

SuperServer®

SYS-212GT-DNAF

USER'S MANUAL

Revision 1.0 MNL-2785

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Preface

About This Manual

This manual is written for professional system integrators and PC technicians. It provides information for the installation and use of the SYS-212GT-DNAF server. Installation and maintenance should be performed by certified service technicians only.

Notes

For your system to work properly, follow the links below to download all necessary drivers/utilities and the user's manual for your server.

- Supermicro product manuals: https://www.supermicro.com/support/manuals
- Product drivers and utilities: https://www.supermicro.com/wdl
- Product safety info: https://www.supermicro.com/about/policies/safety_information.cfm
- A secure data deletion tool designed to fully erase all data from storage devices can be found on our website: https://www.supermicro.com/about/policies/disclaimer.cfm?url=/wdl/utility/Lot9_Secure_Data_Deletion_Utility
- Frequently Asked Questions: https://www.supermicro.com/FAQ/index.php
- If you still have questions after referring to our FAQs, contact our support team. Region-specific Technical Support email addresses can be found at: "Contacting Supermicro" on page 12
- If you have any feedback on Supermicro product manuals, contact our writing team at: Techwriterteam@supermicro.com

This manual may be periodically updated without notice. Check the Supermicro website for possible updates to the manual revision level.

Conventions Used in the Manual

Special attention should be given to the following symbols for proper installation and to prevent damage done to the components or injury to yourself.



Warning! Indicates important information given to prevent equipment/property damage or personal injury.



Warning! Indicates high voltage may be encountered while performing a procedure.

Important: Important information given to ensure proper server installation or to relay safety precautions.

Note: Additional information given to differentiate various models or to provide information for proper server setup.

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Contacting Supermicro

Headquarters

Address:	Super Micro Computer, Inc. 980 Rock Ave. San Jose, CA 95131 U.S.A.
Tel:	+1 (408) 503-8000
Fax:	+1 (408) 503-8008
Email:	Marketing@supermicro.com (General Information) Sales-USA@supermicro.com (Sales Inquiries) Government_Sales-USA@supermicro.com (Gov. Sales Inquiries) Support@supermicro.com (Technical Support) RMA@Supermicro.com (RMA Support) Webmaster@supermicro.com (Webmaster)
Website:	https://www.supermicro.com

Europe

Address:	Super Micro Computer B.V. Het Sterrenbeeld 28, 5215 ML 's-Hertogenbosch, The Netherlands
Tel:	+31 (0) 73-6400390
Fax:	+31 (0) 73-6416525
Email:	Sales_Europe@supermicro.com (Sales Inquiries) Support_Europe@supermicro.com (Technical Support) RMA_Europe@supermicro.com (RMA Support)
Website:	https://www.supermicro.nl

Asia-Pacific

Address:	Super Micro Computer, Inc. 3F, No. 150, Jian 1st Rd. Zhonghe Dist., New Taipei City 235 Taiwan (R.O.C)
Tel:	+886 (2) 8226-3990
Fax:	+886 (2) 8226-3992
Email:	Sales-Asia@supermicro.com.tw (Sales Inquiries) Support@supermicro.com.tw (Technical Support) RMA@supermicro.com.tw (RMA Support)
Website:	https://www.supermicro.com.tw

Chapter 1:

Introduction

This chapter provides a brief outline of the functions and features of the SYS-212GT-DNAF system. It is based on the X14SBT-GAP motherboard and the CSE-GT222BG-R2K21BP chassis.

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1.1 Overview

This chapter provides a brief outline of the functions and features of the SuperServer SYS-212GT- DNAF. The following provides an overview of the product specifications and capabilities.

System Overview	
Motherboard	X14SBT-GAP
Chassis	CSE-GT222BG-R2K21BP
Processor (Per Node)	Single Socket BR (LGA-7529) Intel® Xeon® 6900 series processor with P-cores, up to 128 cores/256 threads, up to 504 MB cache, up to 500 W TDP (air cooled).
Memory (Per Node)	12 DIMM slots per node, supporting up to 3 TB 8800 MT/s ECC DDR5 MRDIMM or up to 3 TB 6400 MT/s ECC DDR5 RDIMM (1DPC).
Drive Support (Per Node)	Four front hot-swap 2.5" PCIe 5.0 x4 NVMe drive bays and two M.2 PCIe 5.0 x4 NVMe slots (M-key 22110) per node, with VROC required for RAID; no SAS/SATA support.
Expansion Slots (Per Node)	Two PCIe 5.0 x16 (in x16) full-height, 10.5" long slots per node, supporting up to one double-width or two single-width GPUs (NVIDIA H100 PCIe supported) and up to 64 internal CXL 2.0 x16 Type 1/2/3 devices.
I/O Ports (Per Node)	LAN: Two RJ45 10 GbE LAN Ports (AOC-GTG-I2T) Two SFP28 25 GbE LAN Ports (AOC-G25G-M2S) One QSFP112 200 GbE LAN Port (AOC-G200G-B1C (BCM57608) BMC: One BMC port (in GrandTwin I/O module) USB: Two USB 3.0 ports (in GrandTwin I/O module) Video: One VGA port (in GrandTwin I/O module)
System Cooling (Per Node)	Two 8-cm 16K RPM heavy-duty fans Two 8-cm fans in the power supply modules One air shroud

System Overview	
Power	Two 2200 W Redundant (1 + 1) Titanium Level (96%) power supplies AC / DC Input 1200 W – 2200 W: 100–127 Vac / 50–60 Hz (1200 W) 180–220 Vac / 50–60 Hz (2090 W) 200–220 Vac / 50–60 Hz (1800 W) 220–230 Vac / 50–60 Hz (1980 W) 230–240 Vac / 50–60 Hz (2090 W) 220–240 Vac / 50–60 Hz (2200 W) 230–240 Vdc (China only) / 50–60 Hz (2090 W) Inrush Current: < 30 A Power Factor: 99% Typical +12 V Max: 100 A / Min: 0 A (1200 W, 100–127 Vac) Max: 150 A / Min: 0 A (1800 W, 200–220 Vac) Max: 165 A / Min: 0 A (1980 W, 220–230 Vac) Max: 166.6 A / Min: 0 A (2000 W equivalent) Max: 174.17 A / Min: 0 A (2090 W, 230–240 Vac & 180–220 Vac) Max: 183.33 A / Min: 0 A (2200 W, 220–240 Vac) 12 V SB Max: 2 A / Min: 0 A Efficiency: 80Plus Titanium Two 3000 W Redundant (1 + 1) Titanium Level (96%) power supplies AC / DC Input 2880 W – 3000 W: 200–207 Vac / 50–60 Hz (2880 W) 207.1–240 Vac / 50–60 Hz (3000 W) 240 Vdc (China only) / 50–60 Hz (2880 W) Inrush Current: < 45 A Power Factor: 99% Typical Inlet Connector: IEC 60320 C20 +12 V Max: 240 A / Min: 0 A (2880 W, 200–207 Vac) Max: 250 A / Min: 0 A (3000 W, 207.1–240 Vac) Max: 240 A / Min: 0 A (2880 W, 240 Vdc, CQC only) 12 V SB Max: 3 A / Min: 0 A
Form Factor	17.67 x 3.46 x 28 in. (449 x 88 x 711.2 mm) (W x H x D)

Notes:

- A Quick Reference Guide can be found on the following pages of the Supermicro website

  SYS-212GT-DNAF
  https://www.supermicro.com/en/products/system/grandtwin/2u/sys-212gt-dnaf

- The following safety models associated with the SYS-212GT-DNAF have certified as compliant with UL or CSA: GT222BF-R22X14, GT222BF-22, GT222BF-2N

1.2 System Features

The following views of the system display the main features. Refer to the System Specifications appendix of this manual for additional specifications.

Front View

The SYS-212GT-DNAF is a 2U system featuring two independent nodes, each supporting different front drive configurations. The illustration below provides the front-panel features for each node.

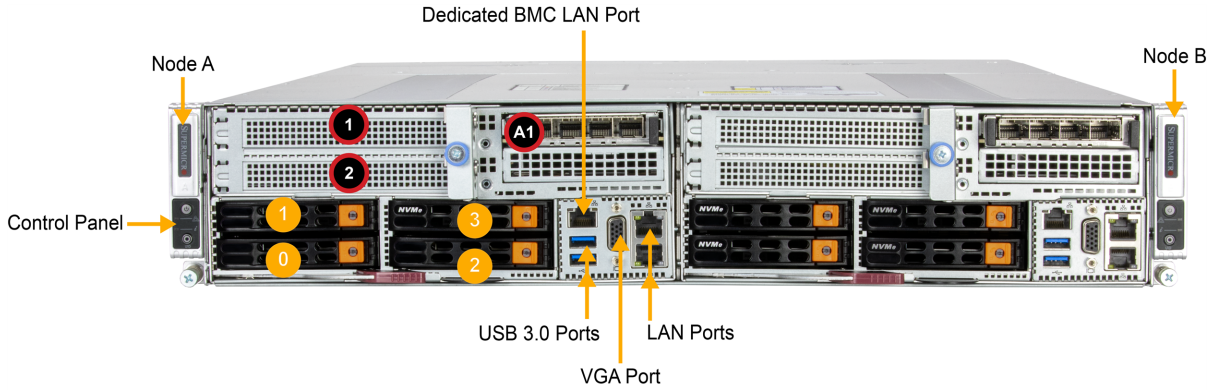


Figure 1-1. Front View

System Front Features (Per Node)	
Feature	**Description**
Control Panel	For details, see Control Panel.
BMC LAN Port	A dedicated LAN port for the BMC
USB 3.0 Port	Two USB 3.0 ports
VGA Port	One video port
LAN Port	Networking Options Two RJ45 10 GbE LAN Ports (AOC-GTG-I2T) Two SFP28 25 GbE LAN Ports (AOC-G25G-M2S) One QSFP112 200 GbE LAN Port (AOC-G200G-B1C (BCM57608)

Logical Storage Drive Numbers (Per Node)	
Drive Bay	**Description**
0-3	Four hot-swap 2.5" NVMeGen5 drive bays

Expansion Slot Locations (Per Node)	
Slot	**Description**
A1	One PCIe 5.0 x16 AIOM card or two U.2 NVMe drives per node (optional)
1-2	Two PCIe 5.0 x16 add-on cards (FHHL, default; FH/10.5"L, optional)

Control Panel

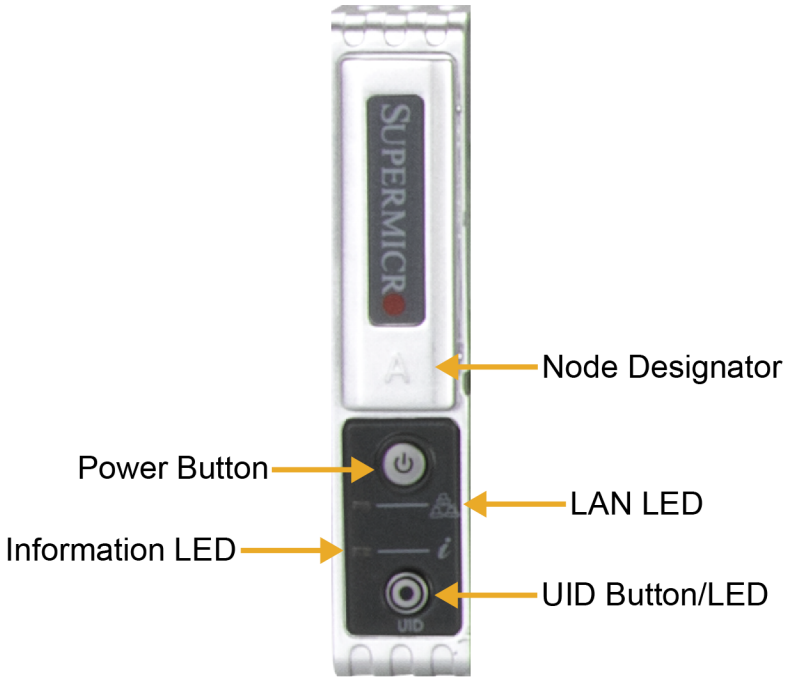


Figure 1-2. Control Panel

Control Panel Features (1 Per Node)	
Feature	**Description**
Node Designator	Indicates the node controlled by this particular control panel. Node A is located on the left of the chassis, node B is located on the right.
Power Button	The main power switch applies or removes primary power from the power supply to the server but maintains standby power. To force a power off, press and hold this button for four seconds.
LAN LED	Indicates network activity when flashing.
Information LED	Alerts the operator to several states as noted in the table below.
UID Button/LED	The unit identification (UID) button turns on or off the blue light function of the Information LED and a blue LED on the rear of the chassis. This LED is used to locate the server in large racks and server banks.

Information LED	
Status	**Properties**
Solid red	An overheat condition has occurred.
Blinking red (1 Hz)	Fan failure. Check for an inoperative fan.
Blinking red (0.25 Hz)	Power failure. Check for a non-operational power supply.
Solid blue	UID has been activated locally to locate the server in a rack environment.
Blinking blue (1 Hz)	UID has been activated remotely to locate the server in a rack environment.
Blinking blue (2 Hz)	BMC resetting
Blinking blue (4 Hz)	Setting BMC factory default
Solid red with power LED blinking green	RoT fault detected
Blinking blue (10 Hz) with power LED blinking green	RoT BIOS/BMC firmware updating
Blinking blue and red (10 Hz)	RoT recovery mode

Rear View

The illustration below shows the features on the rear of the CSE-GT222BG-R2K21BP chassis. Power supply modules display status lights.

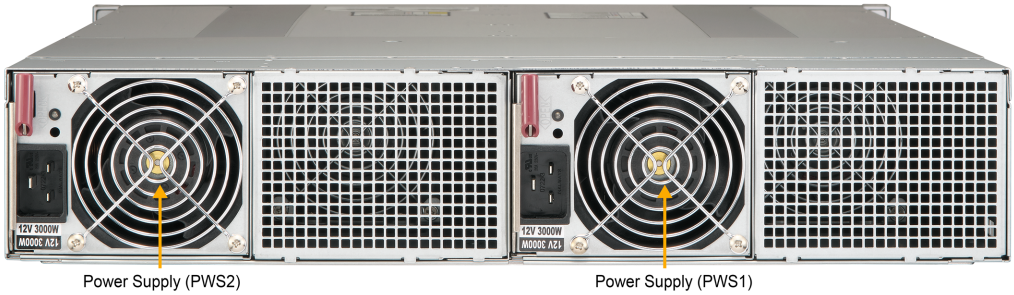


Figure 1-3. Rear View

System Rear Features	
Feature	**Description**
Power Supplies	Two 2200 W Redundant (1 + 1) Titanium Level (96%) power supplies

1.3 System Architecture

This section covers the locations of the system's main components and provides a motherboard block diagram.

Main Components

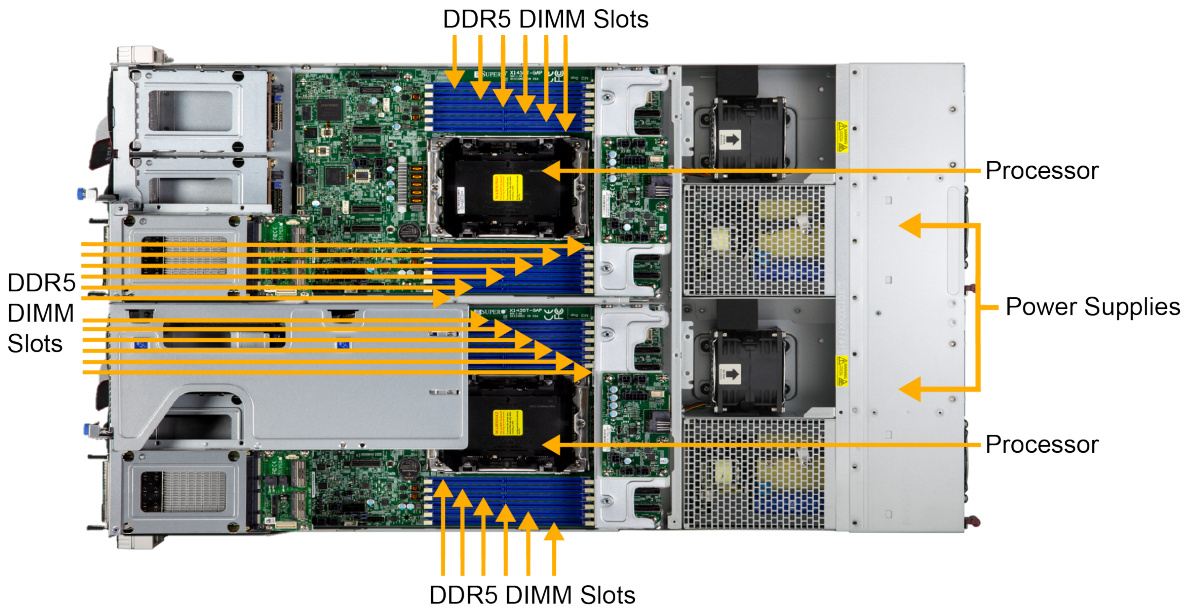


Figure 1-4. Main Component Locations

System Features: Top	
Power Supplies	Two 2200 W Redundant (1 + 1) Titanium Level (96%) power supplies
DIMM Slots	24 DDR5 DIMM slots
Processor	Intel® Xeon® 6 6900 series processors with P-cores and E-cores.

1.4 Motherboard Quick Reference

For details on the X14SBT-GAP motherboard layout and other quick reference information, refer to the content below.

Motherboard Layout

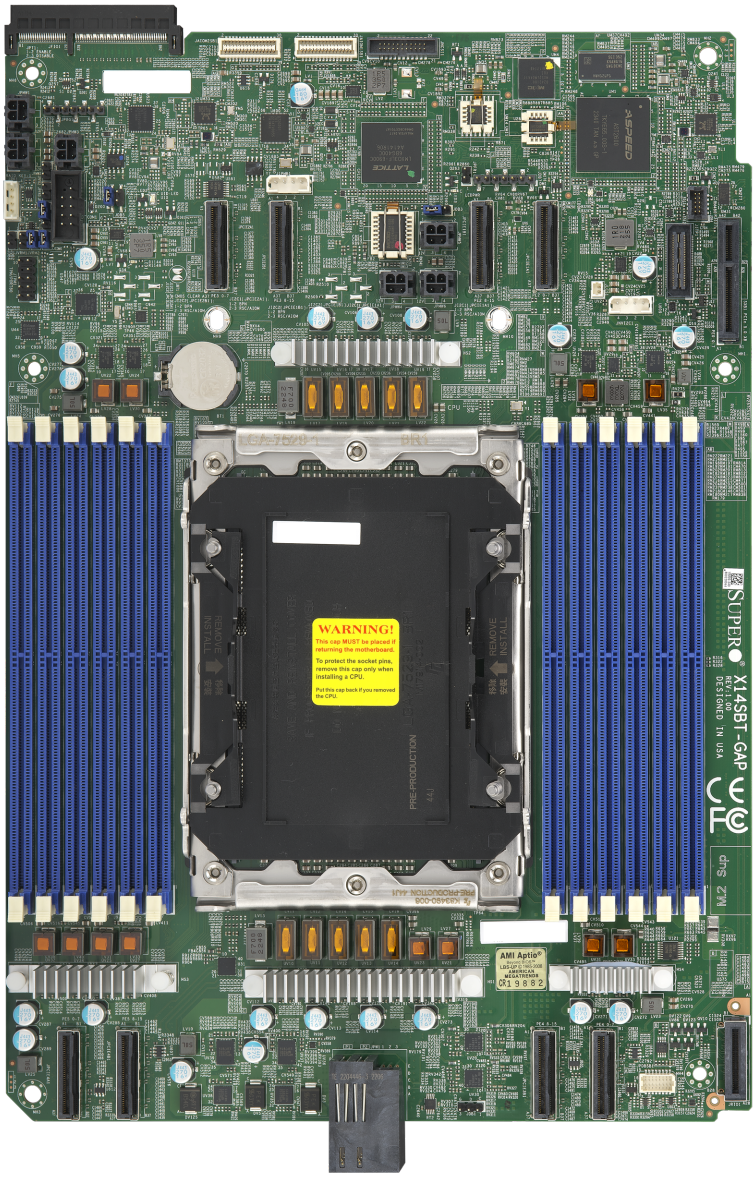


Figure 1-5. X14SBT-GAP Motherboard

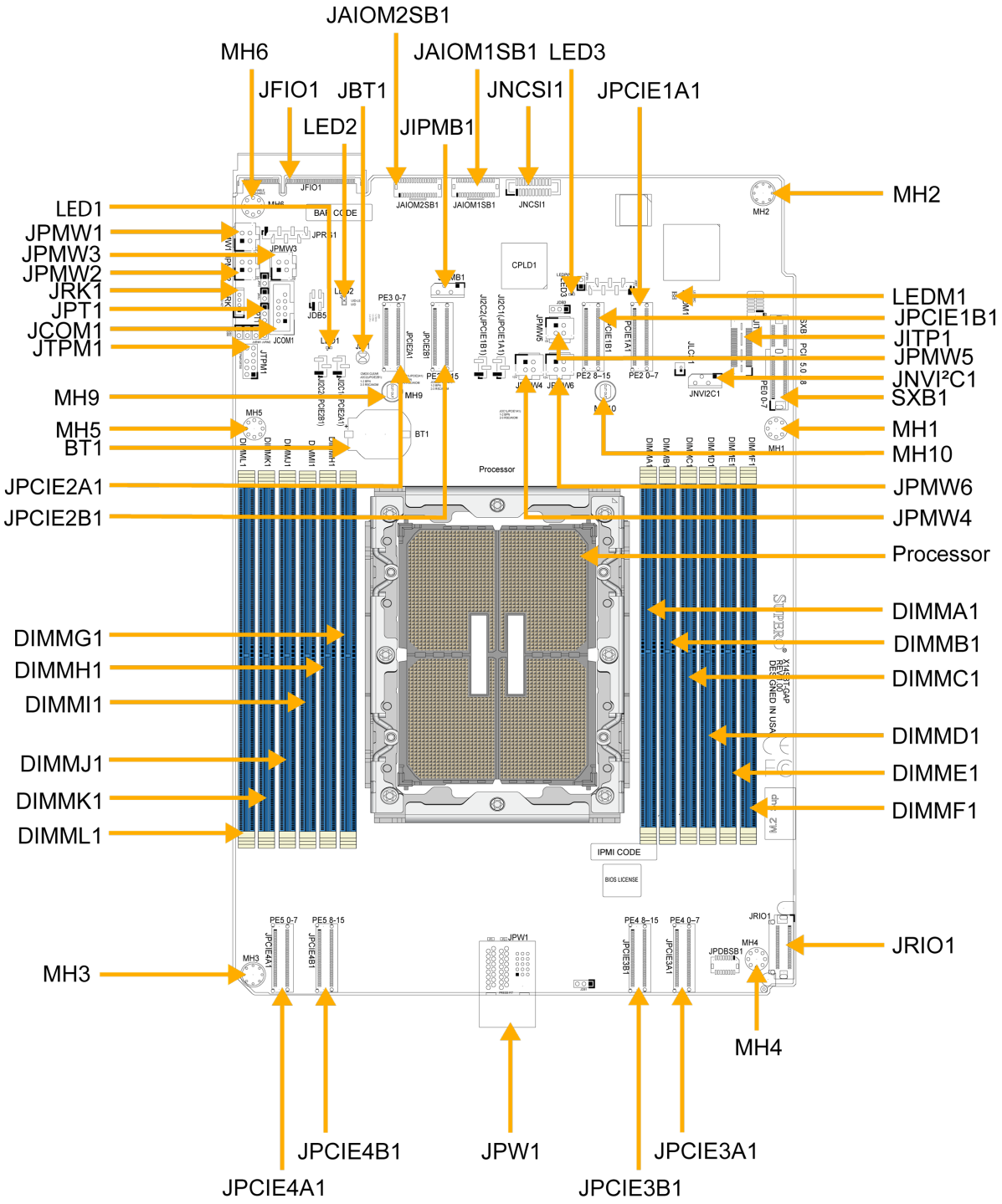


Figure 1-6. X14SBT-GAP Motherboard Layout

Notes:

- For detailed information on jumpers, connectors, and LED indicators, see "Maintenance and Component Installation" on page 33.
- "■" indicates the location of pin 1.
- "MH" indicates the location of a mounting hole.
- Components not documented are for internal testing purposes only.
- Use only the correct type of onboard CMOS battery as specified by the manufacturer. To avoid possible explosion, do not install the onboard battery upside down.

Quick Reference

Jumper	Description	Default Setting
JBT1	Onboard CMOS Clear	Open (Normal)
JPT1	Onboard TPM Enable/Disable	Pins 1–2 (Enabled)

Connector	Description
BT1	Onboard CMOS Battery
JAIOM1SB1	AIOM1 Sideband Signals Header
JAIOM2SB1	AIOM2 Sideband Signals Header
JCOM1	COM Header
JFIO1	Front I/O Module Connector
JIPMB1	External BMC I²C Header
JNCSI1	NC-SI Header for IPMI Support
JNVI²C1	NVMe I²C Header
JPCIE1A1, JPCIE1B1, JPCIE2A1, JPCIE2B1, JPCIE3A1, JPCIE3B1, JPCIE4A1, JPCIE4B1	MCIO PCIe 5.0 x8 Connectors
JPMW1–JPMW6	4-Pin +12 V Power Connectors for PCIe or GPU
JPW1	+12 V Power Connector for PDB
JRIO1	Rear I/O Module Connector

Connector	Description
JRK1	Intel VROC Raid Key Header
JTPM1	Trusted Platform Module/Port 80 Header
SXB1	PCIe 5.0 x8 Slot

LED	Description	Status
LED1	Monitor P3V3_AUX Power LED	Solid Yellow: AC Power On
LED2	Unit Identifier LED	Solid Blue: Unit Identified
LED3	Onboard Power LED	Green: Power On
LEDM1	BMC Heartbeat LED	Solid Green: Power On

Note: Jumpers, connectors, switches, and LED indicators that are not described in these tables are for manufacturing testing purposes only, and are not covered in this manual.

Chapter 2:

Server Installation

This chapter provides advice and instructions for mounting your server in a server rack. If your server is not already fully integrated with processors, system memory, etc., refer to "Maintenance and Component Installation" on page 33 for details on installing those specific components.

Important: Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) can damage electronic components. To prevent such damage to printed circuit boards (PCBs), it is important to use a grounded wrist strap, handle all PCBs by their edges, and keep PCBs in anti-static bags when not in use.

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2.1 Unpacking the System

Inspect the box the SYS-212GT-DNAF server was shipped in and note if it was damaged in any way. If any equipment appears damaged, file a damage claim with the carrier who delivered it.

Decide on a suitable location for the rack unit that will hold the server. It should be situated in a clean, dust-free area that is well ventilated. Avoid areas where heat, electrical noise and electromagnetic fields are generated. It will also require a grounded AC power outlet nearby. Be sure to read the precautions and considerations noted in "Standardized Warning Statements for AC Systems" on page 190.

2.2 Preparing for Setup

The box in which the SYS-212GT-DNAF server was shipped should include the rackmount hardware needed to install it into the rack. Read this section in its entirety before you begin the installation.

Choosing a Setup Location

- The server should be situated in a clean, dust-free area that is well ventilated. Avoid areas where heat, electrical noise and electromagnetic fields are generated.
- Leave enough clearance in front of the rack so that you can open the front door completely (~25 inches) and approximately 30 inches of clearance in the back of the rack to allow sufficient space for airflow and access when servicing.
- This product should be installed only in a Restricted Access Location (dedicated equipment rooms, service closets, etc.).
- This product is not suitable for use with visual display workplace devices according to §2 of the German Ordinance for Work with Visual Display Units.

Rack Precautions

- Ensure that the leveling jacks on the bottom of the rack are extended to the floor so that the full weight of the rack rests on them.
- In single rack installations, stabilizers should be attached to the rack. In multiple rack installations, the racks should be coupled together.
- Always make sure the rack is stable before extending a server or other component from the rack.
- You should extend only one server or component at a time. Extending two or more simultaneously may cause the rack to become unstable.

System Precautions

- Review the electrical and general safety precautions in "Standardized Warning Statements for AC Systems" on page 190.
- Determine the placement of each component in the rack before you install the rails.
- Install the heaviest server components at the bottom of the rack first and then work your way up.

- Use a regulating uninterruptible power supply (UPS) to protect the server from power surges and voltage spikes and to keep your system operating in case of a power failure.
- Allow any drives and power supply modules to cool before touching them.
- When not servicing, always keep the front door of the rack and all covers/panels on the servers closed to maintain proper cooling.

Rack Mounting Considerations



Warning! Stability hazard. The rack may tip over causing serious personal injury. Before extending the rack to the installation position, read the installation instructions. Do not put any load on the slide-rail mounted equipment in the installation position. Do not leave the slide-rail mounted equipment in the installation position.



Avertissement!
Danger d'instabilité. Le rack peut basculer et provoquer des blessures corporelles graves.
Avant d'étendre le rack en position d'installation, lire les instructions d'installation. Ne pas charger l'équipement monté sur rail de glissière en position d'installation. Ne pas laisser l'équipement monté sur rail de glissière en position d'installation.

Important: To prevent bodily injury when mounting or servicing this unit in a rack, you must take special precautions to ensure that the system remains stable. The following guidelines are provided to ensure your safety:

- If this unit is the only unit in the rack, it should be mounted at the bottom of the rack.
- When mounting this unit in a partially filled rack, load the rack from the bottom to the top, placing the heaviest component at the bottom of the rack.
- If the rack is provided with stabilizing devices, install the stabilizers before mounting or servicing the unit in the rack.
- Slide rail mounted equipment is not to be used as a shelf or a workspace.
- Do not pick up the server with the front handles. They are designed to pull the system from a rack only.

Ambient Operating Temperature

If installed in a closed or multi-unit rack assembly, the ambient operating temperature of the rack environment may be greater than the room's ambient temperature. Therefore, consideration should be given to installing the equipment in an environment compatible with the manufacturer's maximum rated ambient temperature (TMRA).

Airflow

Equipment should be mounted into a rack so that the amount of airflow required for safe operation is not compromised.

Mechanical Loading

Equipment should be mounted into a rack so that a hazardous condition does not arise due to uneven mechanical loading.

Circuit Overloading

Consideration should be given to the connection of the equipment to the power supply circuitry and the effect that any possible overloading of circuits might have on overcurrent protection and power supply wiring. Appropriate consideration of equipment nameplate ratings should be used when addressing this concern.

Reliable Ground

A reliable ground must be maintained at all times. To ensure this, the rack itself should be grounded. Particular attention should be given to power supply connections other than the direct connections to the branch circuit (i.e. the use of power strips, etc.).

2.3 Installing the Rails

Rackmount Mounting Instructions

This section provides information on installing the chassis into a rack unit with the rails provided. There are a variety of rack units on the market, which may mean that the assembly procedure will differ slightly from the instructions provided. You should also refer to the installation instructions that came with the rack unit you are using. Note: This rail will fit a rack between 28" and 33.5" deep.

Overview of the Rack Rails

The package includes two rail assemblies. Each is specifically designed for the left or right side of the chassis, and so marked. Each rail consists of two sections: a front section which secures to the front post of the rack and a rear section which adjusts in length and secures to the rear post of the rack.

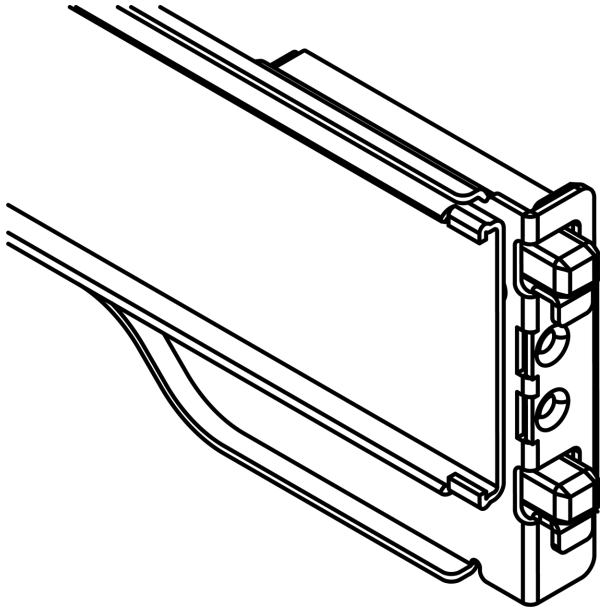


Figure 2-1. Rackmount Rail (Right Rail Assembly Shown)

Adjusting the Rail Length

Each rail assembly has a locking screw to adjust the length of the rail to fit the depth of your rack.

Installing the Rails onto the Rack

Important: Stability hazard. The rack stabilizing mechanism must be in place, or the rack must be bolted to the floor before you slide the unit out for servicing. Failure to stabilize the rack can cause the rack to tip over.

Important: Do not pick up the server with the front handles. They are designed to pull the system from a rack only.

1. Loosen the adjusting screw to allow the rear section to slide in the front section.
2. Push the small hooks on the front section of the rail into the holes on the front post of the rack and then down, until the spring-loaded pegs snap into the rack holes. Secure the rail to the rack with screws.
3. Pull out the rear section of the outer rail, adjusting the length until it fits within the posts of the rack and align the small hooks with the appropriate holes on the rear post of the rack. Be sure the rail is level, then mount the rear section onto the rack. Secure the rail with screws.
4. Tighten the adjusting screw.

Important: This figure is for illustrative purposes only. Always install servers to the bottom of a rack first.

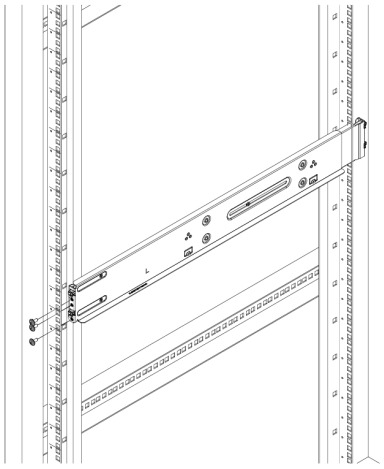


Figure 2-2. Attaching the Rail Front to the Rack (Left Rail Assembly Shown)

Installing Chassis into a Rack

Slide the chassis into the rack so that the bottom of the chassis slides onto the bottom lip of the rails.

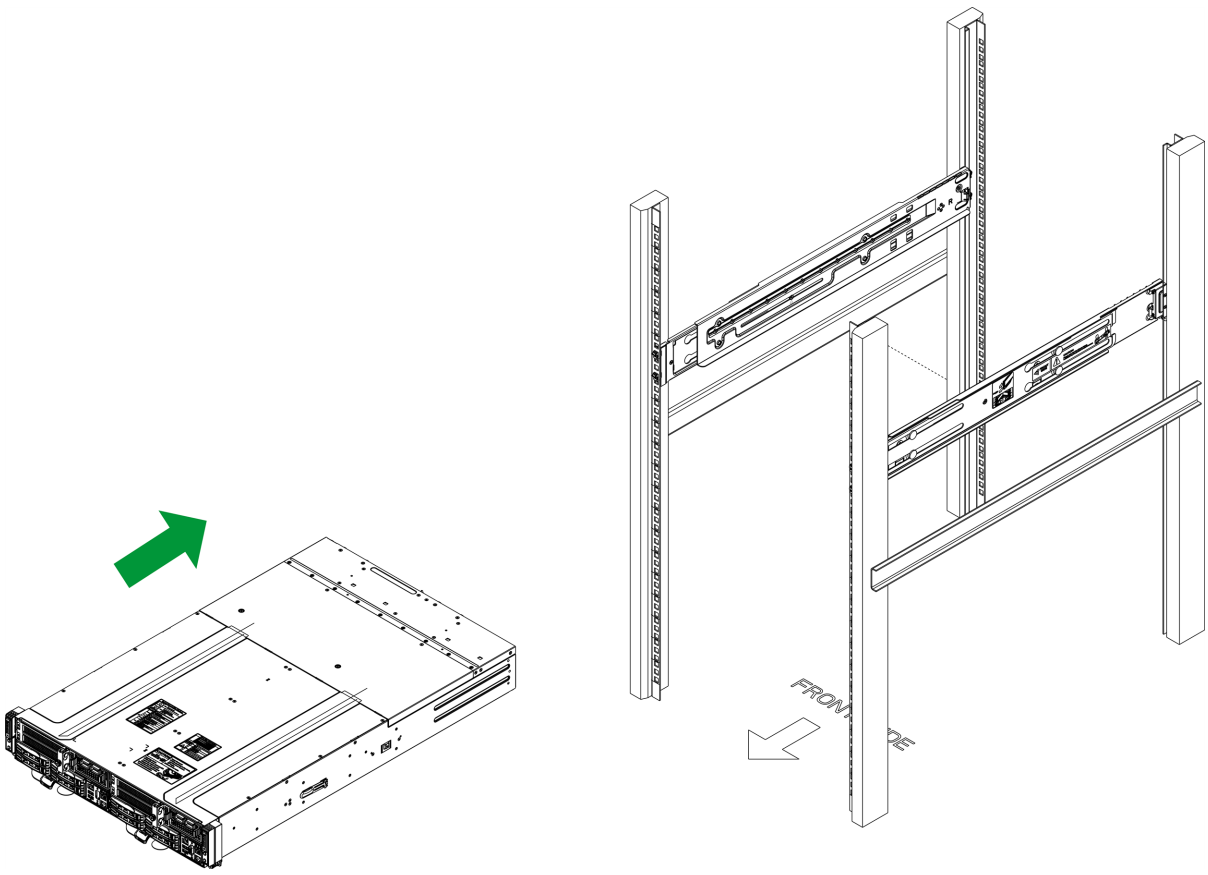


Figure 2-3. Sliding the Chassis into the Rack

Note: System shown above may differ in appearance from your system.

Important: Stability hazard. The rack stabilizing mechanism must be in place, or the rack must be bolted to the floor before you slide the unit out for servicing. Failure to stabilize the rack can cause the rack to tip over.

Important: This figure is for illustrative purposes only. Always install servers to the bottom of a rack first.

Chapter 3:

Maintenance and Component Installation

This chapter provides instructions on installing and replacing main system components for the SYS-212GT-DNAF server. To prevent compatibility issues, only use components that match the specifications and/or part numbers given.

Installation or replacement of most components require that power first be removed from the system. Follow the procedures given in each section.

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3.1 Removing Power

Before performing some setup or maintenance tasks, use the following procedure to ensure that power has been removed from one or more nodes of the SYS-212GT-DNAF server.

Removing Power from a Node

Use the operating system to power down the node.

Removing Power from the System

1. Use the operating system to power down all nodes.
2. Grasp the head of each power cord and gently pull it out of the back of the power supply.
3. Disconnect the cords from the power strip or wall outlet.

3.2 Accessing the System

The SYS-212GT-DNAF server features two removable nodes and a rear top cover, which allows easy access to the inside of the server.

Removing a Node from the Chassis

Important: The riser card bracket features a toolless design for easy installation or removal. When removing the node, do not use the riser card bracket as leverage.

1. Each of the two nodes may be removed from the chassis without powering down the entire system.
2. Use the operating system to power down the node to be removed.
3. Pull the lever of the node out to 90° to disengage the node.
4. Use the lever to pull the node completely out of the chassis.

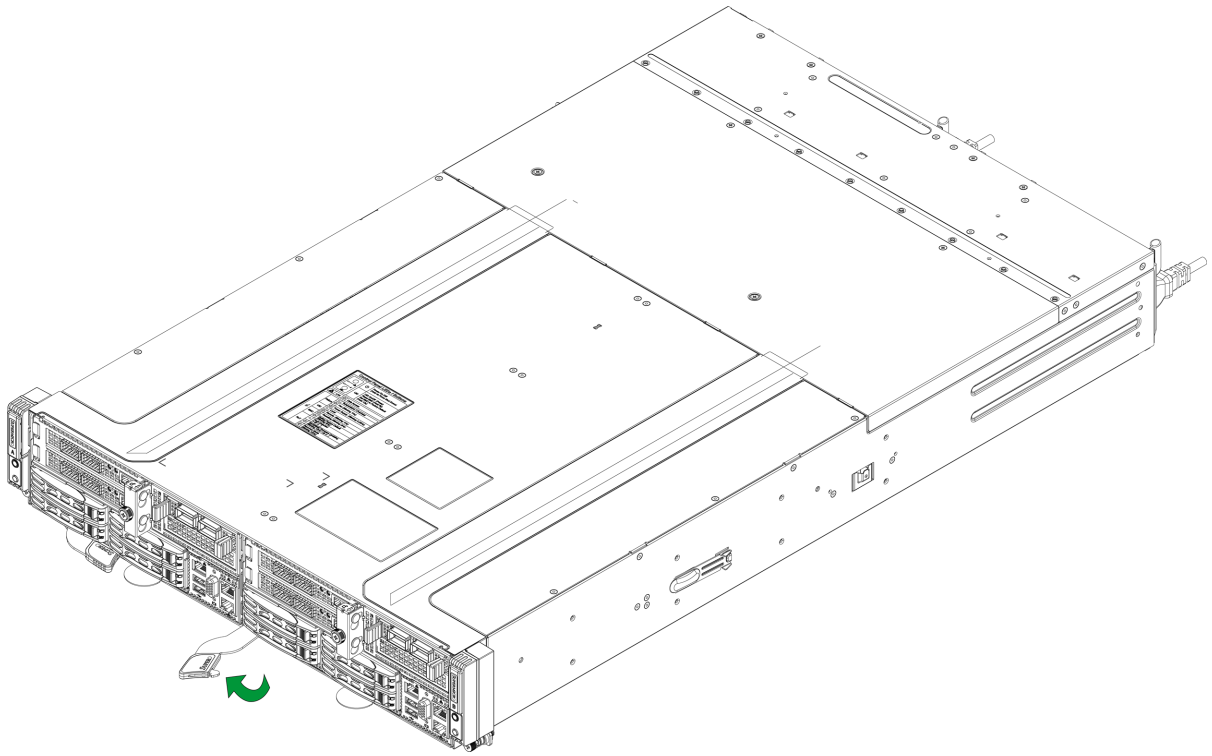


Figure 3-1. Pulling the Node Handle

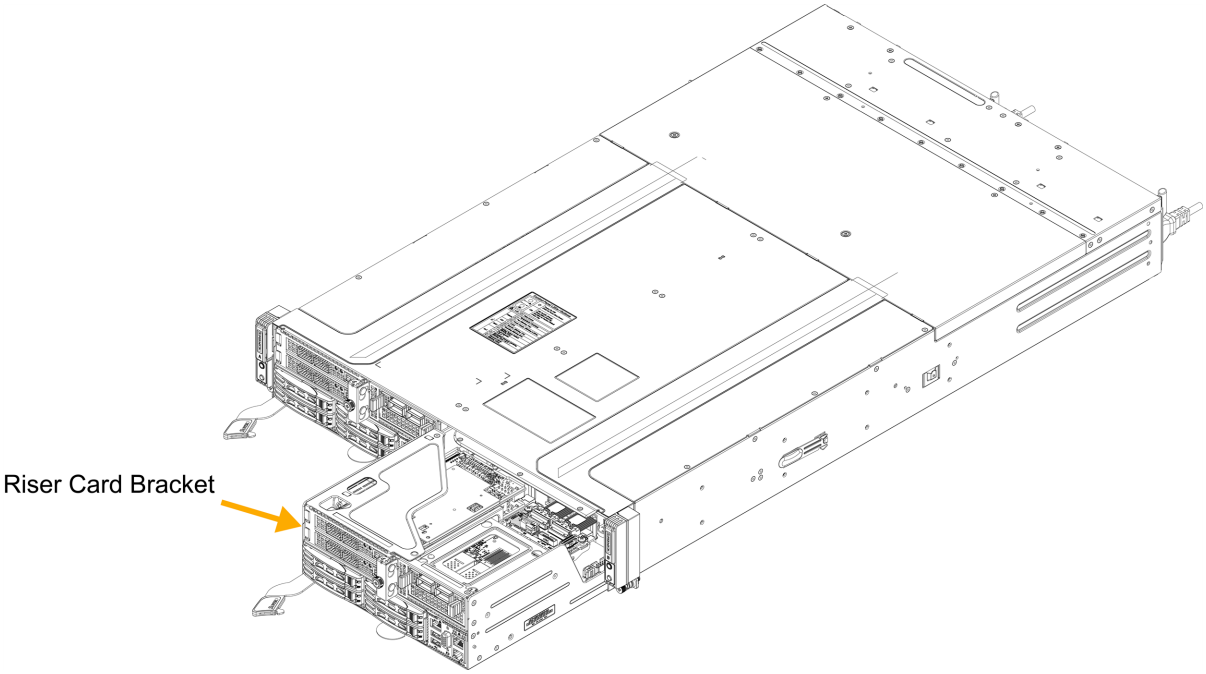


Figure 3-2. Pulling a Node from the Chassis

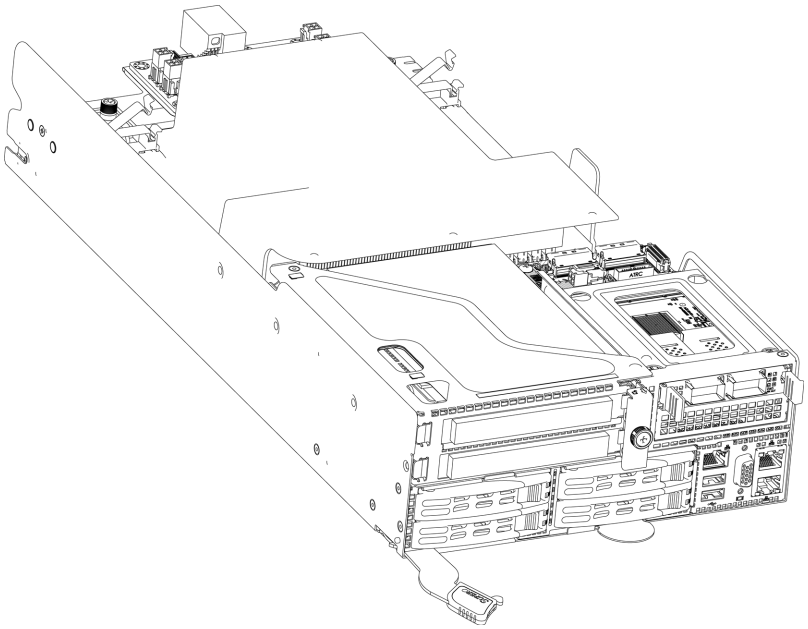


Figure 3-3. Node after Removal

Removing the Top Rear Chassis Cover

Important: Except for short periods of time, do not operate the server without the cover in place. The chassis cover must be in place to allow for proper airflow and to prevent overheating.

The top rear cover provides access to fans.

1. Remove the four screws securing the top cover to the chassis.
2. Lift the top rear cover up.

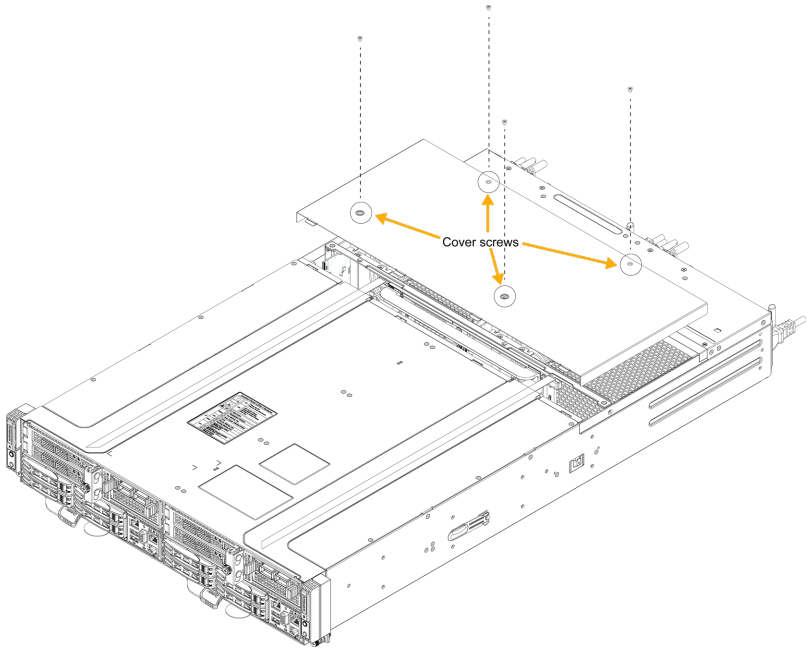


Figure 3-4. Removing the Top Rear Chassis Cover

3.3 Static-Sensitive Devices

Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) can damage electronic components. To avoid damaging your motherboard, it is important to handle it very carefully. The following measures are generally sufficient to protect your equipment from ESD.

Precautions

- Use a grounded wrist strap designed to prevent static discharge.
- Touch a grounded metal object before removing the board from the antistatic bag.
- Handle the motherboard only by its edges. Do not touch its components, peripheral chips, memory modules, or gold contacts.
- When handling chips or modules, avoid touching their pins.
- Put the motherboard and peripherals back into their antistatic bags when not in use.
- For grounding purposes, make sure that your computer chassis provides excellent conductivity between the power supply, the case, the mounting fasteners, and the motherboard.
- Use only the correct type of onboard CMOS battery. To avoid possible explosion, do not install the onboard battery upside down.

3.4 Processor and Heatsink Installation

This section provides procedures to install the processor(s) and heatsink(s).

