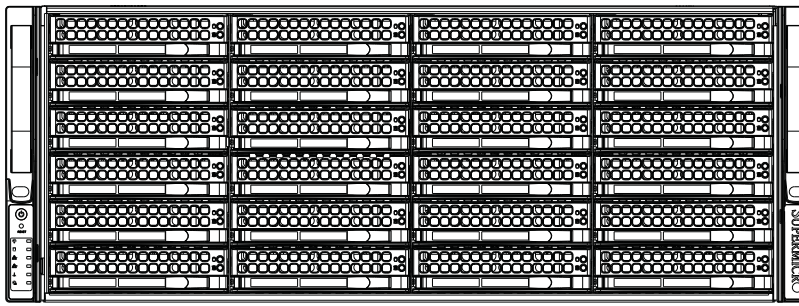
SUPERMICRO®

SUPERSERVER

8047R-7JRFT



USER'S MANUAL

Revision 1.0

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Preface

About This Manual

This manual is written for professional system integrators and PC technicians. It provides information for the installation and use of the SuperServer 8047R-7JRFT. Installation and maintainance should be performed by experienced technicians only.

The SuperServer 8047R-7JRFT is a high-end server based on the SC848E16-R1K62B 4U rackmount chassis and the quad processor X9QR7-TF-JBOD serverboard.

Manual Organization

Chapter 1: Introduction

The first chapter provides a checklist of the main components included with the server system and describes the main features of the X9QR7-TF-JBOD serverboard and the SC848E16-R1K62B chassis.

Chapter 2: Server Installation

This chapter describes the steps necessary to install the SuperServer 8047R-7JRFT into a rack and check out the server configuration prior to powering up the system. If your server was ordered without processor and memory components, this chapter will refer you to the appropriate sections of the manual for their installation.

Chapter 3: System Interface

Refer here for details on the system interface, which includes the functions and information provided by the control panel on the chassis as well as other LEDs located throughout the system.

Chapter 4: Standardized Warning Statements

You should thoroughly familiarize yourself with this chapter for a general overview of safety precautions that should be followed when installing and servicing the SuperServer 8047R-7JRFT.

Chapter 5: Advanced Serverboard Setup

Chapter 5 provides detailed information on the X9QR7-TF-JBOD serverboard, including the locations and functions of connections, headers and jumpers. Refer to this chapter when adding or removing processors or main memory and when reconfiguring the serverboard.

Chapter 6: Advanced Chassis Setup

Refer to Chapter 6 for detailed information on the SC848E16-R1K62B server chassis. You should follow the procedures given in this chapter when installing, removing or reconfiguring SATA or peripheral drives and when replacing system power supply units and cooling fans.

Chapter 7: BIOS

The BIOS chapter includes an introduction to BIOS and provides detailed information on running the CMOS Setup Utility.

Appendix A: BIOS Error Beep Codes

Appendix B: System Specifications

Notes

Table of Contents

Notes

Chapter 1

Introduction

1-1 Overview

The SuperServer 8047R-7JRFT is a high-end server comprised of two main subsystems: the SC848E16-R1K62B 4U server chassis and the X9QR7-TF-JBOD quad processor serverboard. Please refer to our web site for information on operating systems that have been certified for use with the system (www.supermicro.com).

In addition to the serverboard and chassis, various hardware components have been included with the SuperServer 8047R-7JRFT server, as listed below:

- Four 2U passive narrow ILM CPU heatsinks (SNK-P0048PS)
- One Mylar air shroud (MCP-310-84805-0B)
- Four 92x92x38-mm, 7.5K RPM, PWM fans (FAN-0115L4)
- One 80x80x38-mm, 7K RPM, PWM Chassis Rear Fan (FAN-0126L4)
- One 80x80x38mm, 7K RPM Chassis Fan (FAN-0128L4)
- SATA Backplane
  One Backplane for twenty-four (24) 3.5" HDD (BPN-SAS2-846EL1)
  Twenty-four hot-swap 3.5" HDD trays (MCP-220-00075-0B)
  One 39-cm PBF IPASS TO IPASS cable (CBL-0108L-02)
  One 55-cm PBF IPASS TO IPASS cable (CBL-0421L)
- Optional: One 4U Rail set (MCP-290-00057-0N)
- Optional: Two Rear Fan Kit (MCP-320-0046-0N-KIT)

Note: a complete list of safety warnings is provided on the Supermicro web site at http://www.supermicro.com/about/policies/safety_information.cfm

1-2 Serverboard Features

At the heart of the SuperServer 8047R-7JRFT lies the X9QR7-TF-JBOD, a quad processor serverboard based on the Intel® C602 chipset and designed to provide maximum performance, mounted in the SC848E16-R1K62B chassis.

The sections below cover the main features of the X9QR7-TF-JBOD serverboard (see Figure 1-1 for a block diagram of the chipset).

