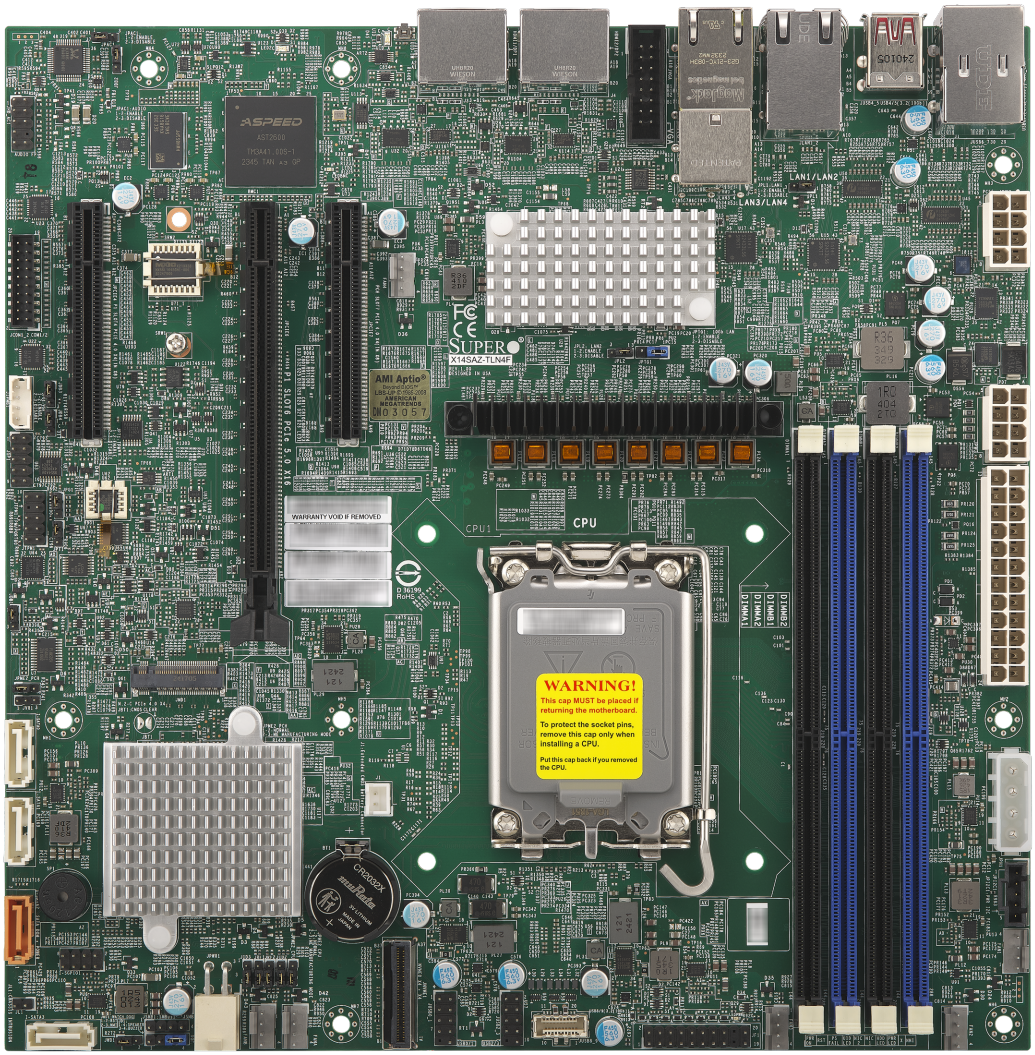

Figure 1-6. X14SAZ-TLN4F Motherboard Photo

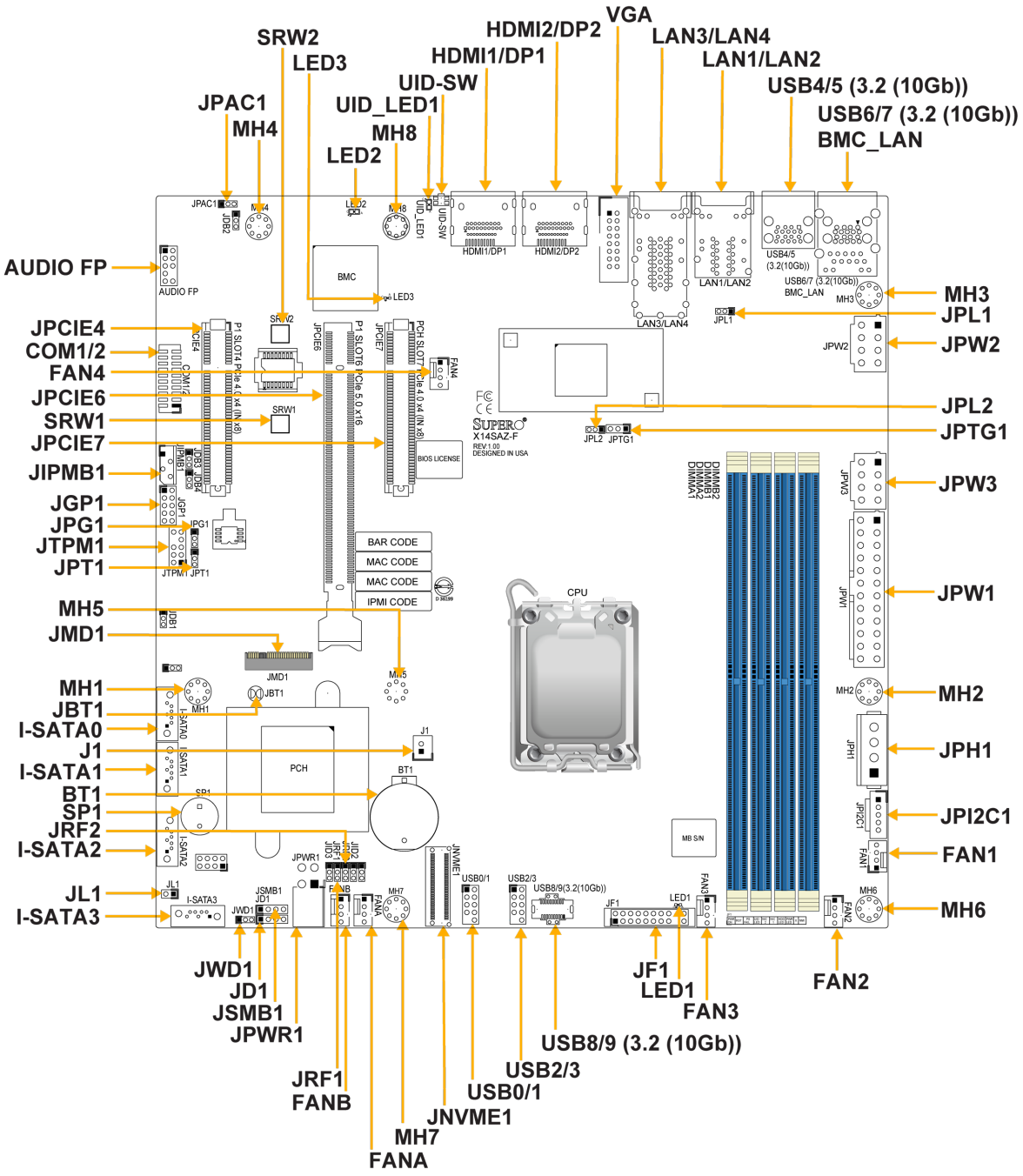

Figure 1-7. X14SAZ-TLN4F Motherboard Layout

Notes:

- For detailed information on jumpers, connectors, and LED indicators, see "Maintenance and Component Installation" on page 39.
- "■" indicates the location of pin 1.
- "MH" indicates the location of a mounting hole.
- Components not documented are for internal testing purposes only.
- Use only the correct type of onboard CMOS battery as specified by the manufacturer. To avoid possible explosion, do not install the onboard battery upside down.

Motherboard Quick Reference

For details on the X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard layout, features, and other quick reference information, refer to the content below.

Jumper	Description	Default Settings
JBT1	CMOS Clear	Open (Normal)
JPAC1	Audio Enable/Disable	Pins 1–2 (Enabled)
JPG1	VGA Enable/Disable	Pins 1–2 (Enabled)
JPL1	LAN1 Enable/Disable	Pins 1–2 (Enabled)
JPL2	LAN2 Enable/Disable	Pins 1–2 (Enabled)
JPT1	Onboard TPM 2.0 Enable/Disable	Pins 1–2 (Enabled)
JPTG1	10G LAN Enable/Disable (TLN4F)	Pins 1–2 (Enabled)
JRF1, JRF2	PCIe Bifurcation	JRF1 JRF2 PEG Pins 1–2 Pins 1–2 x16 Pins 2–3 Pins 1–2 x8x8
JWD1	Watchdog Timer	Pins 1–2 (Reset)

Connector	Description
AUDIO FP	Front Panel Audio Header (Mic-In/Line-Out)
BMC_LAN	Dedicated BMC LAN Port
BT1	Onboard Battery
COM1/2	COM Header (supports RS232/422/485)
FAN1–FAN4, FANA, FANB	CPU/System Fan Headers (FAN1–FAN4: CPU FAN)
HDMI1/DP1, HDMI2/DP2	High Definition Multimedia Interface 2.1/DisplayPort 2.1
I-SATA0–3	Intel® SATA 3.0 Ports (I-SATA2: SATA DOM)
J1	External RTC Battery Connector
JD1	Speaker/Buzzer (Pins: 1–4: Speaker, Pins 3–4: Buzzer)
JF1	Front Control Panel Header
JGP1	General Purpose I/O Header

Connector	Description
JIMPB1	4-pin BMC External I^2C Header
JL1	Chassis Intrusion Header
JMD1	M.2-C PCIe 4.0 x4 Slot
JNVME1	MCIO PCIe 4.0 x4 +x4 Slot
JPCIE4	CPU SLOT4 PCIe 4.0 x4 (in x8) Slot
JPCIE6	CPU SLOT6 PCIe 5.0 x16 Slot
JPCIE7	PCH SLOT4 PCIe 4.0 x4 (in x8) Slot
JPH1	4-pin HDD Power Connector
JPI2C1	Power System Management Bus (SMB) I^2C Header
JPW1	24-pin ATX Main Power Connector (Required)
JPW2	+12 V 8-pin CPU Power Connector (Required)
JPW3	+12 V 8-pin CPU Power Connector (Required)
JPWR1	4-pin Power Out for GPU Card
JSMB1	System Management Bus Header
JTPM1	Trusted Platform Module/Port 80 Connector
LAN1/LAN2	2.5G (RJ45) LAN Ports
LAN3/LAN4	10G LAN Ports (TLN4F SKU)
MH1–MH8	Mounting Holes
SP1	Internal Speaker/Buzzer
SRW1, SRW2	M.2 Mounting Holes
USB0/1, USB2/3	Front Accessible USB 2.0 Headers
USB4/5, USB6/7	Back Panel USB 3.2 (10 Gb) Ports
USB8/9	Front Accessible USB 3.2 (10 Gb) Type-A Ports
UID-SW	Unit Identifier Button
VGA	VGA Port

LED	Description	Status
LED1	Power LED	Solid Green: Power On
LED2	Power Fail LED	Solid Red: Power Fail or FAN Fail
LED3	BMC Heartbeat LED	Blinking Green: BMC Normal
UID_LED1	Unit Identifier (UID) LED	Solid Blue: Unit Identified

Chapter 2:

Server Installation

This chapter provides advice and instructions for mounting your server in a server rack. If your server is not already fully integrated with processors, system memory, etc., refer to "Maintenance and Component Installation" on page 39 for details on installing those specific components.

Important: Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) can damage electronic components. To prevent such damage to printed circuit boards (PCBs), it is important to use a grounded wrist strap, handle all PCBs by their edges, and keep PCBs in anti-static bags when not in use.

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2.1 Unpacking the System

Inspect the box the SYS-512AR-N4T server was shipped in and note if it was damaged in any way. If any equipment appears damaged, file a damage claim with the carrier who delivered it.

Decide on a suitable location for the rack unit that will hold the server. It should be situated in a clean, dust-free area that is well ventilated. Avoid areas where heat, electrical noise and electromagnetic fields are generated. It will also require a grounded AC power outlet nearby. Be sure to read the precautions and considerations noted in "Standardized Warning Statements for AC Systems" on page 191.

2.2 Preparing for Setup

The box in which the SYS-512AR-N4T server was shipped should include the rackmount hardware needed to install it into the rack. Read this section in its entirety before you begin the installation.

Choosing a Setup Location

- The server should be situated in a clean, dust-free area that is well ventilated. Avoid areas where heat, electrical noise and electromagnetic fields are generated.
- Leave enough clearance in front of the rack so that you can open the front door completely (~25 inches) and approximately 30 inches of clearance in the back of the rack to allow sufficient space for airflow and access when servicing.
- This product should be installed only in a Restricted Access Location (dedicated equipment rooms, service closets, etc.).
- This product is not suitable for use with visual display workplace devices according to §2 of the German Ordinance for Work with Visual Display Units.

Rack Precautions

- Ensure that the leveling jacks on the bottom of the rack are extended to the floor so that the full weight of the rack rests on them.
- In single rack installations, stabilizers should be attached to the rack. In multiple rack installations, the racks should be coupled together.
- Always make sure the rack is stable before extending a server or other component from the rack.
- You should extend only one server or component at a time. Extending two or more simultaneously may cause the rack to become unstable.

System Precautions

- Review the electrical and general safety precautions in "Standardized Warning Statements for AC Systems" on page 191.
- Determine the placement of each component in the rack before you install the rails.
- Install the heaviest server components at the bottom of the rack first and then work your way up.

- Use a regulating uninterruptible power supply (UPS) to protect the server from power surges and voltage spikes and to keep your system operating in case of a power failure.
- Allow any drives and power supply modules to cool before touching them.
- When not servicing, always keep the front door of the rack and all covers/panels on the servers closed to maintain proper cooling.

Rack Mounting Considerations

Warning! Stability hazard. The rack may tip over causing serious personal injury. Before extending the rack to the installation position, read the installation instructions. Do not put any load on the slide-rail mounted equipment in the installation position. Do not leave the slide-rail mounted equipment in the installation position.

Avertissement!
Danger d'instabilité. Le rack peut basculer et provoquer des blessures corporelles graves.
Avant d'étendre le rack en position d'installation, lire les instructions d'installation. Ne pas charger l'équipement monté sur rail de glissière en position d'installation. Ne pas laisser l'équipement monté sur rail de glissière en position d'installation.

Important: To prevent bodily injury when mounting or servicing this unit in a rack, you must take special precautions to ensure that the system remains stable. The following guidelines are provided to ensure your safety:

- If this unit is the only unit in the rack, it should be mounted at the bottom of the rack.
- When mounting this unit in a partially filled rack, load the rack from the bottom to the top, placing the heaviest component at the bottom of the rack.
- If the rack is provided with stabilizing devices, install the stabilizers before mounting or servicing the unit in the rack.
- Slide rail mounted equipment is not to be used as a shelf or a workspace.
- Do not pick up the server with the front handles. They are designed to pull the system from a rack only.

Ambient Operating Temperature

If installed in a closed or multi-unit rack assembly, the ambient operating temperature of the rack environment may be greater than the room's ambient temperature. Therefore, consideration should be given to installing the equipment in an environment compatible with the manufacturer's maximum rated ambient temperature (TMRA).

Airflow

Equipment should be mounted into a rack so that the amount of airflow required for safe operation is not compromised.

Mechanical Loading

Equipment should be mounted into a rack so that a hazardous condition does not arise due to uneven mechanical loading.

Circuit Overloading

Consideration should be given to the connection of the equipment to the power supply circuitry and the effect that any possible overloading of circuits might have on overcurrent protection and power supply wiring. Appropriate consideration of equipment nameplate ratings should be used when addressing this concern.

Reliable Ground

A reliable ground must be maintained at all times. To ensure this, the rack itself should be grounded. Particular attention should be given to power supply connections other than the direct connections to the branch circuit (i.e. the use of power strips, etc.).

2.3 Installing the Rails

This section provides information on installing the CSE-813MF2TS chassis into a rack unit with the rails provided. There are a variety of rack units on the market, which may mean that the assembly procedure will differ slightly from the instructions provided. You should also refer to the installation instructions that came with the rack unit you are using.

Identifying the Rails

The CSE-813MF2TS chassis package includes two rail assemblies. Each assembly consists of two sections: an inner fixed rail that secures directly to the chassis and an outer rail that secures to the rack. These assemblies are specifically designed for the left and right side of the chassis and labeled.

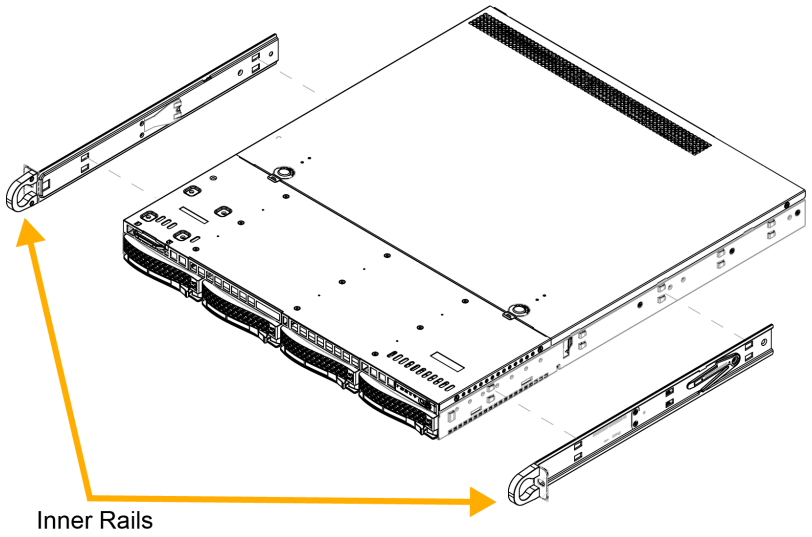

Figure 2-1. Identifying the Sections of the Rack Rails

Note: Both front chassis rails and the rack rails have a locking tab. The tab locks the server into place when installed and pushed fully into the rack (its normal operating position). These tabs also lock the server in place when fully extended from the rack. This prevents the server from coming completely out of the rack when pulled out for servicing.

Inner Rails

The SYS-512AR-N4T server includes a set of inner rails. The inner rails are pre-attached and do not interfere with normal use of the chassis if you decide not to use a server rack.

Installing the Outer Rails to the Rack

1. Attach the short bracket to the outside of the long bracket. Align the pins with the slides. Both bracket ends must face the same direction.
2. Adjust the short and long brackets so that the rail fits snugly into the rack.
3. Use two M5 screws to secure the long bracket to the front side of the outer rail.
4. Use one M5 screw to secure the short bracket to the rear side of the outer rail.
5. Repeat steps 1–4 for the remaining outer rail.

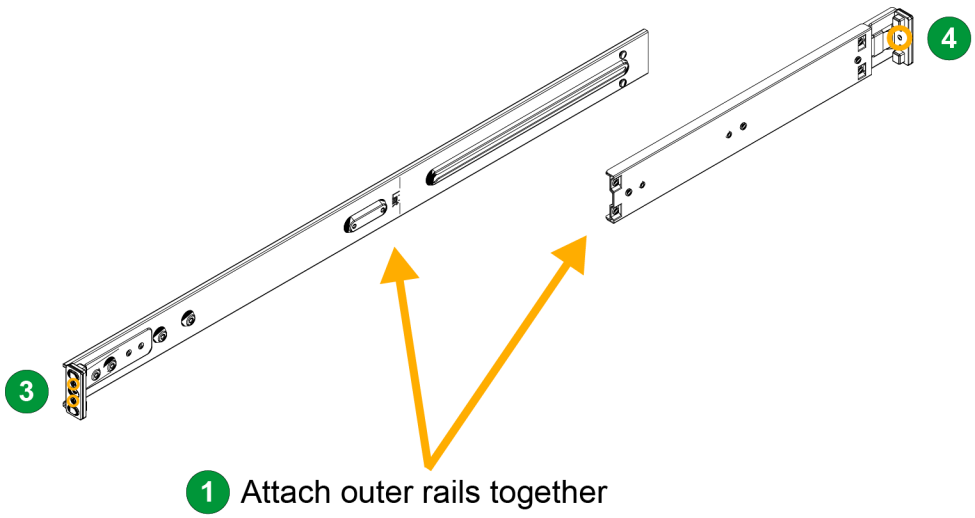

Figure 2-2. Assembling the Outer Rails

2.4 Installing the Chassis into a Rack

Important: Stability hazard. The rack stabilizing mechanism must be in place, or the rack must be bolted to the floor before you slide the unit out for servicing. Failure to stabilize the rack can cause the rack to tip over.

Important: Use caution when mounting or removing the system from the rack. For large systems, at least one other person must assist during installation or removal. Follow the safety recommendations printed on the rails. Depending on the size of the system, you might need to use a lift.

You should now have rails attached to both the chassis and the rack. The next step is to install the server into the rack.

1. Line up the rear of the chassis rails with the front of the rack rails.
2. Slide the chassis rails into the rack rails, keeping the pressure even on both sides (you may have to press the locking tabs when inserting). See the figure below.
3. When the server has been pushed completely into the rack, you should hear the locking tabs "click".

Important: This figure is for illustrative purposes only. Always install servers to the bottom of a rack first.

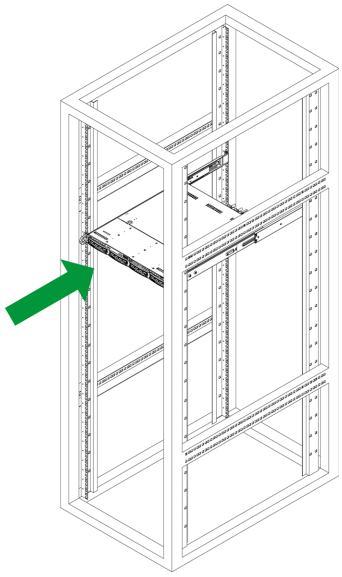

Figure 2-3. Installing the Server into a Rack

Installing the Chassis into a Telco Rack

Important: Stability hazard. The rack stabilizing mechanism must be in place, or the rack must be bolted to the floor before you slide the unit out for servicing. Failure to stabilize the rack can cause the rack to tip over.

Important: Use caution when mounting or removing the system from the rack. For large systems, at least one other person must assist during installation or removal. Follow the safety recommendations printed on the rails. Depending on the size of the system, you might need to use a lift.

To install the SYS-512AR-N4T into a Telco (or "open") type rack, use two L-shaped brackets on either side of the chassis (four total).

1. First, determine how far the server will extend out from the front of the rack. The chassis should be positioned so that the weight is balanced between front and back.
2. Attach the two front brackets to each side of the chassis, then the two rear brackets positioned with just enough space to accommodate the width of the rack.
3. Finish by sliding the chassis into the rack and tightening the brackets to the rack. See the figure below.

Important: This figure is for illustrative purposes only. Always install servers to the bottom of a rack first.

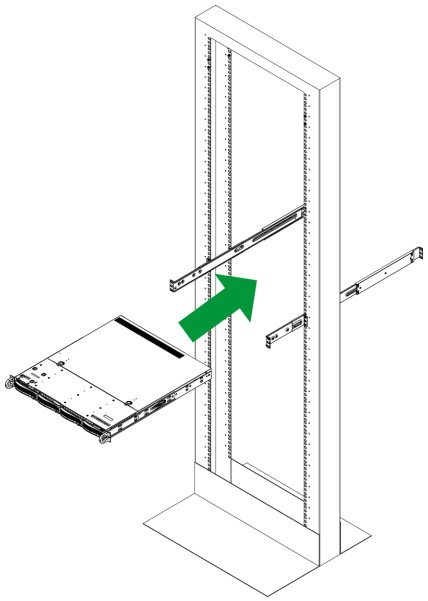

Figure 2-4. Installing the Server into a Telco Rack

2.5 Removing the Chassis from the Rack

Important: Use caution when mounting or removing the system from the rack. For large systems, at least one other person must assist during installation or removal. Follow the safety recommendations printed on the rails. Depending on the size of the system, you might need to use a lift.

1. Pull the chassis forward out the front of the rack until it stops.
2. Press the release latches on each of the inner rails downward simultaneously and continue to pull the chassis forward and out of the rack.

Important: This figure is for illustrative purposes only. Always install servers to the bottom of a rack first.

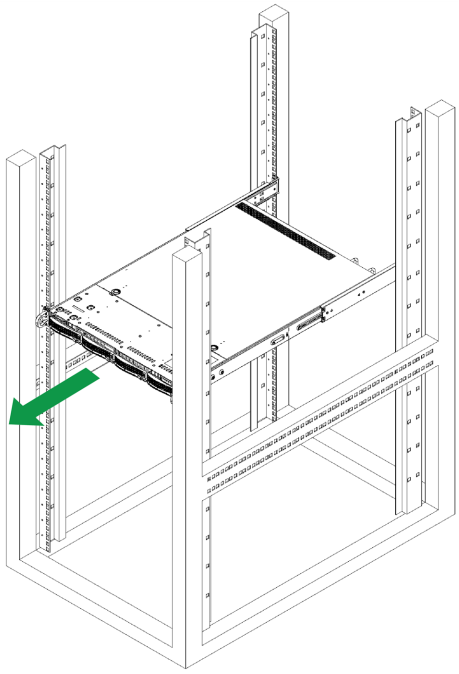

Figure 2-5. Removing the Chassis from the Rack

Chapter 3:

Maintenance and Component Installation

This chapter provides instructions on installing and replacing main system components for the SYS-512AR-N4T server. To prevent compatibility issues, only use components that match the specifications and/or part numbers given.

Installation or replacement of most components require that power first be removed from the system. Follow the procedures given in each section.

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3.1 Removing Power

Before performing some setup or maintenance tasks, use the following procedure to ensure that power has been removed from the SYS-512AR-N4T server. This step is necessary when removing or installing non hot-swap components or when replacing a non-redundant power supply.

1. Use the operating system to power down the system.
2. After the system has completely shut-down, disconnect the AC power cord(s) from the power strip or outlet.
3. Disconnect the power cord(s) from the power supply module(s).

3.2 Accessing the System

The SYS-512AR-N4T server features a removable top cover, which allows easy access to the inside of the server.

Removing the Top Cover

Important: Except for short periods of time, do not operate the server without the cover in place. The chassis cover must be in place to allow for proper airflow and to prevent overheating.

1. Begin by removing power from the system as described in "Removing Power" on the previous page.
2. Grasp the two handles on either side of the system and pull the unit straight out until it locks (you will hear a "click").
3. Depress the two buttons on the top of the chassis to release the top cover. At the same time, push the cover away from you until it stops.
4. Lift the top cover from the chassis to gain full access to the inside of the server.
5. Check that all ventilation openings on the top cover and the top of the chassis are clear and unobstructed.

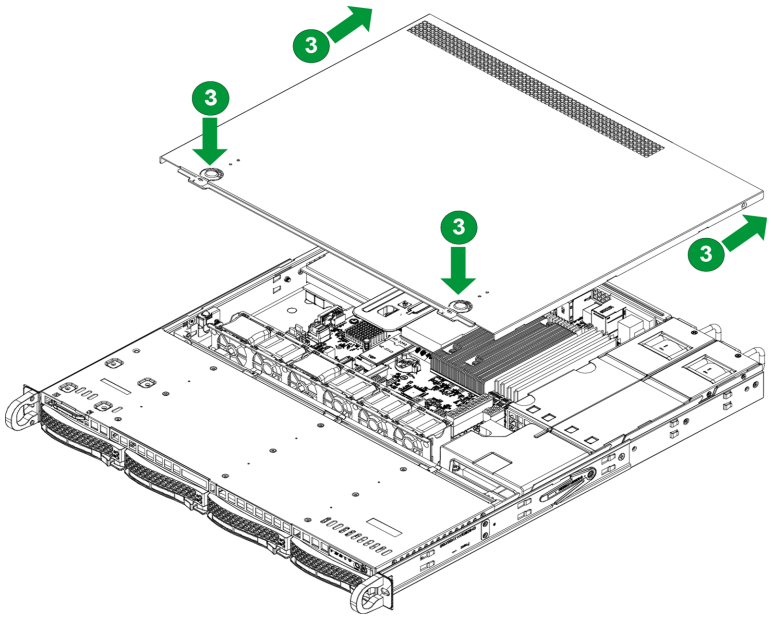


Figure 3-1. Removing the Chassis Cover

3.3 Static-Sensitive Devices

Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) can damage electronic components. To avoid damaging your motherboard, it is important to handle it very carefully. The following measures are generally sufficient to protect your equipment from ESD.

Precautions

- Use a grounded wrist strap designed to prevent static discharge.
- Touch a grounded metal object before removing the board from the antistatic bag.
- Handle the motherboard only by its edges. Do not touch its components, peripheral chips, memory modules, or gold contacts.
- When handling chips or modules, avoid touching their pins.
- Put the motherboard and peripherals back into their antistatic bags when not in use.
- For grounding purposes, make sure that your computer chassis provides excellent conductivity between the power supply, the case, the mounting fasteners, and the motherboard.
- Use only the correct type of onboard CMOS battery. To avoid possible explosion, do not install the onboard battery upside down.

3.4 Processor and Heatsink Installation

This section provides procedures to install the processor(s) and heatsink(s).

Notes:

- Take industry standard precautions to avoid ESD damage. For details, see "Static-Sensitive Devices" on the previous page.
- Before starting, make sure that the plastic socket cap is in place and none of the socket pins are bent. If any damage is noted, contact your retailer.
- Do not connect the system power cord before the processor and heatsink installation is complete.
- When handling the processor, avoid touching or placing direct pressure on the LGA lands (gold contacts). Improper installation or socket misalignment can cause serious damage to the processor or processor socket.
- When buying a processor separately, use only a Supermicro certified heatsink.
- Refer to the Supermicro website for the most recent processor support.
- When installing the heatsink, ensure a torque driver set to the correct force is used for each screw.
- Thermal grease is pre-applied on a new heatsink. No additional thermal grease is needed.

Installing an LGA 1851 Processor

Important: You can only install the processor in one direction. Make sure it is properly inserted into the socket before closing the load plate. If it doesn't close properly, do not force it as it may damage your processor. Instead, open the load plate again and double-check that the processor is properly aligned.

1. Remove the plastic protective cover from the load plate.

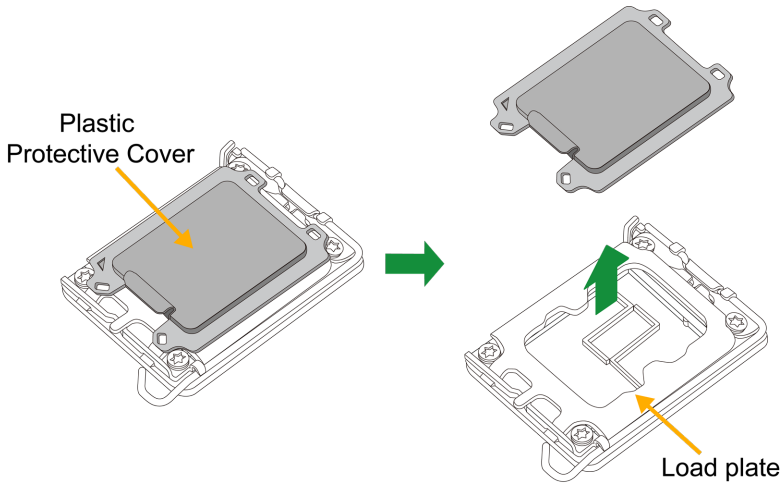


Figure 3-2. Removing the Protective Cover

2. Gently push the load lever down and away from the lever lock, then lift it up completely.

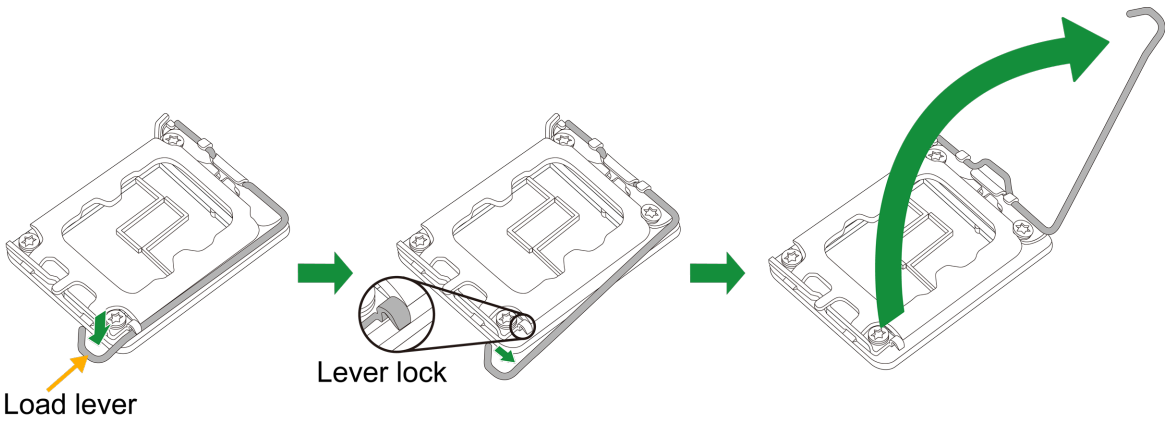


Figure 3-3. Releasing and Lifting the Lever

3. Lift the load plate to open it completely.

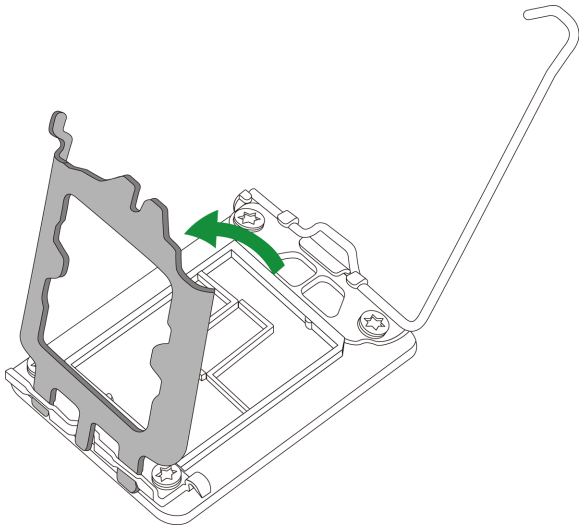


Figure 3-4. Opening the Load Plate

4. Carefully hold the processor by its edges. Align the small triangle marker and notches on the processor with the corresponding triangle marker and notches on the processor load bracket. Once aligned, carefully lower the processor straight down into the socket. (Do not drop the processor on the socket, or move it horizontally or vertically.)

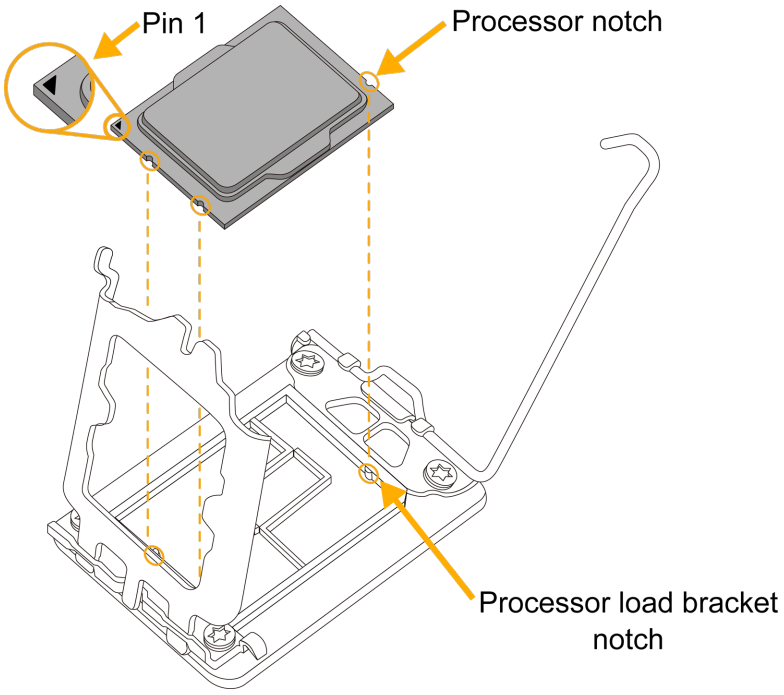


Figure 3-5. Aligning the Notches and Installing the Processor

5. Do not rub the processor against the surface or against any pins of the socket to avoid damaging the processor or the socket.

6. With the processor inside the socket, inspect all the corners to make sure it is properly installed.
7. Close the load plate with the processor inside the socket. Gently push the load lever down until it locks under the lever lock.