Notes:

- Take industry standard precautions to avoid ESD damage. For details, see "Static-Sensitive Devices" on the previous page.
- Before starting, make sure that the plastic socket cap is in place and none of the socket pins are bent. If any damage is noted, contact your retailer.
- Do not connect the system power cord before the processor and heatsink installation is complete.
- When handling the processor, avoid touching or placing direct pressure on the LGA lands (gold contacts). Improper installation or socket misalignment can cause serious damage to the processor or processor socket.
- When buying a processor separately, use only a Supermicro certified heatsink.
- Refer to the Supermicro website for the most recent processor support.
- When installing the heatsink, ensure a torque driver set to the correct force is used for each screw.
- Thermal grease is pre-applied on a new heatsink. No additional thermal grease is needed.

LGA-7529 Processors

Processor Top View



Figure 3-5. Processor

Overview of the Processor Carrier

This section displays the X14SBT-GAP motherboard processor carrier.

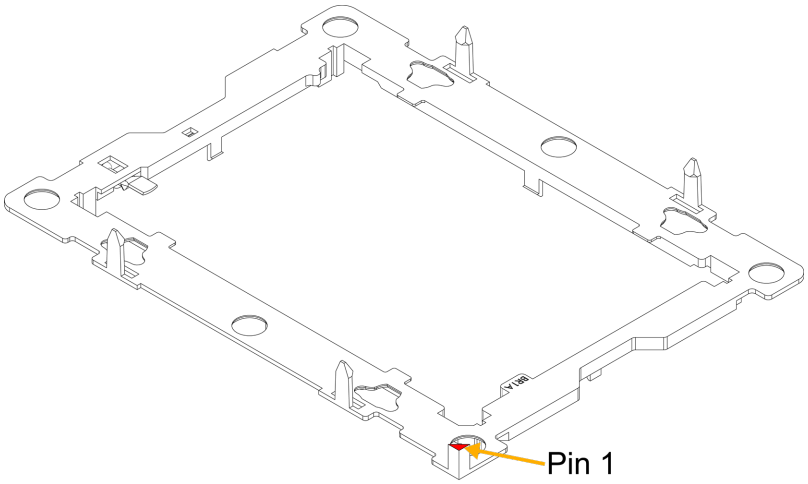


Figure 3-6. Carrier BR1A

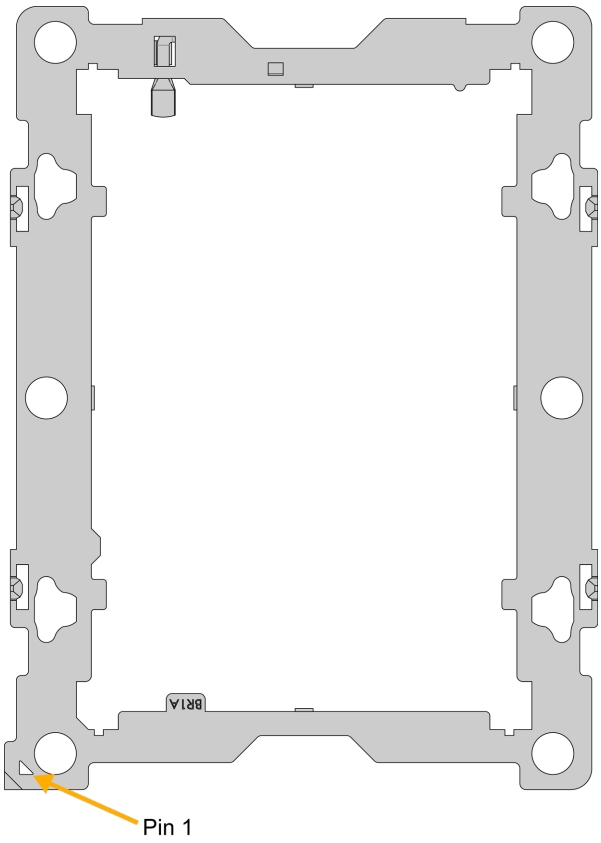


Figure 3-7. Carrier Top View

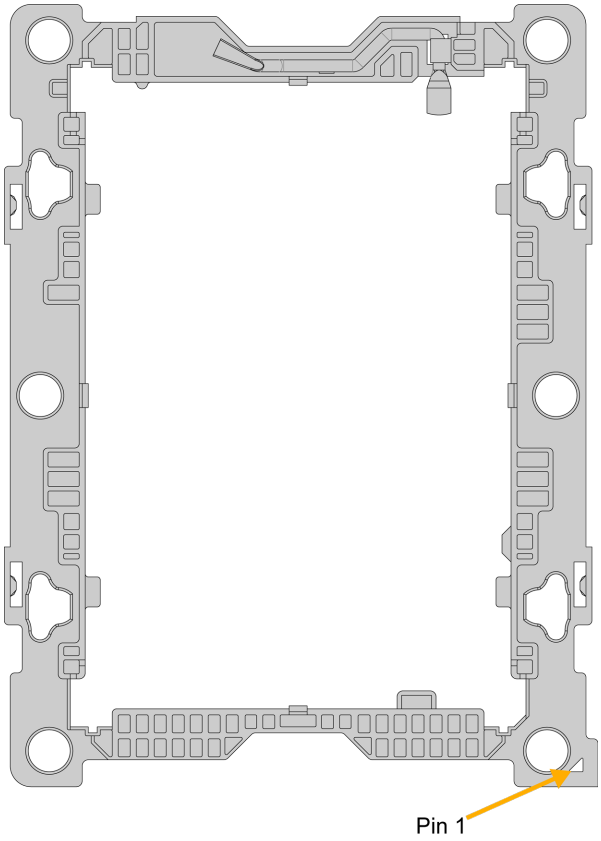


Figure 3-8. Carrier Bottom View

Overview of the Processor Socket

The processor socket is protected by a plastic protective cover.

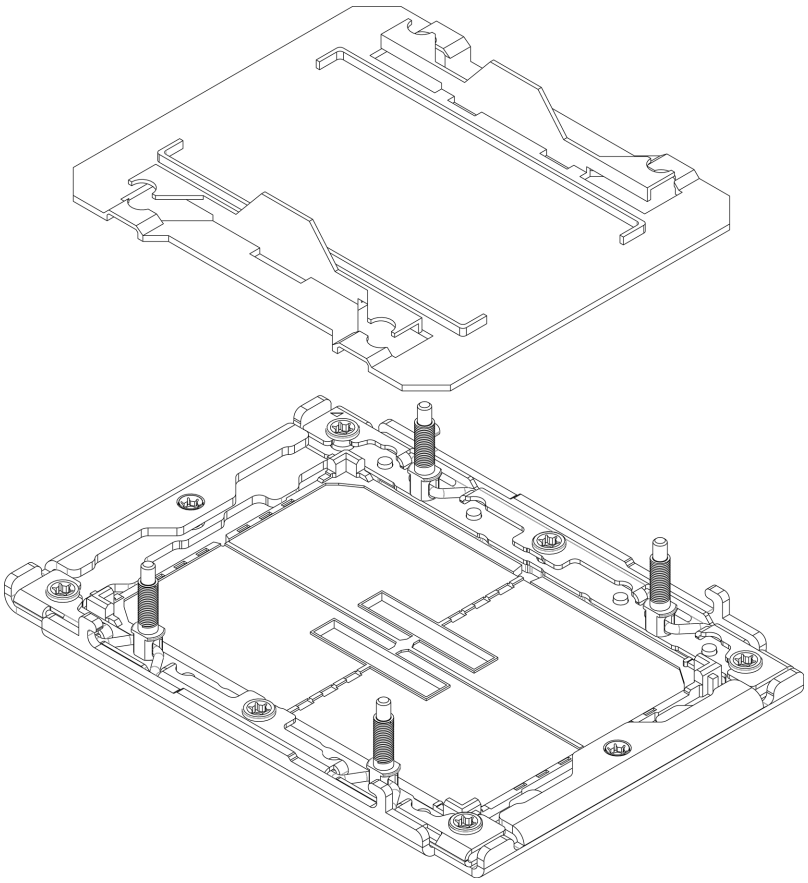


Figure 3-9. Plastic Protective Cover and Processor Socket

Overview of the Processor Heatsink Module

The Processor Heatsink Module (PHM) contains a heatsink, a processor carrier, and the processor.

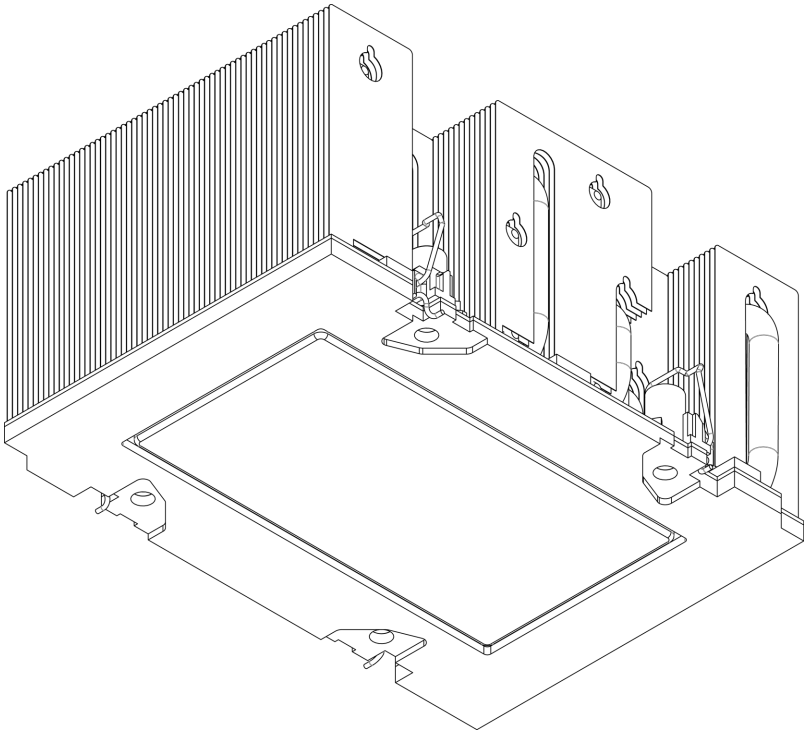


Figure 3-10. 2U Heatsink

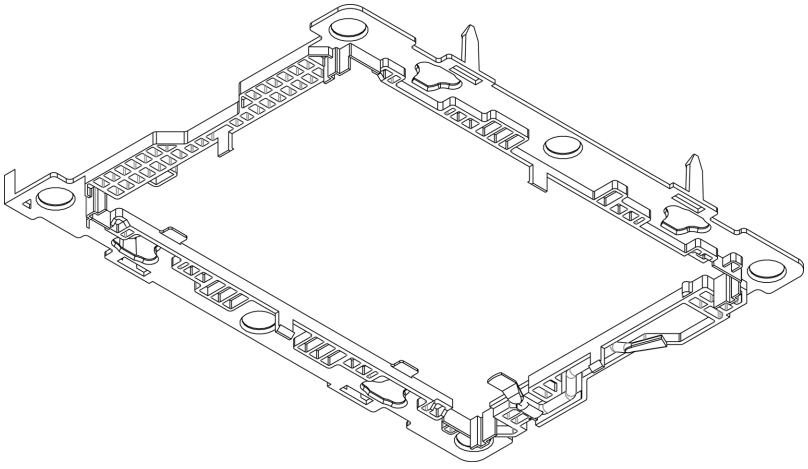


Figure 3-11. Carrier

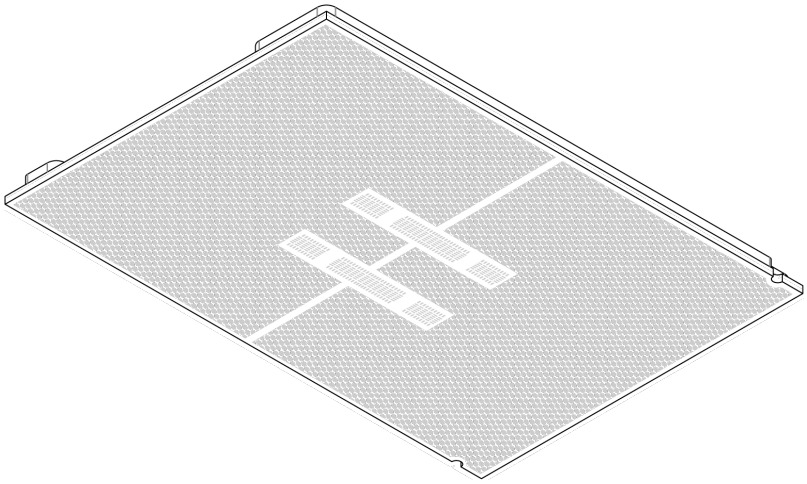


Figure 3-12. Processor

Installing the Processor

To install a processor into the processor carrier, follow the steps below:

1. Ensure the lever on the processor carrier is pressed down and held by a latch on the processor carrier as shown below.

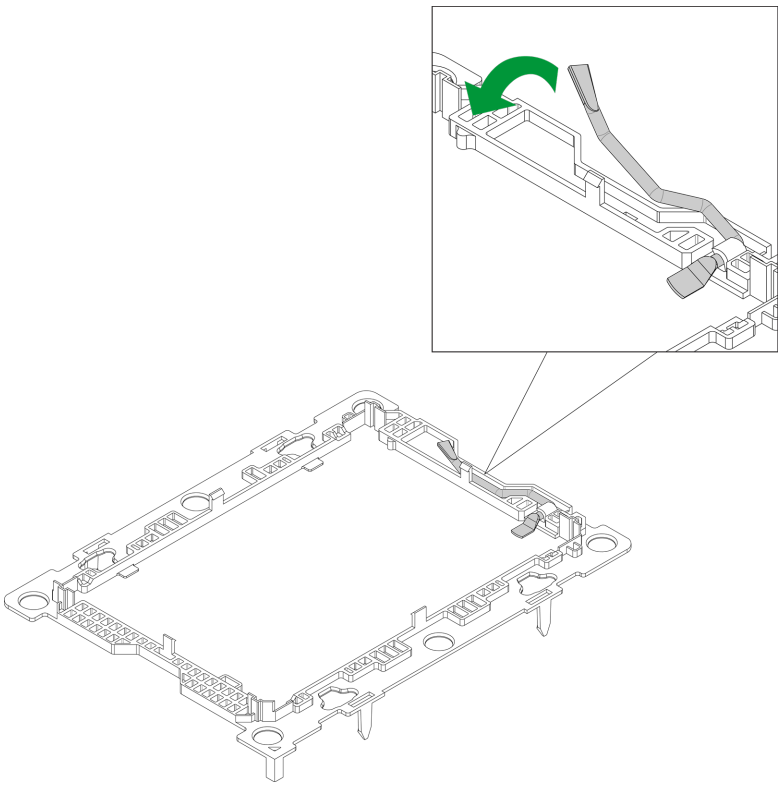


Figure 3-13. Carrier Lever

2. Hold the processor with the LGA lands (gold contacts) facing down. Locate the small, gold triangle in the corner of the processor and the corresponding hollowed triangle on the processor carrier. These triangles indicate pin 1.

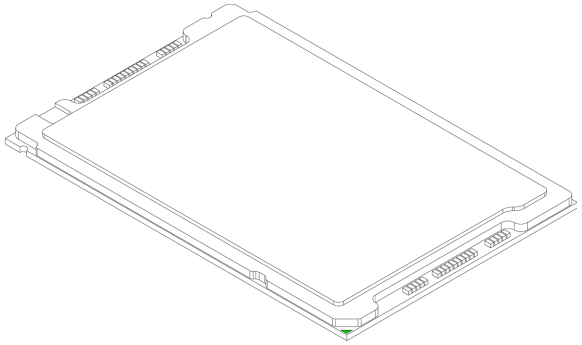


Figure 3-14. Processor

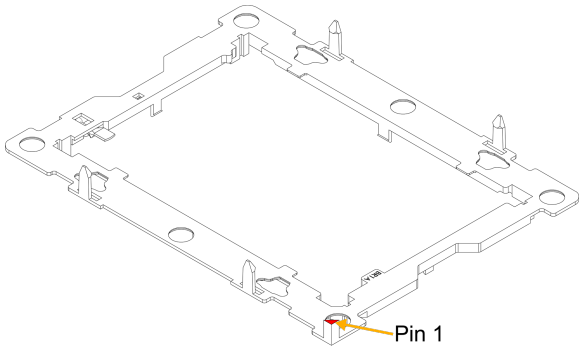


Figure 3-15. Carrier

3. While ensuring that the pin 1 triangles point towards the same direction, flip over the processor and processor carrier. Use the latches on the processor carrier to secure the processor onto the processor carrier. Processor keys on the processor and processor carrier will prevent securing the processor in an incorrect orientation.

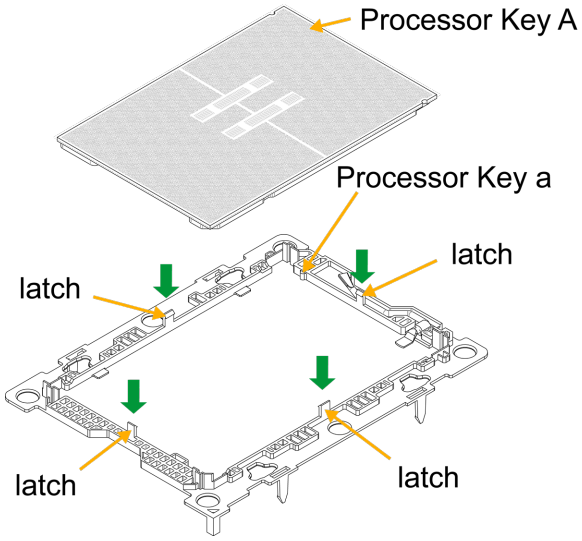


Figure 3-16. Key and Latch Locations

4. Examine all corners to verify that the processor is secured to the carrier. Two triangles indicating pin 1 on the processor and processor carrier should point towards the same direction.

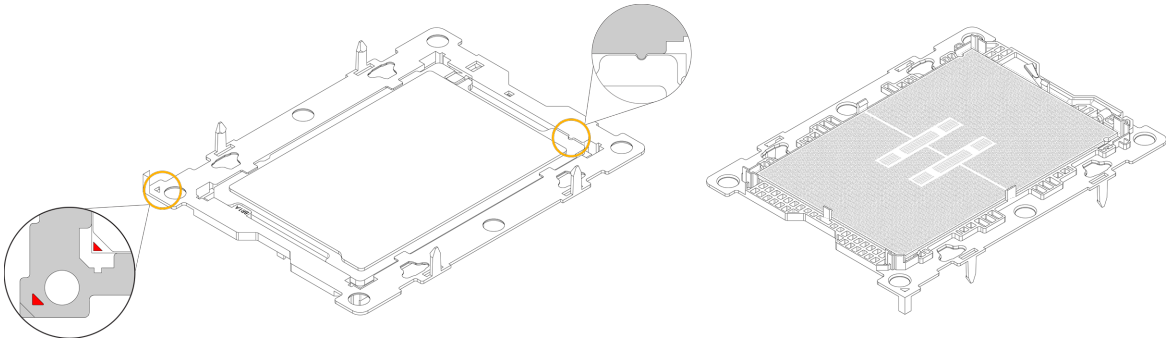


Figure 3-17. Processor and BR1A Keys and Latches

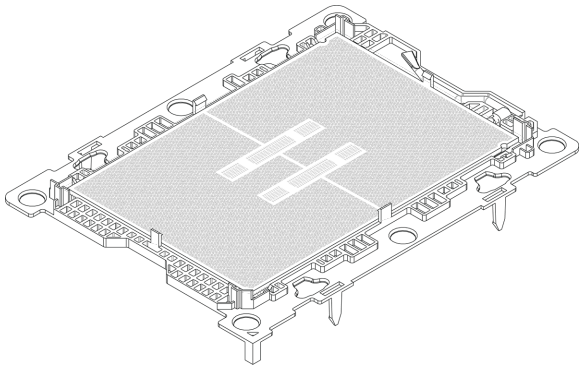


Figure 3-18. Completed Processor Carrier Installation

Assembling the Processor Heatsink Module

After installing the processor into the carrier, mount it onto the heatsink to create the processor heatsink module (PHM):

1. If this is a new heatsink, the thermal grease has been pre-applied. Otherwise, apply the proper amount of thermal grease.
2. Hold the processor carrier so the processor's gold contacts are facing up, then align the holes of the processor carrier with the holes on the heatsink. Press the processor carrier down until it snaps into place. The plastic clips of the processor carrier will lock at the four corners.

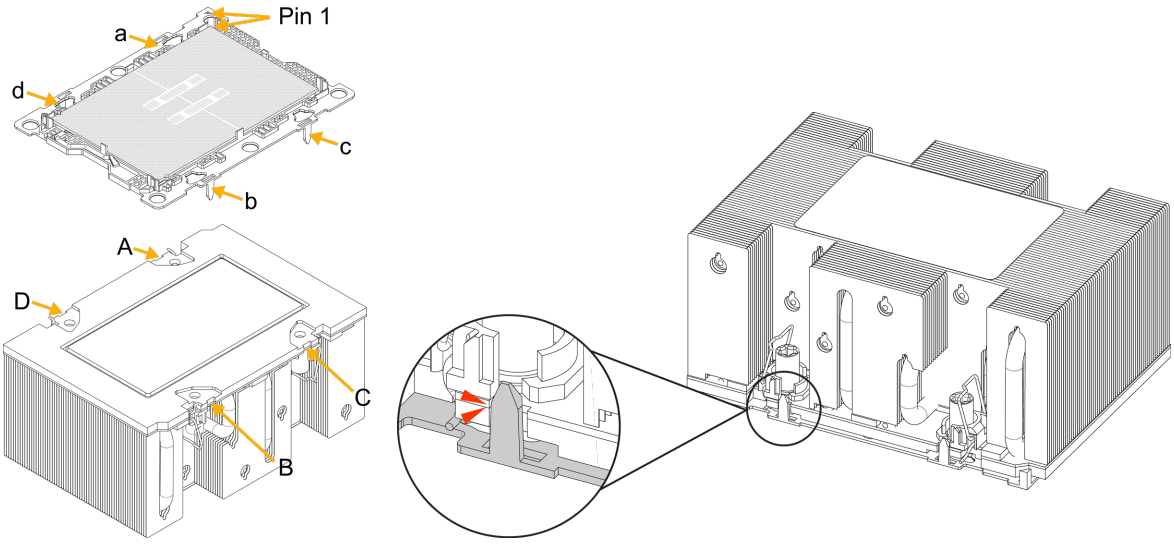


Figure 3-19. Carrier with 2U Heatsink (Left), PHM Plastic Clips Locked (Right)

3. Examine all corners to ensure that the plastic clips on the processor carrier are firmly attached to the heatsink.

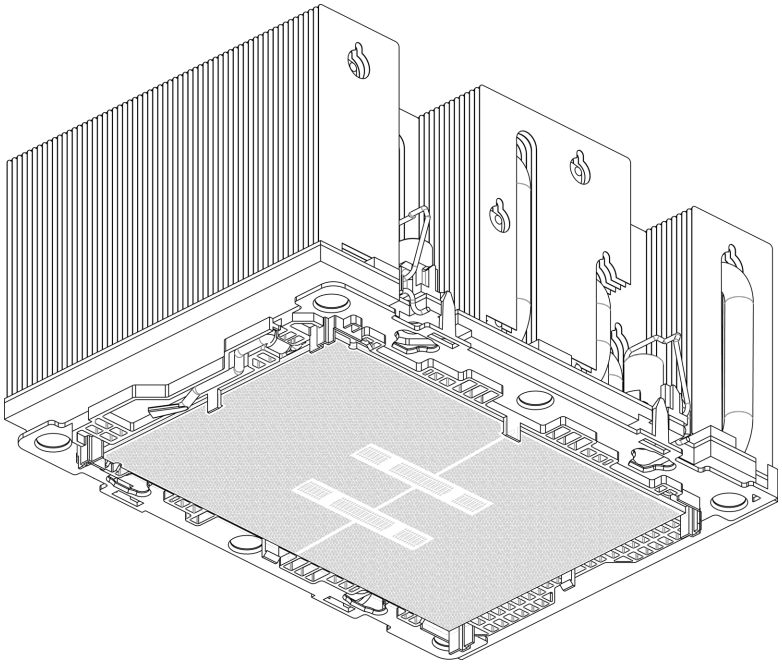


Figure 3-20. PHM Completed

Preparing to Install the PHM into the Processor Socket

After assembling the Processor Heatsink Module (PHM), you are ready to install it into the processor socket. To ensure the proper installation, follow the procedures below:

1. Locate the four threaded fasteners (marked a, b, c, and d) on the processor socket.

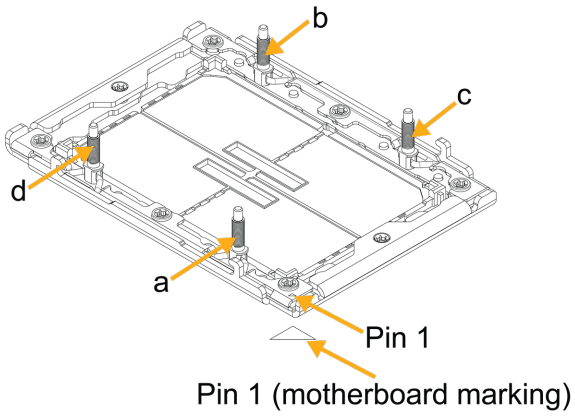


Figure 3-21. Threaded Fasteners

2. Locate the four PEEK nuts (marked A, B, C, and D) and four rotating wires (marked 1, 2, 3, and 4) on the heatsink. Align the PEEK nuts with the threads on the LGA-7529 (marked a, b, c, d).

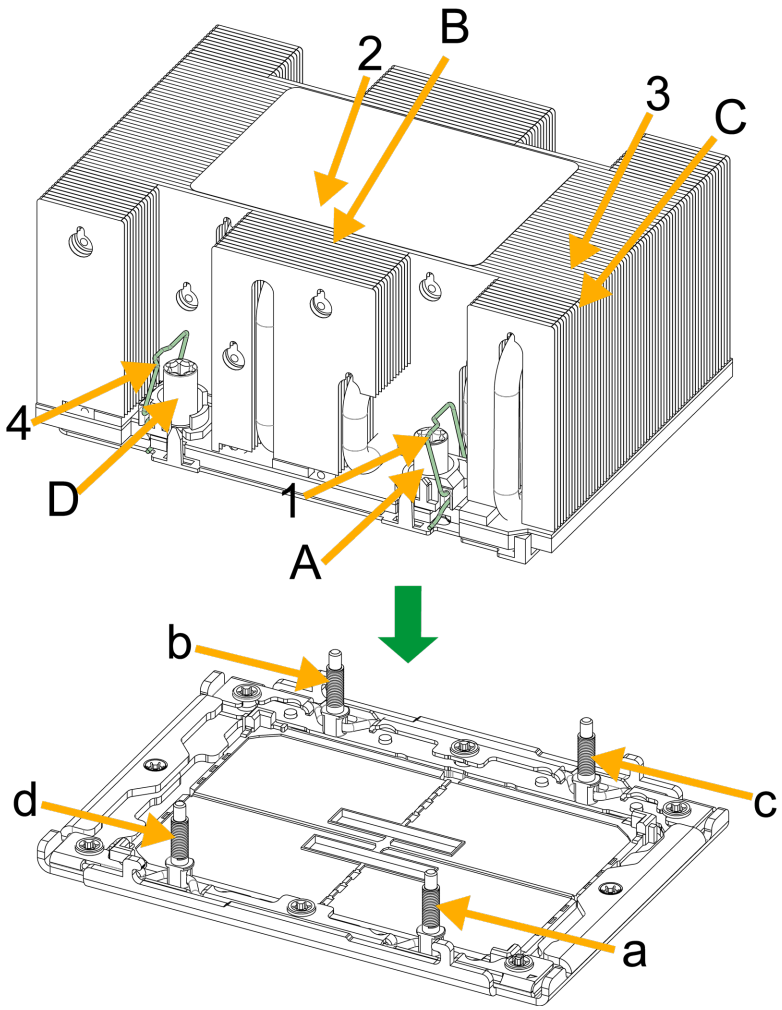


Figure 3-22. PEEK Nuts and Rotating Wires

3. Check the rotating wires (marked 1, 2, 3, and 4) to make sure that they are at unlatched positions before installing the PHM into the processor socket.

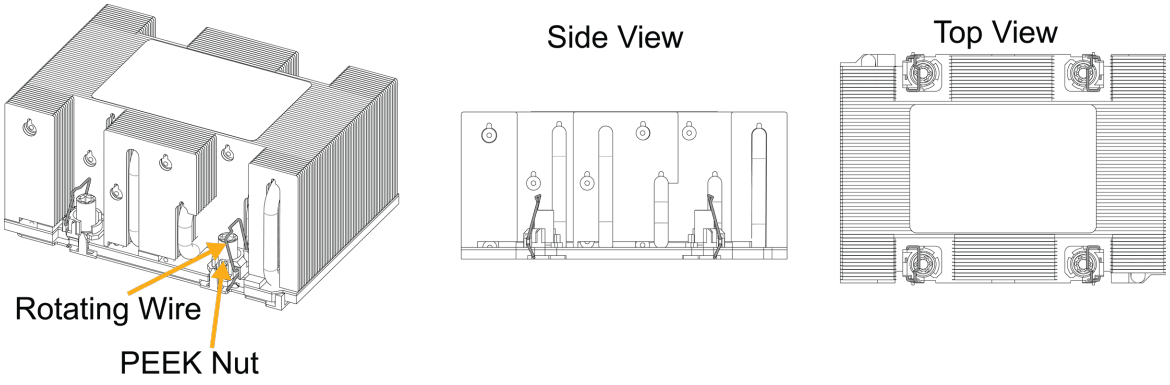


Figure 3-23. Unlatched Positions

Preparing the Processor Socket for Installation

This motherboard comes with a plastic protective cover installed on the processor socket. Remove it from the socket to install the Processor Heatsink Module (PHM). Gently pull up one corner of the plastic protective cover to remove it.

1. Press the tabs inward.

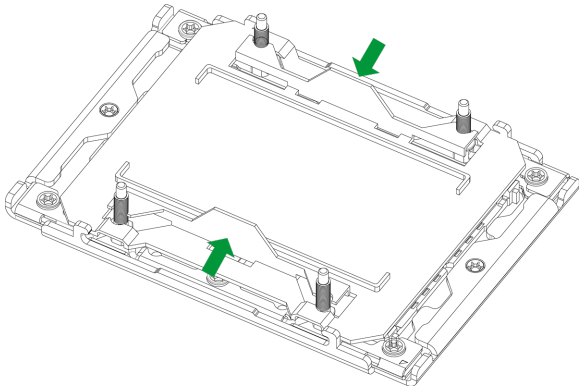


Figure 3-24. Processor Socket with Plastic Protective Cover

2. Pull up the protective cover from the socket.

Note: Do not touch or bend the socket pins.

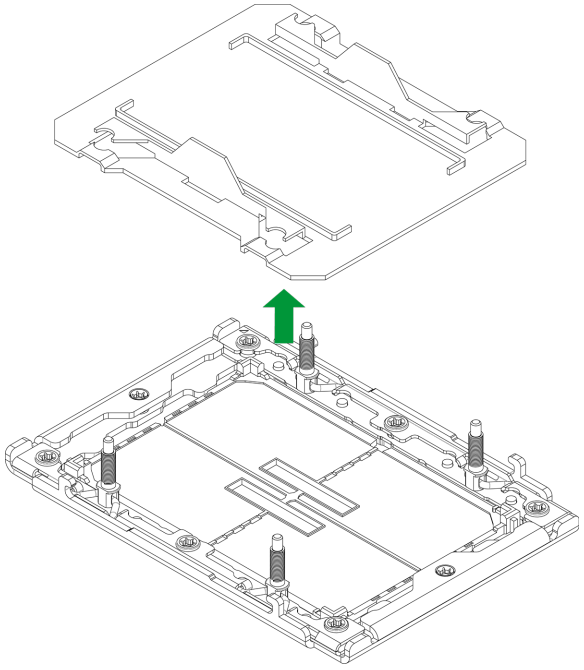


Figure 3-25. Plastic Protective Cover Removed

Installing the Processor Heatsink Module

1. Align pin 1 of the PHM with the printed triangle on the processor socket.
2. Make sure all four PEEK nuts of the heatsink (marked A, B, C, and D) are aligned with the threaded fasteners (marked a, b, c, and d), then gently place the heatsink on top of the processor socket.

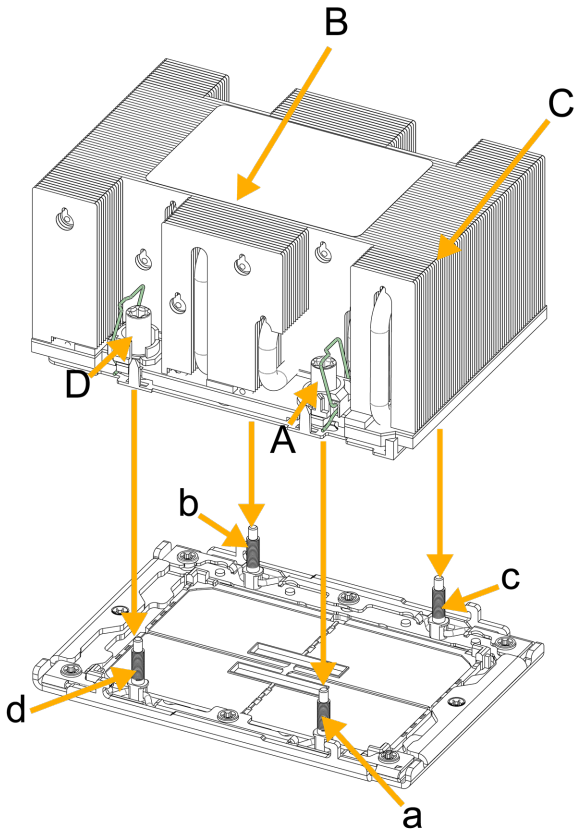


Figure 3-26. Aligning the 2U Heatsink with the Socket

3. Press all four rotating wires inwards and make sure that the heatsink is securely latched into the processor socket.

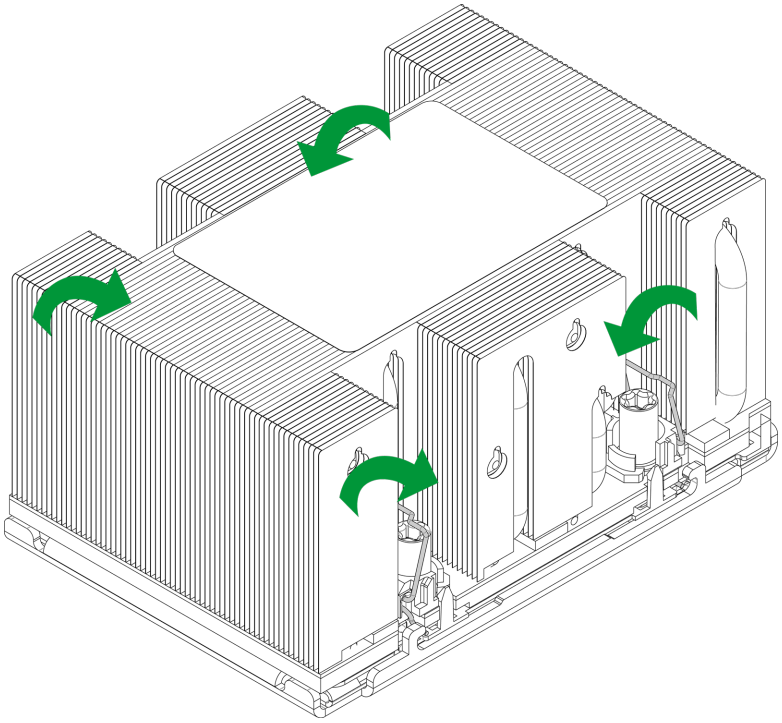


Figure 3-27. Latching the PHM

4. With a T30 bit torque driver set to a force of 8.0 lbf-in (0.904 N-m), gradually tighten the four screws to ensure even pressure. You can start with any screw, but make sure to tighten the screws in a diagonal pattern.

Important: Do not use a force greater than 8.0 lbf-in (0.904 N-m). Exceeding this force may over-torque the screw, causing damage to the processor, heatsink, and screw.

5. Examine all corners to ensure that the PHM is firmly attached to the socket.

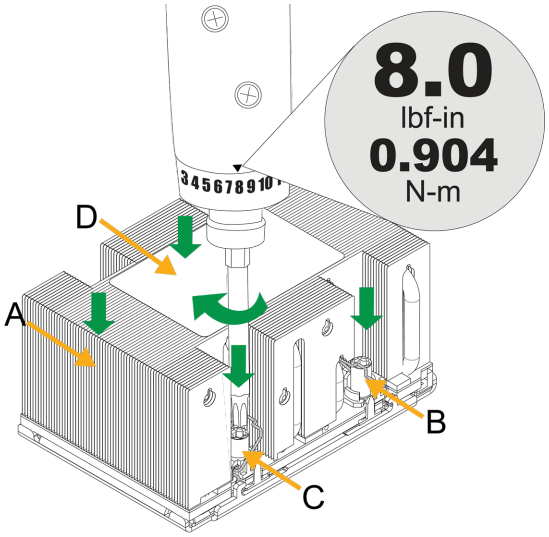


Figure 3-28. Installing the PHM with a Torque Driver

Removing the Processor Heatsink Module

Before removing the processor heatsink module (PHM) from the motherboard, shut down the system and then unplug the AC power cord from all power supplies.

Then follow the steps below:

1. Use a screwdriver to loosen the four screws. You can start with any screw, but make sure to loosen the screws in a diagonal pattern.

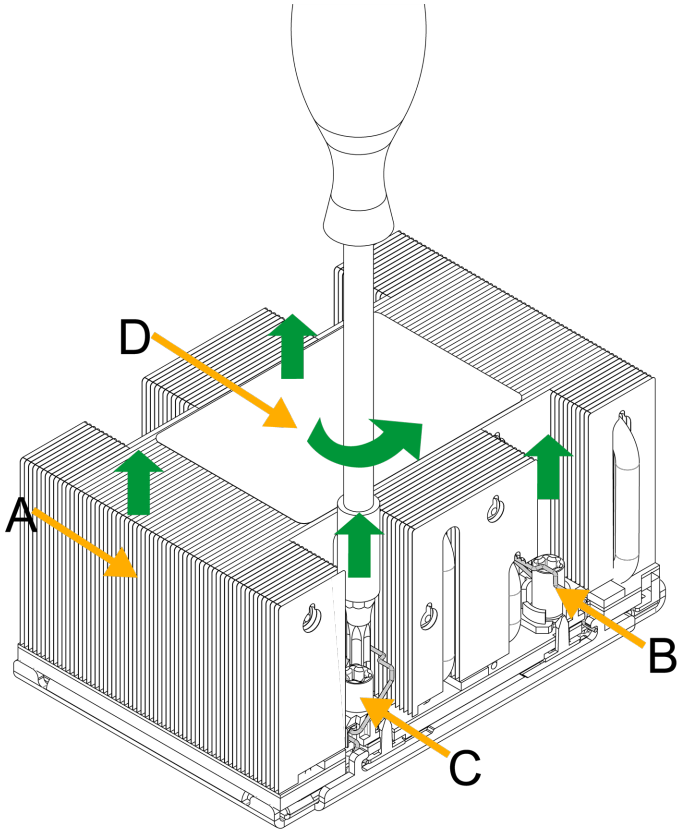


Figure 3-29. Loosening the Screws

2. Press the four rotating wires outwards to unlatch the PHM from the socket.

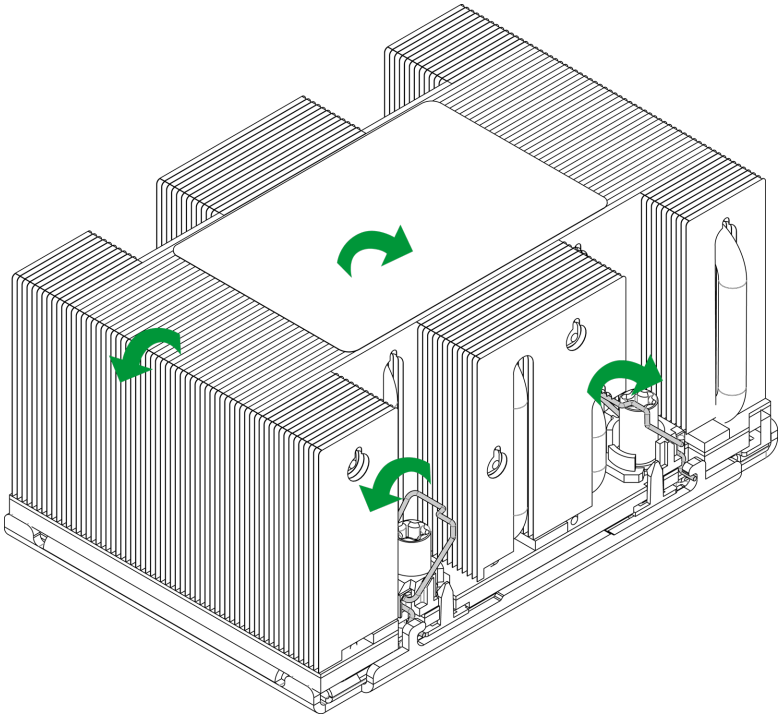


Figure 3-30. Unlatching the PHM

3. Gently lift the PHM upwards to remove it from the socket.

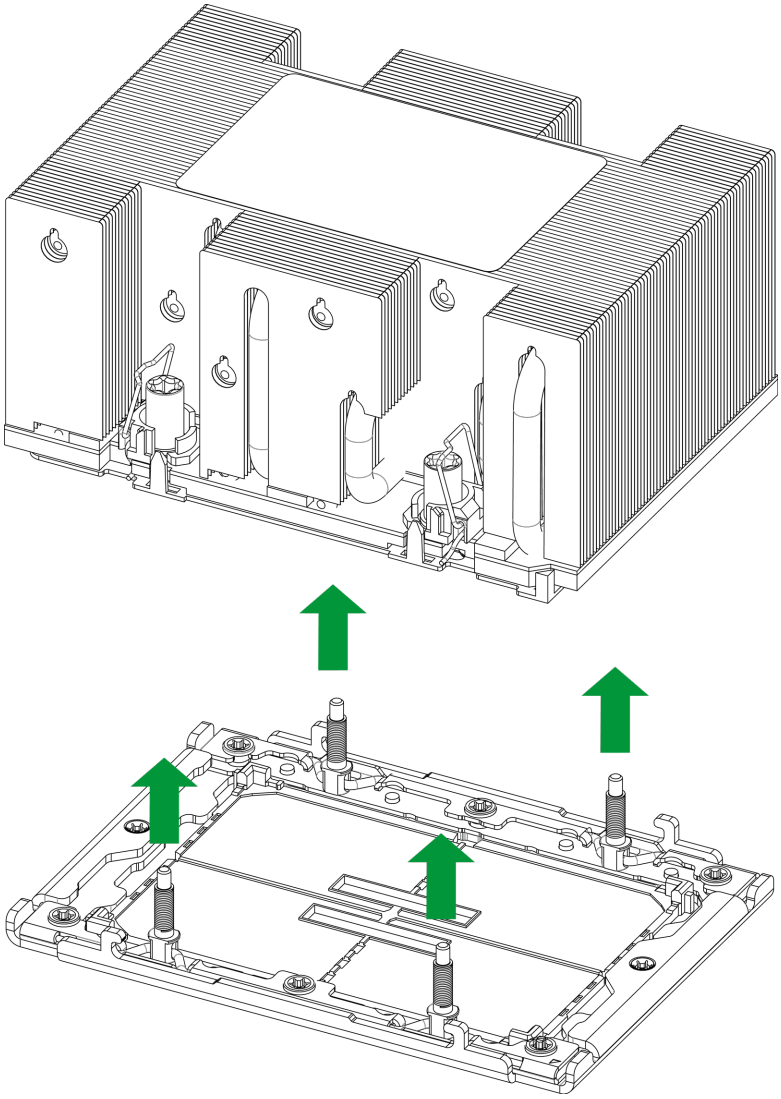


Figure 3-31. Removing the PHM from the Socket

4. To remove the processor from the heatsink, gently lift the lever from the processor carrier.

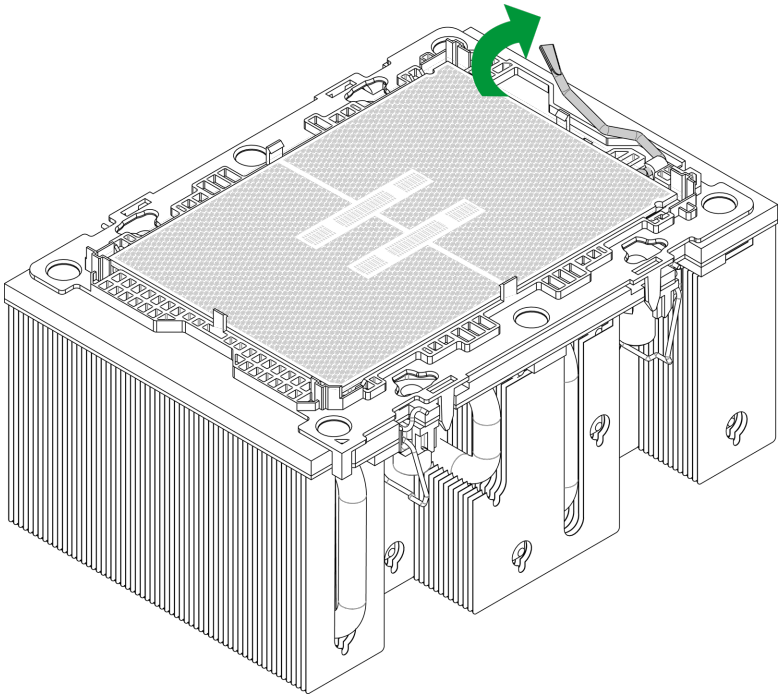


Figure 3-32. Carrier with 2U Heatsink

5. To remove the processor, move the lever to its unlocked position and gently remove the processor.

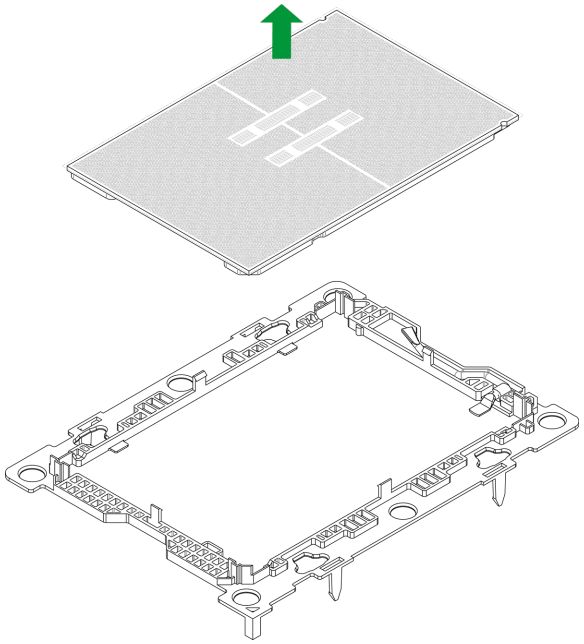


Figure 3-33. Removing the Processor

3.5 Memory Support and Installation

Important: To prevent any damage, exercise extreme care when installing or removing memory modules.

Note: Check the Supermicro website for recommended memory modules.

Memory Support

The X14SBT-GAP motherboard features 12 memory slots. These memory slots support up to 3 TB of ECC DDR5 RDIMM memory with speeds of up to 6400 MT/s (1DPC RDIMM) or 8800 MT/s (1DPC MRDIMM).