Processors

The X9QR7-TF-JBOD supports up to four Intel® Xeon® E5-4600 series processors (Socket R LGA 2011). Please refer to the serverboard description pages on our web site for a complete listing of supported processors (www.supermicro.com).

Memory

The X9QR7-TF-JBOD has twenty-four (24) DIMM slots supporting up to 768 GB of DDR3-1600/1333/1066/800 MHz speed RDIMM/LDIMM registered ECC, 1 GB, 2 GB, 4 GB, 8 GB, 16 GB or 32 GB sizes at 1.35V or 1.5V voltages. See Chapter 5 for details.

Note: Check the Supermicro website (www.supermicro.com) for the latest memory support information.

Serial ATA

A Serial ATA controller is integrated into the C602 to provide two (2) SATA 3.0 ports (I-SATA 0/1) and eight (8) SATA 2.0 ports (I-SATA 2~5, I-SATA 6~9 from SCU) that support RAID 0, 1, 5 and 10. The SATA drives are hot-swappable units.

Note: The operating system you use must have RAID support to enable the hot-swap capability and RAID function of the SATA drives.

SAS

An LSI® SAS2308 SAS2 controller is integrated into the BPN-SAS2-846EL1 backplane to provide sixteen 6 Gb/s SAS 3.0 (Serial Attached SCSI) ports (L-SAS 0~3, L-SAS 4~7 (JS14/15); L-SASA 0~3, L-SASA 4~7 (JS1/2)). The system supports a JBOD solution. The SAS drives are hot-swappable units.

Note: The operating system you use must have RAID support to enable the hotswap capability and RAID function of the SAS drives.

PCI Expansion Slots

The SuperServer 8047R-7JRFT has seven (7) PCI Express 3.0 x16 slots (CPU1_Slot1, CPU4_Slots3/4, CPU3_Slots5/6, CPU2_Slots7/8) and one (1) PCI Express 3.0 x8 in x16 slot (CPU1_Slot1) on the X9QR7-TF-JBOD serverboard.

Onboard Controllers/Ports

Two Fast UART 16550 serial ports and an Intel X540 10G Ethernet Dual-Channel Controller for two TLAN (TLAN 1/TLAN 2) ports are located on the serverboard. The Nuvoton WPCM450 Base-board Controller (BMC) supports a single IPMI_LAN 2.0 dedicated IPMI LAN port.

The color-coded I/O ports in the rear include one COM port, a VGA (monitor) port, four USB 2.0 ports (USB0/1 and USB2/3), an IPMI dedicated LAN port and two Ethernet ports.

Note: For IPMI Configuration Instructions, please refer to the Embedded BMC Configuration User's Guide available @ http://www.supermicro.com/support/manuals/.

Graphics Controller

The X9QR7-TF-JBOD features an integrated Matrox G200eW Video Controller.

Other Features

Other onboard features that promote system health include onboard voltage monitors, a chassis intrusion header, auto-switching voltage regulators, chassis and CPU overheat sensors, virus protection and BIOS rescue.

1-3 Server Chassis Features

The following is a general outline of the main features of the SC848 server chassis.

System Power

Each SC848 chassis model includes a high-efficiency 80-plus Platinum certified power supply, rated at 1620 Watts plus one redundant backup power supply. In the unlikely event your power supply fails, replacement is simple and can be accomplished without tools.

SATA Subsystem

The SC848 supports up to twenty-four (24) 3.5" hot-swap SAS/SATA drives. These drives are hot-swappable units and are connected to a backplane that provides power and control.

Note: The operating system you use must have RAID support to enable the hot-swap capability of the drives.

Front Control Panel

The SC848E16-R1K62B chassis includes a front control panel on the chassis which controls the system. This control panel on the SuperServer 8047R-7JRFT provides you with system monitoring and control. LEDs indicate system power, HDD activity, network activity, system overheat and power supply failure. A main power button and a system reset button are also included.

I/O Ports

The SC848 is a proprietary form factor chassis designed to be used in a 4U rackmount configuration. The SC848 chassis provides eight full-height, full-length expansion card slots, a COM port, a VGA port, four USB 2.0 ports, one IPMI Ethernet port and two 10-gigabit Ethernet ports.

Cooling System

The SC848 chassis accepts four 9-cm and two 8-cm system fans powered from the chassis and controlled through the IPMI system.

Air Shrouds

The SC848 chassis includes one mylar air shroud that directs the airflow where cooling is needed on the serverboard. Always use the air shroud included with the system.

Mounting Rails

The SC848 includes a set of quick-release rails, and can be placed in a rack for secure storage and use. To setup your rack, follow the step-by-step instructions included in this manual.

