



A+ Server AS -3014TS-I



USER'S MANUAL

Revision 1.0

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Manual Revision 1.0

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Preface

About this Manual

This manual is written for professional system integrators and PC technicians. It provides information for the installation and use of the A+ Server AS -3014TS-i. Installation and maintenance should be performed by experienced technicians only.

Please refer to the AS -3014TS-i server specifications page on our website for updates on supported memory, processors and operating systems (<http://www.supermicro.com>).

Notes

For your system to work properly, please follow the links below to download all necessary drivers/utilities and the user's manual for your server.

- Supermicro product manuals: <http://www.supermicro.com/support/manuals/>
- Product drivers and utilities: <https://www.supermicro.com/wdl/driver>
- Product safety info: http://www.supermicro.com/about/policies/safety_information.cfm

If you have any questions, please contact our support team at:
support@supermicro.com

This manual may be periodically updated without notice. Please check the Supermicro website for possible updates to the manual revision level.

Secure Data Deletion

A secure data deletion tool designed to fully erase all data from storage devices can be found on our website: https://www.supermicro.com/about/policies/disclaimer.cfm?url=/wdl/utility/Lot9_Secure_Data_Deletion_Utility/

Warnings

Special attention should be given to the following symbols used in this manual.



Warning! Indicates important information given to prevent equipment/property damage or personal injury.



Warning! Indicates high voltage may be encountered when performing a procedure.

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Chapter 1

Introduction

1.1 Overview

This chapter provides a brief outline of the functions and features of the AS -3014TS-i server. The AS -3014TS-i is based on the H12SSL-i motherboard and the CSE-732i-903B chassis. In addition to the motherboard and chassis, several important parts that are included with the system are listed below.

Main Parts List		
Description	Part Number	Quantity
4U active CPU heatsink	SNK-P0064AP4	1
Tool-less 3.5" internal drive trays	MCP-220-73101-0B	4
12-cm rear exhaust fan	FAN-0077L4-1	1
12-cm cooling fan	FAN-0124L4	1
900W power supply	PWS-903PQ	1

Note: The following safety models associated with the AS -3014TS-i have been certified as compliant with UL or CSA: 732-S9H12, 732-9.

1.2 Unpacking the System

Inspect the box the SuperServer AS -3014TS-i was shipped in and note if it was damaged in any way. If any equipment appears damaged, please file a damage claim with the carrier who delivered it.

Decide on a suitable location for the rack unit that will hold the server. It should be situated in a clean, dust-free area that is well ventilated. Avoid areas where heat, electrical noise and electromagnetic fields are generated. It will also require a grounded AC power outlet nearby. Be sure to read the precautions and considerations noted in Appendix B.

1.3 System Features

The following table provides you with an overview of the main features of the AS -3014TS-i. Please refer to Appendix C for additional specifications.

System Features
Motherboard
H12SSL-i
Chassis
CSE-732i-903B
CPU
Single AMD EPYC™ 7002/7003 Series Processor
Socket Type
SP3
Memory
Eight DIMM slots to support up to 2TB of registered ECC DDR4-3200 SDRAM
Chipset
System on Chip
Expansion Slots
Five PCIe 4.0 x16 low-profile slots Two PCIe 4.0 x8 low-profile slots M.2 Interface: 2 PCIe 4.0 x4 M.2 Form Factor: 2280, 22110
Hard Drives
Four internal 3.5" SATA3 drive bays Four internal 2.5" drive bays
Power
900W power supply module
Form Factor
Mid-tower
Dimensions
(WxHxD) 7.6 x 16.7 x 20.68 in. (193 x 424 x 525 mm)

1.4 Server Chassis Features

Control Panel

Power buttons and status LEDs are located on the control panel at the front of the chassis. The locations and descriptions of these buttons and LEDs are provided below. See Chapter 3 for details on the control panel connections.

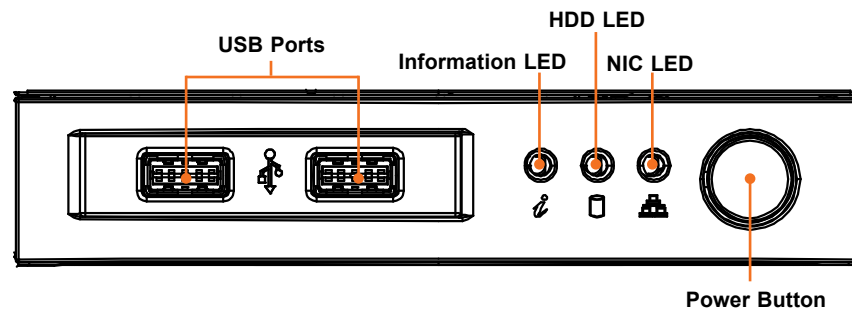


Figure 1-1. Control Panel

Control Panel Features	
Features	Description
Power Button	The main power switch applies or removes primary power from the power supply to the server but maintains standby power.
Reset Button	Reboots the system.
Power LED	Steady on – Power on Blinking at 4Hz – Checking BIOS/BMC integrity Blinking at 4Hz and "i" LED is blue – BIOS firmware updating Two blinks at 4Hz, one pause 2hz and "i" LED blue – BMC firmware updating Blinking at 1Hz and "i" LED red – Fault detected
NIC LEDs	Indicates network activity on a LAN when flashing; defaults to the first two ports of CPU1 AIOM.
Power Fail LED	Indicates a power supply module has failed.
HDD LED	Indicates activity on the hard drive when flashing.
Information LED	Alerts operator to several states (noted in the table below).

Information LED	
Color, Status	Description
Red, solid	An overheat condition has occurred.
Red, blinking at 1Hz	Fan failure, check for an inoperative fan.
Red, blinking at 0.25Hz	Power failure, check for a non-operational power supply.
Red, solid, with Power LED blinking green	Fault detected
Blue and red, blinking at 10 Hz	Recovery mode
Blue, solid	UID has been activated locally to locate the server in a rack environment.
Blue, blinking at 1Hz	UID has been activated using the BMC to locate the server in a rack environment.
Blue, blinking at 2Hz	BMC is resetting
Blue, blinking at 4Hz	BMC is setting factory defaults
Blue, blinking at 10Hz with Power LED blinking green	BMC/BIOS firmware is updating

Front Features

The CSE-732i-903B is a mid-tower chassis. See the illustration below for the features included on the front of the chassis.

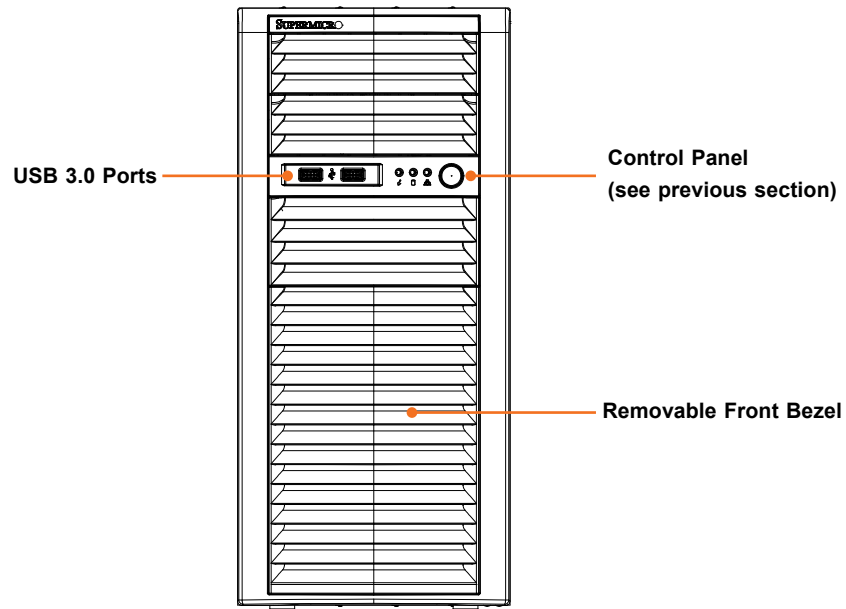


Figure 1-2. System Front View

Rear Features

The illustration below shows the features included on the rear of the chassis. The power supply modules also have status LEDs (see Chapter 2 for details).

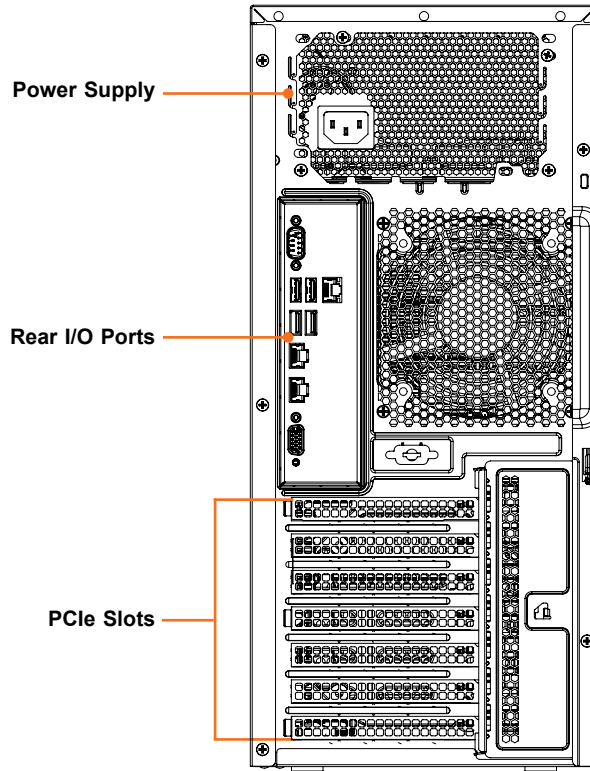


Figure 1-3. System Rear View

Chassis Rear Features	
Feature	Description
Power Supply	900W Gold Level power supply
I/O Ports	Rear I/O port panel (see Section 3.3 for details)
PCIe Slots	PCI expansion slots (see table below for details)

Expansion Slot Descriptions	
Item	Description
1	PCIe 4.0 x16 low-profile
2	PCIe 4.0 x8 low-profile
3	PCIe 4.0 x16 low-profile
4	PCIe 4.0 x8 low-profile
5	PCIe 4.0 x16 low-profile
6	PCIe 4.0 x16 low-profile
7	PCIe 4.0 x16 low-profile

Power Supply Indicators

Power Supply Indicator	
LED Color and State	Power Supply Condition
Solid Green	Indicates that the power supply is on
Blinking Green	Indicates that the power supply is plugged in and turned off by the system.
Blinking Amber	Indicates that the power supply has a warning condition and continues to operate.
Solid Amber	Indicates that the power supply is plugged in, and is in an abnormal state. The system might need service. Please contact Supermicro technical support.
Off	No AC power to modules

1.5 Motherboard Layout

Below is a layout of the H12SSL-i with jumper, connector and LED locations shown. See the table on the following pages for descriptions. For detailed descriptions, pinout information, and jumper settings, refer to Chapter 3.

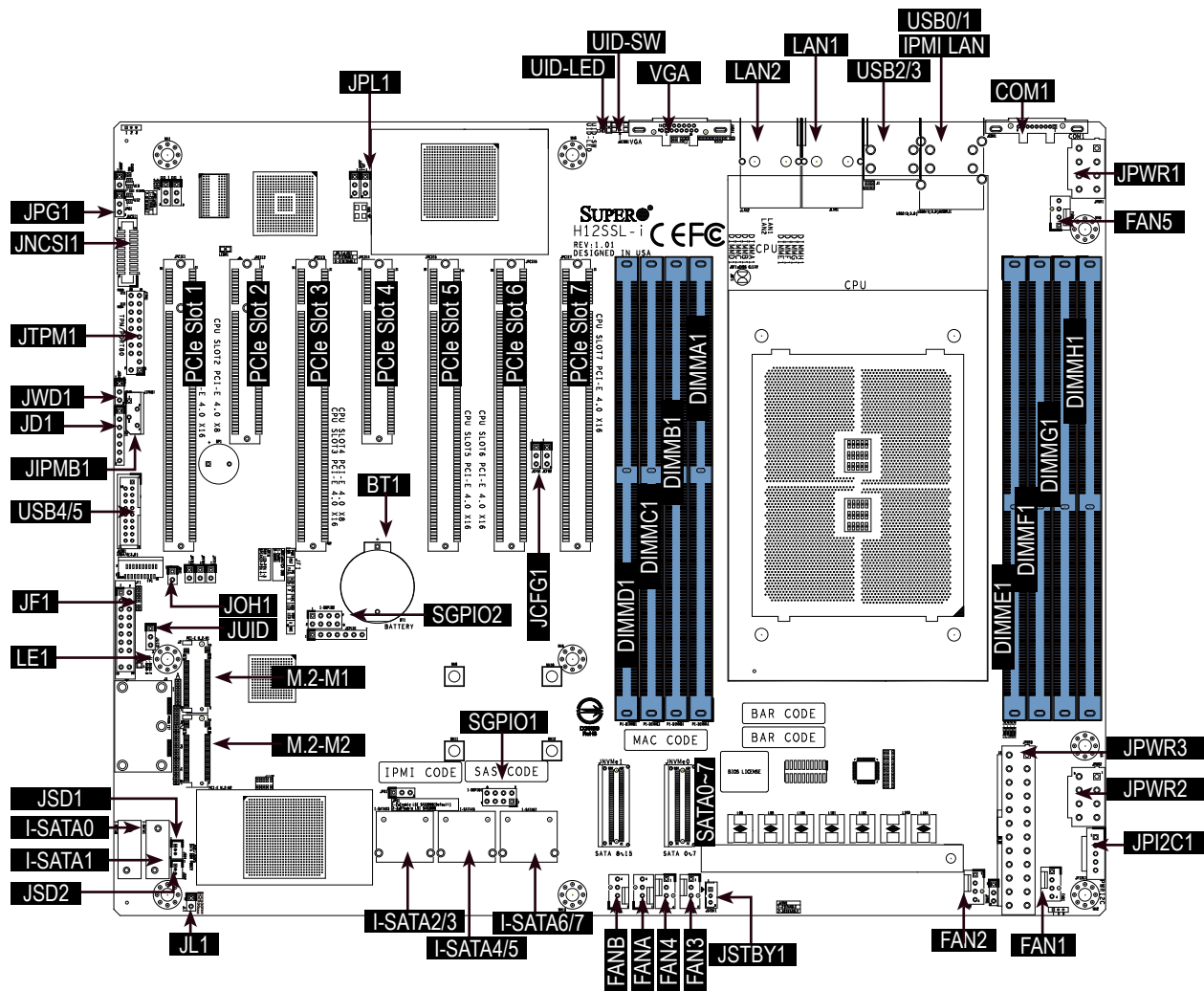


Figure 1-4. Motherboard Layout

Notes:

- "■" indicates the location of pin 1.
- Jumpers/LED indicators not indicated are used for testing only and are not covered in this manual.

Quick Reference Table

Jumper	Description	Default Setting
JBT1	Clear CMOS	Open (Normal)
JPG1	VGA Enable/Disable	Pins 1-2 (Enabled)
JWD1	Watch Dog control	Pins 1-2 (Reset)
JPL1	LAN Enable/Disable	Pins 1-2 (Enabled)
JCFG1	JNVMe0/SATA0~7 Switch	Pins 1-2 (SATA)

LED	Description	Status
UID LED	Rear unit ID LED	Solid blue: UID switched to ON, unit identified
LEDM1	BMC heartbeat LED	Green: Blinking (BMC normal), Green: Fast blinking (BMC initializing)
LE1	Power OK LED	Green: System power OK

Connector	Description
Battery (BT1)	Onboard CMOS battery
JNCSI1	NCSI header
COM 1	Rear panel COM port #1
FAN 1~5, A, B	System cooling fan headers
IPMI_LAN	Dedicated IPMI LAN port
JF1	Front control panel
JSD1, JSD2	SATA DOM power connector
M.2-M1/M.2-M2	M.2 PCIe Interface
JTPM1	Trusted Platform Module (TPM)/Port 80 connector
I-SATA0~I-SATA7	Internal SATA Ports
JNVMe0/SATA0~7	Internal SATA/NVMe Ports
JL1	Chassis intrusion header
JOH1	Chassis overheat header
USB 0/1 (3.0)	Back panel USB 3.0 ports (USB 0/1)
USB 2/3 (3.0)	Back panel USB 3.0 ports (USB 2/3)
USB 4/5 (3.0)	Internal USB 3.0 header (USB 4/5)
JSTBY1	Stand by power header
JIPMB1	4-pin BMC external IC header

Connector	Description
JPWR3	24-pin ATX power supply connector
JPWR1	12V 8-pin CPU core power supply connector
JPWR2	12V 8-pin CPU core power supply connector
JD1	Front panel external speaker header
JPI2C1	Power supply SMBus I ² C header
LAN1, LAN2	Back panel LAN1, LAN2 connectors
JUID	UID Switch Header
UID SW	Unit ID switch (push-button on/off toggle switch)
VGA	Back panel VGA port

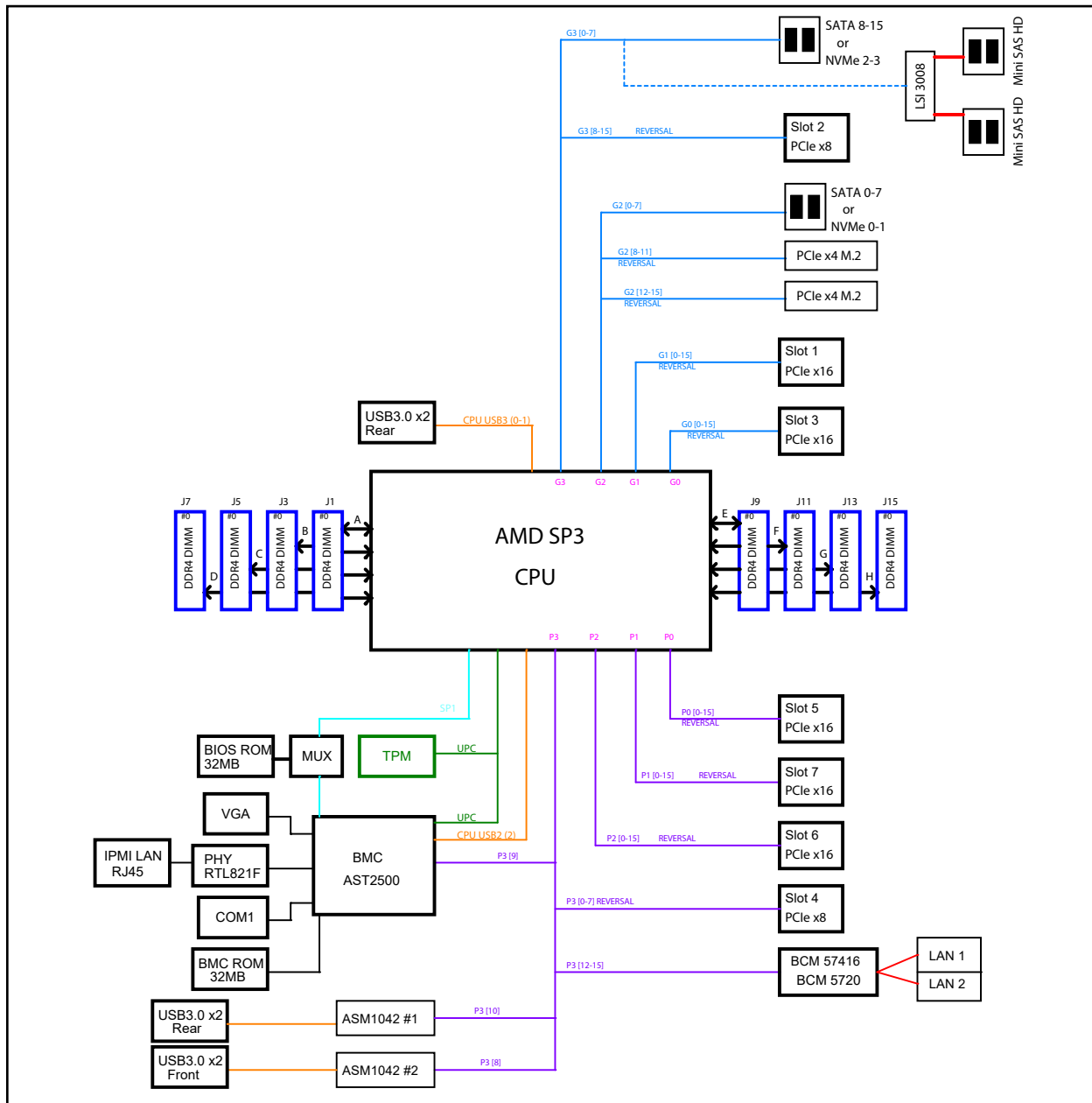


Figure 1-5. System Block Diagram

Note: This is a general block diagram and may not exactly represent the features on your system. See the System Specifications appendix for the actual specifications of the AS -3014TS-i.

Chapter 2

Maintenance and Component Installation

This chapter provides instructions on installing and replacing main system components. To prevent compatibility issues, only use components that match the specifications and/or part numbers given.

Installation or replacement of most components require that power first be removed from the system. Please follow the procedures given in each section.

2.1 Removing Power

Use the following procedure to ensure that power has been removed from the system. This step is necessary when removing or installing non hot-swap components or when replacing a non-redundant power supply.

1. Use the operating system to power down the system.
2. After the system has completely shut-down, disconnect the AC power cord(s) from the power strip or outlet. (If your system has more than one power supply, remove the AC power cords from all power supply modules.)
3. Disconnect the power cord(s) from the power supply module(s).

2.2 Accessing the System

The system features removable side covers, which allows access to the inside of the system.

Removing the Side Covers

1. Remove the two screws from the rear lip of the cover as shown on the next page.
2. Push the cover toward the back of the chassis until free.

Caution: Except for short periods of time, do not operate the server without the covers in place to allow for proper airflow and to prevent overheating.

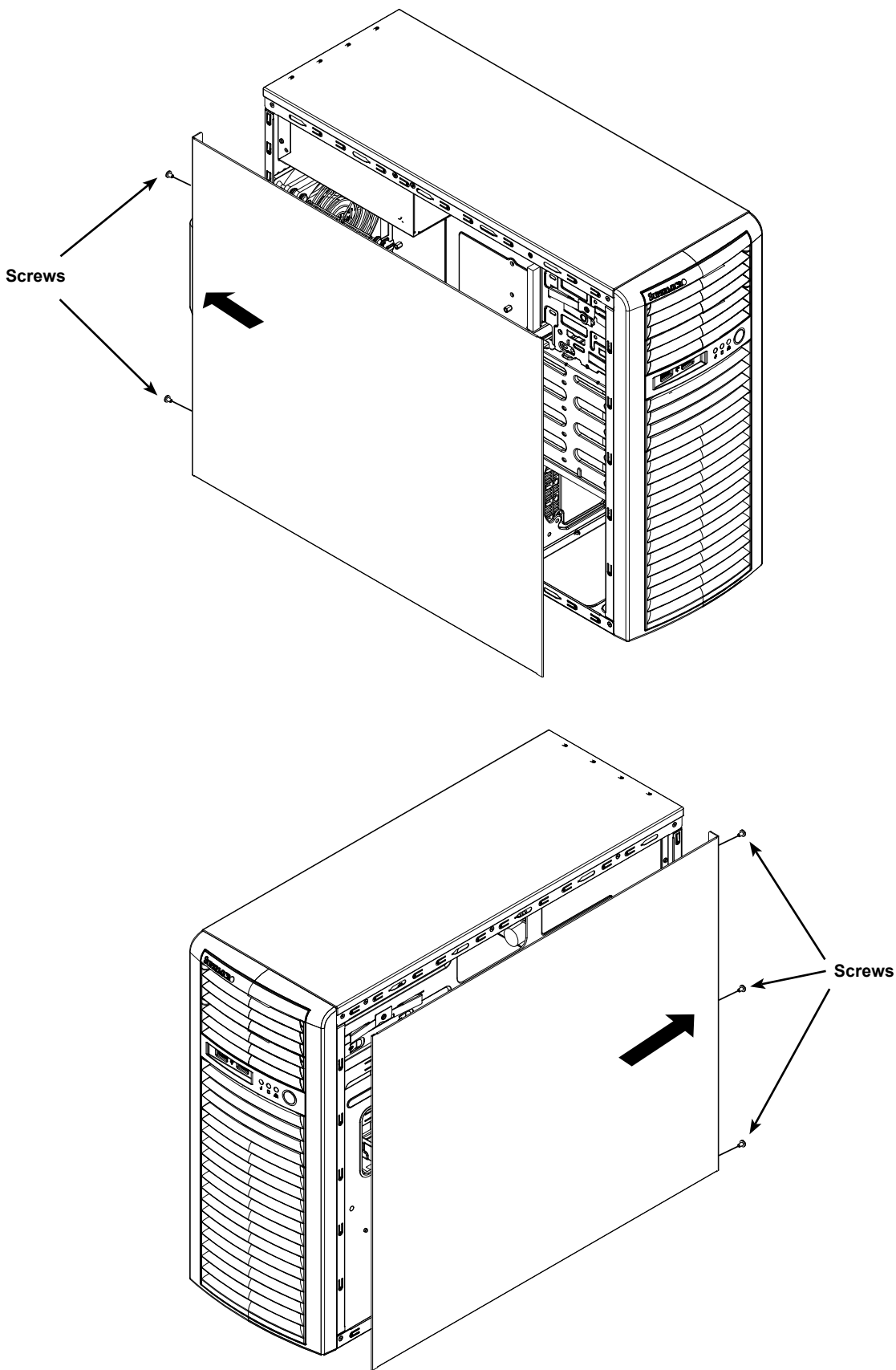


Figure 2-1. Removing the Left and Right Side Covers

2.3 Motherboard Components

Processor and Heatsink Installation

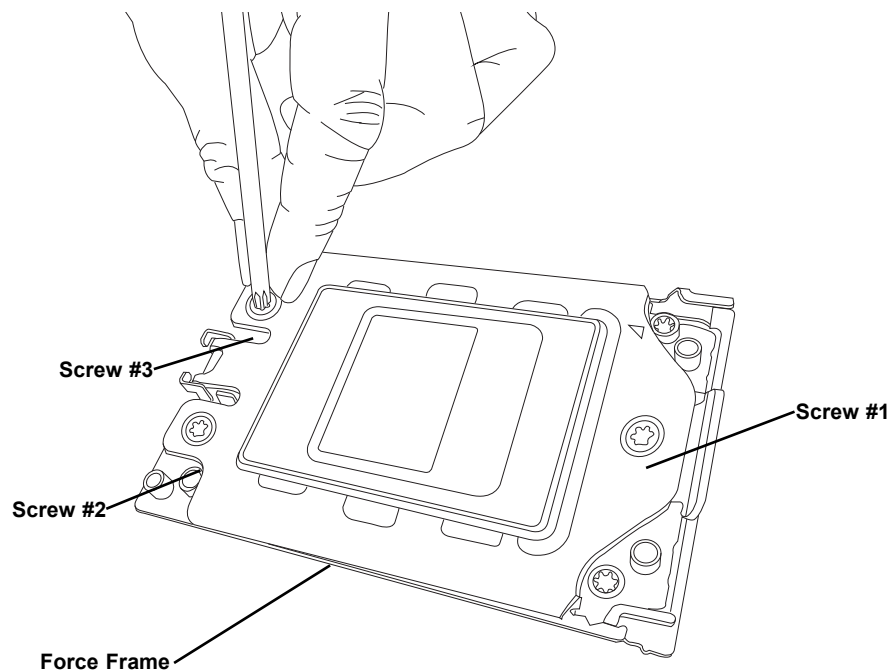
Warning: When handling the processor package, avoid placing direct pressure on the label area of the fan.