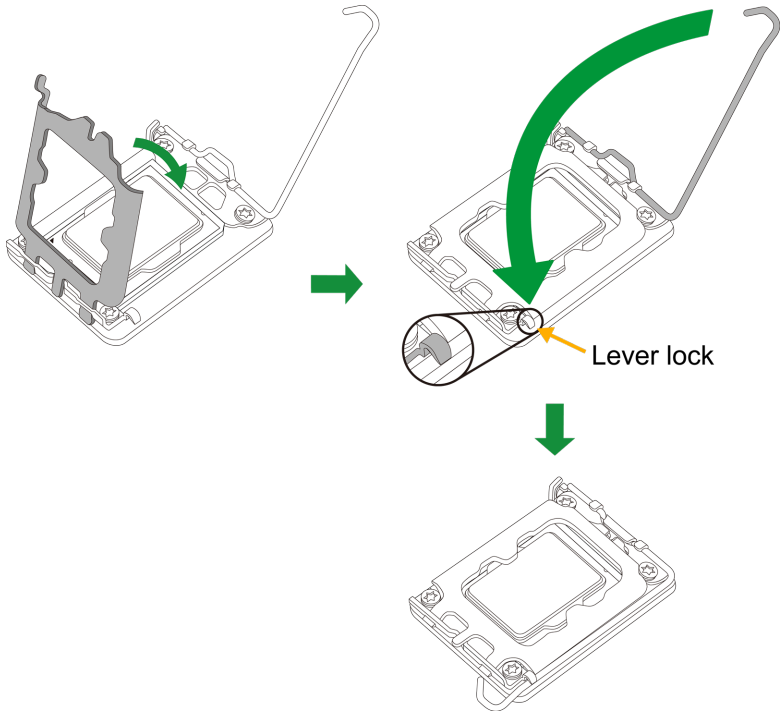


Figure 3-6. Closing the Load Plate and Pushing the Lever Down

Installing a Processor Heatsink

1. Loosen four screws to release the backplate. Note that one screw is not shown in the illustration below.

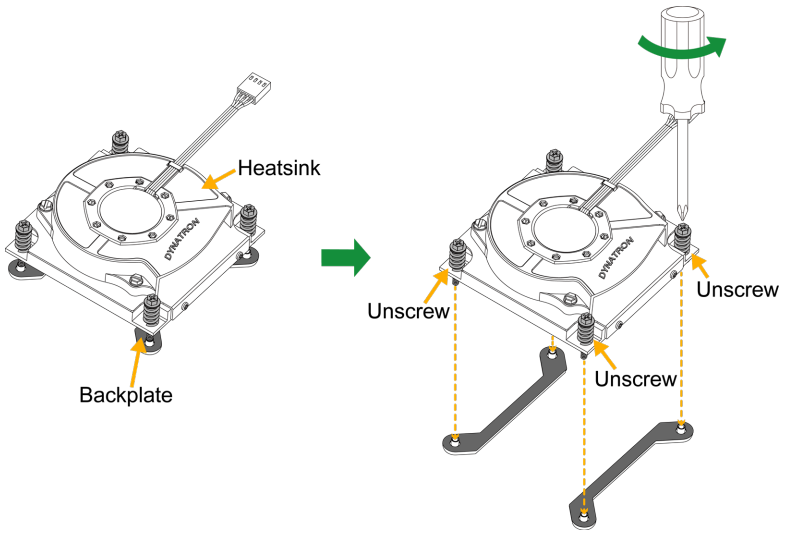


Figure 3-7. Releasing the Backplate from the Heatsink

2. If there is a thin layer of protective film on the backplate, remove it.

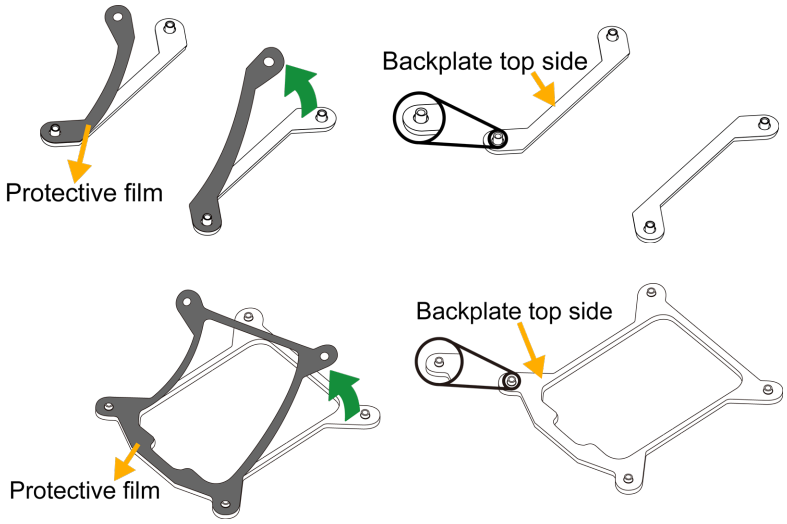
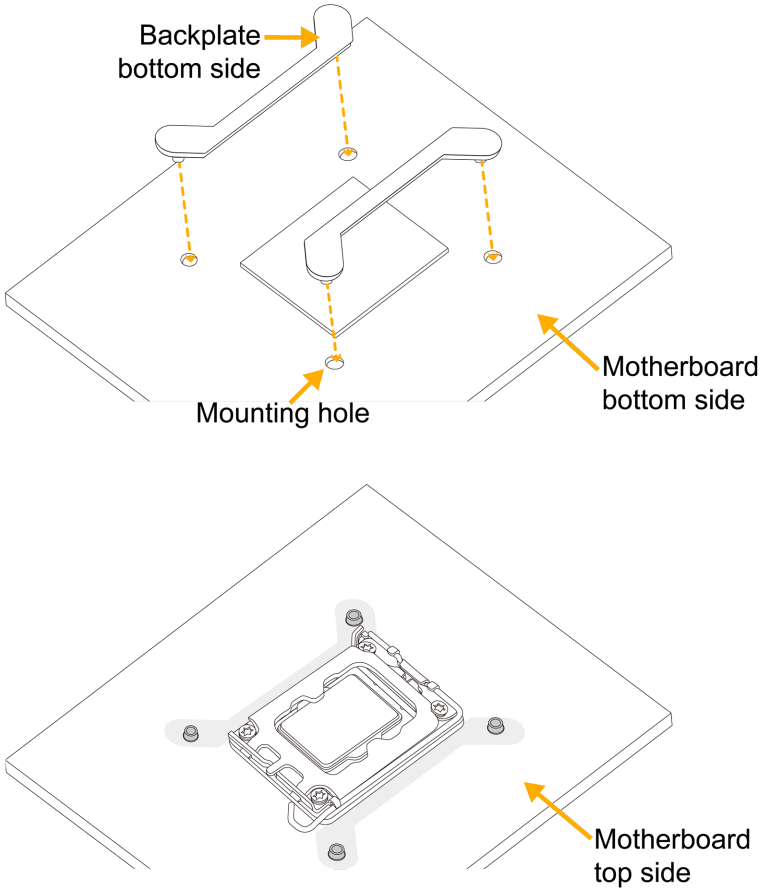


Figure 3-8. Removing the Protective Film

3. Attach the backplate into the mounting holes around the processor socket on the bottom side of the motherboard.



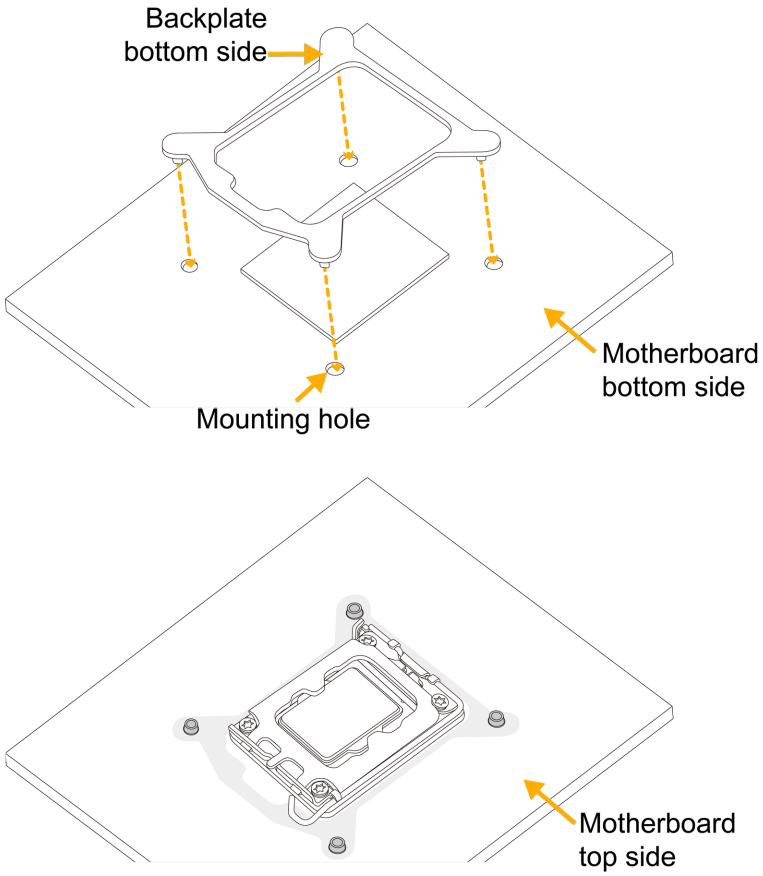


Figure 3-9. Attaching the Backplate to the Bottom Side of the Motherboard

4. Apply the proper amount of thermal grease on the processor.

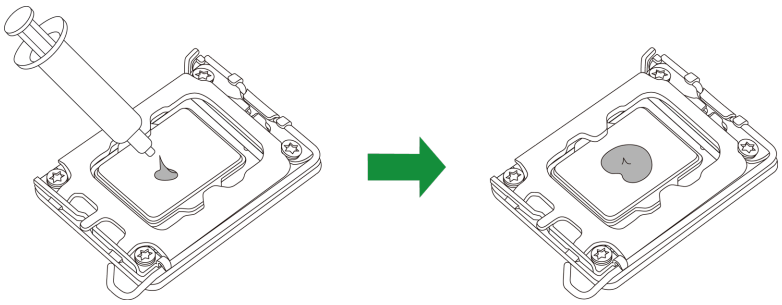


Figure 3-10. Applying Thermal Grease

5. Place the heatsink on top of the processor so that the four mounting holes on the heatsink are aligned with those on the retention mechanism.

6. Tighten the screws.

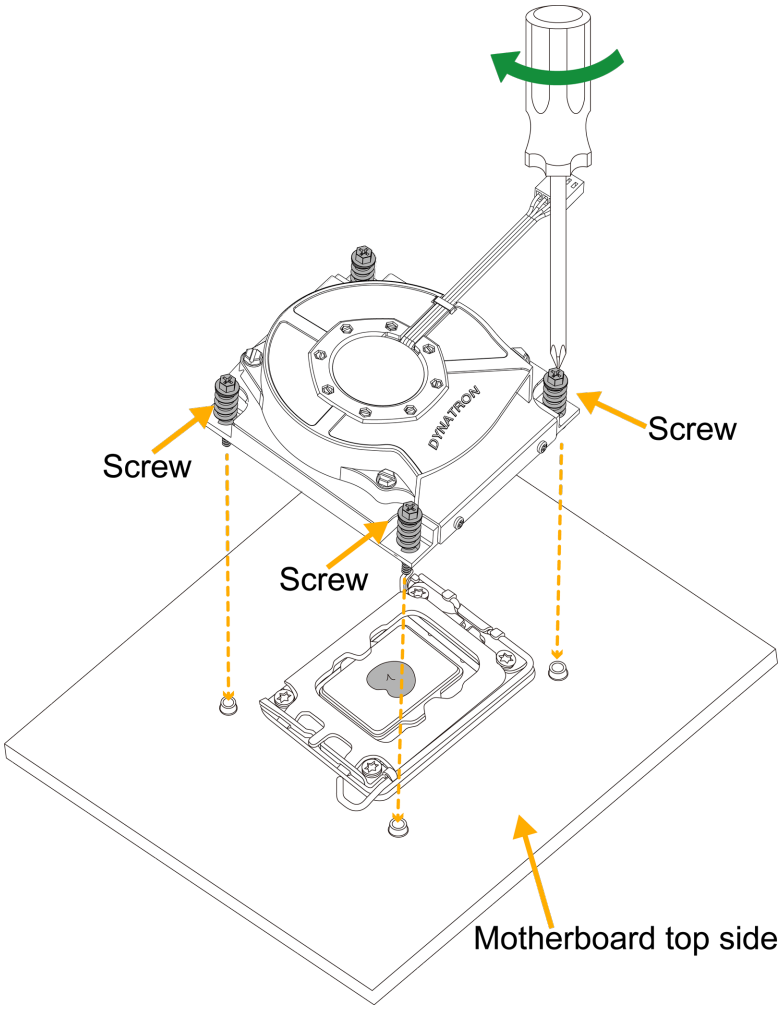


Figure 3-11. Tightening the Heatsink Screws

Notes:

- The installation described in this section is for reference only. The actual installation steps may vary depending on the CPU heatsink model. Refer to the heatsink instructions for more details.
- Images displayed are for illustration purposes only. Your components might look different from those shown in this manual.

Removing the Processor Heatsink

Important: We do not recommend that the processor or heatsink be removed. However, if you do need to remove the heatsink, follow the instructions below to remove the heatsink and prevent damage done to the processor or other components.

1. Unplug the power cord from the power supply and the power connector from the cooler and fan header.
2. Loosen the screws as shown in figure in the next step.
3. Gently wiggle the heatsink to loosen it. Do not use excessive force when wiggling the heatsink.

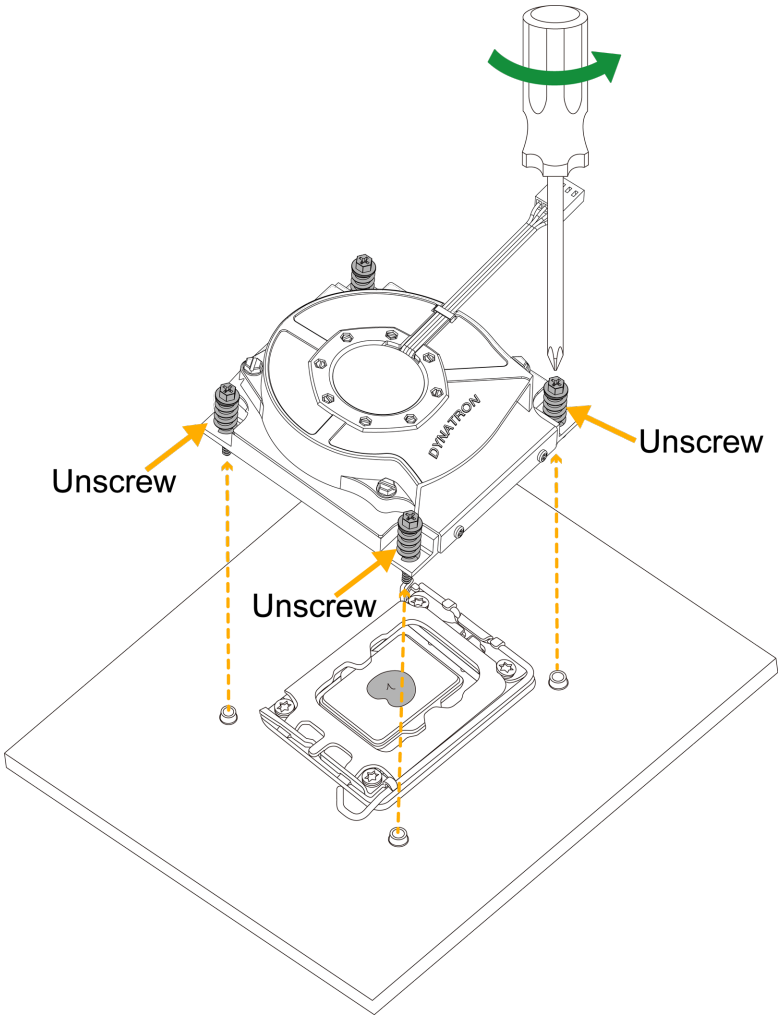


Figure 3-12. Loosening the Heatsink Screws

4. Once the heatsink is loosened, remove it from the motherboard.

3.5 Memory Support and Installation

Important: To prevent any damage, exercise extreme care when installing or removing memory modules.

Note: Check the Supermicro website for recommended memory modules.

Memory Support

The X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard supports up to 192 GB of ECC or non-ECC DDR5 UDIMM/CUDIMM memory with speeds of up to 5600 MT/s with one DIMM single rank/dual rank, or 4400 MT/s with two DIMM single rank/dual rank in four memory slots.

DIMM Module Population Configuration

Four DIMM Slots	
Number of DIMMS	**Memory Population Sequence**
1	DIMMA2
2	DIMMA2/DIMMB2
4	DIMMA2/DIMMB2/DIMMA1/DIMMB1

General Guidelines for Optimizing Memory Performance

- It is recommended to use DDR5 memory of the same type, size, and speed.
- Mixed DIMM speeds can be installed. However, all DIMMs will run at the speed of the slowest DIMM.
- The motherboard will support an odd number amount of memory modules. However, to achieve the best memory performance, a balanced memory population is recommended.

DIMM Installation

Important: To avoid causing any damage to the memory module or the DIMM socket, do not use excessive force when pressing the release tabs on the ends of the DIMM socket. Handle memory modules with care. To avoid ESD-related damage to your memory modules or components, carefully follow all the instructions given in "Static-Sensitive Devices" on page 43.

1. Insert the desired number of DIMMs into the memory slots based on the recommended DIMM population table earlier in this section.
2. Push the release tabs outwards on both ends of the DIMM slot to unlock it.

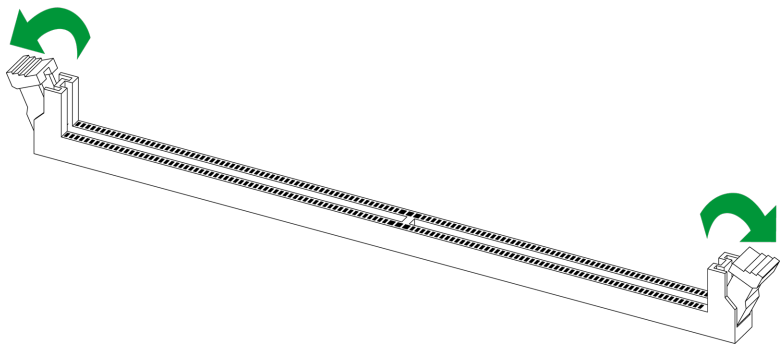


Figure 3-13. Unlocking the DIMM Slot

3. Align the key of the DIMM with the receptive point on the memory slot.

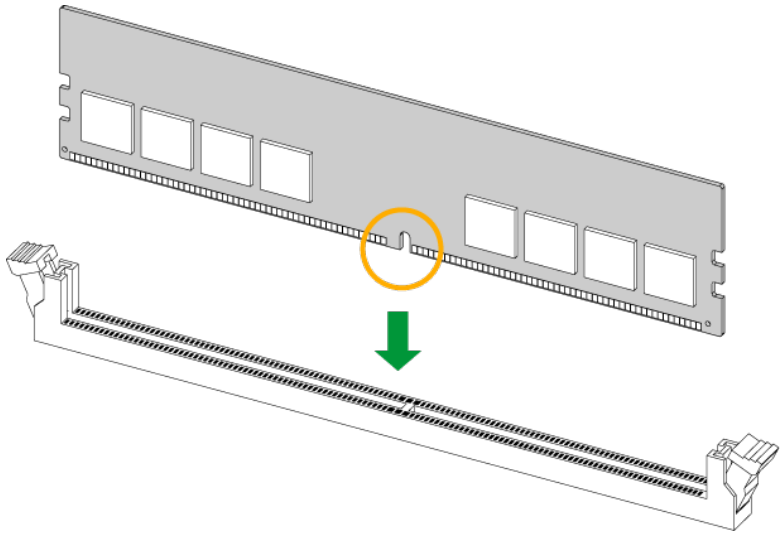


Figure 3-14. Aligning the DIMM Slot with the Receptive Point

4. Align the notches on both ends of the module against the receptive points on the ends of the slot.

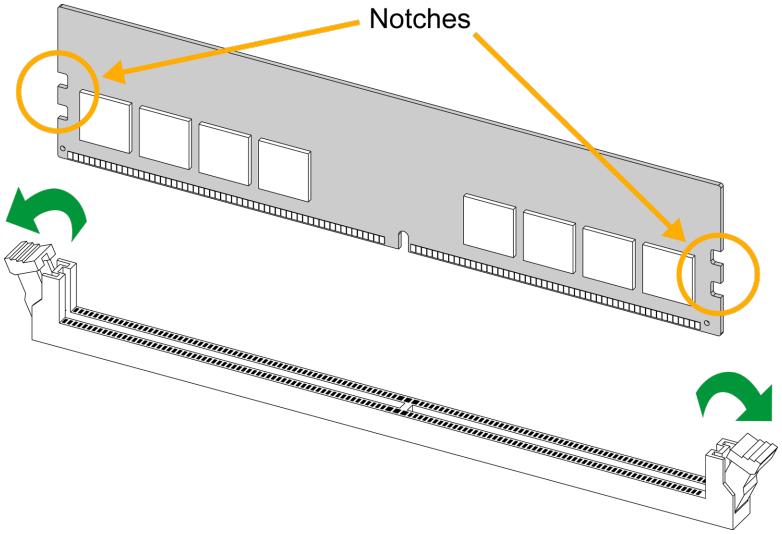


Figure 3-15. Aligning the Notches

5. Press both ends of the module straight down into the slot until the module snaps into place.
6. Press the release tabs to the lock positions to secure the DIMM into the slot.

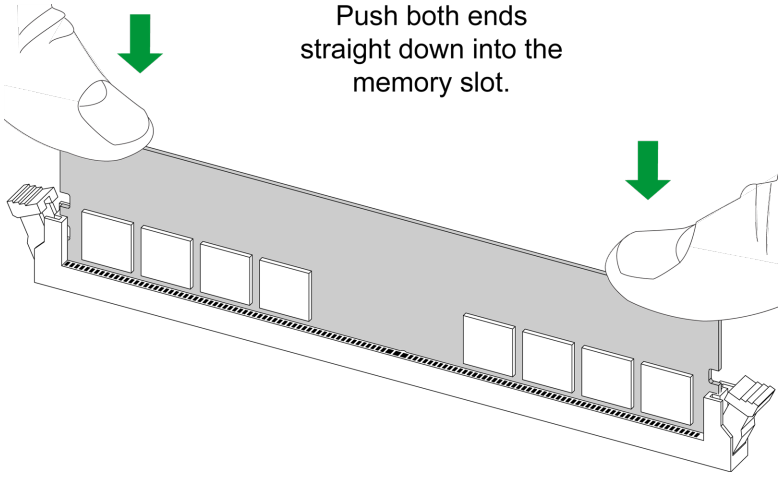


Figure 3-16. Securing the DIMM

For a detailed diagram of the X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard, see the layout under "Motherboard Quick Reference" on page 23.

DIMM Removal

Important: To avoid causing any damage to the memory module or the DIMM socket, do not use excessive force when pressing the release tabs on the ends of the DIMM socket. Handle memory modules with care. To avoid ESD-related damage to your memory modules or components, carefully follow all the instructions given in "Static-Sensitive Devices" on page 43.

Press both release tabs on the ends of the DIMM socket to unlock it. Once the DIMM is loosened, remove it from the memory slot.

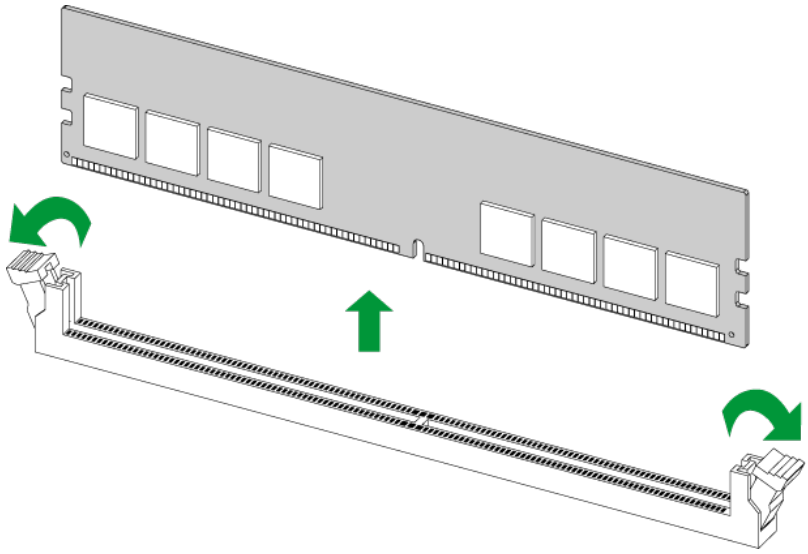


Figure 3-17. Unlocking the DIMM Slot

For a detailed diagram of the X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard, see the layout under "Motherboard Quick Reference" on page 23.

3.6 Motherboard Battery Removal and Installation

Battery Removal

To remove the onboard battery, follow the steps below:

1. Power off your system and unplug your power cable.
2. Place the system on a workbench.
3. Remove the top cover from the system.
4. Locate the onboard battery as shown below.
5. Using a tool such as a pen or a small screwdriver, push the battery lock outwards to unlock it. Once unlocked, the battery will pop out from the holder.
6. Remove the battery.

Proper Battery Disposal

Important: Handle used batteries carefully. Do not damage the battery in any way; a damaged battery may release hazardous materials into the environment. Do not discard a used battery in the garbage or a public landfill. Comply with the regulations set up by your local hazardous waste management agency to dispose of your used battery properly.

Battery Installation

To install an onboard battery, follow steps 1 and 2 above and continue below:

Important: When replacing a battery, be sure to only replace it with the same type.

1. Identify the battery's polarity. The positive (+) side should be facing up.
2. Insert the battery into the battery holder and push it down until you hear a click to ensure that the battery is securely locked.

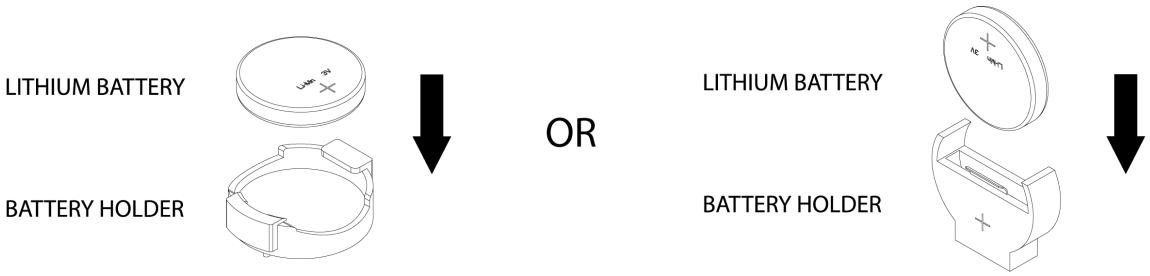


Figure 3-18. Installing a Battery

3.7 Storage Drives

The SYS-512AR-N4T supports up to four hot-swap 3.5" SATA drives. The drives are mounted in drive carriers to simplify their installation and removal from the chassis. Each carrier has a small space on the front to place an orange or purple label to distinguish SATA drives from other protocols.

Note: Enterprise-level storage modules are recommended for use in Supermicro servers.

Figure 3-19. SYS-512AR-N4T Logical Drive Numbers

Logical Drive Numbers	
Slot	**Description**
0–3	Four hot-swap 4.5" SAS3/SATA3 drive bays

Important: Except for short periods of time (swapping drives), do not operate the server with the drive carriers removed from the bays, regardless of how many drives are installed, for proper airflow.

Removing a Drive Carrier from the Chassis

1. Push the release button on the carrier.
2. Swing the handle fully out.
3. Grasp the handle and use it to pull the drive carrier out of its bay.

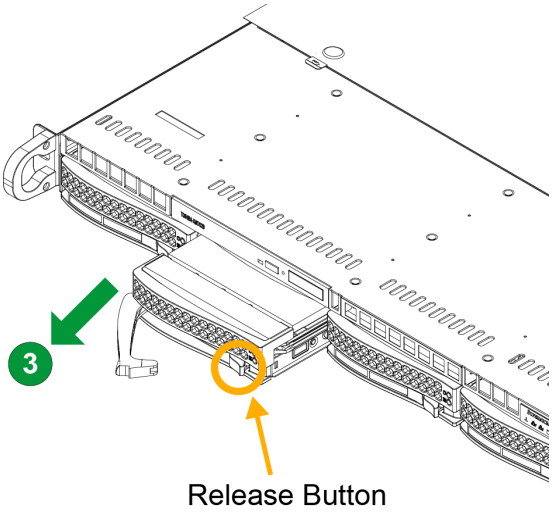


Figure 3-20. Removing a Driver Carrier from the Chassis

Mounting a Drive in a Drive Carrier

1. Install the new drive into the carrier with the printed circuit board facing down so that the mounting holes align with those in the carrier.
2. Secure the drive to the carrier with the screws provided.
3. Push the carrier completely into the drive bay. You should hear a "click" when the drive is fully inserted. This indicates that the carrier has been fully seated and connected to the midplane, which automatically makes the power and logic connections to the storage drive.

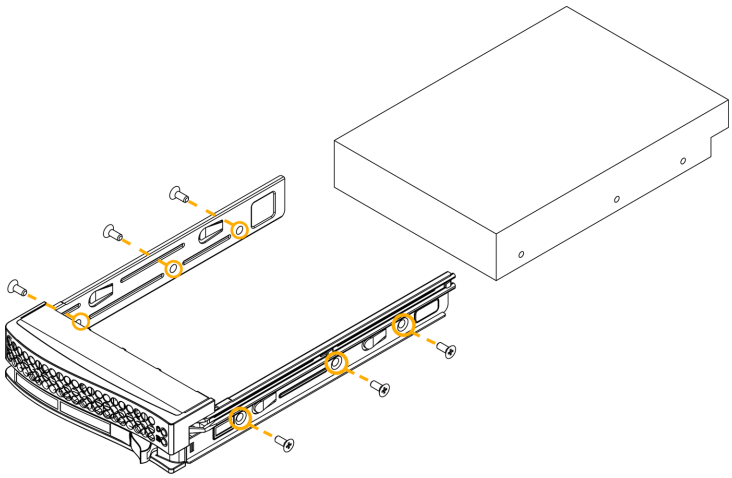


Figure 3-21. Mounting a Drive in a Carrier

Removing a Drive from a Drive Carrier

1. Remove the screws that secure the storage drive to the carrier. See the figure in "Mounting a Drive in a Carrier" on the previous page.
2. Separate the storage drive from the carrier.
3. Replace the carrier back into the drive bay until you hear a "click".

Drive Carrier Indicators

Each drive carrier has two LED indicators: an activity indicator and a status indicator. In RAID configurations, the status indicator lights to indicate the status of the drive. In non-RAID configurations, the status indicator remains off. See the table below for details

Drive Carrier LED Indicator			
	Color	**Blinking Pattern**	**Device Behavior**
Activity LED	Blue	Solid On	SAS/NVMe drive installed
	Blue	Blinking	I/O activity
Status LED	Red	Solid On	Failure of drive

Hot-Swap for NVMe Drives

Supermicro servers support NVMe surprise hot-swap. For even better data security, NVMe orderly hot-swap is recommended. NVMe drives can be ejected and replaced remotely using BMC.

Note: If you are using VROC, see "Intel Virtual RAID on CPU (VROC)" on page 109 in this manual instead.

Ejecting a Drive

1. **BMC > Server Health > NVMe SSD**
2. Select Device, Group, and Slot, and click **Eject**. After ejecting, the drive Status LED indicator turns green.
3. Remove the drive.

Note that Device and Group are categorized by the CPLD design architecture.

A Slot is the slot number on which the NVMe drives are mounted.

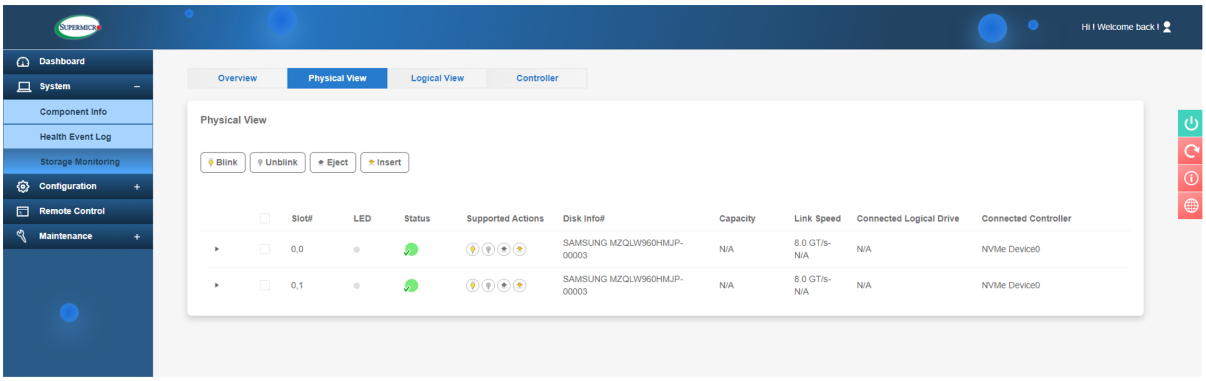


Figure 3-22. BMC Screenshot

Replacing a Drive

1. Insert the replacement drive.
2. **BMC > System > Storage Monitor > Physical View**
3. Select Device, Group, and slot and click **Insert**. The drive Status LED indicator flashes red, then turns off. The Activity LED turns blue.

3.8 System Cooling

Refer to the following sections for information about the cooling capabilities of the SYS-512AR-N4T server.

Fans

Six 4-cm heavy-duty fans provide the cooling for the system. The chassis provides two additional open fan housing, where additional system fans may be added for optimal cooling. It is important that the chassis top cover is installed for the cooling air to circulate properly through the chassis and cool the components.

Fan speed is controlled by a system temperature setting in the BMC. If a fan fails, the remaining fans will ramp up to full speed. The system can continue to run with a failed fan. Replace any failed fan at your earliest convenience with the same type and model. Failed fans can be identified through the BMC.

Important: Except for short periods of time, do not operate the server without the cover in place. The chassis cover must be in place to allow for proper airflow and to prevent overheating.

Changing a System Fan

1. Power down the server as described in "Removing Power" on page 41.
2. Remove the system from the rack and place the system on a workbench.
3. Remove the chassis cover as described in "Accessing the System" on page 42.
4. Inspect the fans to see which one has failed.
5. Remove the failed fan's cable from the fan header on the motherboard and remove the failed fan from the chassis.
6. Place the new fan into the vacant space in the housing. The arrows on the top of the fan indicate air direction; they must point in the same direction as the arrows on the other fans.
7. Connect the fan wires to the same fan header as the fan just removed.
8. Replace the chassis cover.
9. Return the system to the rack.

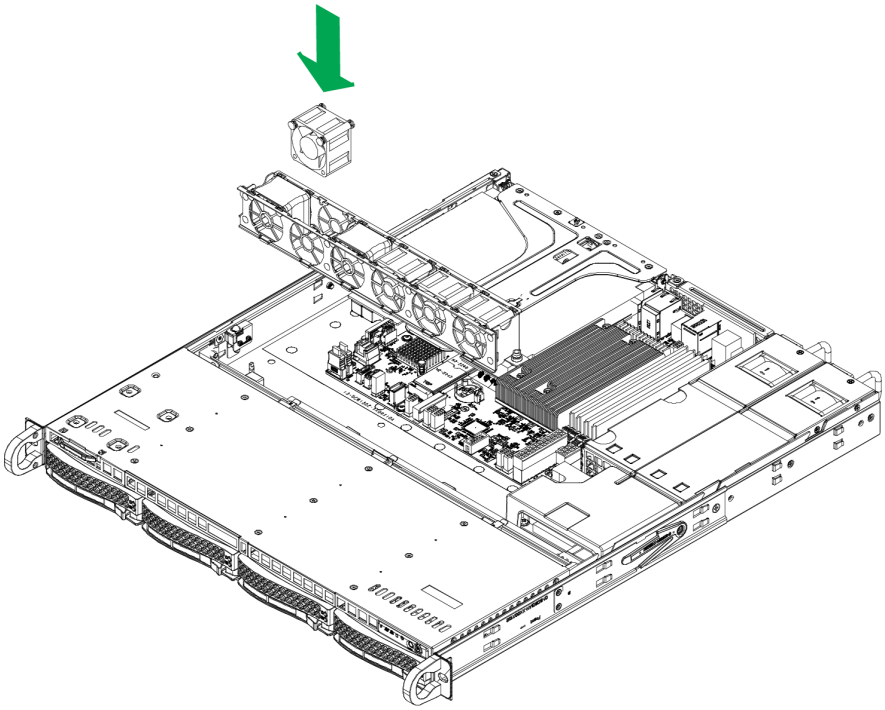


Figure 3-23. Changing a System Fan

Air Shrouds

The air shroud concentrates airflow to maximize fan efficiency. The air shroud does not require screws to set up.

Installing an Air Shroud

1. Power down the system and unplug the power cable as described in "Removing Power" on page 41.
2. Remove the system from the rack and place the system on a workbench.
3. Remove the chassis cover as described in "Accessing the System" on page 42.
4. If necessary, move any cables that interfere with the air shroud placement.
5. Place the air shroud behind the system fans. Slide the air shroud into the grooves just behind the fan rack.
6. Reroute any cables that were moved and replace the chassis cover.
7. Return the system to the rack.

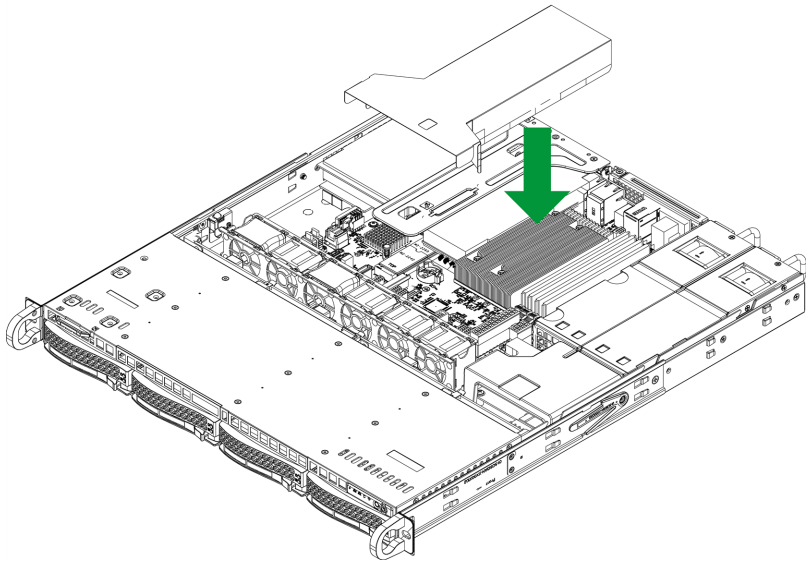


Figure 3-24. Installing an Air Shroud

3.9 Expansion Cards

Refer to the following sections for information on the expansion cards supported by the SYS-512AR-N4T server.

PCIe Expansion Cards

The system includes a pre-installed riser card (p/n RSC-S-6G5) that positions a standard size PCIe card at a 90 degree angle, allowing it to fit inside the chassis.