1-4 Advanced Power Management

Intel® Intelligent Power Node Manager (NM)

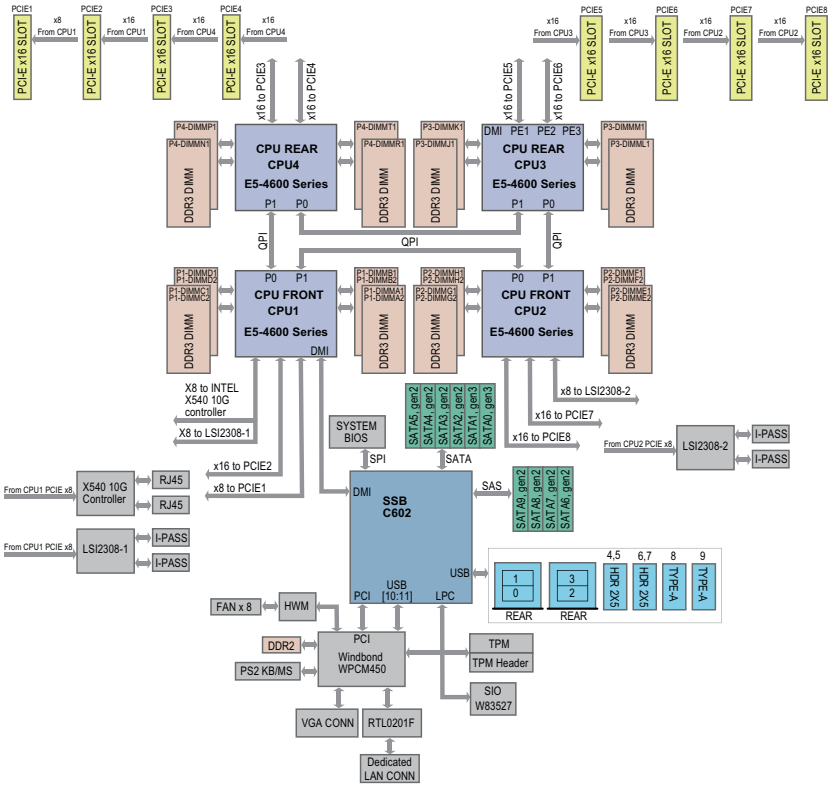
The Intel® Intelligent Power Node Manager (IPNM) provides your system with real-time thermal control and power management for maximum energy efficiency. Although IPNM Specification Version 1.5 is supported by the BMC (Baseboard Management Controller), your system must also have IPNM-compatible Manageability Engine (ME) firmware installed to use this feature.

Manageability Engine (ME)

The Manageability Engine, which is an ARC controller embedded in the IOH (I/O Hub), provides Server Platform Services (SPS) to your system. The services provided by SPS are different from those proveded by the ME on client platforms.

Figure 1-1. Intel C602 Chipset: System Block Diagram

Note: This is a general block diagram and may not exactly represent the features on your serverboard. See the previous pages for the actual specifications of your serverboard. This block diagram is intended for your reference only.



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Notes

Chapter 2

Rack Installation

2-1 Overview

This chapter provides a quick setup checklist to get your chassis up and running. Following these steps in the order given should enable you to have the system operational within a minimal amount of time.

2-2 Unpacking the System

You should inspect the box which the chassis was shipped in and note if it was damaged in any way. If the chassis itself shows damage, you should file a damage claim with the carrier who delivered it.

Decide on a suitable location for the rack unit that will hold your chassis. It should be situated in a clean, dust-free area that is well ventilated. Avoid areas where heat, electrical noise and electromagnetic fields are generated. The system needs to be placed near a grounded power outlet. Be sure to read the Rack and Server Precautions in the next section.

2-3 Preparing for Setup

The box your chassis was shipped in should include two sets of rail assemblies and the mounting screws needed for installing the system into the rack. Also included is an optional square hole to round hole converter bracket, for use in racks with round mounting holes. *Please read this section in its entirety before you begin the installation procedure outlined in the sections that follow*.

Choosing a Setup Location

- Leave enough clearance in front of the rack to enable you to open the front door completely (~25 inches).
- Leave approximately 30 inches of clearance in the back of the rack to allow for sufficient airflow and ease in servicing.
- This product is for installation only in a Restricted Access Location (dedicated equipment rooms, service closets and the like).

2-4 Warnings and Precautions

Rack Precautions

- Ensure that the leveling jacks on the bottom of the rack are fully extended to the floor with the full weight of the rack resting on them.
- In single rack installations, stabilizers should be attached to the rack.
- In multiple rack installations, the racks should be coupled together.
- Always make sure that the rack is stable before extending a component from the rack.
- You should extend only one component at a time - extending two or more simultaneously may cause the rack to become unstable.