Important:

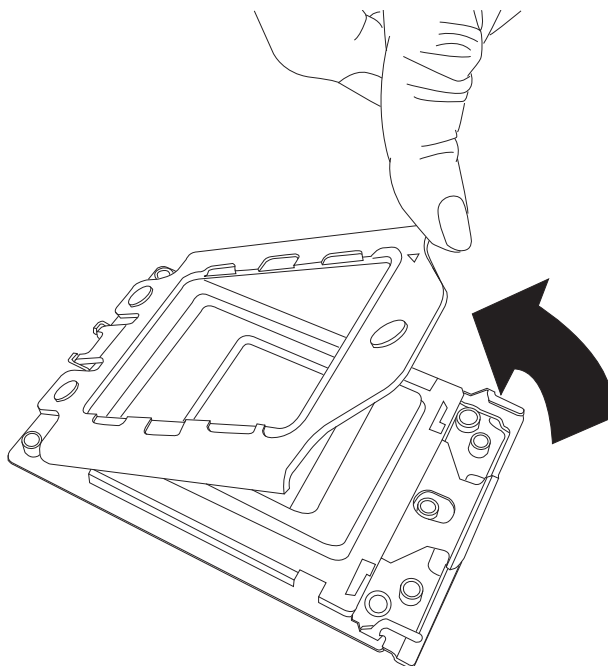
- A T20 screwdriver is needed for opening/closing the CPU socket.
- Always connect the power cord last, and always remove it before adding, removing or changing any hardware components. Make sure that you install the processor into the CPU socket before you install the CPU heatsink.
- If you buy a CPU separately, make sure that you use an AMD-certified heatsink only. Make sure to install the motherboard into the chassis before you install the CPU heatsink.
- When receiving a motherboard without a processor pre-installed, make sure that the plastic CPU socket cap is in place and none of the socket pins are bent; otherwise, contact your retailer immediately.
- Refer to the Supermicro website for updates on CPU support.

Installing the Processor and Heatsink

1. Unscrew the screws holding down Force Frame in the sequence of 3-2-1. The screws are numbered on the force frame next to each screw hole.

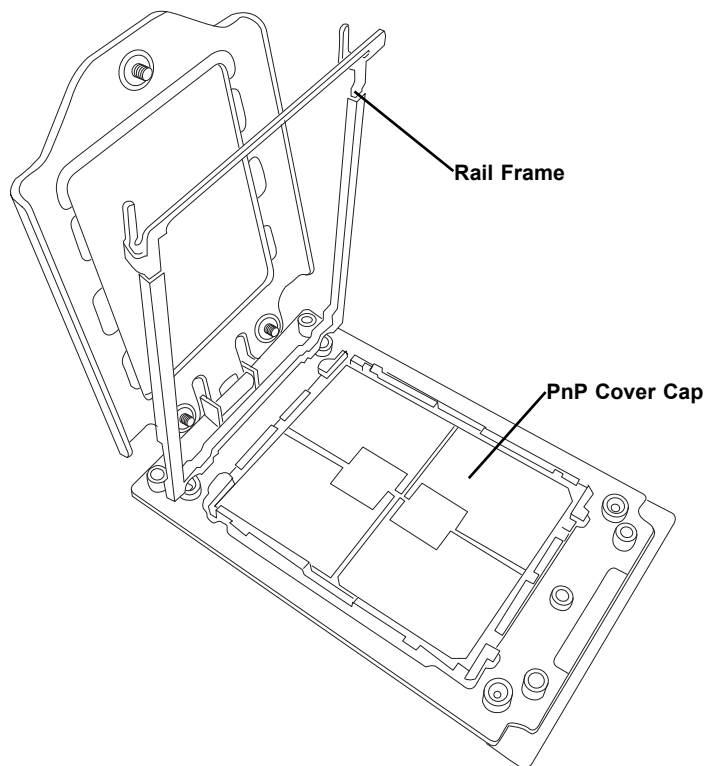


2. The spring-loaded force frame will raise up after the last screw securing it (#1) is removed. Gently allow it to lift up to its stopping position.

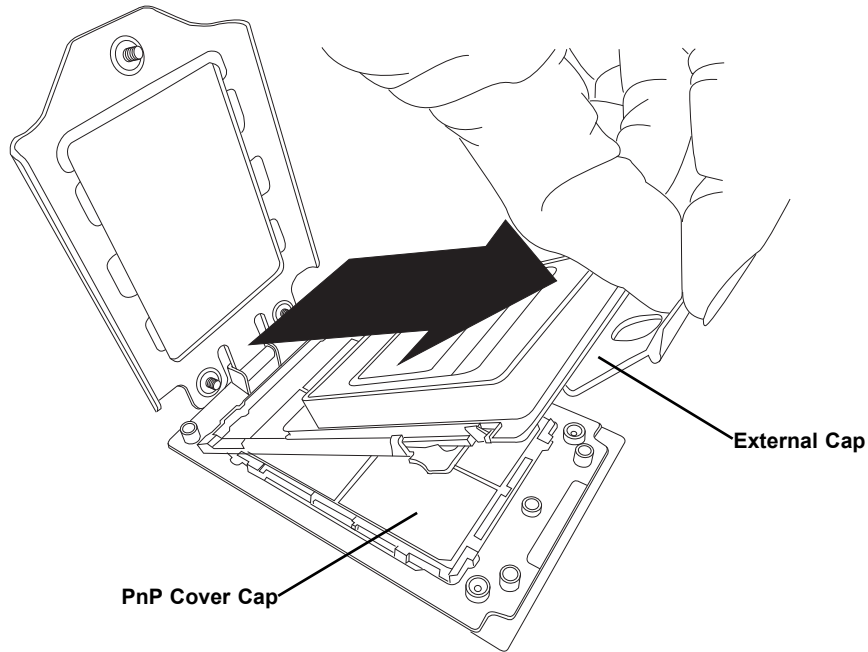


3. Lift the rail frame up by gripping the lift tabs near the front end of the rail frame. While keeping a secure grip of the rail frame, lift it to a position so you can do the next step of removing the external cap.

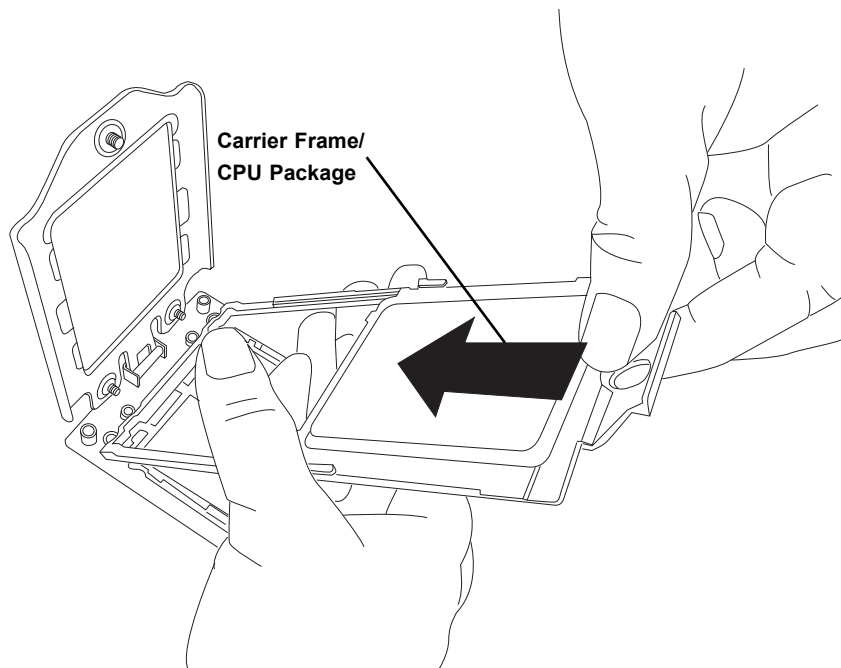
Note: The rail frame is spring loaded, so keep a secure grip on it as you lift it so it does not snap up.



4. Remove the external cap from the Rail Frame by pulling it upwards through the rail guides on the rail frame.



5. The CPU package is shipped from the factory with the blue carrier frame pre-assembled. Grip the handle of the carrier frame/CPU package assembly from its shipping tray, and while gripping the handle, align the flanges of the carrier frame onto the rails of the rail frame so its pins will be at the bottom when the rail frame is lowered later.
6. Slide the carrier frame/CPU package downwards to the bottom of the rail frame. Ensure the flanges are secure on the rails as you lower it downwards.

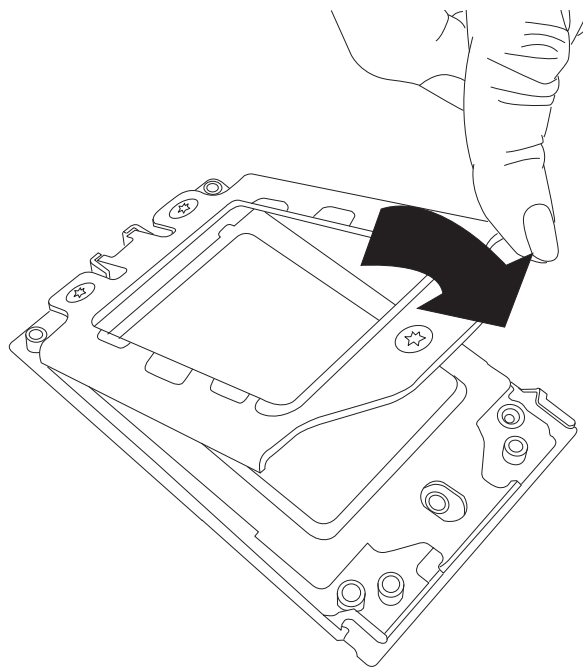


Note: You can only install the CPU inside the socket in one direction with the handle at the top. Make sure that it is properly inserted into the CPU socket before closing the rail frame plate. If it doesn't close properly, do not force it as it may damage your CPU. Instead, open the rail frame plate again, and double-check that the CPU is aligned properly.

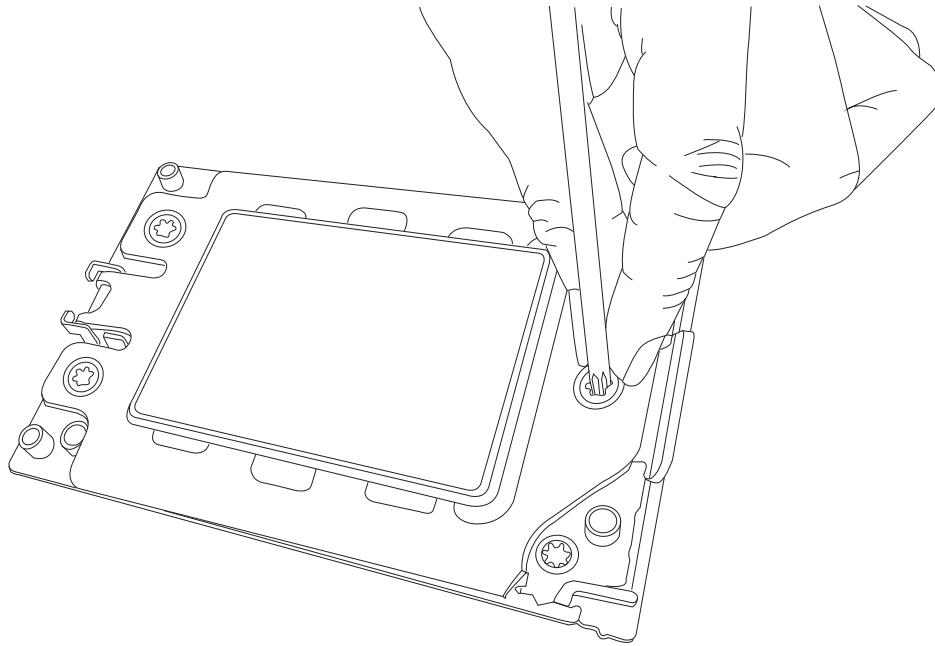
7. Lift up the rail frame till it securely rests in upright position. Then remove the PnP cover cap from the CPU socket below. Grip the two lift tabs marked "Remove" at the middle of the cap and pull vertically upwards to remove the PnP cover cap.

Warning! The exposed socket contacts are extremely vulnerable and can be damaged easily. Do not touch or drop objects onto the contacts and be careful removing the PnP cover cap and when placing the rail frame over the socket.

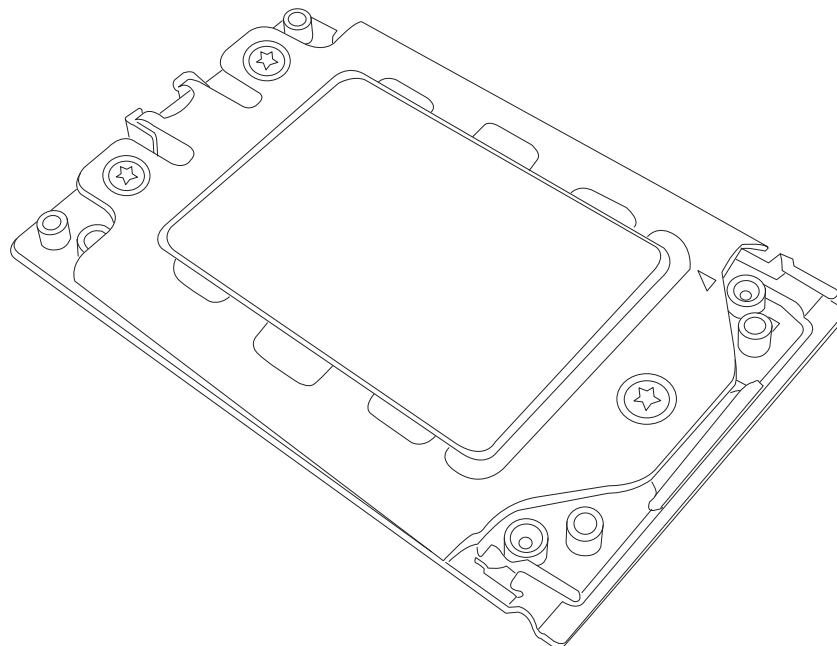
8. Gently lower the rail frame down onto the socket until the latches on the rail frame engage with the socket housing and it rests in place. **DO NOT** force it into place!



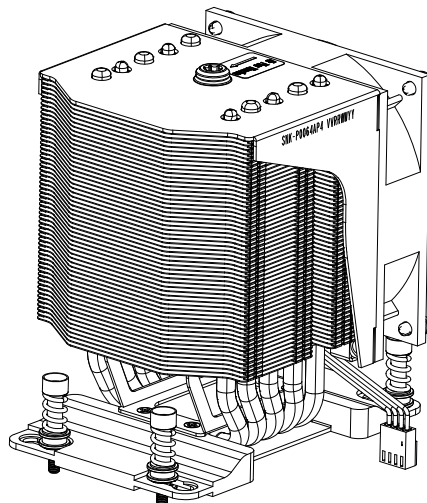
9. Gently lower the force frame down onto the rail frame and hold it in place until it is seated in the Socket housing. Note that the force frame is spring loaded and has to be held in place before it is secured. **Important: Use a torque screwdriver, set it at 16.1 kgf-cm (14.0 lbf-in) with a Torx T20 screw head bit, to prevent damage to the CPU.**



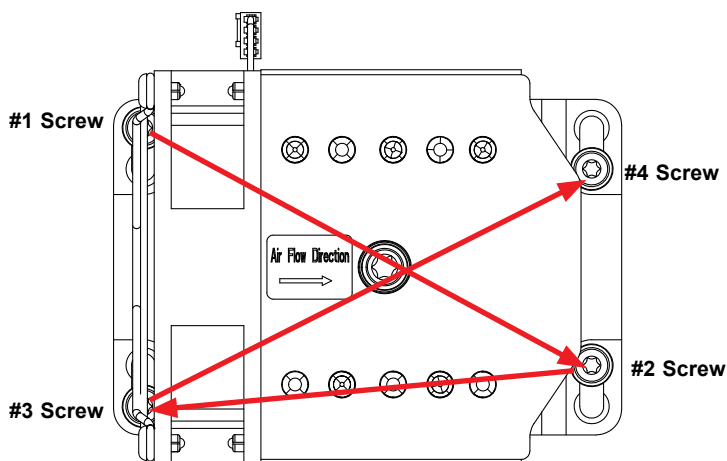
10. Place and re-screw the screws in the reverse order to the way you removed them (holes 1-2-3 in order). When finished, the force frame will be secure over both the rail frame and CPU package.



11. After the force frame is secured and the CPU package is in place, now you must install the heatsink to the frame. Lower the heatsink down till it rests securely over the four screw holes on CPU package on the socket frame.



12. Using a diagonal pattern, tighten the four screws down on the heatsink in a clockwise fashion till it is secure. The heatsink will now be secured and you have finished installing the processor and heatsink onto the motherboard. Repeat this procedure for any remaining CPU sockets on the motherboard.



Un-installing the Processor and Heatsink

1. Remove the heatsink attached to the top of the CPU package by reversing the installation procedure.
2. Clean the Thermal grease left by the heatsink on the CPU package lid to limit the risk of it contaminating the CPU package land pads or contacts in the socket housing.
3. Reverse the procedure for installing the force frame onto the socket, unscrewing the plate in the 3-2-1 screw order and lift the force frame to the vertical position.
4. Lift the rail frame using the lift tabs near the front end of the rail frame. Note that the rail frame is spring loaded, so be careful lifting it up into a vertical position.
5. Grip the handle of the carrier frame and pull upwards to extract it from the rail frame. Return the carrier frame/CPU package to its original shipping container.
6. Grip the handle on the external cap and return it to the rail frame sliding it downwards till it rests in the frame.
7. Gripping the rail frame, rotate it downwards till it rests above and locks over the socket housing in its horizontal position.
8. Push and rotate down the force frame till it is over the external cap and rail frame into a horizontal position.
9. While holding down the force frame, secure it back to the socket frame by securing screw 1 in place. Note that without a CPU package in place, it is not necessary to tighten down screws 2 and 3 at this time.

Memory Support

Note: Check the Supermicro website for recommended memory modules.

Important: Exercise extreme care when installing or removing DIMM modules to prevent any possible damage.

Memory Support

The H12SSL-i supports Up to 2TB of registered ECC DDR4-3200 SDRAM in eight slots. Refer to the table below for additional memory information.

Type	DIMM Population	Maximum DIMM Capacity (GB)		Maximum Frequency (MHz)
	DIMM1	1 Channel	8 Channel	
RDIMM	1R	32GB	256GB	3200
	2R or 2DR	64GB	512GB	3200
LRDIMM 3DS	2S2R	128GB	1TB	3200
	2S4R	256GB	2TB	3200
3DS RDIMM	2S2R	128GB	1TB	3200
	2S4R	256GB	2TB	3200

CPU#	Channel							
	D1	C1	B1	A1	E1	F1	G1	H1
1 DIMM (supported but not recommend)								
CPU1		V						
2 DIMMs (supported but not recommend)								
CPU1	V	V						
4 DIMMs (conditionally recommended if 32 cores or fewer)								
CPU1	V	V					V	V
8 DIMMs								
CPU1	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V
16 DIMMs								
CPU1	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V

DIMM Module Population

When installing memory, please keep the following in mind:

- It is recommended that DDR4 DIMM modules of the same type, size and speed should be installed.
- Mixed DIMM speeds can be installed. However, all DIMMs will run at the speed of the slowest DIMM.
- The motherboard will support odd-numbered modules (1 or 3 modules installed). However, to achieve the best memory performance, a balanced memory population is recommended.

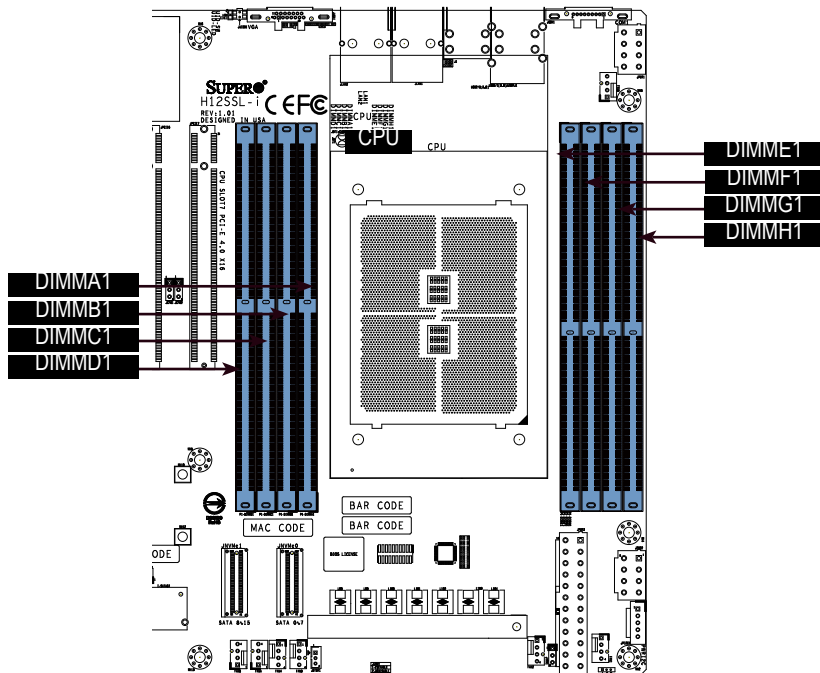
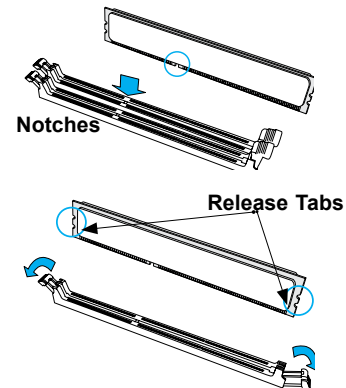
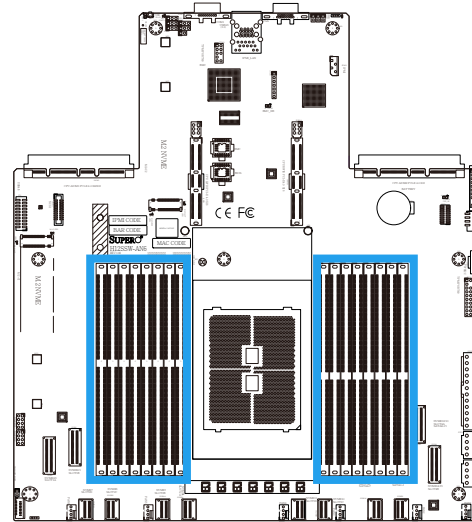


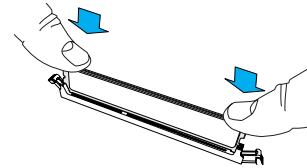
Figure 2-2. DIMM Numbering

DIMM Installation

1. Follow the instructions given in the memory population guidelines listed in the previous sections to install memory modules on your motherboard. For the system to work properly, please use memory modules of the same type and speed on the motherboard. (See warnings below.)
2. Push the release tabs outwards on both ends of the DIMM slot to unlock it.
3. Align the key of the DIMM with the receptive point on the memory slot.
4. Align both ends of the module with the receptive points on the ends of the slot.
5. Use two thumbs together to press the DIMM straight down into the slot until it snaps into place.
6. Press the release tabs to the lock positions to secure the DIMM into the slot.

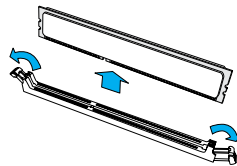


Insert the DIMM module into the memory slot.



DIMM Module Removal

Press the release tabs on both ends of the DIMM socket to release the DIMM module from the socket as shown in the drawing below.



Warnings: 1. To avoid damage to the DIMM module or the DIMM socket, do not use excessive force when pressing the release tabs on the ends of the DIMM socket. 2. Handle DIMM modules with care. Carefully follow ESD precautions to avoid ESD-related damage to your components or system. 3. All graphics, including the layout drawing, are for reference only. Your system components may or may not look the same as shown in this user guide.

PCI Expansion Cards

The system can accommodate up to seven low-profile PCIe 4.0 expansion cards.

Installing Expansion Cards

1. Power down the system, place it on its side and remove the left side cover.
2. Use the inside release latch to swing the protective bracket out as shown below.
3. Remove the blank PCI shields that covers the chassis slot.
4. Slide the expansion card into the desired slot on the motherboard.
5. Secure the expansion card to the top of the slot with a screw .