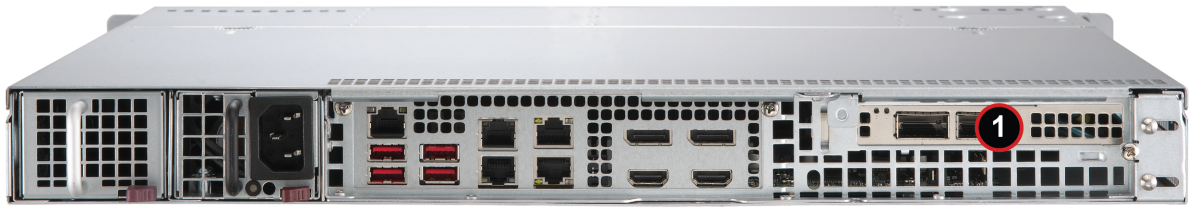


Figure 3-25. Expansion Card Slots

Expansion Card Slots	
Item	**Description**
1	1U LHS standard riser card with one PCIe 5.0 X16 slot, H

Installing an Expansion Card

The RSC-S-6G5 riser card has already been pre-installed into the motherboard. Perform the following steps to install an add-on card:

1. Begin by removing power from the system as described in "Removing Power" on page 41.
2. Remove the system from the rack and place the system on a workbench.
3. Remove the chassis cover to access the inside of the system.
4. Remove the riser card bracket from the chassis.
5. Lift the riser card bracket from the chassis.
6. Install the expansion card into the riser card slot.
7. Install the bracket into the slot in the system while aligning the bracket in the rear of the chassis.
8. Replace the chassis cover on the system.
9. Return the system to the rack.

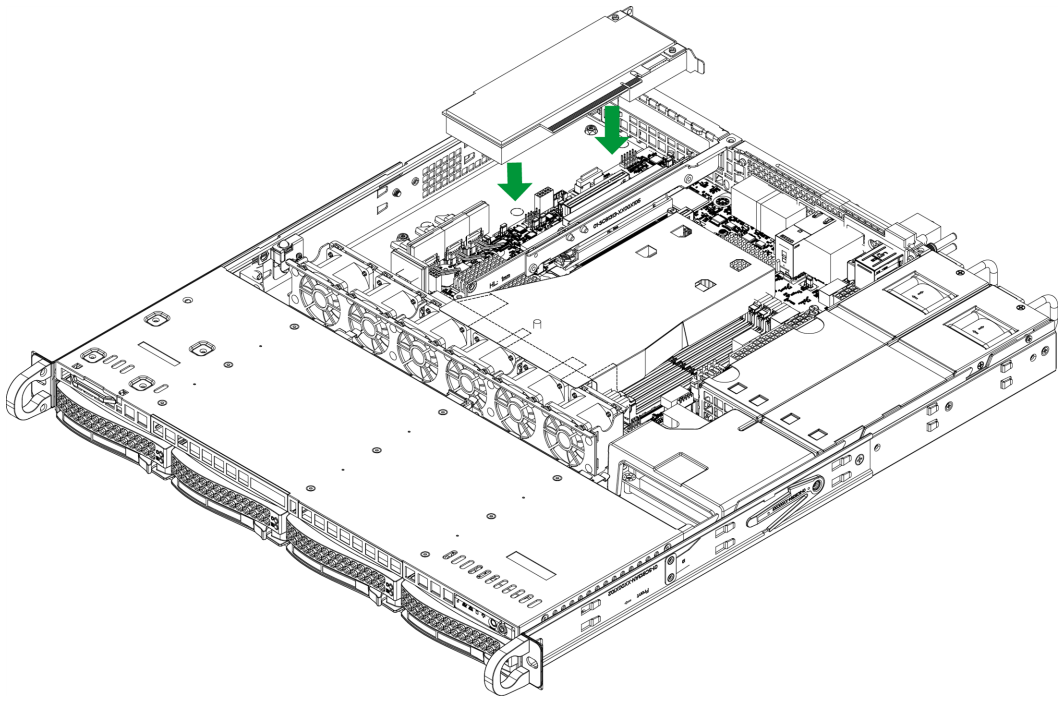


Figure 3-26. Installing a Expansion Card

3.10 Power Supply

The SYS-512AR-N4T comes with one 600 W or 800 W high-efficiency power supply. The power supply can be upgraded to two redundant power supplies. The power supply module has an auto-switching capability. It can automatically sense and operate with a 100 V–240 V input voltage. An additional power supply can be added to make the system redundant. A redundant power supply configuration is hot-swappable, meaning the power supplies can be changed without powering down the system. New units can be ordered directly from Supermicro or authorized distributors.

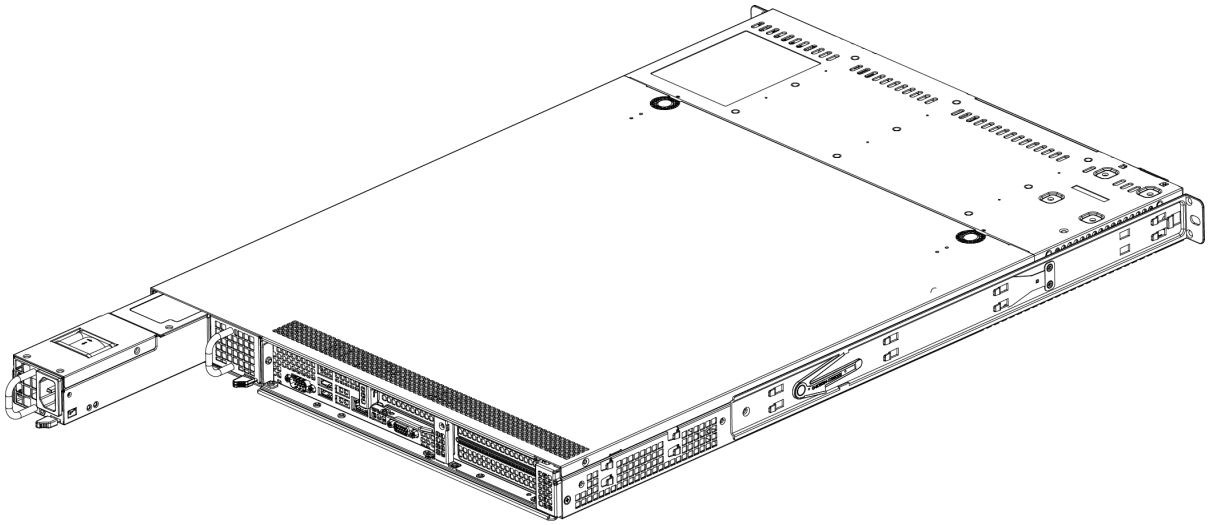


Figure 3-27. Power Supply Location

Power Supply LEDs

On the rear of the power supply module, an LED displays the status.

- **Solid Green:** When illuminated, indicates that the power supply is on.
- **Blinking Green:** When blinking, indicates that the power supply is plugged in and turned off by the system.
- **Blinking Amber:** When blinking, indicates that the power supply has a warning condition and continues to operate.
- **Solid Amber:** When illuminated, indicates that the power supply is plugged in, and is in an abnormal state. The system might need service. Please contact Supermicro technical support.

Replacing Power Supply Modules

The steps to replace the power supply modules depends on the system and the number of modules that have failed. Hot-swap is only possible on a system with two power supplies and only when one power supply has failed.

Replacing One Power Supply on Non-Redundant System

1. To replace the single power supply on a non-redundant system, remove power as described in "Removing Power" on page 41.
2. Remove the system from the rack and place the system on a workbench.
3. Push the release tab (see figure below), then pull the power supply out using the handle provided.
4. Push the new power supply module into the power bay until you hear a click (replace with the same model).
5. Reconnect the power cord to the power supply inlet.
6. Reconnect the power cord to the power strip or outlet.
7. Power on the system.
8. Check the power supply's status using remote management or the LEDs.

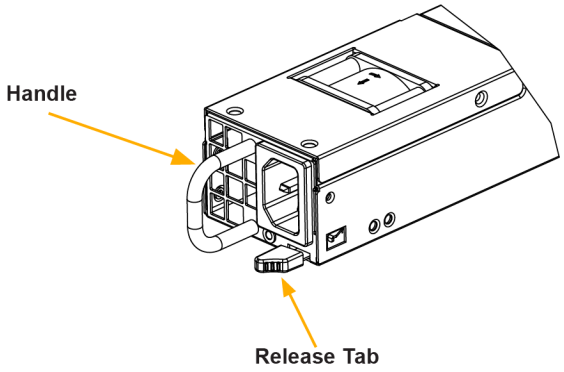


Figure 3-28. Release Tab Location

Replacing One Power Supply on a Redundant System

Hot-swap power supply replacement is possible for a system with two power supplies and when only one power supply has failed.

1. Use remote management or check the power supply LEDs to determine which power supply module has failed
2. Push the release tab (see figure on the previous page), then pull the power supply out using the handle provided.
3. Push the new power supply module into the power bay until you hear a click (replace with the same model).
4. Check the power supply status using remote management or the power supply's LEDs.

Replacing Two Power Supplies on a Redundant System

1. Remove power from the system as described in "Removing Power" on page 41.
2. Remove the system from the rack and place the system on a workbench.
3. Push the release tab (see figure on the previous page), then pull the power supply out using the handle provided.
4. Push the new power supply module into the power bay until you hear a click (replace with the same model).
5. Reconnect the power cord to the power supply inlet.
6. Reconnect the power cord to the power strip or outlet.
7. Repeat steps 2-5 for the second power supply.
8. Power on the system.
9. Check the power supply status using remote management or the power supply's LEDs.

Chapter 4:

Motherboard Connections, Jumpers, and LEDs

This section describes the connections on the motherboard and provides pinout definitions. Note that depending on how the system is configured, not all connections are required. The LEDs on the motherboard are also described here. A motherboard layout indicating component locations may be found in the "Introduction" on page 14. More detail can be found in the X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard manual.

Review the "Standardized Warning Statements for AC Systems" on page 191 before installing or removing components.

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4.1 Power Supply and Power Connections

For information about the power supply and power connections of the SYS-512AR-N4T server, refer to the following content.

4-pin HDD Power Connector

JPH1 is a 4-pin power connector that provides power to onboard hard drive devices.

For a detailed diagram of the X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard, see the layout under "Motherboard Quick Reference" on page 23.

4-pin HDD Power Connector	
Pin#	**Definition**
1	+12 V
2	GND
3	GND
4	+5 V

ATX Power Supply Connection

The primary 24-pin power supply connection (JPW1 on the X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard) meets the ATX SSI EPS +12 V specification. JPW2 is an 8-pin +12 V DC power input for the processor that must be connected to the power supply.

Important: To provide adequate power supply to the motherboard, be sure to connect the 24-pin ATX PWR and the 8-pin PWR connections to the power supply. Failure to do so may void the manufacturer warranty on your power supply and motherboard.

For a detailed diagram of the X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard, see the layout under "Motherboard Quick Reference" on page 23.

8-pin CPU Power Pin Definitions: Eight Total	
Pin#	**Definition**
1–4	GND
5–8	+12 V (12 V Power)

ATX Power 24-pin Connection Pin Definitions: 24 Total			
Pin#	**Definition**	**Pin#**	**Definition**
13	+3.3 V	1	+3.3 V
14	No Connection	2	+3.3 V
15	GND	3	GND
16	PS_ON	4	+5 V
17	GND	5	GND
18	GND	6	+5 V
19	GND	7	GND
20	Res (No Connection)	8	PWR_OK
21	+5 V	9	+5 VSB
22	+5 V	10	+12 V
23	+5 V	11	+12 V
24	GND	12	+3.3 V

4.2 Headers and Connections

For information about the headers on the X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard, refer to the following content.

Chassis Intrusion

A Chassis Intrusion header is located at JL1 on the X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard. Attach the appropriate cable from the chassis to inform you when the chassis is opened.

For a detailed diagram of the X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard, see the layout under "Motherboard Quick Reference" on page 23.

Chassis Intrusion Pin Definitions: Two Total	
Pin#	**Definition**
1	Intrusion Input
2	GND

COM Header

The X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard has one COM header that provides serial connections, utilizing Supermicro PN: CBL-CDAT-0604 or CBL-CUSB-0984 (not included). COM1/2 supports RS-232/422/485.

For a detailed diagram of the X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard, see the layout under "Motherboard Quick Reference" on page 23.

COM Header Pin Definitions: 20 Total			
Pin#	**Definition**	**Pin#**	**Definition**
1	DCDA	2	DSRA
3	RXDA	4	RTSA
5	TXDA	6	CTSA
7	DTRA	8	RIA
9	GND	10	N/A
11	DCDC	12	DSRC
13	RXDC	14	RTSC

COM Header Pin Definitions: 20 Total			
Pin#	**Definition**	**Pin#**	**Definition**
15	TXDC	16	CTSC
17	DTRC	18	RIC
19	GND	20	N/A

External BMC I²C Header

A System Management Bus header for the BMC is located at JIPMB1 on the X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard. Connect the appropriate cable here to use the IPMB I²C connection on your system.

For a detailed diagram of the X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard, see the layout under "Motherboard Quick Reference" on page 23.

External I²C Header Pin Definitions: Four Total	
Pin#	**Definition**
1	Clock
2	GND
3	Data
4	No Connection

External RTC Battery Connector

J1 is the external RTC battery connector.

For a detailed diagram of the X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard, see the layout under "Motherboard Quick Reference" on page 23.

Front Panel Audio Header

A 10-pin audio header provides support for audio playback. Connect an audio cable to this header to use this feature.

For a detailed diagram of the X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard, see the layout under "Motherboard Quick Reference" on page 23.

Audio Header Pin Definitions: 10 Total			
Pin#	**Definition**	**Pin#**	**Definition**
1	Mic_2_Left	2	Audio_Ground
3	Mic_2_Right	4	Audio_Ground
5	Line_2_Right	6	Mic_2_JD
7	Jack_Detect	8	Key
9	Line_2_Left	10	Line_2_JD

Internal Speaker/Buzzer

The Internal Speaker/Buzzer (SP1) is used to provide audible indications for various beep codes.

For a detailed diagram of the X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard, see the layout under "Motherboard Quick Reference" on page 23.

Internal Speaker/Buzzer Pin Definitions: Two Total	
Pin#	**Definition**
1	Pos (+) Beep In
2	Neg (-) Alarm Speaker

M.2 Slot

The X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard has one M.2 M-Key slot (JMD1). M.2 was formerly known as Next Generation Form Factor (NGFF) and serves to replace mini PCIe. M.2 allows for a variety of card sizes, increased functionality, and spatial efficiency. The M.2 M-Key slots on the motherboard support PCIe 5.0 x4 devices in a 2280/22110 form factor.

For a detailed diagram of the X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard, see the layout under "Motherboard Quick Reference" on page 23.

NVMe Express Connector

The X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard supports a PCIe 4.0 x4 + x4 NVMe connection. This connector provides high-speed and low-latency connections directly from the CPU to NVMe solid state drives (SSD). This greatly increases SSD data-throughput performance and significantly reduces PCIe latency by simplifying driver/software requirements resulting from direct PCIe interface from the CPU to the NVMe SSD drives.

For a detailed diagram of the X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard, see the layout under "Motherboard Quick Reference" on page 23.

NVMe Connector Pin Definitions: 74 Total			
Pin#	**Definition**	**Pin#**	**Definition**
A1	GND	B1	GND
A2	PERP0	B2	PETP0
A3	PERN0	B3	PETN0
A4	GND	B4	GND
A5	PERP1	B5	PETP1
A6	PERN1	B6	PETN1
A7	GND	B7	GND
A8	N/A	B8	SMBCLK0_BMC
A9	N/A	B9	SMBDAT0_BMC
A10	GND	B10	GND
A11	REFCLKP0	B11	PERST0
A12	REFCLKN0	B12	N/A
A13	GND	B13	GND
A14	PERP2	B14	PETP2
A15	PERN2	B15	PETN2
A16	GND	B16	GND
A17	PERP3	B17	PETP3
A18	PERN3	B18	PETN3
A19	GND	B19	GND
A20	PERP4	B20	PETP4

NVMe Connector Pin Definitions: 74 Total			
Pin#	**Definition**	**Pin#**	**Definition**
A21	PERN4	B21	PETN4
A22	GND	B22	GND
A23	PERP5	B23	PETP5
A24	PERN5	B24	PETN5
A25	GND	B25	GND
A26	N/A	B26	SMBCLK1_BMC
A27	N/A	B27	SMBDAT1_BMC
A28	GND	B28	GND
A29	REFCLKP1	B29	PERST1
A30	REFCLKN1	B30	N/A
A31	GND	B31	GND
A32	PERP6	B32	PETP6
A33	PERN6	B33	PETN6
A34	GND	B34	GND
A35	PERP7	B35	PETP7
A36	PERN7	B36	PETN7
A37	GND	B37	GND

Power SMB (I²C) Header

The Power System Management Bus (I²C) connector (JPI²C1 on the X14SAZ- TLN4F motherboard) monitors the power supply, fan, and system temperatures.

For a detailed diagram of the X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard, see the layout under "Motherboard Quick Reference" on page 23.

Power SMBus Header Pin Definitions: Five Total	
Pin#	**Definition**
1	Clock
2	Data
3	PMBUS_Alert
4	GND
5	+3.3 V

SATA 3.0 Ports

The X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard has four SATA 3.0 ports supported by the W880 chipset.

For a detailed diagram of the X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard, see the layout under "Motherboard Quick Reference" on page 23.

Speaker Header

On the JD1 header, pins 1–4 are for the speaker and pins 3–4 are for the buzzer. Connect a cable to this header to use it as a buzzer.

For a detailed diagram of the X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard, see the layout under "Motherboard Quick Reference" on page 23.

Speaker Header Pin Definitions: Two Total	
Pin#	**Definition**
1–4	Speaker
3–4	Buzzer

Power SMBus Header

A Power System Management Bus header for additional slave devices or sensors is located at JSMB1.

For a detailed diagram of the X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard, see the layout under "Motherboard Quick Reference" on page 23.

Power SMBus Header Pin Definitions: Three Total	
Pin#	**Definition**
1	Data
2	GND
3	Clock

TPM/Port 80 Header

The JTPM1 header on the X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard is used to connect a Trusted Platform Module (TPM)/Port 80, which is available from Supermicro (optional). A TPM/Port 80 connector is a security device that supports encryption and authentication in hard drives. It allows the motherboard to deny access if the TPM associated with the hard drive is not installed in the system. Go to the following link for more information on the TPM:

https://www.supermicro.com/manuals/other/AOM-TPM-9670V_9670H__X12_H12.pdf.

For a detailed diagram of the X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard, see the layout under "Motherboard Quick Reference" on page 23.

Trusted Platform Module Header Pin Definitions: 10 Total			
Pin#	**Definition**	**Pin#**	**Definition**
1	+3.3 V	2	SPI_CS#
3	RESET#	4	SPI_MISO
5	SPI_CLK	6	GND
7	SPI_MOSI	8	No Connection
9	+1.8 V Stdby	10	SPI_IRQ#

Universal Serial Bus (USB) Header

The X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard has two USB 2.0 headers that provide four connections (USB0/1 and USB2/3). There are also two USB 3.2 Type-A ports (USB8/9).

For a detailed diagram of the X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard, see the layout under "Motherboard Quick Reference" on page 23.

4.3 Front Control Panel

JF1 on the X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard contains header pins for various buttons and indicators that are normally located on a control panel at the front of the chassis. These connectors are designed specifically for use with Supermicro chassis.

For a detailed diagram of the X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard, see the layout under "Motherboard Quick Reference" on page 23.

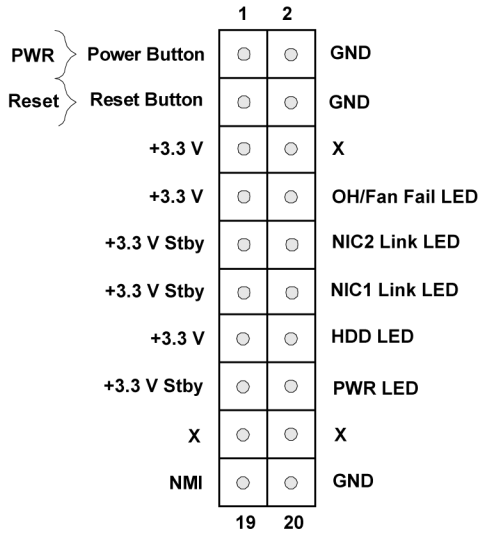


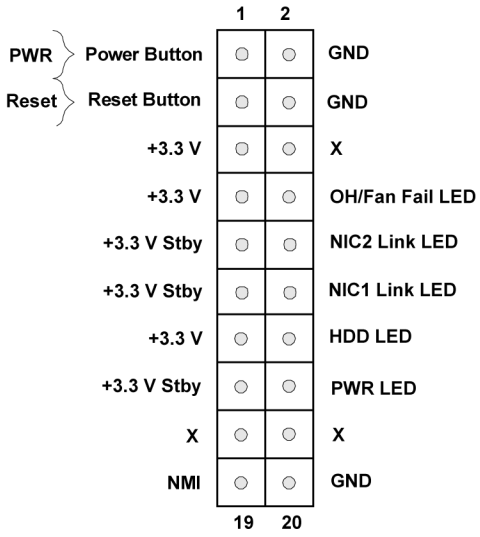
Figure 4-1. Front Control Panel Pin Definitions

Power Button

The Power Button connection is located on pins 1 and 2 of JF1 on the X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard. Momentarily contacting both pins will power on/off the system. This button can also be configured to function as a suspend button (with a setting in the BIOS). To turn off the power when the system is in suspend mode, press the button for four seconds or longer.

For a detailed diagram of the X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard, see the layout under "Motherboard Quick Reference" on page 23.

Power Button Pin Definitions (JF1)	
Pin#	**Definition**
1	Signal
2	GND

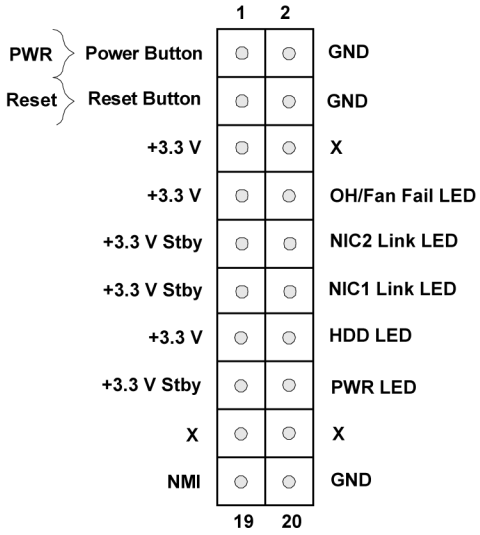


Reset Button

The Reset Button connection is located on pins 3 and 4 of JF1 on the X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard. Attach it to a hardware reset switch on the computer case to reset the system.

For a detailed diagram of the X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard, see the layout under "Motherboard Quick Reference" on page 23.

Reset Button Pin Definitions (JF1)	
Pin#	**Definition**
3	Reset
4	GND



Overheat/Fan Fail LED

Connect an LED cable to pins 7 and 8 of the front control panel to use the Overheat/Fan Fail LED connections. The LED on pin 8 provides warnings of overheat or fan failure.

For a detailed diagram of the X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard, see the layout under "Motherboard Quick Reference" on page 23.

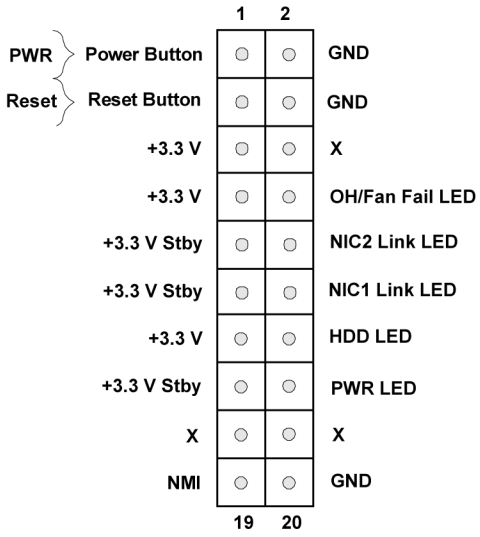
OH/Fan Fail Indicator Status Pin Definitions (JF1)	
State	**Definition**
Off	Normal
On	Overheat
Flashing	Fan Fail

NIC1/NIC2 (LAN1/LAN2)

The Network Interface Controller (NIC) LED connection for LAN port 1 is located on pins 11 and 12 of JF1 on the X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard, and LAN port 2 is on pins 9 and 10. Attach the NIC LED cables here to display network activity.

For a detailed diagram of the X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard, see the layout under "Motherboard Quick Reference" on page 23.

LAN1/LAN2 LED Pin Definitions (JF1)	
Pin#	**Definition**
9	3.3 V Stby
10	NIC2 Link/Active LED
11	3.3 V Stby
12	NIC1 Link/Active LED



HDD LED

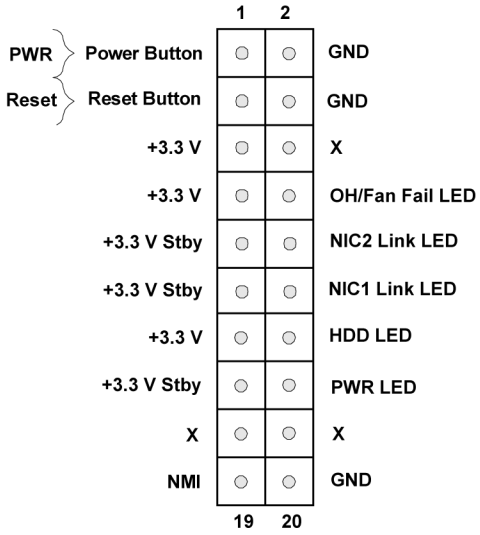
The HDD LED connection is located on pins 13 and 14 of JF1 on the X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard. Attach a cable to pin 14 to show storage drive activity status.

For a detailed diagram of the X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard, see the layout under "Motherboard Quick Reference" on page 23.

HDD LED

Pin Definitions (JF1)

Pin#	Definition
13	3.3 V
14	HDD Activity

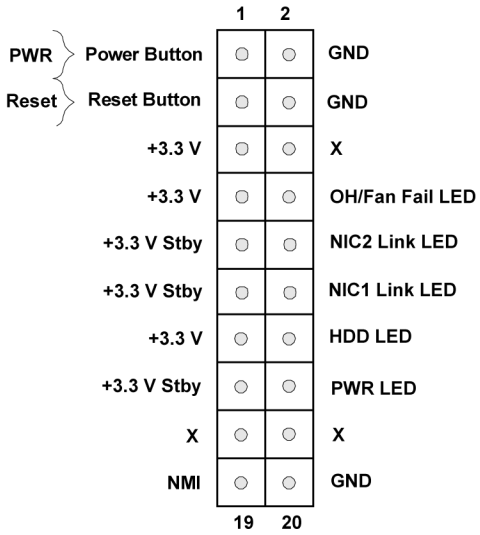


Power LED

The Power LED connection is located on pins 15 and 16 of JF1 on the X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard.

For a detailed diagram of the X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard, see the layout under "Motherboard Quick Reference" on page 23.

Power LED Pin Definitions (JF1)	
Pin#	**Definition**
15	3.3 V Stby
16	PWR LED

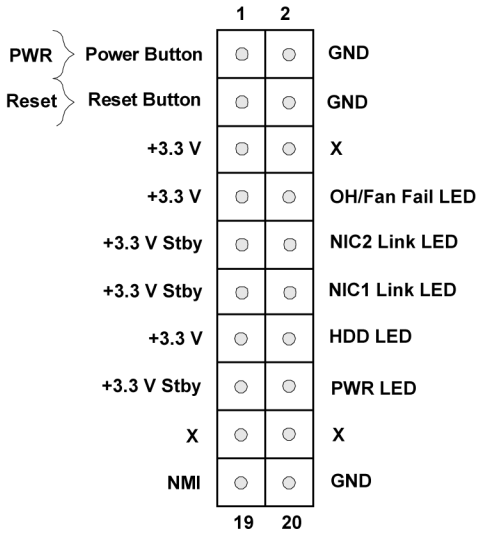


NMI Button

The non-maskable interrupt (NMI) button header is located on pins 19 and 20 of JF1 on the X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard.

For a detailed diagram of the X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard, see the layout under "Motherboard Quick Reference" on page 23.

NMI Button Pin Definitions (JF1)	
Pin#	**Definition**
19	Control
20	GND



4.4 Input/Output Ports

For information about input/output ports on the SYS-512AR-N4T server, refer to the following content.

HDMI/DP

Two HDMI 2.1 ports and two DP 2.1 ports are on the I/O panel. The HDMI connector is used to display both high definition video and digital sound through an HDMI-capable display, using a single HDMI cable (not included). The DP port delivers a digital display and fast refresh rate, and it can connect to virtually any display device using a DisplayPort adapter such as VGA, DVI, or HDMI.

LAN Ports

There are four LAN ports (LAN1/LAN2, LAN3/LAN4) on the rear I/O ports. LAN1 and LAN2 are the 2.5G ports and LAN3 and LAN4 are the 10G ports. In addition to the LAN ports, the X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard has a dedicated BMC LAN on the rear I/O panel. All these ports accept the RJ45 cables.

For a detailed diagram of the X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard, see the layout under "Motherboard Quick Reference" on page 23.

LAN Ports
Pin Definitions: 16 Total

Pin#	Definition	Pin#	Definition
1	GND	9	TD1+
2	VCC	10	TD1-
3	TD4+	11	Link 1000 LED
4	TD4-	12	Link 100 LED
5	TD3+	13	+3.3 V Dual
6	TD3-	14	Act LED
7	TD2+	15	GND
8	TD2-	16	GND

BMC LAN
Pin Definitions: 19 Total

Pin#	Definition	Pin#	Definition
		29	Link 1000 LED (Amber)
20	TD0+	30	Link 100 LED (Green)
21	TD0-	31	Active LED (Yellow)
22	TD1+	32	GND
23	TD1-	33	SGND
24	TD2+	34	SGND
25	TD2-	35	SGND
26	TD3+	36	SGND
27	TD3-		
28	GND		

VGA Port

A video (VGA) port is located on the I/O ports of the motherboard. The VGA port provides analog interface support between the computer and the video displays. Use the Supermicro CBL-CDAT-0850 cable and set the Primary Display feature in the BIOS to Auto to use the VGA port.

For a detailed diagram of the X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard, see the layout under "Motherboard Quick Reference" on page 23.

USB Ports

There are four USB 3.2 ports (USB4/5 and USB6/7) on the I/O panel.

For a detailed diagram of the X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard, see the layout under "Motherboard Quick Reference" on page 23.

USB0/1, USB2/3 (USB 2.0) Port Pin Definitions: Nine Total			
Pin#	**Definition**	**Pin#**	**Definition**
1	VBUS1	2	VBUS2
3	D1-	4	D2-
5	D1+	6	D2+
7	GND	8	GND
9	NC	10	GND

USB4/5 and USB6/7 (USB 3.2) Port Pin Definitions: 10 Total			
Pin#	**Definitions**	**Pin#**	**Definitions**
1	VBUS	5	Stda_SSRX-
2	D-	6	Stda_SSRX+
3	D+	7	GND
4	GND	8	Stda_SSTX-
		9	Stda_SSTX+

USB8/9 (USB 3.2 Gen 1) Type-A Port Pin Definitions: Nine Total			
Pin#	**Definition**	**Pin#**	**Definition**
1	GND	11	GND
2	TX1+	12	TX2-
3	TX1-	13	TX2+
4	GND	14	GND
5	RX1+	15	RX2-
6	RX1-	16	RX2+
7	GND	17	GND
8	D1+	18	D2+
9	D1-	19	D2-
10	VBUS1	20	VBUS2

Unit Identifier Switch

A Unit Identifier (UID) switch and an LED indicator are located on the motherboard. The UID switch is located at UID_SW on the rear I/O panel. The UID LED (UID_LED1) is located next to the UID Switch. When you press the UID switch, the UID LED will be turned on. Press the UID switch again to turn off the LED indicator. The UID indicator provides easy identification of a system unit that may be in need of service.

For a detailed diagram of the X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard, see the layout under "Motherboard Quick Reference" on page 23.

UID Switch Pin Definitions: Four Total	
Pin#	**Definition**
1	GND
2	GND
3	Button In
4	Button In

UID LED Pin Definitions	
Color	**Status**
Blue: On	Unit Identified

4.5 Jumper Settings

To modify the operation of the motherboard, jumpers can be used to choose between optional settings. Jumpers create shorts between two pins to change the function of the connector. Pin 1 is identified with a square solder pad on the printed circuit board. See the diagram below for an example of jumping pins 1 and 2. Refer to the motherboard layout page for jumper locations.

Note: On two-pin jumpers, "Closed" means the jumper is on and "Open" means the jumper is off the pins.

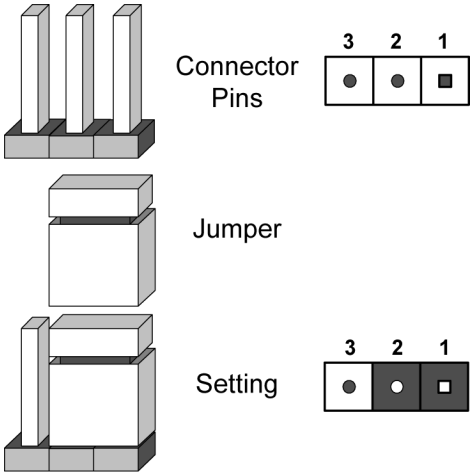


Figure 4-2. Jumping Connector Pins

Audio Enable/Disable

Use JPAC1 to enable or disable onboard audio support on the X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard. The default setting is pins 1–2 to enable the connection.

For a detailed diagram of the X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard, see the layout under "Motherboard Quick Reference" on page 23.

Audio Enable/Disable Jumper Settings	
Jumper Setting	**Definition**
Pins 1–2	Enabled (Default)
Pins 2–3	Disabled

CMOS Clear

JBT1 on the X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard is used to clear CMOS, which will also clear any passwords. Instead of pins, this jumper consists of contact pads to prevent accidentally clearing the contents of CMOS.

For a detailed diagram of the X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard, see the layout under "Motherboard Quick Reference" on page 23.

JBT1 contact pads

1. First power down the system and unplug the power cord(s).
2. Remove the cover of the chassis to access the motherboard.
3. Remove the onboard battery from the motherboard.
4. Short the CMOS pads, JBT1, with a metal object such as a small screwdriver for at least four seconds.

   Note: Clearing CMOS will also clear all passwords.

5. Remove the screwdriver (or shorting device).
6. Replace the cover, reconnect the power cord(s), and power on the system.

10G LAN Enable/Disable

Use JPTG1 to enable or disable 10G LAN (LAN3/LAN4) on the X14SAZ-TLN4F. The default setting is Enabled.

For a detailed diagram of the X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard, see the layout under "Motherboard Quick Reference" on page 23.

10G LAN Enable/Disable Jumper Settings

Jumper Setting	Definition
Pins 1–2	Enabled (Default)
Pins 2–3	Disabled

LAN1 Enable/Disable

Use JPL1 to enable or disable LAN1 on the X14SAZ-TLN4F. The default setting is Enabled.

For a detailed diagram of the X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard, see the layout under "Motherboard Quick Reference" on page 23.

LAN1 Enable/Disable Jumper Settings	
Jumper Setting	**Definition**
Pins 1–2	Enabled (Default)
Pins 2–3	Disabled

LAN2 Enable/Disable

Use JPL2 to enable or disable LAN2 on the X14SAZ-TLN4F. The default setting is Enabled.

For a detailed diagram of the X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard, see the layout under "Motherboard Quick Reference" on page 23.

LAN2 Enable/Disable Jumper Settings	
Jumper Setting	**Definition**
Pins 1–2	Enabled (Default)
Pins 2–3	Disabled

PCIe Bifurcation

Use JRF1 and JRF2 to adjust the PCIe lane options on the Slot 6 expansion slot. The options are x16 and x8x8.

For a detailed diagram of the X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard, see the layout under "Motherboard Quick Reference" on page 23.

PCIe Bifurcation Jumper Settings		
JRF1	**JRF2**	**PEG**
Pins 1–2	Pins 1–2	x16 (Default)
Pins 2–3	Pins 1–2	x8x8

Onboard TPM Enable/Disable

Use JPT1 to enable or disable the onboard TPM.

For a detailed diagram of the X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard, see the layout under "Motherboard Quick Reference" on page 23.

TPM Enable/Disable Jumper Settings	
Jumper Setting	**Definition**
Pins 1–2	Enabled (Default)
Pins 2–3	Disabled

VGA Enable/Disable

Jumper JPG1 allows you to enable the onboard VGA connector on the X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard. The default setting is pins 1–2 to enable the connection.

For a detailed diagram of the X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard, see the layout under "Motherboard Quick Reference" on page 23.

VGA Enable/Disable Jumper Settings	
Jumper Setting	**Definition**
Pins 1–2	Enabled (Default)
Pins 2–3	Disabled

Watchdog Timer

Watchdog (JWD1) is a system monitor that can reboot the system when a software application hangs. Close pins 1–2 to reset the system if an application hangs. Close pins 2–3 to generate a non-maskable interrupt (NMI) signal for the application that hangs. The watchdog must also be enabled in the BIOS.

For a detailed diagram of the X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard, see the layout under "Motherboard Quick Reference" on page 23.

Watchdog Timer Jumper Settings	
Jumper Setting	**Definition**
Pins 1–2	Reset (Default)
Pins 2–3	NMI
Open	Disabled

4.6 LED Indicators

For information about the LED indicators on the SYS-512AR-N4T server, refer to the following content.

BMC Heartbeat LED

A BMC Heartbeat LED is located on the X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard. When this LED is blinking, the BMC is functioning normally.

For a detailed diagram of the X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard, see the layout under "Motherboard Quick Reference" on page 23.

BMC Heartbeat LED Indicator	
LED Color	**Definition**
Green: Blinking	BMC Normal

Power LED

The onboard Power LED is located on the X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard. When this LED is on, the system is on. Be sure to turn off the system and unplug the power cord before removing or installing components.

For a detailed diagram of the X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard, see the layout under "Motherboard Quick Reference" on page 23.