General Server Precautions

- Review the electrical and general safety precautions that came with the components you are adding to your chassis.
- Determine the placement of each component in the rack *before* you install the rails.
- Install the heaviest server components on the bottom of the rack first, and then work upwards.
- Use a regulating uninterruptible power supply (UPS) to protect the server from power surges, voltage spikes and to keep your system operating in case of a power failure.
- Allow the hot plug hard drives and power supply modules to cool before touching them.
- Always keep the rack's front door and all panels and components on the servers closed when not servicing to maintain proper cooling.

Rack Mounting Considerations

Ambient Operating Temperature

If installed in a closed or multi-unit rack assembly, the ambient operating temperature of the rack environment may be greater than the ambient temperature of the room. Therefore, consideration should be given to installing the equipment in an environment compatible with the manufacturer's maximum rated ambient temperature (TMRA).

Reduced Airflow

Equipment should be mounted into a rack so that the amount of airflow required for safe operation is not compromised.

Mechanical Loading

Equipment should be mounted into a rack so that a hazardous condition does not arise due to uneven mechanical loading.

Circuit Overloading

Consideration should be given to the connection of the equipment to the power supply circuitry and the effect that any possible overloading of circuits might have on overcurrent protection and power supply wiring. Appropriate consideration of equipment nameplate ratings should be used when addressing this concern.

Reliable Ground

A reliable ground must be maintained at all times. To ensure this, the rack itself should be grounded. Particular attention should be given to power supply connections other than the direct connections to the branch circuit (i.e. the use of power strips, etc.).

Warning! To prevent bodily injury when mounting or servicing this unit in a rack, you must take special precautions to ensure that the system remains stable. The following guidelines are provided to ensure your safety:

- This unit should be mounted at the bottom of the rack if it is the only unit in the rack.
- When mounting this unit in a partially filled rack, load the rack from the bottom to the top with the heaviest component at the bottom of the rack.
- If the rack is provided with stabilizing devices, install the stabilizers before mounting or servicing the unit in the rack.

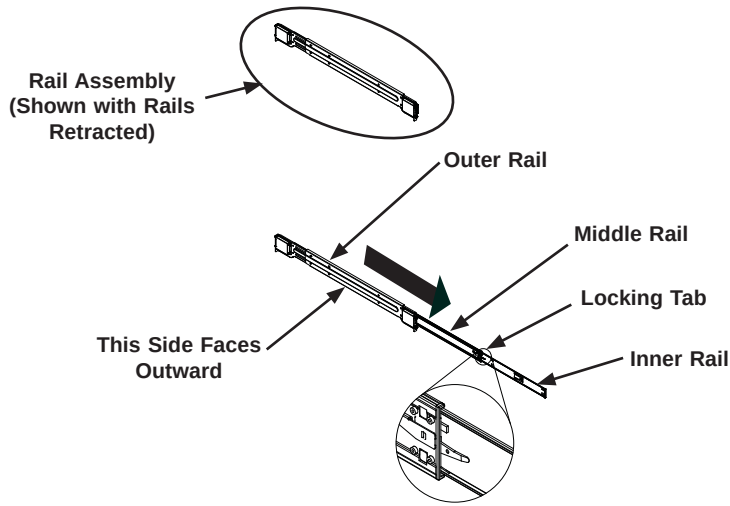
2-5 Rack Mounting Instructions

This section provides information on installing the chassis into a rack unit with the rails provided. There are a variety of rack units on the market, which may mean that the assembly procedure will differ slightly from the instructions provided. You should also refer to the installation instructions that came with the rack unit you are using. Note: This rail will fit a rack between 26.5" and 36.4" deep

Identifying the Sections of the Rack Rails

The chassis package includes a rack rail assembly in the rack mounting kit. Each assembly consists of three sections: An inner chassis rail which secures directly to the chassis, an outer rail that secures to the rack, and a middle rail which extends from the outer rail. These assemblies are specifically designed for the left and right side of the chassis..

Figure 2-1. Identifying the Different Rail Sections



Locking Tabs

Each inner rail has a locking tab. This tab locks the chassis into place when installed and pushed fully into the rack. These tabs also lock the chassis in place when fully extended from the rack. This prevents the server from coming completely out of the rack when when the chassis is pulled out for servicing.

Releasing the Inner Rail

Releasing Inner Rail from the Outer Rails

1. Identify the left and right outer rail assemblies as described on page 5-4.
2. Pull the inner rail out of the outer rail until it is fully extended as illustrated below.
3. Press the locking tab down to release the inner rail.
4. Pull the inner rail all the way out.
5. Repeat steps 1-3 for the second outer rail.