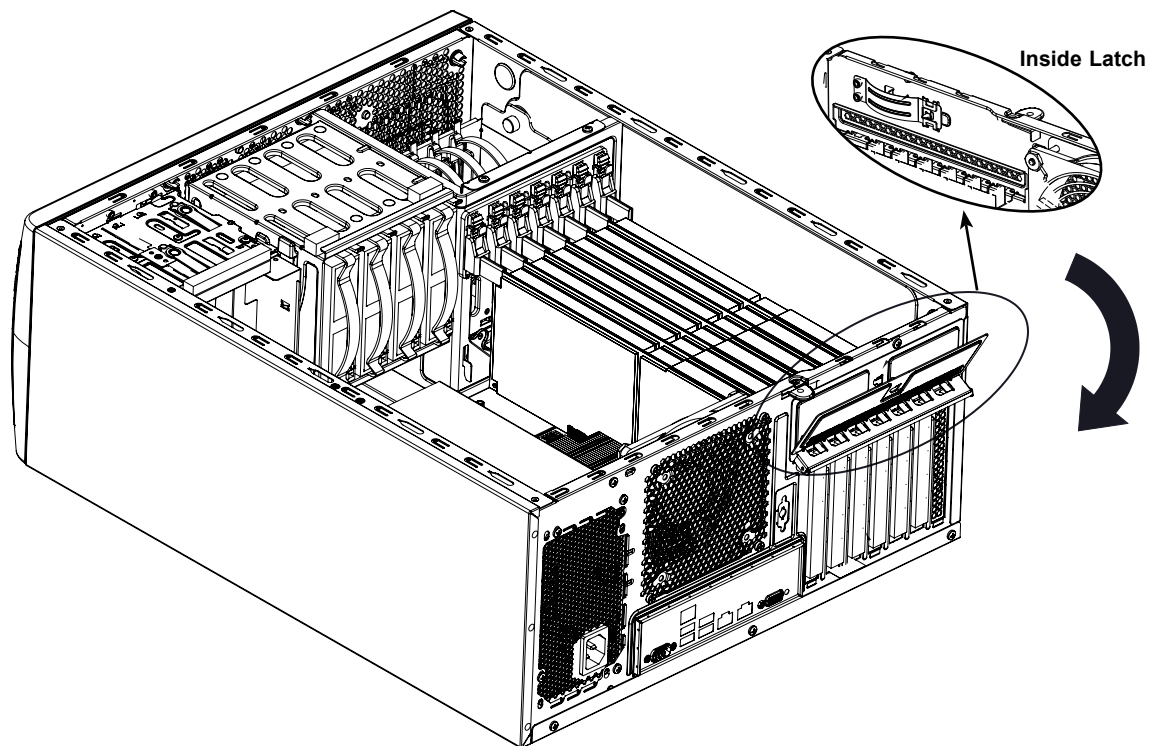


Figure 2-3. Expansion Card Slots

Motherboard Battery

The motherboard uses non-volatile memory to retain system information when system power is removed. This memory is powered by a lithium battery residing on the motherboard.

Replacing the Battery

Begin by removing power from the system as described in section 2.1.

1. Push aside the small clamp that covers the edge of the battery. When the battery is released, lift it out of the holder.
2. To insert a new battery, slide one edge under the lip of the holder with the positive (+) side facing up. Then push the other side down until the clamp snaps over it.

Note: Handle used batteries carefully. Do not damage the battery in any way; a damaged battery may release hazardous materials into the environment. Do not discard a used battery in the garbage or a public landfill. Please comply with the regulations set up by your local hazardous waste management agency to dispose of your used battery properly.

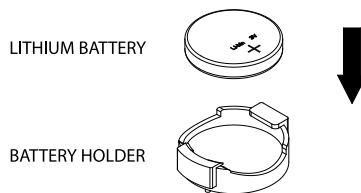


Figure 2-4. Installing the Onboard Battery

Warning: There is a danger of explosion if the onboard battery is installed upside down (which reverses its polarities). This battery must be replaced only with the same or an equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer (CR2032).

2.4 Chassis Components

This section provides instructions on installing and replacing system components. To assure compatibility, only use components that match the specifications or part numbers given.

Storage Drives

The system supports up to four 3.5" SATA3 and four 2.5" drives in two separate drive cages.

Note: Enterprise level hard disk drives are recommended for use in Supermicro servers. For compatible storage drives, see the H12SSL-i motherboard web page.

3.5" Drive Cage

The removable drive cage is accessed by removing the left chassis cover. These drives are not hot-swap, power must be removed from the system before removing or installing drives. The drive cage can house up to four drives of either 3.5" or 2.5" size.

Removing the Drive Cage

Begin by powering down the system and removing the left cover as previously described.

1. Press the release tab on the top left of the drive cage as shown in the figure below.
2. Rotate the hard disk drive cage outward.

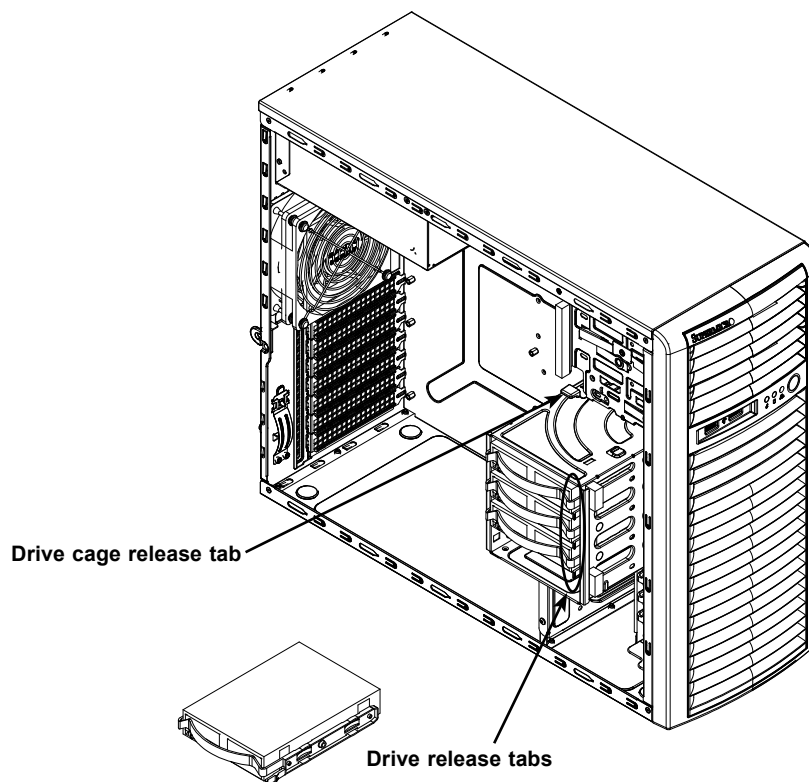


Figure 2-5. 3.5" Drive Cage

Installing Hard Drives to the Hard Drive Cage

1. Press the release tab on the side of the hard drive tray that is to be removed from the hard drive cage as shown.
2. Gently slide the hard drive carrier out of the hard drive cage.
3. Insert a new hard drive into a hard drive tray by sliding it towards the back of the hard drive cage until it clicks into a locked position.
4. Connect the power and data cables to the hard drive.
5. Rotate the hard drive cage 90 degrees inward, returning it to the closed, operational position in the chassis.
6. If desired, each hard drive may be further secured to the drive cage with an additional (optional) screw at the middle of the drive.)

Note: Enterprise level hard disk drives are recommended for use in Supermicro chassis and servers. For information on recommended HDDs, visit the Supermicro website at <http://www.supermicro.com/products/nfo/files/storage/SBB-HDDCompList.pdf>

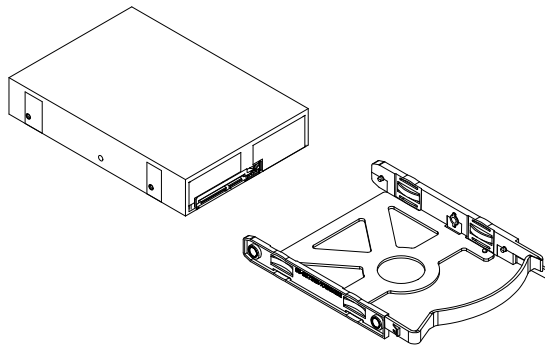


Figure 2-6. Installing a 3.5" Drive into a Tray

2.5" Drive Cage

The removable drive cage is accessed by removing the left chassis cover. These drives are not hot-swap, power must be removed from the system before removing or installing drives. The drive cage can house up to four 2.5" drives.

Removing and Installing 2.5" Hard Drives

Begin by powering down the system and removing the left cover as previously described.

1. Loosen the thumb screw securing the 2.5" hard drive cage to the chassis.
2. Disconnect all cables from the hard drive.
3. Slide the 2.5" hard drive cage out of the chassis.

4. If a hard drive is already present, remove it by carefully pulling the sides of the hard drive carrier outward.
5. Remove the hard drive from the hard drive carrier.
6. Insert the new hard drive into the hard drive carrier.
7. Insert the hard drive carrier into the hard drive cage, sliding it towards the back of the hard drive cage until it clicks into a locked position.

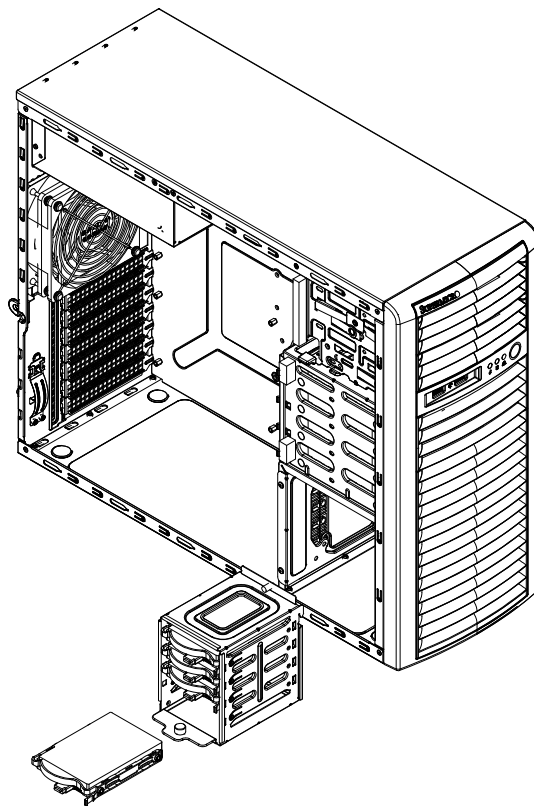


Figure 2-7. 2.5" Drive Cage

Note: Enterprise level hard disk drives are recommended for use in Supermicro chassis and servers. For information on recommended HDDs, visit the Supermicro website at <http://www.supermicro.com/products/nfo/files/storage/SBB-HDDCompList.pdf>

Installing a 3.5" Device

The CSE-732i-903B chassis has one 3.5" device slot, which supports an optional device such as an all-in-one card reader.

Begin by powering down the system and removing the left cover as previously described.

Installing a 3.5" Device

1. Remove the front bezel from the chassis by lifting it upwards from the bottom, and pulling it off the front of the chassis.
2. Remove the cover plate from the 3.5" device slot on the front of the chassis.
3. Install the bracket rail (A) onto one side of the 3.5" device, by inserting the pins of the bracket into the mounting holes on the sides of the optical device.
4. Slide the 3.5" device into the chassis.

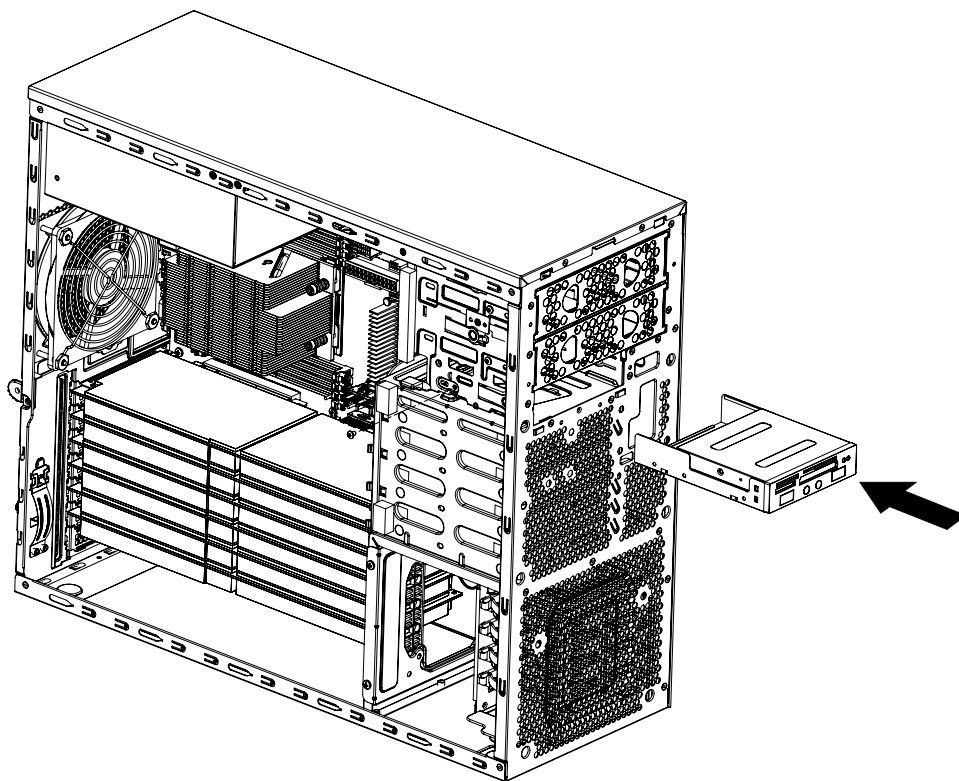


Figure 2-8. Installing a 3.5" Device

Hot-Swap for NVMe Drives

Supermicro Ultra servers support NVMe surprise hot-swap. For even better data security, NVMe *orderly* hot-swap is recommended. NVMe drives can be ejected and replaced remotely using IPMI.

Note: If you are using VROC, see the VROC appendix in this manual instead.

Ejecting a Drive

1. IPMI > Storage > Physical View

2. Select Device and click Eject. After ejecting, the drive Status LED indicator turns green.
3. Remove the drive.

Slot is the slot number on which the NVMe drives are mounted.

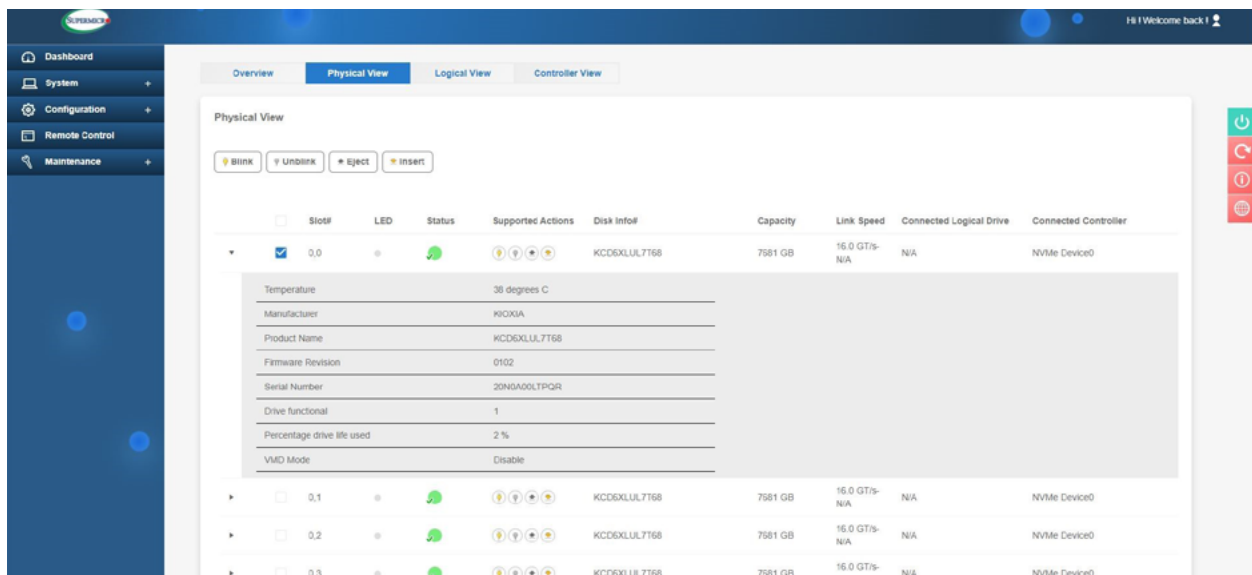


Figure 2-9. IPMI Screenshot

Replacing the Drive

1. Insert the replacement drive.
2. IPMI > Storage > Physical View
3. Select Device and click Insert. The drive Status LED indicator flashes red, then turns off. The Activity LED turns blue.

System Cooling

The front of the chassis includes an 12-cm cooling fan.

Installing the Front Cooling Fan

Begin by powering down the system and removing the left cover as previously described.

1. Insert the four rubber pins through the front fan bracket and into the mounting holes in the front fan.
2. Pull the rubber pins through the mounting holes of the system fan to secure the fan to the chassis.
3. Lower the fan into the chassis, aligning the holes at the top of the front fan bracket with the holes in the chassis.
4. Secure the fan to the chassis using the two screws provided.
5. Connect the fan cable to the motherboard.

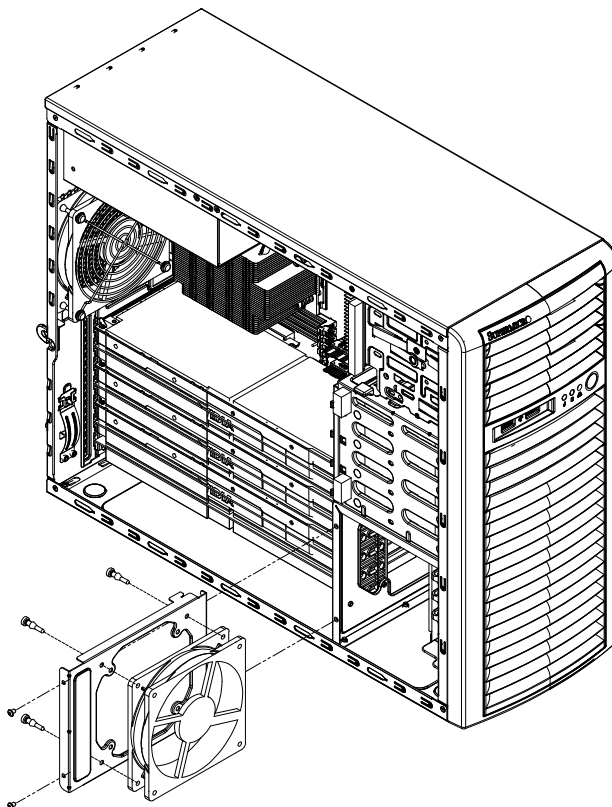


Figure 2-10. Installing the Front Fan

Installing the Rear Exhaust Fan

The rear of the chassis includes an additional 12-cm cooling fan.

Begin by powering down the system and removing the left cover as previously described.

1. Insert the four rubber pins into the four mounting holes surrounding the fan grill on the rear of the chassis.
2. Pull the rubber pins through the mounting holes of the fan to secure the fan to the chassis.
3. Connect the fan cable to the motherboard.

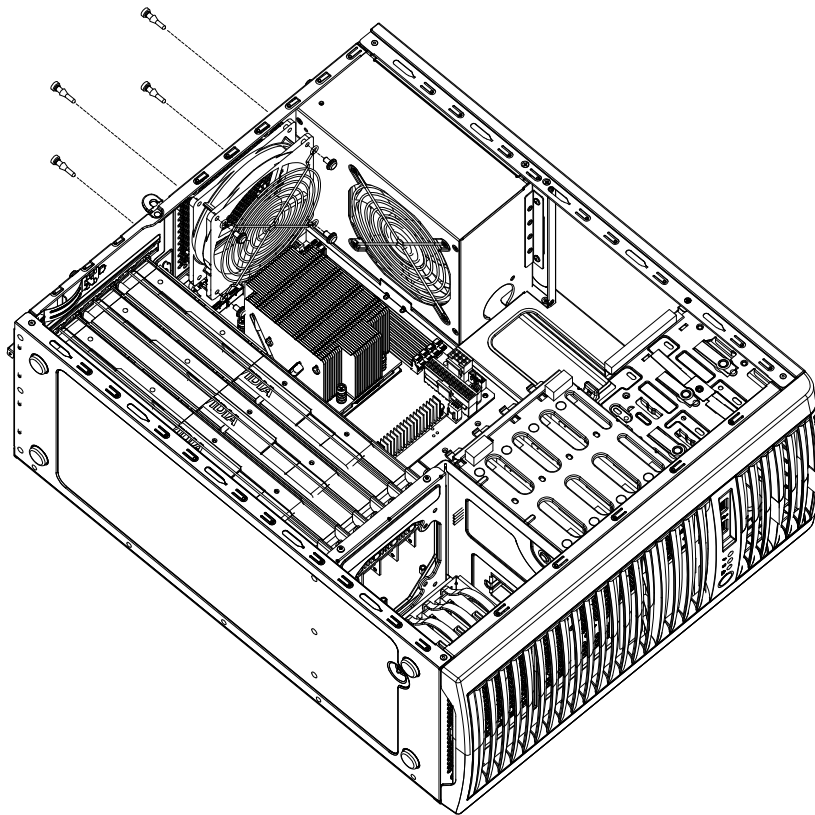


Figure 2-11. Installing the Rear Fan

Power Supply

The systems includes a single 900W power supply. In the event that it becomes necessary to replace the power supply, follow the instructions below.

Changing the Power Supply

Begin by powering down the system and removing the AC power cord.

1. Disconnect the cables from the motherboard to the power supply.
2. Remove the screws securing the power supply to the chassis, which are located on the rear of the chassis. Set these screws aside for later use.
3. Gently lift the power supply out of the chassis.
4. Replace the failed power supply with an identical power supply model.
5. Secure the new power supply using the screws previously set aside.
6. Plug the AC power cord back into the module and power-up the system.

Note: IPMI will detect power supply status when the server is powered on, but the power supply will not support the standby mode for PMBus, This means when the system is turned on about a minute after plugging in the AC, the BMC will not be able to access the power supply information.

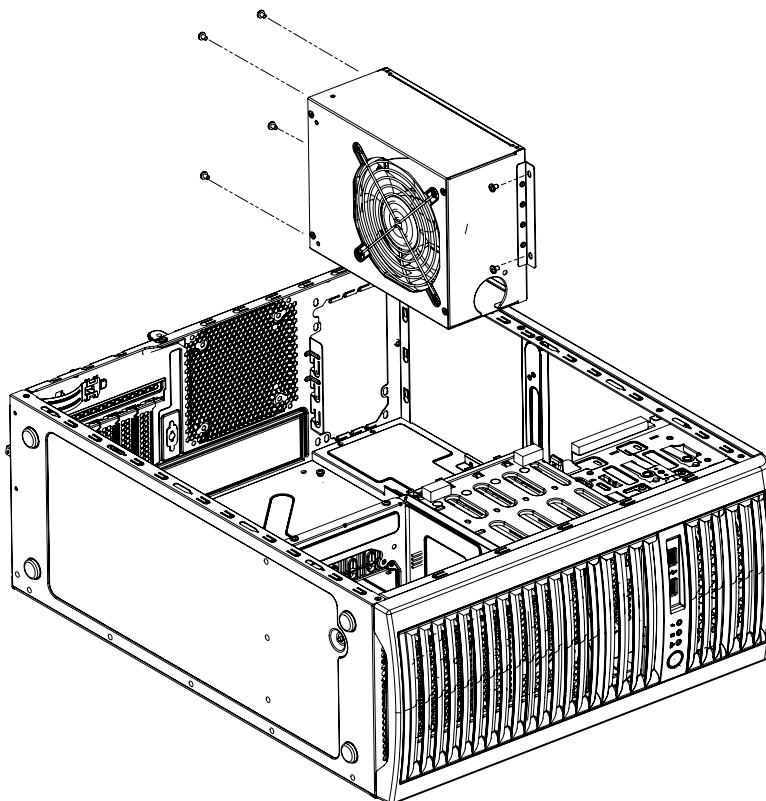


Figure 2-12. Installing the Power Supply

Chapter 3

Motherboard Connections

This section describes the connections on the motherboard and provides pinout definitions. Note that depending on how the system is configured, not all connections are required. The LEDs on the motherboard are also described here. A motherboard layout indicating component locations may be found in Chapter 1.

Please review the Safety Precautions in Appendix A before installing or removing components.

3.1 Power Connections

Two power connections on the H12SSL-i must be connected to the power supply.

- 24-pin Primary ATX Power (JPWR3)
- 8-pin Auxilliary Power (JPWR1/JPWR2)

Main Power Supply Connector (JPWR3)

The primary power supply connector (JPWR3) is an ATX power connector that the power supply plugs into directly.

ATX Power 24-pin Connector Pin Definitions			
Pin#	Definition	Pin#	Definition
1	+3.3V	13	+3.3V
2	+3.3V	14	-12V
3	Ground	15	Ground
4	+5V	16	PS_ON
5	Ground	17	Ground
6	+5V	18	Ground
7	Ground	19	Ground
8	PWR_OK	20	Res (NC)
9	5VSB	21	+5V
10	+12V	22	+5V
11	+12V	23	+5V
12	+3.3V	24	Ground

12V 8-pin Auxilliary Power Connector (JPWR1)

JPWR1 is an 8-pin ATX power input to provide core power to the processor. Refer to the table below for pin definitions.

12V 8-pin Power Connector Pin Definitions	
Pins	Definition
1 through 4	Ground
5 through 8	+12V

12V 8-pin Auxilliary Power Connector (JPWR2)

JPWR2 is an 8-pin ATX power input to provide core power to the processor. Refer to the table below for pin definitions.

12V 8-pin Power Connector Pin Definitions	
Pins	Definition
1 through 4	Ground
5 through 8	+12V

3.2 Headers and Connectors

Fan Headers

There are seven fan headers on the motherboard. These are 4-pin fan headers; pins 1-3 are backward compatible with traditional 3-pin fans. The onboard fan speeds are controlled by Thermal Management (via Hardware Monitoring) in the BMC. When using Thermal Management setting, use all 4-pin fans.

Fan Header Pin Definitions	
Pin#	Definition
1	Ground (Black)
2	+12V (Red)
3	Tachometer
4	PWM Control

Disk-On-Module Power Connector (JSD1 & JSD2)

The Disk-On-Module (DOM) power connector at JSD1 provides 5V power to a solid-state DOM storage device connected to one of the SATA ports. See the table below for pin definitions.

DOM Power Pin Definitions	
Pin#	Definition
1	5V
2	Ground
3	Ground

I-SATA Ports (I-SATA0~I-SATA7)

The H12SSL-i/C/CT/NT has eight available SATA 3.0 ports (SATA0~7) on the motherboard. I-SATA0~I-SATA7 are standard SATA 3.0 ports. SATA0~7 (JNVME0) and SATA8~15 (JNVME1) support SATA 3.0 drives, requiring a break-out cable.