Onboard Power LED Indicator	
LED Color	**Definition**
Off	System Power Off (power cable not connected)
Green	System Power On

Power Fail LED

The Power Fail LED is located on the X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard. The LED will blink red when the power or fan fails. The LED is on when the system overheats. Be sure to turn off the system and unplug the power cord before removing or installing components.

For a detailed diagram of the X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard, see the layout under "Motherboard Quick Reference" on page 23.

Power Fail LED Indicator	
LED Color	**Definition**
Blinking Red	Power Fail or Fan Fail
Solid Red	Overheat

Unit ID (UID) LED

The front UID LED indicator is located on the X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard. This UID indicator provides easy identification of a system that may need services.

For a detailed diagram of the X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard, see the layout under "Motherboard Quick Reference" on page 23.

UID LED LED Indicator	
LED Color	**Definitions**
Blue: On	Unit Identified

Chapter 5:

Software

After the SYS-512AR-N4T server has been installed, you can install the Operating System (OS), configure RAID settings, and install the drivers.

5.1 Microsoft Windows OS Installation **99**

Installing the OS 99

5.2 BMC **102**

BMC ADMIN User Password 102

5.1 Microsoft Windows OS Installation

If you will be using RAID, you must configure RAID settings before installing the Windows OS and the RAID driver. Refer to the RAID Configuration User Guides posted on our website at https://www.supermicro.com/support/manuals.

Installing the OS

1. Create a method to access the Microsoft Windows installation ISO file. That can be a USB flash or media drive, or the BMC KVM console.
2. Retrieve the proper drivers. Go to the Supermicro web page for your motherboard and click on "Download the Latest Drivers and Utilities," select the proper driver, and copy it to a USB flash drive.
3. Boot from a bootable device with Windows OS installation. You can see a bootable device list by pressing <F11> during the system bootup.

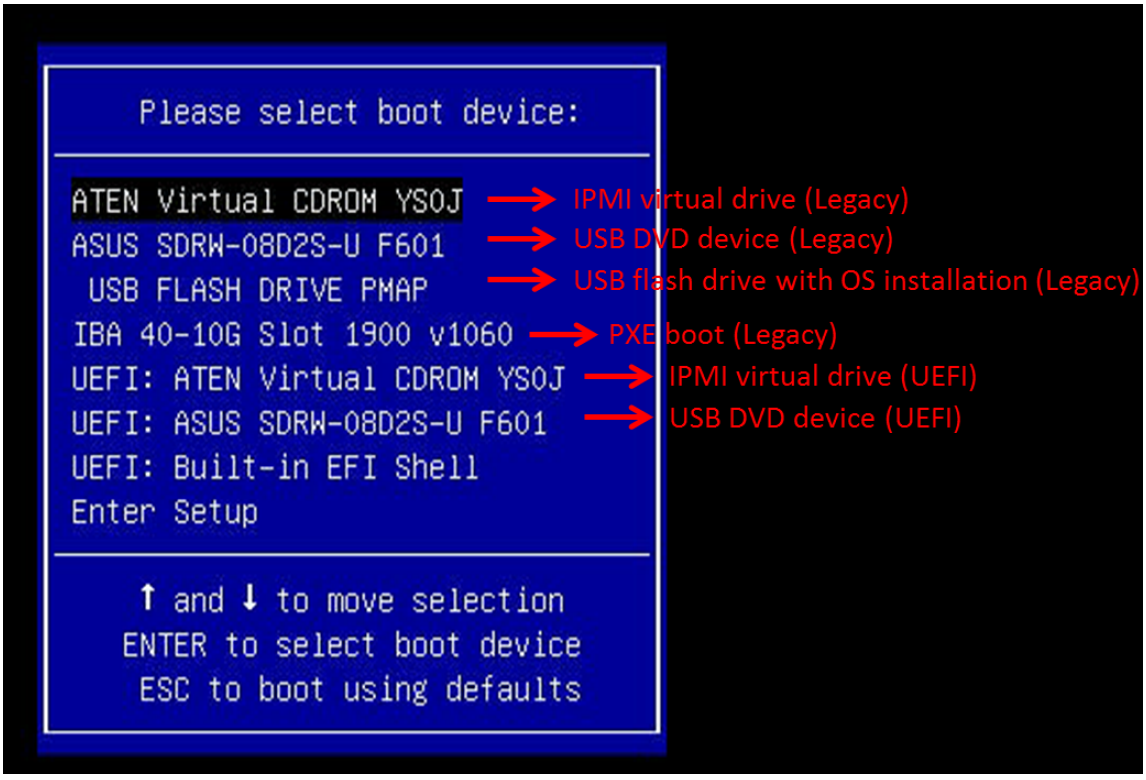


Figure 5-1. Selecting the Boot Device

4. During Windows Setup, continue to the dialog box where you select the drives on which to install Windows. If the disk you want to use is not listed, click on the “Load driver” link at the bottom left corner.

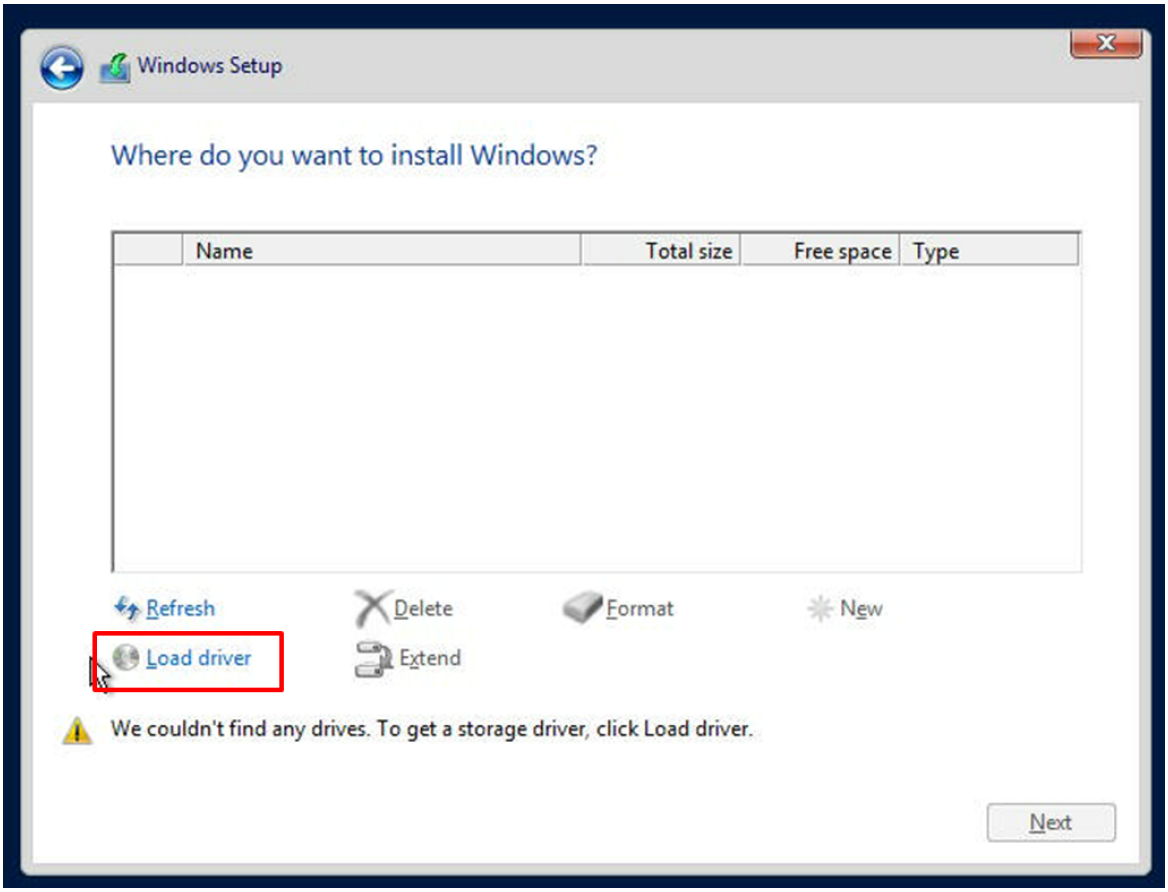


Figure 5-2. Loading the Driver Link

To load the driver, browse the USB flash drive for the proper driver files.

5. Once all devices are specified, continue with the installation.
6. After the Windows OS installation has completed, the system will automatically reboot multiple times for system updates.

The Supermicro website contains drivers and utilities for your system at the following page:

https://www.supermicro.com/wdl.

Some of these drivers and utilities must be installed, such as the chipset driver. After accessing the website, go into the CDR_Images (in the parent directory of the above link) and locate the ISO file for your motherboard. Download this file to a USB flash or media drive. You may also use a utility to extract the ISO file if preferred.

Another option is to go to the Supermicro website at https://www.supermicro.com. Find the product page for your motherboard and download the latest drivers and utilities. Insert the flash drive or disk, and the screenshot shown below should appear.

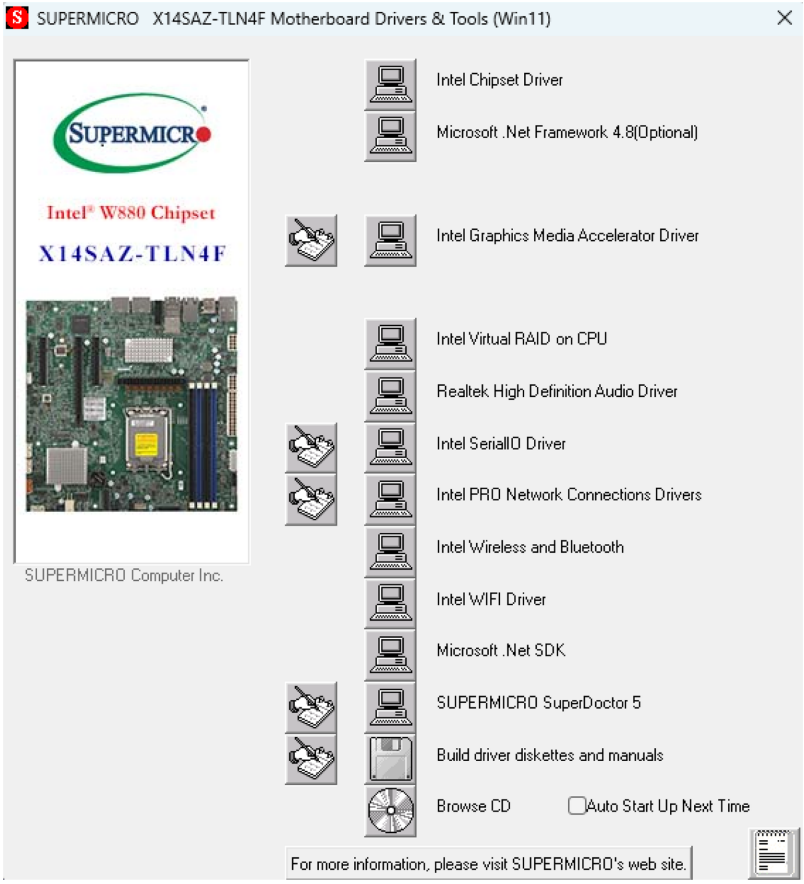


Figure 5-3. Driver Installation Screenshot

Note: Click the icons showing a hand writing on paper to view the readme files for each item. Click the computer icons to the right of these items to install each item (from top to bottom) one at a time. *After installing each item, you must reboot the system before moving on to the next item on the list.* The bottom icon with a CD on it allows you to view the entire contents.

5.2 BMC

The X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard provides remote access, monitoring, and management through the baseboard management controller (BMC) and other management controllers distributed among different system modules. There are several BIOS settings that are related to BMC. For general documentation and information on BMC, visit our website at the following page:

https://www.supermicro.com/en/solutions/management-software/bmc-resources

BMC ADMIN User Password

For security, each system is assigned a unique default BMC password for the ADMIN user. The password can be found on a sticker on the motherboard and a sticker on the chassis, for Supermicro chassis. The sticker also displays the BMC MAC address. If necessary, the password can be reset using the Supermicro IPMICFG tool.

Figure 5-4. BMC Password Label

Chapter 6:

Optional Components

This chapter describes alternate configurations and optional system components for the SYS-512AR-N4T server.

6.1 TPM Security Module **104**
6.2 HBA Card **105**
6.3 RAID Cards **106**
6.4 Cable Management Arm **107**
Installing the Cable Management Arm 107
Removing the Cable Management Arm 108
6.5 Intel Virtual RAID on CPU (VROC) **109**
Requirements and Restrictions 109
Additional Information 109
Hardware Key 110
Configuring Intel VMD 111
Creating NVMe RAID Configurations 116

6.1 TPM Security Module

This is an SPI-capable TPM 2.0 with Infineon 9672 controller.

The JTPM1 header is used to connect a Trusted Platform Module (TPM). A TPM is a security device that supports encryption and authentication in hard drives. It enables the X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard to deny access if the TPM associated with the hard drive is not installed in the SYS-512AR-N4T server.

For details and installation procedures, refer to the following page:

https://www.supermicro.com/en/products/accessories/addon/AOM-TPM-9672V.php

- AOM-TPM-9672V (TCG 2.0)

6.2 HBA Card

This is a 12 Gb/s, multi-port SAS PCIe Gen 4.0 internal Host Bus Adapter (HBA) card.

The Supermicro HBA AOC-S3816L-L16iT features 16 internal SAS connectors, while the AOC-S3808L-L8iT features eight internal SAS connectors. Both are designed for high-performance storage connectivity.

These cards use Broadcom's 3816 and 3808 I/O processors for optimum performance with PCI Express Gen 4.0 host interface for increased bandwidth.

Each Add-On-Card supports up to 122 devices as HBA in IT mode via the expander backplane.

6.3 RAID Cards

These are Super Micro Computer, Inc. 12 Gb/s, multi-port PCIe Gen 4.0 RAID adapter cards.

The low-profile AOC-S3908L-H8iR RAID card features eight internal SAS connectors and the AOC-S3916L-H16iR features 16 internal SAS connectors. Both offer high-performance storage connectivity. These RAID cards are built on the Broadcom SAS IC technology and MegaRAID technology to address the growing demand for increased data throughput and scalability requirements across the enterprise-class server platforms.

With high-performance RAID architecture, including hardware RAID 5 and 6, these RAID controller cards support high capacity storage applications. They deliver cost-effective storage solutions using SATA drives and maximum performance and reliability with SAS drives. Using expander backplanes, they support up to 16, 32, and 240 drives (depending on SKU) with RAID 0, 1, 5, 6, 10, 50, and 60.

6.4 Cable Management Arm

The SYS-512AR-N4T server supports a cable management arm (CMA), which keeps the rear cables organized and clear of the rail mechanisms when the system is extended out the front of the rack for maintenance.

The CMA attaches to the rack mounting rails using four connectors. They are labeled as connectors 1, 2, 3, and 4.

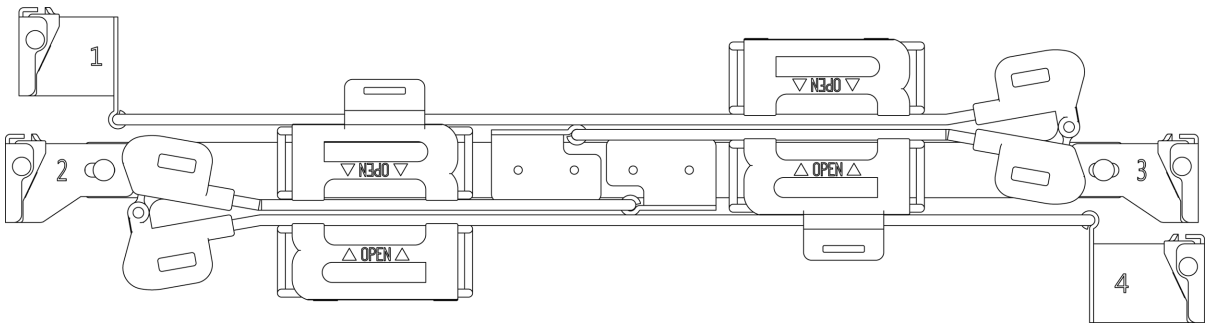


Figure 6-1. Cable Management Arm

Cable Arm Details		
Optional Part	**Part Number**	**Description**
Cable Arm	MCP-290-00168-0N	7.5" deep cable arm
Rail Set	MCP-290-11901-0N	41.2" rails (optimized for 1200-mm deep racks)

Installing the Cable Management Arm

1. Slide CMA connector #1 forward onto the two posts on the rear of the right inner rail (right side when viewed from the front). It snaps into place.
2. Slide CMA connector #2 forward onto the two posts on the rear of the right middle rail. It snaps into place.

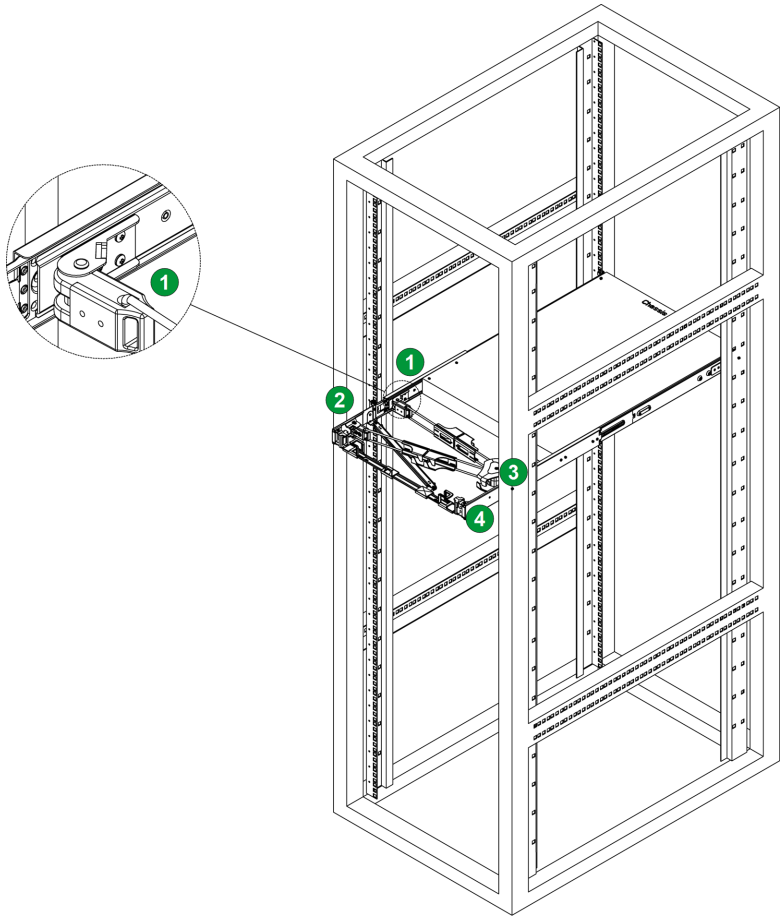


Figure 6-2. Installing the Connectors

3. Slide CMA connector #3 forward onto the two posts on the rear of the left middle rail. It snaps into place.
4. For CMA connector #4, align the metal tabs with the slots on the rear of the left outer rail and push it forward. It snaps into place.
5. Route the cables through the holding brackets, leaving enough slack.

Removing the Cable Management Arm

1. Remove cables from the CMA.
2. For CMA connector #4, pull the metal release tab toward the center of the rack and slide the connector toward the rear to release it.
3. For CMA connectors #3, #2, and #1, depress the front edge of the yellow plastic rocker lock and slide the connector toward the rear to release it.

6.5 Intel Virtual RAID on CPU (VROC)

Intel® Virtual RAID on CPU (Intel VROC) is an enterprise RAID solution for NVMe SSDs directly attached to Intel Xeon Scalable processors. Intel Volume Management Device (VMD) is an integrated controller inside the CPU PCIe root complex.

- A single processor supports up to 12 NVMe SSDs and up to 6 RAID arrays.
- A dual processor system supports up to 24 NVMe SSDs and 12 RAID arrays.

Stripe sizes are 4K, 8K, 16K, 32K, 64K, 128K.

Requirements and Restrictions

- *Intel VROC is only available when the system is configured for UEFI boot mode.*
- To enable the **mdadm** command and support for RSTe, install the patch from
  - Linux: https://downloadcenter.intel.com/download/28158/Intel-Virtual-RAID-on-CPU-Intel-VROC-and-Intel-Rapid-Storage-Technology-enterprise-Intel-RSTe-Driver-for-Linux-
  - Windows: https://downloadcenter.intel.com/download/28108/Intel-Virtual-RAID-on-CPU-Intel-VROC-and-Intel-Rapid-Storage-Technology-enterprise-Intel-RSTe-Driver-for-Windows-
- To enable Intel VROC, a hardware key must be inserted on the motherboard, and the appropriate processor's Virtual Management Devices must be enabled in the BIOS setup.
- It is possible to enable Intel VROC without a hardware key installed, but only RAID0 will be enabled.
- Intel VROC is not compatible with secure boot. This feature must be disabled.
- When creating bootable OS RAID1 devices, you must have both devices on the same CPU, and a VMD on that CPU.
- Spanning drives when creating RAID devices is not recommended due to performance issues, even though it is supported.

Additional Information

- Latest SSD and operating system information: https://www.intel.com/content/www/us/en/support/articles/000030310/memory-and-storage/ssd-software.html

- Additional information for the Supermicro add-on card and linked manuals: https://www.supermicro.com/products/accessories/addon/AOC-VROCxxxMOD.cfm

Hardware Key

The Intel VROC hardware key is a license key that detects the Intel VROC SKU and activates the function accordingly. The key must be plugged into the Supermicro motherboard (connector JRK1). The key options are:

Intel® VROC Keys			
VROC Package	**Description**	**Part Number**	**Intel MM Number**
Standard	RAID 0, 1, 10 Supports 3rd party SSDs	AOC-VROCSTNMOD	951605
Premium	RAID 0, 1, 5, 10 Supports 3rd party SSDs	AOC-VROCPREMOD	951606

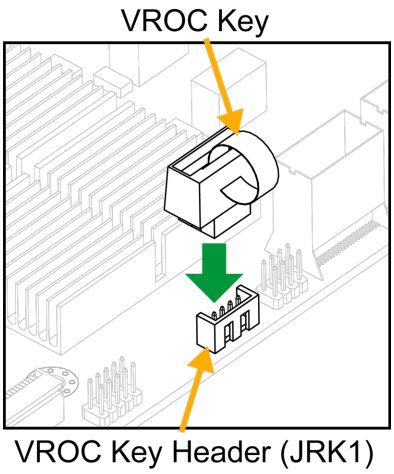


Figure 6-3. Intel VROC RAID Key and Motherboard Connector JRK1

Configuring Intel VMD

VMD must be enabled on PCIe ports which have NVMe drives attached to them in order for those drives to be added to a VROC RAID configuration. The default BIOS setting for the NVMe Mode Switch is Auto which automatically enables VMD on all installed NVMe drives.

NVMe Mode Switch:

- Auto: Enables VMD for all NVMe ports if VROC Key is installed.
- VMD: Enables VMD for all NVMe ports despite the lack of the VROC Key.
- Manual: Allows the user to select specific NVMe ports on which to enable VMD.

The NVMe Mode Switch can be viewed or selected at BIOS > Advanced > Chipset Configuration > North Bridge > IIO Configuration > Intel® VMD Technology.

Note: Without a VROC Key, there is no RAID support with the Auto switch. Only RAID 0 is supported with the VMD and Manual switches.

Configuring VMD Manually

The steps for manually configuring VMD on specific NVMe ports in UEFI BIOS are shown below. Example screenshots may differ from your server.

Important:

- If there is an existing RAID configuration, delete the RAID volume associated with the VMD controller before disabling the controller. Failure to do so may lead to unexpected behavior.
- The effects of physically changing or swapping a CPU on the VMD controller have not been thoroughly tested or documented.

1. Reboot the server and press [DEL] key to access the BIOS options.
2. Switch to Advanced > Chipset Configuration > North Bridge > IIO Configuration > Intel® VMD Technology.
3. Select VMD Mode Switch, then select Manual.

   Note that Socket 0 contains CPU1; Socket 1 contains CPU2.

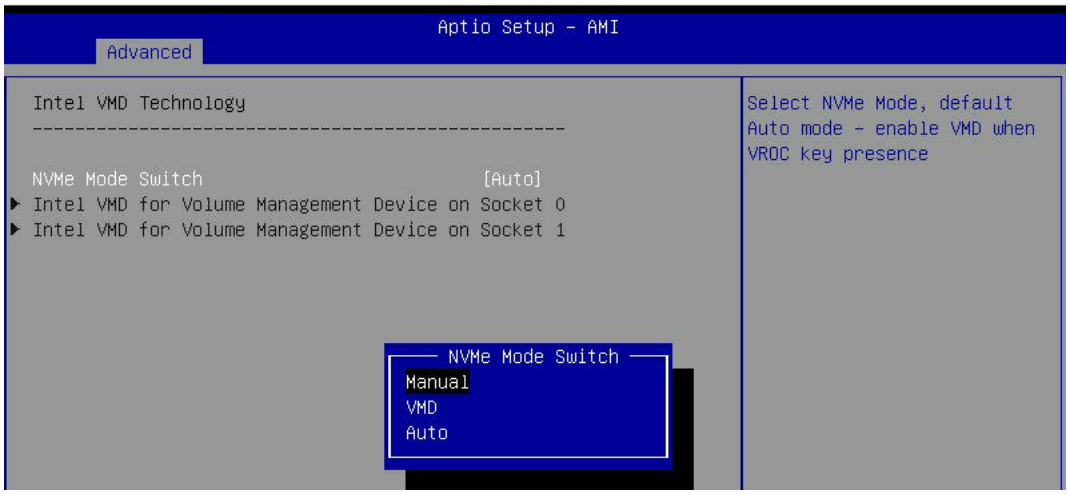


Figure 6-4. BIOS, Selecting VMD Mode

4. VMD must only be enabled on NVMe port resources. If VMD is enabled on other PCIe ports, the functionality of those ports will be impacted. See the table below.

   Select “Intel VMD for Volume Management Device on” on Socket 0 (CPU1) or Socket 1 (CPU2) to enable VMD for devices under the respective CPU.

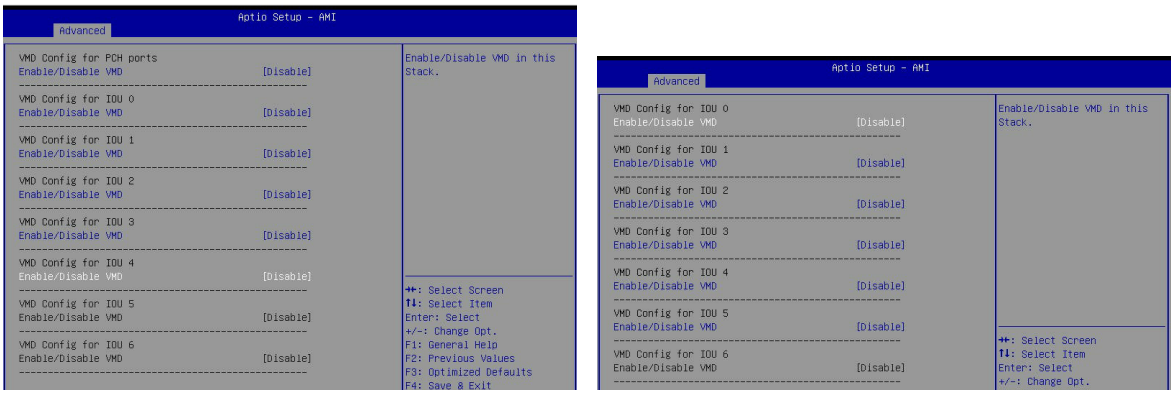


Figure 6-5. Intel VMD for Volume Management Device on Socket 0 and Socket 1

5. Choose Enable for “Enable/Disable VMD” for IOU 3 to list the available devices under IOU 3.

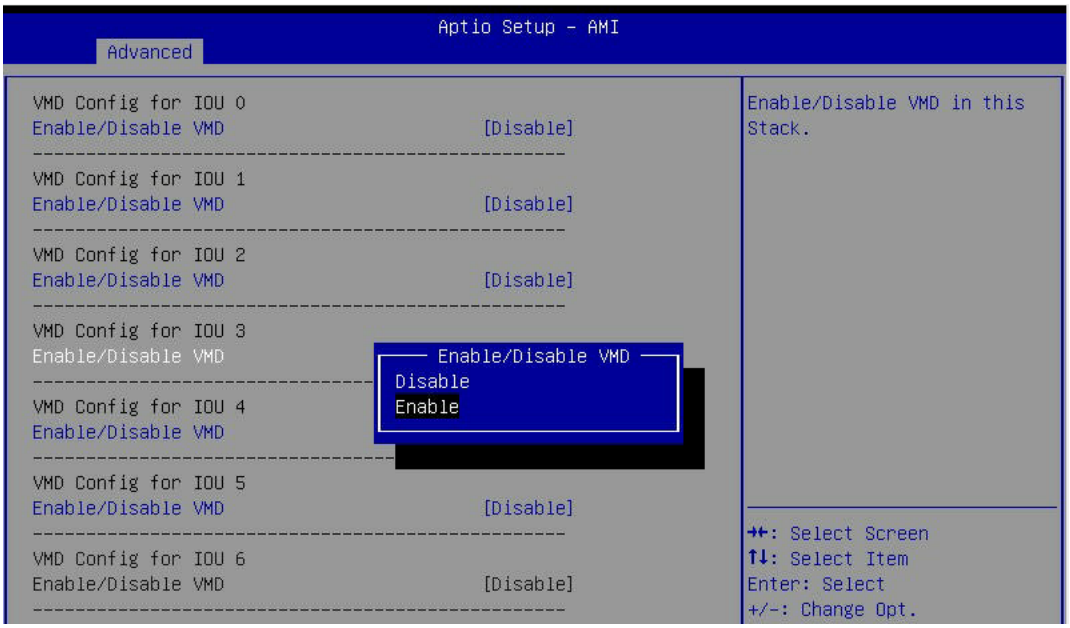


Figure 6-6. BIOS, Enabling VMD on Socket 1 (CPU2) (Example)

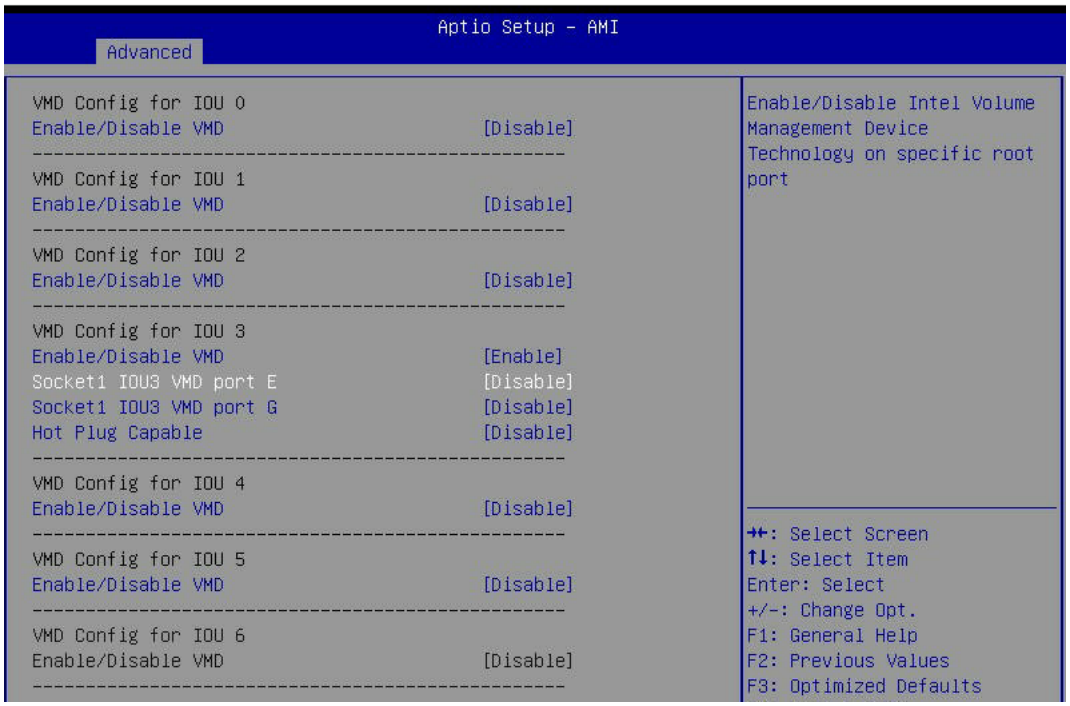


Figure 6-7. BIOS, Enabling VMD on Socket 1 (Example)

6. Enable the NVMe port resource according to table above for the NVMe drives that will be used in a RAID configuration.

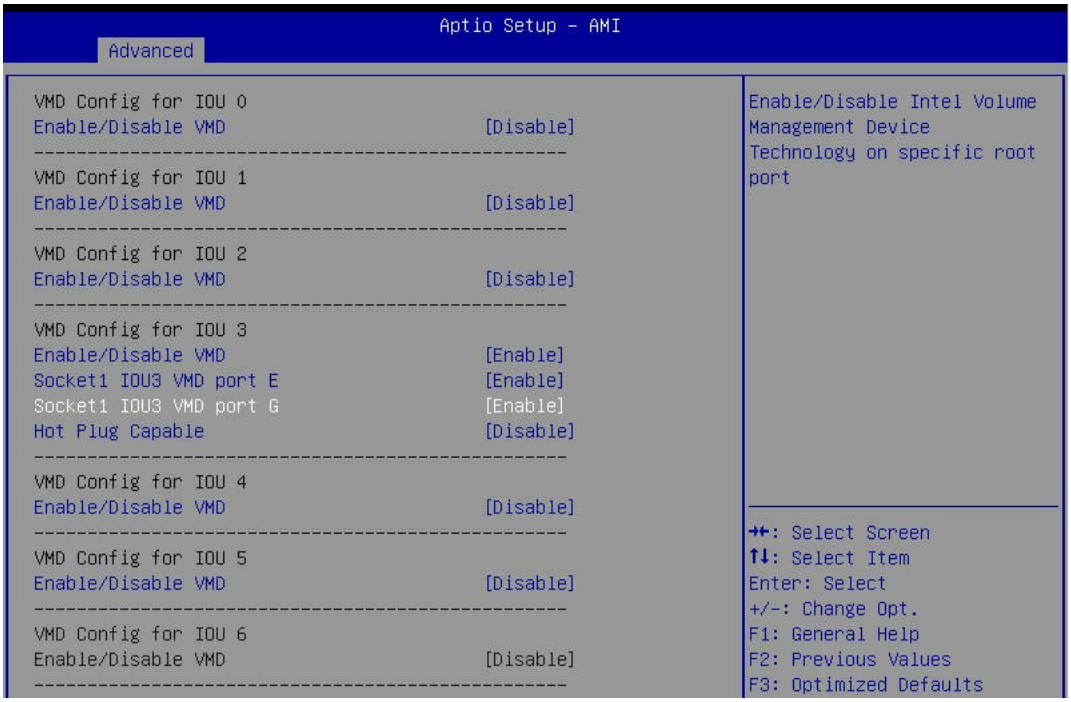


Figure 6-8. BIOS, Enabling Socket 1 (Example)

7. Choose whether to make the NVMe drives in this IOU Hot Plug Capable by selecting Enabled or Disabled.
8. Repeat steps 4 through 7 for each IOU # on each CPU to enable VMD on the desired NVMe ports.

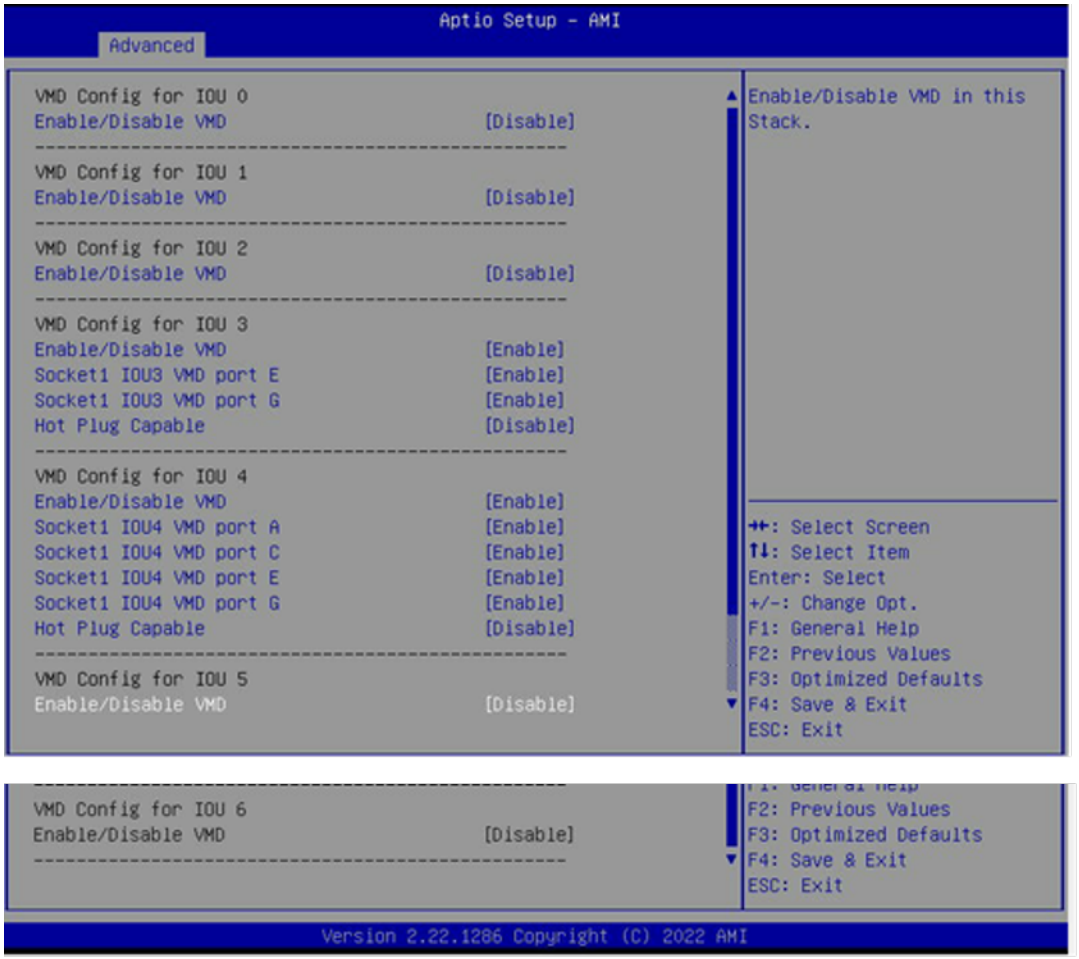


Figure 6-9. BIOS, Enabling Socket 1 Completed (Example)
(This example shows SYS-621H-TN12R with 12 NVMe. Other systems will look different.)