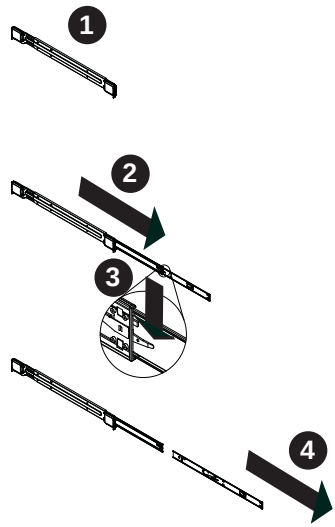


Figure 2-2. Extending and Releasing the Inner Rail

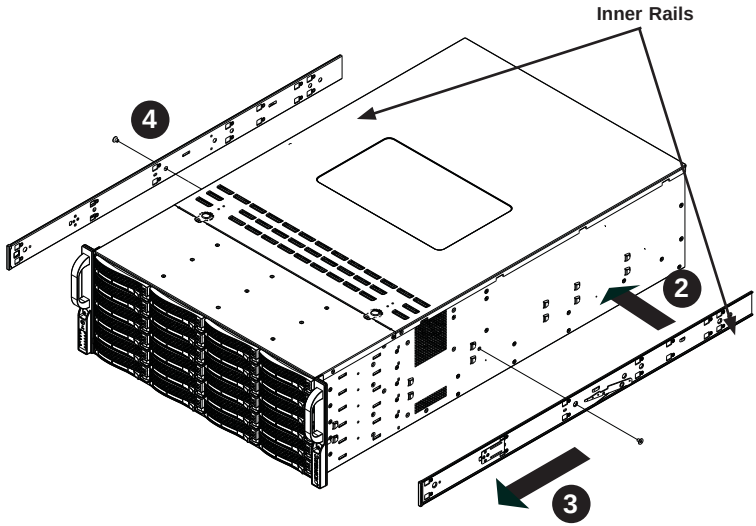


Figure 2-3. Installing the Inner Rails

Installing The Inner Rails on the Chassis

Installing the Inner Rails

1. Confirm that the left and right inner rails have been correctly identified.

2. Place the inner rail firmly against the side of the chassis, aligning the hooks on the side of the chassis with the holes in the inner rail.

3. Slide the inner rail forward toward the front of the chassis until the rail clicks into the locked position, which secures the inner rail to the chassis.

4. Secure the inner rail to the chassis with the screws provided.

5. Repeat steps 1 through 4 above for the other inner rail.

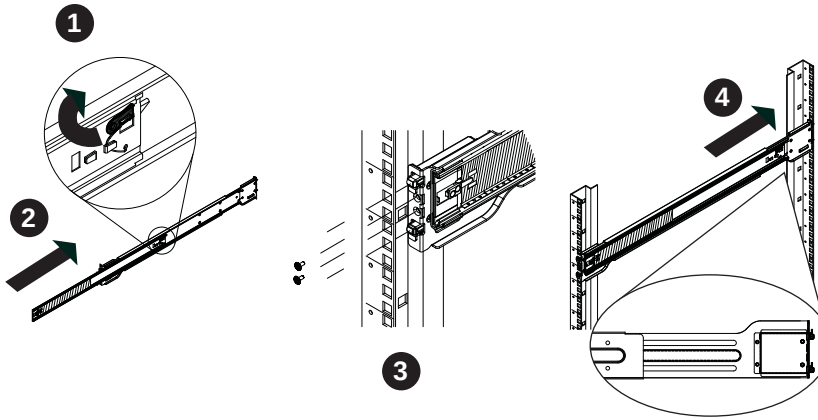


Figure 2-4. Extending and Releasing the Outer Rails

Installing the Outer Rails on the Rack

Installing the Outer Rails

1. Press upward on the locking tab at the rear end of the middle rail.
2. Push the middle rail back into the outer rail.
3. Hang the hooks of the front of the outer rail onto the slots on the front of the rack. If necessary, use screws to secure the outer rails to the rack, as illustrated above.
4. Pull out the rear of the outer rail, adjusting the length until it fits within the posts of the rack.
5. Hang the hooks of the rear portion of the outer rail onto the slots on the rear of the rack. If necessary, use screws to secure the rear of the outer rail to the rear of the rack.
6. Repeat steps 1-5 for the remaining outer rail.

Warning: do not pick up the server by the front handles. They are designed to pull the system from a rack only.