SATA Connectors Pin Definitions	
Pin#	Signal
1	Ground
2	SATA_TXP
3	SATA_TXN
4	Ground
5	SATA_RXN
6	SATA_RXP
7	Ground

NVM Express

Two NVM Express ports are located on the motherboard. These ports provide high-speed, low-latency PCIe 4.0 x8 connections directly from the CPU to NVMe Solid State (SSD) drives. This greatly increases SSD data-throughput performance and significantly reduces PCIe latency by simplifying driver/software requirements resulted from direct PCIe interface from the CPU to the NVMe SSD drives.

Number of Supported Drives on Different Models				
Types	H12SSL-i	H12SSL-C	H12SSL-CT	H12SSL-NT
SATA	8	8	8	0
SAS3	0	8	8	0
NVMe	2	0	0	4

TPM Header/Port 80 Connector (TPM Port)

The JTPM1 header is used to connect a Trusted Platform Module (TPM), which is available from a third-party vendor. A TPM is a security device that supports encryption and authentication in hard drives. It enables the motherboard to deny access if the TPM associated with the hard drive is not installed in the system.

Please go to the following link for more information on TPM: <http://www.supermicro.com/manuals/other/TPM.pdf>.

Trusted Platform Module Header Pin Definitions			
Pin#	Definition	Pin#	Definition
1	LCLK	2	GND
3	LFRAME#	4	Key
5	LRESET#	6	N/C
7	LAD3	8	LAD2
9	3.3V	10	LAD1
11	LAD0	12	GND
13	SMB_CLK (optional)	14	SMB_DAT (optional)
15	P3V3_STBY	16	SERIRQ
17	GND	18	LP_CLKRUN (optional)
19	LPC_PD (optional)	20	LPC_DRQ (optional)

PCIe M.2 Connector (M.2-M1/M2)

The PCIe M.2 (M.2-M1/M2) connector is for devices such as memory cards, wireless adapters, etc. These devices must conform to the PCIe M.2 specifications (formerly known as NGFF). This particular PCIe M.2 supports M-Key (PCIe x4) storage card.

Onboard Battery (BT1)

The onboard back up battery is located at BT1. The onboard battery provides backup power to the on chip CMOS, which stores the BIOS' setup information. It also provides power to the Real Time Clock (RTC) to keep it running.

NCSI Header (JNCSI1)

The NCSI (Network Controller Sideband Interface) header is located at JNCSI1. This header is an interface used to connect the BMC (Baseboard Management Controller) to a set of Network Interface Controllers to enable out-of-band remote manageability.

USB Ports (USB0~USB5)

There are a total of six USB ports supported on the motherboard. Four are located on the back panel (USB 0/1 (3.0) and USB 2/3 (3.0)). There are also two ports located on the motherboard header (USB 4/5 (3.0)).

Front Panel USB 3.0 Pin Definitions			
Pin#	Definition	Pin#	Definition
1	VBUS	19	Power
2	Stda_SSRX-	18	USB3_RN
3	Stda_SSRX+	17	USB3_RP
4	GND	16	GNd
5	Stda_SSTX-	15	USB3_TN
6	Stda_SSTX+	14	USB3_TP
7	GND	13	GND
8	D-	12	USB_N
9	D+	11	USB_P
10		x	

Chassis Intrusion (JL1)

A Chassis Intrusion header is located at JL1 on the motherboard. Attach the appropriate cable from the chassis to the header to inform you when the chassis is opened.

Chassis Intrusion Pin Definitions	
Pins	Definition
1	Ground
2	Intrusion Input

Overheat LED/Fan Fail (JOH1)

The JOH1 header is used to connect an LED indicator to provide warnings of chassis overheating or fan failure. This LED will blink when a fan failure occurs. Refer to the table on right for pin definitions.

Overheat / Fan Fail Pin Definitions	
Pins	Definition
1	5vDC
2	OH Active

Overheat / Fan Fail LED Status	
Status	Definition
Off	Normal
On, Solid	Overheat
On, Blinking	Fan Failure

Standby Power Header (JSTBY1)

The Standby Power header is located at JSTBY1 on the motherboard.

Standby Power Pin Definition	
Pins	Definition
1	+5V Standby
2	Ground
3	Wake-up

IPMB System Management Bus Header (JIPMB1)

A System Management Bus header for IPMI 2.0 is located at JIPMB1. Connect the appropriate cable here to use the IPMB I²C connection on your system.

IPMB Header Pin Definitions	
Pin#	Definition
1	Data
2	Ground
3	Clock
4	No Connection

Speaker (JD1)

If you wish to use an external speaker, attach an external speaker to pins 6~7. See the table below for pin definitions.

Speaker Connector Pin Definitions	
Pin Setting	Definition
Pins 1~2	Power LED
Pins 6~7	External Speaker

Power SMB Header (JPI2C1)

Power System Management Bus (I2C) header monitors power supply, fan and system temperatures. See the table below for pin definitions.

Power SMB Header Pin Definitions	
Pin#	Definition
1	Clock
2	Data
3	PWR Fail
4	Ground
5	+3.3V

Control Panel

JF1 contains header pins for various control panel connections. See the figure below for the pin locations and definitions of the control panel buttons and LED indicators.

All JF1 wires have been bundled into a single cable to simplify this connection. Make sure the red wire plugs into pin 1 as marked on the motherboard. The other end connects to the control panel PCB board.

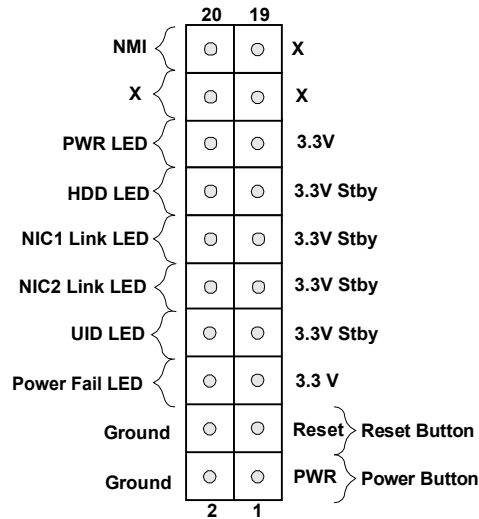


Figure 4-1. JF1: Control Panel Pins

Power Button

The Power Button connection is located on pins 1 and 2 of JF1. Momentarily contacting both pins will power on/off the system. This button can also be configured to function as a suspend button (with a setting in the BIOS - see Chapter 5). To turn off the power in the suspend mode, press the button for at least 4 seconds. Refer to the table below for pin definitions.

Power Button Pin Definitions (JF1)	
Pin#	Definition
1	Signal
2	+3V Standby

Reset Button

The Reset Button connection is located on pins 3 and 4 of JF1. Attach the hardware reset switch from the computer case to this header to reset the system. Refer to the table below for pin definitions.

Reset Button Pin Definitions (JF1)	
Pin#	Definition
3	Reset
4	Ground

Power Fail LED

The Power Fail LED connection is located on pins 5 and 6 of JF1. Refer to the table below for pin definitions.

Power Fail LED Pin Definitions (JF1)	
Pin#	Definition
5	Vcc
6	Ground

UID LED

The UID LED is on pins 7 and 8 of JF1. Connect the front panel UID LED to this header to indicate when the rear UID switch is turned on. Refer to the table below for pin definitions.

UID LED Pin Definitions (JF1)	
Pin#	Definition
7	Vcc
8	Ground

NIC1/NIC2 Link LED

The NIC (Network Interface Controller) LED connection for LAN port 1 is located on pins 11 and 12 of JF1, and the LED connection for LAN Port 2 is on Pins 9 and 10. Attach the NIC LED cables to display network activity. Refer to the table below for pin definitions.

NIC1/NIC2 LED Pin Definitions (JF1)	
Pin#	Definition
9/11	Vcc
10/12	Ground

HDD LED

The HDD LED connection is located on pins 13 and 14 of JF1. Attach a hard drive LED cable here to display disk activity detected on the motherboard's built-in disk controllers. See the table below for pin definitions.

HDD LED Pin Definitions (JF1)	
Pin#	Definition
13	+5V
14	HDD Active

Power LED

The Power LED connection is located on pins 15 and 16 of JF1. Refer to the table below for pin definitions.

Power LED Pin Definitions (JF1)	
Pin#	Definition
15	+5V
16	Ground

NMI Button

The non-maskable interrupt button header is located on pins 19 and 20 of JF1. Refer to the table below for pin definitions.

NMI Button Pin Definitions (JF1)	
Pin#	Definition
19	Control
20	Ground

3.3 Ports

Rear I/O Ports

See the figure below for the locations and descriptions of the various I/O ports on the rear of the motherboard.

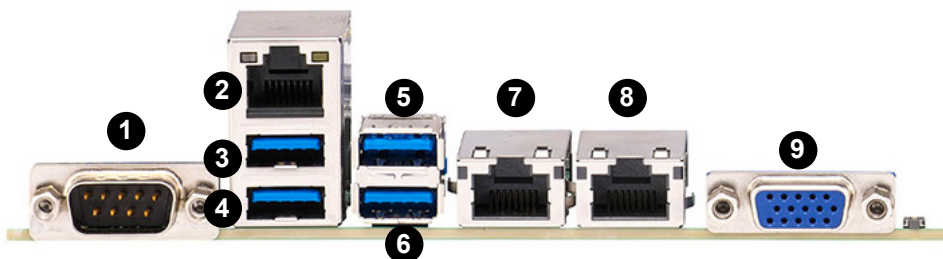


Figure 3-2. Rear I/O Ports

Rear I/O Ports					
#	Description	#	Description	#	Description
1	COM Port	4	USB 1 (3.0)	7	LAN Port #1
2	IPMI LAN Port	5	USB 2 (3.0)	8	LAN Port #2
3	USB 0 (3.0)	6	USB 3 (3.0)	9	VGA Port

COM Port

There is one serial communications port (COM1) on the rear I/O panel.

IPMI LAN Port

One IPMI LAN port is located on the I/O back panel. This port accepts an RJ45 type cable.

Universal Serial Bus (USB) Ports

There are four USB 3.0 ports (USB0/1 and USB2/3) on the I/O back panel. These support the type A connector.

Gigabit LAN Ports

There are two gigabit LAN ports located on the I/O back panel (LAN1 & LAN2). These ports accept an RJ45 type cable.

VGA Port

There is one VGA port on the rear I/O panel.

UID Switch and LED Indicator

A Unit Identifier (UID) switch and UID LED are located on the I/O backpanel. The rear UID LED is located next to the UID switch. When you press the UID switch, both rear and front UID LED indicators will turn on. Press the UID switch again to turn off the LED indicators. The UID Indicator provides easy identification of a system that may be in need of service.

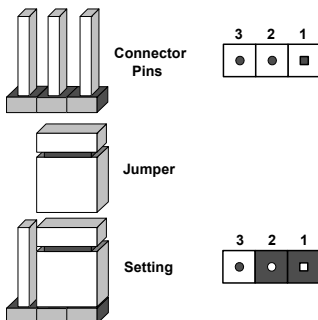
Note: UID can also be triggered via IPMI on the motherboard. For more information on IPMI, please refer to the IPMI User's Guide posted on our website at <http://www.supermicro.com>

3.4 Jumpers

Explanation of Jumpers

To modify the operation of the motherboard, jumpers are used to choose between optional settings. Jumpers create shorts between two pins to change the function associated with it. Pin 1 is identified with a square solder pad on the printed circuit board. See the motherboard layout page for jumper locations.

Note: On a two-pin jumper, "Closed" means the jumper is on both pins and "Open" indicates the jumper is either on only one pin or has been completely removed.



CMOS Clear

JBT1 is used to clear CMOS, which will also clear any passwords. Instead of pins, this jumper consists of contact pads to prevent accidentally clearing the contents of CMOS.

To Clear CMOS

1. First power down the system and unplug the power cord(s).
2. Remove the cover of the chassis to access the motherboard.
3. Remove the onboard battery from the motherboard.
4. Short the CMOS pads with a metal object such as a small screwdriver for at least four seconds.
5. Remove the screwdriver (or shorting device).
6. Replace the cover, reconnect the power cord(s) and power on the system.

Notes: Clearing CMOS will also clear all passwords.

Do not use the PW_ON connector to clear CMOS.



Watch Dog

JWD1 controls the Watch Dog function. Watch Dog is a monitor that can reboot the system when a software application hangs. Jumping pins 1-2 will cause Watch Dog to reset the system if an application hangs. Jumping pins 2-3 will generate a non-maskable interrupt signal for the application that hangs. Watch Dog must also be enabled in BIOS. The default setting is Reset.

Note: When Watch Dog is enabled, the user needs to write their own application software to disable it.

Watch Dog Jumper Settings	
Jumper Setting	Definition
Pins 1-2	Reset
Pins 2-3	NMI
Open	Disabled

VGA Enable/Disable (JPG1)

JPG1 allows you to enable or disable the VGA port. The default position is on pins 1 and 2 to enable VGA. See the table below for jumper settings.

VGA Enable/Disable Jumper Settings (JPG1)	
Jumper Setting	Definition
Pins 1-2	Enabled (default)
Pins 2-3	Disabled

LAN Enable/Disable (JPL)

JPL allows you to enable or disable the LAN ports. The default position is on pins 1 and 2 to enable. See the table below for jumper settings.

LAN Enable/Disable Jumper Settings (JPL1)	
Jumper Setting	Definition
Pins 1-2	Enabled (default)
Pins 2-3	Disabled

JNVMe0/SATA0~7 Switch (JFCG1)

This jumper is used to switch between SATA and NVMe for the ports indicated. The default position is on pins 1 and 2 to enable SATA. See the table below for jumper settings.

JNVMe0/SATA0~7 Switch Jumper Settings (JFCG1)	
Jumper Setting	Definition
Pins 1-2	SATA (default)
Pins 2-3	NVMe

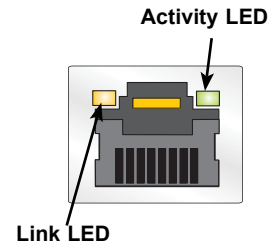
3.5 LED Indicators

LAN Port LEDs

The motherboard's Ethernet ports has one LED indicators. The Activity LED is green and indicates connection and activity. The Link LED may be green, orange/amber, or off to indicate the speed of the connection. Refer to the tables below for more information.

Link LED Connection Link Speed Indicator	
LED Color	Definition
Off	10 Mb/s
Green	100 Mb/s
Orange	1 Gb/s

Activity LED		
Color	State	Definition
None	No Connection	
None	Off	Link
Green	Flashing	Active



UID LED Indicator

The rear LED1 is located next to the UID switch. The front UID LED is located on the front panel. When you press the UID switch, both rear LED1 and front UID LED indicators will turn on. Press the UID switch again to turn off the LED indicators. Use this UID Indicator to 'mark' the system, so the system can be easily identified whether on the front or back (e.g., a system rack with multiple units installed).

UID LED LED Indicator		
Color	State	Definition
Blue	Solid On	Unit Identified
None	Off	UID Off

BMC Heartbeat LED (LEDM1)

A BMC Heartbeat LED is located at LEDM1 on the motherboard. When LEDM1 is blinking, the BMC is functioning normally. See the table below for more information.

BMC Heartbeat LED State		
Color	State	Definition
Green	Solid On	BMC is not ready
Green	Blinking	BMC Normal
Green	Fast Blinking	BMC: Initializing

Onboard Power OK LED (LE1)

LE1 is an onboard power OK LED. When this LE1 is lit, it means the system is turned on, and all the system power rails are ready. When the system is turned off, or any one of the system power rails fail, this LED will turn off. Turn off the system, and unplug the power cable before removing or installing any component(s).

Onboard Power LED Indicator	
LED Color	Definition
Off	System Off (power cable not connected)
Green	System On, Power OK

Chapter 4

Software

After the hardware has been installed, you can install the Operating System (OS), configure RAID settings and install the drivers.

4.1 Microsoft Windows OS Installation

If you will be using RAID, you must configure RAID settings before installing the Windows OS and the RAID driver. Refer to the RAID Configuration User Guides posted on our website at www.supernmicro.com/support/manuals.

Installing the OS

1. Create a method to access the MS Windows installation ISO file. That might be a DVD, perhaps using an external USB/SATA DVD drive, or a USB flash drive, or the IPMI KVM console.
2. Go to the Supermicro web page for your motherboard and click on "Download the Latest Drivers and Utilities", select the proper driver, and copy it to a USB flash drive.
3. Boot from a bootable device with Windows OS installation. You can see a bootable device list by pressing **F11** during the system startup.

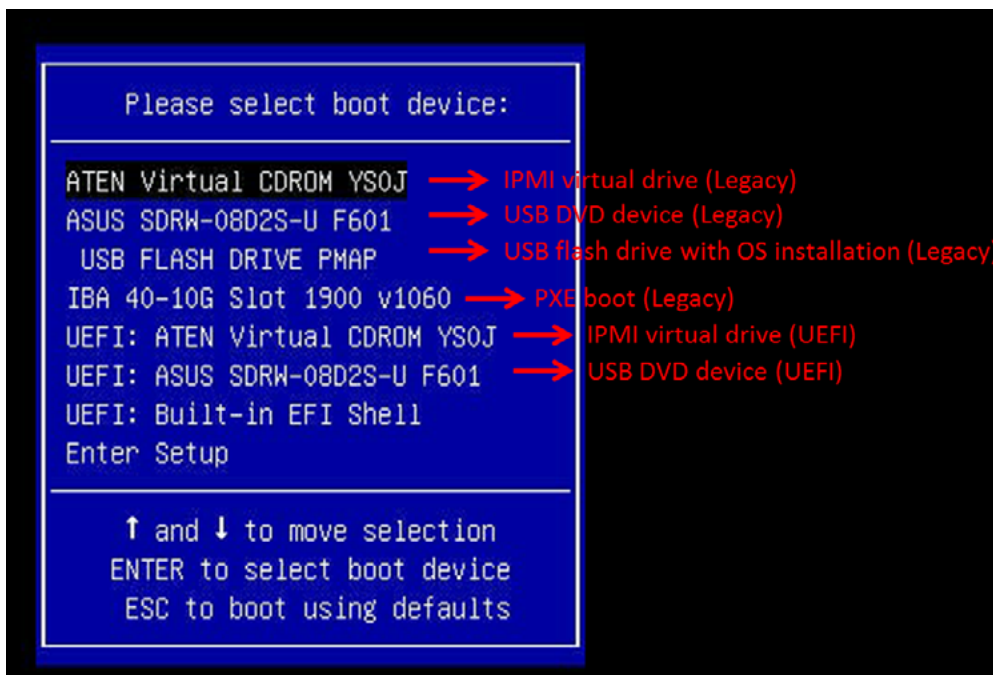


Figure 4-1. Select Boot Device

4. During Windows Setup, continue to the dialog where you select the drives on which to install Windows. If the disk you want to use is not listed, click on “Load driver” link at the bottom left corner.

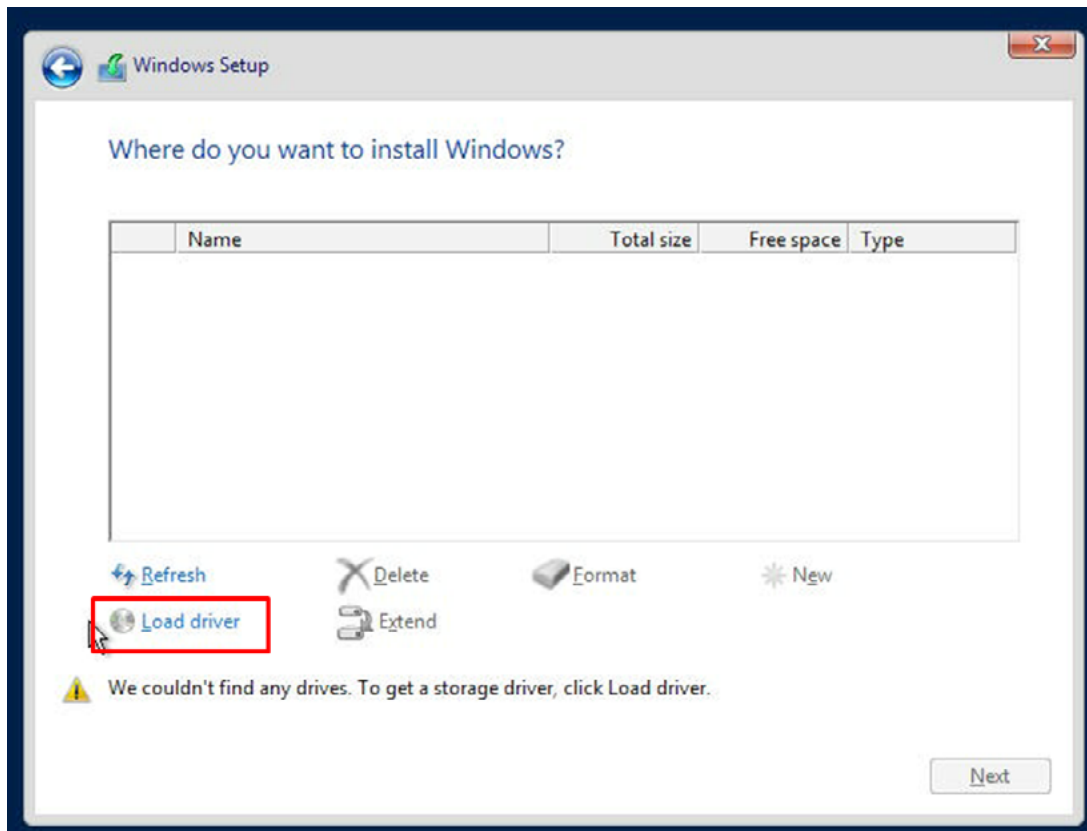


Figure 4-2. Load Driver Link

To load the driver, browse the USB flash drive for the proper driver files.

- For RAID, choose the SATA/sSATA RAID driver indicated then choose the storage drive on which you want to install it.
 - For non-RAID, choose the SATA/sSATA AHCI driver indicated then choose the storage drive on which you want to install it.
5. Once all devices are specified, continue with the installation.
 6. After the Windows OS installation has completed, the system will automatically reboot multiple times.

4.2 Driver Installation

The Supermicro website contains drivers and utilities for your system at <https://www.supermicro.com/wdl/driver>. Some of these must be installed, such as the chipset driver.

After accessing the website, go into the CDR_Images (in the parent directory of the above link) and locate the ISO file for your motherboard. Download this file to to a USB flash drive or a DVD. (You may also use a utility to extract the ISO file if preferred.)

Another option is to go to the Supermicro website at <http://www.supermicro.com/products/>. Find the product page for your motherboard, and "Download the Latest Drivers and Utilities".

Insert the flash drive or disk and the screenshot shown below should appear.

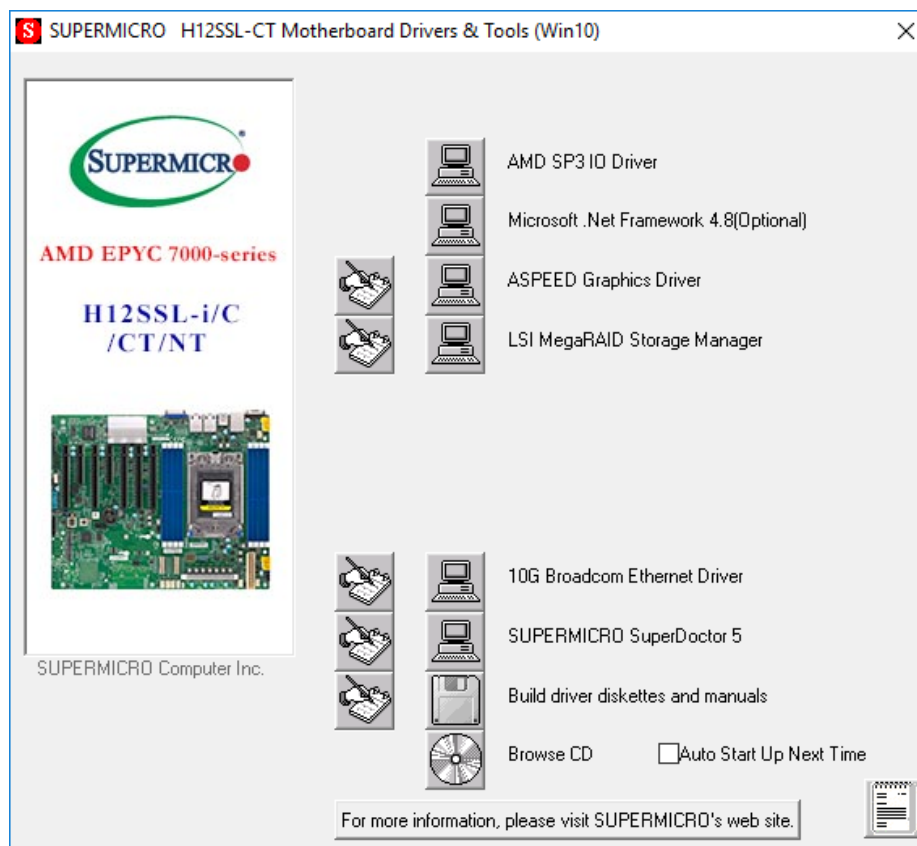


Figure 4-3. Driver & Tool Installation Screen

Note: Click the icons showing a hand writing on paper to view the readme files for each item. Click the computer icons to the right of these items (from top to the bottom) one at a time. **After installing each item, you must re-boot the system before moving on to the next item on the list.** The bottom icon with a CD on it allows you to view the entire contents.

4.3 SuperDoctor® 5

The Supermicro SuperDoctor 5 is a program that functions in a command-line or web-based interface for Windows and Linux operating systems. The program monitors such system health information as CPU temperature, system voltages, system power consumption, fan speed, and provides alerts via email or Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP).

SuperDoctor 5 comes in local and remote management versions and can be used with Nagios to maximize your system monitoring needs. With SuperDoctor 5 Management Server (SSM Server), you can remotely control power on/off and reset chassis intrusion for multiple systems with SuperDoctor 5 or IPMI. SuperDoctor 5 Management Server monitors HTTP, FTP, and SMTP services to optimize the efficiency of your operation.