Intel® Xeon® 6900-Series Processors with P-Cores DDR and MRDIMM Memory Configuration Support Table							
Memory Channels	**DIMM Type**	**Slots Per Channel**	**DIMMs Per Channel**	**Slot 0 DIMM Ranks, Width**	**Slot 0 DIMM Ranks, Capacity (GB)**	**DIMM Organization**	**DIMM Density (Gb)**
12	RDIMM	1	1	2Rx8	32	5x8	16
12	RDIMM	1	1	1Rx4	32	10x4	16
12	RDIMM	1	1	2Rx8	48	5x8	24
12	RDIMM	1	1	1Rx4	48	10x4	24
12	RDIMM	1	1	2Rx4	64	10x4	16
12	RDIMM	1	1	2Rx4	96	10x4	24
12	RDIMM	1	1	2Rx4	128	10x4	32
12	RDIMM	1	1	4H 3DS	256	10x4	16
12	MRDIMM	1	1	2Rx8	32	5x8	16
12	MRDIMM	1	1	2Rx8	48	5x8	24
12	MRDIMM	1	1	2Rx4	64	10x4	16
12	MRDIMM	1	1	4Rx8	64	5x8	16
12	MRDIMM	1	1	2Rx4	96	10x4	24
12	MRDIMM	1	1	4Rx8	96	5x8	24
12	MRDIMM	1	1	2Rx4	128	10x4	32

Intel® Xeon® 6900-Series Processors with P-Cores DDR5 Memory Population Table (1 Processor and 12 DIMMs Installed, 1DPC)	
DIMM Counts	***Memory Population Sequence (1DPC)***
1 Processor and 1 DIMM	DIMMA1
1 Processor and 8 DIMMs	DIMMC1/DIMMD1/DIMME1/DIMMF1/DIMMI1/DIMMJ1/DIMMK1/DIMML1
1 Processor and 8 DIMMs	DIMMA1/DIMMB1/DIMMD1/DIMME1/DIMMG1/DIMMH1/DIMMJ1/DIMMK1
1 Processor and 8 DIMMs	DIMMA1/DIMMB1/DIMMC1/DIMMF1/DIMMG1/DIMMH1/DIMMI1/DIMML1
1 Processor and 12 DIMMs	DIMMA1/DIMMB1/DIMMC1/DIMMF1/DIMME1/DIMMF1/ DIMMG1/DIMMH1/DIMMI1/DIMMJ1/DIMMK1/DIMML1

DDR5 Memory Support for Intel® Xeon® 6900-Series Processors with P-Cores					
Type	**Ranks Per DIMM, Data Width (Stack)**	**DIMM Capacity (GB)**			**Speed (MT/s); Voltage (V); Slots per Channel (SPC) and DIMMs per Channel (DPC)**
		DRAM Density			**1DPC/1SPC**
		16 Gb	**24 Gb**	**32 Gb**	**+1.1 V**
RDIMM	1Rx4	32 GB	48 GB	-	6400, 6000, 5600, 5200, 4800 (DDR5-6400 rated RDIMMs only)
	2Rx8	32 GB	48 GB	-	
	2Rx4	64 GB	96 GB	128 GB	
3DS RDIMM	8Rx4	256 GB	-	-	
	4Rx4	-	-	256 GB	
MRDIMM	2Rx8	32 GB	48 GB	-	8800, 8000, 7200 (MRDIMM-8800 only)
	2Rx4	64 GB	96 GB	128 GB	
	4Rx8	64 GB	96 GB	-	
	4Rx4 (2U)	128 GB	-	-	
	4Rx4 (2U)	-	-	256 GB	

Notes:

- Intel Xeon 6900-series processors with P-cores supports 1DPC configuration only
- Intel Xeon 6900-series processors with P-cores supports 1DIMM per processor socket with the following DIMM configuration only: 32 GB 2Rx8

CXL Memory Configuration Support for Intel® Xeon® 6900-Series Processors with P-Cores								
Native DDR5 Memory Per Socket				CXL Memory Per Socket				
Slot 1 DIMM Ranks	SLOT 1 DIMM Capacity (GB)	DIMM Type	DRAM Density (Gb)	CXL Memory Channels	CXL Memory Type	CXL Capacity Per Device/Module	CXL Interleave	CXL Mode
2Rx4	64	10x4	16	1+1	DDR5 x16	2ch 64 GB	Hetero x16	Hetero
2Rx4	64	10x4	16	2+2+2+2	DDR5 x8	64 GB	1x8*, 2x4, 4x2	1LM+Vol
2Rx4	64	10x4	16	1+1+1	DDR4 x8	128 GB	1x3 (BIOS)	1LM + Intel Flat Memory Mode

Notes:

1. The items with an asterisk (*) are the default settings in the BIOS
2. The Intel Xeon 6900-series processors with P-cores CXL memory configurations are 1DPC only for native DDR5
3. CXL Memory Channel: number of devices per root port, with root ports separated by "+", e.g. 2+2+2+2 = four root ports populated with two devices per root port
4. CXL Interleave: sets x ways, e.g. 2x4 = Set of two modules, interleaved four-way
5. CXL Modes:

- 1LM + Vol = DDR5 ('1LM') and (volatile) CXL memory visible to SW as separate tiers, separately interleaved
- Hetero x16 = DDR5 and (volatile) CXL memory interleaved together in one 16-way set
- Flat Memory Mode = HW manages data movement between DDR5 and CXL memory, total capacity visible to SW

General Guidelines for Optimizing Memory Performance

- It is recommended to use DDR5 memory of the same type, size, and speed.
- Mixed DIMM speeds can be installed. However, all DIMMs will run at the speed of the slowest DIMM.

- The motherboard will support an odd number amount of memory modules. However, to achieve the best memory performance, a balanced memory population is recommended.

DIMM Installation

Important: To avoid causing any damage to the memory module or the DIMM socket, do not use excessive force when pressing the release tabs on the ends of the DIMM socket. Handle memory modules with care. To avoid ESD-related damage to your memory modules or components, carefully follow all the instructions given in "Static-Sensitive Devices" on page 39.

1. Insert the desired number of DIMMs into the memory slots based on the recommended DIMM population table earlier in this section.
2. Push the release tabs outwards on both ends of the DIMM slot to unlock it.

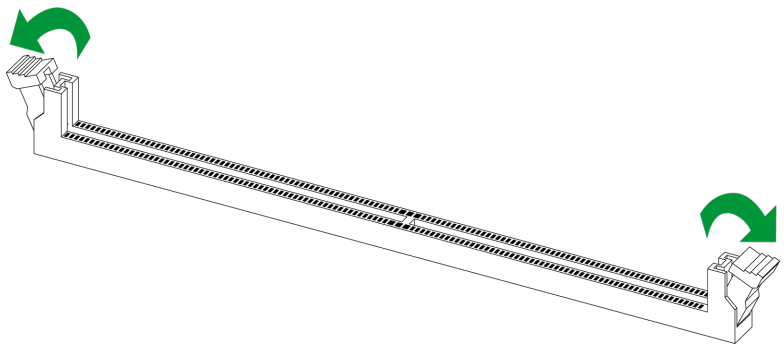


Figure 3-34. Unlocking the DIMM Slot

3. Align the key of the DIMM with the receptive point on the memory slot.

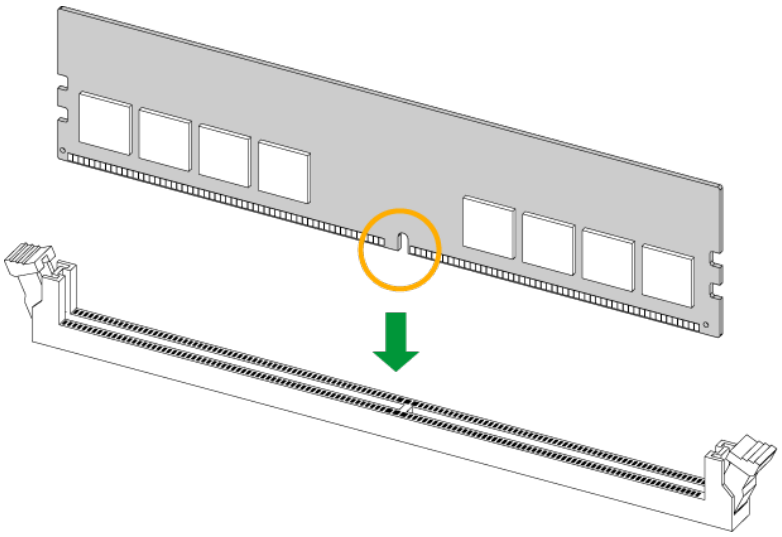


Figure 3-35. Aligning the DIMM Slot with the Receptive Point

4. Align the notches on both ends of the module against the receptive points on the ends of the slot.

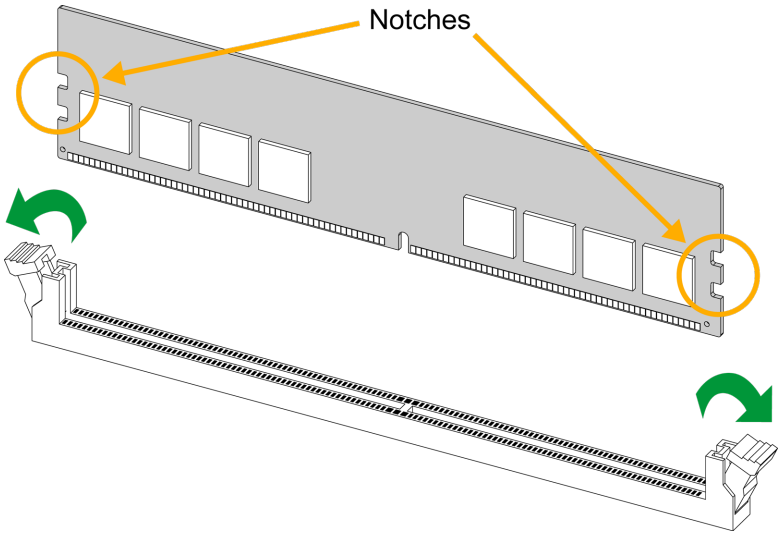


Figure 3-36. Aligning the Notches

5. Press both ends of the module straight down into the slot until the module snaps into place.
6. Press the release tabs to the lock positions to secure the DIMM into the slot.

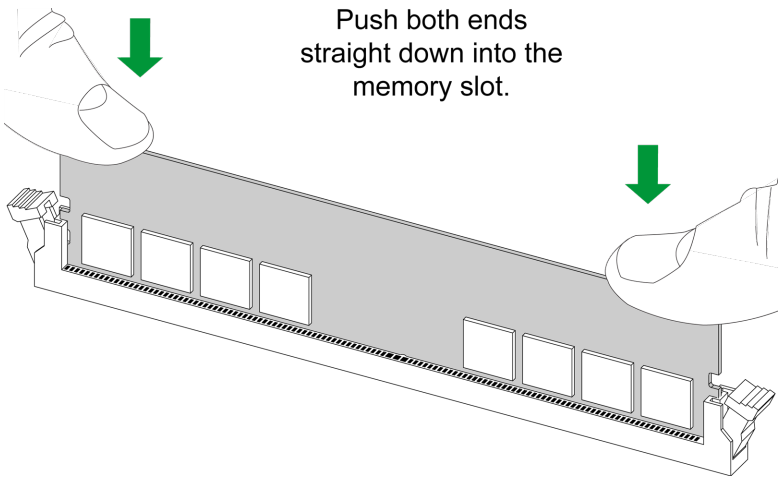


Figure 3-37. Securing the DIMM

For a detailed diagram of the X14SBT-GAP motherboard, see the layout under "Motherboard Quick Reference" on page 21.

DIMM Removal

Important: To avoid causing any damage to the memory module or the DIMM socket, do not use excessive force when pressing the release tabs on the ends of the DIMM socket. Handle memory modules with care. To avoid ESD-related damage to your memory modules or components, carefully follow all the instructions given in "Static-Sensitive Devices" on page 39.

Press both release tabs on the ends of the DIMM socket to unlock it. Once the DIMM is loosened, remove it from the memory slot.

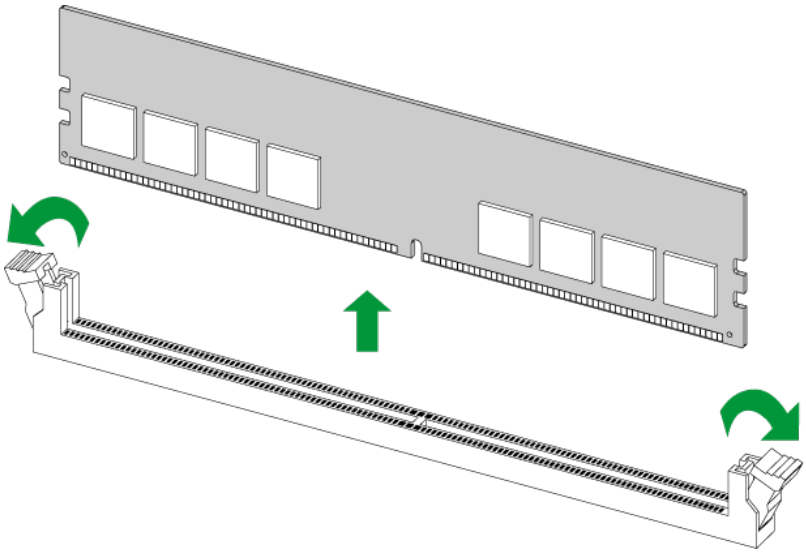


Figure 3-38. Unlocking the DIMM Slot

For a detailed diagram of the X14SBT-GAP motherboard, see the layout under "Motherboard Quick Reference" on page 21.

3.6 Motherboard Battery Removal and Installation

Battery Removal

To remove the onboard battery, follow the steps below:

1. Power off your system and unplug your power cable.
2. Place the system on a workbench.
3. Remove the top cover from the system.
4. Locate the onboard battery as shown below.
5. Using a tool such as a pen or a small screwdriver, push the battery lock outwards to unlock it. Once unlocked, the battery will pop out from the holder.
6. Remove the battery.

Proper Battery Disposal

Important: Handle used batteries carefully. Do not damage the battery in any way; a damaged battery may release hazardous materials into the environment. Do not discard a used battery in the garbage or a public landfill. Comply with the regulations set up by your local hazardous waste management agency to dispose of your used battery properly.

Battery Installation

To install an onboard battery, follow steps 1 and 2 above and continue below:

Important: When replacing a battery, be sure to only replace it with the same type.

1. Identify the battery's polarity. The positive (+) side should be facing up.
2. Insert the battery into the battery holder and push it down until you hear a click to ensure that the battery is securely locked.

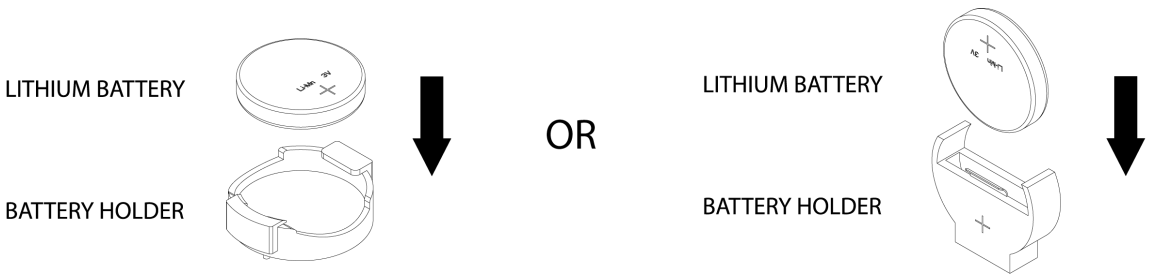


Figure 3-39. Installing a Battery

3.7 Storage Drives

The SYS-212GT-DNAF chassis supports up to eight storage drives (up to four 2.5" NVMe drives per node) in drive carriers to simplify their removal from the chassis. These carriers also help promote proper airflow.

To support two additional NVMe drives per node, the system requires the installation of the NVMe enablement kit below: one BPN-NVME5-826N-B2B, one CBL-MCIO-1240M5, one CBL-PWEX-1131-20, and two MCP-220-00167-0B.

Drive Carrier Indicators

Each drive carrier has two LED indicators: an activity indicator and a status indicator. For RAID configurations using a controller, the meaning of the status indicator is described in the table below. For OS RAID or non-RAID configurations, some LED indications are not supported, such as hot spare.

Drive Carrier LED Indicators			
	Color	**Blinking Pattern**	**Status of Device**
Activity LED	Blue	Solid On	NVMe drive installed
	Blue	Blinking	I/O Activity
Status LED	Red	Solid On	Failure of drive
	Red	Blinking at 1 Hz	Rebuild drive/locate drive
	Green	Solid On	Save to remove in NVMe device (not supported in VMD mode)
	Amber	Blinking at 1 Hz	Attention state—do not remove NVMe device (eject in progress) (not supported in VMD mode)

Note: Enterprise-level storage modules are recommended for use in Supermicro servers.

Drive Configuration



Figure 3-40. Logical Storage Drive Locations

Installing Drives

Drives in the SYS-212GT-DNAF server are kept in removable drive carriers.

Removing a Drive Carrier from the Chassis

1. Press the release button on the drive carrier. This extends the drive carrier handle.
2. Use the handle to pull the carrier out of the chassis.
3. Remove the dummy drive from the carrier.

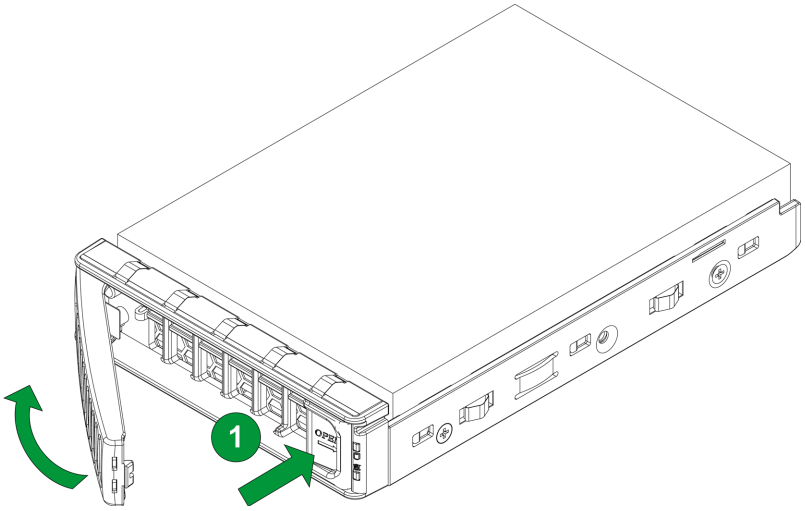


Figure 3-41. Removing a Drive Carrier

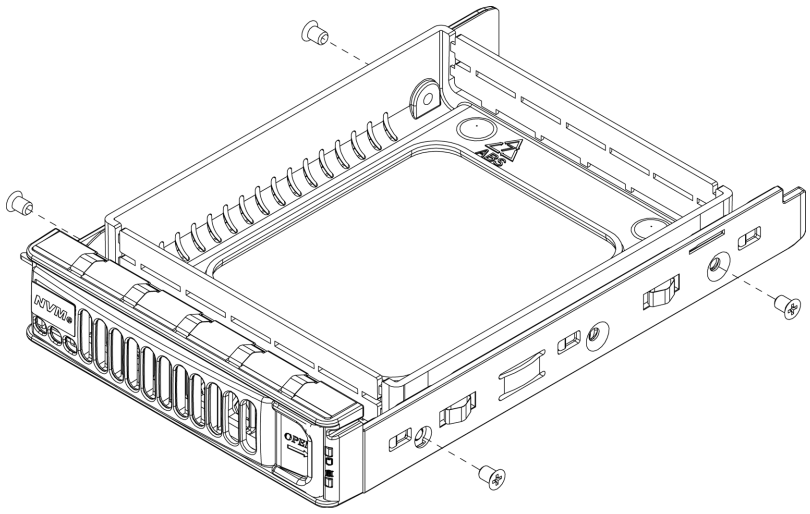


Figure 3-42. Removing a Dummy Drive from the Drive Carrier

Installing a Drive in a Carrier

1. Install a new drive into the carrier with the printed circuit board side facing down so that the mounting holes in the drive align with those in the carrier.
2. Secure the storage drive into the carrier with the screws.
3. Insert the drive and carrier into its bay with the release button on the right. When the carrier reaches the rear of the bay, the release handle starts to retract.
4. Push the upper part of the drive carrier handle until it clicks into the locked position.

Hot-Swap for NVMe Drives

Supermicro servers support NVMe surprise hot-swap. For even better data security, NVMe orderly hot-swap is recommended. NVMe drives can be ejected and replaced remotely using BMC.

Ejecting a Drive

1. **BMC > Server Health > NVMe SSD**
2. Select Device, Group, and Slot, and click **Eject**. After ejecting, the drive Status LED indicator turns green.
3. Remove the drive.

Note that Device and Group are categorized by the CPLD design architecture.

A Slot is the slot number on which the NVMe drives are mounted.

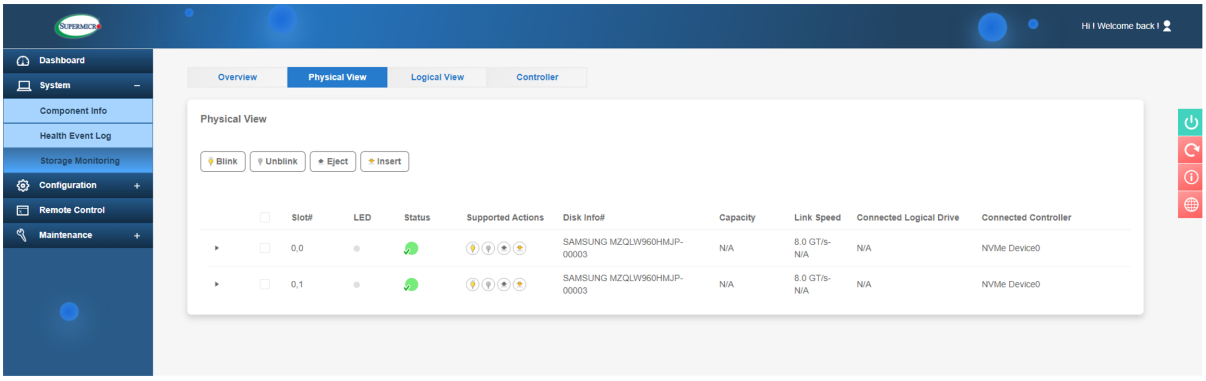


Figure 3-43. BMC Screenshot

Replacing a Drive

1. Insert the replacement drive.
2. **BMC > System > Storage Monitor > Physical View**
3. Select Device, Group, and slot and click **Insert**. The drive Status LED indicator flashes red, then turns off. The Activity LED turns blue.

3.8 System Cooling

Refer to the following sections for information about the cooling capabilities of the SYS-212GT-DNAF server.

Fans

The chassis fans are not hot-swap, and the system must be powered down before replacing them.

Changing a System Fan

1. Determine which fan is failing. If possible, use BMC. If not, remove the chassis cover while the power is on and examine the fans to determine which one has failed.
2. After finding the failed fan, power down the system and remove the AC power cables.
3. Remove the system from the rack and place it on a flat surface.
4. Remove the top rear cover as described in Accessing the System.
5. Remove the four screws that secure the fan to the chassis.
6. Lift the fan out of the chassis.
7. To install, place the new fan in the vacated location and secure it with the screws previously removed.
8. Attach the fan cables to the same fan header the failed fan used.
9. Replace and secure the chassis cover with the four cover screws.
10. Place the system back in the rack and secure it.
11. Plug the AC cables back into the power supplies and power on the system.

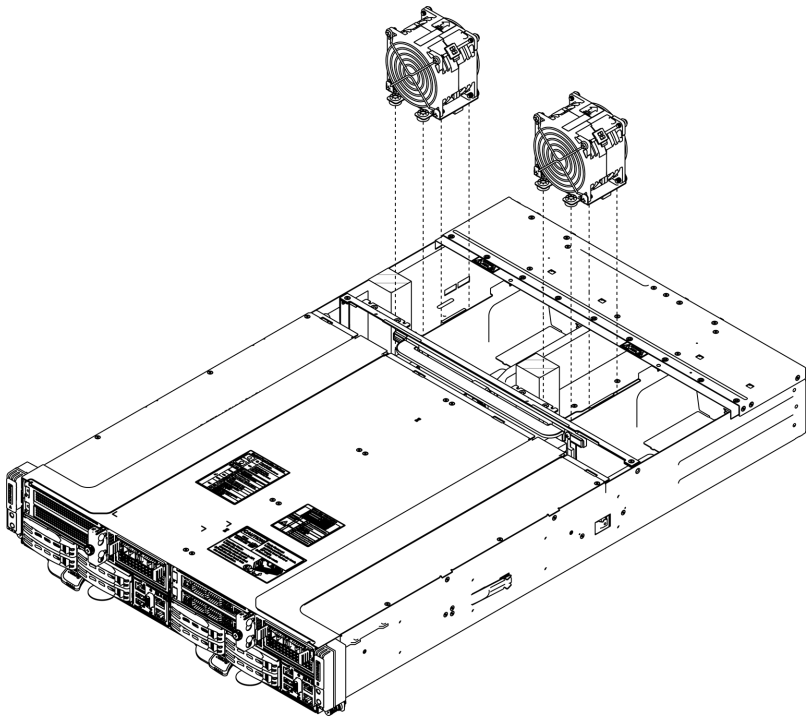


Figure 3-44. Installing a Fan

Air Shrouds

The system requires air shrouds for each node to maximize airflow efficiency. The motherboard, any expansion cards, and all components must be installed in the node tray. Place the air shroud as pictured and secure with the screws.

Installing the Airshroud

1. First, ensure the CPU, CPU heatsinks, and DIMMs are installed.
2. Align the mountings screw holes in the plastic air shroud with those in the node interior and lower the air shroud into the node until it is firmly seated.
3. Secure the air shroud with the thumbsrews provided. Be careful that the air shroud legs at either end do not interfere with any motherboard components such as cables.
4. Secure the cable protector with the two screws tightened on top of the two tall standoffs in order to cover or manage any loose cables that interfere with the air shroud placement.

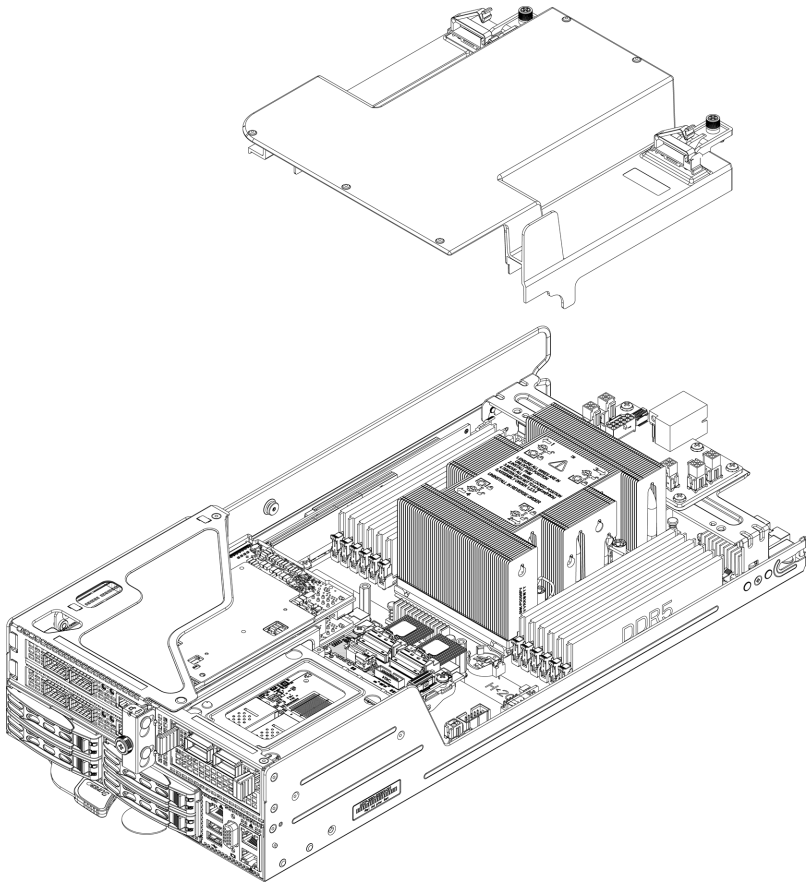


Figure 3-45. Installing the Air Shroud

3.9 Expansion Cards and Riser Cables

The SYS-212GT-DNAF server includes riser cables that provide PCIe connectivity by extending the system board slots to the chassis expansion card area.

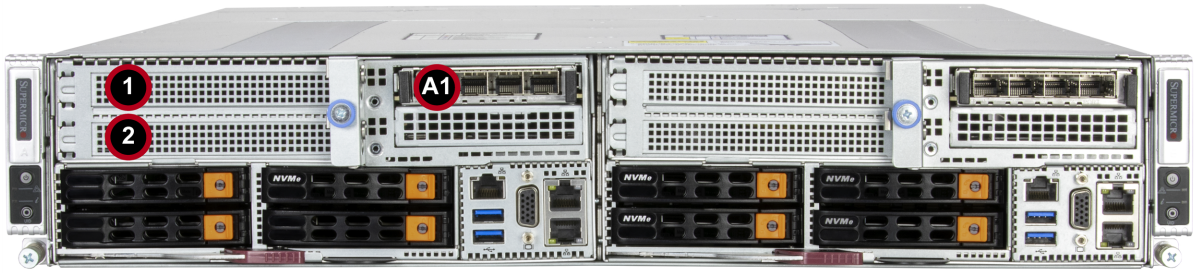


Figure 3-46. Expansion Card Slots

PCIe Slots Per Node	
Slot	**Description**
1	PCIe 5.0 x16 (FHHL default)
2	PCIe 5.0 x16 (FHHL default)
A1 (Optional)	PCIe 5.0 x16 AIOM

Each node in the SYS-212GT-DNAF includes a riser cable bracket to support the use of expansion (add-on) cards.

Before following the procedure below to install PCIe cards, turn off and remove power from the respective node.

Installing PCIe Cards

1. Pull out the node and pull up the riser cable bracket on the left side (looking from the node front). Open the clip of each slot on the right.
2. Remove the blank PCI shield.
3. Connect the PCIe cards to the PCIe slots from the riser cable.

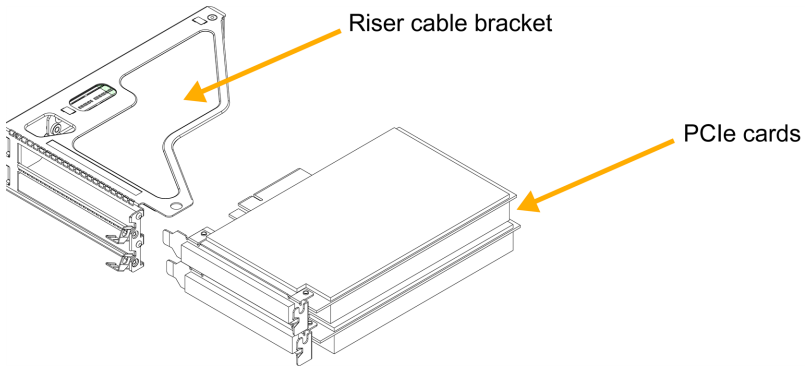


Figure 3-47. Installing PCIe Cards

4. Route the riser cable through the riser cable bracket, and secure the riser cable bracket back on to the chassis.
5. Replace the node, and power it back on.

3.10 GPU Installation and Removal

GPU Installation

Before you begin installation, ensure that the required components are available.

Note: To support a 10.5" GPU, each node requires the following components: a 2U L-shape heat sink (SNK-P0098PR), an air shroud (MCP-310-22204-0B), a power cable (CBL-PWEX-1316-30), and a riser bracket (MCP-240-22201-0N).

1. Power down the node using the operating system and disconnect the power cord.
2. Loosen the thumbscrew and pull out the riser bracket from the chassis.
3. Rotate the spring lock and remove the blank PCIe shields.

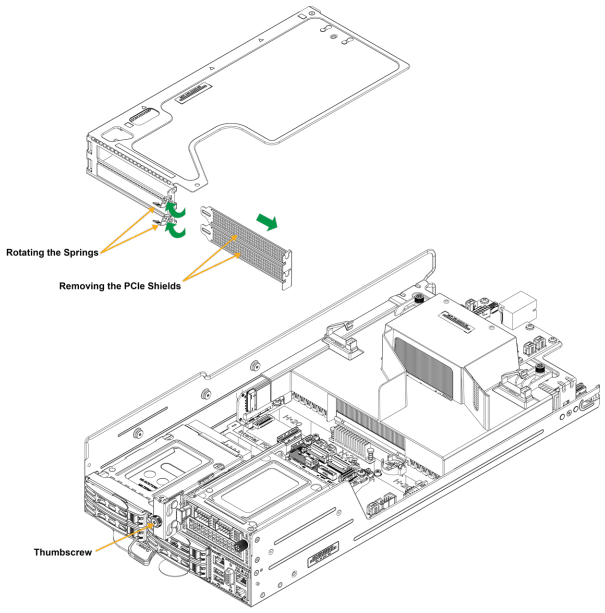


Figure 3-48. PCIe Shield Removal

4. Slide the GPU shield into the open shield slot, then rotate the spring lock to secure the GPU.

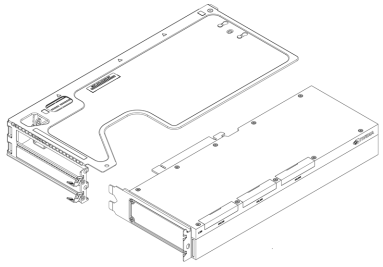


Figure 3-49. Sliding the GPU into the Riser Bracket

5. Insert the riser bracket in the chassis.

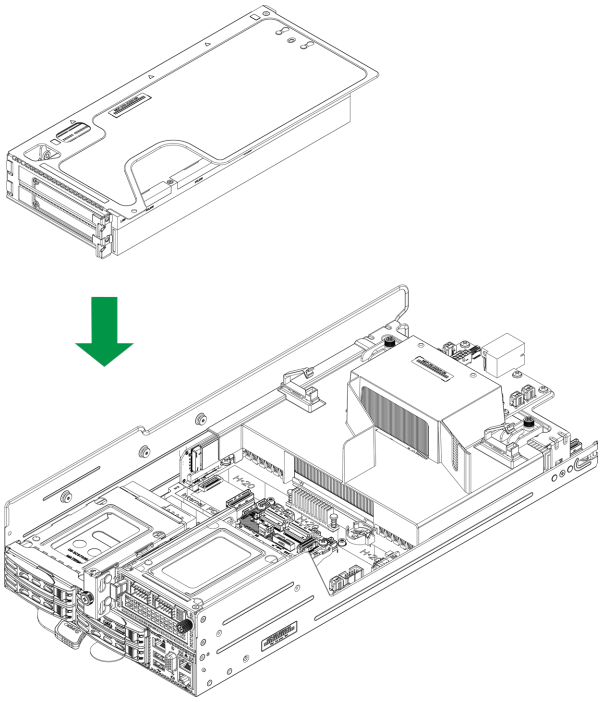


Figure 3-50. Inserting the Riser Bracket in the Chassis

6. Connect the power cable (e.g., CBL-PWEX-1316-30) from the power distribution board to the 12VHPWR power socket on the GPU (e.g., NVIDIA H100 GPU). For example, see System Cable Routing: H100 GPU 12VHPWR.
7. Secure the riser bracket with the thumbscrew.
8. Slide the node tray back into the chassis until it clicks into place.
9. Reconnect all external cables.

GPU Removal

1. Power down the node using the operating system and disconnect the power cord.
2. Loosen the thumbscrew, pull out the riser bracket from the chassis, rotate the springs, and then remove the GPU shield.
3. Remove the riser bracket from the chassis.
4. Disconnect the power cable (e.g., CBL-PWEX-1316-30) from the 12VHPWR power socket on the GPU.
5. Slide the node tray out of the chassis.
6. Reconnect all external cables as needed after removal.

3.11 Cable Routing Diagrams

The below diagrams indicate the cable routing for the storage, PCIe, I/O, and power cables. When disconnecting cables to add or replace components, refer to the diagrams so you can reroute them in the same manner. If cables are not connected or routed properly it may lead to device detection or performance issues.

System Cable Routing: PCIe x16 Slots

Use the required cable assembly, CBL-ASMC-1316DM5YP, for both Slot 1 and Slot 2 on the riser cage. Identify and connect each cable to the designated ports (P1, P2, and P3) on the system board. See the figure below.

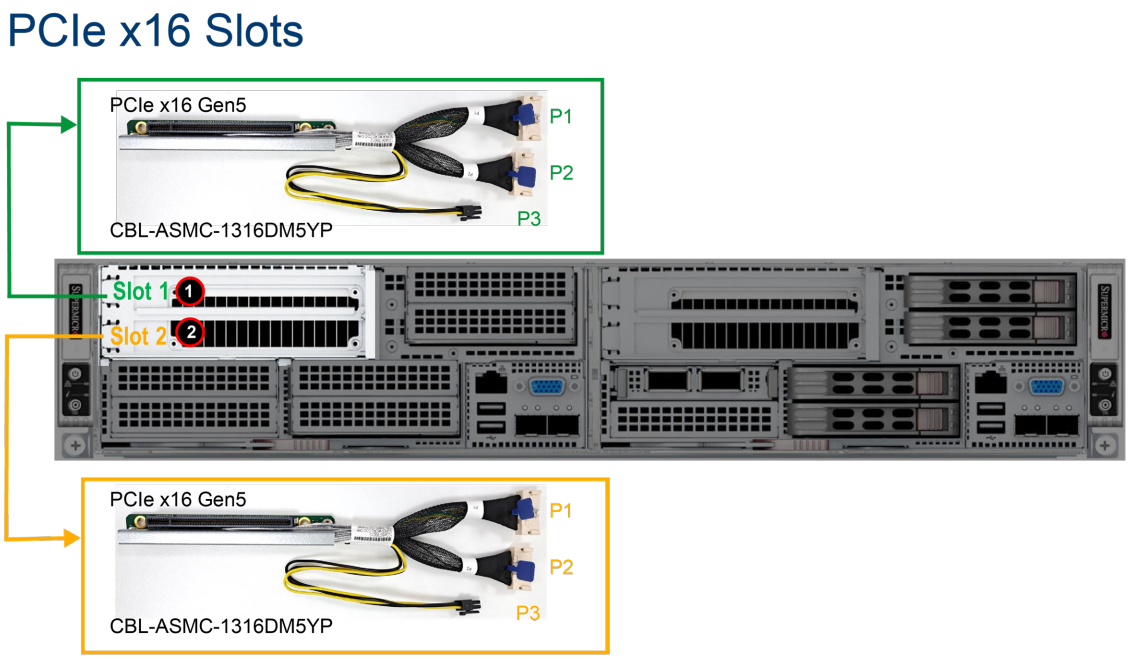


Figure 3-51. Cable Routing: PCIe x16 Slots

System Cable Routing: PCIe x16 Slot 1 and Slot 2

Use CBL-ASMC-1316DM5YP for Slot 1 (upper) and Slot 2 (lower) on the riser cage. Connect P1, P2, and P3 of each cable to the matching headers (JPCIE1A1, JPCIE1B1 for Slot 1; JPCIE2A1, JPCIE2B1 for Slot 2) on the riser cable as shown in the diagram.

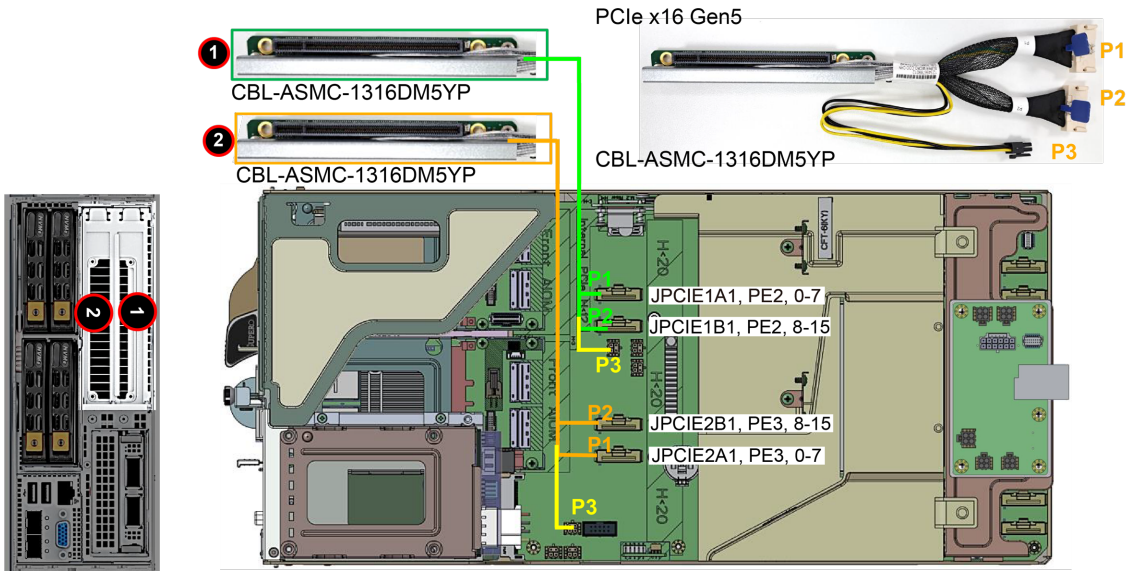


Figure 3-52. Cable Routing: PCIe x16 Slot 1 and Slot 2

System Cable Routing: H100 GPU 12VHPWR

Use cable CBL-PWEX-1316-30 for the NVIDIA H100 GPU. Connect the cable from the power distribution board to the 12VHPWR power socket on the NVIDIA H100 GPU, following the highlighted path as shown in the diagram.

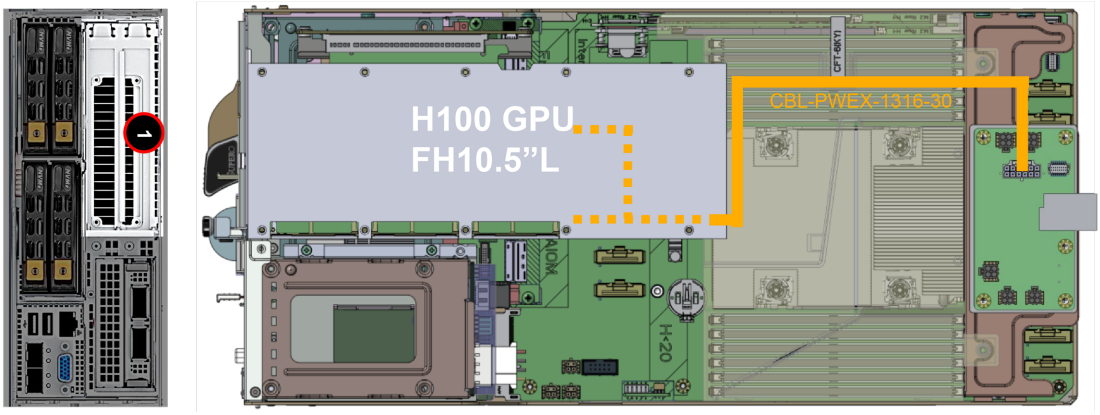


Figure 3-53. Cable Routing: NVIDIA H100 GPU 12VHPWR

System Cable Routing: U.2 HD0-5

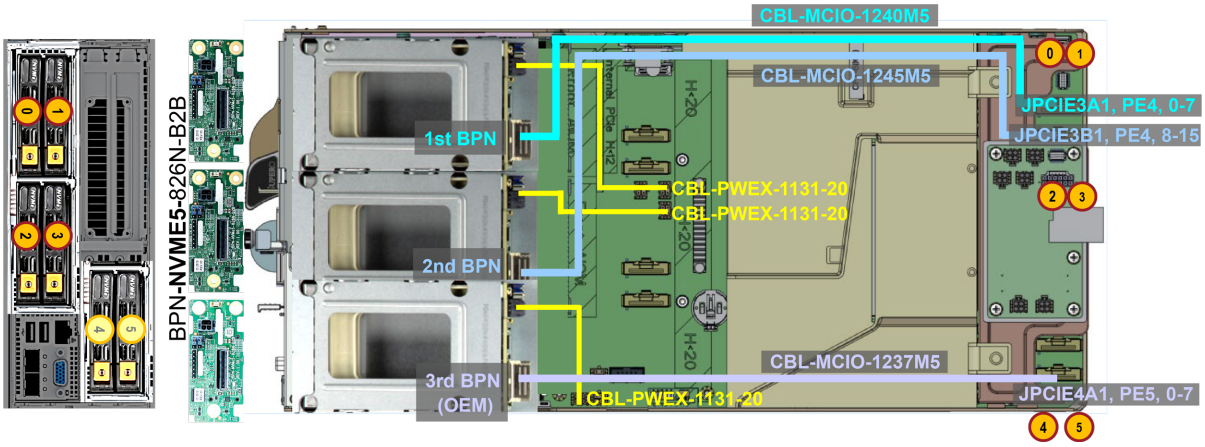


Figure 3-54. Cable Routing: U.2 HD0-5

System Cable Routing: NVMe BPN I²C Address Configuration

To set the correct I²C address for each NVMe backplane (BPN) in the SYS-212GT-DNAF system, use the jumper settings for J3 and J4 as shown in the diagram. The chassis supports up to three backplanes, each controlling two NVMe drives. Refer to the setting table to adjust the jumpers for the first, second, and third backplanes. This ensures each backplane is uniquely identified by the BMC for proper system management.

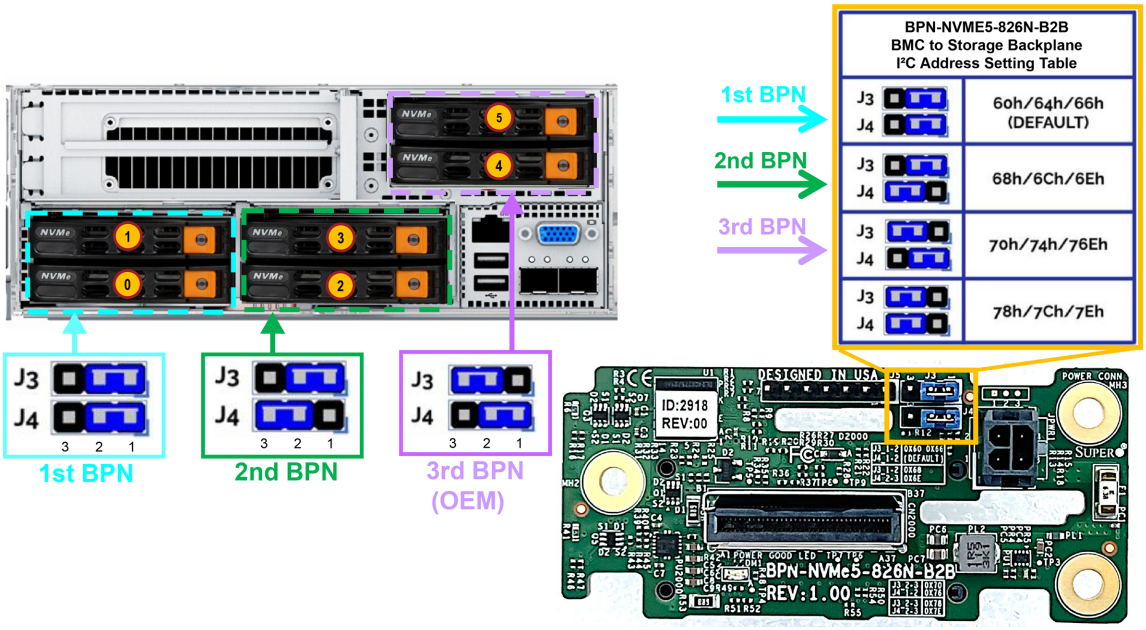


Figure 3-55. NVMe Backplane I²C Address Configuration

System Cable Routing: AIOM Slot A1

"A1" labels indicate Node A1 in the chassis. Use the specified cables to connect the AIOM module (AOM-AIOM-458GT) to the main board and other components. Connect CBL-PWEX-1131-40 for power, CBL-MCIO-1235M5 and CBL-MCIO-1237M5 for PCIe connections, and use CBL-OTHR-0795-25 and CBL-OTHR-1115 for NCSI and sideband signals. Match each cable to its corresponding header (such as JPCIE1A1, JPCIE1B1, JPCIE4A1, JPCIE4B1, JNCSI1, and JAIOMSB1) as shown in the diagram to ensure proper installation and system functionality

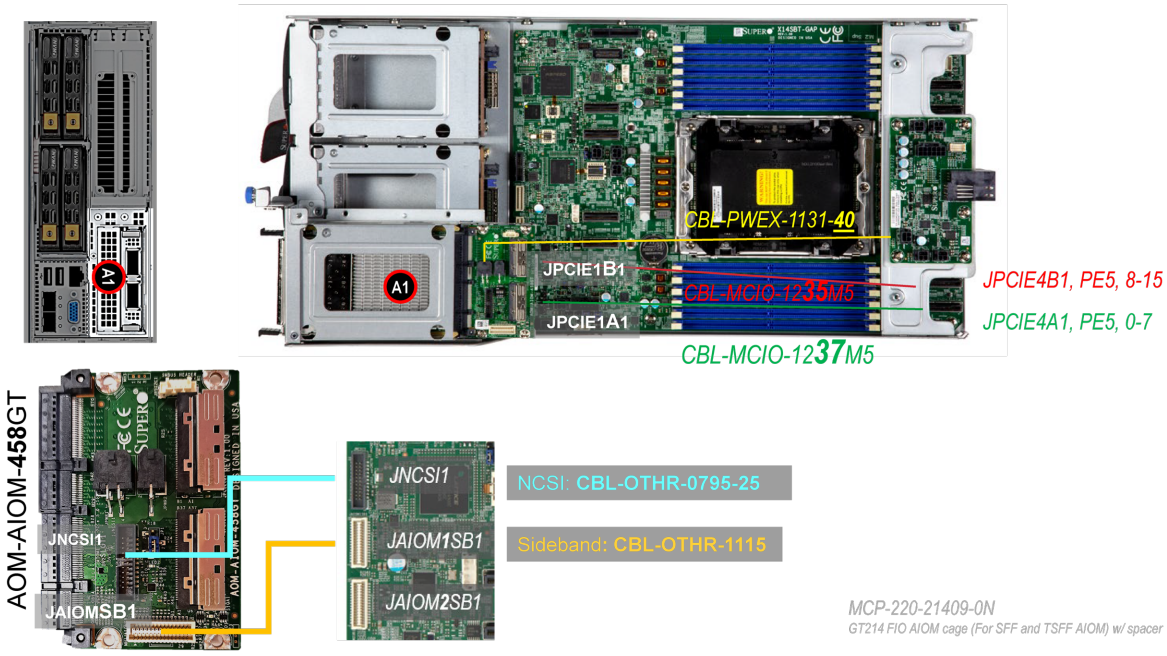


Figure 3-56. Cable Routing: AIOM Slot A1

3.12 Power Supply

The SYS-212GT-DNAF server includes two hot-plug power supply modules. The power supply will automatically sense and operate at an input voltage between 100–240 V. Note that different input voltages will result in different maximum power output levels.

In the event of a power module failure, the other power module will continue to power the system on its own. Failed power supply modules can be replaced without powering down the system. Replacement modules can be ordered directly from Supermicro.

An amber light on the power supply is illuminated when the power is switched off. A green light indicates that the power supply is operating.

Replacing the Power Supply

1. Unplug the AC or DC power cord from the failed power supply module.
2. Press down and hold the release tab on the back of the power supply to release the handle.
3. Grasp the handle of the power supply and pull it out of its bay.
4. insert the new power supply module into the power bay, then press down the release tab until it clicks into the locked position.
5. Plug the AC or DC power cord back into the power supply module.