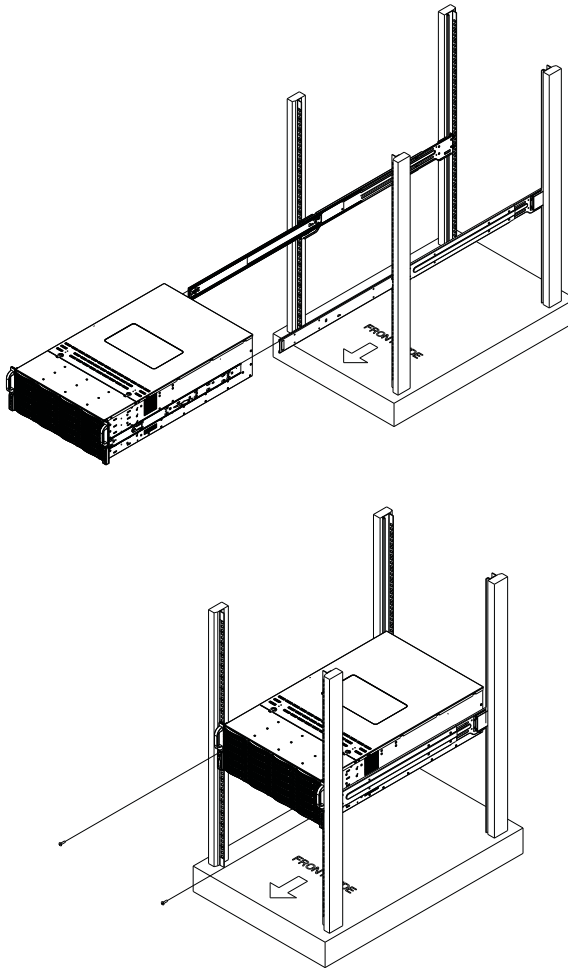


Figure 2-5. Installing into a Rack

Note: figures are for illustrative purposes only. Always install servers into racks from the bottom up.

Stability hazard. The rack stabilizing mechanism must be in place, or the rack must be bolted to the floor before you slide the unit out for servicing. Failure to stabilize the rack can cause the rack to tip over.

Standard Chassis Installation

Installing the Chassis into a Rack

1. Confirm that the inner rails are properly installed on the chassis.
2. Confirm that the outer rails are correctly installed on the rack.
3. Pull the middle rail out from the front of the outer rail and make sure that the ball-bearing shuttle is at the front locking position of the middle rail.
4. Align the chassis inner rails with the front of the middle rails.
5. Slide the inner rails on the chassis into the middle rails, keeping the pressure even on both sides, until the locking tab of the inner rail clicks into the front of the middle rail, locking the chassis into the fully extended position.
6. Depress the locking tabs of both sides at the same time and push the chassis all the way into the rear of the rack.
7. If necessary for security purposes, use screws to secure the chassis handles to the front of the rack.

Optional Quick Installation Method

The following quick installation method may be used to install the chassis onto a rack.

Installing the Chassis into a Rack

1. Install the whole rail assembly onto the rack as described on page 2-7.
2. Release the inner rail without retracting the middle rail.
3. Install the inner rails on the chassis as previously described on page 2-6.
4. Install the chassis onto the middle rail as described in the previous section.

Notes

Chapter 3

System Interface

3-1 Overview

There are several LEDs on the control panel as well as others on the drive carriers to keep you constantly informed of the overall status of the system as well as the activity and health of specific components. Most SC848 models have two buttons on the chassis control panel: a reset button and a power on/off switch. This chapter explains the meanings of all LED indicators and the appropriate responses you may need to take.

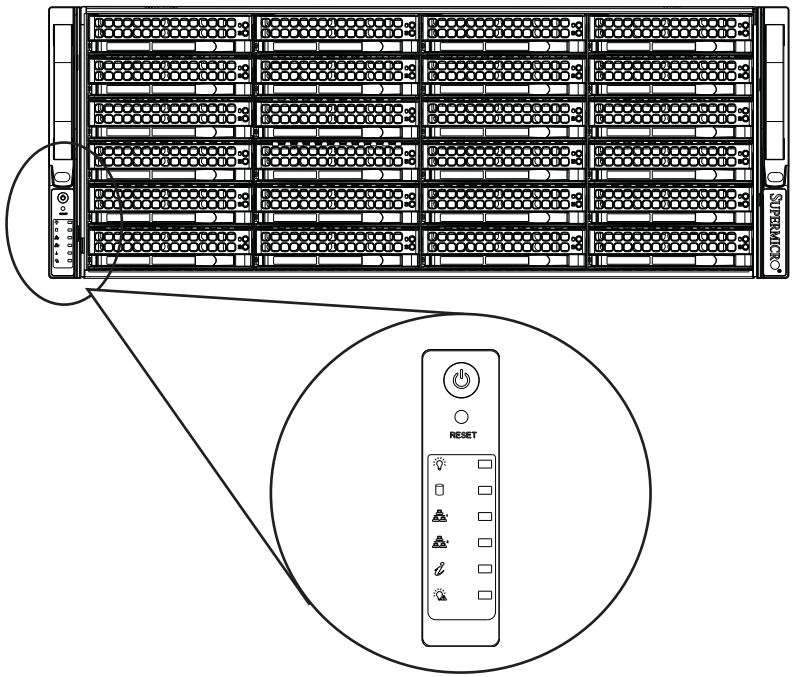
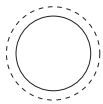


Figure 3-1: Front LED Panel

3-2 Control Panel Buttons

There are two push-buttons located on the left handle of the chassis. These are (in order from top to bottom) a power on/off button and a reset button.