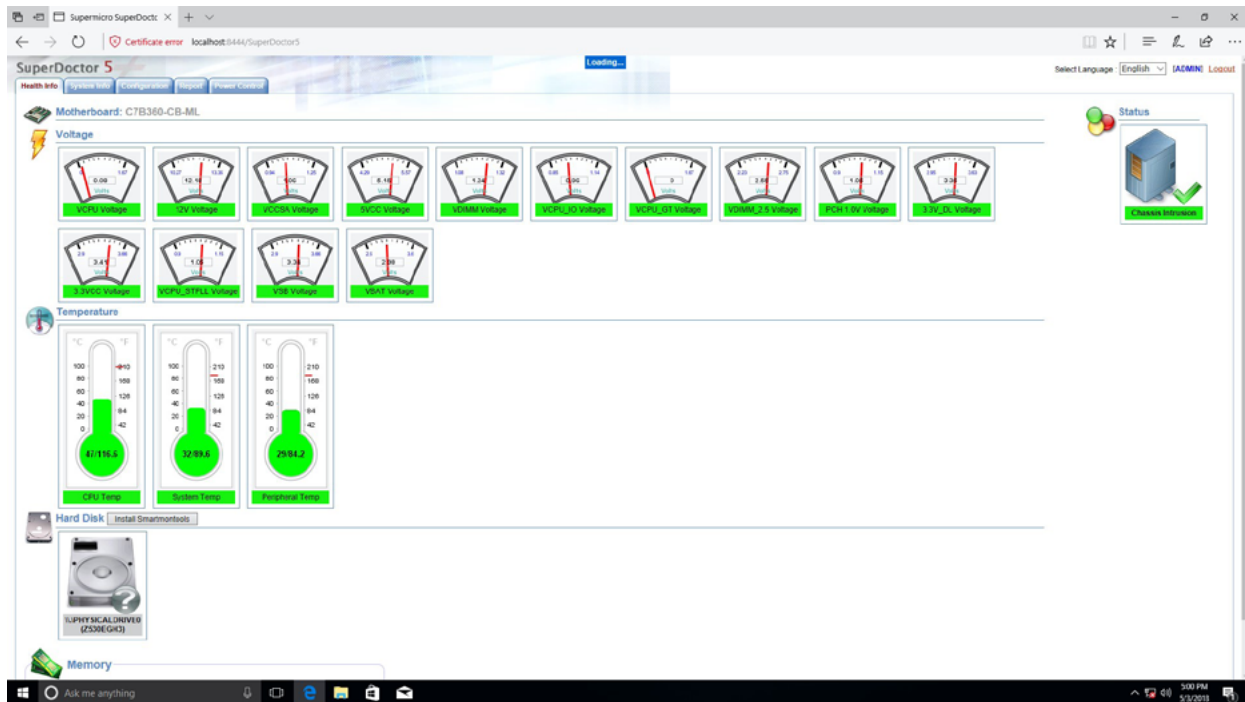


Figure 4-4. SuperDoctor 5 Interface Display Screen (Health Information)

4.4 BMC

The motherboard provides remote access, monitoring and management through the baseboard management controller (BMC) and other management controllers distributed among different system modules. There are several BIOS settings that are related to BMC. For general documentation and information on BMC, visit our website at:

www.supermicro.com/en/solutions/management-software/bmc-resources

BMC ADMIN User Password

For security, each system is assigned a unique default BMC password for the ADMIN user. This can be found on a sticker on the chassis and a sticker on the motherboard. The sticker also displays the BMC MAC address.



Figure 4-5. BMC Password Label

Chapter 5

UEFI BIOS

5.1 Introduction

This chapter describes the AMIBIOS™ Setup utility for H12SSL-i motherboards that are equipped with the Single AMD EPYC™ 7002/7003 Series Processor. The BIOS is stored on a chip and can be easily upgraded using a flash program.

Note: Due to periodic changes to the BIOS, some settings may have been added or deleted and might not yet be recorded in this manual. Please refer to the Manual Download area of our website for any changes to BIOS that may not be reflected in this manual.

Starting the Setup Utility

To enter the BIOS Setup Utility, hit the <Delete> key while the system is booting-up. (In most cases, the <Delete> key is used to invoke the BIOS setup screen. There are a few cases when other keys are used, such as <F1>, <F2>, etc.) Each main BIOS menu option is described in this manual.

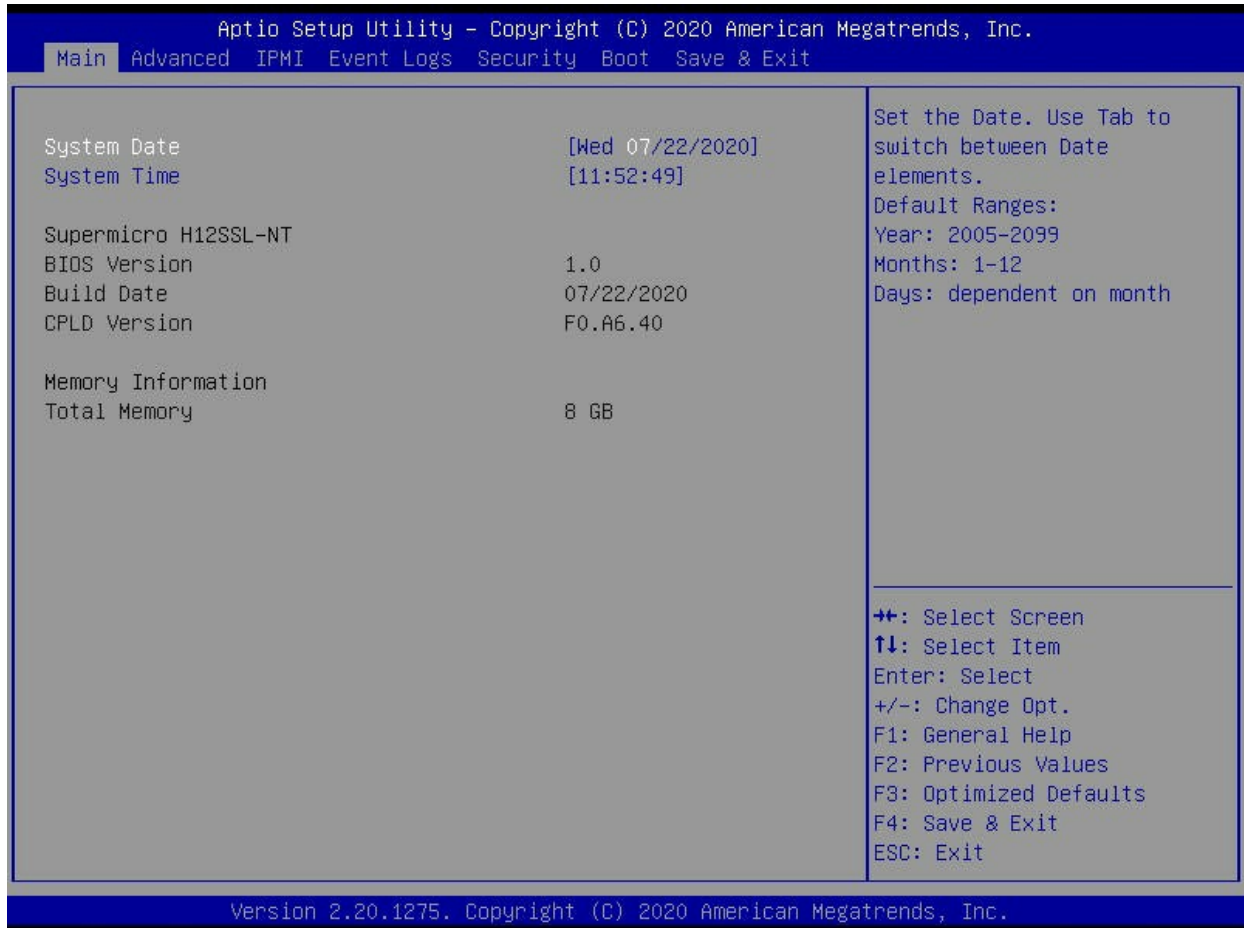
The Main BIOS screen has two main frames. The left frame displays all the options that can be configured. "Grayed-out" options cannot be configured. The right frame displays the key legend. Above the key legend is an area reserved for a text message. When an option is selected in the left frame, it is highlighted in white. Often a text message will accompany it. (Note that BIOS has default text messages built in. We retain the option to include, omit, or change any of these text messages.) Settings printed in **Bold** are the default values.

A " ►" indicates a submenu. Highlighting such an item and pressing the <Enter> key will open the list of settings within that submenu.

The BIOS setup utility uses a key-based navigation system called hot keys. Most of these hot keys (<F1>, <F2>, <F3>, <Enter>, <ESC>, <Arrow> keys, etc.) can be used at any time during the setup navigation process.

5.2 Main Setup

When you first enter the AMI BIOS setup utility, you will enter the Main setup screen. You can always return to the Main setup screen by selecting the Main tab on the top of the screen. The Main BIOS setup screen is shown below. The following Main menu items will be displayed:



System Date/System Time

Use this option to change the system date and time. Highlight *System Date* or *System Time* using the arrow keys. Enter new values using the keyboard. Press the <Tab> key or the arrow keys to move between fields. The date must be entered in MM/DD/YYYY format. The time is entered in HH:MM:SS format.

Note: The time is in the 24-hour format. For example, 5:30 P.M. appears as 17:30:00. The date's default value is 01/01/2015 after RTC reset.

Supermicro H12SSL-i/C/CT/NT

BIOS Version

This item displays the version of the BIOS ROM used in the system.

Build Date

This item displays the date when the version of the BIOS ROM used in the system was built.

CPLD Version

This item displays the CPLD version of the BIOS ROM used in the system.

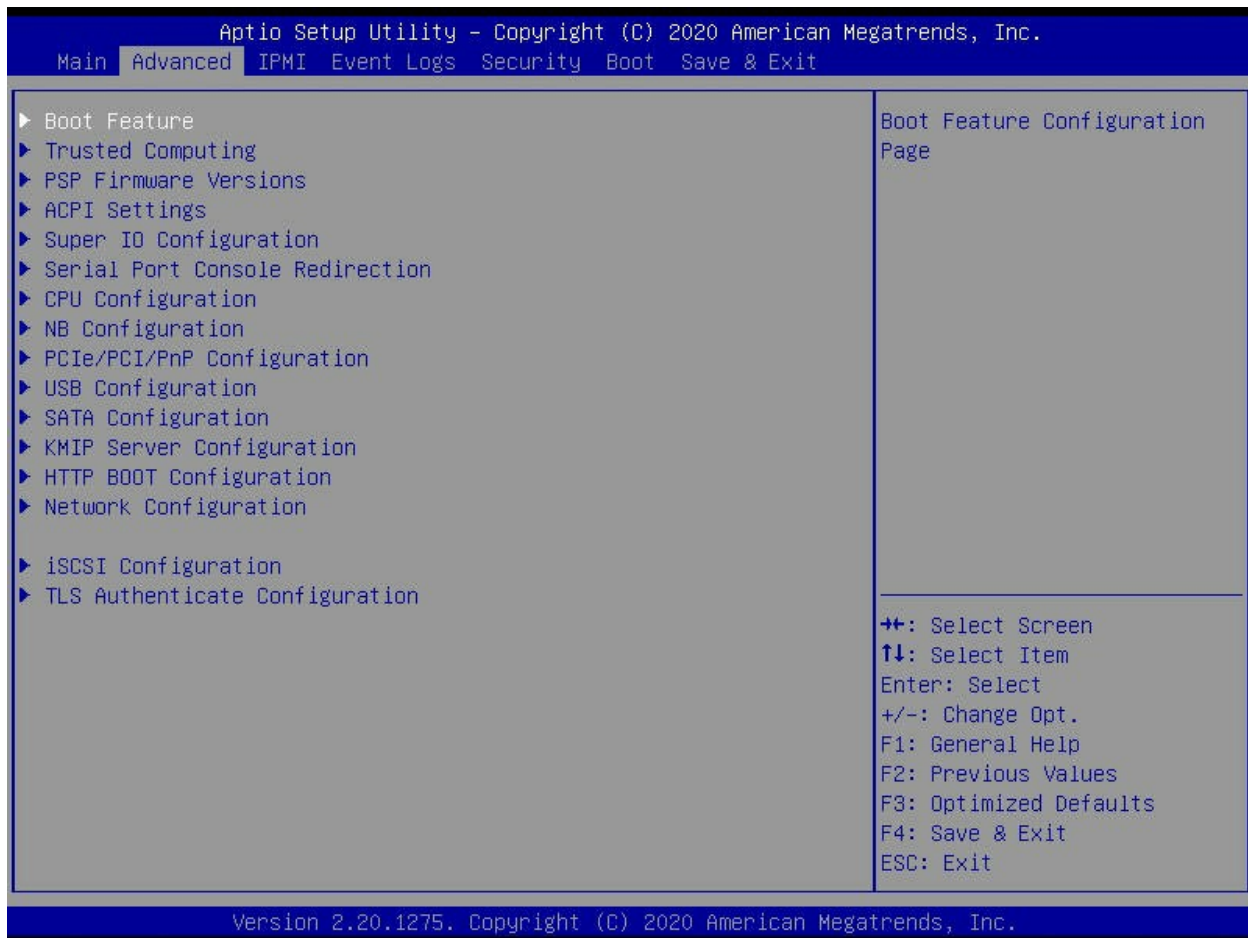
Memory Information

Total Memory

This feature displays the total system memory detected.

5.3 Advanced

Use the arrow keys to select a top item and press <Enter> to access the submenu items.



Warning: Take caution when changing the Advanced settings. An incorrect value, a very high DRAM frequency, or an incorrect DRAM timing setting may make the system unstable. When this occurs, revert to the default to the manufacture default settings.

▶ Boot Feature

Quiet Boot

Use this feature to select the screen display between the POST messages and the OEM logo upon bootup. Select Disabled to display the POST messages. Select Enabled to display the OEM logo instead of the normal POST messages. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Option ROM Messages

Use this feature to set the display mode for the Option ROM. Select Keep Current to display the current AddOn ROM setting. Select Force BIOS to use the Option ROM display set by the system BIOS. The options are **Force BIOS** and Keep Current.

Bootup NumLock State

Use this feature to set the Power on state for the <Numlock> key. The options are **On** and Off.

Wait For "F1" If Error

Use this feature to force the system to wait until the 'F1' key is pressed if an error occurs. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

INT19 (Interrupt 19) Trap Response

Interrupt 19 is the software interrupt that handles the boot disk function. When this item is set to Immediate, the ROM BIOS of the host adaptors will "capture" Interrupt 19 at bootup immediately and allow the drives that are attached to these host adaptors to function as bootable disks. If this item is set to Postponed, the ROM BIOS of the host adaptors will not capture Interrupt 19 immediately and allow the drives attached to these adaptors to function as bootable devices at bootup. The options are **Immediate** and Postponed.

Re-try Boot

If this item is enabled, the BIOS will automatically reboot the system from a specified boot device after its initial boot failure. The options are **Disabled**, Legacy Boot, and EFI Boot.

Power Configuration

Watch Dog Function

If enabled, the Watch Dog Timer will allow the system to reset or generate NMI based on jumper settings when it is expired for more than 5 minutes. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Restore on AC Power Loss

Use this feature to set the power state after a power outage. Select Stay-Off for the system power to remain off after a power loss. Select Power-On for the system power to be turned on after a power loss. Select Last State to allow the system to resume its last power state before a power loss. The options are Stay Off, Power On, and **Last State**.

Power Button Function

This feature controls how the system shuts down when the power button is pressed. Select 4 Seconds Override for the user to power off the system after pressing and holding the power button for 4 seconds or longer. Select Instant Off to instantly power off the system as soon as the user presses the power button. The options are **Instant Off** and 4 Seconds Override.

► Trusted Computing

Security Device Support

If this feature and the TPM jumper on the motherboard are both set to Enabled, onboard security devices will be enabled for TPM (Trusted Platform Module) support to enhance data integrity and network security. Please reboot the system for a change on this setting to take effect. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

► PSP Firmware Versions

This section displays the Platform Security Processor (PSP) firmware versions.

PSP Directory Level 1 (Fixed)

- PSP Recovery BL Ver
- SMU FW Version
- ABL Version

PSP Directory Level 2 (Updateable)

- PSP Bootloader Version
- SMU FW Version
- ABL Version

► ACPI Settings

PCI AER Support

The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

High Precision Event Timer

The High Precision Event Timer (HPET) can produce periodic interrupts and is used to synchronize multimedia streams, providing smooth playback and reducing the need to use other timestamp calculations. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

NUMA Nodes Per Socket

This feature specifies the number of desired Non-Uniform Memory Access (NUMA) nodes per socket. Setting this to zero will attempt to interleave the two sockets together. The options are NPS0, NPS1, NPS2, NPS4 and **Auto**.

ACPI SRAT L3 Cache As NUMA Domain

Use this setting to enable/disable ACPI SRAT L3 Cache As NUMA Domain. The options are Disabled, Enabled, and **Auto**.

► Super IO Configuration

The following Super IO information will display:

- Super IO Chip AST2500

► Serial Port 1 Configuration

Serial Port

Select Enabled to enable the selected onboard serial port. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Device Settings

This item displays the status of a serial part specified by the user.

Change Settings

This feature specifies the base I/O port address and the Interrupt Request address of a serial port specified by the user. Select Auto to allow the BIOS to automatically assign the base I/O and IRQ address. The options are **Auto**, (IO=3F8h; IRQ=4;); (IO=3F8h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12;); (IO=2F8h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12;); (IO=3E8h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12;); and (IO=2E8h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12;).

► SOL Configuration

Serial Port

Select Enabled to enable the selected onboard serial port. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Change Settings

This feature specifies the base I/O port address and the Interrupt Request address of a serial port specified by the user. Select Auto to allow the BIOS to automatically assign the base I/O and IRQ address. The options are **Auto**, (IO=2F8h; IRQ=3;); (IO=3F8h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12;); (IO=2F8h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12;); (IO=3E8h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12;); and (IO=2E8h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12;).

► Serial Port Console Redirection

COM1

Console Redirection

Select Enabled to enable console redirection support for a serial port specified by the user. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

**If the item above set to Enabled, the following items will become available for user's configuration:*

► Console Redirection Settings

Terminal Type

This feature allows the user to select the target terminal emulation type for Console Redirection. Select VT100 to use the ASCII Character set. Select VT100+ to add color and function key support. Select ANSI to use the Extended ASCII Character Set. Select VT-UTF8 to use UTF8 encoding to map Unicode characters into one or more bytes. The options are VT100, **VT100+**, VT-UTF8, and ANSI.

Bits per second

Use this feature to set the transmission speed for a serial port used in Console Redirection. Make sure that the same speed is used in the host computer and the client computer. A lower transmission speed may be required for long and busy lines. The options are 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600 and **115200** (bits per second).

Data Bits

Use this feature to set the data transmission size for Console Redirection. The options are 7 and **8**.

Parity

A parity bit can be sent along with regular data bits to detect data transmission errors. Select Even if the parity bit is set to 0, and the number of 1's in data bits is even. Select Odd if the parity bit is set to 0, and the number of 1's in data bits is odd. Select None if you do not want to send a parity bit with your data bits in transmission. Select Mark to add a mark as a parity bit to be sent along with the data bits. Select Space to add a Space as a parity bit to be sent with your data bits. The options are **None**, Even, Odd, Mark, and Space.

Stop Bits

A stop bit indicates the end of a serial data packet. Select 1 Stop Bit for standard serial data communication. Select 2 Stop Bits if slower devices are used. The options are **1** and 2.

Flow Control

Use this feature to set the flow control for Console Redirection to prevent data loss caused by buffer overflow. Send a "Stop" signal to stop sending data when the receiving buffer is full. Send a "Start" signal to start sending data when the receiving buffer is empty. The options are **None** and Hardware RTS/CTS.

VT-UTF8 Combo Key Support

Select Enabled to enable VT-UTF8 Combination Key support for ANSI/VT100 terminals. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Recorder Mode

Select Enabled to capture the data displayed on a terminal and send it as text messages to a remote server. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Resolution 100x31

Select Enabled for extended-terminal resolution support. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Legacy OS Console Redirection

Use this feature to select the number of rows and columns used in Console Redirection for legacy OS support. The options are 80x24 and **80x25**.

Putty KeyPad

This feature selects the settings for Function Keys and KeyPad used for Putty, which is a terminal emulator designed for the Windows OS. The options are VT100, LINUX, XTERMR6, SC0, ESCN, and VT400.

Redirection After BIOS POST

Use this feature to enable or disable legacy console redirection after BIOS POST. When set to Bootloader, legacy console redirection is disabled before booting the OS. When set to Always Enable, legacy console redirection remains enabled when booting the OS. The options are **Always Enable** and BootLoader.

SOL

Console Redirection

Select Enabled to enable SOL console redirection support for a serial port specified by the user. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

**If the item above set to Enabled, the following items will become available for user's configuration:*

► Console Redirection Settings

Terminal Type

This feature allows the user to select the target terminal emulation type for Console Redirection. Select VT100 to use the ASCII Character set. Select VT100+ to add color and function key support. Select ANSI to use the Extended ASCII Character Set. Select VT-UTF8 to use UTF8 encoding to map Unicode characters into one or more bytes. The options are VT100, **VT100+**, VT-UTF8, and ANSI.

Bits per second

Use this feature to set the transmission speed for a serial port used in Console Redirection. Make sure that the same speed is used in the host computer and the client computer. A lower transmission speed may be required for long and busy lines. The options are 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600 and **115200** (bits per second).

Data Bits

Use this feature to set the data transmission size for Console Redirection. The options are 7 and **8**.

Parity

A parity bit can be sent along with regular data bits to detect data transmission errors. Select Even if the parity bit is set to 0, and the number of 1's in data bits is even. Select Odd if the parity bit is set to 0, and the number of 1's in data bits is odd. Select None if you do not want to send a parity bit with your data bits in transmission. Select Mark to add a mark as a parity bit to be sent along with the data bits. Select Space to add a Space as a parity bit to be sent with your data bits. The options are **None**, Even, Odd, Mark, and Space.

Stop Bits

A stop bit indicates the end of a serial data packet. Select 1 Stop Bit for standard serial data communication. Select 2 Stop Bits if slower devices are used. The options are **1** and 2.

Flow Control

Use this feature to set the flow control for Console Redirection to prevent data loss caused by buffer overflow. Send a "Stop" signal to stop sending data when the receiving buffer is full. Send a "Start" signal to start sending data when the receiving buffer is empty. The options are **None** and Hardware RTS/CTS.

VT-UTF8 Combo Key Support

Select Enabled to enable VT-UTF8 Combination Key support for ANSI/VT100 terminals. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Recorder Mode

Select Enabled to capture the data displayed on a terminal and send it as text messages to a remote server. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Resolution 100x31

Select Enabled for extended-terminal resolution support. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Legacy Console Redirection

Use this feature to select the number of rows and columns used in Console Redirection for legacy OS support. The options are 80x24 and **80x25**.

Putty KeyPad

This feature selects the settings for Function Keys and KeyPad used for Putty, which is a terminal emulator designed for the Windows OS. The options are VT100, LINUX, XTERMR6, SC0, ESCN, and VT400.

Redirection After BIOS POST

Use this feature to enable or disable legacy Console Redirection after BIOS POST. When set to Bootloader, legacy Console Redirection is disabled before booting the OS. When set to Always Enable, legacy Console Redirection remains enabled when booting the OS. The options are **Always Enable** and BootLoader.

Legacy Console Redirection

Legacy Serial Redirection Port

For this setting, select a COM port to display redirection of Legacy OS and Legacy OPRM messages. The options include COM1 and SOL.

Serial Port for Out-of-Band Management / Windows Emergency Management Services (EMS)

Console Redirection

Select Enabled to enable EMS console redirection support for a serial port specified by the user. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

****If the item above set to Enabled, the following items will become available for user's configuration:***

► Console Redirection Settings

Out-of-Band Mgmt Port

The feature selects a serial port in a client server to be used by the Microsoft Windows Emergency Management Services (EMS) to communicate with a remote host server. The options are **COM1** and SOL.

Terminal Type

Use this feature to select the target terminal emulation type for Console Redirection. Select VT100 to use the ASCII character set. Select VT100+ to add color and function key support. Select ANSI to use the extended ASCII character set. Select VT-UTF8 to use UTF8 encoding to map Unicode characters into one or more bytes. The options are VT100, VT100+, **VT-UTF8**, and ANSI.

Bits per second

This item sets the transmission speed for a serial port used in Console Redirection. Make sure that the same speed is used in the host computer and the client computer. A lower transmission speed may be required for long and busy lines. The options are 9600, 19200, 57600, and **115200** (bits per second).

Flow Control

Use this item to set the flow control for Console Redirection to prevent data loss caused by buffer overflow. Send a "Stop" signal to stop sending data when the receiving buffer is full. Send a "Start" signal to start sending data when the receiving buffer is empty. The options are **None**, Hardware RTS/CTS, and Software Xon/Xoff.

Data Bits

Use this feature to set the data transmission size for Console Redirection. The options are 7 Bits and **8 Bits**.

Parity

A parity bit can be sent along with regular data bits to detect data transmission errors. Select Even if the parity bit is set to 0, and the number of 1's in data bits is even. Select Odd if the parity bit is set to 0, and the number of 1's in data bits is odd. Select None if you do not want to send a parity bit with your data bits in transmission. Select Mark to add a mark as a parity bit to be sent along with the data bits. Select Space to add a Space as a parity bit to be sent with your data bits. The options are **None**, Even, Odd, Mark and Space.

Stop Bits

A stop bit indicates the end of a serial data packet. Select 1 Stop Bit for standard serial data communication. Select 2 Stop Bits if slower devices are used. The options are **1** and **2**.

► CPU Configuration

SMT Control

Use this setting to specify Simultaneous Multithreading. The options are Disabled and **Auto**.

Core Performance Boost

This setting is used to configure for Core Performance Boost. Options include Disabled and **Auto**.

Global C-state Control

This setting is used to configure for Global C-state Control. Options include Disabled, Enabled, and **Auto**.

Local APIC Mode

This setting is used for Local APIC Mode. The options include xAPIC, x2APIC, and **Auto**.

CCD Control

This setting sets the number of CCDs to be used. The options include **Auto**, 2 CCDs, 3 CCDs, 4 CCDs, and 6 CCDs.