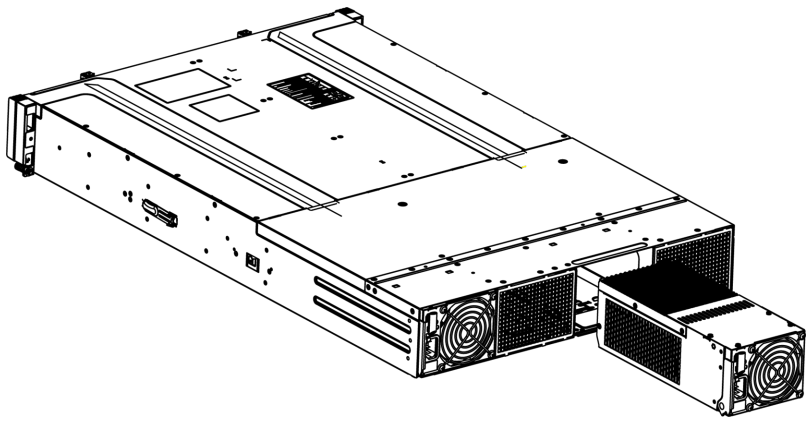


Figure 3-57. Installing a Power Supply Module

Note: The same procedure is used to replace both AC and DC power supplies.

Chapter 4:

Motherboard Connections, Jumpers, and LEDs

This section describes the connections on the motherboard and provides pinout definitions. Note that depending on how the system is configured, not all connections are required. The LEDs on the motherboard are also described here. A motherboard layout indicating component locations may be found in the "Introduction" on page 13. More detail can be found in the X14SBT-GAP motherboard manual.

Review the "Standardized Warning Statements for AC Systems" on page 190 before installing or removing components.

4.1 Power Supply and Power Connections 86
Power Connectors 86
4.2 Headers and Connections 87
AIOM Sideband Signal Headers 87
COM Header 87
External BMC I²C Header 87
Front I/O Module Connector 88
VROC RAID Key Header 88
MCIO PCIe 5.0 x8 Connectors 88
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+3.3 V AUX Power LED 93
Unit ID (UID) LED 93

4.1 Power Supply and Power Connections

For information about the power supply and power connections of the SYS-212GT-DNAF server, refer to the following content.

Power Connectors

JPW1 is the +12 V power connector to the power distributor board. JPMW1–JPMW6 are the 4-pin +12 V power connectors for PCIe and GPU devices.

4.2 Headers and Connections

For information about the headers on the X14SBT-GAP motherboard, refer to the following content.

AIOM Sideband Signal Headers

The AIOM slots on the motherboard have support for AIOM sideband headers. Use the headers located at JAIOM1SB1 for AIOM1 and JAIOM2SB1 for AIOM2 for sideband communication.

For a detailed diagram of the X14SBT-GAP motherboard, see the layout under "Motherboard Quick Reference" on page 21.

COM Header

There is one COM header on the X14SBT-GAP motherboard. Use a cable with the COM header to access the COM1 COM port. COM ports provide serial communication support.

For a detailed diagram of the X14SBT-GAP motherboard, see the layout under "Motherboard Quick Reference" on page 21.

COM Header Pin Definitions: Nine Total			
Pin#	**Definition**	**Pin#**	**Definition**
1	SP_DCD0	6	SP_DSR0
2	SP_RXD0	7	SP_RTS0
3	SP_TXD0	8	SP_CTS0
4	SP_DTR0	9	SP_RI0
5	GND		

External BMC I²C Header

A System Management Bus header for the BMC is located at JIPMB1 on the X14SBT-GAP motherboard. Connect the appropriate cable here to use the IPMB I²C connection on your system.

For a detailed diagram of the X14SBT-GAP motherboard, see the layout under "Motherboard Quick Reference" on page 21.

Front I/O Module Connector

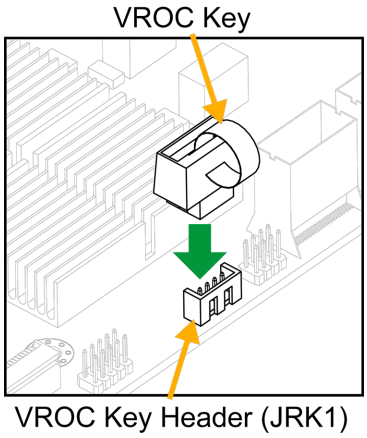
There is a GrandTwin® Front I/O Module Connector on the motherboard at JFIO1. Connect this to provide a VGA port, LAN access, two USB 3.0 ports, and NC-SI support to the motherboard.

For a detailed diagram of the X14SBT-GAP motherboard, see the layout under Quick Reference.

VROC RAID Key Header

A VROC RAID Key header is located at JRK1 on the X14SBT-GAP motherboard. Install a VROC RAID key on JRK1 for NVMe RAID support as shown in the illustration below.

For a detailed diagram of the X14SBT-GAP motherboard, see the layout under "Motherboard Quick Reference" on page 21.



Intel VROC Key Pin Definitions: Four Total	
Pin#	**Definition**
1	GND
2	+3.3 V Standby
3	GND
4	CPU RAID Key

Note: Images displayed are for illustrative purposes only. The components installed in your system may or may not look exactly the same as the graphics shown in the manual.

Note: For detailed instructions on how to configure VROC RAID settings, refer to the VROC RAID Configuration User's Guide posted on the web page under the following link: https://www.supermicro.com/support/manuals.

MCIO PCIe 5.0 x8 Connectors

Mini Cool Edge IO (MCIO) PCIe 5.0 x8 connectors are located at JPCIE1A1, JPCIE1B1, JPCIE2A1, JPCIE2B1, JPCIE3A1, JPCIE3B1, JPCIE4A1, and JPCIE4B1 on the X14SBT-GAP motherboard.

For a detailed diagram of the X14SBT-GAP motherboard, see the layout under "Motherboard Quick Reference" on page 21.

NC-SI Connection

The Network Controller Sideband Interface (NC-SI) connection is located on the X14SBT-GAP motherboard. This connection is used to connect a Network Interface Card (NIC) to the motherboard to allow the onboard Baseboard Management Controller (BMC) to communicate with a network.

Note: For detailed instructions on how to configure Network Interface Card (NIC) settings, refer to the Network Interface Card Configuration User's Guide posted on the web page under the link: https://www.supermicro.com/support/manuals.

For a detailed diagram of the X14SBT-GAP motherboard, see the layout under "Motherboard Quick Reference" on page 21.

NVMe I²C Header

Connector JNVI²C1 on the X14SBT-GAP motherboard is a management header for the Supermicro AOC NVMe PCIe peripheral card. Connect the I²C cable to this connector.

For a detailed diagram of the X14SBT-GAP motherboard, see the layout under "Motherboard Quick Reference" on page 21.

Rear I/O Module Connector

There is a Rear I/O Module Connector on the X14SBT-GAP motherboard at JRIO1. Connect this to provide a VGA port, Dedicated BMC LAN access, and two USB 3.0 ports to the motherboard.

For a detailed diagram of the X14SBT-GAP motherboard, see the layout under "Motherboard Quick Reference" on page 21.

TPM/Port 80 Header

The JTPM1 header on the X14SBT-GAP motherboard is used to connect a Trusted Platform Module (TPM)/Port 80, which is available from Supermicro (optional). A TPM/Port 80 connector is a security device that supports encryption and authentication in storage drives. It allows the motherboard to deny access if the TPM associated with the storage drive is not installed in the system. Information on the TPM is available at the following page:

https://www.supermicro.com/manuals/other/AOM-TPM-9670V_9670H__X12_H12.pdf

For a detailed diagram of the X14SBT-GAP motherboard, see the layout under "Motherboard Quick Reference" on page 21.

Trusted Platform Module Header Pin Definitions: 10 Total			
Pin#	**Definition**	**Pin#**	**Definition**
1	+3.3 V	2	SPI_CS#
3	RESET#	4	SPI_MISO
5	SPI_CLK	6	Ground
7	SPI_MOSI	8	No Connection
9	+1.8 V Standby	10	SPI_IRQ#

4.3 Jumper Settings

To modify the operation of the motherboard, jumpers can be used to choose between optional settings. Jumpers create shorts between two pins to change the function of the connector. Pin 1 is identified with a square solder pad on the printed circuit board. See the diagram below for an example of jumping pins 1 and 2. Refer to the motherboard layout page for jumper locations.

Note: On two-pin jumpers, "Closed" means the jumper is on and "Open" means the jumper is off the pins.

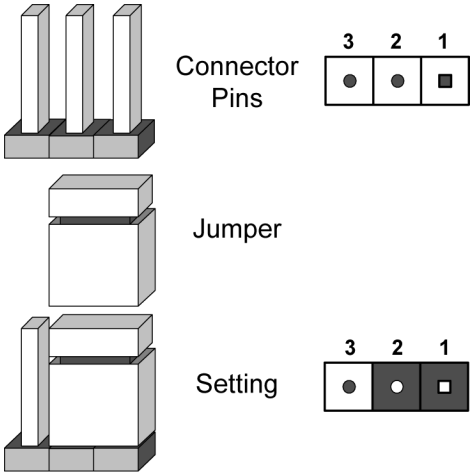


Figure 4-1. Jumping Connector Pins

CMOS Clear

JBT1 on the X14SBT-GAP motherboard is used to clear CMOS, which will also clear any passwords. Instead of pins, this jumper consists of contact pads to prevent accidentally clearing the contents of CMOS.

For a detailed diagram of the X14SBT-GAP motherboard, see the layout under "Motherboard Quick Reference" on page 21.



1. First power down the system and unplug the power cord(s).
2. Remove the cover of the chassis to access the motherboard.
3. Remove the onboard battery from the motherboard.

4. Short the CMOS pads, JBT1, with a metal object such as a small screwdriver for at least four seconds.

   Note: Clearing CMOS will also clear all passwords.

5. Remove the screwdriver (or shorting device).
6. Replace the cover, reconnect the power cord(s), and power on the system.

I²C Select for Backplane or Riser Card/AIOM

Use this jumper to select whether Backplane or Riser Card/AIOM should be used for the MCIO connectors on the X14SBT-GAP motherboard. Use JI^{2}C1 (JPCIE1A1) for JPCIE1A1, JI^{2}C1 (JPCIE2A1) for JPCIE2A1, JI^{2}C2 (JPCIE1B1) for JPCIE1B1 and JI^{2}C2 (JPCIE2B1) for JPCIE2B1.

I²C Select for Backplane or Riser Card/AIOM Jumper Settings

Jumper Setting	Definition
Pins 1–2	Backplane (Default)
Pins 2–3	Riser Card or AIOM

4.4 LED Indicators

For information about the LED indicators on the SYS-212GT-DNAF server, refer to the following content.

Onboard Power LED

The Onboard Power LED is located at LED3 on the X14SBT-GAP motherboard. When this LED is on, the system is on. Be sure to turn off the system and unplug the power cord before removing or installing components.

For a detailed diagram of the X14SBT-GAP motherboard, see the layout under "Motherboard Quick Reference" on page 21.

Onboard Power LED Indicator	
LED Color	**Definition**
Off	System Power Off (power cable not connected)
Green	System Power On

+3.3 V AUX Power LED

The +3.3 V AUX Power LED at LED1 on the X14SBT-GAP motherboard monitors the status of +3.3 V AUX power.

For a detailed diagram of the X14SBT-GAP motherboard, see the layout under "Motherboard Quick Reference" on page 21.

+3.3 V AUX Power LED State	
LED Color	**Definition**
Solid Yellow	Power On

Unit ID (UID) LED

The UID LED indicator is located at LED2 on the X14SBT-GAP motherboard. This UID indicator provides easy identification of a system that may need to be serviced.

For a detailed diagram of the X14SBT-GAP motherboard, see the layout under "Motherboard Quick Reference" on page 21.

UID LED LED Indicator	
LED Color	**Definitions**
Blue: On	System Identified

Chapter 5:

Software

After the SYS-212GT-DNAF server has been installed, you can install the Operating System (OS), configure RAID settings, and install the drivers.

5.1 Microsoft Windows OS Installation **96**

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5.2 Driver Installation **98**

5.3 BMC **99**

BMC ADMIN User Password 99

Logging into the BMC **99**

5.1 Microsoft Windows OS Installation

If you will be using RAID, you must configure RAID settings before installing the Windows OS and the RAID driver. Refer to the RAID Configuration User Guides posted on our website at https://www.supermicro.com/support/manuals.

Installing the OS

1. Create a method to access the Microsoft Windows installation ISO file. That can be a USB flash or media drive, or the BMC KVM console.
2. Retrieve the proper drivers. Go to the Supermicro web page for your motherboard and click on "Download the Latest Drivers and Utilities," select the proper driver, and copy it to a USB flash drive.
3. Boot from a bootable device with Windows OS installation. You can see a bootable device list by pressing <F11> during the system bootup.

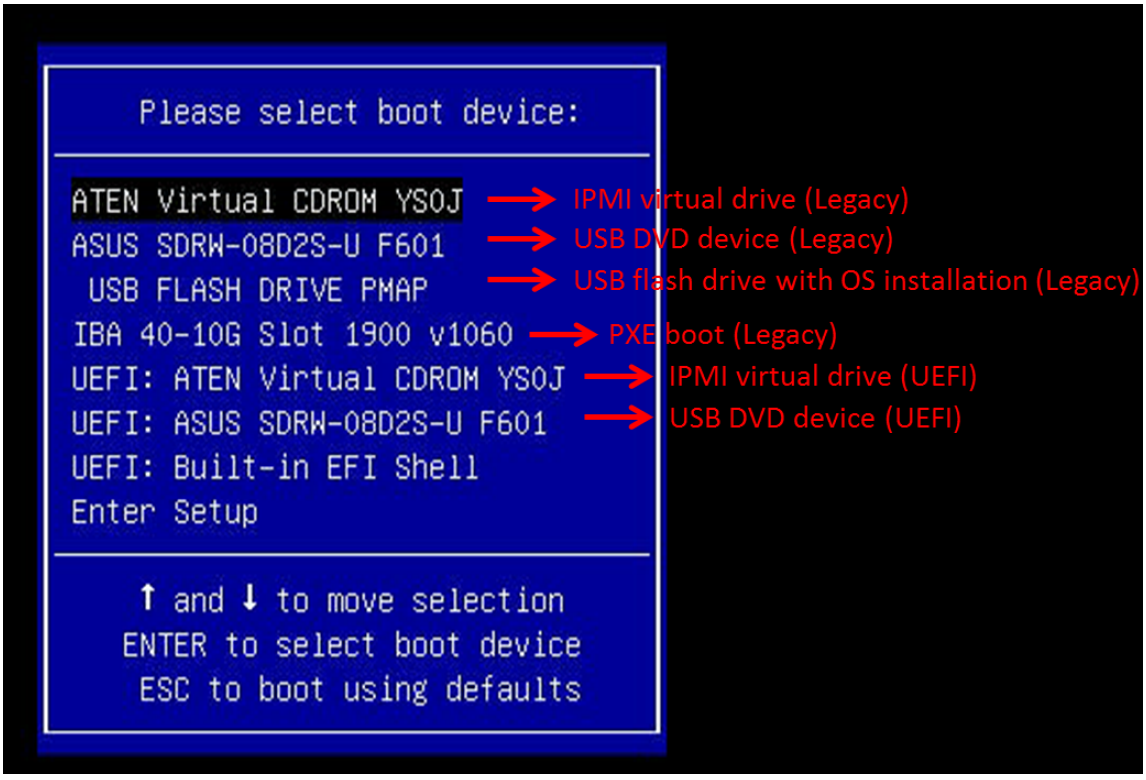


Figure 5-1. Selecting the Boot Device

4. During Windows Setup, continue to the dialog box where you select the drives on which to install Windows. If the disk you want to use is not listed, click on the “Load driver” link at the bottom left corner.

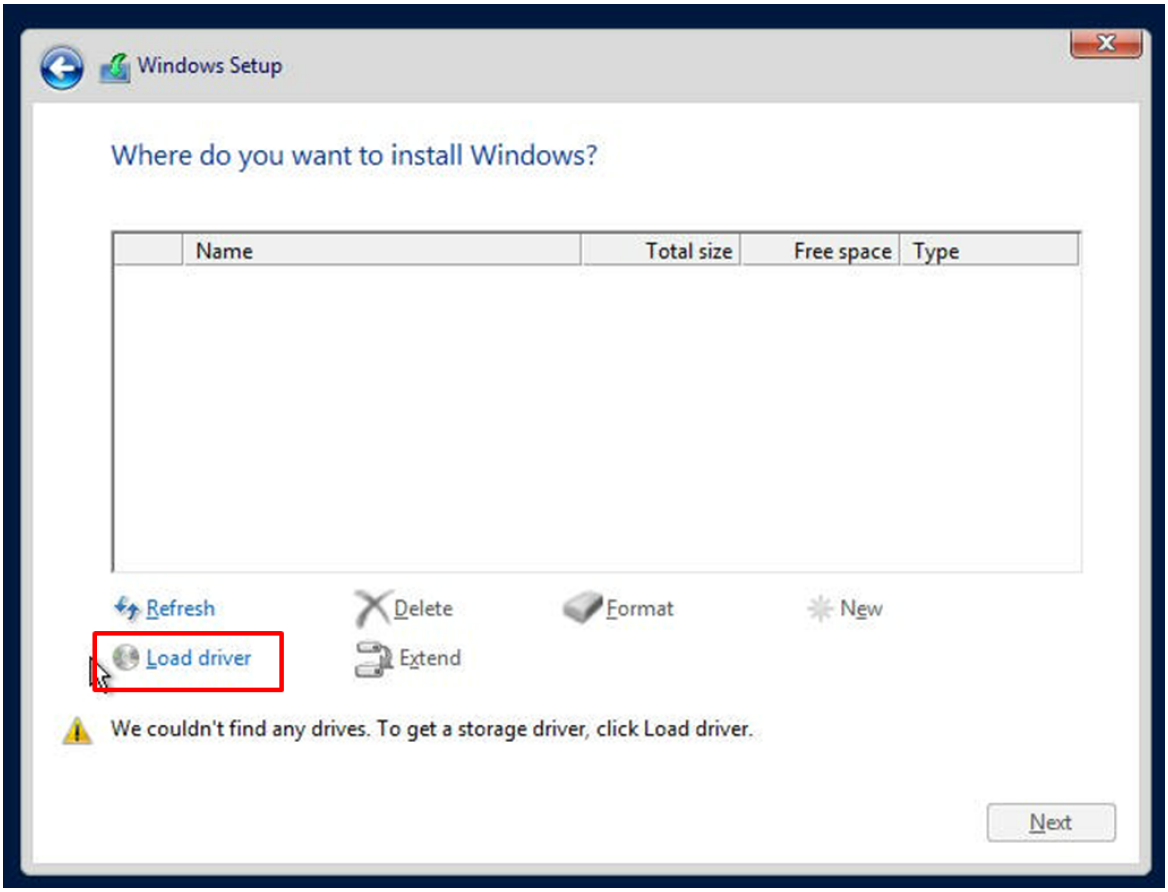


Figure 5-2. Loading the Driver Link

To load the driver, browse the USB flash drive for the proper driver files.

5. Once all devices are specified, continue with the installation.
6. After the Windows OS installation has completed, the system will automatically reboot multiple times for system updates.

5.2 Driver Installation

The Supermicro website contains drivers and utilities for your system at the following page:

https://www.supermicro.com/wdl.

Some of these drivers and utilities must be installed, such as the chipset driver. After accessing the website, go into the CDR_Images (in the parent directory of the above link) and locate the ISO file for your motherboard. Download this file to a USB flash or media drive. You may also use a utility to extract the ISO file if preferred.

Another option is to go to the Supermicro website at https://www.supermicro.com. Find the product page for your motherboard and download the latest drivers and utilities. Insert the flash drive or disk, and the screenshot shown below should appear.

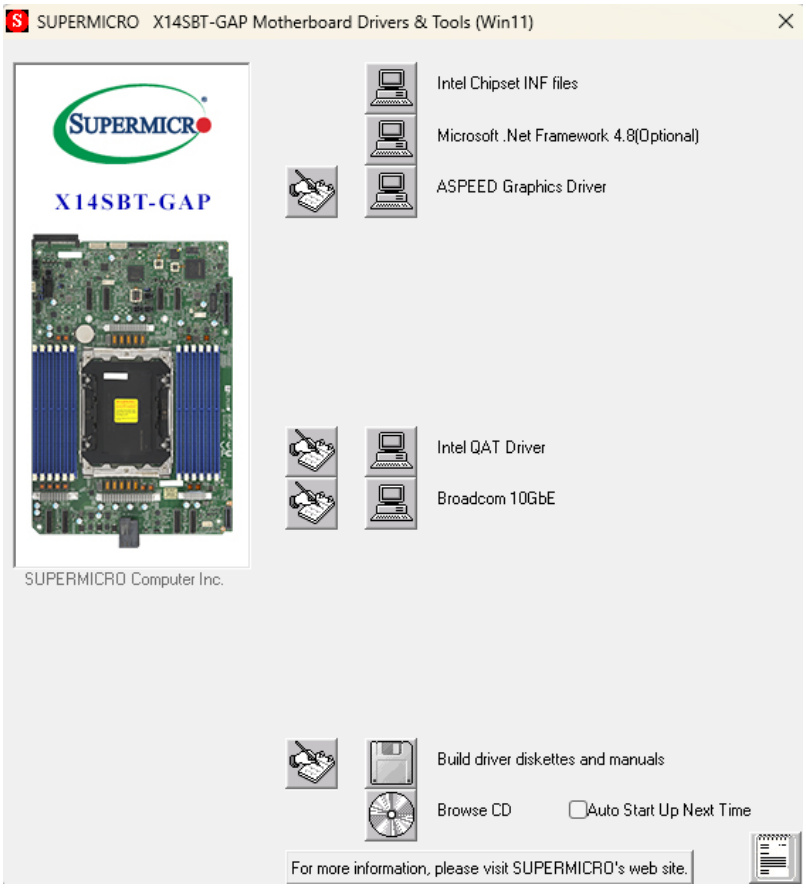


Figure 5-3. Driver & Tools Installation Screen

Note: Click the icons showing a hand writing on paper to view the readme files for each item. Click the computer icons to the right of these items to install each item (from top to bottom) one at a time. *After installing each item, you must reboot the system before moving on to the next item on the list.* The bottom icon with a CD on it allows you to view the entire contents.

5.3 BMC

The X14SBT-GAP motherboard provides remote access, monitoring, and management through the baseboard management controller (BMC) and other management controllers distributed among different system modules. There are several BIOS settings that are related to BMC. For general documentation and information on BMC, visit our website at the following page:

https://www.supermicro.com/en/solutions/management-software/bmc-resources

BMC ADMIN User Password

For security, each system is assigned a unique default BMC password for the ADMIN user. The password can be found on a sticker on the motherboard and a sticker on the chassis, for Supermicro chassis. The sticker also displays the BMC MAC address. If necessary, the password can be reset using the Supermicro IPMICFG tool.



Figure 5-4. BMC Password Label

Logging into the BMC

Supermicro ships standard products with a unique password for the BMC ADMIN user. This password can be found on a label on the motherboard.

When logging in to the BMC for the first time, use the unique password provided by Supermicro to log in. You can change the unique password to a user name and password of your choice for subsequent logins.

For more information regarding BMC passwords, visit our website at https://www.supermicro.com/en/support/BMC_Unique_Password.

Chapter 6:

Optional Components

This chapter describes alternate configurations and optional system components for the SYS-212GT-DNAF server.

6.1 TPM Security Module **101**
6.2 RAID Cards **102**
6.3 TPM Security Module **103**
Configuring Intel VMD 103
Creating NVMe RAID Configurations 107

6.1 TPM Security Module

This is an SPI-capable TPM 2.0 with Infineon 9672 controller.

The JTPM1 header is used to connect a Trusted Platform Module (TPM). A TPM is a security device that supports encryption and authentication in hard drives. It enables the X14SBT-GAP motherboard to deny access if the TPM associated with the hard drive is not installed in the SYS-212GT-DNAF server.

For details and installation procedures, refer to the following page:

https://www.supermicro.com/en/products/accessories/addon/AOM-TPM-9672V.php

6.2 RAID Cards

These are Super Micro Computer, Inc. 12 Gb/s, multi-port PCIe Gen 4.0 RAID adapter cards.

The low-profile AOC-S3908L-H8iR RAID card features eight internal SAS connectors and the AOC-S3916L-H16iR features 16 internal SAS connectors. Both offer high-performance storage connectivity. These RAID cards are built on the Broadcom SAS IC technology and MegaRAID technology to address the growing demand for increased data throughput and scalability requirements across the enterprise-class server platforms.

With high-performance RAID architecture, including hardware RAID 5 and 6, these RAID controller cards support high capacity storage applications. They deliver cost-effective storage solutions using SATA drives and maximum performance and reliability with SAS drives. Using expander backplanes, they support up to 16, 32, and 240 drives (depending on SKU) with RAID 0, 1, 5, 6, 10, 50, and 60.

6.3 TPM Security Module

This is an SPI-capable TPM 2.0 with Infineon 9672 controller.

The JTPM1 header is used to connect a Trusted Platform Module (TPM). A TPM is a security device that supports encryption and authentication in hard drives. It enables the X14SBT-GAP motherboard to deny access if the TPM associated with the hard drive is not installed in the SYS-212GT-DNAF server.

For details and installation procedures, refer to the following page:

https://www.supermicro.com/en/products/accessories/addon/AOM-TPM-9672V.php

Configuring Intel VMD

VMD must be enabled on PCIe ports which have NVMe drives attached to them in order for those drives to be added to a VROC RAID configuration. The default BIOS setting for the NVMe Mode Switch is Auto which automatically enables VMD on all installed NVMe drives.

NVMe Mode Switch:

- Auto: Enables VMD for all NVMe ports if VROC Key is installed.
- VMD: Enables VMD for all NVMe ports despite the lack of the VROC Key.
- Manual: Allows the user to select specific NVMe ports on which to enable VMD.

The NVMe Mode Switch can be viewed or selected at BIOS > Advanced > Chipset Configuration > North Bridge > IIO Configuration > Intel® VMD Technology.

Note: Without a VROC Key, there is no RAID support with the Auto switch. Only RAID 0 is supported with the VMD and Manual switches.

Configuring VMD Manually

The steps for manually configuring VMD on specific NVMe ports in UEFI BIOS are shown below. Example screenshots may differ from your server.

Important:

- If there is an existing RAID configuration, delete the RAID volume associated with the VMD controller before disabling the controller. Failure to do so may lead to unexpected behavior.
- The effects of physically changing or swapping a CPU on the VMD controller have not been thoroughly tested or documented.

1. Reboot the server and press [DEL] key to access the BIOS options.
2. Switch to Advanced > Chipset Configuration > North Bridge > IIO Configuration > Intel® VMD Technology.
3. Select VMD Mode Switch, then select Manual.

   Note that Socket 0 contains CPU1; Socket 1 contains CPU2.

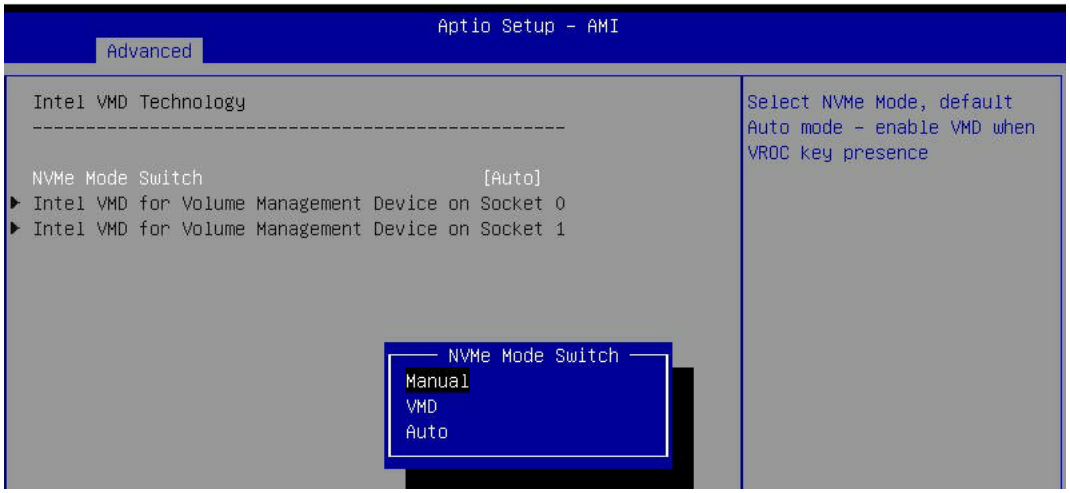


Figure 6-1. BIOS, Selecting VMD Mode

4. VMD must only be enabled on NVMe port resources. If VMD is enabled on other PCIe ports, the functionality of those ports will be impacted. See the table below.

   Select “Intel VMD for Volume Management Device on” on Socket 0 (CPU1) or Socket 1 (CPU2) to enable VMD for devices under the respective CPU.

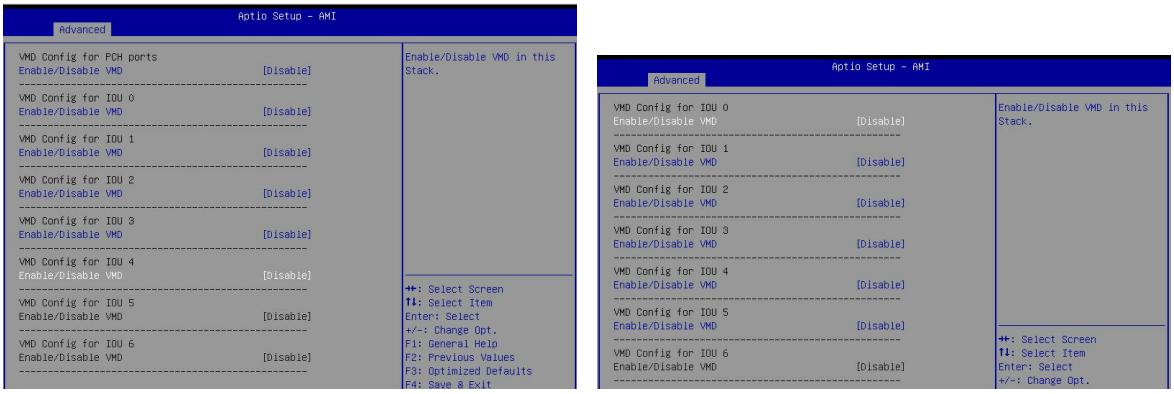


Figure 6-2. Intel VMD for Volume Management Device on Socket 0 and Socket 1

5. Choose Enable for “Enable/Disable VMD” for IOU 3 to list the available devices under IOU 3.

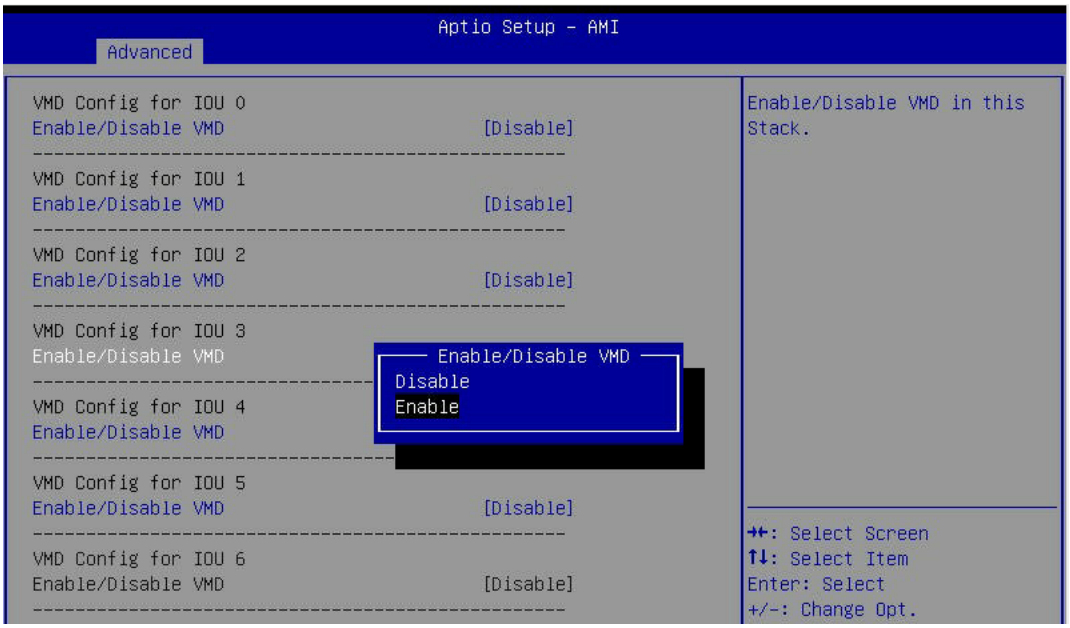


Figure 6-3. BIOS, Enabling VMD on Socket 1 (CPU2) (Example)

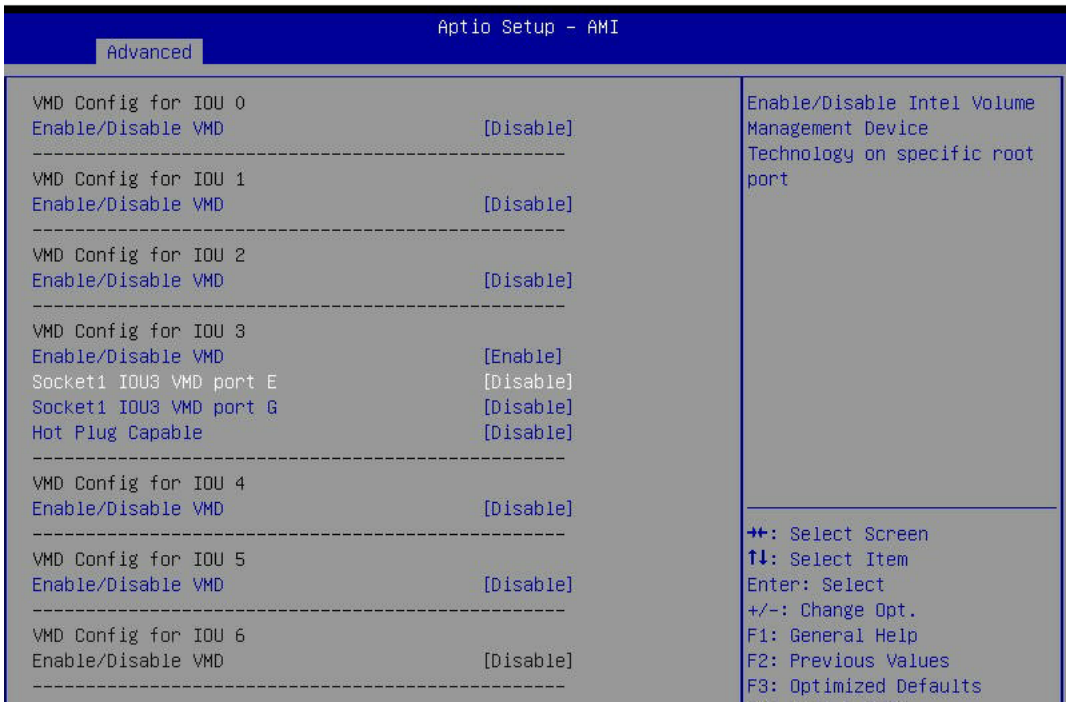


Figure 6-4. BIOS, Enabling VMD on Socket 1 (Example)

6. Enable the NVMe port resource according to table above for the NVMe drives that will be used in a RAID configuration.

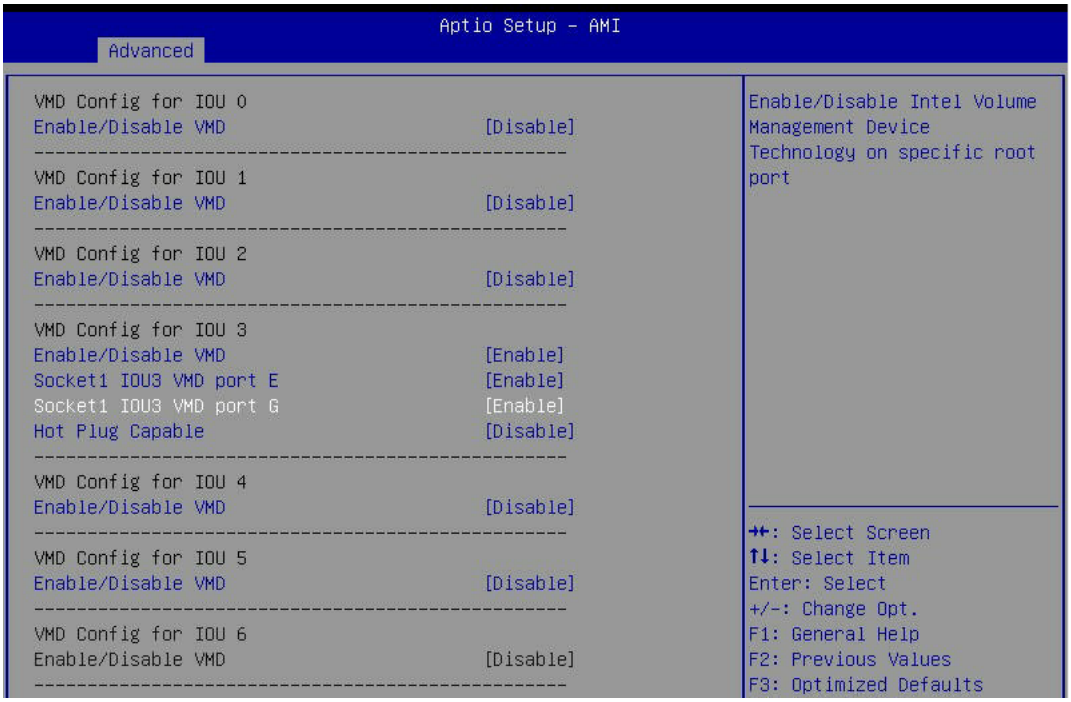


Figure 6-5. BIOS, Enabling Socket 1 (Example)

7. Choose whether to make the NVMe drives in this IOU Hot Plug Capable by selecting Enabled or Disabled.
8. Repeat steps 4 through 7 for each IOU # on each CPU to enable VMD on the desired NVMe ports.

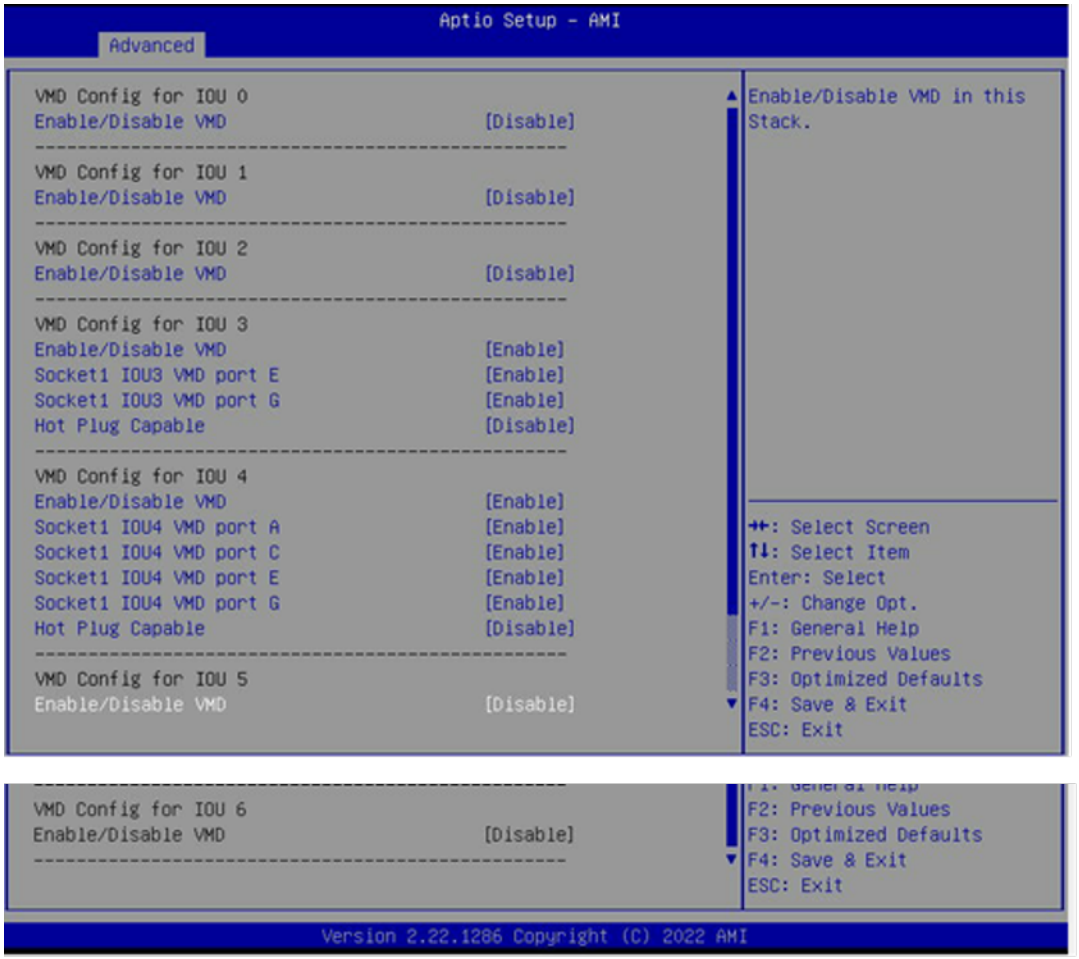


Figure 6-6. BIOS, Enabling Socket 1 Completed (Example)
(This example shows SYS-621H-TN12R with 12 NVMe. Other systems will look different.)

9. Press [F4] to save the configuration and reboot the system.

Creating NVMe RAID Configurations

1. Open Advanced > Intel(R) Virtual RAID on CPU > All Intel VMD Controllers > Create RAID Volume.

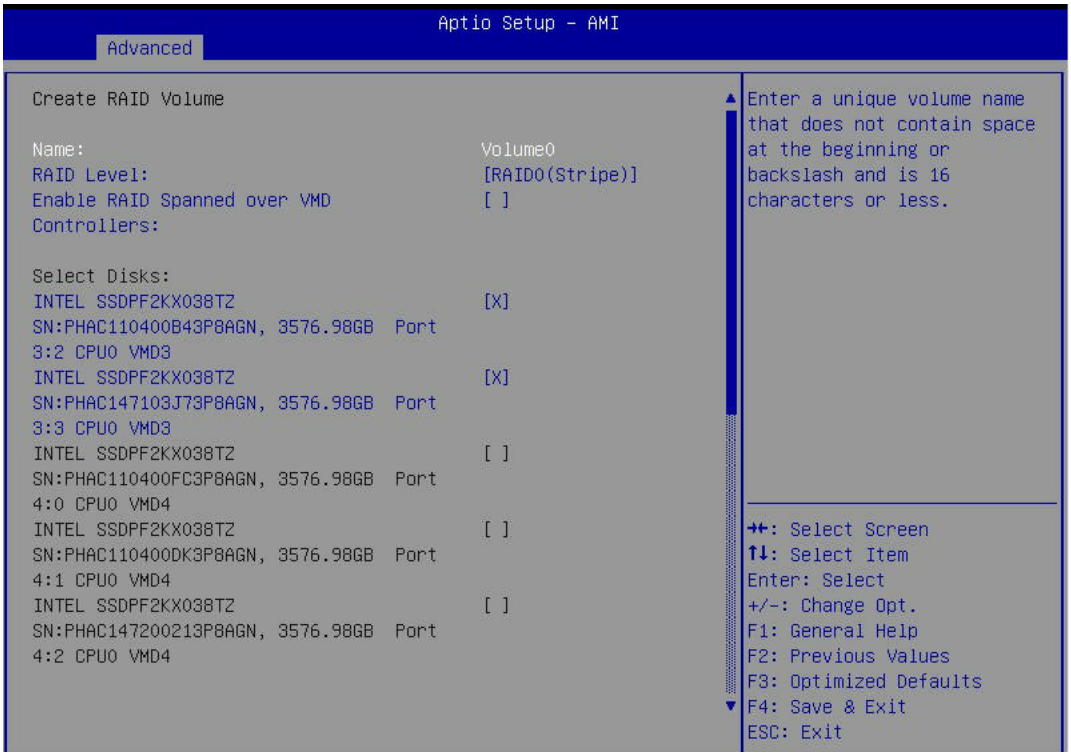


Figure 6-7. Creating Volume Without Enabling RAID Spanned over VMD Controller

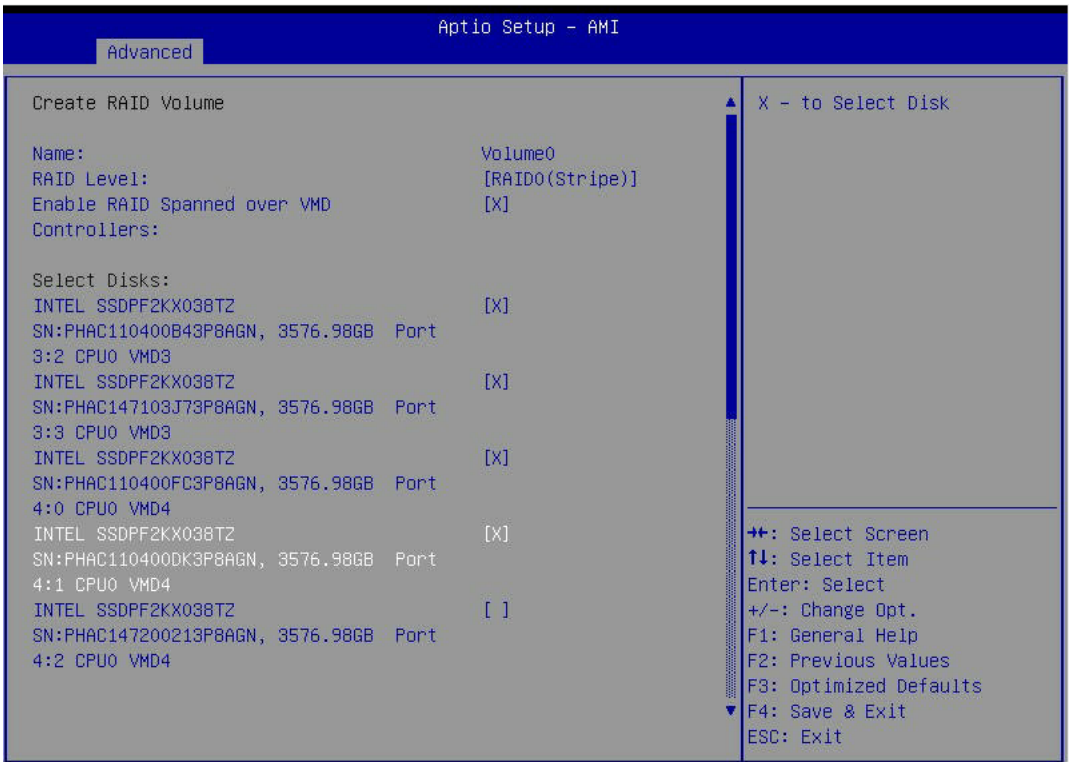


Figure 6-8. Creating Volume With Enabling RAID Spanned over VMD Controller

2. Set Name.
3. Set RAID Level.
4. If cross-controller RAID is required, select Enable RAID spanned over VMD Controller.
5. Select specific disks for RAID with an [X].
   - RAID0: Select at least two [2–24] disks
   - RAID1: Select only two disks
   - RAID5: Select at least three [3–24] disks
   - RAID10: Select only four disks
6. Select Strip Size (Default 64 KB).
7. Select Create Volume.
8. If another RAID is needed, start again at step 1.

Status Indications

An LED indicator on the drive carrier shows the RAID status of the drive.

Drive Carrier Status LED Indicator	
Status	**State (red)**
Normal function	Off
Locating	4 Hz blinking
Fault	Solid on
Rebuilding	1 Hz blinking
IBPI SFF 8489 Defined Status LED States	

Hot-Swap Drives

Intel VMD enables hot-plug and hot-unplug for NVMe SSDs, whether from Intel or other manufacturers. Under vSphere ESXi, several steps are necessary to avoid potential stability issues. See the information at link [1] below.

Hot-Unplug

1. Prevent devices from being re-detected during rescan:

   ```
   esxcli storage core claiming autoclaim --enabled=false
   ```

2. Unmount the VMFS volumes on the device. Check link [2] below for details.

3. Detach the device. Check link [3] below for details.
4. Physically remove the device.

Hot-Plug

- Physically install the device.

ESXi will automatically discover NVMe SSDs, but a manual scan may be required in some cases.

Related Information Links

1. https://kb.vmware.com/s/article/2151404
2. https://docs.vmware.com/en/VMware-vSphere/6.5/com.vmware.vsphere.storage.doc/GUID-1B56EF97-F60E-4F21-82A7-8F2A7294604D.html
3. https://docs.vmware.com/en/VMware-vSphere/6.5/com.vmware.vsphere.storage.doc/GUID-F2E75F67-740B-4406-9F0C-A2D99A698F2A.html

Chapter 7:

Troubleshooting and Support

The following content contains information on common issues and how to resolve them.

7.1 Online Resources **112**
7.2 Baseboard Management Controller (BMC) **113**
7.3 Troubleshooting Procedures **114**
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Memory Errors 115
Losing the System's Setup Configuration 115
If the System Becomes Unstable 115
7.4 CMOS Clear **117**
7.5 Motherboard Battery **118**
7.6 Where to Get Replacement Components **119**
7.7 Technical Support Procedures **120**
Returning Merchandise for Service 120
7.8 Feedback **122**

7.1 Online Resources

Website

A great deal of information is available on the Supermicro website. From the top menu of the Supermicro home page at https://www.supermicro.com:

- Specifications for servers and other hardware are available by clicking **Products**.
- The **Support** option offers downloads (manuals, BIOS/BMC, drivers, etc.), FAQs, RMA, warranty, and other service extensions.