9. Press [F4] to save the configuration and reboot the system.

Creating NVMe RAID Configurations

1. Open Advanced > Intel(R) Virtual RAID on CPU > All Intel VMD Controllers > Create RAID Volume.

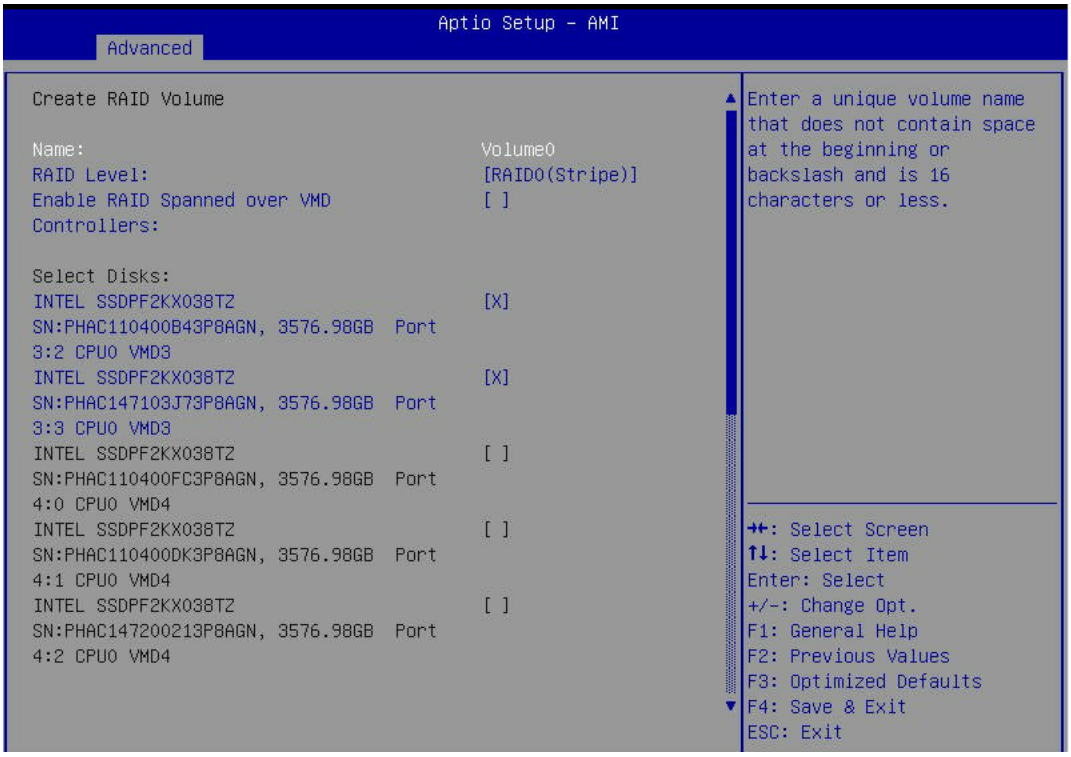


Figure 6-10. Creating Volume Without Enabling RAID Spanned over VMD Controller

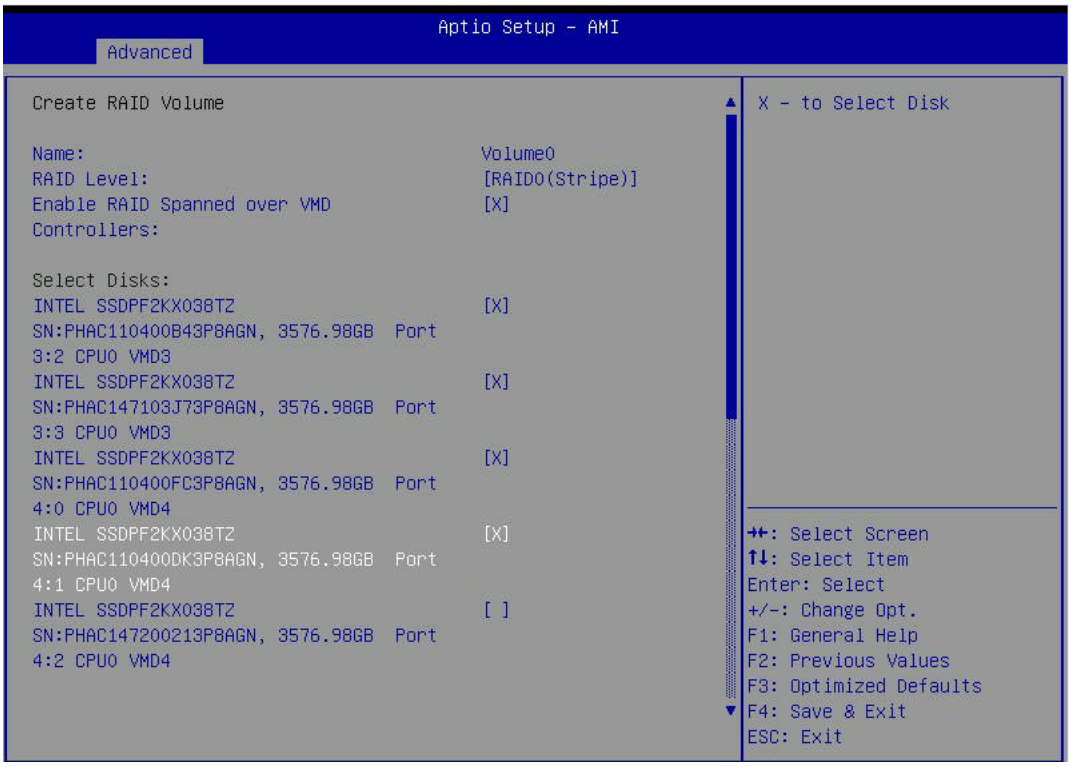


Figure 6-11. Creating Volume With Enabling RAID Spanned over VMD Controller

2. Set Name.
3. Set RAID Level.
4. If cross-controller RAID is required, select Enable RAID spanned over VMD Controller.
5. Select specific disks for RAID with an [X].
   - RAID0: Select at least two [2–24] disks
   - RAID1: Select only two disks
   - RAID5: Select at least three [3–24] disks
   - RAID10: Select only four disks
6. Select Strip Size (Default 64 KB).
7. Select Create Volume.
8. If another RAID is needed, start again at step 1.

Status Indications

An LED indicator on the drive carrier shows the RAID status of the drive.

Drive Carrier Status LED Indicator	
Status	**State (red)**
Normal function	Off
Locating	4 Hz blinking
Fault	Solid on
Rebuilding	1 Hz blinking
IBPI SFF 8489 Defined Status LED States	

Hot-Swap Drives

Intel VMD enables hot-plug and hot-unplug for NVMe SSDs, whether from Intel or other manufacturers. Under vSphere ESXi, several steps are necessary to avoid potential stability issues. See the information at link [1] below.

Hot-Unplug

1. Prevent devices from being re-detected during rescan:

   ```
   esxcli storage core claiming autoclaim --enabled=false
   ```

2. Unmount the VMFS volumes on the device. Check link [2] below for details.
3. Detach the device. Check link [3] below for details.
4. Physically remove the device.

Hot-Plug

- Physically install the device.

ESXi will automatically discover NVMe SSDs, but a manual scan may be required in some cases.

Related Information Links

1. https://kb.vmware.com/s/article/2151404
2. https://docs.vmware.com/en/VMware-vSphere/6.5/com.vmware.vsphere.storage.doc/GUID-1B56EF97-F60E-4F21-82A7-8F2A7294604D.html
3. https://docs.vmware.com/en/VMware-vSphere/6.5/com.vmware.vsphere.storage.doc/GUID-F2E75F67-740B-4406-9F0C-A2D99A698F2A.html

Chapter 7:

Troubleshooting and Support

The following content contains information on common issues and how to resolve them.

7.1 Online Resources **120**
Direct Links for the SYS-512AR-N4T System 120
Direct Links for General Support and Information 120
7.2 Baseboard Management Controller (BMC) **121**
7.3 Troubleshooting Procedures **122**
Before Power On 122
No Power 122
No Video 122
System Boot Failure 122
Memory Errors 123
Losing the System's Setup Configuration 123
If the System Becomes Unstable 123
7.4 CMOS Clear **125**
7.5 Motherboard Battery **126**
7.6 Where to Get Replacement Components **127**
7.7 Technical Support Procedures **128**
Returning Merchandise for Service 128
7.8 Feedback **130**

7.1 Online Resources

A great deal of information is available on the Supermicro website. From the top menu of the Supermicro home page at https://www.supermicro.com:

- Specifications for servers and other hardware are available by clicking **Products**.
- The **Support** option offers downloads (manuals, BIOS/BMC, drivers, etc.), FAQs, RMA, warranty, and other service extensions.

Direct Links for the SYS-512AR-N4T System

- SYS-512AR-N4T system specifications page:

  https://www.supermicro.com/en/products/system/embedded/1u/sys-512ar-n4t

- X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard page for links to the quick reference guide, user manual, validated storage drives, and more:

  https://www.supermicro.com/en/products/motherboard/x14saz-tln4f

Direct Links for General Support and Information

- Frequently Asked Questions: https://www.supermicro.com/FAQ/index.php
- TPM User Guide: https://www.supermicro.com/manuals/other/AOM-TPM-9670V_9670H__X12_H12.pdf
- BMC User Guide: https://www.supermicro.com/manuals/other/BMC_IPMI_X14_H14.pdf
- Product Resources page for validated memory details: https://www.supermicro.com/support/resources/mem.cfm
- Product Matrices page for links to tables summarizing specs for systems, motherboards, power supplies, riser cards, add-on cards, and more: https://www.supermicro.com/en/support/product-matrices
- Security Center for recent security notices: https://www.supermicro.com/en/support/security_center
- Supermicro Phone and Addresses: https://www.supermicro.com/en/about/contact

7.2 Baseboard Management Controller (BMC)

The SYS-512AR-N4T server supports the Baseboard Management Controller (BMC). BMC is used to provide remote access, monitoring, and management. There are several BIOS settings that are related to BMC.

For general documentation and information on BMC, visit our website at the following page:

https://www.supermicro.com/en/solutions/management-software/bmc-resources

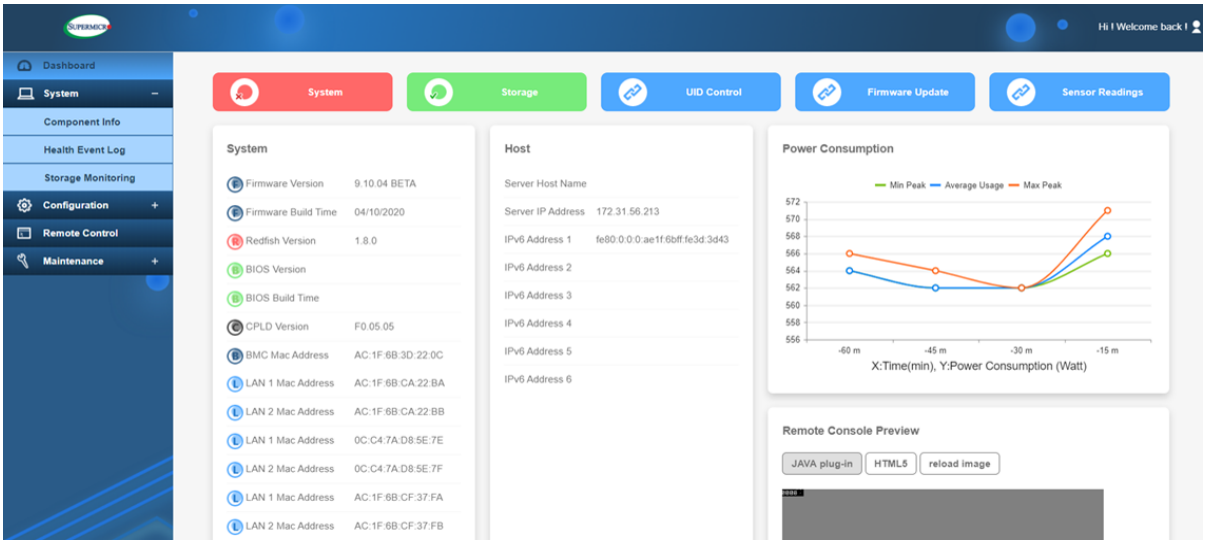


Figure 7-1. BMC Dashboard

7.3 Troubleshooting Procedures

Use the following procedures to troubleshoot your system. If you have followed all of the procedures below and still need assistance, refer to the "Technical Support Procedures" on page 128 section in this chapter. Always disconnect the AC power cord before adding, changing or installing any non hot-swap hardware components. If the below steps do not fix the setup configuration problem, contact your vendor for repairs.

Before Power On

1. Make sure that there are no short circuits between the motherboard and chassis.
2. Disconnect all ribbon/wire cables from the motherboard, including those for the keyboard and mouse.
3. Remove all add-on cards.
4. Install the processor (making sure it is fully seated) and connect the front panel connectors to the motherboard.

No Power

1. Make sure that there are no short circuits between the motherboard and the chassis.
2. The battery on your motherboard may be old. Check to verify that it still supplies approximately 3 VDC. If it does not, replace it with a new one.

No Video

1. If the power is on, but you do not have video, remove all add-on cards and cables.
2. Remove all memory modules and turn on the system (if the alarm is on, check the specs of memory modules, reset the memory, or try a different one).

System Boot Failure

If the system does not display Power-On-Self-Test (POST) or does not respond after the power is turned on, do the following:

1. Remove all components from the motherboard, especially the DIMMs. Power on the system and check if the power-on LED and the BMC Heartbeat LED are on, and system fans are spinning.

2. Turn on the system with only one DIMM installed. If the system boots, check for bad DIMMs or slots by following the Memory Errors Troubleshooting procedure in this chapter.

Memory Errors

When suspecting faulty memory is causing the system issue, check the following:

1. Make sure that the memory modules are compatible with the system and are properly installed. See "Maintenance and Component Installation" on page 39 for installation instructions. (For memory compatibility, refer to the "Tested Memory List" link on the motherboard's product page to see a list of supported memory.)
2. Check if different speeds of DIMMs have been installed. It is strongly recommended that you use the same RAM type and speed for all DIMMs in the system.
3. Make sure that you are using the correct type of DIMMs recommended by the manufacturer.
4. Check for bad DIMMs or slots by swapping a single module among all memory slots and check the results.

Losing the System's Setup Configuration

1. Make sure that you are using a high-quality power supply. A poor-quality power supply may cause the system to lose the CMOS setup information. Refer to "Introduction" on page 14 for details on recommended power supplies.
2. The battery on your motherboard may be old. Check to verify that it still supplies approximately 3 VDC. If it does not, replace it with a new one.

If the System Becomes Unstable

If the system becomes unstable during or after OS installation, check the following:

1. Processor/BIOS support: Make sure that your processor is supported and that you have the latest BIOS installed in your system.
2. Memory support: Make sure that the memory modules are supported. Refer to the product page on our website at https://www.supermicro.com. Test the modules using memtest86 or a similar utility.

   Note: Click on the "Tested Memory List" link on the motherboard's product page to see a list of supported memory.

3. Storage Drive support: Make sure that all storage drives work properly. Replace the failed storage drives with good ones.
4. System cooling: Check the system cooling to make sure that all heatsink fans and processor/system fans, etc., work properly. Check the hardware monitoring settings in the BMC to make sure that the processor and system temperatures are within the normal range. Also, check the front panel Overheat LED and make sure that it is not on.
5. Adequate power supply: Make sure that the power supply provides adequate power to the system. Make sure that all power connectors are connected. Refer to our website for more information on the minimum power requirements.
6. Proper software support: Make sure that the correct drivers are used.

If the system becomes unstable before or during OS installation, check the following:

1. Source of installation: Make sure that the devices used for installation are working properly, including boot devices such as a CD/Media drive.
2. Cable connection: Check to make sure that all cables are connected and working properly.
3. Use the minimum configuration for troubleshooting: Remove all unnecessary components (starting with add-on cards first), and use the minimum configuration (but with the processor and a memory module installed) to identify the trouble areas. Refer to the steps listed above in this section for proper troubleshooting procedures.
4. Identify bad components by isolating them: If necessary, remove a component in question from the chassis, and test it in isolation to make sure that it works properly. Replace a bad component with a good one.
5. Check and change one component at a time instead of changing several items at the same time. This will help isolate and identify the problem.
6. To find out if a component is good, swap this component with a new one to see if the system will work properly. If so, then the old component is bad. You can also install the component in question in another system. If the new system works, the component is good and the old system has problems.

7.4 CMOS Clear

JBT1 on the X14SAZ-TLN4F motherboard is used to clear CMOS, which will also clear any passwords. For information on clearing CMOS, refer to "CMOS Clear" on page 92 earlier in this manual.

7.5 Motherboard Battery

For information on removing, disposing of, and replacing the motherboard battery of your system, refer to "Motherboard Battery Removal and Installation" on page 57.

7.6 Where to Get Replacement Components

If you need replacement parts for your SYS-512AR-N4T server, to ensure the highest level of professional service and technical support, purchase exclusively from our Supermicro Authorized Distributors/System Integrators/Resellers. A list can be found on the Supermicro website:

https://www.supermicro.com

Under the "Buy" menu, click the "Where to Buy" link.

7.7 Technical Support Procedures

Before contacting Technical Support, take the following steps. Also, note that as a motherboard manufacturer, Supermicro also sells motherboards through its channels, so it is best to first check with your distributor or reseller for troubleshooting services. They should know of any possible problems with the specific system configuration that was sold to you.

1. Refer to "Troubleshooting Procedures" on page 122 or see the FAQs on our website (https://www.supermicro.com/FAQ/index.php) before contacting Technical Support.
2. BIOS upgrades can be downloaded from our website (https://www.supermicro.com/support/resources/bios_ipmi.php).
3. If you still cannot resolve the problem, include the following information when contacting Supermicro for technical support:
   - Motherboard model and PCB revision number
   - BIOS release date/version (This can be seen on the initial display when your system first boots up.)
   - System configuration
4. An example of a Technical Support form is on our website at https://webpr3.supermicro.com/SupportPortal.
5. Distributors: For immediate assistance, have your account number ready when placing a call to our Technical Support department. For Supermicro contact information, refer to "Contacting Supermicro" on page 13.

Returning Merchandise for Service

A receipt or copy of your invoice marked with the date of purchase is required before any warranty service will be rendered. You can obtain service by calling your vendor for a Returned Merchandise Authorization (RMA) number. When returning the server to the manufacturer, the RMA number should be prominently displayed on the outside of the shipping carton, and the shipping package is mailed prepaid or hand-carried. Shipping and handling charges will be applied for all orders that must be mailed when service is complete.

For faster service, RMA authorizations can be requested online at the following page:

https://www.supermicro.com/RmaForm

Whenever possible, repack the server in the original Supermicro carton, using the original packaging material. If these are no longer available, be sure to pack the server securely, using packaging material to surround the server so that it does not shift within the carton and become damaged during shipping.

This warranty only covers normal consumer use and does not cover damages incurred in shipping or from failure due to the alternation, misuse, abuse or improper maintenance of products.

During the warranty period, contact your distributor first for any product problems.

7.8 Feedback

Supermicro values your feedback as we strive to improve our customer experience in all facets of our business. Email us at Techwriterteam@supermicro.com to provide feedback on our manuals.

Chapter 8:

UEFI BIOS

The following content contains information on BIOS configuration with the SYS-512AR-N4T server.

8.1 Introduction **132**
8.2 Main Setup **134**
8.3 Advanced Setup Configurations **136**
8.4 Event Logs **174**
8.5 BMC **176**
8.6 Security **180**
8.7 Boot **185**
8.8 Save & Exit **187**
8.9 MEBx **189**

8.1 Introduction

This chapter describes the AMIBIOS™ Setup utility for the motherboard. The BIOS is stored on a chip and can be easily upgraded using the UEFI script (flash.nsh), the BMC WebUI, or the SuperServer Automation Assistant (SAA) utility.

Note: Due to periodic changes to the BIOS, some settings may have been added or deleted and might not yet be recorded in this manual. Refer to the Manual Download area of our website for any changes to BIOS that may not be reflected in this manual.

Updating BIOS

It is recommended that you do not upgrade your BIOS if you are not experiencing any problems with your system. Updated BIOS files are located on our website at the following page:

https://www.supermicro.com/support/resources/bios_ipmi.php

Check our BIOS warning message and the information on how to update your BIOS on our website. Select your motherboard model and download the BIOS file to your computer. Also, check the current BIOS revision to make sure that it is newer than your BIOS before downloading.

Important: Do not shut down or reset the system while updating the BIOS to prevent possible system boot failure! Read the motherboard README file carefully before you perform the BIOS update.

To update the BIOS under the UEFI Shell, unzip the BIOS file onto a bootable USB device and then boot into the built-in UEFI Shell. For motherboards with BMC support, type "flash.nsh <BIOS filename><BMC Username><BMC Password>" to start the BIOS update. The flash.nsh script will invoke the SAA (EFI) tool automatically to perform the BIOS update, beginning with uploading the BIOS image to BMC. After uploading the BIOS image, the system will reboot to continue the process. The BMC will take over and continue the BIOS update in the background. The process will take 3–5 minutes. Refer to the README file for more information.

Starting the Setup Utility

To enter the BIOS Setup utility, press the <Delete> key while the system is booting-up. In most cases, the <Delete> key is used to invoke the BIOS Setup screen. There are a few cases when other hot keys are used, such as <F1>, <F2>, etc. Each main BIOS menu option is described in this manual.

The Main BIOS screen has two main frames. The left frame displays all the options that can be configured. “Grayed-out” options cannot be configured. The right frame displays the key legend. Above the key legend is an area reserved for a text message. When a BIOS submenu or item is selected in the left frame, it is highlighted in white. Often a text message will accompany it. (Note that BIOS has default text messages built in. We retain the option to include, omit, or change any of these text messages.) Settings printed in Bold are the default values.

A "►" indicates a submenu. Highlighting such an item and pressing the <Enter> key open the list of settings within that submenu.

The BIOS Setup utility uses a key-based navigation system called hot keys. Most of these hot keys (<F1>, <F2>, <F3>, <F4>, <F5>, <F6>, <Enter>, <ESC>, the arrow keys, etc.) can be used at any time during the setup navigation process.

8.2 Main Setup

The Main setup screen appears when the AMI BIOS Setup utility is first entered. To return to the Main setup screen, select the Main tab at the top of the screen. The Main BIOS setup screen is shown below.

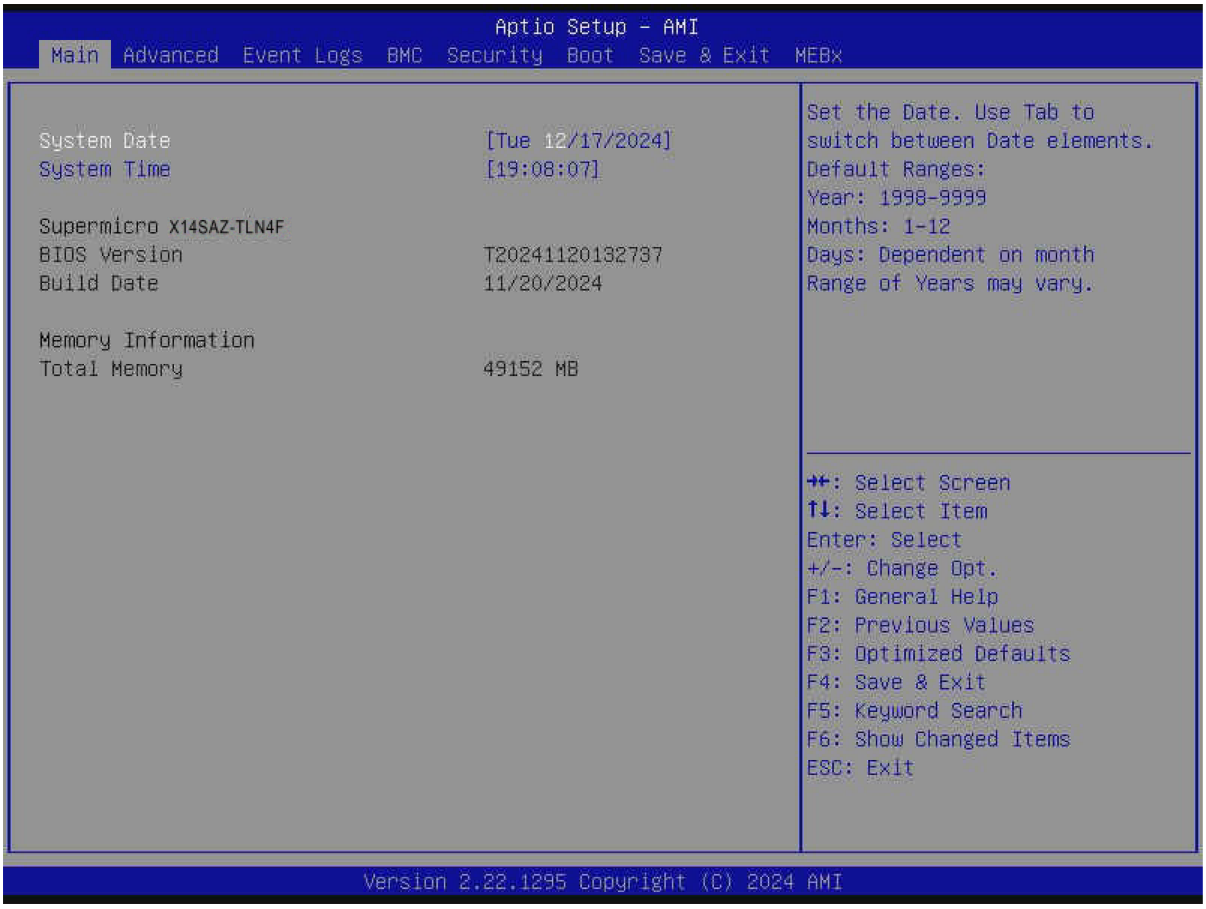


Figure 8-1. Main Setup Screen

System Date/System Time

Use the two features to change the system date and time. Highlight **System Date** or **System Time** using the arrow keys. Enter new values using the keyboard. Press the <Tab> key or the arrow keys to move between fields. The date must be entered in MM/DD/YYYY format. The time is entered in HH:MM:SS format.

Note: The time is in the 24-hour format. For example, 5:30 P.M. appears as 17:30:00.

SupermicroX14SAZ-TLN4F

BIOS Version

This feature displays the version of the BIOS ROM used in the system.

Build Date

This feature displays the date when the version of the BIOS ROM used in the system was built.

Memory Information

Total Memory

This feature displays the total size of memory available in the system.

8.3 Advanced Setup Configurations

Use the arrow keys to select the Advanced submenu and press <Enter> to access the submenu items.

Important: Use caution when changing the Advanced settings. An incorrect value, an improper DRAM frequency, or a wrong BIOS timing setting may cause the system to malfunction. When this occurs, revert the settings to the default manufacturing settings.

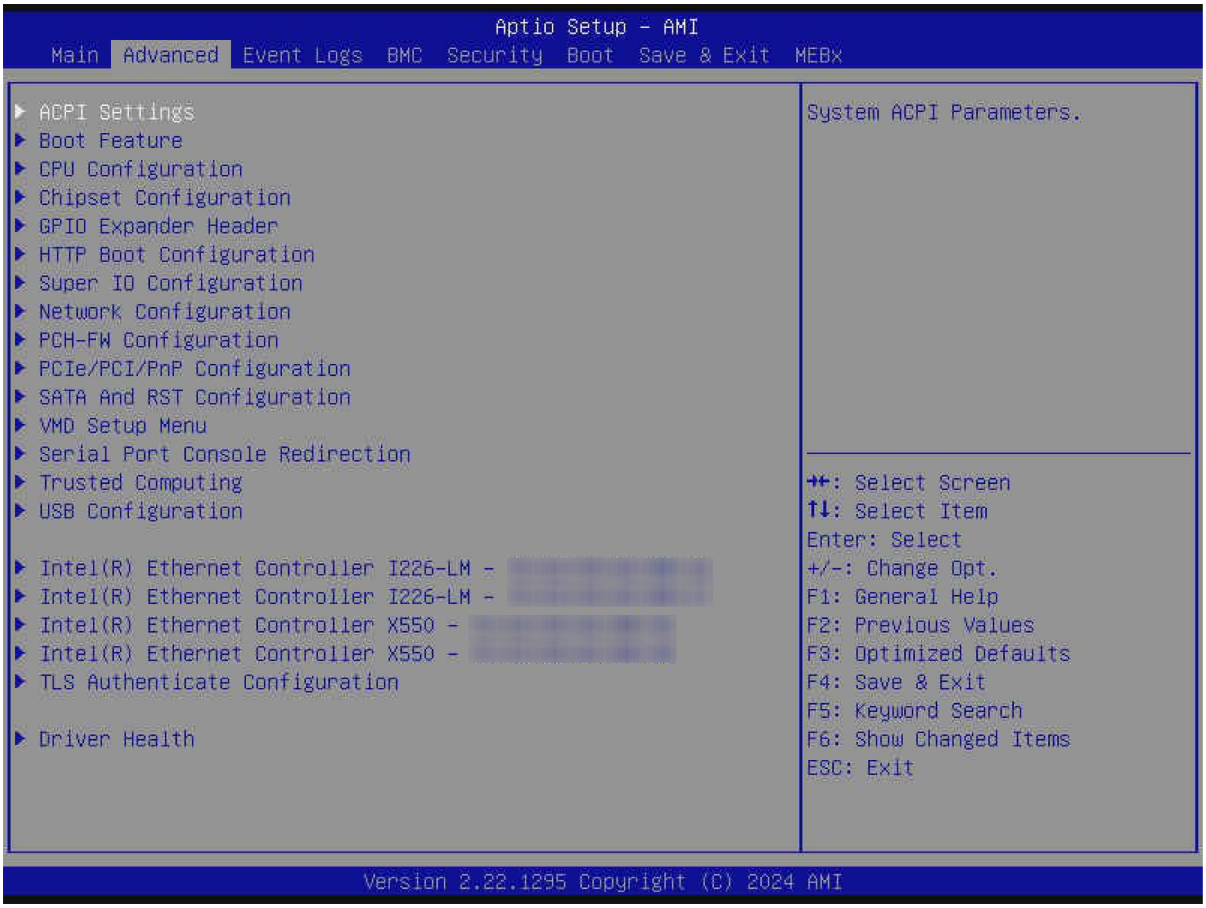


Figure 8-2. Advanced Setup Screen

ACPI Settings Menu

►ACPI Settings

ACPI Sleep State

Use this feature to select the ACPI Sleep State that the system will enter into when the suspend button is activated. The options are Suspend Disabled and **S3 (Suspend to RAM)**.

WHEA Support

Select Enabled to support the Windows Hardware Error Architecture (WHEA) platform and provide a common infrastructure for the system to handle hardware errors within the Windows OS environment to reduce system crashes and to enhance system recovery and health monitoring. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

High Precision Event Timer

Select Enabled to activate the High Precision Event Timer (HPET) that produces periodic interrupts at a much higher frequency than a Real-time Clock (RTC) does in synchronizing multimedia streams, providing smooth playback and reducing the dependency on other timestamp calculation devices, such as an x86 RDTSC Instruction embedded in the CPU. The High Performance Event Timer is used to replace the 8254 Programmable Interval Timer. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Native PCIe Enable

Enable this feature to grant control of PCI Express Native hot plug, PCI Express Power Management Events, and PCI Express Capability Structure Control. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Native ASPM

Select Enabled for the operating system to control the ASPM, or Disabled for the BIOS to control the ASPM. The options are Auto, Enabled, and **Disabled**.

Boot Feature Menu

►Boot Feature

Quiet Boot

Use this feature to select the screen between displaying the Power-on Self Test (POST) messages or the OEM logo upon bootup. Select Disabled to display the POST messages. Select Enabled to display the OEM logo instead of the normal POST messages. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Note: BIOS POST messages are always displayed regardless of the setting of this feature.

Bootup NumLock State

Use this feature to set the power on state for the <Num Lock> key. The options are **On** and Off.

Wait For "F1" If Error

Select Enabled to force the system to wait until the <F1> key is pressed if an error occurs. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Re-try Boot

If this feature is set to Enabled, the system BIOS will automatically reboot the system from an Extensible Firmware Interface (EFI) boot device after an initial boot failure. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Power Configuration

Watch Dog Function

Select Enabled to allow the Watchdog timer to reboot the system when it is inactive for more than five minutes. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Watch Dog Action (Available when "Watch Dog Function" is set to Enabled)

Use this feature to configure the Watchdog timeout setting. The options are **Reset** and NMI.

Restore on AC Power Loss

Use this feature to set the power state after a power outage. Select Stay Off for the system power to remain off after a power loss. Select Power On for the system power to be turned on after a power loss. Select Last State to allow the system to resume its last power state before a power loss. The options are Stay Off, Power On, and **Last State**.

Power Button Function

This feature controls how the system shuts down when the power button is pressed. Select 4 Seconds Override to power off the system after pressing and holding the power button for four seconds or longer. Select Instant Off to instantly power off the system as soon as you press the power button. The options are **Instant Off** and 4 Seconds Override.

DeepSx Power Policies

Use this feature to configure the Advanced Configuration and Power Interface (ACPI) settings for the system. Enable S4 to use Hibernation mode (Suspend to Disk) so that all data stored in the main memory can be saved in a non-volatile memory area such as in a hard drive and then power down the system. Enable S5 to power off the whole system except the power supply unit (PSU) and keep the power button alive so that you can wake up the system by using a USB keyboard or mouse. The options are **Disabled**, Enabled In S4-S5, and Enabled in S5.

Delay Time Before PCI Enumeration

Use this feature to enable or disable boot with initialization of a minimal set of devices required to launch active boot option. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

CPU Configuration Menu

►CPU Configuration

The following processor information is displayed.

- Processor BSP Revision
- CPU Signature
- Microcode Patch
- Max CPU Speed
- Min CPU Speed
- Number of Performance-core(s)
- Number of Efficient-core(s)
- Hyper Threading Technology
- VMX
- SMX/TXT
- 64-bit
- EIST Technology
- CPU C3 state
- CPU C6 state
- CPU C7 state
- CPU C8 state
- CPU C9 state
- CPU C10 state
- Performance L1 Data Cache
- Performance L1 Instruction Cache
- Performance L2 Cache
- Performance L3 Cache
- Efficient L1 Data Cache
- Efficient L1 Instruction Cache
- Efficient L2 Cache
- Efficient L3 Cache

Intel Virtualization Technology

Select Enabled to enable the Intel Vanderpool Technology for Virtualization platform support, which allows multiple operating systems to run simultaneously on the same computer to maximize system resources for performance enhancement. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**. Changes take effect after you save settings and reboot the system.

Notes:

- This feature is NOT available when "TXT Support" is set to Enabled.
- This feature is NOT available when "Workload Profile" is set to Virtualization.

Active Performance-cores

This feature determines how many performance cores will be activated for each processor package. When all is selected, all cores in the processor will be activated. The options are **All** 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, and 1.

Active Efficient-cores

This feature determines how many efficient cores will be activated for each processor package. When all is selected, all cores in the processor will be activated. The options are **All**, 15, 14, 13, 12, 11, 10, 9, 8, 7, 6, ,5, 4, 3, 2, and 1.

AES

Select Enabled to use the Intel Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) to ensure data security. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Boot Performance Mode

This feature allows you to select the performance state that the BIOS will set before the operating system handoff. The options are **Max Non-Turbo Performance** and Turbo Performance.

Intel® SpeedStep™

Intel SpeedStep Technology allows the system to automatically adjust processor voltage and core frequency to reduce power consumption and heat dissipation. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Intel® Speed Shift Technology

Use this feature to enable or disable Intel Speed Shift Technology support. When this feature is enabled, the Collaborative Processor Performance Control (CPPC) version 2 interface will be available to control CPU P-States. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Turbo Mode (Available when "SpeedStep (P-States)" is set to Enabled and when "Workload Profile" is set to Disabled)

Select Enabled to allow the CPU to operate at the manufacturer-defined turbo speed by increasing CPU clock frequency. This feature is available when it is supported by the processors used in the system. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Power Limit 1 Override

Select Enabled to support average power limit (PL1) override. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Power Limit 2 Override

Select Enabled to support rapid power limit (PL2) override. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Power Limit 2

Use this feature to configure the value for Power Limit 2. The value is in milliwatts and the step size is 125 mW. Use the number keys on your keyboard to enter the value. Enter 0 to use the manufacture default setting. If the value is 0, the BIOS will set PL2 as 1.25* TDP.

C-States

Use this feature to enable the C-State of the CPU. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Enhanced C-States

Use this feature to enable the enhanced C-State of the CPU. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

C-State Auto Demotion

Use this feature to prevent unnecessary excursions into the C-states to improve latency. The options are Disabled and **C1**.

C-State Un-Demotion

This feature allows you to enable or disable the un-demotion of C-State. The options are Disabled and **C1**.

Package C-State Demotion

Use this feature to enable or disable the Package C-State demotion. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Package C-State Un-Demotion

Use this feature to enable or disable the Package C-State un-demotion. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

C-State Pre-Wake

This feature allows you to enable or disable the C-State Pre-Wake. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Package C-State Limit

Use this feature to set the Package C-State limit. The options are C0/C1, C2, C3, C6, C7, C7s, C8, C9, C10, Cpu Default, and **Auto**.