Core Control

This sets the number of cores to be used by your system. Once this option has been used to remove any cores, a power cycle is required in order for the future selections to take effect. Options include **Auto**, TWO (1+1), Four (2 + 2), Four (4+0), and Six (3 + 3). If unsure, leave this to Auto.

L1 Stream HW Prefetcher / L2 Stream HW Prefetcher

This setting is used to enable or disable the L1/L2 Stream Hardware Prefetcher. The options are Disabled, Enabled, and **Auto**.

SVM Mode

This setting Disables or **Enables** CPU Virtualization.

SMEE

This feature sets the option to enable or disable Secure Memory Encryption. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

► CPU1 Information

These sections are for informational purposes. They will display some details about the detected CPUs on the motherboard, such as:

- CPU Version
- Number of Cores Running
- Processor Family
- Processor Model
- Microcode Patch Level
- L1 Instruction Cache (Size/Method)
- L1 Data Cache (Size/Method)
- L2 Data Cache (Size/Method)
- L3 Cache per Socket (Size/Method)

► NB Configuration

Determinism Control

Use this setting to configure the Determinism Slider. Options include Manual and **Auto**.

cTDP Control

Use this setting to configure the cTDP Control. Options include Manual and **Auto**.

IOMMU

Use this setting to enable/disable IOMMU. Options include Disabled, Enabled, and **Auto**.

ACS Enable

Use this setting to enable/disable ACS. Options include Enabled, Disabled and **Auto**.

Package Power Limit Control

Options include Manual and **Auto**.

APBDIS

Options include 0, 1, and **Auto**.

DF Cstates

Options include Disabled, Enabled and **Auto**.

Preferred IO

Options include Manual and **Auto**.

► Memory Configuration

Memory Clock

This setting allows you to select different memory clock speed. Options include **Auto** and supported frequencies.

Memory Interleaving

This setting controls fabric level memory interleaving. Note that the channel, die and socket have requirements on memory populations and it will be ignored if the memory doesn't support the selected option. The options are Disabled and **Auto**.

Memory Interleaving Size

This setting controls the memory interleaving size. This determines the starting address of the interleave (bit 8, 9, 10 or 11). The options are 256 Bytes, 512 Bytes, 1 KB, 2 KB or **Auto**.

Chipset Interleaving

This setting controls interleave memory blocks across the DRAM chip for node 0. The options are Disabled and **Auto**.

BankGroupSwap

This setting controls the Bank Group Swap. The options are Enabled, Disabled and **Auto**.

DRAM Scrub Time

This provides a value that is the number of hours to scrub memory. The options are Disabled, 1 hour, 4 hours, 8 hours, 16 hours, 24 hours, 48 hours, and **Auto**.

► CPU1 Memory Information

These sections are for informational purposes. They will display some details about the detected memory according to each CPU on the motherboard, such as:

- Detected Size (per slot, in MB)
- Current Speed (MT/s)

► PCIe/PCI/PnP Configuration

This menu provides PCIe/PCI/PnP configuration settings and information.

PCI Bus Driver Version

PCI Devices Common Settings:

Above 4G Decoding

This setting Disables or **Enables** 64-bit capable devices ability to be decoded in above 4G address space (only if the system supports 64-bit PCI decoding).

SR-IOV Support

If the system has SR-IOV capable PCIe devices, this setting will **Disable** or Enable the Single Root IO Virtualization Support for the system.

BME DMA Mitigation

Use this setting to re-enable the Bus Master Attribute that was disabled during PCI enumeration for PCI bridges after SMM is locked. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

PCIe ARI Support

The options are Disabled, Enabled, and **Auto**.

PCIe Spread Spectrum

Use this setting to **Disable** or Enable PCIe Spread Spectrum for your system.

VGA Priority

Use this setting to select between onboard or offboard VGA support. The options are **Onboard** and Offboard.

NVMe Firmware Source

Use this setting to select between the AMI Native firmware support or the device vendor-defined firmware support. The options are **Vendor Defined Firmware** and AMI Native Support.

M.2 (AHCI) Firmware Source

Use this setting to select between the AMI Native firmware support or the device vendor-defined firmware support. The options are **Vendor Defined Firmware** and AMI Native Support.

CPU SLOT1 PCI-E 4.0 X16 OPROM

This setting enables or disables the listed PCI/PCIX/PCIe Slot OPROM option. The options include Disabled, **Legacy** and EFI.

CPU SLOT2 PCI-E 4.0 X8 OPROM

This setting enables or disables the listed PCI/PCIX/PCIe Slot OPROM option. The options include Disabled, **Legacy** and EFI.

CPU SLOT 3 PCI-E 4.0 X16 OPROM

This setting enables or disables the listed PCI/PCIX/PCIe Slot OPROM option. The options include Disabled, **Legacy** and EFI.

CPU SLOT 4 PCI-E 4.0 X8 OPROM

This setting enables or disables the listed PCI/PCIX/PCIe Slot OPROM option. The options include Disabled, **Legacy** and EFI.

CPU SLOT 5 PCI-E 4.0 X16 OPROM

This setting enables or disables the listed PCI/PCIX/PCIe Slot OPROM option. The options include Disabled, **Legacy** and EFI.

CPU SLOT 6 PCI-E 4.0 X16 OPROM

This setting enables or disables the listed PCI/PCIX/PCIe Slot OPROM option. The options include Disabled, **Legacy** and EFI.

CPU SLOT 7 PCI-E 4.0 X16 OPROM

This setting enables or disables the listed PCI/PCIX/PCIe Slot OPROM option. The options are Disabled, **Legacy** and EFI.

PCI-E M.2-M1 OPROM

This setting enables or disables the listed PCIe M.2-M1 option. The options are Disabled, **Legacy** and EFI.

PCI-E M.2-M2 OPROM

This setting enables or disables the listed PCIe M.2-M2 option. The options are Disabled, **Legacy** and EFI.

Onboard LAN1 Option ROM

Use this setting to select which option ROM is to be loaded for onboard LAN1 on the system. The options include Disabled, Legacy and **EFI**.

Onboard LAN2 Option ROM

Use this setting to select which firmware function is to be loaded for onboard LAN2 on the system. The options include **Disabled** and PXE.

Onboard Video Option ROM

Select Legacy to boot the system using a legacy video device installed on the motherboard. The options include Disabled, **Legacy** and EFI.

CPU SLOT1 PCI-E 4.0 X16 Bifurcation

This setting selects the bifurcation configuration for this particular PCIe slot. The options include **Auto**, x16, x8x8, x4x4x8, and x4x4x4x4.

CPU SLOT2 PCI-E 4.0 X8 Bifurcation

This setting selects the bifurcation configuration for this particular PCIe slot. The options include **Auto**, and x4x4.

CPU SLOT3 PCI-E 4.0 X16 Bifurcation

This setting selects the bifurcation configuration for this particular PCIe slot. The options include **Auto**, x16, x8x8, x4x4x8, and x4x4x4x4.

CPU SLOT4 PCI-E 4.0 X8 Bifurcation

This setting selects the bifurcation configuration for this particular PCIe slot. The options include **Auto**, and x4x4.

CPU SLOT5 PCI-E 4.0 X16 Bifurcation

This setting selects the bifurcation configuration for this particular PCIe slot. The options include **Auto**, x16, x8x8, x4x4x8, and x4x4x4x4.

CPU SLOT6 PCI-E 4.0 X16 Bifurcation

This setting selects the bifurcation configuration for this particular PCIe slot. The options include **Auto**, x16, x8x8, x4x4x8, and x4x4x4x4.

CPU SLOT7 PCI-E 4.0 X16 Bifurcation

This setting selects the bifurcation configuration for this particular PCIe slot. The options include **Auto**, x16, x8x8, x4x4x8, and x4x4x4x4.

JNVMe0/SATA 0-7

This setting selects NVMe or SATA engine for the hybrid port. When Auto is selected, JCFG1/2 jumper determines the behavior for JNVMe0/1. The options are **Auto**, NVME, and SATA.

JNVMe1/SATA 8-15

This setting selects NVMe or SATA engine for the hybrid port. When Auto is selected, JCFG1/2 jumper determines the behavior for JNVMe0/1. The options are **Auto**, NVME, and SATA.

► Network Stack Configuration**Network Stack**

This setting allows you to Disable or **Enable** the UEFI Network Stack.

IPv4 PXE Support

This setting allows you to Disable or **Enable** IPv4 PXE boot support. If disabled, IPv4 PXE boot support will not be available.

IPv4 HTTP Support

This setting allows you to **Disable** or Enable IPv4 HTTP boot support. If disabled, IPv4 HTTP boot support will not be available.

IPv6 PXE Support

This setting allows you to Disable or **Enable** IPv6 PXE boot support. If disabled, IPv6 PXE boot support will not be available.

IPv6 HTTP Support

This setting allows you to **Disable** or Enable IPv6 HTTP boot support. If disabled, IPv6 HTTP boot support will not be available.

PXE Boot Wait Time

This setting allows you to set in a number field the wait time to press the ESC key to abort the PXE boot. The default value is **0**.

Media Detect Count

This setting allows you set in a number field the number of times presence of media will be checked. The default value is **1**.

►USB Configuration

Legacy USB Support

Select Enabled to support onboard legacy USB devices. Select Auto to disable legacy support if there are no legacy USB devices present. Select Disable to have all USB devices available for EFI applications only. The options are **Enabled**, Disabled and Auto.

XHCI Hand-Off

This is a work-around solution for operating systems that do not support XHCI (Extensible Host Controller Interface) hand-off. The XHCI ownership change should be claimed by the XHCI driver. The options are **Enabled**, and Disabled.

Port 60/64 Emulation

Select Enabled for I/O port 60h/64h emulation support, which in turn, will provide complete legacy USB keyboard support for the operating systems that do not support legacy USB devices. The options are **Enabled**, and Disabled.

►SATA Configuration

This section displays the detected SATA devices installed on the system.

SATA Information

SATA Enable

This item enables or disables the onboard SATA controller supported by the chipset. The options are Disabled, Enabled, and **Auto**.

SATA Hotplug

This item enables or disables the onboard SATA controller's hot plug feature (PCH). The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

►SATA Information

This section displays information on the detected SATA devices:

- I-SATA0~7
- SATA0~15

►KMIP Server Configuration

This feature allows the user to adjust KMIP Server network parameters.

KMIP Server IP address

KMIP TCP Port number

TimeZone

Client UserName

Client Password

KMS TLS Certificate

►CA Certificate

►Client Certificate

►Client Private Key

The options are **Update**, **Delete** and **Export**.

►HTTP Boot Configuration

HTTP Boot One Time

When the HTTP boot option is created, this option when enabled, will allow the system to boot via HTTP the first time and revert to the default boot after. The options are **Disabled** and **Enabled**.

Input Description

This option is an input field that, when the HTTP boot option is created, can be used to enter text to describe or identify the HTTP connection.

Boot URI

This option is an input field used to enter a web or network address to point to the HTTP boot files. This supports the HTTP or HTTPS protocols only.

► Network Configuration

Configured

Select Enabled to activate IPv4 network configuration. The options are Enabled and **Disabled**.

****If the item above is set to Enabled, the following item will become available for configuration:***

Enable DHCP

This feature allows the user to select the source of the IP address for this computer. If Disabled is selected, you will need to know the local IP address of this computer and enter it to the system manually in the field. If Enabled is selected, the system will search for a DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) server in the network that it is attached to and request the next available IP address for this computer. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled.

****If the item above is set to Disabled, the following items will become available for configuration:***

Local IP Address

This item sets and displays the Local IP address for this computer. This should be in decimal and in dotted quad form.

Local Net Mask

This item sets the sub-network that this computer belongs to. The value of each three-digit number separated by dots should not exceed 255.

Local Gateway

This item sets the Gateway IP address for this computer. This should be in decimal and in dotted quad form (i.e., 172.31.0.1).

Local DNS Servrs

This item sets the address for the local DNS servers for this computer. This should be in decimal and in dotted quad form (i.e., 172.31.0.1).

Save Changes and Exit

Click this to save the changes above.

► iSCSI Configuration

iSCSI Initiator Name

This feature allows the user to enter the unique name of the iSCSI Initiator in IQN format. Once the name of the iSCSI Initiator is entered into the system, configure the proper settings for the following items.

- ▶ **Add an Attempt**
- ▶ **Delete Attempts**
- ▶ **Change Attempt Order**

▶ **TLS Authenticate Configuration**

This submenu allows the user to configure Transport Layer Security (TLS) settings.

▶ **Server CA Configuration**

▶ **Enroll Certification**

▶ **Enroll Certification using File**

Use this feature to enroll certification from a file.

Certification GUID

Use this feature to input the certification GUID.

▶ **Commit Changes and Exit**

Use this feature to save all changes and exit TLS settings.

▶ **Discard Changes and Exit**

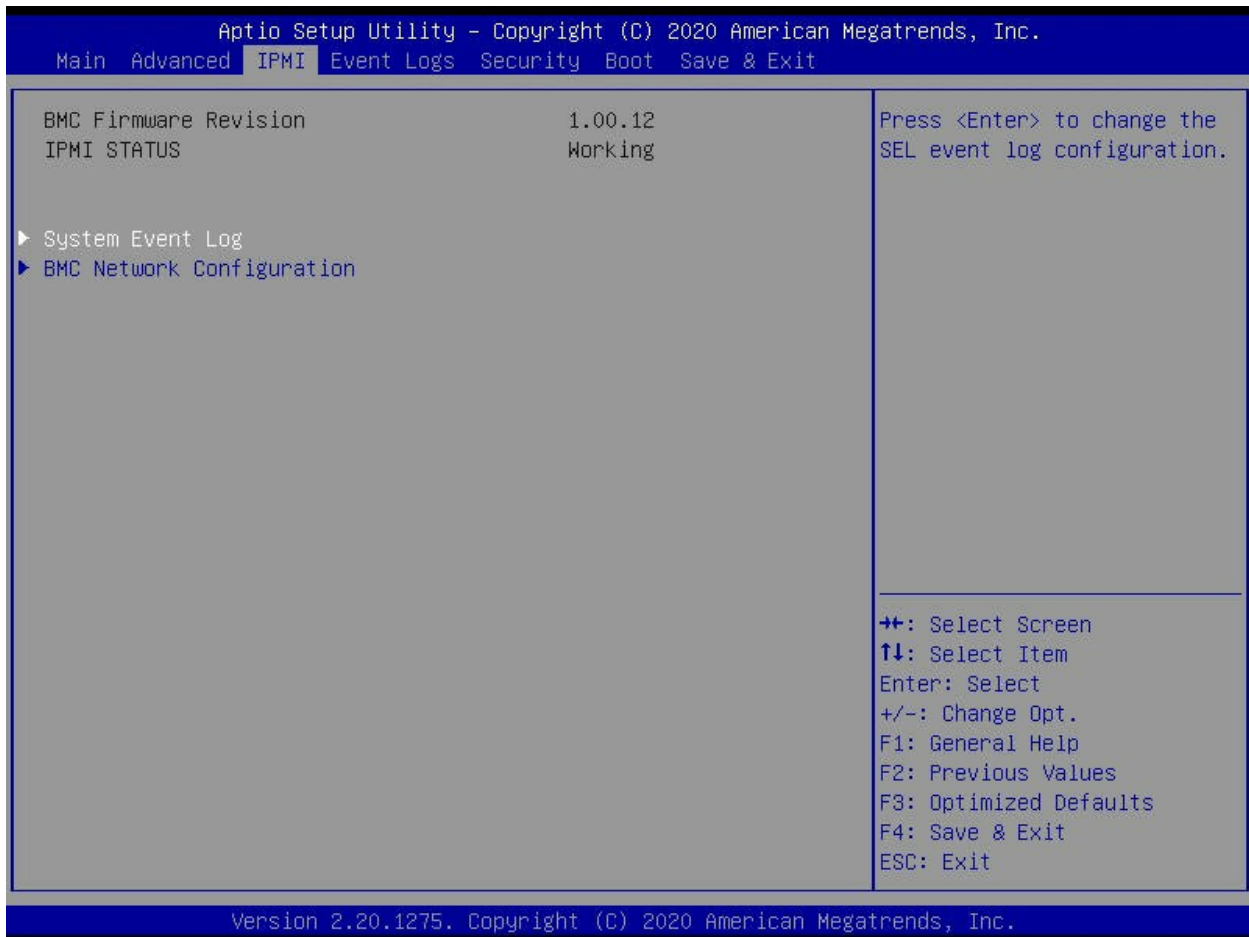
Use this feature to discard all changes and exit TLS settings.

▶ **Delete Certification**

Use this feature to delete certification. The options include **Disabled** and **Enabled**.

5.4 IPMI

This tab allows you to configure the following IPMI settings for the system.



Use this feature to configure Intelligent Platform Management Interface (IPMI) settings.

BMC Firmware Revision

This item indicates the IPMI firmware revision used in your system.

IPMI STATUS

This item indicates the status of the IPMI firmware installed in your system.

► System Event Log

Enabling/Disabling Options

SEL Components

Select Enabled for all system event logging at bootup. The options are Disabled and Enabled.

Erasing Settings

Erase SEL

Select Yes, On next reset to erase all system event logs upon next system reboot. Select Yes, On every reset to erase all system event logs upon each system reboot. Select No to keep all system event logs after each system reboot. The options are **No**, Yes, On next reset, and Yes, On every reset.

When SEL is Full

This feature allows the user to decide what the BIOS should do when the system event log is full. Select Erase Immediately to erase all events in the log when the system event log is full. The options are **Do Nothing** and Erase Immediately.

Note: After making changes on a setting, be sure to reboot the system for the changes to take effect.

► BMC Network Configuration

BMC Network Configuration

Update IPMI LAN Configuration

Select Yes to enable BMC Network Configuration.

IPMI LAN Selection

This item displays the IPMI LAN setting. The default setting is **Failover**.

IPMI Network Link Status

This item displays the IPMI Network Link status. The default setting is **Shared LAN**.

Update IPMI LAN Configuration

Select Yes for the BIOS to implement all IP/MAC address changes at the next system boot. The options are **No** and Yes.

****If the item above is set to Yes, the following item will become available for configuration:***

Configuration Address Source

This feature allows the user to select the source of the IP address for this computer. If Static is selected, you will need to know the IP address of this computer and enter it to the system manually in the field. If DHCP is selected, the BIOS will search for a DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) server in the network that is attached to and request the next available IP address for this computer. The options are Static and **DHCP**.

****If the item above is set to Static, the following items will become available for configuration:***

Station IP Address

This item displays the Station IP address for this computer. This should be in decimal and in dotted quad form.

Subnet Mask

This item displays the sub-network that this computer belongs to. The value of each three-digit number separated by dots should not exceed 255.

Station MAC Address

This item displays the Station MAC address for this computer. Mac addresses are 6 two-digit hexadecimal numbers.

Gateway IP Address

This item displays the Gateway IP address for this computer. This should be in decimal and in dotted quad form (i.e., 172.31.0.1).

VLAN

This item displays the virtual LAN settings. The options are Disable and Enable.

Configure IPv6 Support

This section displays configuration features for IPv6 support.

IPv6 Support

Use this feature to enable IPV6 support. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled.

****If the item above is set to Enabled, the following items will become available for configuration:***

Configuration Address Source

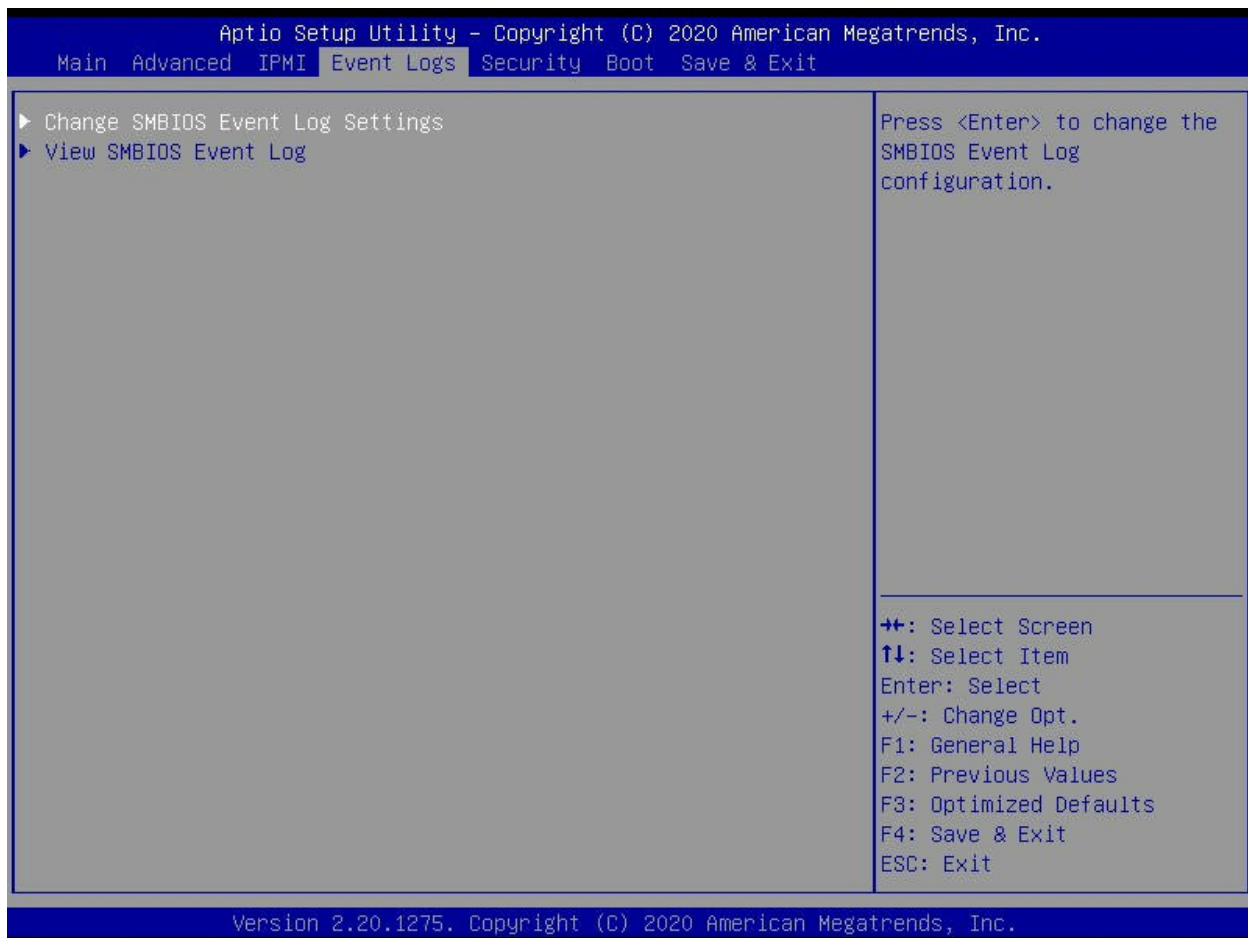
This feature allows the user to select the source of the IP address for this computer. If Static is selected, you will need to know the IP address of this computer and enter it to the system manually in the field. If DHCP is selected, the BIOS will search for a DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) server in the network that is attached to and request the next available IP address for this computer. The options are **DHCP** and Static.

****If the item "Configuration Address Source" above is set to Static, the following items will become available for configuration:***

- Station IPv6 Address
- Prefix Length
- IPv6 Router1 IP Address

5.5 Event Logs

This tab allows the user to configure the following event logs settings for the system.



Enabling/Disabling Options

SMBIOS Event Log

Select Enabled to enable SMBIOS (System Management BIOS) Event Logging during system boot. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Erasing Settings

Erase Event Log

Select Yes to erase all error events in the SMBIOS (System Management BIOS) log before an event logging is initialized at bootup. The options are **No**, Yes, Next reset, and Yes, Every reset.

When Log is Full

Select Erase Immediately to immediately erase all errors in the SMBIOS event log when the event log is full. Select Do Nothing for the system to do nothing when the SMBIOS event log is full. The options are **Do Nothing** and Erase Immediately.

SMBIOS Event Log Standard Settings

Log System Boot Event

Select Enabled to log system boot events. The options are Enabled and **Disabled**.

MECI (Multiple Event Count Increment)

Enter the increment value for the multiple event counter. Enter a number between 1 to 255. The default setting is **1**.

METW (Multiple Event Count Time Window)

This item is used to determine how long (in minutes) the multiple event counter should wait before generating a new event log. Enter a number between 0 to 99. The default setting is **60**.

Note: Please reboot the system for these changes to take effect.