Direct Links for the SYS-212GT-DNAF System

- SYS-212GT-DNAF product specifications page
- X14SBT-GAP motherboard page for links to the Quick Reference Guide, User Manual, validated storage drives, etc.

Direct Links for General Support and Information

- Frequently Asked Questions: https://www.supermicro.com/FAQ/index.php
- Product Resources page for validated memory details: https://www.supermicro.com/support/resources/mem.cfm
- Product Matrices page for links to tables summarizing specs for systems, motherboards, power supplies, riser cards, add-on cards, and more: https://www.supermicro.com/en/support/product-matrices
- Security Center for recent security notices: https://www.supermicro.com/en/support/security_center
- Supermicro Phone and Addresses: https://www.supermicro.com/en/about/contact

7.2 Baseboard Management Controller (BMC)

The SYS-212GT-DNAF server supports the Baseboard Management Controller (BMC). BMC is used to provide remote access, monitoring, and management. There are several BIOS settings that are related to BMC.

For general documentation and information on BMC, visit our website at the following page:

https://www.supermicro.com/en/solutions/management-software/bmc-resources

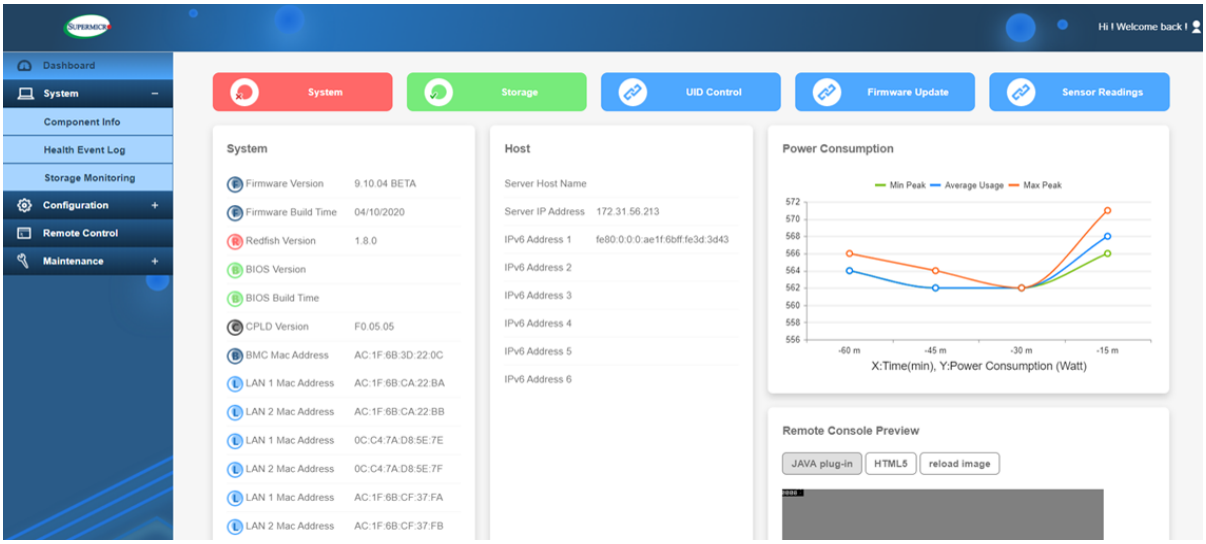


Figure 7-1. BMC Dashboard

7.3 Troubleshooting Procedures

Use the following procedures to troubleshoot your system. If you have followed all of the procedures below and still need assistance, refer to the "Technical Support Procedures" on page 120 section in this chapter. Always disconnect the AC power cord before adding, changing or installing any non hot-swap hardware components. If the below steps do not fix the setup configuration problem, contact your vendor for repairs.

Before Power On

1. Make sure that there are no short circuits between the motherboard and chassis.
2. Disconnect all ribbon/wire cables from the motherboard, including those for the keyboard and mouse.
3. Remove all add-on cards.
4. Install the processor (making sure it is fully seated) and connect the front panel connectors to the motherboard.

No Power

1. Make sure that there are no short circuits between the motherboard and the chassis.
2. The battery on your motherboard may be old. Check to verify that it still supplies approximately 3 VDC. If it does not, replace it with a new one.

No Video

1. If the power is on, but you do not have video, remove all add-on cards and cables.
2. Remove all memory modules and turn on the system (if the alarm is on, check the specs of memory modules, reset the memory, or try a different one).

System Boot Failure

If the system does not display Power-On-Self-Test (POST) or does not respond after the power is turned on, do the following:

1. Remove all components from the motherboard, especially the DIMMs. Power on the system and check if the power-on LED and the BMC Heartbeat LED are on, and system fans are spinning.

2. Turn on the system with only one DIMM installed. If the system boots, check for bad DIMMs or slots by following the Memory Errors Troubleshooting procedure in this chapter.

Memory Errors

When suspecting faulty memory is causing the system issue, check the following:

1. Make sure that the memory modules are compatible with the system and are properly installed. See "Maintenance and Component Installation" on page 33 for installation instructions. (For memory compatibility, refer to the "Tested Memory List" link on the motherboard's product page to see a list of supported memory.)
2. Check if different speeds of DIMMs have been installed. It is strongly recommended that you use the same RAM type and speed for all DIMMs in the system.
3. Make sure that you are using the correct type of DIMMs recommended by the manufacturer.
4. Check for bad DIMMs or slots by swapping a single module among all memory slots and check the results.

Losing the System's Setup Configuration

1. Make sure that you are using a high-quality power supply. A poor-quality power supply may cause the system to lose the CMOS setup information. Refer to "Introduction" on page 13 for details on recommended power supplies.
2. The battery on your motherboard may be old. Check to verify that it still supplies approximately 3 VDC. If it does not, replace it with a new one.

If the System Becomes Unstable

If the system becomes unstable during or after OS installation, check the following:

1. Processor/BIOS support: Make sure that your processor is supported and that you have the latest BIOS installed in your system.
2. Memory support: Make sure that the memory modules are supported. Refer to the product page on our website at https://www.supermicro.com. Test the modules using memtest86 or a similar utility.

   Note: Click on the "Tested Memory List" link on the motherboard's product page to see a list of supported memory.

3. Storage Drive support: Make sure that all storage drives work properly. Replace the failed storage drives with good ones.
4. System cooling: Check the system cooling to make sure that all processor/system fans, etc., work properly. Check the hardware monitoring settings in the BMC to make sure that the processor and system temperatures are within the normal range. Also, check the front panel Overheat LED and make sure that it is not on.
5. Adequate power supply: Make sure that the power supply provides adequate power to the system. Make sure that all power connectors are connected. Refer to our website for more information on the minimum power requirements.
6. Proper software support: Make sure that the correct drivers are used.

If the system becomes unstable before or during OS installation, check the following:

1. Source of installation: Make sure that the devices used for installation are working properly, including boot devices such as a CD/Media drive.
2. Cable connection: Check to make sure that all cables are connected and working properly.
3. Use the minimum configuration for troubleshooting: Remove all unnecessary components (starting with add-on cards first), and use the minimum configuration (but with the processor and a memory module installed) to identify the trouble areas. Refer to the steps listed above in this section for proper troubleshooting procedures.
4. Identify bad components by isolating them: If necessary, remove a component in question from the chassis, and test it in isolation to make sure that it works properly. Replace a bad component with a good one.
5. Check and change one component at a time instead of changing several items at the same time. This will help isolate and identify the problem.
6. To find out if a component is good, swap this component with a new one to see if the system will work properly. If so, then the old component is bad. You can also install the component in question in another system. If the new system works, the component is good and the old system has problems.

7.4 CMOS Clear

JBT1 on the X14SBT-GAP motherboard is used to clear CMOS, which will also clear any passwords. For information on clearing CMOS, refer to "CMOS Clear" on page 91 earlier in this manual.

7.5 Motherboard Battery

For information on removing, disposing of, and replacing the motherboard battery of your system, refer to "Motherboard Battery Removal and Installation" on page 67.

7.6 Where to Get Replacement Components

If you need replacement parts for your SYS-212GT-DNAF server, to ensure the highest level of professional service and technical support, purchase exclusively from our Supermicro Authorized Distributors/System Integrators/Resellers. A list can be found on the Supermicro website:

https://www.supermicro.com

Under the "Buy" menu, click the "Where to Buy" link.

7.7 Technical Support Procedures

Before contacting Technical Support, take the following steps. Also, note that as a motherboard manufacturer, Supermicro also sells motherboards through its channels, so it is best to first check with your distributor or reseller for troubleshooting services. They should know of any possible problems with the specific system configuration that was sold to you.

1. Refer to "Troubleshooting Procedures" on page 114 or see the FAQs on our website (https://www.supermicro.com/FAQ/index.php) before contacting Technical Support.
2. BIOS upgrades can be downloaded from our website (https://www.supermicro.com/support/resources/bios_ipmi.php).
3. If you still cannot resolve the problem, include the following information when contacting Supermicro for technical support:
   - Motherboard model and PCB revision number
   - BIOS release date/version (This can be seen on the initial display when your system first boots up.)
   - System configuration
4. An example of a Technical Support form is on our website at https://webpr3.supermicro.com/SupportPortal.
5. Distributors: For immediate assistance, have your account number ready when placing a call to our Technical Support department. For Supermicro contact information, refer to "Contacting Supermicro" on page 12.

Returning Merchandise for Service

A receipt or copy of your invoice marked with the date of purchase is required before any warranty service will be rendered. You can obtain service by calling your vendor for a Returned Merchandise Authorization (RMA) number. When returning the server to the manufacturer, the RMA number should be prominently displayed on the outside of the shipping carton, and the shipping package is mailed prepaid or hand-carried. Shipping and handling charges will be applied for all orders that must be mailed when service is complete.

For faster service, RMA authorizations can be requested online at the following page:

https://www.supermicro.com/RmaForm

Whenever possible, repack the server in the original Supermicro carton, using the original packaging material. If these are no longer available, be sure to pack the server securely, using packaging material to surround the server so that it does not shift within the carton and become damaged during shipping.

This warranty only covers normal consumer use and does not cover damages incurred in shipping or from failure due to the alternation, misuse, abuse or improper maintenance of products.

During the warranty period, contact your distributor first for any product problems.

7.8 Feedback

Supermicro values your feedback as we strive to improve our customer experience in all facets of our business. Email us at Techwriterteam@supermicro.com to provide feedback on our manuals.

Chapter 8:

UEFI BIOS

The following content contains information on BIOS configuration with the SYS-212GT-DNAF server.

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8.2 Main Setup **126**
8.3 Advanced Setup Configurations **128**
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8.5 BMC **175**
8.6 Security **179**
8.7 Boot **186**
8.8 Save & Exit **188**

8.1 Introduction

This chapter describes the AMIBIOS™ Setup utility for the motherboard. The BIOS is stored on a chip and can be easily upgraded using the UEFI script (flash.nsh), the BMC WebUI, or the SuperServer Automation Assistant (SAA) utility.

Note: Due to periodic changes to the BIOS, some settings may have been added or deleted and might not yet be recorded in this manual. Refer to the Manual Download area of our website for any changes to BIOS that may not be reflected in this manual.

Updating BIOS

It is recommended that you do not upgrade your BIOS if you are not experiencing any problems with your system. Updated BIOS files are located on our website at the following page:

https://www.supermicro.com/support/resources/bios_ipmi.php

Check our BIOS warning message and the information on how to update your BIOS on our website. Select your motherboard model and download the BIOS file to your computer. Also, check the current BIOS revision to make sure that it is newer than your BIOS before downloading.

Important: Do not shut down or reset the system while updating the BIOS to prevent possible system boot failure! Read the motherboard README file carefully before you perform the BIOS update.

To update the BIOS under the UEFI Shell, unzip the BIOS file onto a bootable USB device and then boot into the built-in UEFI Shell. For motherboards with BMC support, type "flash.nsh <BIOS filename><BMC Username><BMC Password>" to start the BIOS update. The flash.nsh script will invoke the SAA (EFI) tool automatically to perform the BIOS update, beginning with uploading the BIOS image to BMC. After uploading the BIOS image, the system will reboot to continue the process. The BMC will take over and continue the BIOS update in the background. The process will take 3–5 minutes. Refer to the README file for more information.

Starting the Setup Utility

To enter the BIOS Setup utility, press the <Delete> key while the system is booting-up. In most cases, the <Delete> key is used to invoke the BIOS Setup screen. There are a few cases when other hot keys are used, such as <F1>, <F2>, etc. Each main BIOS menu option is described in this manual.

The Main BIOS screen has two main frames. The left frame displays all the options that can be configured. “Grayed-out” options cannot be configured. The right frame displays the key legend. Above the key legend is an area reserved for a text message. When a BIOS submenu or item is selected in the left frame, it is highlighted in white. Often a text message will accompany it. (Note that BIOS has default text messages built in. We retain the option to include, omit, or change any of these text messages.) Settings printed in Bold are the default values.

A "►" indicates a submenu. Highlighting such an item and pressing the <Enter> key open the list of settings within that submenu.

The BIOS Setup utility uses a key-based navigation system called hot keys. Most of these hot keys (<F1>, <F2>, <F3>, <F4>, <F5>, <F6>, <Enter>, <ESC>, the arrow keys, etc.) can be used at any time during the setup navigation process.

8.2 Main Setup

The Main setup screen appears when the AMI BIOS Setup utility is first entered. To return to the Main setup screen, select the Main tab at the top of the screen. The Main BIOS setup screen is shown below.

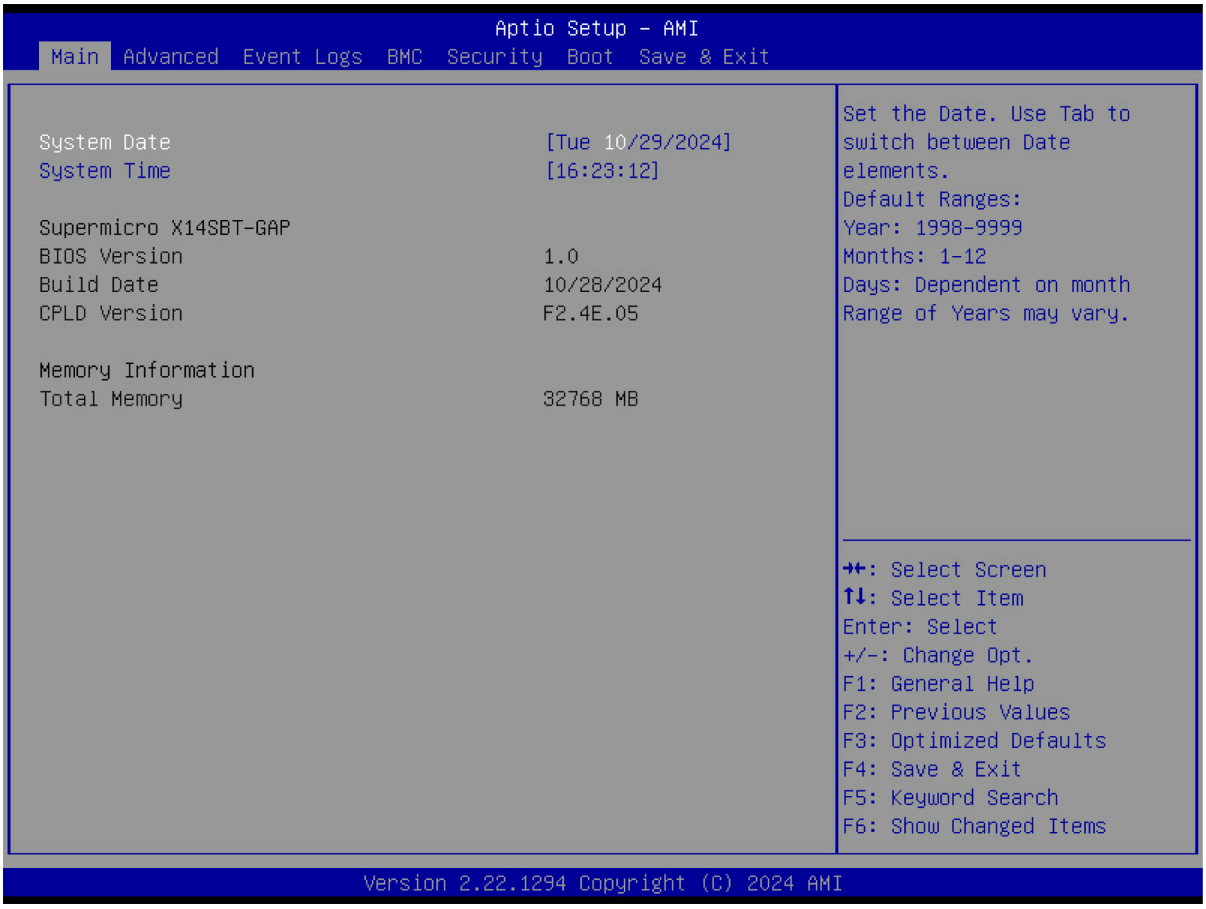


Figure 8-1. Main Setup Screen

System Date/System Time

Use the two features to change the system date and time. Highlight **System Date** or **System Time** using the arrow keys. Enter new values using the keyboard. Press the <Tab> key or the arrow keys to move between fields. The date must be entered in MM/DD/YYYY format. The time is entered in HH:MM:SS format.

Note: The time is in the 24-hour format. For example, 5:30 P.M. appears as 17:30:00.

Supermicro X14SBT-GAP

BIOS Version

This feature displays the version of the BIOS ROM used in the system.

Build Date

This feature displays the date when the version of the BIOS ROM used in the system was built.

CPLD Version

This feature displays the version of the Complex-Programmable Logical Device (CPLD) used in the system.

Memory Information

Total Memory

This feature displays the total size of memory available in the system.

8.3 Advanced Setup Configurations

Use the arrow keys to select the Advanced submenu and press <Enter> to access the submenu items.

Important: Use caution when changing the Advanced settings. An incorrect value, an improper DRAM frequency, or a wrong BIOS timing setting may cause the system to malfunction. When this occurs, revert the settings to the default manufacturing settings.

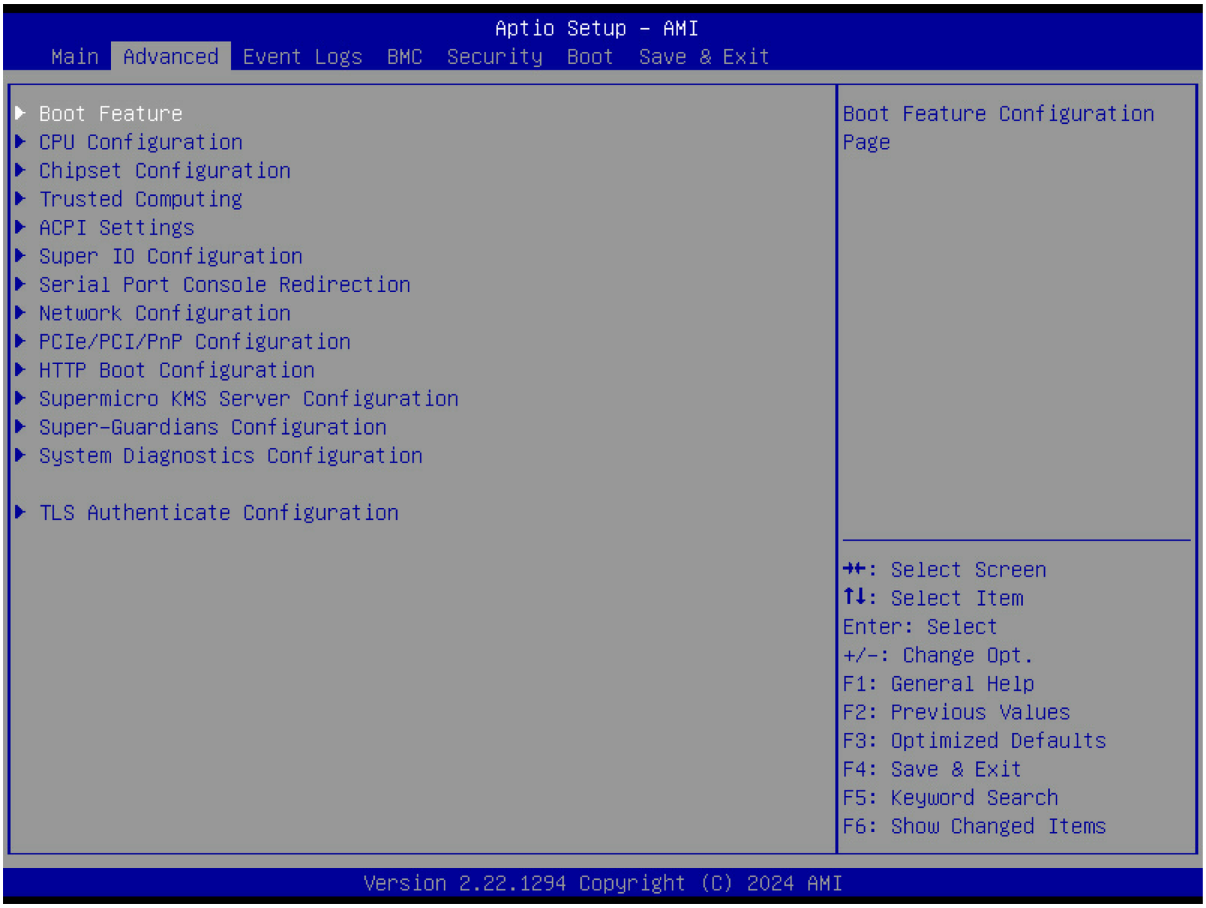


Figure 8-2. Advanced Setup Configurations Screen

Boot Feature Menu

►Boot Feature

Quiet Boot

Use this feature to select the screen between displaying the Power-on Self Test (POST) messages or the OEM logo upon bootup. Select Disabled to display the POST messages. Select Enabled to display the OEM logo instead of the normal POST messages. The options

are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Note: BIOS POST messages are always displayed regardless of the setting of this feature.

Bootup NumLock State

Use this feature to set the power on state for the <Num Lock> key. The options are **On** and Off.

Wait For "F1" If Error

Select Enabled to force the system to wait until the <F1> key is pressed if an error occurs. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Re-try Boot

If this feature is set to Enabled, the system BIOS will automatically reboot the system from an Extensible Firmware Interface (EFI) boot device after an initial boot failure. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Power Configuration

Watch Dog Function

Select Enabled to allow the Watchdog timer to reboot the system when it is inactive for more than five minutes. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Watch Dog Action (Available when "Watch Dog Function" is set to Enabled)

Use this feature to configure the Watchdog timeout setting. The options are **Reset** and NMI.

Restore on AC Power Loss

Use this feature to set the power state after a power outage. Select Stay Off for the system power to remain off after a power loss. Select Power On for the system power to be turned on after a power loss. Select Last State to allow the system to resume its last power state before a power loss. The options are Stay Off, Power On, and **Last State**.

Power Button Function

This feature controls how the system shuts down when the power button is pressed. Select 4 Seconds Override to power off the system after pressing and holding the power button for four seconds or longer. Select Instant Off to instantly power off the system as soon as you press the power button. The options are **Instant Off** and 4 Seconds Override.

CPU Configuration Menu

►CPU Configuration

Important: Setting the wrong values for the features included in the following sections may cause the system to malfunction.

The following processor information is displayed:

- Processor BSP Revision
- Processor Socket
- Processor ID
- Processor Frequency
- Processor Max Ratio
- Processor Min Ratio
- Microcode Revision
- L1 Cache RAM (Per Core)
- L2 Cache RAM (Per Core)
- L3 Cache RAM (Per Package)
- Processor 0 Version

Hyper-Threading [ALL]

Select Enabled to use Intel Hyper-Threading Technology to enhance CPU performance. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**. This feature is CPU-dependent.

Hardware Prefetcher

If this feature is set to Enabled, the hardware prefetcher will prefetch data from the main system memory to Level 2 cache to help expedite the data transaction to enhance memory performance. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled.

Note: This feature is NOT available when "Workload Profile" is set to HPC, I/O, or Virtualization.

Adjacent Cache Prefetch

Select Enabled for the CPU to prefetch both cache lines for 128 bytes as comprised. Select Disabled for the CPU to prefetch both cache lines for 64 bytes. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled.

Note: This feature is NOT available when "Workload Profile" is set to HPC, I/O, or Virtualization.

DCU Streamer Prefetcher

If this feature is set to Enabled, the Data Cache Unit (DCU) streamer prefetcher will prefetch data streams from the cache memory to the DCU to speed up data accessing and processing to enhance CPU performance. The options are Enabled, Disabled, and **Auto**.

Note: This feature is NOT available when "Workload Profile" is set to HPC, I/O, or Virtualization.

DCU IP Prefetcher

This feature allows the system to use the sequential load history, which is based on the instruction pointer of previous loads, to determine whether the system will prefetch additional lines. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled.

Note: This feature is NOT available when "Workload Profile" is set to HPC, I/O, or Virtualization.

LLC Prefetch

If this feature is set to Enabled, LLC (hardware cache) prefetching on all threads will be supported. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled. This feature is CPU-dependent.

Note: This feature is NOT available when "Workload Profile" is set to HPC, I/O, or Virtualization.

Homeless Prefetch

Select Enabled for Homeless Prefetch support on all threads, which is an Effective Prefetch Strategy (EPS) used to enhance memory performance by reducing communication overhead, network latency, and the wait time needed for barrier synchronization in memory prefetching commonly associated with the home-based software Distributed Shared Memory (DSM) system. The options are Disabled, Enabled, and **Auto**. Please note that the option of Auto is program-specific. This feature is CPU-dependent.

AMP Prefetch

Select Enabled to use a machine learning algorithm to predict the best L2 prefetcher configuration for the currently running workload. This feature can improve the performance of various general-purpose workloads. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**. This feature is CPU-dependent.

APIC Physical Mode

Use this feature to enable the APIC physical destination mode. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled. (APIC is the abbreviation for Extended Advanced Programmable Interrupt Controller.)

TXT Support

Select Enabled to enable Intel Trusted Execution Technology (TXT) support to enhance system integrity and data security. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled. This feature is CPU-dependent.

Note: If this feature is set to Enabled, be sure to disable Device Function On-Hide (EV DFX) support when it is present in the BIOS for the system to work properly.

Intel Virtualization Technology

Select Enabled to enable the Intel Vanderpool Technology for Virtualization platform support, which allows multiple operating systems to run simultaneously on the same computer to maximize system resources for performance enhancement. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**. Changes take effect after you save settings and reboot the system.

Notes:

- This feature is NOT available when "TXT Support" is set to Enabled.
- This feature is NOT available when "Workload Profile" is set to Virtualization.

Enable SMX

Select Enabled to support Safer Mode Extensions (SMX), which provides a programming interface for system software to establish a controlled environment to support the trusted platform configured by the end user and to verify a virtual machine monitor before it is allowed to run. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Note: This feature is available when "TXT Support" is set to Disabled.

PPIN Control

Select Unlock/Enabled to use the Protected Processor Inventory Number (PPIN) in the system. The PPIN is a unique number set for tracking a given Intel Xeon server processor. The options are Lock/Disabled and **Unlock/Enabled**.

AES-NI

Select Enabled to use the Intel Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) New Instructions (NI) to ensure data security. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Advanced Power Management Configuration Menu

►Advanced Power Management Configuration

Latency Optimized Mode

Select Enabled to set the power mode to the latency optimized mode to improve the latency. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled. This feature is motherboard-dependent.

Note: This feature is NOT available when "Workload Profile" is set to HPC or Virtualization.

Workload Profile

Use this feature to select a preconfigured workload profile, which is used to tune the resources in your system. The options are **Disabled**, HPC, I/O, Virtualization, Telco NFVI, Telco NFVI-FP, and Telco FlexRAN. Changes take effect after you save settings and reboot the system. (NFVI is the abbreviation for Network Functions Virtualization Infrastructure. NFVI-FP is the abbreviation for Network Functions Virtualization Infrastructure Forwarding Platform. RAN is the abbreviation for Radio Access Network.)

Note: Select HPC to optimize power performance of High Performance Computing (HPC) workloads for your system running in the HPC environment. Select I/O for I/O intensive workloads to optimize power performance of high volume of data transfers to and from system memory and storage devices or any program. Select Virtualization to optimize power performance of the workload for your system running in the virtualization environment. Select Telco NFVI to optimize power performance of NFVI workloads for your system. Select Telco NFVI-FP to optimize power performance of NFVI-FP workloads for your system. Select Telco FlexRAN to achieve optimal performance with low power consumption for Intel FlexRANTM based implementations.

Power Performance Tuning

This feature allows either operating system (OS) or BIOS to control the EPB. The options are **OS Controls EPB** and BIOS Controls EPB. (PECI is the abbreviation for Platform Environment Control Interface. EPB is the abbreviation for Intel Performance and Energy Bias Hint.)

Note: This feature is available when "Workload Profile" is set to Disabled.

ENERGY_PERF_BIAS_CFG Mode (ENERGY PERFORMANCE BIAS CONFIGURATION Mode)

Use this feature to configure the proper operation setting for your machine by achieving the desired system performance level and energy saving (efficiency) level at the same time. Select Maximum Performance to maximize system performance to its highest potential; however, this may consume maximal amount of power as energy is needed to fuel processor operation.

Select Performance to enhance system performance; however, this may consume more power as energy is needed to fuel the processors for operation. The options are Extreme Performance, Maximum Performance, Performance, **Balanced Performance**, Balanced Power, Power, and Max Power Efficient. Note that the options of Extreme Performance and Max Power Efficient are motherboard-dependent.

Notes:

- This feature is available when "Power Performance Tuning" is set to BIOS Controls EPB.
- This feature is available when "Workload Profile" is set to Disabled.

CPU P State Control Menu

►CPU P State Control

Note: This submenu is available when “Power Performance Tuning” is set to BIOS Controls EPB.

Intel SST-PP

Notes:

- This feature is available when "SpeedStep (P-States)" is set to Enabled and when the number of SST-PP levels supported by your CPU is no less than two.
- This feature is NOT available when "Workload Profile" is set to Telco NFVI, or Telco NFVI-FP.

This feature allows you to choose from two additional Base-Frequency conditions maximum for CPU P State Control. The options are **Auto**, Level 0, Level 1, Level 2, Level 3, and Level 4. The options regarding SST-PP levels are CPU-dependent. (SST-PP is the abbreviation for Speed Select Technology-Performance Profile.)

AVX P1

Use this feature to set the appropriate TDP level for the system. The Intel Advanced Vector Extensions (Intel AVX) P1 feature allows you to set the base P1 ratio for Streaming SIMD Extensions (SSE) and AVX workloads. Each P1 ratio has the corresponding AVX Impressed Current Cathodic Protection (ICCP) pre-grant license level, which refers to the selection between different AVX ICCP transition levels. The options are **Nominal**, Level 1, and Level 2. This feature is CPU-dependent.

Notes:

- This feature is available when "SpeedStep (P-States)" is set to Enabled.
- This feature is NOT available when "Workload Profile" is set to Telco FlexRAN.

Dynamic SST-PP

Notes:

- This feature is available when "SpeedStep (P-States)" is set to Enabled and when your CPU supports the Intel Speed Select function.
- This feature is NOT available when "AVX P1" is set to Level 1 and Level 2.
- This feature is NOT available when "Hardware P-States" is set to Disabled or Out of Band Mode.

Use this feature to disable or enable the dynamic SST-PP. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

The information about SST-PP levels supported by your CPU is displayed.

- SST-PP Level
- Capable
- Core Count
- P1 Ratio
- Package TDP (W)
- DTS_Max

SpeedStep (P-States)

Note: This feature is available when "Workload Profile" is set to Disabled.

Enhanced Intel SpeedStep Technology (EIST) allows the system to automatically adjust processor voltage and core frequency in an effort to reduce power consumption and heat dissipation. Please refer to Intel's website for detailed information. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

EIST PSD Function

This feature reduces the latency that occurs when one P-state changes to another, thus allowing the transitions to occur more frequently. This will allow for more demand-based P-

state switching to occur based on the real-time energy needs of applications so that the power-to-performance balance can be optimized for energy efficiency. The options are **HW_ALL** and SW_ALL.

Notes:

- This feature is available when "SpeedStep (P-States)" is set to Enabled.
- This feature is NOT available when "Workload Profile" is set to Telco NFVI, Telco NFVI-FP, or Telco FlexRAN.

Turbo Mode

Select Enabled to allow the CPU to operate at the manufacturer-defined turbo speed by increasing CPU clock frequency. This feature is available when it is supported by the processors used in the system. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Notes:

- This feature is available when "SpeedStep (P-States)" is set to Enabled.
- This feature is available when "Workload Profile" is set to Disabled.

Hardware PM State Control Menu

►Hardware PM State Control

Notes:

- This submenu is available when “Power Performance Tuning” is set to BIOS Controls EPB.
- This submenu is NOT available when “Workload Profile” is set to HPC or Virtualization.

Hardware P-States

If this feature is set to Disabled, system hardware will choose a P-state setting for the system based on an OS request. If this feature is set to Native Mode, system hardware will choose a P-state setting based on the OS guidance. If this feature is set to Native Mode with No Legacy Support, system hardware will choose a P-state setting independently without the OS guidance. The options are Disabled, **Native Mode**, Out of Band Mode, and Native Mode with No Legacy Support.

CPU C State Control Menu

►CPU C State Control

Note: This submenu is available when “Power Performance Tuning” is set to BIOS Controls EPB.

Monitor MWAIT

Select Enabled to support MONITOR and MWAIT, which are two instructions in Streaming SIMD Extension 3 (SSE3) to improve synchronization between multiple threads for CPU performance enhancement. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Note: This feature is NOT available when "Workload Profile" is set to Telco NFVI, Telco NFVI-FP, or Telco FlexRAN.

C1 to C1e Promotion

If this feature is set to Enabled, CPU will run at its minimum frequency for lower power consumption in the C1 state. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**. This feature is CPU-dependent.

Note: This feature is available when "Workload Profile" is set to Disabled.

ACPI C6x Enumeration

Use this feature to configure C6 state or C6 P-state as ACPI C2 or ACPI C3 state. The options are Disabled, C6 as ACPI C2, C6 as ACPI C3, C6-P as ACPI C2, C6-P as ACPI C3, and **Auto**.

Note: This feature is available when "Workload Profile" is set to Disabled.

Package C State Control Menu

►Package C State Control

Note: This submenu is available when “Power Performance Tuning” is set to BIOS Controls EPB.

Package C State

Use this feature to optimize and reduce CPU package power consumption in the idle mode. Please note that the changes you've made in this setting will affect all CPU cores or the circuits of the entire system. The options are C0/C1 state, C2 state, C6 (non Retention) state, No Limit, and **Auto**.

Note: This feature is NOT available when "Workload Profile" is set to I/O.

LTR IIO Input

Use this feature to set the MSR 1FCh Bit[29]. The options are Take IIO LTR input and **Ignore IIO LTR input**.

CPU1 Core Disable Bitmap Menu

►CPU1 Core Disable Bitmap

Disable Bitmap[0]:

Enter 0 to enable this feature for CPU Core Bitmap[0]. Enter FFFFFFFFFF to disable CPU Core Bitmap[0]. Please note that the maximum CPU cores are available in each CPU package and at least one core per CPU must be enabled. Disabling all cores is not allowed. The default setting is **0**.

Disable Bitmap[1]:

Enter 0 to enable this feature for CPU Core Bitmap[1]. Enter FFFFFFFFFF to disable CPU Core Bitmap[1]. Please note that the maximum CPU cores are available in each CPU package and at least one core per CPU must be enabled. Disabling all cores is not allowed. The default setting is **0**. This feature is available when the number of CPU cores is greater than 128.

Disable Bitmap[2]:

Enter 0 to enable this feature for CPU Core Bitmap[2]. Enter FFFFFFFFFF to disable CPU Core Bitmap[2]. Please note that the maximum CPU cores are available in each CPU package and at least one core per CPU must be enabled. Disabling all cores is not allowed. The default setting is **0**. This feature is available when the number of CPU cores is greater than 192.

Chipset Configuration Menu

►Chipset Configuration

Important: Setting the wrong values in this section may cause the system to malfunction.

Uncore Configuration Menu

►Uncore Configuration

The following information is displayed.

- Number of CPU
- Current UPI Link Speed

- Current UPI Link Frequency
- Global MMIO Low Base / Limit
- Global MMIO High Base / Limit
- PCIe Configuration Base / Size

Degrade Precedence

Use this feature to select the degrading precedence option for Ultra Path Interconnect (UPI) connections. Select Topology Precedence to degrade UPI features if system options are in conflict. Select Feature Precedence to degrade UPI topology if system options are in conflict. The options are **Topology Precedence** and Feature Precedence.

Link L0p Enable

Select Enabled for the system BIOS to enable Link L0p support, which allows the CPU to reduce the UPI links from full width to half width in the event when the CPU's workload is low in an attempt to save power. This feature is available for the system that uses Intel processors with UPI technology support. The options are **Disabled**, Enabled, and Auto.

Note: You can change the performance settings for non-standard applications by using this parameter. It is recommended that the default settings be used for standard applications.

Link L1 Enable

Select Enabled for the BIOS to activate Link L1 support, which will power down the UPI links to save power when the system is idle. This feature is available for the system that uses Intel processors with UPI technology support. The options are **Disabled**, Enabled, and Auto.

Note: Link L1 is an excellent feature for an idle system. L1 is used during Package C-States when its latency is hidden by other components during a wakeup.

KTI Prefetch

Keizer Technology Interconnect (KTI) is also known as the Intel Ultra Path Interconnect (UPI) technology. Select Enabled for the KTI prefetcher to preload the L1 cache with data deemed relevant, which allows the memory read to start earlier on a DDR bus in an effort to reduce latency. Select Auto for the KTI prefetcher to automatically preload the L1 cache with relevant data whenever it is needed. The options are Disabled, Enabled, and **Auto**.

IO Directory Cache (IODC)

This feature allows the IODC to generate snoops instead of generating memory lockups for remote IIO (InvItoM) and/or WCiLF (Cores). Select Auto for the IODC to generate snoops

(instead of memory lockups) for WCiLF (Cores). The options are Disabled, **Auto**, Enable for Remote InvItoM Hybrid Push, Enable for Remote InvItoM AllocFlow, Enable for Remote InvItoM Hybrid AllocNonAlloc, and Enable for Remote InvItoM and Remote WCiLF.

SNC

Sub NUMA Clustering (SNC) is a feature that breaks up the Last Level Cache (LLC) into clusters based on address range. Each cluster is connected to a subset of the memory controller. Enable this feature to improve average latency and reduce memory access congestion for higher performance. The options are Disabled, Enabled, and **Auto**. This feature is CPU-dependent.

Note: This feature is NOT available when "Workload Profile" is set to I/O, Virtualization, or Telco FlexRAN.

XPT Prefetch

XPT Prefetch is a feature that speculatively makes a copy to the memory controller of a read request being sent to the LLC. If the read request maps to the local memory address and the recent memory reads are likely to miss the LLC, a speculative read is sent to the local memory controller. The options are Disabled, Enabled, and **Auto**.

Stale AtoS

The in-memory directory has three states: I, A, and S states. The I (-invalid) state indicates that the data is clean and does not exist in the cache of any other sockets. The A (-snoop All) state indicates that the data may exist in another socket in an exclusive or modified state. The S state (-Shared) indicates that the data is clean and may be shared in the caches across one or more sockets. When the system is performing "read" on the memory and if the directory line is in A state, we must snoop all other sockets because another socket may have the line in a modified state. If this is the case, a "snoop" will return the modified data. However, it may be the case that a line "reads" in an A state, and all the snoops come back with a "miss." This can happen if another socket reads the line earlier and then has silently dropped it from its cache without modifying it. If "Stale AtoS" is enabled, a line will transition to the S state when the line in the A state returns only snoop misses. That way, subsequent reads to the line will encounter it in the S state and will not have to snoop, saving the latency and snoop bandwidth. Stale "AtoS" may be beneficial in a workload where there are many cross-socket reads. The options are Disabled, Enabled, and **Auto**.

LLC Dead Line Alloc

Select Enabled to optimally fill the dead lines in the LLC. The options are Disabled, **Enabled**, and Auto.

Memory Configuration Menu

►Memory Configuration

Integrated Memory Controller (iMC)

This submenu allows you to configure the Integrated Memory Controller (iMC) settings.

Enforce DDR Memory Frequency POR

Select Enforce POR to enforce Plan of Record (POR) restrictions for DDR memory frequency and voltage programming. The options are **Enforce POR**, Enforce Stretch Goals, and Disabled.

Host Memory Frequency

Use this feature to set the maximum memory frequency for onboard memory modules. The options are **Auto**, 4800, 5200, 5600, 6000, 6400, and 7200. Note that the available options are CPU-dependent.

Global Scrambling

Select Enabled to enable data scrambling to enhance system performance and data integrity. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Memory Topology Menu

►Memory Topology

This submenu displays the information of onboard memory modules as detected by the BIOS, for example:

P1-DIMMA1: 5600MT/s Hynix SRx8 16GB RDIMM

Memory Map Menu

►Memory Map

Intel(R) Flat Memory Mode Support

Enable this feature to allow hardware-managed data movement between DDR5 and CXL memory, making total memory capacity visible to your system. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

DDR CXL Heterogeneous Interleave Support

Select Enabled to support heterogeneous interleaving for physical DDR5 and CXL memory. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Memory RAS Configuration Menu

►Memory RAS Configuration

Use this submenu to configure the memory mirroring, Reliability Availability Serviceability (RAS) settings.

Mirror Mode

Use this feature to configure the mirror mode settings for all 1LM/2LM memory modules in the system to create a duplicate copy of data stored in the memory to increase memory security. It will reduce the memory capacity into half. The options are **Disabled** and Full Mirror Mode.

Note: This feature is available when "UEFI ARM Mirror" is set to Disabled.

UEFI ARM Mirror

If this feature is set to Enabled, mirror mode configuration settings for UEFI-based Address Range memory will be enabled upon system boot. This will create a duplicate copy of data stored in the memory to increase memory security, but it will reduce the memory capacity into half. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled. The Address Range Mirroring (ARM) feature supports partial memory mirroring. This feature is CPU-dependent.

Note: This feature is available when "Mirror Mode" is set to Disabled.

Mirror TAD0

Use this feature to enable the mirror mode on the entire memory for Target Address Decoder 0 (TAD0). The options are **Disabled** and Enabled. This feature is CPU-dependent.

Note: This feature is available when "Mirror Mode" is set to Disabled.

ARM Mirror Percentage (Available when "UEFI ARM Mirror" is set to Enabled)

Use this feature to set the percentage of memory space to be used for UEFI ARM mirroring for memory security enhancement. The default setting is **2500**.

Correctable Error Threshold

Use this feature to specify the threshold value for correctable memory-error logging, which sets a limit on the maximum number of events that can be logged in the memory error log at a given time. The default setting is **512**.

Note: This feature is available when "Memory PFA Support" is set to Disabled.

Leaky Bucket Low Bit

Use this feature to set the Low Bit value for the Leaky Bucket algorithm, which is used to check the data transmissions between CPU sockets and the memory controller. The default setting is **12**.

Leaky Bucket High Bit

Use this feature to set the High Bit value for the Leaky Bucket algorithm, which is used to check the data transmissions between CPU sockets and the memory controller. The default setting is **13**.

ADDDC Sparing (Available when populating 1Rx4, 2Rx4, and 4Rx4 DIMMs and when "Memory PFA Support" is set to Disabled)

Select Enabled for Adaptive Double Device Data Correction (ADDDC) support, which will not only provide memory error checking and correction but will also prevent the system from issuing a performance penalty before a device fails. Note that virtual lockstep mode will only start to work for ADDDC after a faulty DRAM module is spared. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

DDR PPR Type

Post Package Repair (PPR) is a new feature available for the DDR4/DDR5 technology. PPR provides additional spare capacity within a DDR4/DDR5 DRAM module that is used to replace faulty cell areas detected during system boot. PPR offers two types of memory repairs. Soft Post Package Repair (sPPR) provides a quick, temporary fix on a raw element in a bank group of a DDR4/DDR5 DRAM device, while hard Post Package Repair (hPPR) will take a longer time to provide a permanent repair on a raw element. The options are PPR Disabled, **Hard PPR**, and Soft PPR.

Note: This feature is available when "Memory PFA Support" is set to Disabled.

Enhanced PPR

Use this feature to set advanced memory test. Select Enabled to always execute for every boot. The options are **Disabled**, Enabled, and Persistent.

Memory PFA Support (Available when the DCMS key is activated)

Select Enabled to enable memory Predictive Failure Analysis (PFA) support. PFA can be used to avoid uncorrectable faults on the same memory page. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Security Configuration Menu

►Security Configuration

Memory Encryption (TME) [Outputs]

The following information is displayed.

- MSE activation state
- MK-TME activation state
- CI activation state
- Cryptographic Algorithm configured

Memory Encryption (TME) [Inputs]

Memory Encryption (TME)

Select Enabled for Intel Total Memory Encryption (TME) support to enhance memory data security. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Total Memory Encryption Multi-Tenant (TME-MT)

Use this feature to support tenant-provided (SW-provided) keys. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Memory Integrity

Use this feature to enable TME-MT memory integrity protection for memory transactions. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

The following information is displayed.

- KEY stock amount
- TME-MT key ID bits

TME Encryption Algorithm

Use this feature to set the TME encryption algorithm. The options are AES-XTS-128 and **AES-XTS-256**.

Trust Domain Extensions (TDX) [Outputs]

The following information is displayed.

- TDX activation state

Trust Domain Extensions (TDX) [Inputs]

Trust Domain Extensions (TDX) (Available when your motherboard supports Intel TDX)

Use this feature to enable Intel Trust Domain Extensions (TDX) technology support to enhance control of data security. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Note: To support TDX features, DIMM population must be symmetric across integrated Memory Controllers (IMCs) and at least DIMMs per socket. For each memory controller, populating the first slots (Px-DIMMX1 or DIMMX1 depending on the motherboard design) in all channels is required. Refer to memory population below for your motherboard.

Trust Domain Extensions - Connect (TDX Connect) (Available when "Trust Domain Extensions (TDX)" is set to Enabled)

Use this feature to enable Intel TDX Connect support to improve I/O virtualization by removing the need to establish a secure TD-Device transport-level session. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled. This feature is CPU-dependent.

TDX Secure Arbitration Mode Loader (SEAM Loader) (Available when your motherboard supports Intel TDX and when "Trust Domain Extensions (TDX)" is set to Enabled)

The SEAM Loader (SEAMLDR) is used to load and update Intel TDX modules into the SEAM memory range by verifying the digital signature. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

TME-MT/TDX Key Split (Available when "Trust Domain Extensions (TDX)" is set to Enabled)

Use this feature to set the number of bits for TDX. The other bits will be used by TME-MT. The default setting is **1**.

The following information is displayed when "Trust Domain Extensions (TDX)" is set to Enabled.

- TME-MT Keys:
- TDX Keys:

Processor Reserved Memory [Capabilities]

The following information is displayed.

- PRMRR Min Size per domain
- PRMRR Max Size per domain

Processor Reserved Memory [Outputs]

The following information is displayed.

- PRMRR Size per domain
- PRM Size per socket
- PRM Size per system

Software Guard Extensions (SGX) [Outputs]

The following information is displayed when your motherboard supports SGX.

- SGX activation state
- SGX error code [HEX]

Software Guard Extensions (SGX) [Inputs]

The following features are available when your motherboard supports SGX.

Note: To support SGX features, DIMM population must be symmetric across Integrated Memory Controllers (IMCs) and at least DIMMs per socket. For each memory controller, populating the first slots (Px-DIMMX1 or DIMMX1 depending on the motherboard design) in all channels is required. Refer to memory population below for your motherboard.

SGX Factory Reset

Use this feature to perform an SGX factory reset to delete all registration data and force an Initial Platform Establishment flow. Reboot the system for the changes to take effect. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

SW Guard Extensions (SGX)

Use this feature to enable Intel Software Guard Extensions (SGX) support. Intel SGX is a set of extensions that increases the security of application code and data by using enclaves in memory to protect sensitive information. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

SGX Package Info In-Band Access

Setting this feature to Enabled is required before the BIOS provides software with the key blobs, which are generated for each CPU package. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

SGX PRMRR Size Requested (Available when "SW Guard Extensions (SGX)" is set to Enabled)

Use this feature to set the Processor Reserved Memory Range Register (PRMRR) size. The options are **Auto**, 128M, 256M, 512M, 1G, 2G, 4G, 8G, 16G, 32G, 64G, 128G, 256G, and 512G. Note that the available options are based on your motherboard features, memory size, and memory map.

SGX QoS (Available when "SW Guard Extensions (SGX)" is set to Enabled)

Use this feature to enable Intel SGX Quality of Service (QoS) support. QoS can enhance network performance by prioritizing network traffic. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Select Owner EPOCH Input Type (Available when "SW Guard Extensions (SGX)" is set to Enabled)

Owner EPOCH is used as a parameter to add personal entropy into the key derivation process. A correct Owner EPOCH is required to have access to personal data previously sealed by other platform users. There are two Owner EPOCH modes. One is New Random Owner EPOCH, and the other is manually entered by the user. Each EPOCH is 64-bit. The options are **SGX Owner EPOCH deactivated**, Change to New Random Owner EPOCHs, and Manual User Defined Owner EPOCHs.

Note: Changing the Owner EPOCH value will lose the data in enclaves.

Software Guard Extensions Epoch 0

Use this feature to enter the EPOCH value. The default setting is **0**.