Power: The main power button is used to apply or remove power from the power supply to the server system. Turning off system power with this button removes the main power but keeps standby power supplied to the system. Therefore, you must unplug system before servicing.



Reset: The reset button is used to reboot the system.

3-3 Control Panel LEDs

The control panel located on the left handle of the SC848 chassis has five LEDs. These LEDs provide you with critical information related to different parts of the system. This section explains what each LED indicates when illuminated and any corrective action you may need to take.

Power: Indicates power is being supplied to the system's power supply units. This LED should normally be illuminated when the system is operating.

HDD: Indicates IDE channel activity. SAS/SATA drive, and/or DVD-ROM drive activity when flashing.

NIC1: Indicates network activity on GLAN1 when flashing.

NIC2: Indicates network activity on GLAN2 when flashing.

Overheat/Fan Fail: When this LED flashes, it indicates a fan failure. When continuously on (not flashing) it indicates an overheat condition, which may be caused by cables obstructing the airflow in the system or the ambient room temperature being too warm. Check the routing of the cables and make sure all fans are present and operating normally. You should also check to make sure that the chassis covers are installed. Finally, verify that the heatsinks are installed properly. This LED will remain flashing or on as long as the overheat condition exists.

Power Failure: When this LED flashes, it indicates a failure in the redundant power supply.

3-4 Drive Carrier LEDs

Your system supports SAS/SATA drives.

SAS/SATA Drives

Each SAS/SATA drive carrier has two LEDs.

- **Blue:**
  Solid on = Drive is present and available.
  Blinking = Drive is actively being accessed.
  Each Serial ATA drive carrier has a blue LED. When illuminated in a solid on state, this blue LED (on the front of the SAS/SATA drive carrier) indicates drive activity. A connection to the SAS/SATA backplane enables this LED to blink on and off when that particular drive is being accessed.
- **Red:**
  Solid on = Drive failure
  Blinking = Rebuilding RAID
  The red LED to indicate an SAS/SATA drive failure. If one of the SAS/SATA drives fail, you should be notified by your system management software.

SCSI Drives

This chassis does not support SCSI drives at this time.

Chapter 4

Standardized Warning Statements for AC Systems

4-1 About Standardized Warning Statements

The following statements are industry standard warnings, provided to warn the user of situations which have the potential for bodily injury. Should you have questions or experience difficulty, contact Supermicro's Technical Support department for assistance. Only certified technicians should attempt to install or configure components.

Read this appendix in its entirety before installing or configuring components in the Supermicro chassis.

These warnings may also be found on our web site at http://www.supermicro.com/about/policies/safety_information.cfm.

Warning Definition

Warning!

This warning symbol means danger. You are in a situation that could cause bodily injury. Before you work on any equipment, be aware of the hazards involved with electrical circuitry and be familiar with standard practices for preventing accidents.

警告の定義

この警告サインは危険を意味します。

人身事故につながる可能性がありますので、いずれの機器でも動作させる前に、

電気回路に含まれる危険性に注意して、標準的な事故防止策に精通して下さい。

此警告符号代表危险。

您正处于可能受到严重伤害的工作环境中。在您使用设备开始工作之前，必须充分意识到触电的危险，并熟练掌握防止事故发生的标准工作程序。请根据每项警告结尾的声明号码找到此设备的安全性警告说明的翻译文本。

此警告符號代表危險。

您正處於可能身體可能會受損傷的工作環境中。在您使用任何設備之前，請注意觸電的危險，並且要熟悉預防事故發生的標準工作程序。請依照每一注意事項後的號碼找到相關的翻譯說明內容。

Warnung

WICHTIGE SICHERHEITSHINWEISE

Dieses Warnsymbol bedeutet Gefahr. Sie befinden sich in einer Situation, die zu Verletzungen führen kann. Machen Sie sich vor der Arbeit mit Geräten mit den Gefahren elektrischer Schaltungen und den üblichen Verfahren zur Vorbeugung vor Unfällen vertraut. Suchen Sie mit der am Ende jeder Warnung angegebenen Anweisungsnummer nach der jeweiligen Übersetzung in den übersetzten Sicherheitshinweisen, die zusammen mit diesem Gerät ausgeliefert wurden.

BEWAHREN SIE DIESE HINWEISE GUT AUF.

INSTRUCCIONES IMPORTANTES DE SEGURIDAD

Este símbolo de aviso indica peligro. Existe riesgo para su integridad física. Antes de manipular cualquier equipo, considere los riesgos de la corriente eléctrica y familiarícese con los procedimientos estándar de prevención de accidentes. Al final de cada advertencia encontrará el número que le ayudará a encontrar el texto traducido en el apartado de traducciones que acompaña a este dispositivo.