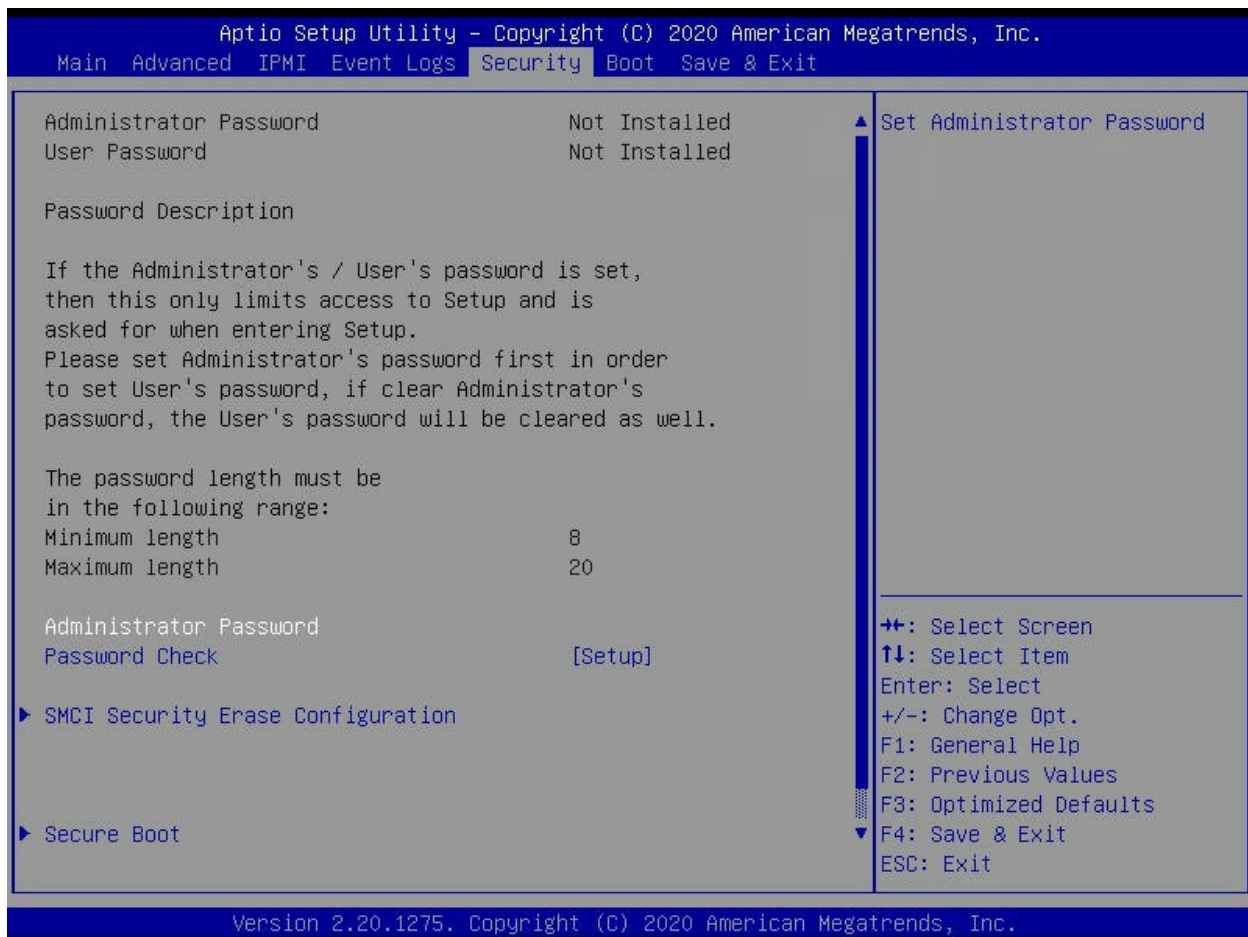
►View SMBIOS Event Log

When Event Logging is on, this item allows the user to view the entries in the SMBIOS event log. The following categories are displayed:

Date/Time/Error Code/Severity

5.6 Security

This tab allows you to configure the following security settings for the system.



Administrator Password

Press Enter to create a new, or change an existing Administrator password. Note that if the Administrator Password is erased, the User Password will be cleared as well.

Password Check

Select Setup for the system to check for a password at Setup. Select Always for the system to check for a password at bootup or upon entering the BIOS Setup utility. The options are **Setup** and **Always**.

▶SMCI Security Erase Configuration

▶Secure Boot

This section contains options and menus for securing your boot mode and for key management.

Secure Boot

This option allows you specify when the Platform Key (PK) is enrolled. When enabled, the System Mode is user deployed, and the CSM function is disabled. Options include **Disabled** and **Enabled**.

Secure Boot Mode

Use this item to select the secure boot mode. The options are **Standard** and **Custom**.

CSM Support

Select **Enabled** to support the EFI Compatibility Support Module (CSM), which provides compatibility support for traditional legacy BIOS for system boot. The options are **Disabled** and **Enabled**.

▶Key Management

This submenu allows the user to configure the following Key Management settings.

Vendor Keys

Provision Factory Defaults

This feature is to provision the default secure boot keys set by the manufacturer when system is in the Setup mode. The options are **Disabled** and **Enabled**.

▶Restore Factory Keys

Select and press **Yes** to restore factory default secure boot keys and key variables. Also, it will reset the system to the User mode. Select **Yes** to install all default secure keys set by the manufacturer. The options are **Yes** and **No**.

▶Reset To Setup Mode

Select and press **Yes** to clear all secure boot variables and reset the system to the Setup mode. This option allows you to delete all Secure Boot key databases from NVRAM. The options are **Yes** and **No**.

▶Export Secure Boot variables

Use this feature to export NVRAM content of secure boot variables to files in a root folder on a file system device.

▶Enroll Efi Image

This feature is to enroll SHA256 hash of the binary into the Authorized Signature Database (DB) and to allow the image to run in the secure boot mode.

Device Guard Ready

▶Remove 'UEFI CA' from DB B (available when the system is not in Device Guard Ready)

Select and press Yes to remove Microsoft UEFI CA certificate from the DB. The options are **Yes** and No.

▶Restore DB defaults

Select and press Yes to restore the DB variables to factory defaults. The options are **Yes** and No.

▶Platform Key (PK)

This feature allows the user to configure the settings of the platform keys.

Set New Key

Select Yes to load the new platform keys (PK) from the manufacturer's defaults. Select No to load the platform keys from a file. The options are **Yes** and No.

Provision Factory Default Keys

Select Enabled to install the default Secure-Boot keys set by the manufacturer. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

▶Key Exchange Keys

Set New Key

Select Yes to load the KEK from the manufacturer's defaults. Select No to load the KEK from a file. The options are Yes and No.

Append Key

Select Yes to add the KEK from the manufacturer's defaults list to the existing KEK. Select No to load the KEK from a file. The options are Yes and No.

▶Authorized Signatures

Set New Key

Select Yes to load the database from the manufacturer's defaults. Select No to load the DB from a file. The options are Yes and No.

Append Key

Select Yes to add the database from the manufacturer's defaults to the existing DB. Select No to load the DB from a file. The options are Yes and No.

▶Forbidden Signatures

Set New Key

Select Yes to load the DBX from the manufacturer's defaults. Select No to load the DBX from a file. The options are Yes and No.

Append Key

Select Yes to add the DBX from the manufacturer's defaults to the existing DBX. Select No to load the DBX from a file. The options are Yes and No.

►Authorized TimeStamps

Set New Key

Select Yes to load the DBT from the manufacturer's defaults. Select No to load the DBT from a file. The options are Yes and No.

Append Key

Select Yes to add the DBT from the manufacturer's defaults list to the existing DBT. Select No to load the DBT from a file. The options are Yes and No.

►OsRecovery Signature

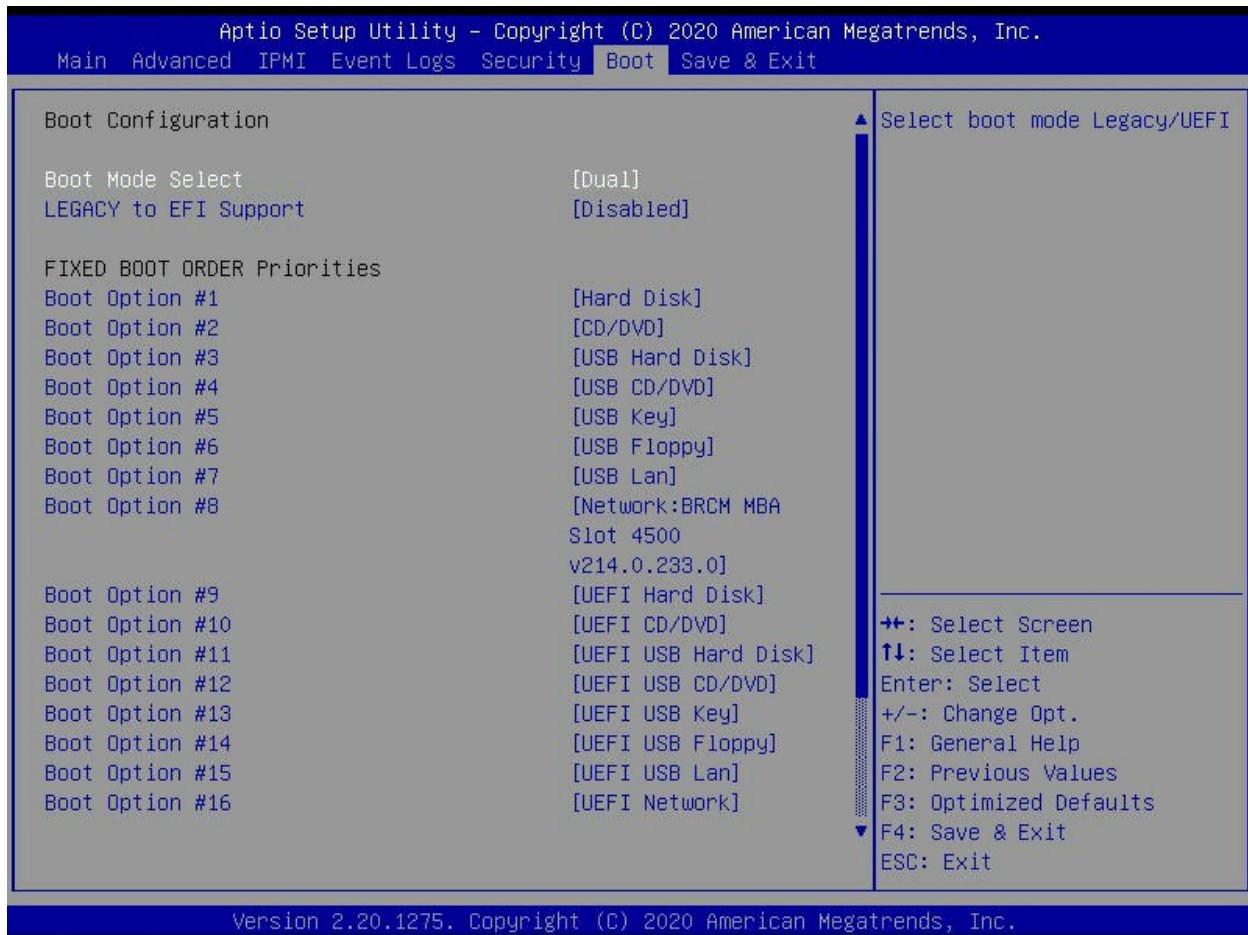
This item uploads and installs an OSRecovery Signature. You may select options for Update for a factory default key, or select Append to get it from a file. The file formats accepted are:

- 1) Public Key Certificate
 - a. EFI Signature List
 - b. EFI CERT X509 (DER Encoded)
 - c. EFI CERT RSA2048 (bin)
 - d. EFI SERT SHA256 (bin)
- 2) EFI Time Based Authenticated Variable

When prompted, select "Yes" to load Factory Defaults or "No" to load from a file.

5.7 Boot

Use this tab to configure Boot Settings:



Boot Mode Select

Use this item to select the type of device that the system is going to boot from. The options are Legacy, UEFI, and **DUAL**. The default setting is DUAL.

LEGACY to EFI Support

This option **Disables** or Enables the system to boot to an EFI OS after the boot failed from the legacy boot order.

FIXED BOOT ORDER Priorities

This option prioritizes the order of bootable devices that the system to boot from. Press <Enter> on each entry from top to bottom to select devices.

▶ **Delete Boot Option**

Use this feature to remove a pre-defined boot device from which the system will boot during startup. The settings are [any pre-defined boot device].

▶ **UEFI Application Boot Priorities**

This feature allows the user to specify which UEFI devices are boot devices.

- UEFI Boot Order #1

▶ **NETWORK Drive BBS Priorities**

This feature allows the user to specify which UEFI network drive devices are boot devices.