Note: This feature is available when "SW Guard Extensions (SGX)" is set to Enabled. This feature is NOT available when "Select Owner EPOCH Input Type" is set to SGX Owner EPOCH deactivated.

Software Guard Extensions Epoch 1

Use this feature to enter the EPOCH value. The default setting is **0**.

Note: This feature is available when "SW Guard Extensions (SGX)" is set to Enabled. This feature is NOT available when "Select Owner EPOCH Input Type" is set to SGX Owner EPOCH deactivated.

SGXLEPUBKEYHASHx Write Enable (Available when "SW Guard Extensions (SGX)" is set to Enabled)

Use this feature to enable writes to SGXLEPUBKEYHASH[3..0] from OS/SW. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**. Only those CPUs that support the Intel SGX Flexible Launch Control (FLC) feature have SGXLEPUBKEYHASH, which contains the hash of the public key for the SGX Launch Enclave (LE) to be signed with.

SGXLEPUBKEYHASH0 (Available when both "SW Guard Extensions (SGX)" and "SGXLEPUBKEYHASHx Write Enable" are set to Enabled)

Use this feature to enter the bytes 0–7 of SGX Launch Enclave Public Key Hash.

SGXLEPUBKEYHASH1 (Available when both "SW Guard Extensions (SGX)" and "SGXLEPUBKEYHASHx Write Enable" are set to Enabled)

Use this feature to enter the bytes 8–15 of SGX Launch Enclave Public Key Hash.

SGXLEPUBKEYHASH2 (Available when both "SW Guard Extensions (SGX)" and "SGXLEPUBKEYHASHx Write Enable" are set to Enabled)

Use this feature to enter the bytes 16–23 of SGX Launch Enclave Public Key Hash.

SGXLEPUBKEYHASH3 (Available when both "SW Guard Extensions (SGX)" and "SGXLEPUBKEYHASHx Write Enable" are set to Enabled)

Use this feature to enter the bytes 24–31 of SGX Launch Enclave Public Key Hash.

SGX Auto MP Registration (Available when "SW Guard Extensions (SGX)" is set to Enabled)

Use this feature to enable/disable SGX Auto Multi-Package Registration Agent (MPA) running automatically at boot time. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

IIO Configuration Menu

►IIO Configuration

PCIe Completion Timeout

Use this feature to set the PCIe completion timeout. The options are 50us to 50ms, 50us to 100us, 1ms to 10ms, 16ms to 55ms, 65ms to 210ms, **260ms to 900ms**, 1s to 3.5s, and Disabled.

PCIe ASPM Support (Global)

Use this feature to disable the Active State Power Management (ASPM) support for all PCIe root ports. The options are **Disabled** and Auto.

PRM Feature Control

Use this feature to enable the Platform Runtime Mechanism (PRM). The PRM is a mechanism to reduce the System Management Mode (SMM) usages and to provide an alternate means to invoke native code through the Advanced Configuration and Power Interface (ACPI) context of runtime events. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Equalization Bypass To Highest Rate

Set this feature to Enabled to reduce the link training time for PCIe 5.0 device by skipping equalization of intermediate data rates. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

NVMe Mode Switch

When this feature is set to Auto, VMD support will be automatically enabled when a VROC key is detected by the BIOS. The options are Manual, VMD, and **Auto**.

PCIe PLL SSC

Select Enabled for PCIe Spread Spectrum Clocking (SSC) support, which allows the BIOS to monitor and attempt to reduce the level of electromagnetic interference caused by the components whenever needed. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

CPU1 Configuration Menu

►CPU1 Configuration

►PCI Express 0 / PCI Express 1 / PCI Express 2 / PCI Express 3 / PCI Express 4 / PCI Express 5

Note: The number of PCIe slots and the slot naming can differ depending on the PCIe devices connected to your motherboard.

Intel VMD Technology

When this feature is set to Enabled, VMD support will be automatically enabled when a VROC key is detected by the BIOS. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Notes:

- This feature is available when "NVMe Mode Switch" is set to Manual.
- After you've enabled VMD in the BIOS on a PCIe slot, this PCIe slot will be dedicated for VMD use only, and it will no longer support any PCIe device. To re-activate this slot for PCIe use, disable VMD in the BIOS.

Bifurcation

This feature is CPU-dependent. Use this feature to configure the PCIe Bifurcation setting for the PCIe port you specified. The options are **Auto**, x4x4x4x4, x4x4x8, x8x4x4, x8x8, and x16.

►PCI Express 5 Port A/Port C/Port E/Port G

Note: The number of PCIe slots and the slot naming can differ depending on the PCIe devices connected to your motherboard.

Requested Link Speed

Use this feature to configure the link speed of the PCIe port you specified. The options are **Auto**, Gen 1 (2.5 GT/s), Gen 2 (5 GT/s), Gen 3 (8 GT/s), Gen 4 (16 GT/s), and Gen 5 (32 GT/s).

The following information is displayed.

- Max Link Width
- Current Link Width
- Current Link Speed

Data Link Feature Exchange

Use this feature to enable data link feature negotiation in the Data Link Feature Capabilities (DLFCAP) register. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

PCIe Port Max Payload Size

Use this feature to configure the maximum payload size supported in Direct Media Interface (DMI) device capabilities register for the device installed in the PCIe port. The options are 128B, 256B, 512B, and **Auto**.

MCTP

Enable this feature, Management Component Transport Protocol (MCTP), to support communications between devices in a platform management subsystem. MCTP's underlying device buses include SMBus/I^2C, serial links, PCIe, and USB. The options are

Disabled and **Enabled**.

Equalization Bypass To Highest Rate

Set this feature to Enabled to reduce the link training time for PCIe 5.0 device by skipping equalization of intermediate data rates. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Intel VMD Technology

When this feature is set to Enabled, VMD support will be automatically enabled when a VROC key is detected by the BIOS. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Intel VT for Directed I/O (VT-d) Menu

►Intel VT for Directed I/O (VT-d)

Note: This submenu is NOT available when "Workload Profile" is set to Virtualization.

Pre-boot DMA Protection

Select Enabled to establish DMA protection during pre-boot processing by setting DMA_CTRL_PLATFORM_OPT_IN_FLAG in the DMAR ACPI table. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled. (DMA is the abbreviation for Direct Memory Access. DMAR is the abbreviation for DMA Remapping Reporting.)

PCIe ACSCTL

Select Enabled to program ACS control to Chipset PCIe Root Port bridges. Select Disabled to program ACS control to all PCIe Root Port bridges. The options are Enabled and **Disabled**.

PCIe Leaky Bucket Configuration Menu

►PCIe Leaky Bucket Configuration

Gen2 Link Degradation

Use this feature to enable PCIe Gen2 link degradation. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Note: The default setting is Enabled when your motherboard supports PCIe Gen2 link. Otherwise, the default setting is Disabled.

Gen3 Link Degradation

Use this feature to enable PCIe Gen3 link degradation. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Note: The default setting is Enabled when your motherboard supports PCIe Gen3 link. Otherwise, the default setting is Disabled.

Gen4 Link Degradation

Use this feature to enable PCIe Gen4 link degradation. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Note: The default setting is Enabled when your motherboard supports PCIe Gen4 link. Otherwise, the default setting is Disabled.

Gen5 Link Degradation

Use this feature to enable PCIe Gen5 link degradation. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Note: The default setting is Enabled when your motherboard supports PCIe Gen5 link. Otherwise, the default setting is Disabled.

Trusted Computing Menu

►Trusted Computing

When the TPM 2.0 (either onboard or external) is detected by your system, the following information is displayed.

- TPM 2.0 Device Found
- Firmware Version:
- Vendor:

Note: This submenu is available when the TPM 2.0 (either onboard or external) is detected by the BIOS.

Security Device Support

Select Enabled to enable BIOS support for onboard security devices, which are not displayed in the OS. If this feature is set to Enabled, TCG EFI protocol and INT1A interface will not be available. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

When "Security Device Support" is set to Enabled and the TPM 2.0 (either onboard or external) is detected by the BIOS, the following information is displayed.

- Active PCR banks
- Available PCR banks

Note: The following features are available when the TPM 2.0 (either onboard or external) is detected by the BIOS.

SHA-1 PCR Bank (Available when "Security Device Support" is set to Enabled)

Select Enabled to enable SHA-1 PCR Bank support to enhance system integrity and data security. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

SHA256 PCR Bank (Available when "Security Device Support" is set to Enabled)

Select Enabled to enable SHA256 PCR Bank support to enhance system integrity and data security. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

SHA384 PCR Bank (Available when "Security Device Support" is set to Enabled)

Select Enabled to enable SHA384 PCR Bank support to enhance system integrity and data security. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Pending Operation (Available when "Security Device Support" is set to Enabled)

Use this feature to schedule a TPM-related operation to be performed by the security TPM (either onboard or external) at the next system boot to enhance system data integrity. The options are **None** and TPM Clear.

Note: If this feature is used, your system will reboot to carry out a pending TPM operation.

Platform Hierarchy (Available when "Security Device Support" is set to Enabled)

Select Enabled for TPM Platform Hierarchy support, which allows the manufacturer to utilize the cryptographic algorithm to define a constant key or a fixed set of keys to be used for initial system boot. These early boot codes are shipped with the platform and are included in the list of "public keys." During system boot, the platform firmware uses the trusted public keys to verify a digital signature in an attempt to manage and control the security of the platform firmware used in a host system via the TPM (either onboard or external). The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Storage Hierarchy (Available when "Security Device Support" is set to Enabled)

Select Enabled for TPM Storage Hierarchy support that is intended to be used for non-privacy-sensitive operations by a platform owner such as an IT professional or the end user. Storage Hierarchy has an owner policy and an authorization value, both of which can be set and are held constant (-rarely changed) through reboots. This hierarchy can be cleared or changed independently of the other hierarchies. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Endorsement Hierarchy (Available when "Security Device Support" is set to Enabled)

Select Enabled for Endorsement Hierarchy support, which contains separate controls to address the user's privacy concerns because the primary keys in the hierarchy are certified by the TPM key or by a manufacturer with restrictions on how an authentic TPM (either onboard or external) that is attached to an authentic platform can be accessed and used. A primary key can be encrypted and certified with a certificate created by using TPM2_ActivateCredential,

which allows the user to independently enable "flag, policy, and authorization values" without involving other hierarchies. A user with privacy concerns can disable the endorsement hierarchy while still using the storage hierarchy for TPM applications, permitting the platform software to use the TPM. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

PH Randomization

Select Enabled for Platform Hierarchy (PH) Randomization support, which is used only during the platform developmental stage. This feature cannot be enabled in the production platforms. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Supermicro BIOS-Based TPM Provision Support

Set this feature to Enabled to unlock the TPM. Save settings and exit the BIOS Setup utility. The Non-volatile (NV) indexes can be deleted after the system reboot. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

ACPI Settings Menu

►ACPI Settings

NUMA

Use this feature to enable Non-Uniform Memory Access (NUMA) support to minimize memory access latencies. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**. This feature is CPU-dependent.

Virtual NUMA

Enable this feature to optimize the memory-access performance for VMware virtual machines. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Note: This feature is NOT available when "Workload Profile" is set to Telco NFVI, Telco NFVI-FP, or Telco FlexRAN.

Number of Virtual NUMA Nodes (Available when "Virtual NUMA" is set to Enabled)

This feature displays the number of virtual NUMA nodes. A NUMA architecture divides hardware resources (including processors, memory, and I/O buses) into groups, called NUMA nodes. This feature indicates the available number of virtual NUMA nodes that can be assigned to the virtual machine. By default, this setting is automatically adjusted to match the physical NUMA topology.

WHEA Support

Select Enabled to support the Windows Hardware Error Architecture (WHEA) platform and provide a common infrastructure for the system to handle hardware errors within the Windows OS environment to reduce system crashes and to enhance system recovery and health monitoring. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Super IO Configuration Menu

►Super IO Configuration

The following information is displayed.

- Super IO Chip

Note: This submenu is available when your system supports this feature.

Serial Port 1 Configuration Menu

►Serial Port 1 Configuration

Serial Port 1

Select Enabled to enable serial port 1. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Device Settings (Available when "Serial Port 1" above is set to Enabled)

This feature displays the base I/O port address and the Interrupt Request address of serial port 1.

Change Settings (Available when "Serial Port 1" above is set to Enabled)

Use this feature to specify the base I/O port address and the Interrupt Request address of serial port 1. Select Auto for the BIOS to automatically assign the base I/O and IRQ address to serial port 1. The options are **Auto**, (IO=3F8h; IRQ=4;), (IO=3F8h; IRQ=3,4,5,6,7,9,10,11,12;), (IO=2F8h; IRQ=3,4,5,6,7,9,10,11,12;), (IO=3E8h; IRQ=3,4,5,6,7,9,10,11,12;), and (IO=2E8h; IRQ=3,4,5,6,7,9,10,11,12;).

Serial Port 2 Configuration Menu

►Serial Port 2 Configuration

Note: It can be "Serial Port 2 Configuration" or "SOL Configuration" based on your system support.

Serial Port 2/SOL ("Serial Port 2" or "SOL" based on your system support)

Select Enabled to enable serial port 2 (or SOL). The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Device Settings (Available when "Serial Port 2/SOL" above is set to Enabled)

This feature displays the base I/O port address and the Interrupt Request address of serial port 2 (or SOL).

Change Settings (Available when "Serial Port 2/SOL" above is set to Enabled)

Use this feature to specify the base I/O port address and the Interrupt Request address of serial port 2 (or SOL). Select Auto for the BIOS to automatically assign the base I/O and IRQ address to serial port 2 (or SOL).

The options are **Auto**, (IO=2F8h; IRQ=3;), (IO=3F8h; IRQ=3,4,5,6,7,9,10,11,12;), (IO=2F8h; IRQ=3,4,5,6,7,9,10,11,12;), (IO=3E8h; IRQ=3,4,5,6,7,9,10,11,12;), and (IO=2E8h; IRQ=3,4,5,6,7,9,10,11,12;).

Serial Port 2 Attribute (Available for Serial Port 2 only)

Select SOL to use serial port 2 as a Serial Over LAN (SOL) port for console redirection. The options are **SOL** and COM.

Serial Port Console Redirection Menu

►Serial Port Console Redirection

COM1 (Available when your system supports the serial port of COM1)

Console Redirection

Select Enabled to enable COM port 1 for Console Redirection, which allows a client machine to be connected to a host machine at a remote site for networking. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Note: This feature will be set to Enabled if there is no BMC support.

SOL/COM2

Note: This feature is available when your system supports serial port of SOL and/or COM2. The "SOL/COM2" here indicates a shared serial port, and SOL is used as the default.

Console Redirection

Select Enabled to use the SOL/COM2 port for Console Redirection. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

►Console Redirection Settings

Note: This submenu is available when "Console Redirection" for COM1 or SOL/COM2 is set to Enabled.

COM1

Console Redirection Settings

Note: This feature will be set to Enabled if there is no BMC support.

Select Enabled to enable COM port 1 for Console Redirection, which allows a client machine to be connected to a host machine at a remote site for networking. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Terminal Type

Use this feature to select the target terminal emulation type for Console Redirection. Select VT100 to use the ASCII character set. Select VT100+ to add color and function key support. Select ANSI to use the extended ASCII character set. Select VT-UTF8 to use UTF8 encoding to map Unicode characters into one or more bytes. The options are VT100, **VT100+**, VT-UTF8, and ANSI.

Bits Per Second

Use this feature to set the transmission speed for a serial port used in Console Redirection. Make sure that the same speed is used in the host computer and the client computer. A lower transmission speed may be required for long and busy lines. The options are 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, and **115200** (bits per second).

Data Bits

Use this feature to set the data transmission size for Console Redirection. The options are 7 and **8** (bits).

Parity

A parity bit can be sent along with regular data bits to detect data transmission errors. Select Even if the parity bit is set to 0 and the number of 1s in data bits is even. Select Odd if the parity bit is set to 0 and the number of 1s in data bits is odd. Select None if you do not want to send a parity bit with your data bits in transmission. Select Mark to add a mark as a parity bit to be sent along with the data bits. Select Space to add a space as a parity bit to be sent with your data bits. The options are **None**, Even, Odd, Mark, and Space.

Stop Bits

A stop bit indicates the end of a serial data packet. Select 1 (stop bit) for standard serial data communication. Select 2 (stop bits) if slower devices are used. The options are **1** and 2.

Flow Control

Use this feature to set the flow control for Console Redirection to prevent data loss caused by buffer overflow. Send a "Stop" signal to stop sending data when the receiving buffer is full. Send a "Start" signal to start sending data when the receiving buffer is empty. The options are **None** and Hardware RTS/CTS.

VT-UTF8 Combo Key Support

Select Enabled to enable VT-UTF8 Combination Key support for ANSI/VT100 terminals. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Recorder Mode

Select Enabled to capture the data displayed on a terminal and send it as text messages to a remote server. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Resolution 100x31

Select Enabled for extended-terminal resolution support. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Putty KeyPad

Use this feature to select function key and keypad settings on Putty, which is a terminal emulator designed for the Windows OS. The options are **VT100**, LINUX, XTERMR6, SCO, ESCN, and VT400.

SOL/COM2

Console Redirection

Select Enabled to use the SOL/COM2 port for Console Redirection. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Serial Port for Out-of-Band Management/Windows Emergency Management Services (EMS)

Use the features below to configure Console Redirection settings to support Out-of-Band Serial Port management.

Console Redirection EMS

Select Enabled to use the SOL port for Console Redirection. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

►Console Redirection Settings

Note: This submenu is available when "Console Redirection EMS" is set to Enabled.

Out-of-Band Mgmt Port

The feature selects a serial port in a client server to be used by the Microsoft Windows Emergency Management Services (EMS) to communicate with a remote host server. The options are **COM1** and SOL/COM2. Please note that the option of SOL/COM2 indicates a shared serial port. SOL is available with BMC support.

Terminal Type EMS

Use this feature to select the target terminal emulation type for Console Redirection. Select VT100 to use the ASCII character set. Select VT100+ to add color and function key support. Select ANSI to use the extended ASCII character set. Select VT-UTF8 to use UTF8 encoding to map Unicode characters into one or more bytes. The options are VT100, VT100+, **VT-UTF8**, and ANSI.

Bits Per Second EMS

This feature sets the transmission speed for a serial port used in Console Redirection. Make sure that the same speed is used in the host computer and the client computer. A lower transmission speed may be required for long and busy lines. The options are 9600, 19200, 57600, and **115200** (bits per second).

Flow Control EMS

Use this feature to set the flow control for Console Redirection to prevent data loss caused by buffer overflow. Send a "Stop" signal to stop sending data when the receiving buffer is full. Send a "Start" signal to start sending data when the receiving buffer is empty. The options are **None**, Hardware RTS/CTS, and Software Xon/Xoff.

The following information is displayed.

- **Data Bits EMS**
- **Parity EMS**
- **Stop Bits EMS**

Network Stack Configuration Menu

►Network Stack Configuration

Network Stack

Select Enabled to enable Preboot Execution Environment (PXE) or Unified Extensible Firmware Interface (UEFI) for network stack support. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

IPv4 PXE Support (Available when "Network Stack" is set to Enabled)

Select Enabled to enable IPv4 PXE boot support. If this feature is disabled, it will not create the IPv4 PXE boot option. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

IPv4 HTTP Support (Available when "Network Stack" is set to Enabled)

Select Enabled to enable IPv4 HTTP boot support. If this feature is disabled, it will not create the IPv4 HTTP boot option. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

IPv6 PXE Support (Available when "Network Stack" is set to Enabled)

Select Enabled to enable IPv6 PXE boot support. If this feature is disabled, it will not create the IPv6 PXE boot option. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

IPv6 HTTP Support (Available when "Network Stack" is set to Enabled)

Select Enabled to enable IPv6 HTTP boot support. If this feature is disabled, it will not create the IPv6 HTTP boot option. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

PXE Boot Wait Time (Available when "Network Stack" is set to Enabled)

Use this feature to set the wait time (in seconds) upon which the system BIOS will wait for you to press the <ESC> key to abort PXE boot instead of proceeding with PXE boot by connecting to a network server immediately. Press the <+> or <-> key on your keyboard to change the value. The default setting is **0**.

Media Detect Count (Available when "Network Stack" is set to Enabled)

Use this feature to set the wait time (in seconds) for the BIOS ROM to detect the presence of a LAN media either via the Internet connection or via a LAN port. Press the <+> or <-> key on your keyboard to change the value. The default setting is **1**.

MAC:(MAC address)-IPv4 Network Configuration Menu

►MAC:(MAC address)-IPv4 Network Configuration

Configured

Enable this feature to configure network addresses for DHCP, local IP address, local netmask, local gateway, and local DNS server. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Enable DHCP (Available when "Configured" is set to Enabled)

Select Enabled to support Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP), which allows the BIOS to search for a DHCP server attached to the network and request the next available IP address for this computer. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Local IP Address (Available when "Configured" is set to Enabled and "Enable DHCP" is set to Disabled)

Use this feature to enter an IP address for the local machine.

Local NetMask (Available when "Configured" is set to Enabled and "Enable DHCP" is set to Disabled)

Use this feature to set the netmask for the local machine.

Local Gateway (Available when "Configured" is set to Enabled and "Enable DHCP" is set to Disabled)

Use this feature to set the gateway address for the local machine.

Local DNS Servers (Available when "Configured" is set to Enabled and "Enable DHCP" is set to Disabled)

Use this feature to set the Domain Name System (DNS) server address for the local machine.

Save Changes and Exit

Press <Enter> to save changes and exit.

MAC:(MAC address)-IPv6 Network Configuration Menu

►MAC:(MAC address)-IPv6 Network Configuration

►Enter Configuration Menu

The following information is displayed.

- Interface Name
- Interface Type
- MAC address
- Host address
- Route Table
- Gateway addresses
- DNS addresses

Interface ID

Use this feature to change/enter the 64-bit alternative interface ID for the device. The string format is colon separated. The default setting is the MAC address above.

DAD Transmit Count

Use this feature to set the number of consecutive neighbor solicitation messages that have been sent while performing duplicate address detection on a tentative address. The default setting is **1**.

Policy

Use this feature to select how the policy is to be configured. The options are **automatic** and manual.

►Advanced Configuration

Note: This submenu is available when "Policy" is set to manual.

New IPv6 address: Use this feature to enter the IPv6 address for the local machine.

New Gateway addresses: Use this feature to set the gateway address for the local machine.

New DNS addresses: Use this feature to set the DNS server address for the local machine.

Commit Changes and Exit: Press <Enter> to save changes and exit.

Discard Changes and Exit: Press <Enter> to discard changes and exit.

Save Changes and Exit

Press <Enter> to save changes and exit.

PCIe/PCI/PnP Configuration Menu

►PCIe/PCI/PnP Configuration

The following information is displayed.

- PCI Bus Driver Version

PCI Devices Common Settings:

Re-Size BAR Support

Use this feature to enable the Resizable BAR support. Resizable BAR is a PCIe interface technology that allows the CPU to access the entire frame buffer. With this technology, your system will be able to handle multiple CPU to GPU transfers simultaneously rather than queuing, which can improve the frame rate performance. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

SR-IOV Support (Unavailable when "Workload Profile" is set to Virtualization)

Select Enabled for Single-Root IO Virtualization support. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

ARI Support

Select Enabled for Alternative Routing-ID Interpretation (ARI) support. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

MMCFG Base

This feature determines how the lowest Memory Mapped Configuration (MMCFG) base is assigned to onboard PCI devices. The options are 1G, 1.5G, 1.75G, 2G, 2.25G, 3G, and **Auto**. The options of 2G and 2.25G are not available when the MMCFG size is 2G. The option of 3G is not available when the MMCFG size is 1G or 2G.

MMCFG Size

Use this feature to set the MMCFG size. The options are 64M, 128M, 256M, 512M, 1G, 2G, and **Auto**. Note that the MMCFG size is based on the memory populated.

MMIO High Base

Use this feature to select the base memory size according to memory-address mapping for the I/O hub. The options are 248T, 120T, 88T, 60T, 30T, 56T, 40T, 32T, 24T, 16T, 4T, 2T, 1T, 512G, 3584T, and **Auto**. The options of 248T, 120T, 88T, 60T, 30T, and 3584T are CPU-dependent.

MMIO High Granularity Size

Use this feature to select the high memory size according to memory-address mapping for the I/O hub. The options are 1G, 4G, 16G, 32G, 64G, 256G, and **1024G**. This feature is motherboard-dependent.

Bus Master Enable

If this feature is set to Enabled, the PCI Bus Driver will enable the Bus Master Attribute for DMA transactions. If this feature is set to Disabled, the PCI Bus Driver will disable the Bus Master Attribute for Pre-Boot DMA protection. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

NVMe Firmware Source

Use this feature to select the NVMe firmware to support system boot. The options are Vendor Defined Firmware and **AMI Native Support**. The option of Vendor Defined Firmware is pre-installed on the drive and may resolve errata or enable innovative functions for the drive. The default option, AMI Native Support, is offered by the BIOS with a generic method.

VGA Priority

Use this feature to select the graphics device to be used as the primary video display for system boot. The options are **Onboard** and Offboard.

Onboard Video Option ROM

Select EFI to boot the computer using the Extensible Firmware Interface (EFI) device installed on the onboard video port. The options are Disabled and **EFI**.

Onboard LAN1 Option ROM

Select EFI to boot the computer using the EFI device installed on LAN port 1. The options are Disabled and **EFI**.

Note: This feature is available when your motherboard supports onboard LAN ports.

Onboard LAN2 Option ROM

Use this feature to boot the computer using the EFI device installed on LAN port 2. Select Disabled to disable this feature. The default setting is **Disabled**.

Note: This feature is available when your motherboard supports onboard LAN ports and when "Onboard LAN1 Option ROM" is set to Disabled.

AOC-ATG-i2S LAN1 OPROM / Onboard SAS Option ROM / Onboard LAN1 Option ROM / Onboard NVMe1 Option ROM – Onboard NVMe24 Option ROM

Select EFI to boot the computer using the EFI device installed on the PCIe slot specified. The options are Disabled and **EFI**.

Note: The number of slots and slot naming vary based on your motherboard features.

HTTP Boot Configuration Menu

►HTTP Boot Configuration

HTTP Boot Policy

Use this feature to set the HTTP boot policy. The options are Apply to all LANs, **Apply to each LAN**, and Boot Priority #1 instantly.

HTTPS Boot Checks Hostname

Important: Disabling "HTTPS Boot Checks Hostname" is a violation of RFC 6125 and may expose you to Man-in-the-Middle Attacks. Supermicro is not responsible for any and all security risks incurred by you disabling this feature.

Enable this feature for HTTPS boot to check the hostname of the TLS certificates to see if it matches the host name provided by the remote server. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled (WARNING: Security Risk!!).

Priority of HTTP Boot

Instance of Priority 1: (Available when your motherboard supports this feature)

This feature sets the rank target port. The default setting is **1**.

Select IPv4 or IPv6

This feature specifies which connection the target LAN port should boot from. The options are **IPv4** and IPv6.

Boot Description

Use this feature to enter a boot description, which cannot be longer than 75 characters. Please be sure to enter a boot description; otherwise, the boot option for the URI cannot be created.

Boot URI

Enter a Boot Uniform Research Identifier (URI) with 128 characters or shorter. This Boot URI determines how IPv4 Boot Option and IPv6 Boot Option will be created.

Instance of Priority 2: (Available when your motherboard supports this feature)

This feature sets the rank target port. The default setting is **0**.

Select IPv4 or IPv6 (Unavailable when "Instance of Priority 2:" above is set to 0)

This feature specifies which connection the target LAN port should boot from. The options are **IPv4** and IPv6.

Boot Description (Unavailable when "Instance of Priority 2:" above is set to 0)

Use this feature to enter a boot description, which cannot be longer than 75 characters. Please be sure to enter a boot description; otherwise, the boot option for the URI cannot be created.

Boot URI (Unavailable when "Instance of Priority 2:" above is set to 0)

Enter a Boot URI with 128 characters or shorter. This Boot URI determines how IPv4 Boot Option and IPv6 Boot Option will be created.

Supermicro KMS Server Configuration Menu

►Supermicro KMS Server Configuration

Note: Be sure to configure all the features in the submenu of Supermicro KMS Server Configuration and the feature of "KMS Security Policy" in the submenu of Super-Guardians Configuration so that your system can communicate with the KMS server.

Supermicro KMS Server IP address

Use this feature to set the Supermicro Key Management Service (KMS) server IPv4 address in dotted-decimal notation.

Second Supermicro KMS Server IP address

Use this feature to set the second Supermicro KMS server IPv4 address in dotted-decimal notation.

Supermicro KMS TCP Port number

Use this feature to set the TCP port number used in the Supermicro KMS server. The valid range is 100–9999. The default setting is **5696**. Do not change the default setting unless a different TCP port number has been specified and used in the Supermicro KMS server.

KMS Time Out

Use this feature to enter the KMS server connecting time-out (in seconds). The default setting is **5** (seconds).

TimeZone

Use this feature to set the correct time zone. The default setting is **0** (not specified).

Client UserName

Press <Enter> to set the client identity (UserName). The length is 0–63 characters.

Client Password

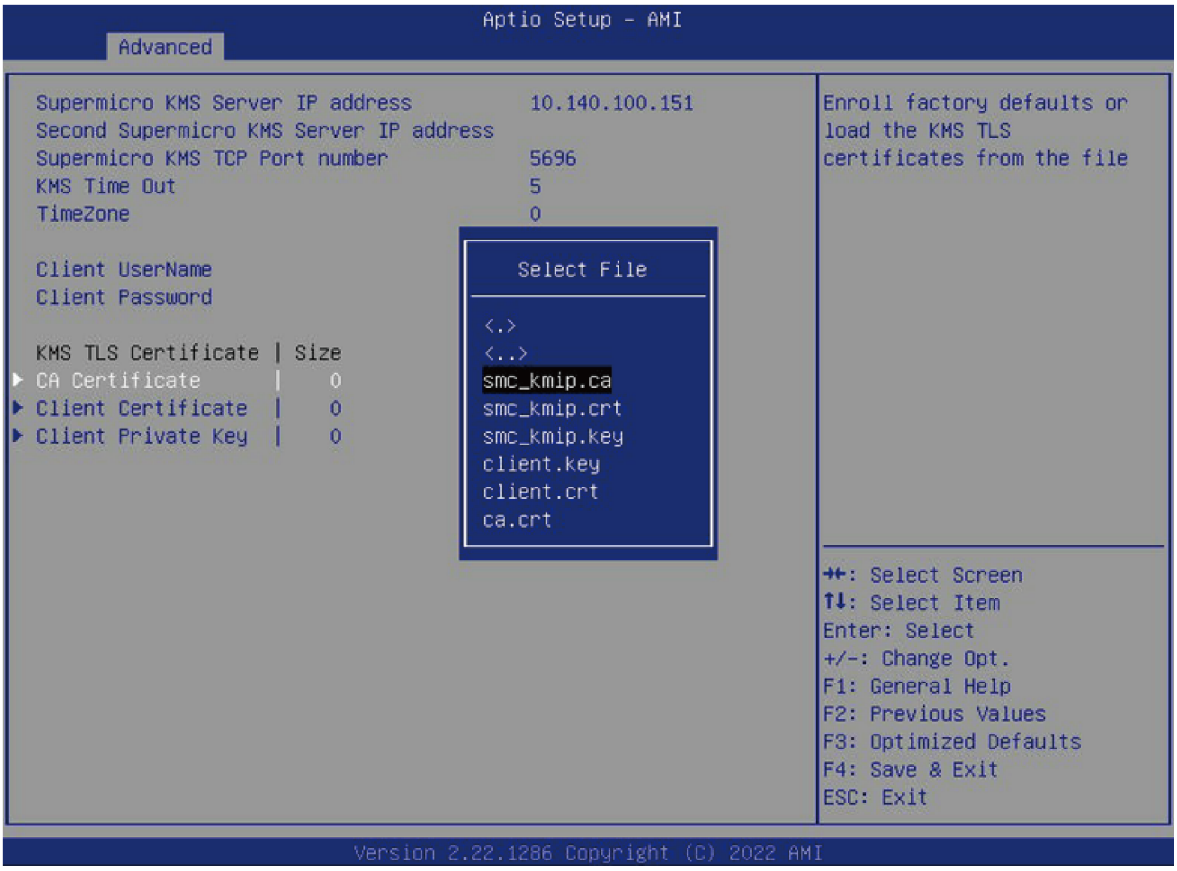
Press <Enter> to set the client identity (Password). The length is 0–31 characters.

►CA Certificate

►Client Certificate

►Client Private Key

Use the three features above to enroll factory defaults or load the KMS Transport Layer Security (TLS) certificates, which are generated by the KMS server, from the file stored in the USB flash drive as shown below.



Private Key Password (Available when "Client Private Key" above has been set)

Use this feature to change the private key password.

Super-Guardians Configuration Menu

►Super-Guardians Configuration

Super-Guardians Protection Policy

Use this feature to enable the Super-Guardians Protection Policy. The options are **Storage**, System, and System and Storage. Set this feature to Storage to protect and have secure access to the Trusted Computing Group (TCG) NVMe devices with the Authentication-Key (AK). Set this feature to System to protect and have secure access to your system/motherboard with the AK. Set this feature to System and Storage to protect and have secure access to your system/motherboard/storage devices with the AK.

KMS Security Policy (Available when "TPM Security Policy" and "USB Security Policy" are set to Disabled)

Set this feature to Enabled to enable the KMS Security Policy. When this feature has not previously been set to Enabled, the options are **Disabled** and Enabled. Changes take effect after you save settings and reboot the system.

When this feature has previously been set to Enabled, the options are **Enabled**, Reset, and Key Rotation. Set this feature to Key Rotation to obtain an existing AK from the KMS server and create a new AK. To disable the KMS Security Policy, set this feature to Reset. When this feature is set to Reset, the system and TCG NVMe devices chosen in "Super-Guardians Protection Policy" will be in the unprotected mode.

Notes:

- Be sure that the KMS server is ready before configuring this feature.
- Use the professional KMS server solutions (e.g., Thales Server) or the Supermicro PyKMIP Software Package to establish the KMS server.

KMS Server Retry Count (Available when "TPM Security Policy" and "USB Security Policy" are set to Disabled)

Use this feature to specify how many times the system will attempt reconnecting to the KMS server. The valid range is 0–10. Press the <+> or <-> key on your keyboard to change the value. The default setting is **5**. If the value is 0, the system will retry infinitely.

TPM Security Policy (Available when "KMS Security Policy" and "USB Security Policy" are set to Disabled)

Set this feature to Enabled to enable the TPM Security Policy. When this feature has not previously been set to Enabled, the options are **Disabled** and Enabled. Changes take effect after you save settings and reboot the system.

When this feature has previously been set to Enabled, the options are **Enabled** and Reset. To disable the TPM Security Policy, set this feature to Reset. When this feature is set to Reset, the system and TCG NVMe devices chosen in "Super-Guardians Protection Policy" will be in the unprotected mode.

Load Authentication-Key (Available when "KMS Security Policy," "TPM Security Policy," and "USB Security Policy" are set to Disabled)

The options are **Disabled** and Enabled. Set this feature to Enabled. Changes take effect after you save settings and reboot the system. While booting, the BIOS will automatically load the Authentication-Key (filename: TPMAuth.bin) from the USB flash drive. Afterwards, the default setting will be set to Disabled by the BIOS.

Notes:

- Be sure to connect a USB flash drive with the Authentication-Key (filename: TPMAuth.bin) to your system before the system reboot.
- Be sure to save the Authentication-Key (filename: TPMAuth.bin) to the USB flash drive and keep a backup. Load the Authentication-Key (filename: TPMAuth.bin) after the TPM (either onboard or external) is detected by your system. Otherwise, the TPM function can not work properly.

Save Authentication-Key (Available when "TPM Security Policy" is set to Enabled)

The options are **Disabled** and Enabled. Set this feature to Enabled. Changes take effect after you save settings and reboot the system. While booting, the BIOS will automatically save the Authentication-Key (filename: TPMAuth.bin) to the USB flash drive. Afterwards, the default setting will be set to Disabled by the BIOS.

Note: Be sure to connect a USB flash drive to your system before the system reboot.

USB Security Policy (Available when "KMS Security Policy" and "TPM Security Policy" are set to Disabled)

Use this feature to enable the USB Security Policy. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled. Set this feature to Enabled. Changes take effect after you save settings and reboot the system. Connect a USB flash drive to your system before the system reboot. While booting, the BIOS will automatically create the USB Authentication-Key (filename: USBAuth.bin) and save it to the USB flash drive.

When this feature has been previously set to Enabled, the options are **Enabled** and Reset. To disable the USB Security Policy, set this feature to Reset. When this feature is set to Reset, the system and TCG NVMe devices chosen in "Super-Guardians Protection Policy" will be in the unprotected mode.

Note: Be sure to connect a USB flash drive to your system before configuring this feature. Save the USB Authentication-Key (filename: USBAuth.bin) to the USB flash drive and keep a backup.

System Diagnostics Configuration Menu

►System Diagnostics Configuration

Launch System Diagnostics

Set this feature to Launch Once to launch system diagnostics on next system boot. The options are **Disabled** and Launch Once.

Note: Pressing <F7> during system bootup can also launch system diagnostics.

Intel(R) Ethernet Controller Menu

►Intel(R) Ethernet Controller (Ethernet controller) - (MAC address)

Notes:

- The Ethernet controller and MAC address shown above are based on your system features.
- This submenu is available when "Onboard LAN1 Option ROM" is set to EFI.

►NIC Configuration

Link Speed

Use this feature to set the connection speed of a selected LAN port. The options are **Auto Negotiated**, 10 Mbps Half, 10 Mbps Full, 100 Mbps Half, and 100 Mbps Full.

Wake On LAN

Set this feature to support system wake-up via the selected LAN port. If this feature is set to Enabled, the LAN port selected will be enabled when the system is powered on. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

LLDP Agent

Use this feature to enable or disable Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP) agent support on a long-term basis. The LLDP, a vendor-neutral link layer protocol, is used by a network device to identify itself and announce its capability to the neighboring devices in a network environment for networking. When disabling the LLDP agent in the firmware, the function of Data Center Bridging (DCB) will also be disabled. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Blink LEDs

Use this feature to identify the physical network port by blinking the associated LEDs. The default setting is **0** (up to 15 seconds).

The following information is displayed.

- UEFI Driver
- Adapter PBA
- Device Name
- Chip Type

- PCI Device ID
- PCI Address
- Link Status
- MAC Address
- Virtual MAC Address

TLS Authenticate Configuration Menu

►TLS Authenticate Configuration

Use this submenu to configure Transport Layer Security (TLS) settings.

►Server CA Configuration

Use this feature to configure the client certificate that is to be used by the server.

►Enroll Certification

Use this feature to enroll the certificate in the system.

►Enroll Certification Using File

Use this feature to enroll the security certificate in the system by using a file.

►Commit Changes and Exit

Use this feature to save all changes and exit TLS settings.

►Discard Changes and Exit

Use this feature to discard all changes and exit TLS settings.

►Delete Certification

Use this feature to delete the certificate if a certificate has been enrolled in the system.

►Client Certification Configuration

Driver Health Menu

►Driver Health

This feature displays the health information of the drivers installed in your system, including LAN controllers, as detected by the BIOS. Select one and press <Enter> to see the details.

Note: This section is provided for reference only, for the driver health status will differ depending on the drivers installed in your system. It's also based on your system configuration and the environment that your system is operating in.

8.4 Event Logs

Use this menu to configure Event Logs settings.

Note: After making any changes in this section, please be sure to reboot the system for the changes to take effect.

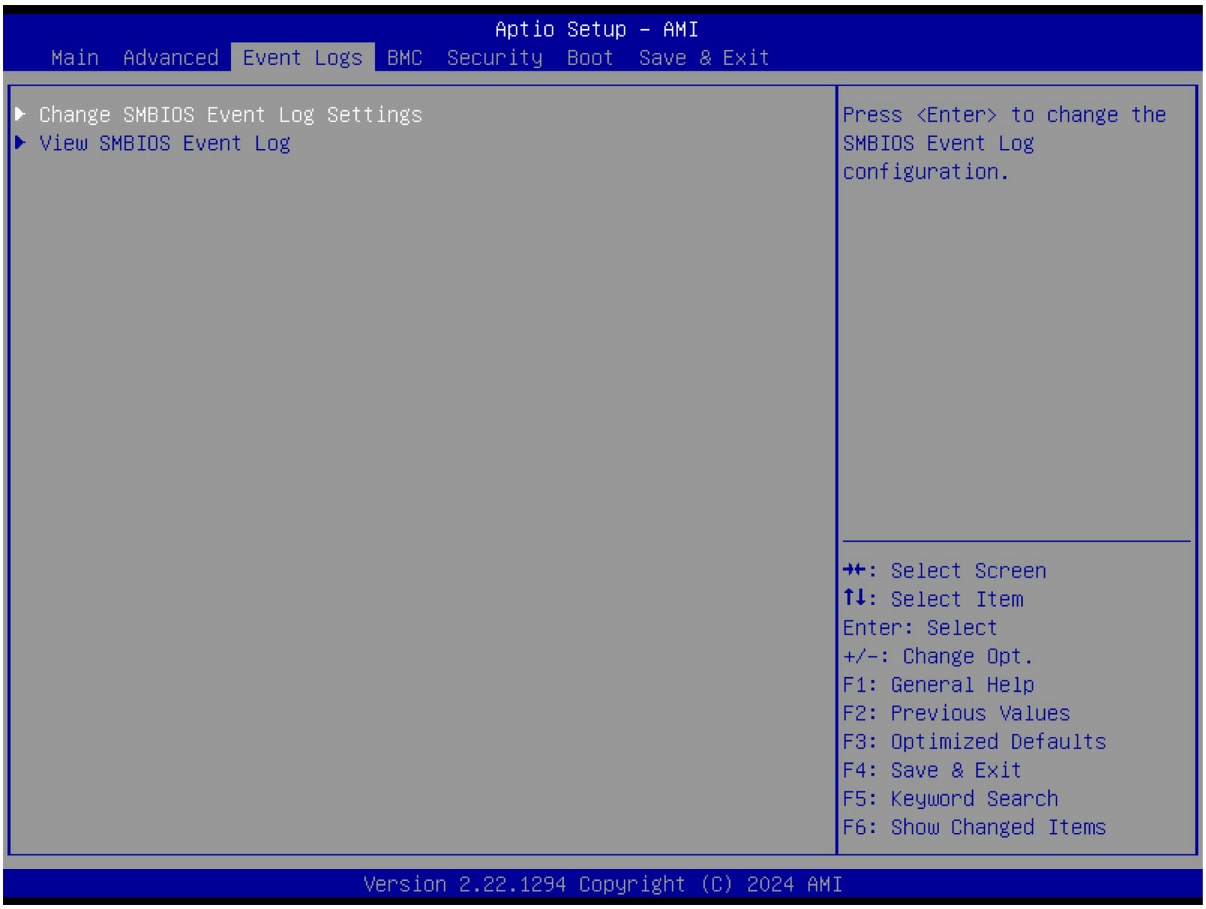


Figure 8-3. Event Logs Screen

►Change SMBIOS Event Log Settings

Note: Reboot the system for the changes in this section to take effect.

Enabling/Disabling Options

SMBIOS Event Log

Select Enabled to enable System Management BIOS (SMBIOS) Event Logging during system boot. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Erasing Settings

Erase Event Log (Available when "SMBIOS Event Log" is set to Enabled)

Select No to keep the event log without erasing it upon next system bootup. Select (Yes, Next reset) to erase the event log upon next system reboot. The options are **No**, (Yes, Next reset), and (Yes, Every reset).

When Log is Full (Available when "SMBIOS Event Log" is set to Enabled)

Select Erase Immediately to immediately erase all errors in the SMBIOS event log when the event log is full. Select Do Nothing for the system to do nothing when the SMBIOS event log is full. The options are **Do Nothing** and Erase Immediately.

SMBIOS Event Log Standard Settings

Log System Boot Event (Available when "SMBIOS Event Log" is set to Enabled)

Select Enabled to log system boot events. The options are Enabled and **Disabled**.

MECI (Available when "SMBIOS Event Log" is set to Enabled)

Enter the increment value for the multiple event counter. Enter a number between 1 and 255. The default setting is **1**. (MECI is the abbreviation for Multiple Event Count Increment.)

METW (Available when "SMBIOS Event Log" is set to Enabled)

Use this feature to determine how long (in minutes) should the multiple event counter wait before generating a new event log. Enter a number between 0 and 99. The default value is **60**. (METW is the abbreviation for Multiple Event Count Time Window.)

►View SMBIOS Event Log

Use this feature to view the events in the system event log. Select this feature and press <Enter> to view the status of an event in the log. The following information is displayed: DATE / TIME / ERROR CODE / SEVERITY.

8.5 BMC

Use this menu to configure Baseboard Management Console (BMC) settings.

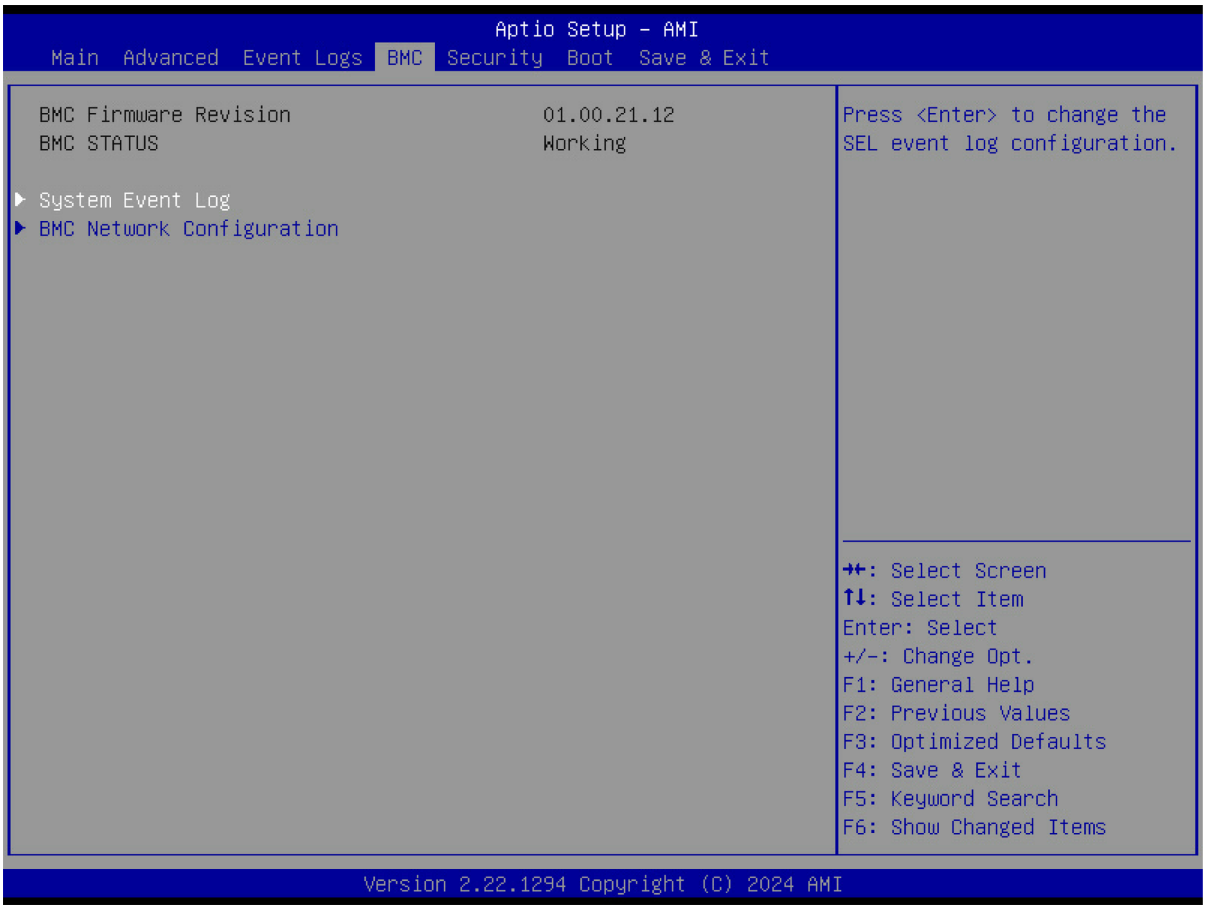


Figure 8-4. BMC Screen

BMC Firmware Revision

This feature indicates the BMC firmware revision used in this system.

BMC STATUS

This feature indicates the status of the BMC firmware installed in this system.

System Event Log Menu

►System Event Log

Note: All values changed in this submenu do not take effect until computer is restarted.

Enabling/Disabling Options

SEL Components

Select Enabled to enable all system event logging upon system boot. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Erasing Settings

Erase SEL (Available when "SEL Components" is set to Enabled)

Select (Yes, On next reset) to erase all system event logs upon next system boot. Select (Yes, On every reset) to erase all system event logs upon each system reboot. Select No to keep all system event logs after each system reboot. The options are **No**, (Yes, On next reset), and (Yes, On every reset).

When SEL is Full (Available when "SEL Components" is set to Enabled)

This feature defines what the BIOS should do when the system event log is full. Select Erase Immediately to erase all events in the log when the system event log is full. The options are **Do Nothing** and Erase Immediately.

BMC Network Configuration Menu

►BMC Network Configuration

Update BMC LAN Configuration

Select Yes for the BIOS to implement all IP/MAC address changes upon next system boot. The options are **No** and Yes.

****

Configure IPv4 Support

****

BMC LAN Selection

This feature displays the type of the BMC LAN.

BMC Network Link Status:

This feature displays the status of the BMC network link for this system.