Monitor MWAIT

Select Enabled to support MONITOR and MWAIT, which are two instructions in Streaming SIMD Extension 3 (SSE3) to improve synchronization between multiple threads for CPU performance enhancement. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Chipset Configuration Menu

►Chipset Configuration

Important: Setting the wrong values in this section may cause the system to malfunction.

System Agent (SA) Configuration

VT-d Supported

VT-d

Select Enabled to activate Intel Virtualization Technology support for Direct I/O VT-d by reporting the I/O device assignments to VMM through the DMAR ACPI Tables. This feature offers fully-protected I/O resource-sharing across the Intel platforms, providing the user with greater reliability, security and availability in networking and data-sharing. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled.

X2APIC Enable

Use this feature to enable or disable the Advanced Programmable Interrupt Controller (X2APIC) operating mode. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

DMA Control Guarantee

Use this feature to enable or disable DMA Control Guarantee bit. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled.

Memory Configuration Menu

►Memory Configuration

This submenu is used to configure the Integrated Memory Controller (IMC) settings.

- Memory RC Version
- Memory Frequency
- Memory Timings (tCL-tRCD-tRP-tRAS)
- DIMMA1
- DIMMA2
- DIMMB1
- DIMMB2

Maximum Memory Frequency

Use this feature to set the maximum memory frequency for onboard memory modules. The options are **Auto**, 1600, 2400, 3200, 3600, 4000, 4200, 4400, 4600, 4800, 5000, 5200, 5400, 5600, 5800, 6000, 6200, and 6400.

Max TOLUD

This feature sets the maximum TOLUD value, which specifies the "Top of Low Usable DRAM" memory space to be used by internal graphics devices, GTT Stolen Memory, and TSEG, respectively, if these devices are enabled. The options are **Dynamic**, 1 GB, 1.25 GB, 1.5 GB, 1.75 GB, 2 GB, 2.25 GB, 2.5 GB, 2.75 GB, 3 GB, 3.25 GB, and 3.5 GB.

Memory Scrambler

Use this feature to enable or disable memory scrambler support. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Force ColdReset

Use this feature to enable or disable a cold boot during a MRC execution. The options are Enabled and **Disabled**.

Force Single Rank

Select enabled to use only Rank 0 in each DIMM. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Memory Remap

Use this feature to enable or disable memory remap above 4 GB. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled.

MRC Fast Boot

Use this feature to enable or disable fast path through the memory reference code. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Total Memory Encryption

Use this feature to enable or disable Total Memory Encryption (TME). When enabled, Intel TME enhances memory data security. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Graphics Configuration Menu

►Graphics Configuration

This submenu allows you to configure the graphics configuration settings.

Graphics Configuration

IGFX GOP Version

Skip Scanning of External Gfx Card

If this feature is enabled, the system will not scan for an external graphics card on PEG and PCIe slots. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Primary Display

Use this feature to select the primary video display. The options are Auto and **IGFX**.

Internal Graphics

Select Auto to keep an internal graphics device installed on an expansion slot supported by the CPU to be automatically enabled. The options are Auto, Disabled, and **Enabled**.

DVMT Pre-Allocated

Dynamic Video Memory Technology (DVMT) allows dynamic allocation of system memory to be used for video devices to ensure best use of available system memory based on the DVMT 5.0 platform. The options are 0M, 32M, 64M, 96M, **128M**, 4M, 8M, 12M, 16M, 20M, 24M, 28M, 32M/F7, 36M, 40M, 44M, 48M, 52M, 56M, and 60M.

Configure GT for use

Use this feature to enable or disable GT configuration. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

PAVP Enable

Use this feature to enable or disable PAVP support. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

DMI Configuration Menu

►DMI Configuration

This submenu allows you to configure the DMI configuration settings.

DMI ASPM

Use this feature to set the Active State Power Management (ASPM) state on the System Agent (SA) side of the DMI Link. The options are Disabled, ASPM L1, and **Auto**.

PEG Port Configuration

►PEG Port Configuration

P1 SLOT6 PCIe 5.0 x16

Enable Root Port

Use this feature to enable or disable the PCIe Graphics (PEG) device in the specified port . The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Max Link Speed

Use this feature to select PCIe support for the device installed the M.2 specified port. The options are **Auto**, Gen1, Gen2, Gen3, Gen4, and Gen5.

P1 SLOT4 PCIe 4.0 x4 (IN x8)

Enable Root Port

Use this feature to enable or disable the PCIe Graphics (PEG) device in the specified port . The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Max Link Speed

Use this feature to select PCIe support for the device installed the M.2 specified port. The options are **Auto**, Gen1, Gen2, Gen3, and Gen4.

M.2 PICe 5.0 x4

Enable Root Port

Use this feature to enable or disable the PCIe Graphics (PEG) device in the specified port . The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Max Link Speed

Use this feature to select PCIe support for the device installed the M.2 specified port. The options are **Auto**, Gen1, Gen2, Gen3, Gen4, and Gen5.

GT - Power Management Control

GT - Power Management Control

RC6 (Render Standby)

Use this feature to enable render standby support. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Maximum GT Frequency

Use this feature to define the Maximum GT frequency. Choose between 1650 MHz (RPN) and 6000 MHz (RP0). Any value beyond this range will be clipped to its min/max supported by the

CPU. The options are **Default Max Frequency**, 100Mhz, 150Mhz, 200Mhz, 250Mhz, 300Mhz, 350Mhz, 400Mhz, 450Mhz, 500Mhz, 550Mhz, 600Mhz, 650Mhz, 700Mhz, 750Mhz, 800Mhz, 850Mhz, 900Mhz, 950Mhz, 100Mhz, 1050Mhz, 1100Mhz, 1150Mhz, and 1200Mhz.

Disable Turbo GT Frequency

Use this feature to disable Turbo GT frequency. If set to Enabled, Turbo GT frequency becomes disabled. If set to Disabled, GT frequency limiters will be removed. The options are Enabled and **Disabled**.

PCH-IO Configuration

PCH SKU

Stepping

PCI Express Configuration

PCI Express Configuration

MCIO-1

ASPM

Use this feature to activate the Active State Power Management (ASPM) level for a PCIe device. Select Auto for the system BIOS to automatically set the ASPM level based on the system configuration. Select Disabled to disable ASPM support. The options are Disabled, **L1**, and Auto.

L1 Substates

Use this feature to set the PCI Express L1 Substate. The options are Disabled, L1.1 and **L1.1 & L1.2**.

PCIe Speed

Use this feature to set the PCI Express port speed. The options are **Auto**, Gen1, Gen2, Gen3, and Gen4.

Peer Memory Write Enable

Use this feature to enable or disable Peer Memory Write. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

MCIO-2

ASPM

Use this feature to activate the Active State Power Management (ASPM) level for a PCIe device. Select Auto for the system BIOS to automatically set the ASPM level based on the system configuration. Select Disabled to disable ASPM support. The options are Disabled, **L1**,

and Auto.

L1 Substates

Use this feature to set the PCI Express L1 Substate. The options are Disabled, L1.1 and **L1.1 & L1.2**.

PCIe Speed

Use this feature to set the PCI Express port speed. The options are **Auto**, Gen1, Gen2, Gen3, and Gen4.

Peer Memory Write Enable

Use this feature to enable or disable Peer Memory Write. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Onboard LAN3/LAN4

ASPM

Use this feature to activate the Active State Power Management (ASPM) level for a PCIe device. Select Auto for the system BIOS to automatically set the ASPM level based on the system configuration. Select Disabled to disable ASPM support. The options are Disabled, **L1**, and Auto.

L1 Substates

Use this feature to set the PCI Express L1 Substate. The options are Disabled, L1.1 and **L1.1 & L1.2**.

PCIe Speed

Use this feature to set the PCI Express port speed. The options are **Auto**, Gen1, Gen2, Gen3, and Gen4.

Peer Memory Write Enable

Use this feature to enable or disable Peer Memory Write. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Onboard LAN1

ASPM

Use this feature to activate the Active State Power Management (ASPM) level for a PCIe device. Select Auto for the system BIOS to automatically set the ASPM level based on the system configuration. Select Disabled to disable ASPM support. The options are Disabled, **L1**, and Auto.

L1 Substates

Use this feature to set the PCI Express L1 Substate. The options are Disabled, L1.1 and **L1.1 & L1.2**.

PCIe Speed

Use this feature to set the PCI Express port speed. The options are **Auto**, Gen1, Gen2, Gen3, and Gen4.

Peer Memory Write Enable

Use this feature to enable or disable Peer Memory Write. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Onboard LAN2

ASPM

Use this feature to activate the Active State Power Management (ASPM) level for a PCIe device. Select Auto for the system BIOS to automatically set the ASPM level based on the system configuration. Select Disabled to disable ASPM support. The options are Disabled, **L1**, and Auto.

L1 Substates

Use this feature to set the PCI Express L1 Substate. The options are Disabled, L1.1 and **L1.1 & L1.2**.

PCIe Speed

Use this feature to set the PCI Express port speed. The options are **Auto**, Gen1, Gen2, Gen3, and Gen4.

Peer Memory Write Enable

Use this feature to enable or disable Peer Memory Write. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

PCH SLOT7 PCIe 4.0 x4 (IN x8)

ASPM

Use this feature to activate the Active State Power Management (ASPM) level for a PCIe device. Select Auto for the system BIOS to automatically set the ASPM level based on the system configuration. Select Disabled to disable ASPM support. The options are Disabled, **L1**, and Auto.

L1 Substates

Use this feature to set the PCI Express L1 Substate. The options are Disabled, L1.1 and **L1.1 & L1.2**.

PCIe Speed

Use this feature to set the PCI Express port speed. The options are **Auto**, Gen1, Gen2, Gen3, and Gen4.

Peer Memory Write Enable

Use this feature to enable or disable Peer Memory Write. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

GPIO Expander Header

GPIO Expander Header

GPIO Expander Header Control

Use this feature to enable or disable GPIO Expander header Control. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Pin 1 / Pin 2 / Pin 3 / Pin 4 / Pin 5 / Pin 6 / Pin 7 / Pin 8 (Available when GPIO Expander Header Control is set to "Enabled")

Use these features to select the setting for each of the eight GPIO Expander Header pins. The options are **Output Low**, Output High, and Input.

HTTP Boot Configuration Menu

►HTTP Boot Configuration

HTTP Boot Policy

Use this feature to set the HTTP boot policy. The options are Apply to all LANs, **Apply to each LAN**, and Boot Priority #1 instantly.

HTTPS Boot Checks Hostname

Important: Disabling "HTTPS Boot Checks Hostname" is a violation of RFC 6125 and may expose you to Man-in-the-Middle Attacks. Supermicro is not responsible for any and all security risks incurred by you disabling this feature.

Enable this feature for HTTPS boot to check the hostname of the TLS certificates to see if it matches the host name provided by the remote server. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled (WARNING: Security Risk!!).

Priority of HTTP Boot

Instance of Priority 1: (Available when your motherboard supports this feature)

This feature sets the rank target port. The default setting is **1**.

Select IPv4 or IPv6

This feature specifies which connection the target LAN port should boot from. The options are **IPv4** and IPv6.

Boot Description

Use this feature to enter a boot description, which cannot be longer than 75 characters. Please be sure to enter a boot description; otherwise, the boot option for the URI cannot be created.

Boot URI

Enter a Boot Uniform Research Identifier (URI) with 128 characters or shorter. This Boot URI determines how IPv4 Boot Option and IPv6 Boot Option will be created.

Instance of Priority 2: (Available when your motherboard supports this feature)

This feature sets the rank target port. The default setting is **0**.

Instance of Priority 3: (Available when "HTTP Boot Policy" is set to Apply to each LAN or Boot Priority #1 instantly)

This feature sets the rank target port. The default setting is **0**.

Instance of Priority 4: (Available when "HTTP Boot Policy" is set to Apply to each LAN or Boot Priority #1 instantly)

This feature sets the rank target port. The default setting is **0**.

Super IO Configuration Menu

►Super IO Configuration

The following information is displayed.

- Super IO Chip

Note: This submenu is available when your system supports this feature.

Serial Port 1 Configuration Menu

►Serial Port 1 Configuration

Serial Port 1

Select Enabled to enable serial port 1. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Device Settings (Available when "Serial Port 1" above is set to Enabled)

This feature displays the base I/O port address and the Interrupt Request address of serial port 1.

Change Settings (Available when "Serial Port 1" above is set to Enabled)

Use this feature to specify the base I/O port address and the Interrupt Request address of serial port 1. Select Auto for the BIOS to automatically assign the base I/O and IRQ address to serial port 1. The options are **Auto**, (IO=3F8h; IRQ=4;), (IO=3F8h; IRQ=3,4,5,6,7,9,10,11,12;), (IO=2F8h; IRQ=3,4,5,6,7,9,10,11,12;), (IO=3E8h; IRQ=3,4,5,6,7,9,10,11,12;), and (IO=2E8h; IRQ=3,4,5,6,7,9,10,11,12;).

Serial Port 1 Configuration Menu

►Serial Port 1 Configuration

Serial Port 1

Select Enabled to enable serial port 1. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Device Settings (Available when "Serial Port 1" above is set to Enabled)

This feature displays the base I/O port address and the Interrupt Request address of serial port 1.

Change Settings (Available when "Serial Port 1" above is set to Enabled)

Use this feature to specify the base I/O port address and the Interrupt Request address of serial port 1. Select Auto for the BIOS to automatically assign the base I/O and IRQ address to serial port 1. The options are **Auto**, (IO=3F8h; IRQ=4;), (IO=3F8h; IRQ=3,4,5,6,7,9,10,11,12;), (IO=2F8h; IRQ=3,4,5,6,7,9,10,11,12;), (IO=3E8h; IRQ=3,4,5,6,7,9,10,11,12;), and (IO=2E8h; IRQ=3,4,5,6,7,9,10,11,12;).

Network Stack Configuration Menu

►Network Stack Configuration

Network Stack

Select Enabled to enable Preboot Execution Environment (PXE) or Unified Extensible Firmware Interface (UEFI) for network stack support. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

IPv4 PXE Support (Available when "Network Stack" is set to Enabled)

Select Enabled to enable IPv4 PXE boot support. If this feature is disabled, it will not create the IPv4 PXE boot option. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

IPv4 HTTP Support (Available when "Network Stack" is set to Enabled)

Select Enabled to enable IPv4 HTTP boot support. If this feature is disabled, it will not create the IPv4 HTTP boot option. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

IPv6 PXE Support (Available when "Network Stack" is set to Enabled)

Select Enabled to enable IPv6 PXE boot support. If this feature is disabled, it will not create the IPv6 PXE boot option. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

IPv6 HTTP Support (Available when "Network Stack" is set to Enabled)

Select Enabled to enable IPv6 HTTP boot support. If this feature is disabled, it will not create the IPv6 HTTP boot option. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

PXE Boot Wait Time (Available when "Network Stack" is set to Enabled)

Use this feature to set the wait time (in seconds) upon which the system BIOS will wait for you to press the <ESC> key to abort PXE boot instead of proceeding with PXE boot by connecting to a network server immediately. Press the <+> or <-> key on your keyboard to change the value. The default setting is **0**.

Media Detect Count (Available when "Network Stack" is set to Enabled)

Use this feature to set the wait time (in seconds) for the BIOS ROM to detect the presence of a LAN media either via the Internet connection or via a LAN port. Press the <+> or <-> key on your keyboard to change the value. The default setting is **1**.

MAC:(MAC address)-IPv4 Network Configuration Menu

►MAC:(MAC address)-IPv4 Network Configuration

Configured

Enable this feature to configure network addresses for DHCP, local IP address, local netmask, local gateway, and local DNS server. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Enable DHCP (Available when "Configured" is set to Enabled)

Select Enabled to support Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP), which allows the BIOS to search for a DHCP server attached to the network and request the next available IP address for this computer. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Local IP Address (Available when "Configured" is set to Enabled and "Enable DHCP" is set to Disabled)

Use this feature to enter an IP address for the local machine.

Local NetMask (Available when "Configured" is set to Enabled and "Enable DHCP" is set to Disabled)

Use this feature to set the netmask for the local machine.

Local Gateway (Available when "Configured" is set to Enabled and "Enable DHCP" is set to Disabled)

Use this feature to set the gateway address for the local machine.

Local DNS Servers (Available when "Configured" is set to Enabled and "Enable DHCP" is set to Disabled)

Use this feature to set the Domain Name System (DNS) server address for the local machine.

Save Changes and Exit

Press <Enter> to save changes and exit.

MAC:(MAC address)-IPv6 Network Configuration Menu

►MAC:(MAC address)-IPv6 Network Configuration

►Enter Configuration Menu

The following information is displayed.

- Interface Name
- Interface Type
- MAC address
- Host address
- Route Table
- Gateway addresses
- DNS addresses

Interface ID

Use this feature to change/enter the 64-bit alternative interface ID for the device. The string format is colon separated. The default setting is the MAC address above.

DAD Transmit Count

Use this feature to set the number of consecutive neighbor solicitation messages that have been sent while performing duplicate address detection on a tentative address. The default setting is **1**.

Policy

Use this feature to select how the policy is to be configured. The options are **automatic** and manual.

►Advanced Configuration

Note: This submenu is available when "Policy" is set to manual.

New IPv6 address: Use this feature to enter the IPv6 address for the local machine.

New Gateway addresses: Use this feature to set the gateway address for the local machine.

New DNS addresses: Use this feature to set the DNS server address for the local machine.

Commit Changes and Exit: Press <Enter> to save changes and exit.

Discard Changes and Exit: Press <Enter> to discard changes and exit.

Save Changes and Exit

Press <Enter> to save changes and exit.

MAC:(MAC address)-IPv4 Network Configuration Menu

►MAC:(MAC address)-IPv4 Network Configuration

Configured

Enable this feature to configure network addresses for DHCP, local IP address, local netmask, local gateway, and local DNS server. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Enable DHCP (Available when "Configured" is set to Enabled)

Select Enabled to support Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP), which allows the BIOS to search for a DHCP server attached to the network and request the next available IP address for this computer. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Local IP Address (Available when "Configured" is set to Enabled and "Enable DHCP" is set to Disabled)

Use this feature to enter an IP address for the local machine.

Local NetMask (Available when "Configured" is set to Enabled and "Enable DHCP" is set to Disabled)

Use this feature to set the netmask for the local machine.

Local Gateway (Available when "Configured" is set to Enabled and "Enable DHCP" is set to Disabled)

Use this feature to set the gateway address for the local machine.

Local DNS Servers (Available when "Configured" is set to Enabled and "Enable DHCP" is set to Disabled)

Use this feature to set the Domain Name System (DNS) server address for the local machine.

Save Changes and Exit

Press <Enter> to save changes and exit.

MAC:(MAC address)-IPv6 Network Configuration Menu

►MAC:(MAC address)-IPv6 Network Configuration

►Enter Configuration Menu

The following information is displayed.

- Interface Name
- Interface Type
- MAC address
- Host address
- Route Table
- Gateway addresses
- DNS addresses

Interface ID

Use this feature to change/enter the 64-bit alternative interface ID for the device. The string format is colon separated. The default setting is the MAC address above.

DAD Transmit Count

Use this feature to set the number of consecutive neighbor solicitation messages that have been sent while performing duplicate address detection on a tentative address. The default setting is **1**.

Policy

Use this feature to select how the policy is to be configured. The options are **automatic** and manual.

►Advanced Configuration

Note: This submenu is available when "Policy" is set to manual.

New IPv6 address: Use this feature to enter the IPv6 address for the local machine.

New Gateway addresses: Use this feature to set the gateway address for the local machine.

New DNS addresses: Use this feature to set the DNS server address for the local machine.

Commit Changes and Exit: Press <Enter> to save changes and exit.

Discard Changes and Exit: Press <Enter> to discard changes and exit.

Save Changes and Exit

Press <Enter> to save changes and exit.

MAC:(MAC address)-IPv4 Network Configuration Menu

►MAC:(MAC address)-IPv4 Network Configuration

Configured

Enable this feature to configure network addresses for DHCP, local IP address, local netmask, local gateway, and local DNS server. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Enable DHCP (Available when "Configured" is set to Enabled)

Select Enabled to support Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP), which allows the BIOS to search for a DHCP server attached to the network and request the next available IP address for this computer. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Local IP Address (Available when "Configured" is set to Enabled and "Enable DHCP" is set to Disabled)

Use this feature to enter an IP address for the local machine.

Local NetMask (Available when "Configured" is set to Enabled and "Enable DHCP" is set to Disabled)

Use this feature to set the netmask for the local machine.

Local Gateway (Available when "Configured" is set to Enabled and "Enable DHCP" is set to Disabled)

Use this feature to set the gateway address for the local machine.

Local DNS Servers (Available when "Configured" is set to Enabled and "Enable DHCP" is set to Disabled)

Use this feature to set the Domain Name System (DNS) server address for the local machine.

Save Changes and Exit

Press <Enter> to save changes and exit.

MAC:(MAC address)-IPv6 Network Configuration Menu

►MAC:(MAC address)-IPv6 Network Configuration

►Enter Configuration Menu

The following information is displayed.

- Interface Name
- Interface Type
- MAC address
- Host address
- Route Table
- Gateway addresses
- DNS addresses

Interface ID

Use this feature to change/enter the 64-bit alternative interface ID for the device. The string format is colon separated. The default setting is the MAC address above.

DAD Transmit Count

Use this feature to set the number of consecutive neighbor solicitation messages that have been sent while performing duplicate address detection on a tentative address. The default setting is **1**.

Policy

Use this feature to select how the policy is to be configured. The options are **automatic** and manual.

►Advanced Configuration

Note: This submenu is available when "Policy" is set to manual.

New IPv6 address: Use this feature to enter the IPv6 address for the local machine.

New Gateway addresses: Use this feature to set the gateway address for the local machine.

New DNS addresses: Use this feature to set the DNS server address for the local machine.

Commit Changes and Exit: Press <Enter> to save changes and exit.

Discard Changes and Exit: Press <Enter> to discard changes and exit.

Save Changes and Exit

Press <Enter> to save changes and exit.

MAC:(MAC address)-IPv4 Network Configuration Menu

►MAC:(MAC address)-IPv4 Network Configuration

Configured

Enable this feature to configure network addresses for DHCP, local IP address, local netmask, local gateway, and local DNS server. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Enable DHCP (Available when "Configured" is set to Enabled)

Select Enabled to support Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP), which allows the BIOS to search for a DHCP server attached to the network and request the next available IP address for this computer. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Local IP Address (Available when "Configured" is set to Enabled and "Enable DHCP" is set to Disabled)

Use this feature to enter an IP address for the local machine.

Local NetMask (Available when "Configured" is set to Enabled and "Enable DHCP" is set to Disabled)

Use this feature to set the netmask for the local machine.

Local Gateway (Available when "Configured" is set to Enabled and "Enable DHCP" is set to Disabled)

Use this feature to set the gateway address for the local machine.

Local DNS Servers (Available when "Configured" is set to Enabled and "Enable DHCP" is set to Disabled)

Use this feature to set the Domain Name System (DNS) server address for the local machine.

Save Changes and Exit

Press <Enter> to save changes and exit.

MAC:(MAC address)-IPv6 Network Configuration Menu

►MAC:(MAC address)-IPv6 Network Configuration

►Enter Configuration Menu

The following information is displayed.

- Interface Name
- Interface Type
- MAC address

- Host address
- Route Table
- Gateway addresses
- DNS addresses

Interface ID

Use this feature to change/enter the 64-bit alternative interface ID for the device. The string format is colon separated. The default setting is the MAC address above.

DAD Transmit Count

Use this feature to set the number of consecutive neighbor solicitation messages that have been sent while performing duplicate address detection on a tentative address. The default setting is **1**.

Policy

Use this feature to select how the policy is to be configured. The options are **automatic** and manual.

►Advanced Configuration

Note: This submenu is available when "Policy" is set to manual.

New IPv6 address: Use this feature to enter the IPv6 address for the local machine.

New Gateway addresses: Use this feature to set the gateway address for the local machine.

New DNS addresses: Use this feature to set the DNS server address for the local machine.

Commit Changes and Exit: Press <Enter> to save changes and exit.

Discard Changes and Exit: Press <Enter> to discard changes and exit.

Save Changes and Exit

Press <Enter> to save changes and exit.

PCH-FW Configuration

ME Firmware Version: 19.0.0.1797

ME Firmware Mode: Normal Mode

ME Firmware SKU: Corporate SKU

ME FW Image Re-Flash

Use this feature to update the Management Engine firmware. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

TPM Device Selection

Use this feature to select dTPM or PTT for the TPM device. dTPM is discrete Trusted Platform Module and PTT is Platform Trusted Technology. The options are **dTPM** and PTT.

AMT Configuration

USB Provisioning of AMT

Use this feature to enable or disable USB provisioning. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

MAC Pass Through

Use this feature to enable or disable the MAC Pass Through function. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Activate Remote Assistance Process

Use this feature to activate Remote Assistance. Enabling this feature will also trigger the Client Initiated Remote Access (CIRA) boot. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Unconfigure ME

Use this feature to unconfigure ME with resetting the MEBx password to default on next boot. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

ASF Configuration

PET Progress

Use this feature to enable or disable PET Events Progress to receive PET Events alerts. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

WatchDog

Select Enabled to allow the Watchdog timer to reboot the system when it is inactive for more than five minutes. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

OS Timer / BIOS Timer

These options appear if WatchDog (above) is enabled. This is a timed delay in seconds, before a system power down or reset after a BIOS or operating system failure is detected. Enter the value in seconds. The default setting is **0**.

ASF Sensors Table

Enable this feature for the ASF Sensor Table to be added into the ASF ACPI table. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Secure Erase Configuration

Secure Erase mode

Select Real to securely erase a solid state drive. The options are **Simulated** and Real.

Force Secure Erase

Select Enabled to force a secure erase of the solid state drive on the next boot. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

One Click Recovery (OCR) Configuration

OCR Https Boot

Use this feature to enable or disable One Click Recovery Https Boot. One Click Recovery is a recovery process that lets you restore your computer to its last known good state with a single command. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

OCR PBA Boot

Use this feature to enable or disable One Click Recovery PBA Boot. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

OCR Windows Recovery Boot

Use this feature to enable or disable One Click Recovery Windows Boot. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

OCR Disable Secure Boot

Use this feature to allow CSME to request Secure Boot to be disabled for One Click Recovery. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

PCIe/PCI/PnP Configuration Menu

PCI PERR/SERR Support

Use this feature to enable or disable the runtime event for PCI errors. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Re-Size BAR Support

Use this feature to enable the Resizable BAR support. Resizable BAR is a PCIe interface technology that allows the CPU to access the entire frame buffer. With this technology, your system will be able to handle multiple CPU to GPU transfers simultaneously rather than queuing, which can improve the frame rate performance. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

SR-IOV Support (Unavailable when "Workload Profile" is set to Virtualization)

Select Enabled for Single- Root IO Virtualization support. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

BME DMA Mitigation

Enable this feature to help block DMA attacks. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Onboard Video Option ROM

Select EFI to boot the computer using the Extensible Firmware Interface (EFI) device installed on the onboard video port. The options are Disabled and **EFI**.

NVMe Firmware Source

Use this feature to select the NVMe firmware to support system boot. The options are Vendor Defined Firmware and **AMI Native Support**. The option of Vendor Defined Firmware is pre-installed on the drive and may resolve errata or enable innovative functions for the drive. The default option, AMI Native Support, is offered by the BIOS with a generic method.

Consistent Device Name Support

This feature controls the device naming for network devices and slots. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

PCIe/PCI/PnP Configuration

M.2 PCIe 5.0 x4 OPROM

Use this feature to select which firmware type to be loaded for the add-on card in this slot. The options are Disabled and **EFI**.

P1 SLOT6 PCIe 5.0 x16 OPROM

Use this feature to select which firmware type to be loaded for the add-on card in this slot. The options are Disabled and **EFI**.

P1 SLOT4 PCIe 4.0 x4 (IN x8) OPROM

Use this feature to select which firmware type to be loaded for the add-on card in this slot. The options are Disabled and **EFI**.

PCH SLOT7 PCIe 4.0 x4 (IN x8) OPROM

Use this feature to select which firmware type to be loaded for the add-on card in this slot. The options are Disabled and **EFI**.

MCIO-1 OPROM

Use this feature to select which firmware type to be loaded for the add-on card in this slot. The options are Disabled and **EFI**.

MCIO-2 OPROM

Use this feature to select which firmware type to be loaded for the add-on card in this slot. The options are Disabled and **EFI**.

Onboard LAN1 Support

Use this feature to enable or disable LAN1. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Onboard LAN2 Support

Use this feature to enable or disable LAN2. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Onboard LAN1 Option ROM

Select EFI to boot the computer using the EFI device installed on LAN port 1. The options are Disabled and **EFI**.

Note: This feature is available when your motherboard supports onboard LAN ports.

SATA and RST Configuration Menu

►SATA And RST Configuration

SATA Controller(s)

Use this feature to enable or disable the onboard SATA controller supported by the Intel PCH chip. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled.

Support Aggressive Link Power Management

When this feature is set to Enabled, the SATA AHCI controller manages the power usage of the SATA link. The controller will put the link in a low power mode during extended periods of I/O inactivity and will return the link to an active state when I/O activity resumes. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

I-SATA0 / I-SATA1 / I-SATA2 / I-SATA3

This feature displays the information detected on the installed SATA drive on the particular SATA port.

Software Preserve Support

Hot Plug

Set this feature to Enable for hot plug support, which allows you to replace a SATA drive without shutting down the system. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Spin Up Device

Set this feature to enable or disable the PCH to initialize the device. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

SATA Device Type

Use this feature to specify if the SATA port is connected to a Solid State Drive or a Hard Disk Drive. The options are **Hard Disk Drive** and Solid State Drive.

VMD Setup Menu

►VMD Setup Menu

VMD Configuration

Enable VMD Controller

Use this feature to enable or disable the VMD controller. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Enable VMD Global Mapping (Available when Enable VMD Controller is set to "Enabled")

Use this feature to enable or disable VMD global mapping. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Map PCH SATA Controller under VMD (Available when Enable VMD Controller is set to "Enabled")

Use this feature to map or unmap the selected root port to VMD. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Serial Port Console Redirection Menu

►Serial Port Console Redirection

COM1 (Available when your system supports the serial port of COM1)

Console Redirection

Select Enabled to enable COM port 1 for Console Redirection, which allows a client machine to be connected to a host machine at a remote site for networking. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Note: This feature will be set to Enabled if there is no BMC support.

SOL/COM2

Note: This feature is available when your system supports serial port of SOL and/or COM2. The "SOL/COM2" here indicates a shared serial port, and SOL is used as the default.

Console Redirection

Select Enabled to use the SOL/COM2 port for Console Redirection. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

AMT SOL Console Redirection

Select Enabled to enable console redirection support for the specified serial port. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

►Console Redirection Settings

Note: This submenu is available when "Console Redirection" for COM1, SOL/COM2, or AMT SOL is set to Enabled.

Terminal Type

Use this feature to select the target terminal emulation type for Console Redirection. Select VT100 to use the ASCII Character set. Select VT100+ to add color and function key support. Select ANSI to use the Extended ASCII Character Set. Select VT-UTF8 to use UTF8 encoding to map Unicode characters into one or more bytes. The options are VT100, **VT100+**, VT-UTF8, and ANSI.

Bits Per Second

Use this feature to set the transmission speed for a serial port used in Console Redirection. Make sure that the same speed is used in the host computer and the client computer. A lower transmission speed may be required for long and busy lines. The options are 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, and **115200** (bits per second).

Data Bits

Use this feature to set the data transmission size for Console Redirection. The options are 7 and **8** (bits).

Parity

A parity bit can be sent along with regular data bits to detect data transmission errors. Select Even if the parity bit is set to 0 and the number of 1s in data bits is even. Select Odd if the parity bit is set to 0 and the number of 1s in data bits is odd. Select None if you do not want to

send a parity bit with your data bits in transmission. Select Mark to add a mark as a parity bit to be sent along with the data bits. Select Space to add a space as a parity bit to be sent with your data bits. The options are **None**, Even, Odd, Mark, and Space.

Stop Bits

A stop bit indicates the end of a serial data packet. Select 1 (stop bit) for standard serial data communication. Select 2 (stop bits) if slower devices are used. The options are **1** and 2.

Flow Control

Use this feature to set the flow control for Console Redirection to prevent data loss caused by buffer overflow. Send a "Stop" signal to stop sending data when the receiving buffer is full. Send a "Start" signal to start sending data when the receiving buffer is empty. The options are **None** and Hardware RTS/CTS.

VT-UTF8 Combo Key Support

Select Enabled to enable VT-UTF8 Combination Key support for ANSI/VT100 terminals. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Recorder Mode

Select Enabled to capture the data displayed on a terminal and send it as text messages to a remote server. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Resolution 100x31

Select Enabled for extended-terminal resolution support. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Putty KeyPad

Use this feature to select function key and keypad settings on Putty, which is a terminal emulator designed for the Windows OS. The options are **VT100**, LINUX, XTERMR6, SCO, ESCN, and VT400.

Redirection After BIOS POST

Use this feature to enable or disable legacy console redirection after BIOS POST. When set to Bootloader, legacy console redirection is disabled before booting the OS. When set to Always Enable, legacy console redirection remains enabled when booting the OS. The options are **Always Enable** and Bootloader.

Serial Port for Out-of-Band Management/Windows Emergency Management Services (EMS)

Use the features below to configure Console Redirection settings to support Out-of-Band Serial Port management.

Console Redirection EMS

Select Enabled to use the SOL port for Console Redirection. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

►Console Redirection Settings

Note: This submenu is available when "Console Redirection EMS" is set to Enabled.

Out-of-Band Mgmt Port

The feature selects a serial port in a client server to be used by the Microsoft Windows Emergency Management Services (EMS) to communicate with a remote host server. The options are **COM1** and SOL/COM2. Please note that the option of SOL/COM2 indicates a shared serial port. SOL is available with BMC support.

Terminal Type EMS

Use this feature to select the target terminal emulation type for Console Redirection. Select VT100 to use the ASCII character set. Select VT100+ to add color and function key support. Select ANSI to use the extended ASCII character set. Select VT-UTF8 to use UTF8 encoding to map Unicode characters into one or more bytes. The options are VT100, VT100+, **VT-UTF8**, and ANSI.

Bits Per Second EMS

This feature sets the transmission speed for a serial port used in Console Redirection. Make sure that the same speed is used in the host computer and the client computer. A lower transmission speed may be required for long and busy lines. The options are 9600, 19200, 57600, and **115200** (bits per second).

Flow Control EMS

Use this feature to set the flow control for Console Redirection to prevent data loss caused by buffer overflow. Send a "Stop" signal to stop sending data when the receiving buffer is full. Send a "Start" signal to start sending data when the receiving buffer is empty. The options are **None**, Hardware RTS/CTS, and Software Xon/Xoff.

The following information is displayed.

- **Data Bits EMS**
- **Parity EMS**
- **Stop Bits EMS**

Trusted Computing Menu

►Trusted Computing

When the TPM 2.0 (either onboard or external) is detected by your system, the following information is displayed.

- TPM 2.0 Device Found
- Firmware Version:
- Vendor:

Note: This submenu is available when the TPM 2.0 (either onboard or external) is detected by the BIOS.

Security Device Support

Select Enabled to enable BIOS support for onboard security devices, which are not displayed in the OS. If this feature is set to Enabled, TCG EFI protocol and INT1A interface will not be available. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

When "Security Device Support" is set to Enabled and the TPM 2.0 (either onboard or external) is detected by the BIOS, the following information is displayed.

- Active PCR banks
- Available PCR banks

Note: The following features are available when the TPM 2.0 (either onboard or external) is detected by the BIOS.

SHA256 PCR Bank (Available when "Security Device Support" is set to Enabled)

Select Enabled to enable SHA256 PCR Bank support to enhance system integrity and data security. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

SHA384 PCR Bank (Available when "Security Device Support" is set to Enabled)

Select Enabled to enable SHA384 PCR Bank support to enhance system integrity and data security. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Pending Operation (Available when "Security Device Support" is set to Enabled)

Use this feature to schedule a TPM-related operation to be performed by the security TPM (either onboard or external) at the next system boot to enhance system data integrity. The options are **None** and TPM Clear.

Note: If this feature is used, your system will reboot to carry out a pending TPM operation.

Platform Hierarchy (Available when "Security Device Support" is set to Enabled)

Select Enabled for TPM Platform Hierarchy support, which allows the manufacturer to utilize the cryptographic algorithm to define a constant key or a fixed set of keys to be used for initial system boot. These early boot codes are shipped with the platform and are included in the list of "public keys." During system boot, the platform firmware uses the trusted public keys to verify a digital signature in an attempt to manage and control the security of the platform firmware used in a host system via the TPM (either onboard or external). The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Storage Hierarchy (Available when "Security Device Support" is set to Enabled)

Select Enabled for TPM Storage Hierarchy support that is intended to be used for non-privacy-sensitive operations by a platform owner such as an IT professional or the end user. Storage Hierarchy has an owner policy and an authorization value, both of which can be set and are held constant (-rarely changed) through reboots. This hierarchy can be cleared or changed independently of the other hierarchies. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Endorsement Hierarchy (Available when "Security Device Support" is set to Enabled)

Select Enabled for Endorsement Hierarchy support, which contains separate controls to address the user's privacy concerns because the primary keys in the hierarchy are certified by the TPM key or by a manufacturer with restrictions on how an authentic TPM (either onboard or external) that is attached to an authentic platform can be accessed and used. A primary key can be encrypted and certified with a certificate created by using TPM2_ActivateCredential, which allows the user to independently enable "flag, policy, and authorization values" without involving other hierarchies. A user with privacy concerns can disable the endorsement hierarchy while still using the storage hierarchy for TPM applications, permitting the platform software to use the TPM. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

PH Randomization

Select Enabled for Platform Hierarchy (PH) Randomization support, which is used only during the platform developmental stage. This feature cannot be enabled in the production platforms. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Intel Trusted Execution Technology

Intel Trusted Execution Technology (TXT) helps protect against software-based attacks and ensures protection, confidentiality, and integrity of data stored or created on the system. Use this feature to enable or disable TXT Support. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

USB Configuration Menu

►USB Configuration

USB Module Version

USB Controllers

USB Devices

XHCI Hand-off

This is a work-around solution for operating systems that do not support Extensible Host Controller Interface (XHCI) hand-off. The XHCI ownership change should be claimed by the XHCI driver. The settings are **Enabled** and Disabled.