5.8 Save & Exit

Select the Save & Exit tab to enter the Save & Exit BIOS Setup screen.

```

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2020 American Megatrends, Inc.
Main Advanced IPMI Event Logs Security Boot Save & Exit
Save Options
Discard Changes and Exit
Save Changes and Reset
Save Changes
Discard Changes

Default Options
Restore Optimized Defaults
Save as User Defaults
Restore User Defaults

Boot Override
BRDM MBA Slot 4500 v214.0.233.0
UEFI: Built-in EFI Shell
Launch EFI Shell from filesystem device

Exit system setup without
saving any changes.

+*: Select Screen
↑↓: Select Item
Enter: Select
+/-: Change Opt.
F1: General Help
F2: Previous Values
F3: Optimized Defaults
F4: Save & Exit
ESC: Exit

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```

Save Options

Discard Changes and Exit

Select this option to quit the BIOS Setup without making any permanent changes to the system configuration, and reboot the computer. Select Discard Changes and Exit from the Exit menu and press <Enter>.

Save Changes and Reset

Select this option to reset the system after saving the changes.

Save Changes

After completing the system configuration changes, select this option to save the changes you have made. This will not reset (reboot) the system.

Discard Changes

Select this option and press <Enter> to discard all the changes and return to the AMI BIOS utility Program.

Default Options

Restore Optimized Defaults

To set this feature, select Restore Optimized Defaults from the Save & Exit menu and press <Enter>. These are factory settings designed for maximum system stability, but not for maximum performance.

Save as User Defaults

To set this feature, select Save as User Defaults from the Exit menu and press <Enter>. This enables the user to save any changes to the BIOS setup for future use.

Restore User Defaults

To set this feature, select Restore User Defaults from the Exit menu and press <Enter>. Use this feature to retrieve user-defined settings that were saved previously.

Boot Override Section

Listed on this section are other boot options for the system (i.e., Built-in EFI shell). Select an option and press <Enter>. Your system will boot to the selected boot option.

Appendix B

Standardized Warning Statements for AC Systems

About Standardized Warning Statements

The following statements are industry standard warnings, provided to warn the user of situations which have the potential for bodily injury. Should you have questions or experience difficulty, contact Supermicro's Technical Support department for assistance. Only certified technicians should attempt to install or configure components.

Read this appendix in its entirety before installing or configuring components in the Supermicro chassis.

These warnings may also be found on our website at http://www.supermicro.com/about/policies/safety_information.cfm.

Warning Definition



Warning! This warning symbol means danger. You are in a situation that could cause bodily injury. Before you work on any equipment, be aware of the hazards involved with electrical circuitry and be familiar with standard practices for preventing accidents.

警告の定義

この警告サインは危険を意味します。

人身事故につながる可能性がありますので、いずれの機器でも動作させる前に、電気回路に含まれる危険性に注意して、標準的な事故防止策に精通して下さい。

此警告符号代表危險。

您正处于可能受到严重伤害的工作环境中。在您使用设备开始工作之前，必须充分意识到触电的危险，并熟练掌握防止事故发生的标准工作程序。请根据每项警告结尾的声明号码找到此设备的安全性警告说明的翻译文本。

此警告符號代表危險。

您正處於可能身體可能會受損傷的工作環境中。在您使用任何設備之前，請注意觸電的危險，並且要熟悉預防事故發生的標準工作程序。請依照每一注意事項後的號碼找到相關的翻譯說明內容。

Warnung

WICHTIGE SICHERHEITSHINWEISE

Dieses Warnsymbol bedeutet Gefahr. Sie befinden sich in einer Situation, die zu Verletzungen führen kann. Machen Sie sich vor der Arbeit mit Geräten mit den Gefahren elektrischer Schaltungen und den üblichen Verfahren zur Vorbeugung vor Unfällen vertraut. Suchen Sie mit der am Ende jeder Warnung angegebenen Anweisungsnummer nach der jeweiligen Übersetzung in den übersetzten Sicherheitshinweisen, die zusammen mit diesem Gerät ausgeliefert wurden.

BEWAHREN SIE DIESE HINWEISE GUT AUF.

INSTRUCCIONES IMPORTANTES DE SEGURIDAD

Este símbolo de aviso indica peligro. Existe riesgo para su integridad física. Antes de manipular cualquier equipo, considere los riesgos de la corriente eléctrica y familiarícese con los procedimientos estándar de prevención de accidentes. Al final de cada advertencia encontrará el número que le ayudará a encontrar el texto traducido en el apartado de traducciones que acompaña a este dispositivo.

GUARDE ESTAS INSTRUCCIONES.

IMPORTANTES INFORMATIONS DE SÉCURITÉ

Ce symbole d'avertissement indique un danger. Vous vous trouvez dans une situation pouvant entraîner des blessures ou des dommages corporels. Avant de travailler sur un équipement, soyez conscient des dangers liés aux circuits électriques et familiarisez-vous avec les procédures couramment utilisées pour éviter les accidents. Pour prendre connaissance des traductions des avertissements figurant dans les consignes de sécurité traduites qui accompagnent cet appareil, référez-vous au numéro de l'instruction situé à la fin de chaque avertissement.

CONSERVEZ CES INFORMATIONS.

תקנון הזהרות אזהרה

הזהרות הבאות הן אזהרות על פי תקני התעשייה, על מנת להזהיר את המשתמש מפני חבלה פיזית אפשרית. במידה ויש שאלות או היתקלות בבעיה כלשהי, יש ליצור קשר עם מחלקת תמיכה טכנית של סופרמיקרו. טכנאים מוסמכים בלבד רשאים להתקין או להגדיר את הרכיבים. יש לקרוא את הנספח במלואו לפני התקנת או הגדרת הרכיבים במארזי סופרמיקרו.

اَكْ ف حالة وُكِي اَي تتسبب ف اصابة جسدهُ هذا الزهز عُ خطر! تحذُرُ .
قبل اَي تعول على اَي هعدات، كي على علن بالوخاطز ال اُجوة عي الذوائر
الكهزبائِة
وكي على دراةُ بالووارسات النقاائِة لو عُ وقع اَي حادث
استخدم رقن الب اِي الو صُص ف هاةُ كل تحذُرُ للعشر تزجوتها

안전을 위한 주의사항

경고!

이 경고 기호는 위험이 있음을 알려 줍니다. 작업자의 신체에 부상을 야기 할 수 있는 상태에 있게 됩니다. 모든 장비에 대한 작업을 수행하기 전에 전기회로와 관련된 위험요소들을 확인하시고 사전에 사고를 방지할 수 있도록 표준 작업절차를 준수해 주시기 바랍니다.

해당 번역문을 찾기 위해 각 경고의 마지막 부분에 제공된 경고문 번호를 참조하십시오

BELANGRIJKE VEILIGHEIDSINSTRUCTIES

Dit waarschuwings symbool betekent gevaar. U verkeert in een situatie die lichamelijk letsel kan veroorzaken. Voordat u aan enige apparatuur gaat werken, dient u zich bewust te zijn van de bij een elektrische installatie betrokken risico's en dient u op de hoogte te zijn van de standaard procedures om ongelukken te voorkomen. Gebruik de nummers aan het eind van elke waarschuwing om deze te herleiden naar de desbetreffende locatie.

BEWAAR DEZE INSTRUCTIES

Installation Instructions



Warning! Read the installation instructions before connecting the system to the power source.

設置手順書

システムを電源に接続する前に、設置手順書をお読み下さい。

警告

将此系统连接电源前,请先阅读安装说明。

警告

將系統與電源連接前，請先閱讀安裝說明。

Warnung

Vor dem Anschließen des Systems an die Stromquelle die Installationsanweisungen lesen.

¡Advertencia!

Lea las instrucciones de instalación antes de conectar el sistema a la red de alimentación.

Attention

Avant de brancher le système sur la source d'alimentation, consulter les directives d'installation.

יש לקרוא את הוראות התקנה לפני חיבור המערכת למקור מתח.

اقر إرشادات التركيب قبل توصيل النظام إلى مصدر للطاقة

시스템을 전원에 연결하기 전에 설치 안내를 읽어주십시오.

Waarschuwing

Raadpleeg de installatie-instructies voordat u het systeem op de voedingsbron aansluit.

Circuit Breaker



Warning! This product relies on the building's installation for short-circuit (overcurrent) protection. Ensure that the protective device is rated not greater than: 250 V, 20 A.

サーキット・ブレーカー

この製品は、短絡(過電流)保護装置がある建物での設置を前提としています。

保護装置の定格が250 V、20 Aを超えないことを確認下さい。

警告

此产品的短路(过载电流)保护由建筑物的供电系统提供,确保短路保护设备的额定电流不大于250V,20A。

警告

此產品的短路(過載電流)保護由建築物的供電系統提供,確保短路保護設備的額定電流不大於250V,20A。

Warnung

Dieses Produkt ist darauf angewiesen, dass im Gebäude ein Kurzschluss- bzw. Überstromschutz installiert ist. Stellen Sie sicher, dass der Nennwert der Schutzvorrichtung nicht mehr als: 250 V, 20 A beträgt.

¡Advertencia!

Este equipo utiliza el sistema de protección contra cortocircuitos (o sobrecorrientes) del edificio. Asegúrese de que el dispositivo de protección no sea superior a: 250 V, 20 A.

Attention

Pour ce qui est de la protection contre les courts-circuits (surtension), ce produit dépend de l'installation électrique du local. Vérifiez que le courant nominal du dispositif de protection n'est pas supérieur à :250 V, 20 A.

מוצר זה מסתמך על הגנה המותקנת במבנים למניעת קצר חשמלי. יש לוודא כי המכשיר המגן מפני הקצר החשמלי הוא לא יותר מ-250VDC, 20A

هذا المنتج يعتمد على معدات الحماية مه الدوائر القصيرة التي تم تثبيتها في المبنى
تأكد من أن تقييم الجهاز الوقائي ليس أكثر من : 20A, 250V

경고!

이 제품은 전원의 단락(과전류)방지에 대해서 전적으로 건물의 관련 설비에 의존합니다. 보호장치의 정격이 반드시 250V(볼트), 20A(암페어)를 초과하지 않도록 해야 합니다.

Waarschuwing

Dit product is afhankelijk van de kortsluitbeveiliging (overspanning) van uw elektrische installatie. Controleer of het beveiligde apparaat niet groter gedimensioneerd is dan 250V, 20A.

Power Disconnection Warning



Warning! The system must be disconnected from all sources of power and the power cord removed from the power supply module(s) before accessing the chassis interior to install or remove system components.



電源切断の警告

システムコンポーネントの取り付けまたは取り外しのために、シャーシ内部にアクセスするには、システムの電源はすべてのソースから切断され、電源コードは電源モジュールから取り外す必要があります。

警告

在你打开机箱并安装或移除内部器件前,必须将系统完全断电,并移除电源线。

警告

在您打開機殼安裝或移除內部元件前，必須將系統完全斷電，並移除電源線。

Warnung

Das System muss von allen Quellen der Energie und vom Netzanschlusskabel getrennt sein, das von den Spg.Versorgungsteilmodulen entfernt wird, bevor es auf den Chassisinnenraum zurückgreift, um Systemsbestandteile anzubringen oder zu entfernen.

¡Advertencia!

El sistema debe ser disconnected de todas las fuentes de energía y del cable eléctrico quitado de los módulos de fuente de alimentación antes de tener acceso el interior del chasis para instalar o para quitar componentes de sistema.

Attention

Le système doit être débranché de toutes les sources de puissance ainsi que de son cordon d'alimentation secteur avant d'accéder à l'intérieur du chassis pour installer ou enlever des composants de système.

אזהרה מפני ניתוק חשמלי

אזהרה!

יש לנתק את המערכת מכל מקורות החשמל ויש להסיר את כבל החשמלי מהספק לפני גישה לחלק הפנימי של המארז לצורך התקנת או הסרת רכיבים.

يجب فصل انظاؤ من جميع مصادر انطاقت وإزانت سهك انكهرباء من وحدة امداد انطاقت قيم

انصل إلى امناطق انداخهيت نههيكم نتشيج أو إزانت مكناث الجهاز

경고!

시스템에 부품들을 장착하거나 제거하기 위해서는 새시 내부에 접근하기 전에 반드시 전원 공급장치로부터 연결되어있는 모든 전원과 전기코드를 분리해주어야 합니다.

Waarschuwing

Voordat u toegang neemt tot het binnenwerk van de behuizing voor het installeren of verwijderen van systeem onderdelen, dient u alle spanningsbronnen en alle stroomkabels aangesloten op de voeding(en) van de behuizing te verwijderen

Equipment Installation



Warning! Only trained and qualified personnel should be allowed to install, replace, or service this equipment.

機器の設置

トレーニングを受け認定された人だけがこの装置の設置、交換、またはサービスを許可されていません。

警告

只有经过培训且具有资格的人员才能进行此设备的安装、更换和维修。

警告

只有經過受訓且具資格人員才可安裝、更換與維修此設備。

Warnung

Das Installieren, Ersetzen oder Bedienen dieser Ausrüstung sollte nur geschultem, qualifiziertem Personal gestattet werden.

¡Advertencia!

Solamente el personal calificado debe instalar, reemplazar o utilizar este equipo.

Attention

Il est vivement recommandé de confier l'installation, le remplacement et la maintenance de ces équipements à des personnels qualifiés et expérimentés.

אזהרה!

צוות מוסמך בלבד רשאי להתקין, להחליף את הציוד או לתת שירות עבור הציוד.

والمدربيه لتزكيب واستبدال أو خدمة هذا الجهاز يجب أن يسمح فقط للمظفيه المؤهليه

경고!

훈련을 받고 공인된 기술자만이 이 장비의 설치, 교체 또는 서비스를 수행할 수 있습니다.

Waarschuwing

Deze apparatuur mag alleen worden geïnstalleerd, vervangen of hersteld door geschoold en gekwalificeerd personeel.

Restricted Area

Warning! This unit is intended for installation in restricted access areas. A restricted access area can be accessed only through the use of a special tool, lock and key, or other means of security. (This warning does not apply to workstations).

アクセス制限区域

このユニットは、アクセス制限区域に設置されることを想定しています。

アクセス制限区域は、特別なツール、鍵と錠前、その他のセキュリティの手段を用いてのみ出入りが可能です。

警告

此部件应安装在限制进出的场所，限制进出的场所指只能通过使用特殊工具、锁和钥匙或其它安全手段进出的场所。

警告

此装置僅限安裝於進出管制區域，進出管制區域係指僅能以特殊工具、鎖頭及鑰匙或其他安全方式才能進入的區域。

Warnung

Diese Einheit ist zur Installation in Bereichen mit beschränktem Zutritt vorgesehen. Der Zutritt zu derartigen Bereichen ist nur mit einem Spezialwerkzeug, Schloss und Schlüssel oder einer sonstigen Sicherheitsvorkehrung möglich.

¡Advertencia!

Esta unidad ha sido diseñada para instalación en áreas de acceso restringido. Sólo puede obtenerse acceso a una de estas áreas mediante la utilización de una herramienta especial, cerradura con llave u otro medio de seguridad.

Attention

Cet appareil doit être installée dans des zones d'accès réservés. L'accès à une zone d'accès réservé n'est possible qu'en utilisant un outil spécial, un mécanisme de verrouillage et une clé, ou tout autre moyen de sécurité.

אזור עם גישה מוגבלת

אזהרה!

יש להתקין את היחידה באזורים שיש בהם הגבלת גישה. הגישה ניתנת בעזרת 'כלי אבטחה בלבד' (מפתח, מנעול וכד.).

تخصيص هذه انحدة نترك بُها ف مناطق محظورة تم .
،مكن اننصل إن منطقت محظورة فقط من خلال استخذاو أداة خاصت
أو أ وس هُت أخري نلالأمما ققم ومفتاح

경고!

이 장치는 접근이 제한된 구역에 설치하도록 되어있습니다. 특수도구, 잠금 장치 및 키, 또는 기타 보안 수단을 통해서만 접근 제한 구역에 들어갈 수 있습니다.

Waarschuwing

Dit apparaat is bedoeld voor installatie in gebieden met een beperkte toegang. Toegang tot dergelijke gebieden kunnen alleen verkregen worden door gebruik te maken van speciaal gereedschap, slot en sleutel of andere veiligheidsmaatregelen.

Battery Handling



Warning! There is the danger of explosion if the battery is replaced incorrectly. Replace the battery only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer. Dispose of used batteries according to the manufacturer's instructions

電池の取り扱い

電池交換が正しく行われなかった場合、破裂の危険性があります。交換する電池はメーカーが推奨する型、または同等のものを使用下さい。使用済電池は製造元の指示に従って処分して下さい。

警告

電池更換不當會有爆炸危險。請只使用同類電池或制造商推薦的功能相當的電池更換原有電池。請按製造商的說明處理廢舊電池。

警告

電池更換不當會有爆炸危險。請使用製造商建議之相同或功能相當的電池更換原有電池。請按照製造商的說明指示處理廢棄舊電池。

Warnung

Bei Einsetzen einer falschen Batterie besteht Explosionsgefahr. Ersetzen Sie die Batterie nur durch den gleichen oder vom Hersteller empfohlenen Batterietyp. Entsorgen Sie die benutzten Batterien nach den Anweisungen des Herstellers.

Attention

Danger d'explosion si la pile n'est pas remplacée correctement. Ne la remplacer que par une pile de type semblable ou équivalent, recommandée par le fabricant. Jeter les piles usagées conformément aux instructions du fabricant.

¡Advertencia!

Existe peligro de explosión si la batería se reemplaza de manera incorrecta. Reemplazar la batería exclusivamente con el mismo tipo o el equivalente recomendado por el fabricante. Desechar las baterías gastadas según las instrucciones del fabricante.

אזהרה!

קיימת סכנת פיצוץ של הסוללה במידה והוחלפה בדרך לא תקינה. יש להחליף את הסוללה בסוג התואם מחברת יצרן מומלצת. סילוק הסוללות המשומשות יש לבצע לפי הוראות היצרן.

هناك خطر من انفجار في حالة اسحبذال البطارية بطريقة غير صحيحة فعليل
اسحبذال البطارية
فقط بنفس النوع أو ما يعادلها مما أوصت به الشركة المصنعة
جخلص من البطاريات المسحعملة وفقا لعمليات الشركة الصانعة

경고!

배터리가 올바르게 교체되지 않으면 폭발의 위험이 있습니다. 기존 배터리와 동일하거나 제조사에서 권장하는 동등한 종류의 배터리로만 교체해야 합니다. 제조사의 안내에 따라 사용된 배터리를 처리하여 주십시오.

Waarschuwing

Er is ontplofingsgevaar indien de batterij verkeerd vervangen wordt. Vervang de batterij slechts met hetzelfde of een equivalent type die door de fabrikant aanbevolen wordt. Gebruikte batterijen dienen overeenkomstig fabrieksvoorschriften afgevoerd te worden.

Redundant Power Supplies



Warning! This unit might have more than one power supply connection. All connections must be removed to de-energize the unit.

冗長電源装置

このユニットは複数の電源装置が接続されている場合があります。

ユニットの電源を切るためには、すべての接続を取り外さなければなりません。

警告

此部件连接的电源可能不止一个，必须将所有电源断开才能停止给该部件供电。

警告

此装置连接的电源可能不只一个，必须切断所有电源才能停止对该装置的供电。

Warnung

Dieses Gerät kann mehr als eine Stromzufuhr haben. Um sicherzustellen, dass der Einheit kein Strom zugeführt wird, müssen alle Verbindungen entfernt werden.

¡Advertencia!

Puede que esta unidad tenga más de una conexión para fuentes de alimentación. Para cortar por completo el suministro de energía, deben desconectarse todas las conexiones.

Attention

Cette unité peut avoir plus d'une connexion d'alimentation. Pour supprimer toute tension et tout courant électrique de l'unité, toutes les connexions d'alimentation doivent être débranchées.

אם קיים יותר מספק אחד

אזהרה!

ליחידה יש יותר מחיבור אחד של ספק. יש להסיר את כל החיבורים על מנת לרוקן את היחידה.

قد يكون لهذا الجهاز عدة اتصالات بوحدات امداد الطاقة .

يجب إزالة كافة الاتصالات لعسل الوحدة عن الكهرباء

경고!

이 장치에는 한 개 이상의 전원 공급 단자가 연결되어 있을 수 있습니다. 이 장치에 전원을 차단하기 위해서는 모든 연결 단자를 제거해야만 합니다.

Waarschuwing

Deze eenheid kan meer dan één stroomtoevoeraansluiting bevatten. Alle aansluitingen dienen verwijderd te worden om het apparaat stroomloos te maken.

Backplane Voltage



Warning! Hazardous voltage or energy is present on the backplane when the system is operating. Use caution when servicing.

バックプレーンの電圧

システムの稼働中は危険な電圧または電力が、バックプレーン上にかかっています。

修理する際には注意ください。

警告

当システム正在进行时，背板上有很危险的电压或能量，进行维修时务必小心。

警告

當系統正在進行時，背板上危險的電壓或能量，進行維修時務必小心。

Warnung

Wenn das System in Betrieb ist, treten auf der Rückwandplatine gefährliche Spannungen oder Energien auf. Vorsicht bei der Wartung.

¡Advertencia!

Cuando el sistema está en funcionamiento, el voltaje del plano trasero es peligroso. Tenga cuidado cuando lo revise.

Attention

Lorsque le système est en fonctionnement, des tensions électriques circulent sur le fond de panier. Prendre des précautions lors de la maintenance.

מתח בפנל האחורי

אזהרה!

קיימת סכנת מתח בפנל האחורי בזמן תפעול המערכת. יש להיזהר במהלך העבודה.

هناك خطر من التيار الكهربائي أو الطاقة المتجددة على اللوحة
عندما يكون النظام يعمل كه حذرا عند خدمة هذا الجهاز

경고!

시스템이 동작 중일 때 후면판 (Backplane)에는 위험한 전압이나 에너지가 발생 합니다.
서비스 작업 시 주의하십시오.

Waarschuwing

Een gevaarlijke spanning of energie is aanwezig op de backplane wanneer het systeem in gebruik is. Voorzichtigheid is geboden tijdens het onderhoud.

Comply with Local and National Electrical Codes



Warning! Installation of the equipment must comply with local and national electrical codes.

地方および国の電気規格に準拠

機器の取り付けはその地方および国の電気規格に準拠する必要があります。

警告

设备安装必须符合本地与本国电气法规。

警告

設備安裝必須符合本地與本國電氣法規。

Warnung

Die Installation der Geräte muss den Sicherheitsstandards entsprechen.

¡Advertencia!

La instalación del equipo debe cumplir con las normas de electricidad locales y nacionales.

Attention

L'équipement doit être installé conformément aux normes électriques nationales et locales.

תיאום חוקי החשמל הארצי
אזהרה!

התקנת הציוד חייבת להיות תואמת לחוקי החשמל המקומיים והארציים.

تركيب المعدات الكهربائية يجب أن يمتثل للقوايه المحلية والبطية المتعلقة
بالكهرباء

경고!

현 지역 및 국가의 전기 규정에 따라 장비를 설치해야 합니다.

Waarschuwing

Bij installatie van de apparatuur moet worden voldaan aan de lokale en nationale elektriciteitsvoorschriften.

Product Disposal



Warning! Ultimate disposal of this product should be handled according to all national laws and regulations.

製品の廃棄

この製品を廃棄処分する場合、国の関係する全ての法律・条例に従い処理する必要があります。

警告

本产品的废弃处理应根据所有国家的法律和规章进行。

警告

本產品的廢棄處理應根據所有國家的法律和規章進行。

Warnung

Die Entsorgung dieses Produkts sollte gemäß allen Bestimmungen und Gesetzen des Landes erfolgen.

¡Advertencia!

Al deshacerse por completo de este producto debe seguir todas las leyes y reglamentos nacionales.

Attention

La mise au rebut ou le recyclage de ce produit sont généralement soumis à des lois et/ou directives de respect de l'environnement. Renseignez-vous auprès de l'organisme compétent.

סילוק המוצר

אזהרה!

סילוק סופי של מוצר זה חייב להיות בהתאם להנחיות וחוקי המדינה.

التخلص النهائي من هذا المنتج ينبغي التعامل معه وفقا لجميع القوانين واللوائح الوطنية عند

경고!

이 제품은 해당 국가의 관련 법규 및 규정에 따라 폐기되어야 합니다.

Waarschuwing

De uiteindelijke verwijdering van dit product dient te geschieden in overeenstemming met alle nationale wetten en reglementen.

Hot Swap Fan Warning



Warning! Hazardous moving parts. Keep away from moving fan blades. The fans might still be turning when you remove the fan assembly from the chassis. Keep fingers, screwdrivers, and other objects away from the openings in the fan assembly's housing.

ファン・ホットスワップの警告

警告!回転部品に注意。運転中は回転部(羽根)に触れないでください。シャーシから冷却ファン装置を取り外した際、ファンがまだ回転している可能性があります。ファンの開口部に、指、ドライバー、およびその他のものを近づけないで下さい。

警告!

警告! 危險的可移動性零件。請務必與轉動的风扇叶片保持距離。當您從機架移除風扇裝置，風扇可能仍在轉動。小心不要將手指、螺絲起子和其他物品太靠近風扇

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Warnung

Gefährlich Bewegende Teile. Von den bewegenden Lüfterblätter fern halten. Die Lüfter drehen sich u. U. noch, wenn die Lüfterbaugruppe aus dem Chassis genommen wird. Halten Sie Finger, Schraubendreher und andere Gegenstände von den Öffnungen des Lüftergehäuses entfernt.

¡Advertencia!

Riesgo de piezas móviles. Mantener alejado de las aspas del ventilador. Los ventiladores podran dar vuelta cuando usted quite el montaje del ventilador del chasis. Mantenga los dedos, los destornilladores y todos los objetos lejos de las aberturas del ventilador

Attention

Pieces mobiles dangereuses. Se tenir a l'écart des lames du ventilateur Il est possible que les ventilateurs soient toujours en rotation lorsque vous retirerez le bloc ventilateur du châssis. Prenez garde à ce que doigts, tournevis et autres objets soient éloignés du logement du bloc ventilateur.

אזהרה!

חלקים נעים מסוכנים. התרחק מלהבי המאוורר בפעולה כאשר מסירים את חלקי המאוורר מהמארז, יתכן והמאווררים עדיין עובדים. יש להרחיק למרחק בטוח את האצבעות וכלי עבודה שונים מהפתחים בתוך המאוורר

تحذير! أجزاء متحركة خطيرة. ابتعد عن شفرات المروحة المتحركة. من الممكن أن المراوح لا تزال تدور عند إزالة كتلة المروحة من الهيكل يجب إبقاء الأصابع ومفكات البراغي وغيرها من الأشياء بعيدا عن الفتحات في كتلة المروحة

경고!

움직이는 위험한 부품. 회전하는 송풍 날개에 접근하지 마세요. 새시로부터 팬 조립품을 제거할 때 팬은 여전히 회전하고 있을 수 있습니다. 팬 조립품 외관의 열려있는 부분들로부터 손가락 및 스크류드라이버, 다른 물체들이 가까이 하지 않도록 배치해 주십시오.

Waarschuwing

Gevaarlijk bewegende onderdelen. Houd voldoende afstand tot de bewegende ventilatorbladen. Het is mogelijk dat de ventilator nog draait tijdens het verwijderen van het ventilatorsamenstel uit het chassis. Houd uw vingers, schroevendraaiers en eventuele andere voorwerpen uit de buurt van de openingen in de ventilatorbehuizing.

Power Cable and AC Adapter



Warning! When installing the product, use the provided or designated connection cables, power cables and AC adaptors. Using any other cables and adaptors could cause a malfunction or a fire. Electrical Appliance and Material Safety Law prohibits the use of UL or CSA -certified cables (that have UL/CSA shown on the cord) for any other electrical devices than products designated by Supermicro only.

電源コードとACアダプター

製品を設置する場合、提供または指定および購入された接続ケーブル、電源コードとACアダプターを、該当する地域の条例や安全基準に適合するコードサイズやプラグと共に使用下さい。他のケーブルやアダプタを使用すると故障や火災の原因になることがあります。

電気用品安全法は、ULまたはCSA認定のケーブル(UL/CSAマークがコードに表記)を Supermicro が指定する製品以外に使用することを禁止しています。

警告

安装此产品时,请使用本身提供的或指定的或采购的连接线,电源线和电源适配器。包含遵照当地法规和安全要求的合规的电源线尺寸和插头。使用其它线材或适配器可能会引起故障或火灾。除了Supermicro所指定的产品,电气用品和材料安全法律规定禁止使用未经UL或CSA认证的线材。(线材上会显示UL/CSA符号)。

警告

安裝此產品時,請使用本身提供的或指定的或採購的連接線,電源線和電源適配器。包含遵照當地法規和安全要求的合規的電源線尺寸和插頭。使用其它線材或適配器可能會引起故障或火災。除了Supermicro所指定的產品,電氣用品和材料安全法律規定禁止使用未經UL或CSA認證的線材。(線材上會顯示UL/CSA符號)。

Warnung

Nutzen Sie beim Installieren des Produkts ausschließlich die von uns zur Verfügung gestellten Verbindungskabeln, Stromkabeln und/oder Adapter, die Ihre örtlichen Sicherheitsstandards einhalten. Der Gebrauch von anderen Kabeln und Adapter können Fehlfunktionen oder Feuer verursachen. Die Richtlinien untersagen das Nutzen von UL oder CAS zertifizierten Kabeln (mit UL/CSA gekennzeichnet), an Geräten oder Produkten die nicht mit Supermicro gekennzeichnet sind.

¡Advertencia!

Cuando instale el producto, utilice la conexión provista o designada o procure cables, Cables de alimentación y adaptadores de CA que cumplan con los códigos locales y los requisitos de seguridad, incluyendo el tamaño adecuado del cable y el enchufe. El uso de otros cables y adaptadores podría causar un mal funcionamiento o un incendio. La Ley de Seguridad de Aparatos Eléctricos y de Materiales prohíbe El uso de cables certificados por UL o CSA (que tienen el certificado UL / CSA en el código) para cualquier otros dispositivos eléctricos que los productos designados únicamente por Supermicro.

Attention

Lors de l'installation du produit, utilisez les cables de connection fournis ou désigné ou achetez des cables, cables de puissance et adaptateurs respectant les normes locales et les conditions de securite y compris les tailles de cables et les prises electriques appropries. L'utilisation d'autres cables et adaptateurs peut provoquer un dysfonctionnement ou un incendie. Appareils électroménagers et la Loi sur la Sécurité Matériel interdit l'utilisation de câbles certifiés- UL ou CSA (qui ont UL ou CSA indiqué sur le code) pour tous les autres appareils électriques sauf les produits désignés par Supermicro seulement.

AC ימאתמו מיי למשח מילבכ

!הרהזא

ךרוצל ומאתוה וא ושכרנ רשא AC מיימאתמו מיקפס, מילבכב שמתשהל שי, רצומה תא מיניקתמ רשאכ לכב שומיש . עקתהו לבכה לש הנוכח הדימ ללוכ, תוימוקמה תוחיטבה תושירדל ומאתוה רשאו, הנקתהה למשחה ירישכמב שומישה יקוחל מאתהב. ילמשח רצק וא הלקתל מורגל לולע, רחא גוסמ מאתמ וא לבכ לש דוק מהילע עיפומ רשאכ) UL-ב או CSA-ב (ב-מייכמוסומה מילבכב שמתשהל רוסיא מייק, תוחיטבה יקוחו דבלב Supermicro י"ע מאתוה רשא רצומב קר אלא, רחא ילמשח רצומ לכ רובע UL/CSA)

תאלבאלא אארשב מץ וא אדדחמלא וא ארפוטמלא תאליטוטלא מאדחטסאב מץ, אגתנמלא בייקרת דנע לכלז יפ אב אילחמלא אלאסלא תאבלטתמו נינאוץב מאזתלאל אע מדדרטמלא ראיטלא תאלוחמו אילברמלא קיירח וא לטע יפ בבסטטי דץ ירשא תאלוחמו תאלבאלא יא מאדחטסא. מילסלא סבאלאו לטומוא מץ ח CSA וא UL לביק נמ אדמאעמלא תאלבאלא מאדחטסא תאדעמלא אילברמלא אזהאלל אלאסלא נונאק רזחיי Supermicro לביק נמ אדדחמלא אילחמלא תאגתנמלא רייג ירשא תאדעמ יא אע (UL/CSA) אלאע למחתיטלאו

전원 케이블 및 AC 어댑터

경고! 제품을 설치할 때 현지 코드 및 적절한 굵기의 코드와 플러그를 포함한 안전 요구 사항을 준수하여 제공되거나 지정된 연결 혹은 구매 케이블, 전원 케이블 및 AC 어댑터를 사용하십시오.

다른 케이블이나 어댑터를 사용하면 오작동이나 화재가 발생할 수 있습니다. 전기 용품 안전법은 UL 또는 CSA 인증 케이블 (코드에 UL / CSA가 표시된 케이블)을 Supermicro가 지정한 제품 이외의 전기 장치에 사용하는 것을 금지합니다.

Stroomkabel en AC-Adapter

Waarschuwing! Bij het aansluiten van het Product uitsluitend gebruik maken van de geleverde Kabels of een andere geschikte aan te schaffen Aansluitmethode, deze moet altijd voldoen aan de lokale voorschriften en veiligheidsnormen, inclusief de juiste kabeldikte en stekker. Het gebruik van niet geschikte Kabels en/of Adapters kan een storing of brand veroorzaken. Wetgeving voor Elektrische apparatuur en Materiaalveiligheid verbied het gebruik van UL of CSA -gecertificeerde Kabels (met UL/CSA in de code) voor elke andere toepassing dan de door Supermicro hiervoor beoogde Producten.

Appendix B

UEFI BIOS Recovery

Warning: Do not upgrade the BIOS unless your system has a BIOS-related issue. Flashing the wrong BIOS can cause irreparable damage to the system. In no event shall Supermicro be liable for direct, indirect, special, incidental, or consequential damages arising from a BIOS update. If you need to update the BIOS, do not shut down or reset the system while the BIOS is updating. Doing so may cause a boot failure.

B.1 Overview

The Unified Extensible Firmware Interface (UEFI) provides a software-based interface between the operating system and the platform firmware in the pre-boot environment. The UEFI specification supports an architecture-independent mechanism for add-on card initialization to allow the UEFI OS loader, which is stored in the add-on card, to boot the system. The UEFI offers clean, hands-off control to a computer system at bootup.

B.2 Recovering the UEFI BIOS Image

A UEFI BIOS flash chip consists of a recovery BIOS block and a main BIOS block (a main BIOS image). The boot block contains critical BIOS codes, including memory detection and recovery codes for the user to flash a new BIOS image if the original main BIOS image is corrupted. When the system power is on, the boot block codes execute first. Once it is completed, the main BIOS code will continue with system initialization and bootup.

B.3 Recovering the BIOS Block with a USB Device

This feature allows the user to recover a BIOS image using a USB-attached device without the need for additional utilities. A USB flash device such as a USB flash drive or a USB CD/DVD device can be used for this purpose. A USB hard disk drive cannot be used for BIOS recovery at this time.

The file system supported by UEFI is FAT (including FAT12, FAT16, and FAT32) installed on a bootable or non-bootable USB-attached device. Note that the BIOS might need several minutes to locate the SUPER.ROM file if the media size becomes too large because it contains too many folders and files.

To perform UEFI BIOS recovery using a USB-attached device, follow the instructions below.

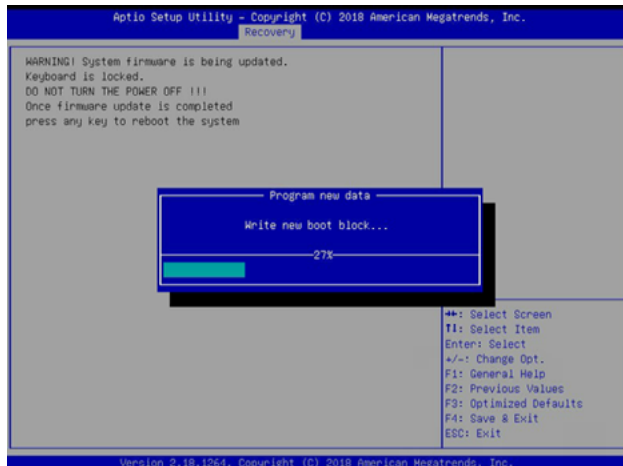
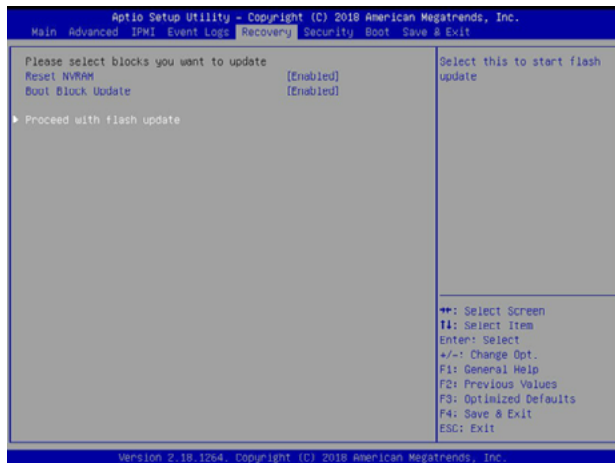
1. Using a different system, copy the "Super.ROM" binary image file into the disc Root "" Directory of a USB device or a writeable CD/DVD.

Note: If you cannot locate the "Super.ROM" file in your driver disk, visit our website at www.supermicro.com to download the BIOS image into a USB flash device and rename it "Super.ROM".

2. While the system is turned off, insert the USB device that contains the new BIOS binary image (SUPER.ROM).
3. Power on the system.



4. After the system is turned on, the system will enter the BIOS Recovery menu. Select "Proceed with flash update" to start the BIOS recovery process. **DO NOT INTERRUPT THIS PROCESS UNTIL IT IS FINISHED!**



5. After the Boot Sector Recovery Process is complete, press any key to reboot the system.

**Notes:**

- The BIOS recovery (SUPER.ROM) will not work if BIOS has a multi-block crash.
- If you have purchased an OOB license, you can do a BIOS flash again through BMC WebGUI or SUM. Please refer to these SUPERMICRO software-related videos:
 - Activate OOB license: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=V4spX_DOV7I
 - SUPERMICO BIOS Update: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=S8z6iOEHGwY>
- If the BIOS flash recovery fails, contact our RMA Department to have the BIOS chip reprogrammed. This will require shipping the board to Supermicro for repair.
 - Submit your RMA request at <https://www.supermicro.com/support/rma>
- Please make sure to follow all instructions when returning the motherboard.

Appendix C

System Specifications

Processor Support

Single AMD EPYC™ 7002/7003 Series Processor in an SP3 type socket

Notes: Please refer to the motherboard specifications pages on our website for updates to supported processors.

Chipset

System on Chip

BIOS

256Mb SPI AMI BIOS®

Memory Support

Eight DIMM slots to support up to 2TB of registered ECC DDR4-3200 SDRAM

SATA Controller

System on Chip controller

Drive Bays

Four internal 3.5" SATA3 drive bays

Four internal 2.5" drive bays

PCI Expansion Slots

Five PCIe 4.0 x16 low-profile slots

Two PCIe 4.0 x8 low-profile slots

M.2 Interface: 2 PCIe 4.0 x4

M.2 Form Factor: 2280, 22110

Motherboard

H12SSL-i: 12" x 9.6" (305 x 244mm)

Chassis

CSE-732i-903B; mid-tower, (WxHxD) 7.6 x 16.7 x 20.68 in. (193 x 424 x 525 mm)

System Cooling

One 12-cm cooling fan and one 12-cm exhaust fan

Power Supply

Model: PWS-903PQ, 80+ Gold Level

AC Input Voltages: 100-240 VAC

Rated Input Frequency: 50-60 Hz

Rated Output Power: 900W

Rated Output Voltages: +5V Standby: 3A, +12V1: 25A, +12V2: 25A, +12V3: 25A, +12V4: 25A, +5V: 25A, +3.3V: 25A, -12V: 0.5A

Operating Environment

Operating Temperature: 10° to 35° C (50° to 95° F)*

Non-operating Temperature: -40° to 60° C (-40° to 140° F)

Operating Relative Humidity: 8% to 90% (non-condensing)

Non-operating Relative Humidity: 5% to 95% (non-condensing)

Regulatory Compliance

FCC, ICES, CE, UKCA, VCCI, RCM, NRTL, CB

Applied Directives, Standards

EMC/EMI: 2014/30/EU (EMC Directive)

Electromagnetic Compatibility Regulations 2016

FCC Part 15 Subpart B

ICES-003

VCCI-CISPR 32

AS/NZS CISPR 32

BS/EN 55032

BS/EN 55035

CISPR 32

CISPR 24/CISPR 35

BS/EN 61000-3-2

BS/EN 61000-3-3

BS/EN 61000-4-2

BS/EN 61000-4-3

BS/EN 61000-4-4

BS/EN 61000-4-5

BS/EN 61000-4-6

BS/EN 61000-4-8

BS/EN 61000-4-11

Product Safety: 2014/35/EU (LVD Directive)

UL/CSA 62368-1 (USA and Canada)

Electrical Equipment (Safety) Regulations 2016

IEC/BS/EN 62368-1

Environment:

2011/65/EU (RoHS Directive)

EC 1907/2006 (REACH)

2012/19/EU (WEEE Directive)

California Proposition 65

Perchlorate Warning

California Best Management Practices Regulations for Perchlorate Materials: This Perchlorate warning applies only to products containing CR (Manganese Dioxide) Lithium coin cells. "Perchlorate Material-special handling may apply. See www.dtsc.ca.gov/hazardouswaste/perchlorate"