Configuration Address Source (Available when "Update BMC LAN Configuration" is set to Yes)

Use this feature to select the source of the IPv4 connection. If Static is selected, note the IP address of the IPv4 connection and enter it to the system manually in the field. If DHCP is

selected, the BIOS will search for a Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) server in the network that is attached to and request the next available IP address for this computer. The options are Static and **DHCP**.

Station IP Address

This feature displays the Station IP address in decimal and in dotted quad form (i.e., 172.29.176.131). It is available for configuration when "Configuration Address Source" above is set to Static.

Subnet Mask

This feature displays the sub-network that this computer belongs to. It is available for configuration when "Configuration Address Source" above is set to Static.

Station MAC Address

This feature displays the Station MAC address for this computer. MAC addresses are six two-digit hexadecimal numbers.

Gateway IP Address

This feature displays the Gateway IP address for this computer. This should be in decimal and in dotted quad form (i.e., 172.29.0.1). It is available for configuration when "Configuration Address Source" above is set to Static.

****

Configure IPv6 Support

****

IPv6 Address Status

This feature displays the status of the IPv6 address.

IPv6 Support (Available when "Update BMC LAN Configuration" is set to Yes)

Use this feature to enable IPv6 support. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled.

Configuration Address Source (Available when "IPv6 Support" is set to Enabled)

Use this feature to select the source of the IPv6 connection. If Static Configuration is selected, note the IP address of IPv6 connection and enter it to the system manually in the field. If the other two options are selected, the BIOS will search for a DHCP server in the network that is attached to and request the next available IP address for this computer. The options are Static Configuration, **DHCPv6 Stateless**, and DHCPv6 Stateful.

IPv6 Address ("Static," "DHCPv6 Stateless," or "DHCPv6 Stateful," depending on the option you selected for "Configuration Address Source" above)

This feature displays the station IPv6 address.

Prefix Length

This feature displays the prefix length. It is available for configuration when "Configuration Address Source" above is set to Static Configuration.

Gateway IP

This feature displays the IPv6 gateway IP address. It is available for configuration when "Configuration Address Source" above is set to Static Configuration.

Advanced Settings (Available when "Configuration Address Source" is set to DHCPv6 Stateless)

Use this feature to set the DNS server IP. The default setting allows this system to obtain the DNS server IP automatically. The options are **Auto obtain DNS server IP** and Manually obtain DNS server IP.

Preferred DNS server IP (Available when "Advanced Settings" above is set to Manually obtain DNS server IP)

This feature displays the preferred DNS server IP. It can be configured via Redfish.

Alternative DNS server IP (Available when "Advanced Settings" above is set to Manually obtain DNS server IP)

This feature displays the alternative DNS server IP. It can be configured via Redfish.

****

Configure VLAN Support

****

Lan channel 1

VLAN Support (Available when "Update BMC LAN Configuration" is set to Yes)

Use this feature to enable the virtual LAN (VLAN) support. The options are Enabled and **Disabled**.

VLAN ID (Available when "VLAN Support" is set to Enabled)

Use this feature to create a new VLAN ID. The valid range is 1–4094. The default setting is **1**.

8.6 Security

Use this menu to configure the following security settings for the system.

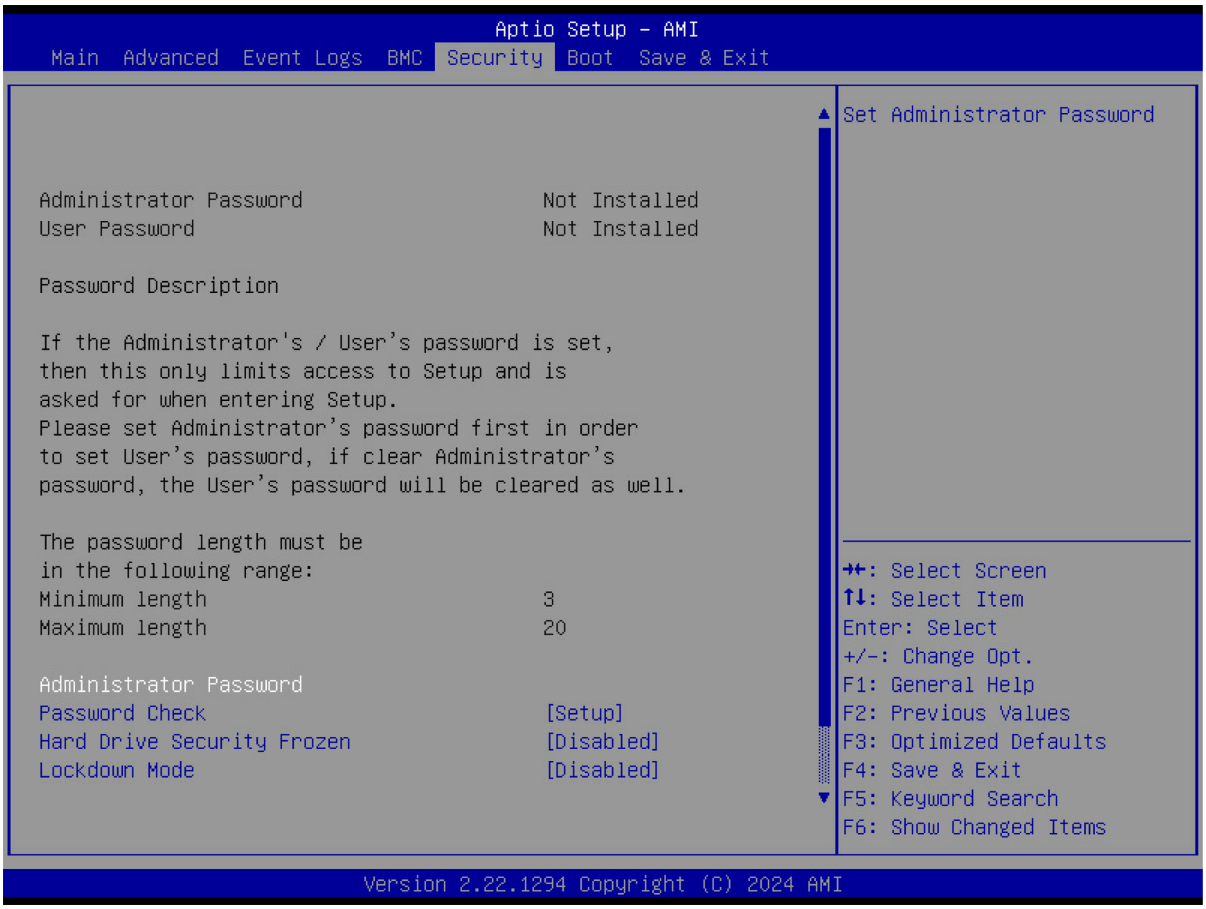


Figure 8-5. Security Screen

Disable Block Sid and Freeze Lock (Available when your storage devices support TCG)

Select Enabled to allow SID authentication to be performed in TCG storage devices. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

The following information is displayed:

- Administrator Password
- User Password
- Password Description

Administrator Password

This feature indicates if an administrator password has been installed. Use this feature to set the administrator password, which is required to enter the BIOS Setup utility. The length of the password can be between three and 20 characters long.

User Password (Available when "Administrator Password" has been set)

This feature indicates if a user password has been installed. Use this feature to set the user password which is required to enter the BIOS Setup utility. The length of the password can be between three and 20 characters long.

Password Check

Select Setup for the system to check for a password upon entering the BIOS Setup utility. Select Always for the system to check for the passwords needed at bootup and upon entering the BIOS Setup utility. The options are **Setup** and Always.

Hard Drive Security Frozen

Select Enabled to freeze the Lock Security feature for HDD to protect key data in hard drives from being altered. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Lockdown Mode (Available when the DCMS key is activated)

Select Enabled to support the Lockdown Mode, which prevents the existing data or keys stored in the system from being altered or changed in an effort to preserve system integrity and security. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Supermicro Security Erase Configuration Menu

►Supermicro Security Erase Configuration

Use this submenu to configure the Supermicro-proprietary Security Erase settings. When this submenu is selected, the following information is displayed. Please note that the order of the following information may differ based on the storage devices being detected.

- HDD Name: This feature displays the model name of the storage device that is detected by the BIOS.
- HDD Serial Number: This feature displays the serial number of the storage device that is detected by the BIOS.
- Security Mode: This feature displays the security mode of the storage device that is detected by the BIOS.
- Estimated Time: This feature displays the estimate time needed to perform the selected Security Erase features.
- HDD User Pwd Status: This feature indicates if a password has been set as a storage device user password, which enables configuring Supermicro Security Erase settings on this storage device.
- TCG Device Type: This feature displays the TCG device type detected by the system.

- Admin Pwd Status: This feature indicates if a password has been set as a storage device administrator password, which enables configuring Supermicro Security Erase settings on this storage device.

Note: This submenu is available when any storage device is detected by the BIOS. For more information about this feature, refer to our website.

Security Function

Select Set Password to set a storage device user password to enable configuring the security settings on the storage device. Select Security Erase - Password to enter a storage device user password to enable erasing the password and the contents previously stored in the storage device. Select Security Erase - Without Password to use the manufacturer default password "111111111" as the storage device user password and enable erasing the contents of the storage device by using this default password. The options are **Disabled**, Set Password, Change Password, Clear Password, Security Erase - Password, Security Erase - PSID, and Security Erase - Without Password.

Notes:

- The option of Security Erase - PSID is based on the storage device support. PSID is the abbreviation for Physical Security Identification.
- The options of Change Password and Clear Password are available when "Password" below has been set.
- The option of Set Password is NOT available when "Password" below has been set.

Password

Use this feature to set the storage device user password, which enables configuring the Supermicro Security Erase settings by using this user password.

New Password (Available when "Password" above has been set)

Use this feature to set the new user password for the storage device, which enables configuring the Supermicro Security Erase settings by using this new user password.

HDD Security Configuration Menu

►P4: (Storage device model name)

This submenu is available when the storage device is detected by the BIOS. Select this device. Press <Enter> and the following information is displayed:

- HDD Password Description:
- HDD PASSWORD CONFIGURATION:
- Security Supported:
- Security Enabled:
- Security Locked:
- Security Frozen:
- HDD User Pwd Status:
- HDD Master Pwd Status:

Set User Password (Available when "Security Frozen:" above is No)

Press <Enter> to set the HDD user password.

Secure Boot Menu

►Secure Boot

The following information is displayed:

- System Mode
- Secure Boot

Note: For detailed instructions on configuring Security Boot settings, refer to the Security Boot Configuration User's Guide at https://www.supermicro.com/support/manuals.

Secure Boot

Select Enabled to configure Secure Boot settings. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Secure Boot Mode

Use this feature to select the desired secure boot mode for the system. The options are Standard and **Custom**.

►Enter Audit Mode

Select Ok to enter the Audit Mode workflow. It will result in erasing the Platform Key (PK) variables and resetting the system to the Setup/Audit Mode.

Note: This submenu is available when "Secure Boot Mode" is set to Custom.

►Enter Deployed Mode / Exit Deployed Mode

Select Ok to reset system to the User Mode or to the Deployed Mode.

Note: This submenu is available when "Secure Boot Mode" is set to Custom.

►Key Management

The following information is displayed:

- Vendor Keys

Note: This submenu is available when "Secure Boot Mode" is set to Custom.

Provision Factory Defaults

Select Enabled to install the default secure boot keys when the system is in the Setup Mode. Changes take effect after you save settings and reboot the system. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

►Restore Factory Keys

Select Yes to restore manufacturer default keys to ensure system security. The options are **Yes** and No. Selecting Yes will reset the system to the User Mode.

Note: This submenu is available when any secure keys have been installed.

►Reset To Setup Mode

This feature resets the system to the Setup Mode. The options are **Yes** and No.

Note: This submenu is available when any secure keys have been installed.

►Enroll Efi Image

This feature allows the Efi image to run in the secure boot mode and enroll the SHA256 Hash certificate of a PE image into the Authorized Signature Database (DB).

►Export Secure Boot Variables

This feature exports the NVRAM contents of secure boot variables to a storage device. The options are **Yes** and No.

Note: This submenu is available when any secure keys have been installed.

Secure Boot variable / Size / Keys / Key Source

►Platform Key (PK)

Use this feature to enter and configure a set of values to be used as platform firmware keys for the system. These values also indicate the sizes, key numbers, and the sources of the authorized signatures. Select Update to update the platform key.

►Key Exchange Keys (KEK)

Use this feature to enter and configure a set of values to be used as Key Exchange Keys for the system. These values also indicate the sizes, key numbers, and the sources of the authorized signatures. Select Update to update the Key Exchange Keys. Select Append to append the Key Exchange Keys.

►Authorized Signatures (db)

Use this feature to enter and configure a set of values to be used as Authorized Signatures for the system. These values also indicate the sizes, key numbers, and sources of the authorized signatures. Select Update to update the Authorized Signatures. Select Append to append the new Authorized Signatures.

►Forbidden Signatures (dbx)

Use this feature to enter and configure a set of values to be used as Forbidden Signatures for the system. These values also indicate sizes, key numbers, and key sources of the forbidden signatures. Select Update to update the Forbidden Signatures. Select Append to append the Forbidden Signature.

►Authorized TimeStamps (dbt)

Use this feature to set and save the timestamps for the Authorized Signatures, which will indicate the time when these signatures are entered into the system. These values also indicate sizes, keys, and key sources of the authorized timestamps. Select Update to update the Authorized TimeStamps. Select Append to append the Authorized TimeStamps.

►OsRecovery Signatures (dbr)

Use this feature to set and save the Authorized Signatures used for OS recovery. Select Update to update the OsRecovery Signatures. These values also indicate sizes, keys, and key sources of the OsRecovery Signatures. Select Append to append the OsRecovery Signatures.

TCG Storage Security Configuration Menu

►(Storage device model name)

Select this device. Press <Enter> and the following information is displayed:

- TCG Storage Security Password Description:
- PASSWORD CONFIGURATION:
- Security Subsystem Class:
- Security Supported:
- Security Enabled:
- Security Locked:
- Security Frozen:
- User Pwd Status:
- Admin Pwd Status:

Note: This submenu is available when the storage device is compliant with TCG specifications.

Set Admin Password

Use this feature to set the administrator password for this storage device.

Set User Password (Available when "Set Admin Password" has been set)

Use this feature to set the user password for this storage device.

Device Reset

Use this feature to reset the password configuration for this storage device.

8.7 Boot

Use this menu to configure Boot settings.

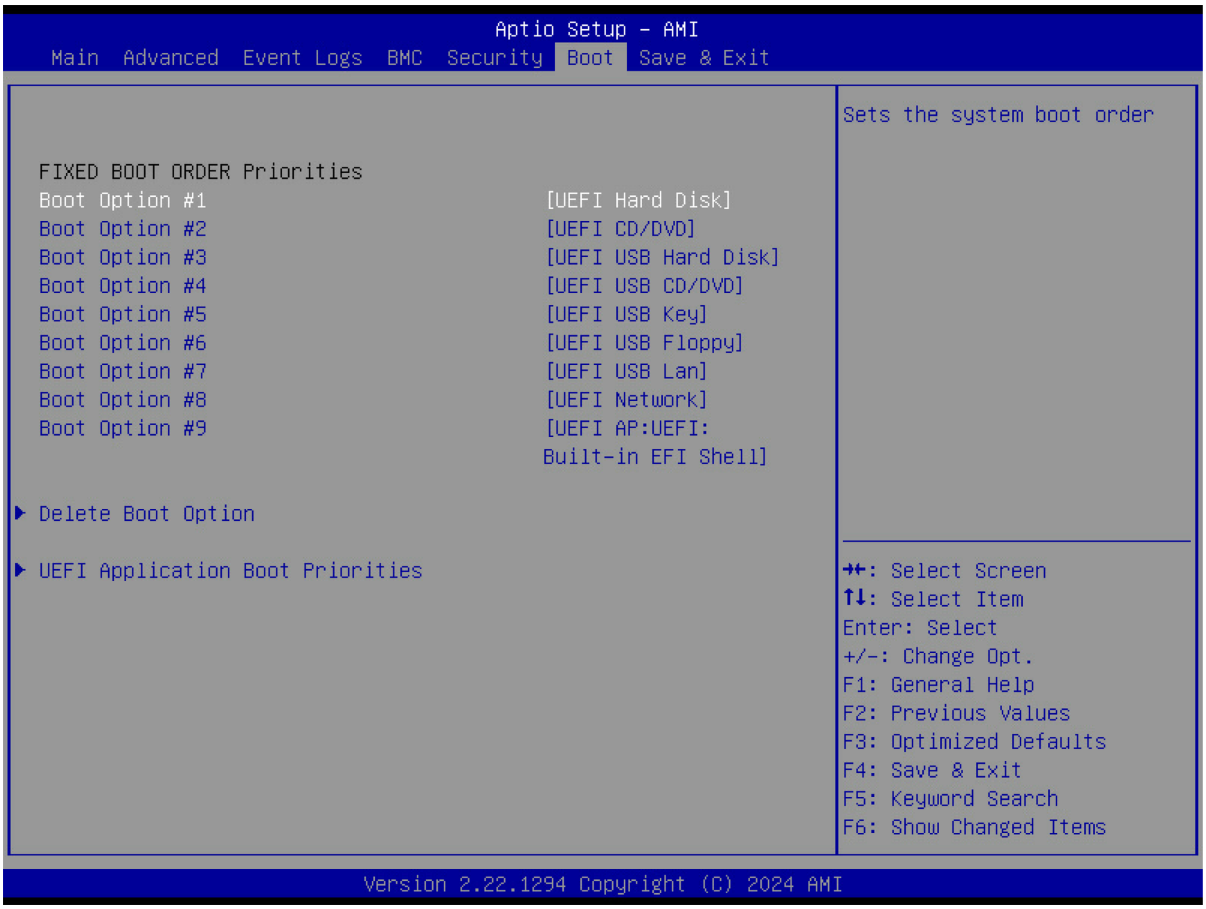


Figure 8-6. Boot Screen

FIXED BOOT ORDER Priorities

Use this feature to prioritize the order of a bootable device from which the system will boot. Press <Enter> on each item sequentially to select the device.

- Boot Option #1 – Boot Option #9

►Add New Boot Option

Use this feature to add a new boot option to the boot priority features for system boot.

Note: This submenu is available when any storage device is detected by the BIOS.

Add boot option

Use this feature to specify the name for the new boot option.

Path for boot option

Use this feature to enter the path for the new boot option in the format fsx:\path\filename.efi.

Boot option File Path

Use this feature to specify the file path for the new boot option.

Create

After setting the name and the file path for the boot option, press <Enter> to create the new boot option in the boot priority list.

►Delete Boot Option

Use this feature to select a boot device to delete from the boot priority list.

Delete Boot Option

Use this feature to remove an EFI boot option from the boot priority list.

►UEFI NETWORK Drive BBS Priorities

Use this feature to set the system boot order of detected devices.

►UEFI Application Boot Priorities

Use this feature to set the system boot order of detected devices.

►UEFI USB Key Drive BBS Priorities

Use this feature to set the system boot order of detected devices.

►UEFI Hard Disk Drive BBS Priorities

Use this feature to set the system boot order of detected devices.

8.8 Save & Exit

Select Save & Exit from the BIOS Setup screen to configure the settings below.

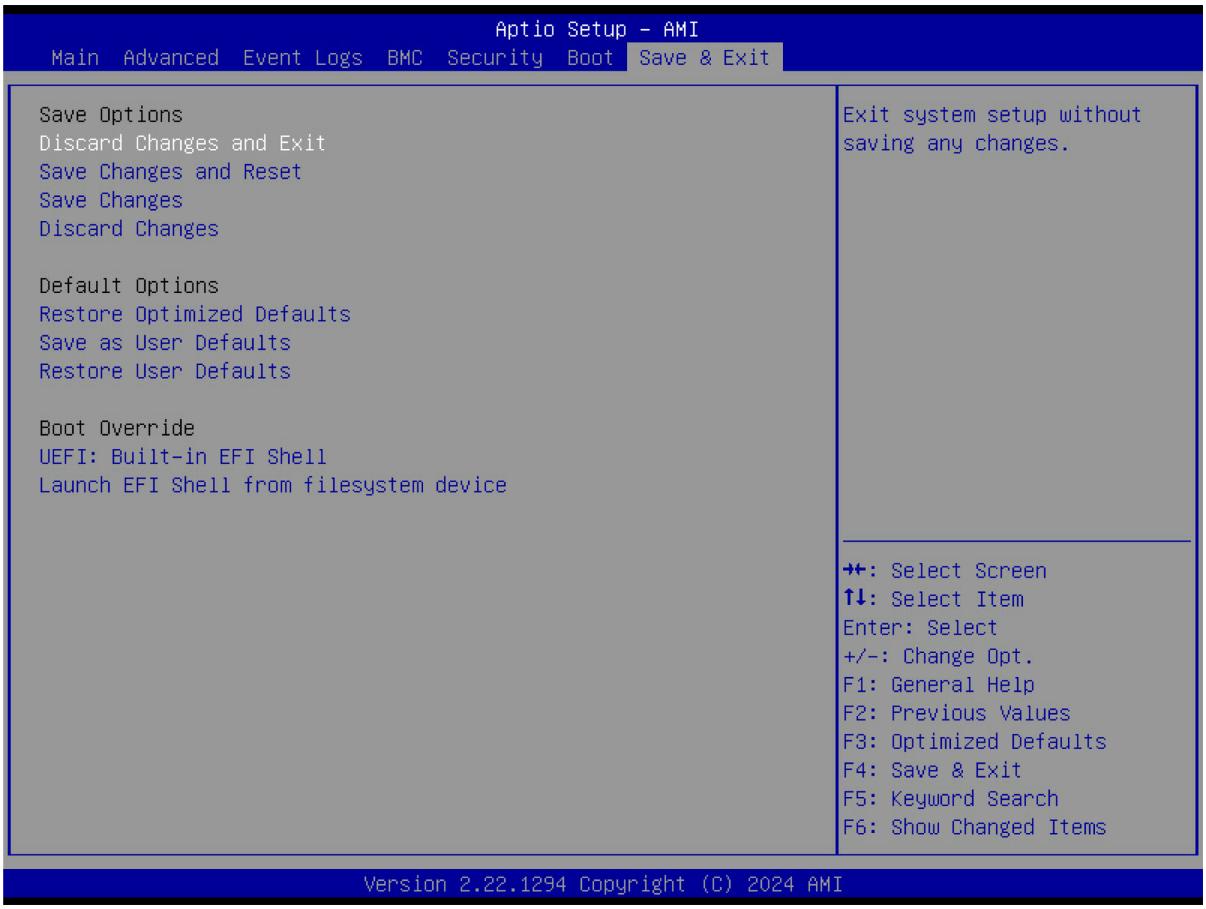


Figure 8-7. Save & Exit Screen

Save Options

Discard Changes and Exit

Use this feature to exit from the BIOS Setup utility without making any permanent changes to the system configuration and reboot the computer.

Save Changes and Reset

On completing the system configuration changes, use this feature to exit the BIOS Setup utility and reboot the computer for the new system configuration parameters to take effect.

Save Changes

On completing the system configuration changes, use this feature to save all changes made. This will not reset (reboot) the system.

Discard Changes

Select this feature and press <Enter> to discard all changes made and return to the BIOS Setup utility.

Default Options

Restore Optimized Defaults

Select this feature and press <Enter> to load manufacturer optimized default settings, which are intended for maximum system performance but not for maximum stability.

Note: Reboot the system for the changes to take effect to ensure that the system has the optimized default settings.

Save as User Defaults

Select this feature and press <Enter> to save all changes as the default values specified to the BIOS Setup utility for future use.

Restore User Defaults

Select this feature and press <Enter> to retrieve user-defined default settings that have been saved previously.

Boot Override

Note: Use this section to override the Boot priorities sequence in the Boot menu, and immediately boot the system with a device specified here instead of the one specified in the boot list. This is a one-time boot override.

Launch EFI Shell from filesystem device

Use this feature to launch the EFI shell application (Shell.efi) from one of the available filesystem devices. A filesystem is a virtual, logical, or physical system for organizing, managing, and accessing the files and directories on devices such as SSDs, HDDs, or other storage devices.

Appendix A:

Standardized Warning Statements for AC Systems

The following statements are industry standard warnings, provided to warn the user of situations which have the potential for bodily injury. Should you have questions or experience difficulty, contact Supermicro's Technical Support department for assistance. Only certified technicians should attempt to install or configure components.

Read this section in its entirety before installing or configuring components in the Supermicro SYS-212GT-DNAF server.

These warnings may also be found on our website at the following page:

https://www.supermicro.com/about/policies/safety_information.cfm

Warning Definition



Warning! This warning symbol means danger. You are in a situation that could cause bodily injury. Before you work on any equipment, be aware of the hazards involved with electrical circuitry and be familiar with standard practices for preventing accidents.

この警告サインは危険を意味します。

人身事故につながる可能性がありますので、いずれの機器でも動作させる前に、

電気回路に含まれる危険性に注意して、標準的な事故防止策に精通して下さい。

此警告符号代表危险。

您正处于可能受到严重伤害的工作环境中。在您使用设备开始工作之前、必须充分意识到触电的危险、并熟练掌握防止事故发生的标准工作程序。请根据每项警告结尾的声明号码找到此设备的安全性警告说明的翻译文本。

此警告符號代表危險。

您正處於可能身體可能會受損傷的工作環境中。在您使用任何設備之前、請注意觸電的危險、並且要熟悉預防事故發生的標準工作程序。請依照每一注意事項後的號碼找到相關的翻譯說明內容。

WICHTIGE SICHERHEITSHINWEISE

Dieses Warnsymbol bedeutet Gefahr. Sie befinden sich in einer Situation, die zu Verletzungen führen kann. Machen Sie sich vor der Arbeit mit Geräten mit den Gefahren elektrischer Schaltungen und den üblichen Verfahren zur Vorbeugung vor Unfällen vertraut. Suchen Sie mit der am Ende jeder Warnung angegebenen Anweisungsnummer nach der jeweiligen Übersetzung in den übersetzten Sicherheitshinweisen, die zusammen mit diesem Gerät ausgeliefert wurden.

BEWAHREN SIE DIESE HINWEISE GUT AUF.

INSTRUCCIONES IMPORTANTES DE SEGURIDAD

Este símbolo de aviso indica peligro. Existe riesgo para su integridad física. Antes de manipular cualquier equipo, considere los riesgos de la corriente eléctrica y familiarícese con los procedimientos estándar de prevención de accidentes. Al final de cada advertencia encontrará el número que le ayudará a encontrar el texto traducido en el apartado de traducciones que acompaña a este dispositivo.

GUARDE ESTAS INSTRUCCIONES.

IMPORTANTES INFORMATIONS DE SÉCURITÉ

Ce symbole d'avertissement indique un danger. Vous vous trouvez dans une situation pouvant entraîner des blessures ou des dommages corporels. Avant de travailler sur un équipement, soyez conscient des dangers liés aux circuits électriques et familiarisez- vous avec les procédures couramment utilisées pour éviter les accidents. Pour prendre connaissance des traductions des avertissements figurant dans les consignes de sécurité traduites qui accompagnent cet appareil, référez-vous au numéro de l'instruction situé à la fin de chaque avertissement.

CONSERVEZ CES INFORMATIONS.

תקנון הצהרות אזהרה

הצהרות הבאות הן אזהרות על פי תקני התעשייה, על מנת להזהיר את המשתמש מפני חבלה

פיזית אפשרית. במידה ויש שאלות או היתקלות בבעיה כלשהי, יש ליצור קשר עם מחלקת תמיכה

טכנית של סופרמיקרו. טכנאים מוסמכים בלבד רשאים להתקין או להגדיר את הרכיבים.

יש לקרוא את הנספח במלואו לפני התקנת או הגדרת הרכיבים במארזי סופרמיקרו.

ا كً ف حالة وٌكي أى تتسبب ف اصابة جسذ ةٌ هذا الز هز عٌ خطز !تحذ زٌ.

قبل أى تعول على أي هعذات،كي على علن بالوخاطز ال اجٌوة عي الذوائز

الكهزبائ ةٍ

وكي على درا ةٌ بالووارسات النقائ ةٍ لو عٌ وقنع أي حادث

استخذم رقن الب إى الو صٌنص ف هًا ةٌ كل تحذ زٌ للعثٌر تزجوتها

안전을 위한 주의사항

이 경고 기호는 위험이 있음을 알려 줍니다. 작업자의 신체에 부상을 야기 할 수 있는 상태에 있게 됩니다. 모든 장비에 대한 작업을 수행하기 전에 전기회로와 관련된 위험요소들을 확인하시고 사전에 사고를 방지할 수 있도록 표준 작업절차를 준수해 주시기 바랍니다.

해당 번역문을 찾기 위해 각 경고의 마지막 부분에 제공된 경고문 번호를 참조하십시오

BELANGRIJKE VEILIGHEIDSINSTRUCTIES

Dit waarschuwings symbool betekent gevaar. U verkeert in een situatie die lichamelijk letsel kan veroorzaken. Voordat u aan enige apparatuur gaat werken, dient u zich bewust te zijn van de bij een elektrische installatie betrokken risico's en dient u op de hoogte te zijn van de standaard procedures om ongelukken te voorkomen. Gebruik de nummers aan het eind van elke waarschuwing om deze te herleiden naar de desbetreffende locatie.

BEWAAR DEZE INSTRUCTIES

Installation Instructions

Warning! Read the installation instructions before connecting the system to the power source.

警告!

システムを電源に接続する前に、設置手順書をお読み下さい。

警告!

将此系统连接电源前、请先阅读安装说明。

警告!

將系統與電源連接前、請先閱讀安裝說明。

Warnung!

Vor dem Anschließen des Systems an die Stromquelle die Installationsanweisungen lesen.

¡Advertencia!

Lea las instrucciones de instalación antes de conectar el sistema a la red de alimentación.

Attention!

Avant de brancher le système sur la source d'alimentation, consulter les directives d'installation.

אַזהָרָה!

יש לקרוא את הוראות התקנה לפני חיבור המערכת למקור מתח.

تحذير!

اقر إرشادات التركيب قبل توصيل النظام إلى مصدر للطاقة

경고!

시스템을 전원에 연결하기 전에 설치 안내를 읽어주십시오.

Waarschuwing!

Raadpleeg de installatie-instructies voordat u het systeem op de voedingsbron aansluit.

Circuit Breaker



Warning! This product relies on the building's installation for short-circuit (overcurrent) protection. Ensure that the protective device is rated not greater than: 250 V, 20 A.

警告!

この製品は、短絡(過電流) 保護装置がある建物での設置を前提としています。

保護装置の定格が250 V、20 Aを超えないことを確認下さい。

警告!

此产品的短路(过载电流) 保护由建筑物的供电系统提供，确保短路保护设备的额定电流不大于 250 V、20 A。

警告!

此產品的短路(過載電流) 保護由建築物的供電系統提供，確保短路保護設備的額定電流不大於 250 V、20 A。

Warnung!

Dieses Produkt ist darauf angewiesen, dass im Gebäude ein Kurzschluss bzw. Überstromschutz installiert ist. Stellen Sie sicher, dass der Nennwert der Schutzvorrichtung nicht mehr als: 250 V, 20 A beträgt.

¡Advertencia!

Este equipo utiliza el sistema de protección contra cortocircuitos (o sobrecorrientes) del edificio. Asegúrese de que el dispositivo de protección no sea superior a: 250 V, 20 A.

Attention!

Pour ce qui est de la protection contre les courts-circuits (surtension), ce produit dépend de l'installation électrique du local. Vérifiez que le courant nominal du dispositif de protection n'est pas supérieur à :250 V, 20 A.

אזהרה!

מוצר זה מסתמך על הגנה המותקנת במבנים למניעת קצר חשמלי. יש לוודא כי

המכשיר המגן מפני הקצר החשמלי הוא לא יותר מ-250 V, 20 A

تحذير!

هذا المنتج يعتمد على معداث الحمايت مه الدوائر القصيرة التي تم تثبيتها في

المبنى

تأكد من أن تقييم الجهاز الوقائي ليس أكثر من : 20 A, 250 V

경고!

이 제품은 전원의 단락(과전류)방지에 대해서 전적으로 건물의 관련 설비에 의존합니다. 보호장치의 정격이 반드시 250 V(볼트), 20 A(암페어)를 초과하지 않도록 해야 합니다.

Waarschuwing!

Dit product is afhankelijk van de kortsluitbeveiliging (overspanning) van uw electrische installatie. Controleer of het beveiligde aparaat niet groter gedimensioneerd is dan 250 V, 20 A.

Power Disconnection Warning



Warning! The system must be disconnected from all sources of power and the power cord removed from the power supply module(s) before accessing the chassis interior to install or remove system components (except for hot-swap components).

警告!

システムコンポーネントの取り付けまたは取り外しのために、シャーシー内部にアクセスするには、

システムの電源はすべてのソースから切断され、電源コードは電源モジュールから取り外す必要があります。

警告!

在你打开机箱并安装或移除内部器件前、必须将系统完全断电、并移除电源线。

警告!

在您打開機殼安裝或移除內部元件前、必須將系統完全斷電、並移除電源線。

Warnung!

Das System muss von allen Quellen der Energie und vom Netzanschlusskabel getrennt sein, das von den Spg.Versorgungsteilmodulen entfernt wird, bevor es auf den Chassisinnenraum zurückgreift, um Systemsbestandteile anzubringen oder zu entfernen.

¡Advertencia!

El sistema debe ser disconnected de todas las fuentes de energía y del cable eléctrico quitado de los módulos de fuente de alimentación antes de tener acceso el interior del chasis para instalar o para quitar componentes de sistema.

Attention!

Le système doit être débranché de toutes les sources de puissance ainsi que de son cordon d'alimentation secteur avant d'accéder à l'intérieur du chassis pour installer ou enlever des composants de systéme.

אזהרה!

יש לנתק את המערכת מכל מקורות החשמל ויש להסיר את כבל החשמלי מהספק

לפני גישה לחלק הפנימי של המארז לצורך התקנת או הסרת רכיבים.

تحذير!

يجب فصم انتظاو من جميع مصادر انطاقت وإزانت سهك انكهرباء من وحدة امداد

انطاقت قبم

انصسل إنى انمناطق انداخهيت نههيكم نتثبيج أو إزانت مكنناث الجهاز

경고!

시스템에 부품들을 장착하거나 제거하기 위해서는 섀시 내부에 접근하기 전에 반드시 전원 공급장치로부터 연결되어있는 모든 전원과 전기코드를 분리해주어야 합니다.

Waarschuwing!

Voordat u toegang neemt tot het binnenwerk van de behuizing voor het installeren of verwijderen van systeem onderdelen, dient u alle spanningsbronnen en alle stroomkabels aangesloten op de voeding(en) van de behuizing te verwijderen

Equipment Installation



Warning! Only authorized personnel and qualified service persons should be allowed to install, replace, or service this equipment.

警告!

トレーニングを受け認定された人だけがこの装置の設置、交換、またはサービスを許可されています。

警告!

只有经过培训且具有资格的人员才能进行此设备的安装、更换和维修。

警告!

只有經過受訓且具資格人員才可安裝、更換與維修此設備。

Warnung!

Nur autorisiertes Personal und qualifizierte Servicetechniker dürfen dieses Gerät installieren, austauschen oder warten.

¡Advertencia!

Sólo el personal autorizado y el personal de servicio calificado deben poder instalar, reemplazar o dar servicio a este equipo.

Attention!

Seul le personnel autorisé et le personnel de maintenance qualifié doivent être autorisés à installer, remplacer ou entretenir cet équipement.

אזהרה!

יש לאפשר רק צוות מורשה ואנשי שירות מוסמכים להתקין, להחליף או לטפל בציוד זה.

تحذير!

ينبغي السماح فقط للموظفين المعتمدين وأفراد الخدمة المؤهلين بتركيب هذا الجهاز أو استبداله أو صيانته.

경고!

승인된 직원과 자격을 갖춘 서비스 담당자만이 이 장비를 설치, 교체 또는 서비스할 수 있습니다.

Waarschuwing!

Alleen geautoriseerd personeel en gekwalificeerd onderhoudspersoneel mag deze apparatuur installeren, vervangen of onderhouden.

Rack Stability Hazard

Warning! Stability hazard. The rack may tip over causing serious personal injury. Before extending the rack to the installation position, read the installation instructions. Do not put any load on the slide-rail mounted equipment in the installation position. Do not leave the slide-rail mounted equipment in the installation position.

警告!

安定性に危険があります。ラックが転倒して、重大な人身事故を引き起こす可能性があります。ラックを設置位置まで伸ばす前に、設置手順をお読みください。設置位置にあるスライドレールに取り付けられた機器に負荷をかけないでください。スライドレールに取り付けられた機器を設置位置に放置しないでください。

警告!

稳定性危险。机架可能会翻倒、造成严重的人身伤害。在将机架延伸到安装位置之前、请阅读安装说明。请勿在安装位置对滑轨安装的设备施加任何负载。请勿将滑轨安装的设备留在安装位置。

警告!

穩定性危險。機架可能會翻倒、造成嚴重的人身傷害。將機架延伸至安裝位置前、請先閱讀安裝說明。請勿在安裝位置的滑軌安裝設備上放置任何負載。請勿將滑軌安裝設備留在安裝位置。

Warnung!

Gefahr der Instabilität. Das Rack kann umkippen und schwere Verletzungen verursachen. Lesen Sie die Installationsanweisungen, bevor Sie das Rack in die Einbauposition ausfahren. Belasten Sie die auf den Gleitschienen montierten Geräte nicht in der Einbauposition. Lassen Sie die auf den Gleitschienen montierten Geräte nicht in der Einbauposition.

¡Advertencia!

Peligro de inestabilidad. El rack podría volcarse y causar lesiones personales graves. Antes de extender el rack a la posición de instalación, lea las instrucciones de instalación. No coloque ninguna carga sobre el equipo montado sobre rieles deslizantes en la posición de instalación. No deje el equipo montado sobre rieles deslizantes en la posición de instalación.

Attention!

Danger d’instabilité. Le rack peut basculer et provoquer des blessures corporelles graves. Avant d’étendre le rack en position d’installation, lire les instructions d’installation. Ne pas charger l’équipement monté sur rail de glissière en position d’installation. Ne pas laisser l’équipement monté sur rail de glissière en position d’installation.

אזהרה!

סכנת חוסר יציבות

המתלה עלול להתהפך ולגרום לפציעה חמורה

לפני הארכת המתלה למצב ההתקנה, קרא את הוראות ההתקנה

אין להעמיס כל עומס על הציוד המותקן על מסילת ההחלקה במצב ההתקנה

אל תשאיר את הציוד המותקן על מסילת ההחלקה במצב ההתקנה

تحذير!

خطر عدم الاستقرار.

قد ينقلب الرف مسبباً إصابات جسدية خطيرة.

قبل تمديد الرف إلى موضع التركيب، اقرأ تعليمات التركيب.

لا تضع أي حمولة على الجهاز المثبت على سكة الانزلاق في موضع التركيب.

لا تترك الجهاز المثبت على سكة الانزلاق في موضع التركيب.

경고!

안정성 위험. 랙이 넘어져 심각한 개인 부상을 입을 수 있습니다. 랙을 설치 위치까지 확장하기 전에 설치 지침을 읽으십시오. 설치 위치에서 슬라이드 레일 장착 장비에 하중을 가하지 마십시오. 슬라이드 레일 장착 장비를 설치 위치에 두지 마십시오.

Waarschuwing!

Gevaar voor instabiliteit. Het rek kan kantelen en ernstig persoonlijk letsel veroorzaken. Lees de installatie-instructies voordat u het rek uitschuift naar de installatiepositie. Plaats geen last op de op de glijrail gemonteerde apparatuur in de installatiepositie. Laat de op de glijrail gemonteerde apparatuur niet in de installatiepositie staan.

Restricted Area



Warning! This unit is intended for installation in restricted access areas. A restricted access area can be accessed only through the use of a special tool, lock and key, or other means of security. (This warning does not apply to workstations).

警告!

このユニットは、アクセス制限区域に設置されることを想定しています。

アクセス制限区域は、特別なツール、鍵と錠前、その他のセキュリティの手段を用いてのみ出入りが可能です。

警告!

此部件应安装在限制进出的场所、限制进出的场所指只能通过使用特殊工具、锁和钥匙或其它安全手段进出的场所。

警告!

此裝置僅限安裝於進出管制區域、進出管制區域係指僅能以特殊工具、鎖頭及鑰匙或其他安全方式才能進入的區域。

Warnung!

Diese Einheit ist zur Installation in Bereichen mit beschränktem Zutritt vorgesehen. Der Zutritt zu derartigen Bereichen ist nur mit einem Spezialwerkzeug, Schloss und Schlüssel oder einer sonstigen Sicherheitsvorkehrung möglich.

¡Advertencia!

Esta unidad ha sido diseñada para instalación en áreas de acceso restringido. Sólo puede obtenerse acceso a una de estas áreas mediante la utilización de una herramienta especial, cerradura con llave u otro medio de seguridad.

Attention!

Cet appareil doit être installée dans des zones d'accès réservés. L'accès à une zone d'accès réservé n'est possible qu'en utilisant un outil spécial, un mécanisme de verrouillage et une clé, ou tout autre moyen de sécurité.

אזהרה!

יש להתקין את היחידה באזורים שיש בהם הגבלת גישה. הגישה ניתנת בעזרת

'כלי אבטחה בלבד (מפתח, מנעול וכד.)

تحذير!

اتخصيص هذه انحذة نترك بُها ف مناطق محظورة تم .

مَكن انصل إن منطقت محظورة فقط من خلال استخذاو أداة خاصت،

أو أ وس هُت أخري نلاأمما قفم ومفتاح

경고!

이 장치는 접근이 제한된 구역에 설치하도록 되어있습니다. 특수도구, 잠금 장치 및 키, 또는 기타 보안 수단을 통해서만 접근 제한 구역에 들어갈 수 있습니다.

Waarschuwing!

Dit apparaat is bedoeld voor installatie in gebieden met een beperkte toegang. Toegang tot dergelijke gebieden kunnen alleen verkregen worden door gebruik te maken van speciaal gereedschap, slot en sleutel of andere veiligheidsmaatregelen.

Battery Handling



Warning! There is risk of explosion if the battery is replaced by an incorrect type. Replace the battery only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer. Dispose of used batteries according to the manufacturer's instructions.

警告!

バッテリーを間違ったタイプに交換すると爆発の危険があります。交換する電池はメーカーが推奨する型、または同等のものを使用下さい。使用済電池は製造元の指示に従って処分して下さい。

警告!

如果更换的电池类型不正确。请只使用同类电池或制造商推荐的功能相当的电池更换原有电池。请按制造商的说明处理废旧电池。

警告!

如果更換的電池類型不正確。請使用製造商建議之相同或功能相當的電池更換原有電池。請按照製造商的說明指示處理廢棄舊電池。

WARNUNG!

Es besteht Explosionsgefahr, wenn die Batterie durch einen falschen Typ ersetzt wird. Ersetzen Sie die Batterie nur durch den gleichen oder vom Hersteller empfohlenen Batterietyp. Entsorgen Sie die benutzten Batterien nach den Anweisungen des Herstellers.

¡ADVERTENCIA!

Existe riesgo de explosión si la batería se reemplaza por un tipo incorrecto. Reemplazar la batería exclusivamente con el mismo tipo o el equivalente recomendado por el fabricante. Desechar las baterías gastadas según las instrucciones del fabricante.

ATTENTION!

Il existe un risque d'explosion si la batterie est remplacée par un type incorrect. Ne la remplacer que par une pile de type semblable ou équivalent, recommandée par le fabricant. Jeter les piles usagées conformément aux instructions du fabricant.

אזהרה!

קיימת סכנת פיצוץ אם הסוללה תוחלף בסוג שגוי. יש להחליף

את הסוללה בסוג התואם מחברת יצרן מומלצת.

סילוק הסוללות המשומשות יש לבצע לפי הוראות היצרן.

تحذير!

.هناك خطر الانفجار إذا تم استبدال البطارية بنوع غير صحيح

اسحبذال البطارية

فقط بنفس النىع أو ما يعادلها مما أوصث به الشرمة المصنعة

جخلص من البطاريات المسحعملة وفقا لحعليمات الشرمة الصانعة

경고!

배터리를 잘못된 종류로 교체하면 폭발의 위험이 있습니다. 기존 배터리와 동일하거나 제조사에서 권장하는 동등한 종류의 배터리로만 교체해야 합니다. 제조사의 안내에 따라 사용된 배터리를 처리하여 주십시오.

WAARSCHUWING!

Er bestaat explosiegevaar als de batterij wordt vervangen door een verkeerd type. Vervang de batterij slechts met hetzelfde of een equivalent type die door de fabrikant aanbevolen wordt. Gebruikte batterijen dienen overeenkomstig fabrieksvoorschriften afgevoerd te worden.

Redundant Power Supplies



Warning! This unit might have more than one power supply connection. All connections must be removed to de-energize the unit.

警告!

このユニットは複数の電源装置が接続されている場合があります。

ユニットの電源を切るためには、すべての接続を取り外さなければなりません。

警告!

此部件连接的电源可能不止一个、必须将所有电源断开才能停止给该部件供电。

警告!

此裝置連接的電源可能不只一個、必須切斷所有電源才能停止對該裝置的供電。

Warnung!

Dieses Gerät kann mehr als eine Stromzufuhr haben. Um sicherzustellen, dass der Einheit kein trom zugeführt wird, müssen alle Verbindungen entfernt werden.

¡Advertencia!

Puede que esta unidad tenga más de una conexión para fuentes de alimentación. Para cortar por completo el suministro de energía, deben desconectarse todas las conexiones.

Attention!

Cette unité peut avoir plus d'une connexion d'alimentation. Pour supprimer toute tension et tout courant électrique de l'unité, toutes les connexions d'alimentation doivent être débranchées.

אזהרה!

ליחדה יש יותר מחיבור אחד של ספק. יש להסיר את כל החיבורים על מנת לרוקן

את היחידה.

تحذير!

قد يكون لهذا الجهاز عدة اتصالات بوحدات امداد الطاقة .

يجب إزالة كافة الاتصالات لعسل الوحدة عن الكهرباء

경고!

이 장치에는 한 개 이상의 전원 공급 단자가 연결되어 있을 수 있습니다. 이 장치에 전원을 차단하기 위해서는 모든 연결 단자를 제거해야만 합니다.

Waarschuwing!

Deze eenheid kan meer dan één stroomtoevoeraansluiting bevatten. Alle aansluitingen dienen verwijderd te worden om het apparaat stroomloos te maken.

Backplane Voltage



Warning! Hazardous voltage or energy is present on the backplane when the system is operating. Use caution when servicing.

警告!

システムの稼働中は危険な電圧または電力が、バックプレーン上にかかっています。

修理する際には注意ください。

警告!

当系统正在进行时、背板上有很危险的电压或能量、进行维修时务必小心。

警告!

當系統正在進行時、背板上有危險的電壓或能量、進行維修時務必小心。

Warnung!

Wenn das System in Betrieb ist, treten auf der Rückwandplatine gefährliche Spannungen oder Energien auf. Vorsicht bei der Wartung.

¡Advertencia!

Cuando el sistema está en funcionamiento, el voltaje del plano trasero es peligroso. Tenga cuidado cuando lo revise.

Attention!

Lorsque le système est en fonctionnement, des tensions électriques circulent sur le fond de panier. Prendre des précautions lors de la maintenance.

אזהרה!

קיימת סכנת מתח בפנל האחורי בזמן תפעול המערכת. יש להיזהר במהלך

העבודה.

تحذير!

هناك خطز مه التيار الكهزبائي أوالطاقة المىجىدة على اللىحة

عندما يكىن النظام يعمل كه حذرا عند خدمة هذا الجهاس

경고!

시스템이 동작 중일 때 후면판 (Backplane)에는 위험한 전압이나 에너지가 발생 합니다. 서비스 작업 시 주의하십시오.

Waarschuwing!

Een gevaarlijke spanning of energie is aanwezig op de backplane wanneer het systeem in gebruik is. Voorzichtigheid is geboden tijdens het onderhoud.

Comply with Local and National Electrical Codes



Warning! Installation of the equipment must comply with local and national electrical codes.

警告!

機器の取り付けはその地方および国の電気規格に準拠する必要があります。

警告!

设备安装必须符合本地与本国电气法规。

警告!

設備安裝必須符合本地與本國電氣法規。

Warnung!

Die Installation der Geräte muss den Sicherheitsstandards entsprechen.

¡Advertencia!

La instalacion del equipo debe cumplir con las normas de electricidad locales y nacionales.

Attention!

L'équipement doit être installé conformément aux normes électriques nationales et locales.

אזהרה!

התקנת הציוד חייבת להיות תואמת לחוקי החשמל המקומיים והארציים.

تحذير!

تركيب المعدات الكهربائية يجب أن يمتثل للقناويه المحلية والبطنية المتعلقة

بالكهرباء

경고!

현 지역 및 국가의 전기 규정에 따라 장비를 설치해야 합니다.

Waarschuwing!

Bij installatie van de apparatuur moet worden voldaan aan de lokale en nationale elektriciteitsvoorschriften.

Product Disposal

Warning! Ultimate disposal of this product should be handled according to all national laws and regulations.

警告!

この製品を廃棄処分する場合、国の関係する全ての法律・条例に従い処理する必要があります。

警告!

本产品的废弃处理应根据所有国家的法律和规章进行。

警告!

本產品的廢棄處理應根據所有國家的法律和規章進行。

Warnung!

Die Entsorgung dieses Produkts sollte gemäß allen Bestimmungen und Gesetzen des Landes erfolgen.

¡Advertencia!

Al deshacerse por completo de este producto debe seguir todas las leyes y reglamentos nacionales.

Attention!

La mise au rebut ou le recyclage de ce produit sont généralement soumis à des lois et/ou directives de respect de l'environnement. Renseignez-vous auprès de l'organisme compétent.