USB Mass Storage Driver Support

Select Enabled for USB mass storage device support. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

USB S5 Wakeup Support

Use this feature to enable or disable USB S5 Wakeup support. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Intel Ethernet Controller I226-LM - (MAC address) Menu

►Intel Ethernet Controller I226-LM - (MAC address)

The following LAN port information will be displayed:

- UEFI Driver
- PCI Device ID
- PCI Address
- MAC Address
- Link Status

Link auto-negotiation Timeout

This features controls how long the UEFI PXE driver should wait for link. The default is **8**.

Intel Ethernet Controller I226-LM - (MAC address) Menu

►Intel Ethernet Controller I226-LM - (MAC address)

The following LAN port information will be displayed:

- UEFI Driver
- PCI Device ID
- PCI Address
- MAC Address
- Link Status

Link auto-negotiation Timeout

This features controls how long the UEFI PXE driver should wait for link. The default is **8**.

Intel Ethernet Controller X550

Blink LEDs

Use this feature to identify the physical network port by blinking the associated LED. The default setting is **0** (up to 15 seconds).

UEFI Driver

Adapter PBA

Device Name

Chip Type

PCI Device ID

PCI Address

Link Status

MAC Address

Virtual MAC Address

Firmware Image Properties

Option ROM version

Unique NVM/EEPROM ID

NVM Version

NIC Configuration

Link Speed

The feature displays the connection speed of a LAN port. The options are **Auto Negotiated**, 10 Mbps Half, 10 Mbps Full, 100 Mbps Half, and 100 Mbps Full.

Wake On LAN

If this feature is set to Enabled, the LAN port you specified will be enabled when the system is powered on. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Intel Ethernet Controller X550

Blink LEDs

Use this feature to identify the physical network port by blinking the associated LED. The default setting is **0** (up to 15 seconds).

UEFI Driver

Adapter PBA

Device Name

Chip Type

PCI Device ID

PCI Address

Link Status

MAC Address

Virtual MAC Address

Firmware Image Properties

Option ROM version

Unique NVM/EEPROM ID

NVM Version

NIC Configuration

Link Speed

The feature displays the connection speed of a LAN port. The options are **Auto Negotiated**, 10 Mbps Half, 10 Mbps Full, 100 Mbps Half, and 100 Mbps Full.

Wake On LAN

If this feature is set to Enabled, the LAN port you specified will be enabled when the system is powered on. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

TLS Authenticate Configuration Menu

►TLS Authenticate Configuration

Use this submenu to configure Transport Layer Security (TLS) settings.

►Server CA Configuration

Use this feature to configure the client certificate that is to be used by the server.

►Enroll Certification

Use this feature to enroll the certificate in the system.

►Enroll Certification Using File

Use this feature to enroll the security certificate in the system by using a file.

►Commit Changes and Exit

Use this feature to save all changes and exit TLS settings.

►Discard Changes and Exit

Use this feature to discard all changes and exit TLS settings.

►Delete Certification

Use this feature to delete the certificate if a certificate has been enrolled in the system.

►Client Certification Configuration

Driver Health Menu

►Driver Health

This feature displays the health information of the drivers installed in your system, including LAN controllers, as detected by the BIOS. Select one and press <Enter> to see the details.

Note: This section is provided for reference only, for the driver health status will differ depending on the drivers installed in your system. It's also based on your system configuration and the environment that your system is operating in.

8.4 Event Logs

Use this menu to configure Event Logs settings.

Note: After making any changes in this section, please be sure to reboot the system for the changes to take effect.

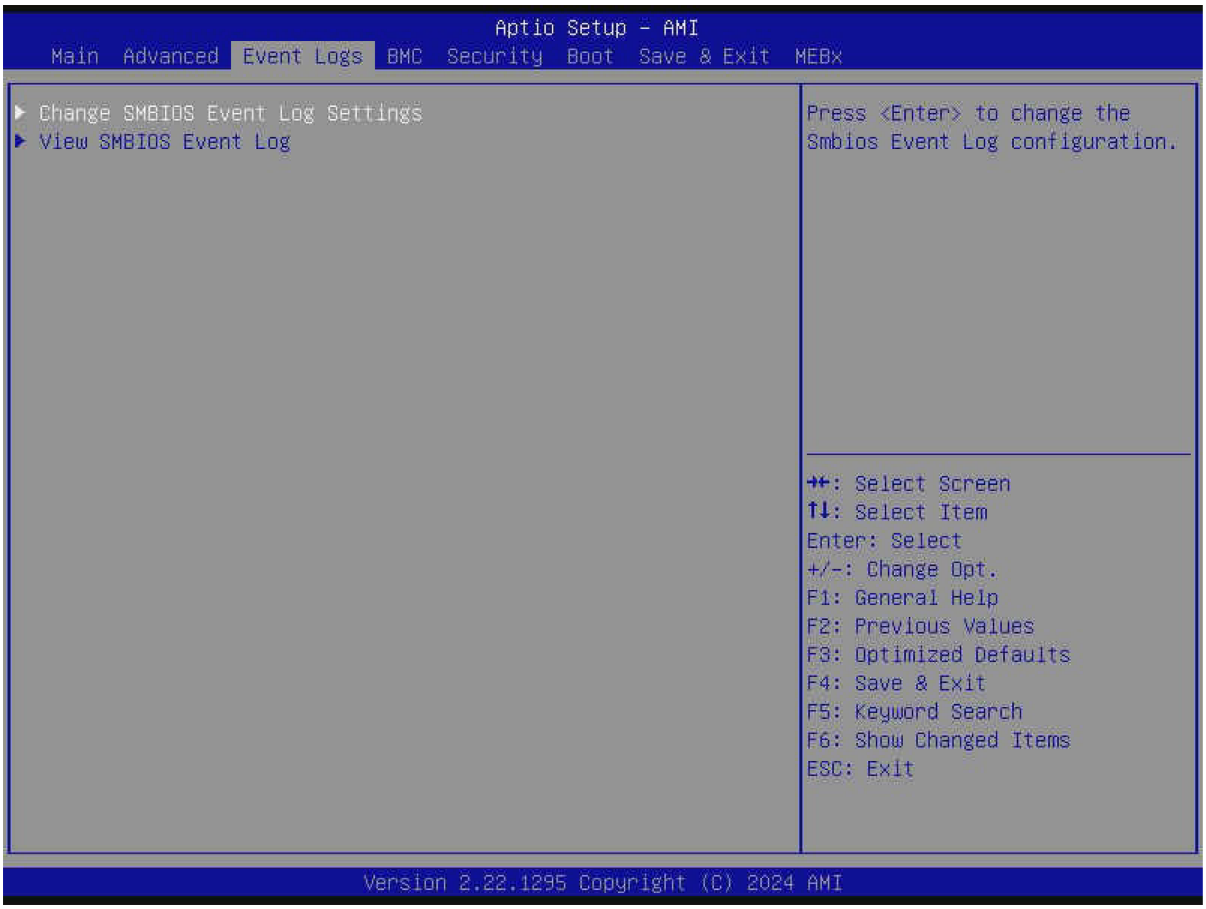


Figure 8-3. Event Log Screen

►Change SMBIOS Event Log Settings

Note: Reboot the system for the changes in this section to take effect.

Enabling/Disabling Options

SMBIOS Event Log

Select Enabled to enable System Management BIOS (SMBIOS) Event Logging during system boot. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Erasing Settings

Erase Event Log (Available when "SMBIOS Event Log" is set to Enabled)

Select No to keep the event log without erasing it upon next system bootup. Select (Yes, Next reset) to erase the event log upon next system reboot. The options are **No**, (Yes, Next reset), and (Yes, Every reset).

When Log is Full (Available when "SMBIOS Event Log" is set to Enabled)

Select Erase Immediately to immediately erase all errors in the SMBIOS event log when the event log is full. Select Do Nothing for the system to do nothing when the SMBIOS event log is full. The options are **Do Nothing** and Erase Immediately.

SMBIOS Event Log Standard Settings

Log System Boot Event (Available when "SMBIOS Event Log" is set to Enabled)

Select Enabled to log system boot events. The options are Enabled and **Disabled**.

MECI (Available when "SMBIOS Event Log" is set to Enabled)

Enter the increment value for the multiple event counter. Enter a number between 1 and 255. The default setting is **1**. (MECI is the abbreviation for Multiple Event Count Increment.)

METW (Available when "SMBIOS Event Log" is set to Enabled)

Use this feature to determine how long (in minutes) should the multiple event counter wait before generating a new event log. Enter a number between 0 and 99. The default value is **60**. (METW is the abbreviation for Multiple Event Count Time Window.)

►View SMBIOS Event Log

Use this feature to view the event in the system event log. Select this feature and press <Enter> to view the status of an event in the log. The following information is displayed: DATE / TIME / ERROR CODE / SEVERITY.

8.5 BMC

Use this menu to configure Baseboard Management Console (BMC) settings.

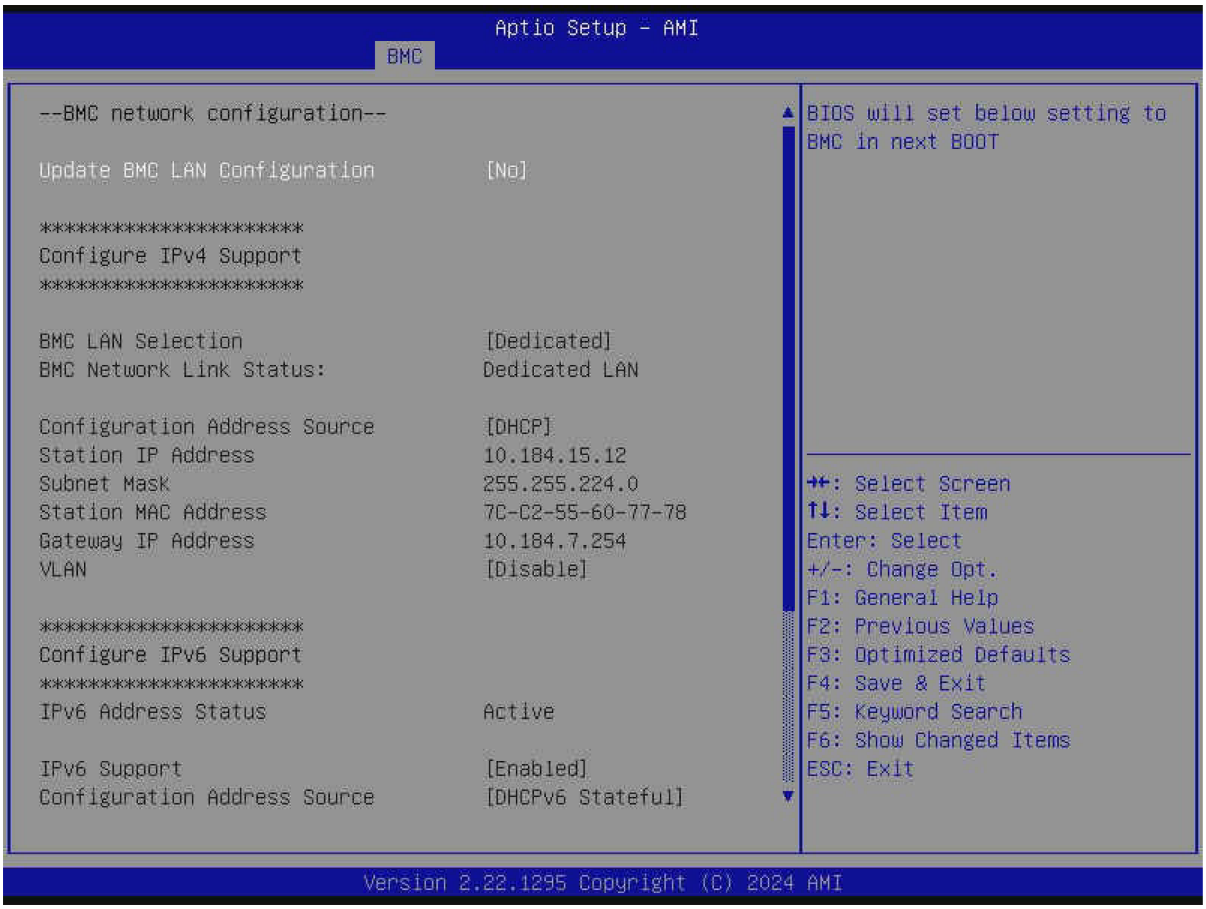


Figure 8-4. BMC Screen

BMC Firmware Revision

This feature indicates the BMC firmware revision used in this system.

BMC STATUS

This feature indicates the status of the BMC firmware installed in this system.

System Event Log Menu

►System Event Log

Note: All values changed in this submenu do not take effect until computer is restarted.

Enabling/Disabling Options

SEL Components

Select Enabled to enable all system event logging upon system boot. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Erasing Settings

Erase SEL (Available when "SEL Components" is set to Enabled)

Select (Yes, On next reset) to erase all system event logs upon next system boot. Select (Yes, On every reset) to erase all system event logs upon each system reboot. Select No to keep all system event logs after each system reboot. The options are **No**, (Yes, On next reset), and (Yes, On every reset).

When SEL is Full (Available when "SEL Components" is set to Enabled)

This feature defines what the BIOS should do when the system event log is full. Select Erase Immediately to erase all events in the log when the system event log is full. The options are **Do Nothing** and Erase Immediately.

BMC Network Configuration Menu

►BMC Network Configuration

Update BMC LAN Configuration

Select Yes for the BIOS to implement all IP/MAC address changes upon next system boot. The options are **No** and Yes.

****

Configure IPv4 Support

****

BMC LAN Selection

This feature displays the type of the BMC LAN.

BMC Network Link Status:

This feature displays the status of the BMC network link for this system.

Configuration Address Source (Available when "Update BMC LAN Configuration" is set to Yes)

Use this feature to select the source of the IPv4 connection. If Static is selected, note the IP address of the IPv4 connection and enter it to the system manually in the field. If DHCP is

selected, the BIOS will search for a Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) server in the network that is attached to and request the next available IP address for this computer. The options are Static and **DHCP**.

Station IP Address

This feature displays the Station IP address in decimal and in dotted quad form (i.e., 172.29.176.131). It is available for configuration when "Configuration Address Source" above is set to Static.

Subnet Mask

This feature displays the sub- network that this computer belongs to. It is available for configuration when "Configuration Address Source" above is set to Static.

Station MAC Address

This feature displays the Station MAC address for this computer. MAC addresses are six two-digit hexadecimal numbers.

Gateway IP Address

This feature displays the Gateway IP address for this computer. This should be in decimal and in dotted quad form (i.e., 172.29.0.1). It is available for configuration when "Configuration Address Source" above is set to Static.

****

Configure IPv6 Support

****

IPv6 Address Status

This feature displays the status of the IPv6 address.

IPv6 Support (Available when "Update BMC LAN Configuration" is set to Yes)

Use this feature to enable IPv6 support. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled.

Configuration Address Source (Available when "IPv6 Support" is set to Enabled)

Use this feature to select the source of the IPv6 connection. If Static Configuration is selected, note the IP address of IPv6 connection and enter it to the system manually in the field. If the other two options are selected, the BIOS will search for a DHCP server in the network that is attached to and request the next available IP address for this computer. The options are Static Configuration, **DHCPv6 Stateless**, and DHCPv6 Stateful.

IPv6 Address ("Static," "DHCPv6 Stateless," or "DHCPv6 Stateful," depending on the option you selected for "Configuration Address Source" above)

This feature displays the station IPv6 address.

Prefix Length

This feature displays the prefix length. It is available for configuration when "Configuration Address Source" above is set to Static Configuration.

Gateway IP

This feature displays the IPv6 gateway IP address. It is available for configuration when "Configuration Address Source" above is set to Static Configuration.

Advanced Settings (Available when "Configuration Address Source" is set to DHCPv6 Stateless)

Use this feature to set the DNS server IP. The default setting allows this system to obtain the DNS server IP automatically. The options are **Auto obtain DNS server IP** and Manually obtain DNS server IP.

Preferred DNS server IP (Available when "Advanced Settings" above is set to Manually obtain DNS server IP)

This feature displays the preferred DNS server IP. It can be configured via Redfish.

Alternative DNS server IP (Available when "Advanced Settings" above is set to Manually obtain DNS server IP)

This feature displays the alternative DNS server IP. It can be configured via Redfish.

****

Configure VLAN Support

****

VLAN Support (Available when "Update BMC LAN Configuration" is set to Yes)

Use this feature to enable the virtual LAN (VLAN) support. The options are Enabled and **Disabled**.

VLAN ID (Available when "VLAN Support" is set to Enabled)

Use this feature to create a new VLAN ID. The valid range is 1–4094. The default setting is **1**.

8.6 Security

Use this menu to configure the following security settings for the system.

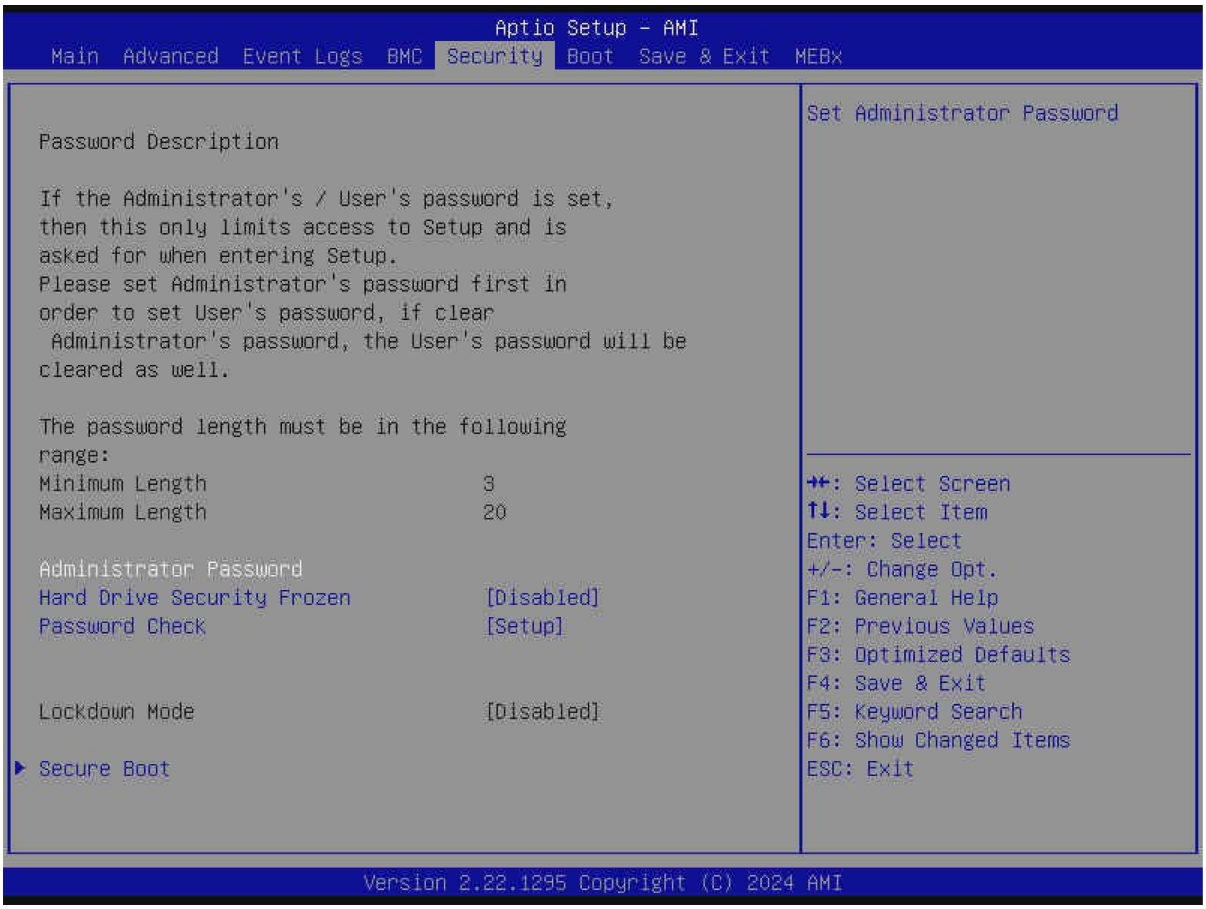


Figure 8-5. Security Screen

Disable Block Sid and Freeze Lock (Available when your storage devices support TCG)

Select Enabled to allow SID authentication to be performed in TCG storage devices. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

The following information is displayed:

- Administrator Password
- User Password
- Password Description

Administrator Password

This feature indicates if an administrator password has been installed. Use this feature to set the administrator password, which is required to enter the BIOS Setup utility. The length of the password can be between three and 20 characters long.

User Password (Available when "Administrator Password" has been set)

This feature indicates if a user password has been installed. Use this feature to set the user password which is required to enter the BIOS Setup utility. The length of the password can be between three and 20 characters long.

Password Check

Select Setup for the system to check for a password upon entering the BIOS Setup utility. Select Always for the system to check for the passwords needed at bootup and upon entering the BIOS Setup utility. The options are **Setup** and Always.

Hard Drive Security Frozen

Select Enabled to freeze the Lock Security feature for HDD to protect key data in hard drives from being altered. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Lockdown Mode (Available when the DCMS key is activated)

Select Enabled to support the Lockdown Mode, which prevents the existing data or keys stored in the system from being altered or changed in an effort to preserve system integrity and security. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Secure Boot Menu

►Secure Boot

The following information is displayed:

- System Mode
- Secure Boot

Note: For detailed instructions on configuring Security Boot settings, refer to the Security Boot Configuration User's Guide at https://www.supermicro.com/support/manuals.

Secure Boot

Select Enabled to configure Secure Boot settings. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Secure Boot Mode

Use this feature to select the desired secure boot mode for the system. The options are Standard and **Custom**.

►Enter Audit Mode

Select Ok to enter the Audit Mode workflow. It will result in erasing the Platform Key (PK) variables and resetting the system to the Setup/Audit Mode.

Note: This submenu is available when "Secure Boot Mode" is set to Custom.

►Enter Deployed Mode / Exit Deployed Mode

Select Ok to reset system to the User Mode or to the Deployed Mode.

Note: This submenu is available when "Secure Boot Mode" is set to Custom.

►Key Management

The following information is displayed:

- Vendor Keys

Note: This submenu is available when "Secure Boot Mode" is set to Custom.

Provision Factory Defaults

Select Enabled to install the default secure boot keys when the system is in the Setup Mode. Changes take effect after you save settings and reboot the system. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

►Restore Factory Keys

Select Yes to restore manufacturer default keys to ensure system security. The options are **Yes** and No. Selecting Yes will reset system to the User Mode.

Note: This submenu is available when any secure keys have been installed.

►Reset To Setup Mode

This feature resets the system to the Setup Mode. The options are **Yes** and No.

Note: This submenu is available when any secure keys have been installed.

►Enroll Efi Image

This feature allows the Efi image to run in the secure boot mode and enroll the SHA256 Hash certificate of a PE image into the Authorized Signature Database (DB).

►Export Secure Boot Variables

This feature exports the NVRAM contents of secure boot variables to a storage device. The options are **Yes** and No.

Note: This submenu is available when any secure keys have been installed.

Secure Boot variable / Size / Keys / Key Source

►Platform Key (PK)

Use this feature to enter and configure a set of values to be used as platform firmware keys for the system. These values also indicate the sizes, key numbers, and the sources of the authorized signatures. Select Update to update the platform key.

►Key Exchange Keys (KEK)

Use this feature to enter and configure a set of values to be used as Key Exchange Keys for the system. These values also indicate the sizes, key numbers, and the sources of the authorized signatures. Select Update to update the Key Exchange Keys. Select Append to append the Key Exchange Keys.

►Authorized Signatures (db)

Use this feature to enter and configure a set of values to be used as Authorized Signatures for the system. These values also indicate the sizes, key numbers, and sources of the authorized signatures. Select Update to update the Authorized Signatures. Select Append to append the new Authorized Signatures.

►Forbidden Signatures (dbx)

Use this feature to enter and configure a set of values to be used as Forbidden Signatures for the system. These values also indicate sizes, key numbers, and key sources of the forbidden signatures. Select Update to update the Forbidden Signatures. Select Append to append the Forbidden Signature.

►Authorized TimeStamps (dbt)

Use this feature to set and save the timestamps for the Authorized Signatures, which will indicate the time when these signatures are entered into the system. These values also indicate sizes, keys, and key sources of the authorized timestamps. Select Update to update the Authorized TimeStamps. Select Append to append the Authorized TimeStamps.

►OsRecovery Signatures (dbr)

Use this feature to set and save the Authorized Signatures used for OS recovery. Select Update to update the OsRecovery Signatures. These values also indicate sizes, keys, and key sources of the OsRecovery Signatures. Select Append to append the OsRecovery Signatures.

8.7 Boot

Use this menu to configure Boot settings.

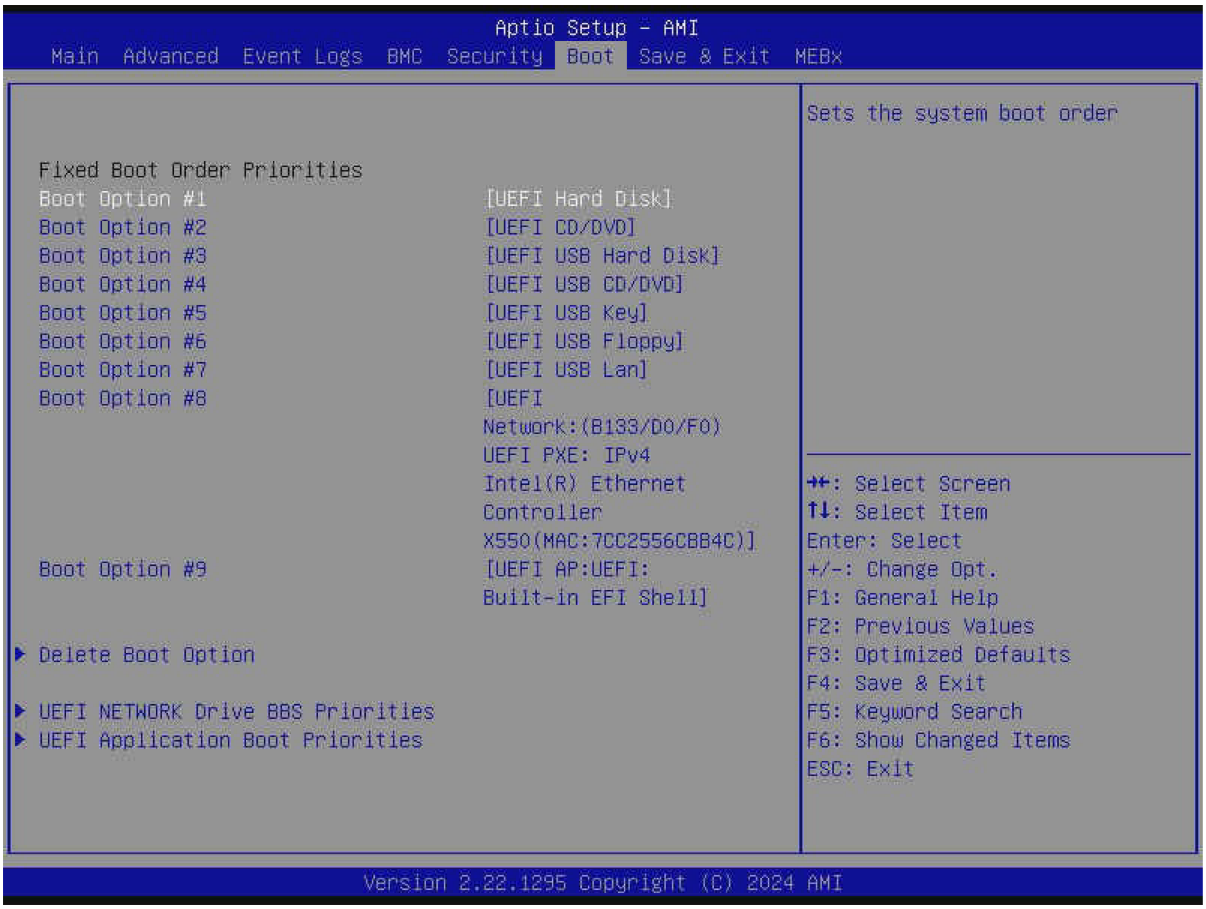


Figure 8-6. Boot Screen

FIXED BOOT ORDER Priorities

Use this feature to prioritize the order of a bootable device from which the system will boot. Press <Enter> on each item sequentially to select the device.

- Boot Option #1 – Boot Option #9

►Delete Boot Option

Use this feature to select a boot device to delete from the boot priority list.

Delete Boot Option

Use this feature to remove an EFI boot option from the boot priority list.

►UEFI NETWORK Drive BBS Priorities

Use this feature to set the system boot order of detected devices.

►UEFI Application Boot Priorities

Use this feature to set the system boot order of detected devices.

8.8 Save & Exit

Select Save & Exit from the BIOS Setup screen to configure the settings below.

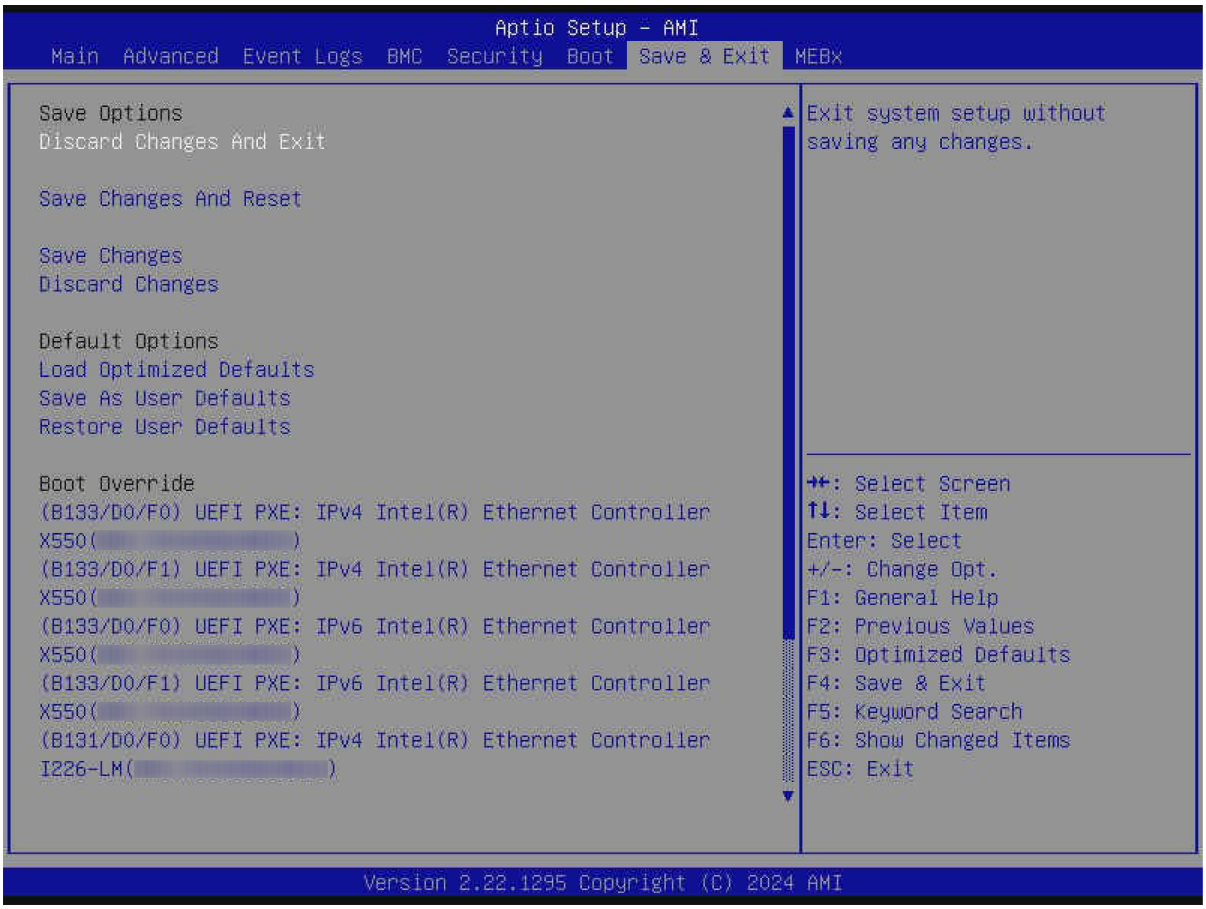


Figure 8-7. Save & Exit Screen

Save Options

Discard Changes and Exit

Use this feature to exit from the BIOS Setup utility without making any permanent changes to the system configuration and reboot the computer.

Save Changes and Reset

On completing the system configuration changes, use this feature to exit the BIOS Setup utility and reboot the computer for the new system configuration parameters to take effect.

Save Changes

On completing the system configuration changes, use this feature to save all changes made. This will not reset (reboot) the system.

Discard Changes

Select this feature and press <Enter> to discard all changes made and return to the BIOS Setup utility.

Default Options

Restore Optimized Defaults

Select this feature and press <Enter> to load manufacturer optimized default settings, which are intended for maximum system performance but not for maximum stability.

Note: Reboot the system for the changes to take effect to ensure that the system has the optimized default settings.

Save as User Defaults

Select this feature and press <Enter> to save all changes as the default values specified to the BIOS Setup utility for future use.

Restore User Defaults

Select this feature and press <Enter> to retrieve user-defined default settings that have been saved previously.

Boot Override

Note: Use this section to override the Boot priorities sequence in the Boot menu, and immediately boot the system with a device specified here instead of the one specified in the boot list. This is a one-time boot override.

Launch EFI Shell from filesystem device

Use this feature to launch the EFI shell application (Shell.efi) from one of the available filesystem devices. A filesystem is a virtual, logical, or physical system for organizing, managing, and accessing the files and directories on devices such as SSDs, HDDs, or other storage devices.

8.9 MEBx

Use this menu to create a password for MEBx.

Figure 8-8. MEBx Screen

Intel(R) ME Password

Use this feature to create a password for the Intel Management Engine BIOS Extension.

Appendix A:

BIOS Codes

For information about BIOS codes for the SYS-512AR-N4T server, refer to the following content.

BIOS Error POST (Beep) Codes

During the Power-On Self-Test (POST) routines, which are performed each time the system is powered on, errors may occur.

Non-fatal errors are those which, in most cases, allow the system to continue the boot up process. The error messages normally appear on the screen.

Fatal errors are those which will not allow the system to continue the boot up process. If a fatal error occurs, you should consult with your system manufacturer for possible repairs.

These fatal errors are usually communicated through a series of audible beeps that can be heard on an external buzzer connected to JD1. The table shown below lists some common errors and their corresponding beep codes encountered by users.

BIOS Beep (POST) Codes		
Beep Code	**Error Message**	**Description**
1 beep	Refresh	Circuits have been reset (Ready to power up)
5 short, 1 long	Memory error	No memory detected in system
5 short, 2 long	Display memory read/write error	Video adapter missing or with faulty memory
1 long continuous	System OH	System overheat condition

Additional BIOS POST Codes

The AMI BIOS supplies additional checkpoint codes, which are documented online at https://www.supermicro.com/support/manuals ("AMI BIOS POST Codes User's Guide").

For information on AMI updates, refer to https://www.ami.com/products.

Appendix B:

Standardized Warning Statements for AC Systems

The following statements are industry standard warnings, provided to warn the user of situations which have the potential for bodily injury. Should you have questions or experience difficulty, contact Supermicro's Technical Support department for assistance. Only certified technicians should attempt to install or configure components.

Read this section in its entirety before installing or configuring components in the Supermicro SYS-512AR-N4T server.

These warnings may also be found on our website at the following page:

https://www.supermicro.com/about/policies/safety_information.cfm

Warning Definition

Warning! This warning symbol means danger. You are in a situation that could cause bodily injury. Before you work on any equipment, be aware of the hazards involved with electrical circuitry and be familiar with standard practices for preventing accidents.

この警告サインは危険を意味します。

人身事故につながる可能性がありますので、いずれの機器でも動作させる前に、

電気回路に含まれる危険性に注意して、標準的な事故防止策に精通して下さい。

此警告符号代表危险。

您正处于可能受到严重伤害的工作环境中。在您使用设备开始工作之前、必须充分意识到触电的危险、并熟练掌握防止事故发生的标准工作程序。请根据每项警告结尾的声明号码找到此设备的安全性警告说明的翻译文本。

此警告符號代表危險。

您正處於可能身體可能會受損傷的工作環境中。在您使用任何設備之前、請注意觸電的危險、並且要熟悉預防事故發生的標準工作程序。請依照每一注意事項後的號碼找到相關的翻譯說明內容。

WICHTIGE SICHERHEITSHINWEISE

Dieses Warnsymbol bedeutet Gefahr. Sie befinden sich in einer Situation, die zu Verletzungen führen kann. Machen Sie sich vor der Arbeit mit Geräten mit den Gefahren elektrischer Schaltungen und den üblichen Verfahren zur Vorbeugung vor Unfällen vertraut. Suchen Sie mit der am Ende jeder Warnung angegebenen Anweisungsnummer nach der jeweiligen Übersetzung in den übersetzten Sicherheitshinweisen, die zusammen mit diesem Gerät ausgeliefert wurden.

BEWAHREN SIE DIESE HINWEISE GUT AUF.

INSTRUCCIONES IMPORTANTES DE SEGURIDAD

Este símbolo de aviso indica peligro. Existe riesgo para su integridad física. Antes de manipular cualquier equipo, considere los riesgos de la corriente eléctrica y familiarícese con los procedimientos estándar de prevención de accidentes. Al final de cada advertencia encontrará el número que le ayudará a encontrar el texto traducido en el apartado de traducciones que acompaña a este dispositivo.

GUARDE ESTAS INSTRUCCIONES.