אזהרה!

סילוק סופי של מוצר זה חייב להיות בהתאם להנחיות וחוקי המדינה.

تحذير!

عند التخلص النهائي من هذا المنتج ينبغي التعامل معه وفقا لجميع القوانين والأنظمة الوطنية

경고!

이 제품은 해당 국가의 관련 법규 및 규정에 따라 폐기되어야 합니다.

Waarschuwing!

De uiteindelijke verwijdering van dit product dient te geschieden in overeenstemming met alle nationale wetten en reglementen.

Fan Warning

Warning! Hazardous moving parts. Keep away from moving fan blades. The fans might still be turning when you remove the fan assembly from the chassis. Keep fingers, screwdrivers, and other objects away from the openings in the fan assembly's housing



警告!

警告！回転部品に注意。運転中は回転部(羽根) に触れないでください。シャーシから冷却ファン装置を取り外した際、ファンがまだ回転している可能性があります。ファンの開口部に、指、ドライバー、およびその他のものを近づけないで下さい。

警告!

警告！危险的可移动性零件。请务必与转动的风扇叶片保持距离。当您从机架移除风扇装置，风扇可能仍在转动。小心不要将手指、螺丝起子和其他物品太靠近风扇

警告!

危險的可移動性零件。請務必與轉動的風扇葉片保持距離。當您從機架移除風扇裝置，風扇可能仍在轉動。小心不要將手指、螺絲起子和其他物品太靠近風扇。

Warnung!

Gefährlich Bewegende Teile. Von den bewegenden Lüfterblätter fern halten. Die Lüfter drehen sich u. U. noch, wenn die Lüfterbaugruppe aus dem Chassis genommen wird. Halten Sie Finger, Schraubendreher und andere Gegenstände von den Öffnungen des Lüftergehäuses entfernt.

¡Advertencia!

Riesgo de piezas móviles. Mantener alejado de las aspas del ventilador. Los ventiladores podran dar vuelta cuando usted quite ell montaje del ventilador del chasis. Mandtenga los dedos, los destornilladores y todos los objetos lejos de las aberturas del ventilador.

Attention!

Pieces mobiles dangereuses. Se tenir a l'ecart des lames du ventilateur Il est possible que les ventilateurs soient toujours en rotation lorsque vous retirerez le bloc ventilateur du châssis. Prenez garde à ce que doigts, tournevis et autres objets soient éloignés du logement du bloc ventilateur.

אזהרה!

חלקים נעים מסוכנים. התרחק מלהבי המאוורר בפעולהכאשר מסירים את חלקי

המאוורר מהמארז, יתכן והמאוררים עדיין עובדים. יש להרחיק למרחק בטוח את

האצבעות וכלי עבודה שונים מהפתחים בתוך המאוורר

تحذير!

تحذير! أجزاء متحركة خطرة. ابتعد عن شفرات المروحة المتحركة.من الممكن أن

المراوح لا تزال تدور عند إزالة كتلة المروحة من الهيكل يجب إبقاء الأصابع

ومفكات البراغي وغيرها من الأشياء بعيدا عن الفتحات في كتلة المروحة.

경고!

움직이는 위험한 부품. 회전하는 송풍 날개에 접근하지 마세요. 섀시로부터 팬 조립품을 제거할 때 팬은 여전히 회전하고 있을 수 있습니다. 팬 조림품 외관의 열려있는 부분들로부터 손가락 및 스크류드라이버, 다른 물체들이 가까이 하지 않도록 배치해 주십시오.

Waarschuwing!

Gevaarlijk bewegende onderdelen. Houd voldoende afstand tot de bewegende ventilatorbladen. Het is mogelijk dat de ventilator nog draait tijdens het verwijderen van het ventilatorsamenstel uit het chassis. Houd uw vingers, schroevendraaiers en eventuele andere voorwerpen uit de buurt van de openingen in de ventilatorbehuizing.

Power Cable and AC Adapter



Warning! When installing the product, use the provided or designated connection cables, power cables and AC adaptors. Using any other cables and adaptors could cause a malfunction or a fire. Electrical Appliance and Material Safety Law prohibits the use of UL or CSA -certified cables (that have UL/CSA shown on the cord) for any other electrical devices than products designated by Supermicro only.

警告!

製品を設置する場合、提供または指定および購入された接続ケーブル、電源コードとACアダプターを該当する地域の条例や安全基準に適合するコードサイズやプラグと共に使用下さい。他のケーブルやアダプタを使用すると故障や火災の原因になることがあります。電気用品安全法は、ULまたはCSA認定のケーブル(UL/CSAマークがコードに表記) を Supermicro が指定する製品以外に使用することを禁止しています。

警告!

安装此产品时、请使用本身提供的或指定的或采购的连接线、电源线和电源适配器、包含遵照当 地法规和安全要求的合规的电源线尺寸和插头。使用其它线材或适配器可能会引起故障或火灾。 除了Supermicro所指定的产品、电气用品和材料安全法律规定禁止 使用未经UL或CSA认证的线材。(线材上会显示UL/CSA符号) 。

警告!

安裝此產品時、請使用本身提供的或指定的或採購的連接線、電源線和電源適配器、包含遵照當 地法規和安全要求的合規的電源線尺寸和插頭。使用其它線材或適配器可能會引起故障或火災。 除了Supermicro所指定的產品、電氣用品和材料安全法律規定禁止 使用未經UL或CSA認證的線材。(線材上會顯示UL/CSA符號) 。

Warnung!

Nutzen Sie beim Installieren des Produkts ausschließlich die von uns zur Verfügung gestellten Verbindungskabeln, Stromkabeln und/oder Adapater, die Ihre örtlichen Sicherheitsstandards einhalten. Der Gebrauch von anderen Kabeln und Adapter können Fehlfunktionen oder Feuer verursachen. Die Richtlinien untersagen das Nutzen von UL oder CAS zertifizierten Kabeln (mit UL/CSA gekennzeichnet), an Geräten oder Produkten die nicht mit Supermicro gekennzeichnet sind.

¡Advertencia!

Cuando instale el producto, utilice la conexión provista o designada o procure cables, Cables de alimentación y adaptadores de CA que cumplan con los códigos locales y los requisitos de seguridad, incluyendo el tamaño adecuado del cable y el enchufe. El uso de otros cables y adaptadores podría causar un mal funcionamiento o un incendio. La Ley de Seguridad de Aparatos Eléctricos y de Materiales prohíbe El uso de cables certificados por UL o CSA (que tienen el certificado UL / CSA en el código) para cualquier otros dispositivos eléctricos que los productos designados únicamente por Supermicro.

Attention!

Lors de l'installation du produit, utilisez les cables de connection fournis ou désigné ou achetez des cables, cables de puissance et adaptateurs respectant les normes locales et les conditions de securite y compris les tailles de cables et les prises electriques appropries. L'utilisation d'autres cables et adaptateurs peut provoquer un dysfonctionnement ou un incendie. Appareils électroménagers et la Loi sur la Sécurité Matériel interdit l'utilisation de câbles certifies- UL ou CSA (qui ont UL ou CSA indiqué sur le code) pour tous les autres appareils électriques sauf les produits désignés par Supermicro seulement.

אזהרה!

ךרוצל ומאתוה וא ושכרנ רשא AC ימאתמו מיקפס ,מילבכב שמתשהל שי ,רצומה תא מיניקתמ רשאכ לכב שומיש . עקתהו לבכה לש הנוכנ הדימ ללוכ ,תוימוקמה תוחיטבה תושירדל ומאתוה רשאו ,הנקתהה למשחה ירישכמב שומישה יקוחל מאתהב .ילמשח רצק וא הלקתל מורגל לולע ,רחא גוסמ מאתמ וא לבכ לש דוק מהילע עיפומ רשאכ) CSA- ב וא UL - ב מיכמסומה מילבכב שמתשהל רוסיא מייק ,תוחיטבה יקוחו דבלב Supermicro י"ע מאתוה רשא רצומב קר אלא ,רחא ילמשח רצומ לכ רובע UL/CSA).

تحذير!

تالباكلا ءارشب مق وأ ةددحملا وأ ةرفوتملا تاليصوتلا مادختساب مق ،جتنملا بيكرت دنع

كلذ يف امب ةيلحملا ةمالسلا تابلطتمو نيناوقب مازتلالا عم ددرتملا رايتلا تالوحمو ةيئابرهكلا

قيرح وأ لطع يف ببستي دق برخأ تالوحمو تالباك يأ مادختسا .ميلسلا سباقلاو لصوملا مجح.

CSA وأ UL لبق نم ةدمتعملا تالباكلا مادختسا تادعملاو ةيئابرهكلا ةزهجألل ةمالسلا نوناق رظحي

Supermicro لبق نم ةددحملاو ةينعملا تاجتنملا ريغ برخأ تادعم يأ عم (UL/CSA) ةمالع لمحت يتلاو.

경고!

제품을 설치할 때 현지 코드 및 적절한 굵기의 코드와 플러그를 포함한 안전 요구 사항을 준수하여 제공되거나 지정된 연결 혹은 구매 케이블, 전원 케이블 및 AC 어댑터를 사용하십시오.

다른 케이블이나 어댑터를 사용하면 오작동이나 화재가 발생할 수 있습니다. 전기 용품 안전법은 UL 또는 CSA 인증 케이블 (코드에 UL / CSA가 표시된 케이블)을 Supermicro 가 지정한 제품 이외의 전기 장치에 사용하는 것을 금지합니다.

Waarschuwing!

Bij het aansluiten van het Product uitsluitend gebruik maken van de geleverde Kabels of een andere geschikte aan te schaffen Aansluitmethode, deze moet altijd voldoen aan de lokale voorschriften en veiligheidsnormen, inclusief de juiste kabeldikte en stekker. Het gebruik van niet geschikte Kabels en/of Adapters kan een storing of brand veroorzaken. Wetgeving voor Elektrische apparatuur en Materiaalveiligheid verbied het gebruik van UL of CSA - gecertificeerde Kabels (met UL/CSA in de code) voor elke andere toepassing dan de door Supermicro hiervoor beoogde Producten.

Appendix B:

Standardized Warning Statements for DC Systems

The following statements are industry standard warnings, provided to warn the user of situations which have the potential for bodily injury. Should you have questions or experience difficulty, contact Supermicro's Technical Support department for assistance. Only certified technicians should attempt to install or configure components.

Read this section in its entirety before installing or configuring components in the Supermicro SYS-212GT-DNAF server.

These warnings may also be found on our website at the following page:

https://www.supermicro.com/about/policies/safety_information.cfm

Warning Definition



Warning! This warning symbol means danger. You are in a situation that could cause bodily injury. Before you work on any equipment, be aware of the hazards involved with electrical circuitry and be familiar with standard practices for preventing accidents.

この警告サインは危険を意味します。

人身事故につながる可能性がありますので、いずれの機器でも動作させる前に、

電気回路に含まれる危険性に注意して、標準的な事故防止策に精通して下さい。

此警告符号代表危险。

您正处于可能受到严重伤害的工作环境中。在您使用设备开始工作之前、必须充分意识到触电的危险、并熟练掌握防止事故发生的标准工作程序。请根据每项警告结尾的声明号码找到此设备的安全性警告说明的翻译文本。

此警告符號代表危險。

您正處於可能身體可能會受損傷的工作環境中。在您使用任何設備之前、請注意觸電的危險、並且要熟悉預防事故發生的標準工作程序。請依照每一注意事項後的號碼找到相關的翻譯說明內容。

WICHTIGE SICHERHEITSHINWEISE

Dieses Warnsymbol bedeutet Gefahr. Sie befinden sich in einer Situation, die zu Verletzungen führen kann. Machen Sie sich vor der Arbeit mit Geräten mit den Gefahren elektrischer Schaltungen und den üblichen Verfahren zur Vorbeugung vor Unfällen vertraut. Suchen Sie mit der am Ende jeder Warnung angegebenen Anweisungsnummer nach der jeweiligen Übersetzung in den übersetzten Sicherheitshinweisen, die zusammen mit diesem Gerät ausgeliefert wurden.

BEWAHREN SIE DIESE HINWEISE GUT AUF.

INSTRUCCIONES IMPORTANTES DE SEGURIDAD

Este símbolo de aviso indica peligro. Existe riesgo para su integridad física. Antes de manipular cualquier equipo, considere los riesgos de la corriente eléctrica y familiarícese con los procedimientos estándar de prevención de accidentes. Al final de cada advertencia encontrará el número que le ayudará a encontrar el texto traducido en el apartado de traducciones que acompaña a este dispositivo.

GUARDE ESTAS INSTRUCCIONES.

IMPORTANTES INFORMATIONS DE SÉCURITÉ

Ce symbole d'avertissement indique un danger. Vous vous trouvez dans une situation pouvant entraîner des blessures ou des dommages corporels. Avant de travailler sur un équipement, soyez conscient des dangers liés aux circuits électriques et familiarisez-vous avec les procédures couramment utilisées pour éviter les accidents. Pour prendre connaissance des traductions des avertissements figurant dans les consignes de sécurité traduites qui accompagnent cet appareil, référez-vous au numéro de l'instruction situé à la fin de chaque avertissement.

CONSERVEZ CES INFORMATIONS.

תקנון הצהרות אזהרה

הצהרות הבאות הן אזהרות על פי תקני התעשייה, על מנת להזהיר את המשתמש מפני חבלה

פיזית אפשרית. במידה ויש שאלות או היתקלות בבעיה כלשהי, יש ליצור קשר עם מחלקת תמיכה

טכנית של סופרמיקרו. טכנאים מוסמכים בלבד רשאים להתקין או להגדיר את הרכיבים.

ا كً ف حالة وٌكي أى تتسبب ف اصابة جسذ ةٌ هذا الز هز عٌ خطز !تحذ زٌ.

قبل أى تعول على أي هعذات،كي على علن بالوخاطز ال اجٌوة عي الذوائز

الكهزبائ ةٍ

وكي على درا ةٌ بالووارسات النقائ ةٍ لو عٌ وقنع أي حادث

استخذم رقن الب إى الو صٌنص ف هًا ةٌ كل تحذ زٌ للعثر تزجوتها

안전을 위한 주의사항

이 경고 기호는 위험이 있음을 알려 줍니다. 작업자의 신체에 부상을 야기 할 수 있는 상태에 있게 됩니다. 모든 장비에 대한 작업을 수행하기 전에 전기회로와 관련된 위험요소들을 확인하시고 사전에 사고를 방지할 수 있도록 표준 작업절차를 준수해 주시기 바랍니다.

해당 번역문을 찾기 위해 각 경고의 마지막 부분에 제공된 경고문 번호를 참조하십시오

BELANGRIJKE VEILIGHEIDSINSTRUCTIES

Dit waarschuwings symbool betekent gevaar. U verkeert in een situatie die lichamelijk letsel kan veroorzaken. Voordat u aan enige apparatuur gaat werken, dient u zich bewust te zijn van de bij een elektrische installatie betrokken risico's en dient u op de hoogte te zijn van de standaard procedures om ongelukken te voorkomen. Gebruik de nummers aan het eind van elke waarschuwing om deze te herleiden naar de desbetreffende locatie.

BEWAAR DEZE INSTRUCTIES

Installation Instructions



Warning! Read the installation instructions before connecting the system to the power source.

警告!

システムを電源に接続する前に、設置手順書をお読み下さい。

警告!

将此系统连接电源前、请先阅读安装说明。

警告!

將系統與電源連接前、請先閱讀安裝說明。

Warnung!

Vor dem Anschließen des Systems an die Stromquelle die Installationsanweisungen lesen.

¡Advertencia!

Lea las instrucciones de instalación antes de conectar el sistema a la red de alimentación.

Attention!

Avant de brancher le système sur la source d'alimentation, consulter les directives d'installation.

אַזהָרָה!

יש לקרוא את הוראות התקנה לפני חיבור המערכת למקור מתח.

تحذير!

اقر إرشادات التركيب قبل توصيل النظام إلى مصدر للطاقة

경고!

시스템을 전원에 연결하기 전에 설치 안내를 읽어주십시오.

Waarschuwing!

Raadpleeg de installatie-instructies voordat u het systeem op de voedingsbron aansluit.

Circuit Breaker



Warning! This product relies on the building's installation for short-circuit (overcurrent) protection. Ensure that the protective device is rated not greater than: 250 V, 20 A.

警告!

この製品は、短絡(過電流) 保護装置がある建物での設置を前提としています。

保護装置の定格が250 V、20 Aを超えないことを確認下さい。

警告!

此产品的短路(过载电流) 保护由建筑物的供电系统提供，确保短路保护设备的额定电流不大于 250 V、20 A。

警告!

此產品的短路(過載電流) 保護由建築物的供電系統提供，確保短路保護設備的額定電流不大於 250 V、20 A。

Warnung!

Dieses Produkt ist darauf angewiesen, dass im Gebäude ein Kurzschluss bzw. Überstromschutz installiert ist. Stellen Sie sicher, dass der Nennwert der Schutzvorrichtung nicht mehr als: 250 V, 20 A beträgt.

¡Advertencia!

Este equipo utiliza el sistema de protección contra cortocircuitos (o sobrecorrientes) del edificio. Asegúrese de que el dispositivo de protección no sea superior a: 250 V, 20 A.

Attention!

Pour ce qui est de la protection contre les courts-circuits (surtension), ce produit dépend de l'installation électrique du local. Vérifiez que le courant nominal du dispositif de protection n'est pas supérieur à :250 V, 20 A.

אזהרה!

מוצר זה מסתמך על הגנה המותקנת במבנים למניעת קצר חשמלי. יש לוודא כי

המכשיר המגן מפני הקצר החשמלי הוא לא יותר מ-250 V, 20 A

تحذير!

هذا المنتج يعتمد على معداث الحمايت مه الدوائر القصيرة التي تم تثبيتها في

المبنى

تأكد من أن تقييم الجهاز الوقائي ليس أكثر من : 20 A, 250 V

경고!

이 제품은 전원의 단락(과전류)방지에 대해서 전적으로 건물의 관련 설비에 의존합니다. 보호장치의 정격이 반드시 250 V(볼트), 20 A(암페어)를 초과하지 않도록 해야 합니다.

Waarschuwing!

Dit product is afhankelijk van de kortsluitbeveiliging (overspanning) van uw electrische installatie. Controleer of het beveiligde aparaat niet groter gedimensioneerd is dan 250 V, 20 A.

Power Disconnection Warning



Warning! The system must be disconnected from all sources of power and the power cord removed from the power supply module(s) before accessing the chassis interior to install or remove system components (except for hot-swap components).

警告!

システムコンポーネントの取り付けまたは取り外しのために、シャーシー内部にアクセスするには、

システムの電源はすべてのソースから切断され、電源コードは電源モジュールから取り外す必要があります。

警告!

在你打开机箱并安装或移除内部器件前、必须将系统完全断电、并移除电源线。

警告!

在您打開機殼安裝或移除內部元件前、必須將系統完全斷電、並移除電源線。

Warnung!

Das System muss von allen Quellen der Energie und vom Netzanschlusskabel getrennt sein, das von den Spg.Versorgungsteilmodulen entfernt wird, bevor es auf den Chassisinnenraum zurückgreift, um Systemsbestandteile anzubringen oder zu entfernen.

¡Advertencia!

El sistema debe ser disconnected de todas las fuentes de energía y del cable eléctrico quitado de los módulos de fuente de alimentación antes de tener acceso el interior del chasis para instalar o para quitar componentes de sistema.

Attention!

Le système doit être débranché de toutes les sources de puissance ainsi que de son cordon d'alimentation secteur avant d'accéder à l'intérieur du chassis pour installer ou enlever des composants de systéme.

אזהרה!

יש לנתק את המערכת מכל מקורות החשמל ויש להסיר את כבל החשמלי מהספק

לפני גישה לחלק הפנימי של המארז לצורך התקנת או הסרת רכיבים.

تحذير!

يجب فصم انتظاو من جميع مصادر انطاقت وإزانت سهك انكهرباء من وحدة امداد

انطاقت قبم

انصسل إنى انمناطق انداخهيت نههيكم نتثبيج أو إزانت مكنناث الجهاز

경고!

시스템에 부품들을 장착하거나 제거하기 위해서는 섀시 내부에 접근하기 전에 반드시 전원 공급장치로부터 연결되어있는 모든 전원과 전기코드를 분리해주어야 합니다.

Waarschuwing!

Voordat u toegang neemt tot het binnenwerk van de behuizing voor het installeren of verwijderen van systeem onderdelen, dient u alle spanningsbronnen en alle stroomkabels aangesloten op de voeding(en) van de behuizing te verwijderen

Equipment Installation



Warning! Only authorized personnel and qualified service persons should be allowed to install, replace, or service this equipment.

警告!

トレーニングを受け認定された人だけがこの装置の設置、交換、またはサービスを許可されています。

警告!

只有经过培训且具有资格的人员才能进行此设备的安装、更换和维修。

警告!

只有經過受訓且具資格人員才可安裝、更換與維修此設備。

Warnung!

Nur autorisiertes Personal und qualifizierte Servicetechniker dürfen dieses Gerät installieren, austauschen oder warten.

¡Advertencia!

Sólo el personal autorizado y el personal de servicio calificado deben poder instalar, reemplazar o dar servicio a este equipo.

Attention!

Seul le personnel autorisé et le personnel de maintenance qualifié doivent être autorisés à installer, remplacer ou entretenir cet équipement.

אזהרה!

יש לאפשר רק צוות מורשה ואנשי שירות מוסמכים להתקין, להחליף או לטפל בציוד זה.

تحذير!

ينبغي السماح فقط للموظفين المعتمدين وأفراد الخدمة المؤهلين بتركيب هذا الجهاز أو استبداله أو صيانته.

경고!

승인된 직원과 자격을 갖춘 서비스 담당자만이 이 장비를 설치, 교체 또는 서비스할 수 있습니다.

Waarschuwing!

Alleen geautoriseerd personeel en gekwalificeerd onderhoudspersoneel mag deze apparatuur installeren, vervangen of onderhouden.

Restricted Area

Warning! This unit is intended for installation in restricted access areas. A restricted access area can be accessed only through the use of a special tool, lock and key, or other means of security. (This warning does not apply to workstations).

警告!

このユニットは、アクセス制限区域に設置されることを想定しています。

アクセス制限区域は、特別なツール、鍵と錠前、その他のセキュリティの手段を用いてのみ出入りが可能です。

警告!

此部件应安装在限制进出的场所，限制进出的场所指只能通过使用特殊工具、锁和钥匙或其它安全手段进出的场所。

警告!

此裝置僅限安裝於進出管制區域，進出管制區域係指僅能以特殊工具、鎖頭及鑰匙或其他安全方式才能進入的區域。

Warnung!

Diese Einheit ist zur Installation in Bereichen mit beschränktem Zutritt vorgesehen. Der Zutritt zu derartigen Bereichen ist nur mit einem Spezialwerkzeug, Schloss und Schlüssel oder einer sonstigen Sicherheitsvorkehrung möglich.

¡Advertencia!

Esta unidad ha sido diseñada para instalación en áreas de acceso restringido. Sólo puede obtenerse acceso a una de estas áreas mediante la utilización de una herramienta especial, cerradura con llave u otro medio de seguridad.

Attention!

Cet appareil doit être installée dans des zones d'accès réservés. L'accès à une zone d'accès réservé n'est possible qu'en utilisant un outil spécial, un mécanisme de verrouillage et une clé, ou tout autre moyen de sécurité.

אזהרה!

יש להתקין את היחידה באזורים שיש בהם הגבלת גישה. הגישה ניתנת בעזרת

'כלי אבטחה בלבד (מפתח, מנעול וכד.)

تحذير!

اتخصيص هذه انحذة نترك بُها ف مناطق محظورة تم .

مَكن انصل إن منطقت محظورة فقط من خلال استخذاو أداة خاصت،

أو أ وس هُت أخري نلالأمما قفم ومفتاح

경고!

이 장치는 접근이 제한된 구역에 설치하도록 되어있습니다. 특수도구, 잠금 장치 및 키, 또는 기타 보안 수단을 통해서만 접근 제한 구역에 들어갈 수 있습니다.

Waarschuwing!

Dit apparaat is bedoeld voor installatie in gebieden met een beperkte toegang. Toegang tot dergelijke gebieden kunnen alleen verkregen worden door gebruik te maken van speciaal gereedschap, slot en sleutel of andere veiligheidsmaatregelen.

Battery Handling



Warning! There is risk of explosion if the battery is replaced by an incorrect type. Replace the battery only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer. Dispose of used batteries according to the manufacturer's instructions.

警告!

バッテリーを間違ったタイプに交換すると爆発の危険があります。交換する電池はメーカーが推奨する型、または同等のものを使用下さい。使用済電池は製造元の指示に従って処分して下さい。

警告!

如果更换的电池类型不正确。请只使用同类电池或制造商推荐的功能相当的电池更换原有电池。请按制造商的说明处理废旧电池。

警告!

如果更換的電池類型不正確。請使用製造商建議之相同或功能相當的電池更換原有電池。請按照製造商的說明指示處理廢棄舊電池。

WARNUNG!

Es besteht Explosionsgefahr, wenn die Batterie durch einen falschen Typ ersetzt wird. Ersetzen Sie die Batterie nur durch den gleichen oder vom Hersteller empfohlenen Batterietyp. Entsorgen Sie die benutzten Batterien nach den Anweisungen des Herstellers.

¡ADVERTENCIA!

Existe riesgo de explosión si la batería se reemplaza por un tipo incorrecto. Reemplazar la batería exclusivamente con el mismo tipo o el equivalente recomendado por el fabricante. Desechar las baterías gastadas según las instrucciones del fabricante.

ATTENTION!

Il existe un risque d'explosion si la batterie est remplacée par un type incorrect. Ne la remplacer que par une pile de type semblable ou équivalent, recommandée par le fabricant. Jeter les piles usagées conformément aux instructions du fabricant.

אזהרה!

קיימת סכנת פיצוץ אם הסוללה תוחלף בסוג שגוי. יש להחליף

את הסוללה בסוג התואם מחברת יצרן מומלצת.

סילוק הסוללות המשומשות יש לבצע לפי הוראות היצרן.

تحذير!

.هناك خطر الانفجار إذا تم استبدال البطارية بنوع غير صحيح

اسحبذال البطارية

فقط بنفس النىع أو ما يعادلها مما أوصث به الشرمة المصنعة

جخلص من البطاريات المسحعملة وفقا لحعليمات الشرمة الصانعة

경고!

배터리를 잘못된 종류로 교체하면 폭발의 위험이 있습니다. 기존 배터리와 동일하거나 제조사에서 권장하는 동등한 종류의 배터리로만 교체해야 합니다. 제조사의 안내에 따라 사용된 배터리를 처리하여 주십시오.

WAARSCHUWING!

Er bestaat explosiegevaar als de batterij wordt vervangen door een verkeerd type. Vervang de batterij slechts met hetzelfde of een equivalent type die door de fabrikant aanbevolen wordt. Gebruikte batterijen dienen overeenkomstig fabrieksvoorschriften afgevoerd te worden.

Redundant Power Supplies



Warning! This unit might have more than one power supply connection. All connections must be removed to de-energize the unit.

警告!

このユニットは複数の電源装置が接続されている場合があります。

ユニットの電源を切るためには、すべての接続を取り外さなければなりません。

警告!

此部件连接的电源可能不止一个、必须将所有电源断开才能停止给该部件供电。

警告!

此裝置連接的電源可能不只一個、必須切斷所有電源才能停止對該裝置的供電。

Warnung!

Dieses Gerät kann mehr als eine Stromzufuhr haben. Um sicherzustellen, dass der Einheit kein trom zugeführt wird, müssen alle Verbindungen entfernt werden.

¡Advertencia!

Puede que esta unidad tenga más de una conexión para fuentes de alimentación. Para cortar por completo el suministro de energía, deben desconectarse todas las conexiones.

Attention!

Cette unité peut avoir plus d'une connexion d'alimentation. Pour supprimer toute tension et tout courant électrique de l'unité, toutes les connexions d'alimentation doivent être débranchées.

אזהרה!

ליחדה יש יותר מחיבור אחד של ספק. יש להסיר את כל החיבורים על מנת לרוקן

את היחידה.

تحذير!

قد يكون لهذا الجهاز عدة اتصالات بوحدات امداد الطاقة .

يجب إزالة كافة الاتصالات لعسل الوحدة عن الكهرباء

경고!

이 장치에는 한 개 이상의 전원 공급 단자가 연결되어 있을 수 있습니다. 이 장치에 전원을 차단하기 위해서는 모든 연결 단자를 제거해야만 합니다.

Waarschuwing!

Deze eenheid kan meer dan één stroomtoevoeraansluiting bevatten. Alle aansluitingen dienen verwijderd te worden om het apparaat stroomloos te maken.

Backplane Voltage



Warning! Hazardous voltage or energy is present on the backplane when the system is operating. Use caution when servicing.

警告!

システムの稼働中は危険な電圧または電力が、バックプレーン上にかかっています。

修理する際には注意ください。

警告!

当系统正在进行时、背板上有很危险的电压或能量、进行维修时务必小心。

警告!

當系統正在進行時、背板上有危險的電壓或能量、進行維修時務必小心。

Warnung!

Wenn das System in Betrieb ist, treten auf der Rückwandplatine gefährliche Spannungen oder Energien auf. Vorsicht bei der Wartung.

¡Advertencia!

Cuando el sistema está en funcionamiento, el voltaje del plano trasero es peligroso. Tenga cuidado cuando lo revise.

Attention!

Lorsque le système est en fonctionnement, des tensions électriques circulent sur le fond de panier. Prendre des précautions lors de la maintenance.

אזהרה!

קיימת סכנת מתח בפנל האחורי בזמן תפעול המערכת. יש להיזהר במהלך

העבודה.

تحذير!

هناك خطر مه التيار الكهزبائي أوالطاقة المىجىدة على اللىحة

عندما يكىن النظام يعمل كه حذرا عند خدمة هذا الجهاس

경고!

시스템이 동작 중일 때 후면판 (Backplane)에는 위험한 전압이나 에너지가 발생 합니다. 서비스 작업 시 주의하십시오.

Waarschuwing!

Een gevaarlijke spanning of energie is aanwezig op de backplane wanneer het systeem in gebruik is. Voorzichtigheid is geboden tijdens het onderhoud.

Comply with Local and National Electrical Codes

Warning! Installation of the equipment must comply with local and national electrical codes.

警告!

機器の取り付けはその地方および国の電気規格に準拠する必要があります。

警告!

设备安装必须符合本地与本国电气法规。

警告!

設備安裝必須符合本地與本國電氣法規。

Warnung!

Die Installation der Geräte muss den Sicherheitsstandards entsprechen.

¡Advertencia!

La instalacion del equipo debe cumplir con las normas de electricidad locales y nacionales.

Attention!

L'équipement doit être installé conformément aux normes électriques nationales et locales.

אזהרה!

התקנת הציוד חייבת להיות תואמת לחוקי החשמל המקומיים והארציים.

تحذير!

تركيب المعدات الكهربائية يجب أن يمتثل للقناويه المحلية والبطنية المتعلقة

بالكهرباء

경고!

현 지역 및 국가의 전기 규정에 따라 장비를 설치해야 합니다.

Waarschuwing!

Bij installatie van de apparatuur moet worden voldaan aan de lokale en nationale elektriciteitsvoorschriften.

Product Disposal

Warning! Ultimate disposal of this product should be handled according to all national laws and regulations.

警告!

この製品を廃棄処分する場合、国の関係する全ての法律・条例に従い処理する必要があります。

警告!

本产品的废弃处理应根据所有国家的法律和规章进行。

警告!

本產品的廢棄處理應根據所有國家的法律和規章進行。

Warnung!

Die Entsorgung dieses Produkts sollte gemäß allen Bestimmungen und Gesetzen des Landes erfolgen.

¡Advertencia!

Al deshacerse por completo de este producto debe seguir todas las leyes y reglamentos nacionales.

Attention!

La mise au rebut ou le recyclage de ce produit sont généralement soumis à des lois et/ou directives de respect de l'environnement. Renseignez-vous auprès de l'organisme compétent.

אזהרה!

סילוק סופי של מוצר זה חייב להיות בהתאם להנחיות וחוקי המדינה.

تحذير!

عند التخلص النهائي من هذا المنتج ينبغي التعامل معه وفقا لجميع القوانين والأنظمة الوطنية

경고!

이 제품은 해당 국가의 관련 법규 및 규정에 따라 폐기되어야 합니다.

Waarschuwing!

De uiteindelijke verwijdering van dit product dient te geschieden in overeenstemming met alle nationale wetten en reglementen.

Fan Warning

Warning! Hazardous moving parts. Keep away from moving fan blades. The fans might still be turning when you remove the fan assembly from the chassis. Keep fingers, screwdrivers, and other objects away from the openings in the fan assembly's housing



警告!

警告！回転部品に注意。運転中は回転部(羽根) に触れないでください。シャーシから冷却ファン装置を取り外した際、ファンがまだ回転している可能性があります。ファンの開口部に、指、ドライバー、およびその他のものを近づけないで下さい。

警告!

警告！危险的可移动性零件。请务必与转动的风扇叶片保持距离。当您从机架移除风扇装置，风扇可能仍在转动。小心不要将手指、螺丝起子和其他物品太靠近风扇

警告!

危險的可移動性零件。請務必與轉動的風扇葉片保持距離。當您從機架移除風扇裝置，風扇可能仍在轉動。小心不要將手指、螺絲起子和其他物品太靠近風扇。

Warnung!

Gefährlich Bewegende Teile. Von den bewegenden Lüfterblätter fern halten. Die Lüfter drehen sich u. U. noch, wenn die Lüfterbaugruppe aus dem Chassis genommen wird. Halten Sie Finger, Schraubendreher und andere Gegenstände von den Öffnungen des Lüftergehäuses entfernt.

¡Advertencia!

Riesgo de piezas móviles. Mantener alejado de las aspas del ventilador. Los ventiladores podran dar vuelta cuando usted quite ell montaje del ventilador del chasis. Mandtenga los dedos, los destornilladores y todos los objetos lejos de las aberturas del ventilador.

Attention!

Pieces mobiles dangereuses. Se tenir a l'ecart des lames du ventilateur Il est possible que les ventilateurs soient toujours en rotation lorsque vous retirerez le bloc ventilateur du châssis. Prenez garde à ce que doigts, tournevis et autres objets soient éloignés du logement du bloc ventilateur.

אזהרה!

חלקים נעים מסוכנים. התרחק מלהבי המאוורר בפעולהכאשר מסירים את חלקי

המאוורר מהמארז, יתכן והמאווררים עדיין עובדים. יש להרחיק למרחק בטוח את

האצבעות וכלי עבודה שונים מהפתחים בתוך המאוורר

تحذير!

تحذير! أجزاء متحركة خطرة. ابتعد عن شفرات المروحة المتحركة.من الممكن أن

المراوح لا تزال تدور عند إزالة كتلة المروحة من الهيكل يجب إبقاء الأصابع

ومفكات البراغي وغيرها من الأشياء بعيدا عن الفتحات في كتلة المروحة.

경고!

움직이는 위험한 부품. 회전하는 송풍 날개에 접근하지 마세요. 섀시로부터 팬 조립품을 제거할 때 팬은 여전히 회전하고 있을 수 있습니다. 팬 조림품 외관의 열려있는 부분들로부터 손가락 및 스크류드라이버, 다른 물체들이 가까이 하지 않도록 배치해 주십시오.

Waarschuwing!

Gevaarlijk bewegende onderdelen. Houd voldoende afstand tot de bewegende ventilatorbladen. Het is mogelijk dat de ventilator nog draait tijdens het verwijderen van het ventilatorsamenstel uit het chassis. Houd uw vingers, schroevendraaiers en eventuele andere voorwerpen uit de buurt van de openingen in de ventilatorbehuizing.

DC Power Supply



Warning! When stranded wiring is required, use approved wiring terminations, such as closedloop or spade-type with upturned lugs. These terminations should be the appropriate size for the wires and should clamp both the insulation and conductor.

警告!

より線が必要な場合、承認済みのケーブル終端(上向きの端子を備えたクローズループ型またはU字型の終端など) を使用してください。使用するワイヤーに適したサイズで、絶縁体および導体が両方ともクランプされている終端でなければなりません。

警告!

需要多股佈線時、請使用經核准的佈線終端、例如閉環或鏟型接線片。這些終端的大小應適合線路、並且可以同時夾住絕緣體和導體。

警告!

需要使用绞线连接时、请使用经认可的连接端子、如闭环端子或具有接线柱的铲形端子。这些端子的大小应与线缆相吻合、并且可以将绝缘部分和导体夹紧固定。

Warnung!

Wenn Litzenverdrahtung erforderlich ist, sind zugelassene Verdrahtungsabschlüsse, z.B. für einen geschlossenen Regelkreis oder gabelförmig, mit nach oben gerichteten Kabelschuhen zu verwenden. Diese Abschlüsse sollten die angemessene Größe für die Drähte haben und sowohl die Isolierung als auch den Leiter festklemmen.

¡Advertencia!

Cuando se necesite hilo trenzado, utilizar terminales para cables homologados, tales como las de tipo "bucle cerrado" o "espada", con las lengüetas de conexión vueltas hacia arriba. Estos terminales deberán ser del tamaño apropiado para los cables que se utilicen, y tendrán que sujetar tanto el aislante como el conductor.

Attention!

Quand des fils torsadés sont nécessaires, utiliser des douilles terminales homologuées telles que celles à circuit fermé ou du type à plage ouverte avec cosses rebroussées. Ces douilles terminales doivent être de la taille qui convient aux fils et doivent être refermées sur la gaine isolante et sur le conducteur.

אזהרה!

כאשר נדרש חיווט תקוע, השתמש בסיומי חיווט מאושרים, כגון לולאה סגורה או מסוג כף עם זיזים הפוך..
סיומים אלה צריכים להיות בגודל המתאים לחוטים וצריכים להדק הן את הבידוד והן את המוליך

تحذير!

عند الحاجة إلى توصيل الأسلاك المجدولة، استخدم نهايات الأسلاك المعتمدة، مثل الحلقة المغلقة أو النوع المجرف مع العروات.
المقلوبة. يجب أن تكون هذه النهايات بالحجم المناسب للأسلاك ويجب أن تثبت كلاً من العزل والموصل

경고!

꼬인 배선이 요구 될 때에는 폐회로나 돌출부가 위로 튀어 나온 Spade형태의 승인된 배선 터미네이션들을 사용하세요.

이 터미네이션들은 배선들을 위해 적절한 크기여야 하고, 절연체와 도체 모두를 고정시킬 수 있어야 합니다.

Waarschuwing!

Wanneer geslagen bedrading vereist is, dient u bedrading te gebruiken die voorzien is van goedgekeurde aansluitingspunten, zoals het gesloten-lus type of het grijperschop type waarbij de aansluitpunten omhoog wijzen. Deze aansluitpunten dienen de juiste maat voor de draden te hebben en dienen zowel de isolatie als de geleider vast te klemmen.

Power Disconnection Warning



Warning! The system must be disconnected from all sources of power and the power cord removed from the power supply module(s) before accessing the chassis interior to install or remove system components (except for hot-swap components).

警告!

システムコンポーネントの取り付けまたは取り外しのために、シャーシー内部にアクセスするには、

システムの電源はすべてのソースから切断され、電源コードは電源モジュールから取り外す必要があります。

警告!

在你打开机箱并安装或移除内部器件前、必须将系统完全断电、并移除电源线。

警告!

在您打開機殼安裝或移除內部元件前、必須將系統完全斷電、並移除電源線。

Warnung!

Das System muss von allen Quellen der Energie und vom Netzanschlusskabel getrennt sein, das von den Spg.Versorgungsteilmodulen entfernt wird, bevor es auf den Chassisinnenraum zurückgreift, um Systemsbestandteile anzubringen oder zu entfernen.

¡Advertencia!

El sistema debe ser disconnected de todas las fuentes de energía y del cable eléctrico quitado de los módulos de fuente de alimentación antes de tener acceso el interior del chasis para instalar o para quitar componentes de sistema.

Attention!

Le système doit être débranché de toutes les sources de puissance ainsi que de son cordon d'alimentation secteur avant d'accéder à l'intérieur du chassis pour installer ou enlever des composants de systéme.

אזהרה!

יש לנתק את המערכת מכל מקורות החשמל ויש להסיר את כבל החשמלי מהספק

לפני גישה לחלק הפנימי של המארז לצורך התקנת או הסרת רכיבים.

تحذير!

يجب فصم انتظاو من جميع مصادر انطاقت وإزانت سهك انكهرباء من وحدة امداد

انطاقت قبم

انصل إنى انمناطق انداخهيت نههيكم نتثبيج أو إزانت مكنناث الجهاز

경고!

시스템에 부품들을 장착하거나 제거하기 위해서는 섀시 내부에 접근하기 전에 반드시 전원 공급장치로부터 연결되어있는 모든 전원과 전기코드를 분리해주어야 합니다.

Waarschuwing!

Voordat u toegang neemt tot het binnenwerk van de behuizing voor het installeren of verwijderen van systeem onderdelen, dient u alle spanningsbronnen en alle stroomkabels aangesloten op de voeding(en) van de behuizing te verwijderen

Hazardous Voltage or Energy Present on DC Power Terminals



Warning! Hazardous voltage or energy may be present on DC power terminals. Always replace cover when terminals are not in service. Be sure uninsulated conductors are not accessible when cover is in place.

警告!

直接電力端子に危険な電圧やエネルギーが発生している可能性があります。使用していない端子には常にカバーをつけてください。カバーがついているときは非絶縁形コンダクターに接触していないことを確認してください。

警告!

直流電源終端可能產生危險的電壓或能量。終端不使用時、請務必蓋上機蓋。當蓋上機蓋、確認不絕緣導體無法使用。

警告!

直流电源终端可能会产生危险的电压或能量。终端不使用时、请务必盖上机盖。机盖盖上后、请确保导体未绝缘部分无法使用。

Warnung!

In mit Gleichstrom betriebenen Terminals kann es zu gefählicher Spannung kommen. Die Terminals müssen abgedeckt werden, wenn sie nicht in Betrieb sind. Stellen Sie bei Benutzung der Abdeckung sicher, dass alle nicht isolierten, stromführenden Kabel abgedeckt sind.

¡Advertencia!

Puede haber energía o voltaje peligrosos en los terminales eléctricos de CC. Reemplace siempre la cubierta cuando no estén utilizándose los terminales. Asegúrese de que no haya acceso a conductores descubiertos cuando la cubierta esté colocada.

Attention!

Le voltage ou l'énergie électrique des terminaux à courant continu peuvent être dangereux. Veillez à toujours replacer le couvercle lors les terminaux ne sont pas en service. Assurez-vous que les conducteurs non isolés ne sont pas accessibles lorsque le couvercle est en place.

אַזהָרָה!

החלף תמיד את הכיסוי כאשר המסופים .DC מתח או אנרגיה מסוכנים עשויים להיות קיימים על מסופי מתח. אינם בשירות. ודא שמוליכים לא מבודדים אינם נגישים כאשר המכסה במקומו

تحذير!

قد يكون هناك جهد أو طاقة خطرة على أطراف طاقة التيار المستمر. استبدل الغطاء دائمًا عندما لا تكون الأجهزة الطرفية في الخدمة.. تأكد من عدم إمكانية الوصول إلى الموصلات غير المعزولة عندما يكون الغطاء في مكانه

경고!

DC전원 단자들에 위험한 전압이나 에너지가 발생할 수 있습니다.

단말기들을 운영하지 않을 때에는 덮개로 다시 덮어 놓아 주십시오. 덮개가 제자리에 있어야만 절연되지 않은 도체들의 접근을 막을 수 있습니다.

Waarshuwing!

Op DC-aansluitingspunten kunnen zich gevaarlijke voltages of energieën voordoen. Plaats altijd de afsluiting wanneer de aansluitingspunten niet worden gebruikt Zorg ervoor dat blootliggende contactpunten niet toegankelijk zijn wanneer de afsluiting is geplaatst.

Appendix C:

System Specifications

Processors (Per Node)
A single Socket BR (LGA-7529) Intel® Xeon® 6900 series processor with P-cores, up to 128 cores/256 threads, up to 504 MB cache, and up to 500 W TDP (air cooled).
Chipset System
System on Chip
BIOS
AMI 64 MB SPI Flash
Memory (Per Node)
12 DIMM slots supporting up to 3 TB of DDR5 MRDIMM at 8800 MT/s or up to 3 TB of DDR5 RDIMM at 6400 MT/s, both with ECC and 1DPC.
Storage Drives (Per Node)
Drive Bay Configuration: Four front hot-swap 2.5" PCIe 5.0 x4 NVMe drive bays (default) M.2: Two M.2 PCIe 5.0 x4 NVMe slots (M-key 22110), with VROC required for RAID No SAS/SATA drive support
PCI Expansion Slots (Per Node)
PCIe Configuration: Two PCIe 5.0 x16 (in x16) FH/10.5" L slots (default) One double-width or two single-width GPUs (NVIDIA PCIe: H100 supported) Up to 64 internal CXL 2.0 x16 Type 1/Type 2/Type 3 devices
Input/Output (Per Node)
Networking (via GrandTwin front I/O module): LAN: Two RJ45 10 GbE LAN Ports (AOC-GTG-I2T) Two SFP28 25 GbE LAN Ports (AOC-G25G-M2S) One QSFP112 200 GbE LAN Port (AOC-G200G-B1C (BCM57608) BMC: One BMC port (in GrandTwin I/O module) USB: Two USB 3.0 ports (in GrandTwin I/O module) Video: One VGA port (in GrandTwin I/O module)
Motherboard
X14SBT-GAP
Chassis
CSE-GT222BG-R2K21BP

System Cooling

Two 8-cm 16K RPM heavy-duty fans per node

Two 8-cm fans in power supply modules

One air shroud per node

Power Supply

Two 2200 W Redundant (1 + 1) Titanium Level (96%) power supplies

AC / DC Input 1200 W – 2200 W:

100–127 Vac / 50–60 Hz (1200 W)

180–220 Vac / 50–60 Hz (2090 W)

200–220 Vac / 50–60 Hz (1800 W)

220–230 Vac / 50–60 Hz (1980 W)

230–240 Vac / 50–60 Hz (2090 W)

220–240 Vac / 50–60 Hz (2200 W)

230–240 Vdc (China only) / 50–60 Hz (2090 W)

Inrush Current: < 30 A

Power Factor: 99% Typical

+12 V Max: 100 A / Min: 0 A (1200 W, 100–127 Vac)

Max: 150 A / Min: 0 A (1800 W, 200–220 Vac)

Max: 165 A / Min: 0 A (1980 W, 220–230 Vac)

Max: 166.6 A / Min: 0 A (2000 W equivalent)

Max: 174.17 A / Min: 0 A (2090 W, 230–240 Vac & 180–220 Vac)

Max: 183.33 A / Min: 0 A (2200 W, 220–240 Vac)

12 V SB Max: 2 A / Min: 0 A

Efficiency: 80Plus Titanium

Two 3000 W Redundant (1 + 1) Titanium Level (96%) power supplies

AC / DC Input 2880 W – 3000 W:

200–207 Vac / 50–60 Hz (2880 W)

207.1–240 Vac / 50–60 Hz (3000 W)

240 Vdc (China only) / 50–60 Hz (2880 W)

Inrush Current: < 45 A

Power Factor: 99% Typical

Inlet Connector: IEC 60320 C20

+12 V Max: 240 A / Min: 0 A (2880 W, 200–207 Vac)

Max: 250 A / Min: 0 A (3000 W, 207.1–240 Vac)

Max: 240 A / Min: 0 A (2880 W, 240 Vdc, CQC only)

12 V SB Max: 3 A / Min: 0 A

Operating Environment
Operating Temperature: 5°C ~ 40°C (41°F ~ 104°F)
Non-operating Temperature: -30°C to 60°C (-22°F to 140°F)
Operating Relative Humidity: 8% to 80% (non-condensing)
Non-operating Relative Humidity: 8% to 90% (non-condensing)
Regulatory Compliance
FCC, ICES, CE, VCCI, RCM, NRTL, CB, UKCA
Certified Safety Models
Compliant with UL or CSA: GT222BF-R22X14, GT222BF-22, GT222BF-2N

Applied Directives, Standards

Directives:

EMC/EMI: 2014/30/EU (EMC Directive)

Electromagnetic Compatibility Regulations 2016

FCC Part 15 Subpart B

ICES-003

VCCI-CISPR 32

AS/NZS CISPR 32

CISPR 32

CISPR 35

BS/EN 55032

BS/EN 55035

BS/EN 61000-3-2

BS/EN 61000-3-3

BS/EN 61000-4-2

BS/EN 61000-4-3

BS/EN 61000-4-4

BS/EN 61000-4-5

BS/EN 61000-4-6

BS/EN 61000-4-8

BS/EN 61000-4-11

Environment:

Delegated Directive (EU) 2015/863

Directive 2011/65/EU (RoHS)

REACH Regulation EC 1907/2006

WEEE Directive 2012/19/EU

California Proposition 65

Product Safety:

2014/35/EU (LVD Directive)

UL/CSA 62368-1 (USA and Canada)

Electrical Equipment (Safety) Regulations 2016

IEC/BS/EN 62368-1

Perchlorate Warning

California Best Management Practices Regulations for Perchlorate Materials: This Perchlorate warning applies only to products containing CR (Manganese Dioxide) Lithium coin cells. Perchlorate Material-special handling may apply. See https://www.dtsc.ca.gov/hazardouswaste/perchlorate

この装置は、クラスＡ機器です。この装置を住宅環境で使用すると電波妨害を引き起こすことがあります。この場合には使用者が適切な対策を講ずるよう要求されることがあります。

VCCI ー A