IMPORTANTES INFORMATIONS DE SÉCURITÉ

Ce symbole d'avertissement indique un danger. Vous vous trouvez dans une situation pouvant entraîner des blessures ou des dommages corporels. Avant de travailler sur un équipement, soyez conscient des dangers liés aux circuits électriques et familiarisez-vous avec les procédures couramment utilisées pour éviter les accidents. Pour prendre connaissance des traductions des avertissements figurant dans les consignes de sécurité traduites qui accompagnent cet appareil, référez-vous au numéro de l'instruction situé à la fin de chaque avertissement.

CONSERVEZ CES INFORMATIONS.

תקנון הצהרות אזהרה

הצהרות הבאות הן אזהרות על פי תקני התעשייה, על מנת להזהיר את המשתמש מפני חבלה

פיזית אפשרית. במידה ויש שאלות או היתקלות בבעיה כלשהי, יש ליצור קשר עם מחלקת תמיכה

טכנית של סופרמיקרו. טכנאים מוסמכים בלבד רשאים להתקין או להגדיר את הרכיבים.

יש לקרוא את הנספח במלואו לפני התקנת או הגדרת הרכיבים במארזי סופרמיקרו.

ا كً ف حالة وٌكي أى تتسبب ف اصابة جسذ ةٌ هذا الز هز عٌ خطز !تحذ زٌ.

قبل أى تعول على أي هعذات،كي على علن بالوخاطز ال اجٌوة عي الذوائز

الكهزبائ ةٍ

وكي على درا ةٌ بالووارسات النقائ ةٍ لو عٌ وقنع أي حادث

استخذم رقن الب إى الو صٌنص ف هًا ةٌ كل تحذ زٌ للعثٌر تزجوتها

안전을 위한 주의사항

이 경고 기호는 위험이 있음을 알려 줍니다. 작업자의 신체에 부상을 야기 할 수 있는 상태에 있게 됩니다. 모든 장비에 대한 작업을 수행하기 전에 전기회로와 관련된 위험요소들을 확인하시고 사전에 사고를 방지할 수 있도록 표준 작업절차를 준수해 주시기 바랍니다.

해당 번역문을 찾기 위해 각 경고의 마지막 부분에 제공된 경고문 번호를 참조하십시오

BELANGRIJKE VEILIGHEIDSINSTRUCTIES

Dit waarschuwings symbool betekent gevaar. U verkeert in een situatie die lichamelijk letsel kan veroorzaken. Voordat u aan enige apparatuur gaat werken, dient u zich bewust te zijn van de bij een elektrische installatie betrokken risico's en dient u op de hoogte te zijn van de standaard procedures om ongelukken te voorkomen. Gebruik de nummers aan het eind van elke waarschuwing om deze te herleiden naar de desbetreffende locatie.

BEWAAR DEZE INSTRUCTIES

Installation Instructions

Warning! Read the installation instructions before connecting the system to the power source.

警告!

システムを電源に接続する前に、設置手順書をお読み下さい。

警告!

将此系统连接电源前、请先阅读安装说明。

警告!

將系統與電源連接前、請先閱讀安裝說明。

Warnung!

Vor dem Anschließen des Systems an die Stromquelle die Installationsanweisungen lesen.

¡Advertencia!

Lea las instrucciones de instalación antes de conectar el sistema a la red de alimentación.

Attention!

Avant de brancher le système sur la source d'alimentation, consulter les directives d'installation.

אַזהָרָה!

יש לקרוא את הוראות התקנה לפני חיבור המערכת למקור מתח.

تحذير!

اقر إرشادات التركيب قبل توصيل النظام إلى مصدر للطاقة

경고!

시스템을 전원에 연결하기 전에 설치 안내를 읽어주십시오.

Waarschuwing!

Raadpleeg de installatie-instructies voordat u het systeem op de voedingsbron aansluit.

Circuit Breaker

Warning! This product relies on the building's installation for short-circuit (overcurrent) protection. Ensure that the protective device is rated not greater than: 250 V, 20 A.

警告!

この製品は、短絡(過電流)保護装置がある建物での設置を前提としています。

保護装置の定格が250 V、20 Aを超えないことを確認下さい。

警告!

此产品的短路(过载电流)保护由建筑物的供电系统提供,确保短路保护设备的额定电流不大于 250 V、20 A。

警告!

此產品的短路(過載電流)保護由建築物的供電系統提供,確保短路保護設備的額定電流不大於 250 V、20 A。

Warnung!

Dieses Produkt ist darauf angewiesen, dass im Gebäude ein Kurzschluss bzw. Überstromschutz installiert ist. Stellen Sie sicher, dass der Nennwert der Schutzvorrichtung nicht mehr als: 250 V, 20 A beträgt.

¡Advertencia!

Este equipo utiliza el sistema de protección contra cortocircuitos (o sobrecorrientes) del edificio. Asegúrese de que el dispositivo de protección no sea superior a: 250 V, 20 A.

Attention!

Pour ce qui est de la protection contre les courts-circuits (surtension), ce produit dépend de l'installation électrique du local. Vérifiez que le courant nominal du dispositif de protection n'est pas supérieur à :250 V, 20 A.

אזהרה!

מוצר זה מסתמך על הגנה המותקנת במבנים למניעת קצר חשמלי. יש לוודא כי

המכשיר המגן מפני הקצר החשמלי הוא לא יותר מ-250 V, 20 A

تحذير!

هذا المنتج يعتمد على معداث الحمايت مه الدوائر القصيرة التي تم تثبيتها في

المبنى

تأكد من أن تقييم الجهاز الوقائي ليس أكثر من : 20 A, 250 V

경고!

이 제품은 전원의 단락(과전류)방지에 대해서 전적으로 건물의 관련 설비에 의존합니다. 보호장치의 정격이 반드시 250 V(볼트), 20 A(암페어)를 초과하지 않도록 해야 합니다.

Waarschuwing!

Dit product is afhankelijk van de kortsluitbeveiliging (overspanning) van uw electrische installatie. Controleer of het beveiligde aparaat niet groter gedimensioneerd is dan 250 V, 20 A.

Power Disconnection Warning

Warning! The system must be disconnected from all sources of power and the power cord removed from the power supply module(s) before accessing the chassis interior to install or remove system components (except for hot-swap components).

警告!

システムコンポーネントの取り付けまたは取り外しのために、シャーシー内部にアクセスするには、

システムの電源はすべてのソースから切断され、電源コードは電源モジュールから取り外す必要があります。

警告!

在你打开机箱并安装或移除内部器件前、必须将系统完全断电、并移除电源线。

警告!

在您打開機殼安裝或移除內部元件前、必須將系統完全斷電、並移除電源線。

Warnung!

Das System muss von allen Quellen der Energie und vom Netzanschlusskabel getrennt sein, das von den Spg.Versorgungsteilmodulen entfernt wird, bevor es auf den Chassisinnenraum zurückgreift, um Systemsbestandteile anzubringen oder zu entfernen.

¡Advertencia!

El sistema debe ser disconnected de todas las fuentes de energía y del cable eléctrico quitado de los módulos de fuente de alimentación antes de tener acceso el interior del chasis para instalar o para quitar componentes de sistema.

Attention!

Le système doit être débranché de toutes les sources de puissance ainsi que de son cordon d'alimentation secteur avant d'accéder à l'intérieur du chassis pour installer ou enlever des composants de systéme.

אזהרה!

יש לנתק את המערכת מכל מקורות החשמל ויש להסיר את כבל החשמלי מהספק

לפני גישה לחלק הפנימי של המארז לצורך התקנת או הסרת רכיבים.

تحذير!

يجب فصم انتظاو من جميع مصادر انطاقت وإزانت سهك انكهرباء من وحدة امداد

انطاقت قبم

انصسل إنى انمناطق انداخهيت نههيكم نتثبيج أو إزانت مكنناث الجهاز

경고!

시스템에 부품들을 장착하거나 제거하기 위해서는 섀시 내부에 접근하기 전에 반드시 전원 공급장치로부터 연결되어있는 모든 전원과 전기코드를 분리해주어야 합니다.

Waarschuwing!

Voordat u toegang neemt tot het binnenwerk van de behuizing voor het installeren of verwijderen van systeem onderdelen, dient u alle spanningsbronnen en alle stroomkabels aangesloten op de voeding(en) van de behuizing te verwijderen

Equipment Installation

Warning! Only authorized personnel and qualified service persons should be allowed to install, replace, or service this equipment.

警告!

トレーニングを受け認定された人だけがこの装置の設置、交換、またはサービスを許可されています。

警告!

只有经过培训且具有资格的人员才能进行此设备的安装、更换和维修。

警告!

只有經過受訓且具資格人員才可安裝、更換與維修此設備。

Warnung!

Nur autorisiertes Personal und qualifizierte Servicetechniker dürfen dieses Gerät installieren, austauschen oder warten.

¡Advertencia!

Sólo el personal autorizado y el personal de servicio calificado deben poder instalar, reemplazar o dar servicio a este equipo.

Attention!

Seul le personnel autorisé et le personnel de maintenance qualifié doivent être autorisés à installer, remplacer ou entretenir cet équipement.

אזהרה!

יש לאפשר רק צוות מורשה ואנשי שירות מוסמכים להתקין, להחליף או לטפל בציוד זה.

تحذير!

ينبغي السماح فقط للموظفين المعتمدين وأفراد الخدمة المؤهلين بتركيب هذا الجهاز أو استبداله أو صيانته.

경고!

승인된 직원과 자격을 갖춘 서비스 담당자만이 이 장비를 설치, 교체 또는 서비스할 수 있습니다.

Waarschuwing!

Alleen geautoriseerd personeel en gekwalificeerd onderhoudspersoneel mag deze apparatuur installeren, vervangen of onderhouden.

Rack Stability Hazard

Warning! Stability hazard. The rack may tip over causing serious personal injury. Before extending the rack to the installation position, read the installation instructions. Do not put any load on the slide-rail mounted equipment in the installation position. Do not leave the slide-rail mounted equipment in the installation position.

警告!

安定性に危険があります。ラックが転倒して、重大な人身事故を引き起こす可能性があります。ラックを設置位置まで伸ばす前に、設置手順をお読みください。設置位置にあるスライドレールに取り付けられた機器に負荷をかけないでください。スライドレールに取り付けられた機器を設置位置に放置しないでください。

警告!

稳定性危险。机架可能会翻倒、造成严重的人身伤害。在将机架延伸到安装位置之前、请阅读安装说明。请勿在安装位置对滑轨安装的设备施加任何负载。请勿将滑轨安装的设备留在安装位置。

警告!

穩定性危險。機架可能會翻倒、造成嚴重的人身傷害。將機架延伸至安裝位置前、請先閱讀安裝說明。請勿在安裝位置的滑軌安裝設備上放置任何負載。請勿將滑軌安裝設備留在安裝位置。

Warnung!

Gefahr der Instabilität. Das Rack kann umkippen und schwere Verletzungen verursachen. Lesen Sie die Installationsanweisungen, bevor Sie das Rack in die Einbauposition ausfahren. Belasten Sie die auf den Gleitschienen montierten Geräte nicht in der Einbauposition. Lassen Sie die auf den Gleitschienen montierten Geräte nicht in der Einbauposition.

¡Advertencia!

Peligro de inestabilidad. El rack podría volcarse y causar lesiones personales graves. Antes de extender el rack a la posición de instalación, lea las instrucciones de instalación. No coloque ninguna carga sobre el equipo montado sobre rieles deslizantes en la posición de instalación. No deje el equipo montado sobre rieles deslizantes en la posición de instalación.

Attention!

Danger d’instabilité. Le rack peut basculer et provoquer des blessures corporelles graves. Avant d’étendre le rack en position d’installation, lire les instructions d’installation. Ne pas charger l’équipement monté sur rail de glissière en position d’installation. Ne pas laisser l’équipement monté sur rail de glissière en position d’installation.

אזהרה!

סכנת חוסר יציבות

המתלה עלול להתהפך ולגרום לפציעה חמורה

לפני הארכת המתלה למצב ההתקנה, קרא את הוראות ההתקנה

אין להעמיס כל עומס על הציוד המותקן על מסילת ההחלקה במצב ההתקנה

אל תשאיר את הציוד המותקן על מסילת ההחלקה במצב ההתקנה

تحذير!

خطر عدم الاستقرار.

قد ينقلب الرف مسبباً إصابات جسدية خطيرة.

قبل تمديد الرف إلى موضع التركيب، اقرأ تعليمات التركيب.

لا تضع أي حمولة على الجهاز المثبت على سكة الانزلاق في موضع التركيب.

لا تترك الجهاز المثبت على سكة الانزلاق في موضع التركيب.

경고!

안정성 위험. 랙이 넘어져 심각한 개인 부상을 입을 수 있습니다. 랙을 설치 위치까지 확장하기 전에 설치 지침을 읽으십시오. 설치 위치에서 슬라이드 레일 장착 장비에 하중을 가하지 마십시오. 슬라이드 레일 장착 장비를 설치 위치에 두지 마십시오.

Waarschuwing!

Gevaar voor instabiliteit. Het rek kan kantelen en ernstig persoonlijk letsel veroorzaken. Lees de installatie-instructies voordat u het rek uitschuift naar de installatiepositie. Plaats geen last op de op de glijrail gemonteerde apparatuur in de installatiepositie. Laat de op de glijrail gemonteerde apparatuur niet in de installatiepositie staan.

Restricted Area

Warning! This unit is intended for installation in restricted access areas. A restricted access area can be accessed only through the use of a special tool, lock and key, or other means of security. (This warning does not apply to workstations).

警告!

このユニットは、アクセス制限区域に設置されることを想定しています。

アクセス制限区域は、特別なツール、鍵と錠前、その他のセキュリティの手段を用いてのみ出入りが可能です。

警告!

此部件应安装在限制进出的场所、限制进出的场所指只能通过使用特殊工具、锁和钥匙或其它安全手段进出的场所。

警告!

此裝置僅限安裝於進出管制區域、進出管制區域係指僅能以特殊工具、鎖頭及鑰匙或其他安全方式才能進入的區域。

Warnung!

Diese Einheit ist zur Installation in Bereichen mit beschränktem Zutritt vorgesehen. Der Zutritt zu derartigen Bereichen ist nur mit einem Spezialwerkzeug, Schloss und Schlüssel oder einer sonstigen Sicherheitsvorkehrung möglich.

¡Advertencia!

Esta unidad ha sido diseñada para instalación en áreas de acceso restringido. Sólo puede obtenerse acceso a una de estas áreas mediante la utilización de una herramienta especial, cerradura con llave u otro medio de seguridad.

Attention!

Cet appareil doit être installée dans des zones d'accès réservés. L'accès à une zone d'accès réservé n'est possible qu'en utilisant un outil spécial, un mécanisme de verrouillage et une clé, ou tout autre moyen de sécurité.

אזהרה!

יש להתקין את היחידה באזורים שיש בהם הגבלת גישה. הגישה ניתנת בעזרת

'כלי אבטחה בלבד (מפתח, מנעול וכד.)

تحذير!

اتخصيص هذه انحذة نترك بُها ف مناطق محظورة تم .

مَكن انصل إن منطقت محظورة فقط من خلال استخذاو أداة خاصت،

أو أ وس هُت أخري نلاأمما قفم ومفتاح

경고!

이 장치는 접근이 제한된 구역에 설치하도록 되어있습니다. 특수도구, 잠금 장치 및 키, 또는 기타 보안 수단을 통해서만 접근 제한 구역에 들어갈 수 있습니다.

Waarschuwing!

Dit apparaat is bedoeld voor installatie in gebieden met een beperkte toegang. Toegang tot dergelijke gebieden kunnen alleen verkregen worden door gebruik te maken van speciaal gereedschap, slot en sleutel of andere veiligheidsmaatregelen.

Battery Handling

CAUTION There is risk of explosion if the battery is replaced by an incorrect type. Replace the battery only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer. Dispose of used batteries according to the manufacturer's instructions.

警告!

バッテリーを間違ったタイプに交換すると爆発の危険があります。交換する電池はメーカーが推奨する型、または同等のものを使用下さい。使用済電池は製造元の指示に従って処分して下さい。

警告!

如果更换的电池类型不正确。请只使用同类电池或制造商推荐的功能相当的电池更换原有电池。请按制造商的说明处理废旧电池。

警告!

如果更換的電池類型不正確。請使用製造商建議之相同或功能相當的電池更換原有電池。請按照製造商的說明指示處理廢棄舊電池。

WARNUNG!

Es besteht Explosionsgefahr, wenn die Batterie durch einen falschen Typ ersetzt wird. Ersetzen Sie die Batterie nur durch den gleichen oder vom Hersteller empfohlenen Batterietyp. Entsorgen Sie die benutzten Batterien nach den Anweisungen des Herstellers.

¡ADVERTENCIA!

Existe riesgo de explosión si la batería se reemplaza por un tipo incorrecto. Reemplazar la batería exclusivamente con el mismo tipo o el equivalente recomendado por el fabricante. Desechar las baterías gastadas según las instrucciones del fabricante.

ATTENTION!

Il existe un risque d'explosion si la batterie est remplacée par un type incorrect. Ne la remplacer que par une pile de type semblable ou équivalent, recommandée par le fabricant. Jeter les piles usagées conformément aux instructions du fabricant.

אזהרה!

קיימת סכנת פיצוץ אם הסוללה תוחלף בסוג שגוי. יש להחליף

את הסוללה בסוג התואם מחברת יצרן מומלצת.

סילוק הסוללות המשומשות יש לבצע לפי הוראות היצרן.

تحذير!

.هناك خطر الانفجار إذا تم استبدال البطارية بنوع غير صحيح

اسحبذال البطارية

فقط بنفس النمع أو ما يعادلها مما أوصث به الشرمة المصنعة

جخلص من البطاريات المسحعملة وفقا لحعليمات الشرمة الصانعة

경고!

배터리를 잘못된 종류로 교체하면 폭발의 위험이 있습니다. 기존 배터리와 동일하거나 제조사에서 권장하는 동등한 종류의 배터리로만 교체해야 합니다. 제조사의 안내에 따라 사용된 배터리를 처리하여 주십시오.

WAARSCHUWING!

Er bestaat explosiegevaar als de batterij wordt vervangen door een verkeerd type. Vervang de batterij slechts met hetzelfde of een equivalent type die door de fabrikant aanbevolen wordt. Gebruikte batterijen dienen overeenkomstig fabrieksvoorschriften afgevoerd te worden.

Redundant Power Supplies

Warning! This unit might have more than one power supply connection. All connections must be removed to de-energize the unit.

警告!

このユニットは複数の電源装置が接続されている場合があります。

ユニットの電源を切るためには、すべての接続を取り外さなければなりません。

警告!

此部件连接的电源可能不止一个，必须将所有电源断开才能停止给该部件供电。

警告!

此裝置連接的電源可能不只一個，必須切斷所有電源才能停止對該裝置的供電。

Warnung!

Dieses Gerät kann mehr als eine Stromzufuhr haben. Um sicherzustellen, dass der Einheit kein trom zugeführt wird, müssen alle Verbindungen entfernt werden.

¡Advertencia!

Puede que esta unidad tenga más de una conexión para fuentes de alimentación. Para cortar por completo el suministro de energía, deben desconectarse todas las conexiones.

Attention!

Cette unité peut avoir plus d'une connexion d'alimentation. Pour supprimer toute tension et tout courant électrique de l'unité, toutes les connexions d'alimentation doivent être débranchées.

אזהרה!

ליחדה יש יותר מחיבור אחד של ספק. יש להסיר את כל החיבורים על מנת לרוקן

את היחידה.

تحذير!

قد يكون لهذا الجهاز عدة اتصالات بوحدات امداد الطاقة .

يجب إزالة كافة الاتصالات لعسل الوحدة عن الكهرباء

경고!

이 장치에는 한 개 이상의 전원 공급 단자가 연결되어 있을 수 있습니다. 이 장치에 전원을 차단하기 위해서는 모든 연결 단자를 제거해야만 합니다.

Waarschuwing!

Deze eenheid kan meer dan één stroomtoevoeraansluiting bevatten. Alle aansluitingen dienen verwijderd te worden om het apparaat stroomloos te maken.

Backplane Voltage

Warning! Hazardous voltage or energy is present on the backplane when the system is operating. Use caution when servicing.

警告!

システムの稼働中は危険な電圧または電力が、バックプレーン上にかかっています。

修理する際には注意ください。

警告!

当系统正在进行时、背板上有很危险的电压或能量、进行维修时务必小心。

警告!

當系統正在進行時、背板上有危險的電壓或能量、進行維修時務必小心。

Warnung!

Wenn das System in Betrieb ist, treten auf der Rückwandplatine gefährliche Spannungen oder Energien auf. Vorsicht bei der Wartung.

¡Advertencia!

Cuando el sistema está en funcionamiento, el voltaje del plano trasero es peligroso. Tenga cuidado cuando lo revise.

Attention!

Lorsque le système est en fonctionnement, des tensions électriques circulent sur le fond de panier. Prendre des précautions lors de la maintenance.

אזהרה!

קיימת סכנת מתח בפנל האחורי בזמן תפעול המערכת. יש להיזהר במהלך

העבודה.

تحذير!

هناك خطز مه التيار الكهزبائي أوالطاقة المىجىدة على اللىحة

عندما يكىن النظام يعمل كه حذرا عند خدمة هذا الجهاس

경고!

시스템이 동작 중일 때 후면판 (Backplane)에는 위험한 전압이나 에너지가 발생 합니다. 서비스 작업 시 주의하십시오.

Waarschuwing!

Een gevaarlijke spanning of energie is aanwezig op de backplane wanneer het systeem in gebruik is. Voorzichtigheid is geboden tijdens het onderhoud.

Comply with Local and National Electrical Codes

Warning! Installation of the equipment must comply with local and national electrical codes.

警告!

機器の取り付けはその地方および国の電気規格に準拠する必要があります。

警告!

设备安装必须符合本地与本国电气法规。

警告!

設備安裝必須符合本地與本國電氣法規。

Warnung!

Die Installation der Geräte muss den Sicherheitsstandards entsprechen.

¡Advertencia!

La instalacion del equipo debe cumplir con las normas de electricidad locales y nacionales.

Attention!

L'équipement doit être installé conformément aux normes électriques nationales et locales.

אזהרה!

התקנת הציוד חייבת להיות תואמת לחוקי החשמל המקומיים והארציים.

تحذير!

تركيب المعدات الكهربائية يجب أن يمتثل للقناويه المحلية والبطنية المتعلقة

بالكهرباء

경고!

현 지역 및 국가의 전기 규정에 따라 장비를 설치해야 합니다.

Waarschuwing!

Bij installatie van de apparatuur moet worden voldaan aan de lokale en nationale elektriciteitsvoorschriften.

Product Disposal

Warning! Ultimate disposal of this product should be handled according to all national laws and regulations.

警告!

この製品を廃棄処分する場合、国の関係する全ての法律・条例に従い処理する必要があります。

警告!

本产品的废弃处理应根据所有国家的法律和规章进行。

警告!

本產品的廢棄處理應根據所有國家的法律和規章進行。

Warnung!

Die Entsorgung dieses Produkts sollte gemäß allen Bestimmungen und Gesetzen des Landes erfolgen.

¡Advertencia!

Al deshacerse por completo de este producto debe seguir todas las leyes y reglamentos nacionales.

Attention!

La mise au rebut ou le recyclage de ce produit sont généralement soumis à des lois et/ou directives de respect de l'environnement. Renseignez-vous auprès de l'organisme compétent.

אזהרה!

סילוק סופי של מוצר זה חייב להיות בהתאם להנחיות וחוקי המדינה.

تحذير!

عند التخلص النهائي من هذا المنتج ينبغي التعامل معه وفقا لجميع القوانين والأنظمة الوطنية

경고!

이 제품은 해당 국가의 관련 법규 및 규정에 따라 폐기되어야 합니다.

Waarschuwing!

De uiteindelijke verwijdering van dit product dient te geschieden in overeenstemming met alle nationale wetten en reglementen.

Fan Warning

Warning! Hazardous moving parts. Keep away from moving fan blades. The fans might still be turning when you remove the fan assembly from the chassis. Keep fingers, screwdrivers, and other objects away from the openings in the fan assembly's housing

警告!

警告！ 回転部品に注意。運転中は回転部(羽根)に触れないでください。シャーシから冷却ファン装置を取り外した際、ファンがまだ回転している可能性があります。ファンの開口部に、指、ドライバー、およびその他のものを近づけないで下さい。

警告!

警告！ 危险的可移动性零件。请务必与转动的风扇叶片保持距离。当您从机架移除风扇装置，风扇可能仍在转动。小心不要将手指、螺丝起子和其他物品太靠近风扇

警告!

危險的可移動性零件。請務必與轉動的風扇葉片保持距離。當您從機架移除風扇裝置，風扇可能仍在轉動。小心不要將手指、螺絲起子和其他物品太靠近風扇。

Warnung!

Gefährlich Bewegende Teile. Von den bewegenden Lüfterblätter fern halten. Die Lüfter drehen sich u. U. noch, wenn die Lüfterbaugruppe aus dem Chassis genommen wird. Halten Sie Finger, Schraubendreher und andere Gegenstände von den Öffnungen des Lüftergehäuses entfernt.

¡Advertencia!

Riesgo de piezas móviles. Mantener alejado de las aspas del ventilador. Los ventiladores podran dar vuelta cuando usted quite ell montaje del ventilador del chasis. Mandtenga los dedos, los destornilladores y todos los objetos lejos de las aberturas del ventilador.

Attention!

Pieces mobiles dangereuses. Se tenir a l'ecart des lames du ventilateur Il est possible que les ventilateurs soient toujours en rotation lorsque vous retirerez le bloc ventilateur du châssis. Prenez garde à ce que doigts, tournevis et autres objets soient éloignés du logement du bloc ventilateur.

אזהרה!

חלקים נעים מסוכנים. התרחק מלהבי המאוורר בפעולהכאשר מסירים את חלקי

המאוורר מהמארז, יתכן והמאווררים עדיין עובדים. יש להרחיק למרחק בטוח את

האצבעות וכלי עבודה שונים מהפתחים בתוך המאוורר

تحذير!

تحذير! أجزاء متحركة خطرة. ابتعد عن شفرات المروحة المتحركة.من الممكن أن

المراوح لا تزال تدور عند إزالة كتلة المروحة من الهيكل يجب إبقاء الأصابع

ومفكات البراغي وغيرها من الأشياء بعيدا عن الفتحات في كتلة المروحة.

경고!

움직이는 위험한 부품. 회전하는 송풍 날개에 접근하지 마세요. 섀시로부터 팬 조립품을 제거할 때 팬은 여전히 회전하고 있을 수 있습니다. 팬 조림품 외관의 열려있는 부분들로부터 손가락 및 스크류드라이버, 다른 물체들이 가까이 하지 않도록 배치해 주십시오.

Waarschuwing!

Gevaarlijk bewegende onderdelen. Houd voldoende afstand tot de bewegende ventilatorbladen. Het is mogelijk dat de ventilator nog draait tijdens het verwijderen van het ventilatorsamenstel uit het chassis. Houd uw vingers, schroevendraaiers en eventuele andere voorwerpen uit de buurt van de openingen in de ventilatorbehuizing.

Power Cable and AC Adapter

Warning! When installing the product, use the provided or designated connection cables, power cables and AC adaptors. Using any other cables and adaptors could cause a malfunction or a fire. Electrical Appliance and Material Safety Law prohibits the use of UL or CSA -certified cables (that have UL/CSA shown on the cord) for any other electrical devices than products designated by Supermicro only.

警告!

製品を設置する場合、提供または指定および購入された接続ケーブル、電源コードとACアダプターを該当する地域の条例や安全基準に適合するコードサイズやプラグと共に使用下さい。他のケーブルやアダプタを使用すると故障や火災の原因になることがあります。電気用品安全法は、ULまたはCSA認定のケーブル(UL/CSAマークがコードに表記) をSupermicro が指定する製品以外に使用することを禁止しています。

警告!

安装此产品时,请使用本身提供的或指定的或采购的连接线、电源线和电源适配器、包含遵照当 地法规和安全要求的合规的电源线尺寸和插头。使用其它线材或适配器可能会引起故障或火灾。除了Supermicro所指定的产品、电气用品和材料安全法律规定禁止使用未经UL或CSA认证的线材。(线材上会显示UL/CSA符号) 。

警告!

安裝此產品時,請使用本身提供的或指定的或採購的連接線、電源線和電源適配器、包含遵照當 地法規和安全要求的合規的電源線尺寸和插頭。使用其它線材或適配器可能會引起故障或火災。除了Supermicro所指定的產品、電氣用品和材料安全法律規定禁止使用未經UL或CSA認證的線材。(線材上會顯示UL/CSA符號) 。

Warnung!

Nutzen Sie beim Installieren des Produkts ausschließlich die von uns zur Verfügung gestellten Verbindungskabeln, Stromkabeln und/oder Adapater, die Ihre örtlichen Sicherheitsstandards einhalten. Der Gebrauch von anderen Kabeln und Adapter können Fehlfunktionen oder Feuer verursachen. Die Richtlinien untersagen das Nutzen von UL oder CAS zertifizierten Kabeln (mit UL/CSA gekennzeichnet), an Geräten oder Produkten die nicht mit Supermicro gekennzeichnet sind.

¡Advertencia!

Cuando instale el producto, utilice la conexión provista o designada o procure cables, Cables de alimentación y adaptadores de CA que cumplan con los códigos locales y los requisitos de seguridad, incluyendo el tamaño adecuado del cable y el enchufe. El uso de otros cables y adaptadores podría causar un mal funcionamiento o un incendio. La Ley de Seguridad de Aparatos Eléctricos y de Materiales prohíbe El uso de cables certificados por UL o CSA (que tienen el certificado UL / CSA en el código) para cualquier otros dispositivos eléctricos que los productos designados únicamente por Supermicro.

Attention!

Lors de l'installation du produit, utilisez les cables de connection fournis ou désigné ou achetez des cables, cables de puissance et adaptateurs respectant les normes locales et les conditions de securite y compris les tailles de cables et les prises electriques appropries. L'utilisation d'autres cables et adaptateurs peut provoquer un dysfonctionnement ou un incendie. Appareils électroménagers et la Loi sur la Sécurité Matériel interdit l'utilisation de câbles certifies- UL ou CSA (qui ont UL ou CSA indiqué sur le code) pour tous les autres appareils électriques sauf les produits désignés par Supermicro seulement.

אזהרה!

ךרוצל ומאתוה וא ושכרנ רשא AC ימאתמו מיקפס ,מילבכב שמתשהל שי ,רצומה תא מיניקתמ רשאכ לכב שומיש . עקתהו לבכה לש הנוכנ הדימ ללוכ ,תוימוקמה תוחיטבה תושירדל ומאתוה רשאו ,הנקתהה למשחה ירישכמב שומישה יקוחל מאתהב .ילמשח רצק וא הלקתל מורגל לולע ,רחא גוסמ מאתמ וא לבכ לש דוק מהילע עיפומ רשאכ) CSA- ב וא UL - ב מיכמסומה מילבכב שמתשהל רוסיא מייק ,תוחיטבה יקוחו דבלב Supermicro י"ע מאתוה רשא רצומב קר אלא ,רחא ילמשח רצומ לכ רובע UL/CSA).

تحذير!

تالباكلا ءارشب مق وأ ةددحملا وأ ةرفوتملا تاليصوتلا مادختساب مق ،جتنملا بيكرت دنع

كلذ يف امب ةيلحملا ةمالسلا تابلطتمو نيناوقب مازتلالا عم ددرتملا رايتلا تالوحمو ةيئابر هكلا

قيرح وأ لطع يف ببستي دق برخأ تالوحمو تالباك يأ مادختسا .ميلسلا سباقلاو لصوملا مجح.

CSA وأ UL لبق نم ةدمتعملا تالباكلا مادختسا تادعملاو ةيئابر هكلا تز هجألل ةمالسلا نوناق رظحي

Supermicro لبق نم ةددحملاو ةينعملا تاجتنملا ريغ برخأ تادعم يأ عم (UL/CSA) ةمالع لمحت يتلاو.

경고!

제품을 설치할 때 현지 코드 및 적절한 굵기의 코드와 플러그를 포함한 안전 요구 사항을 준수하여 제공되거나 지정된 연결 혹은 구매 케이블, 전원 케이블 및 AC 어댑터를 사용하십시오.

다른 케이블이나 어댑터를 사용하면 오작동이나 화재가 발생할 수 있습니다. 전기 용품 안전법은 UL 또는 CSA 인증 케이블 (코드에 UL / CSA가 표시된 케이블)을 Supermicro 가 지정한 제품 이외의 전기 장치에 사용하는 것을 금지합니다.

Waarschuwing!

Bij het aansluiten van het Product uitsluitend gebruik maken van de geleverde Kabels of een andere geschikte aan te schaffen Aansluitmethode, deze moet altijd voldoen aan de lokale voorschriften en veiligheidsnormen, inclusief de juiste kabeldikte en stekker. Het gebruik van niet geschikte Kabels en/of Adapters kan een storing of brand veroorzaken. Wetgeving voor Elektrische apparatuur en Materiaalveiligheid verbied het gebruik van UL of CSA - gecertificeerde Kabels (met UL/CSA in de code) voor elke andere toepassing dan de door Supermicro hiervoor beoogde Producten.

Appendix C:

System Specifications

Processors
Intel® Core Ultra 5/7/9 processors with single socket LGA-1851
Chipset
System on Chip (SoC)
BIOS
AMI 32 MB SPI Flash EEPROM
Memory
Slot Count: Four DIMM slots
Max Memory (1 DPC): Up to 192 GB of ECC/non-ECC DDR5 UDIMM memory with speeds of up to 5600 MT/s
Max Memory (2 DPC): Up to 192 GB of ECC/non-ECC DDR5 UDIMM memory with speeds of up to 4400 MT/s
Storage Drives
Four front hot-swap 3.5" SATA drive bays
One M.2 PCIe 5.0 x4 NVMe slot (M-key 2280/22110)
PCI Expansion Slots
One PCIe 5.0 x16 FHHL slot
One M.2 PCIe 5.0 x4 NVMe slot (M-key 2280/22110)
Input/Output
One RJ45 1 GbE dedicated BMC LAN port
Two RJ45 10 GbE LAN ports (Intel® X550-AT2)
Two RJ45 2.5 GbE LAN ports (Intel® I226)
Four USB 3.2 Gen2 Type-A ports (rear)
Two DisplayPort 1.4 ports (rear)
Two HDMI 2.1 ports (rear)
One TPM header
One TPM onboard/port 80
Motherboard
X14SAZ-TLN4F: Proprietary, 9.6" x 9.6" (24.38 x 24.38 cm)
Chassis
CSE-813MF2TS: 1U rackmount; (HxWxD) 1.7" x 17.2" x 19.98" (43 x 437 x 507 mm)
System Cooling
Six 4-cm heavy-duty fans with optimal fan speed control
One air shroud

Power Supply
Single 600 W/800 W 100–240 VAC Titanium/Platinum power supply **Note:** The power supply can be upgraded to two redundant power supplies. Model PWS-602A-1R (600 W): 100–127 VAC, 60–50 Hz, 7.0–5.5 A 200–240 VAC, 60–50 Hz, 3.3–2.7 A Model PWS-804P-1R (800 W): 100–240 VAC, 60–50 Hz, 10–5.5 A
Operating Environment
Operating Temperature: 0°C to 40°C (32°F to 95°F) Non-operating Temperature: -40°C to 70°C (-40°F to 158°F) Operating Relative Humidity: 8% to 90% (non-condensing) Non-operating Relative Humidity: 5% to 95% (non-condensing)
Regulatory Compliance
FCC, ICES, CE, UKCA, VCCI, RCM, NRTL, CB
Certified Safety Models
813M-R6X14, 813M-6; 813M-R8X14, 813M-8
Perchlorate Warning
California Best Management Practices Regulations for Perchlorate Materials: This Perchlorate warning applies only to products containing CR (Manganese Dioxide) Lithium coin cells. Perchlorate Material-special handling may apply. See https://www.dtsc.ca.gov/hazardouswaste/perchlorate

Applied Directives, Standards

Directives:

EMC/EMI: 2014/30/EU (EMC Directive)

Electromagnetic Compatibility Regulations 2016

FCC Part 15 Subpart B

ICES-003

VCCI-CISPR 32

AS/NZS CISPR 32

CISPR 32

CISPR 35

BS/EN 55032

BS/EN 55035

BS/EN 61000-3-2

BS/EN 61000-3-3

BS/EN 61000-4-2

BS/EN 61000-4-3

BS/EN 61000-4-4

BS/EN 61000-4-5

BS/EN 61000-4-6

BS/EN 61000-4-8

BS/EN 61000-4-11

Environment:

Delegated Directive (EU) 2015/863

Directive 2011/65/EU (RoHS)

REACH Regulation EC 1907/2006

WEEE Directive 2012/19/EU

California Proposition 65

Product Safety:

2014/35/EU (LVD Directive)

UL/CSA 62368-1 (USA and Canada)

Electrical Equipment (Safety) Regulations 2016

IEC/BS/EN 62368-1

この装置は、クラスＡ機器です。この装置を住宅環境で使用すると電波妨害を引き起こすことがあります。この場合には使用者が適切な対策を講ずるよう要求されることがあります。

VCCI ー A

Appendix D:

General Data Center Environmental Specifications

Particulate Contamination Specifications

Air filtration: Data centers must be kept clean to Class 8 of ISO 14644-1 (ISO 2015). The air entering the data center should be filtered with a MERV 11 filter or better. The air within the data center should be continuously filtered with a MERV 8 filter or better.

Conductive dust: Air should be free of conductive dust, zinc whiskers, or other conductive particles.

Corrosive dust: Air should be free of corrosive dust.

Gaseous Contamination Specifications

Copper coupon corrosion rate: <300 Å/month per class G1 as defined by ANSI.ISA71.04-2013, reference by ASHRAE TC 9.9

Silver coupon corrosion rate: <200 Å/month per class G1 as defined by ANSI.ISA71.04-2013, reference by ASHRAE TC 9.9

Note: If testing with silver or copper coupons results in values less that 200 Å/month or 300 Å/month, respectively, then operating up to 70% relative humidity (RH) is acceptable. If the testing shows corrosion levels exceed these limits, then catalyst type pollutants are probably present and RH should be driven to 50% or lower.