GUARDE ESTAS INSTRUCCIONES.

IMPORTANTES INFORMATIONS DE SÉCURITÉ

Ce symbole d'avertissement indique un danger. Vous vous trouvez dans une situation pouvant entraîner des blessures ou des dommages corporels. Avant de travailler sur un équipement, soyez conscient des dangers liés aux circuits électriques et familiarisez-vous avec les procédures couramment utilisées pour éviter les accidents. Pour prendre connaissance des traductions des avertissements figurant dans les consignes de sécurité traduites qui accompagnent cet appareil, référez-vous au numéro de l'instruction situé à la fin de chaque avertissement.

CONSERVEZ CES INFORMATIONS.

תקנון הצהרות אזהרה

הצהרות הבאות הן אזהרות על פי תקני התעשייה, על מנת להזהיר את המשתמש מפני חבלה פיזית אפשרית. במידה ויש שאלות או היתקלות בבעיה כלשהי, יש ליצור קשר עם מחלקת תמיכה טכנית של סופרמיקרו. טכנאים מוסמכים בלבד רשאים להתקין או להגדיר את הרכיבים.

יש לקרוא את הנספח במלואו לפני התקנת או הגדרת הרכיבים במארזי סופרמיקרו.

تحذير! هذا الرمز يعني خطر انك في حالة يمكن أن تتسبب في اصابة جسدية .
قبل أن تعمل على أي معدات،كن على علم بالمخاطر الناجمة عن الدوائر
الكهربائية
وكن على دراية بالممارسات الوقائية لمنع وقوع أي حوادث
استخدم رقم البيان المنصوص في نهاية كل تحذير للعثور ترجمتها

안전을 위한 주의사항

경고!

이 경고 기호는 위험이 있음을 알려 줍니다. 작업자의 신체에 부상을 야기 할 수 있는 상태에 있게 됩니다. 모든 장비에 대한 작업을 수행하기 전에 전기회로와 관련된 위험요소들을 확인하시고 사전에 사고를 방지할 수 있도록 표준 작업절차를 준수해 주시기 바랍니다.

해당 번역문을 찾기 위해 각 경고의 마지막 부분에 제공된 경고문 번호를 참조하십시오

BELANGRIJKE VEILIGHEIDSINSTRUCTIES

Dit waarschuwings symbool betekent gevaar. U verkeert in een situatie die lichamelijk letsel kan veroorzaken. Voordat u aan enige apparatuur gaat werken, dient u zich bewust te zijn van de bij een elektrische installatie betrokken risico's en dient u op de hoogte te zijn van de standaard procedures om ongelukken te voorkomen. Gebruik de nummers aan het eind van elke waarschuwing om deze te herleiden naar de desbetreffende locatie.

BEWAAR DEZE INSTRUCTIES

Installation Instructions

Warning!

Read the installation instructions before connecting the system to the power source.

設置手順書

システムを電源に接続する前に、設置手順書をお読み下さい。

警告
将此系统连接电源前,请先阅读安装说明。

警告
將系統與電源連接前，請先閱讀安裝說明。

Warnung

Vor dem Anschließen des Systems an die Stromquelle die Installationsanweisungen lesen.

¡Advertencia!

Lea las instrucciones de instalación antes de conectar el sistema a la red de alimentación.

Attention

Avant de brancher le système sur la source d'alimentation, consulter les directives d'installation.

יש לקרוא את הוראות התקנה לפני חיבור המערכת למקור מתח.

اقر إرشادات التركيب قبل توصيل النظام إلى مصدر للطاقة

시스템을 전원에 연결하기 전에 설치 안내를 읽어주십시오.

Waarschuwing

Raadpleeg de installatie-instructies voordat u het systeem op de voedingsbron aansluit.

Circuit Breaker

Warning!

This product relies on the building's installation for short-circuit (overcurrent) protection. Ensure that the protective device is rated not greater than: 250 V, 20 A.

サーキット・ブレーカー

この製品は、短絡（過電流）保護装置がある建物での設置を前提としています。

保護装置の定格が250 V、20 Aを超えないことを確認下さい。

警告

此产品的短路(过载电流)保护由建筑物的供电系统提供,确保短路保护设备的额定电流不大于250V,20A。

警告

此產品的短路(過載電流)保護由建築物的供電系統提供,確保短路保護設備的額定電流不大於250V,20A。

Warnung

Dieses Produkt ist darauf angewiesen, dass im Gebäude ein Kurzschluss- bzw. Überstromschutz installiert ist. Stellen Sie sicher, dass der Nennwert der Schutzvorrichtung nicht mehr als: 250 V, 20 A beträgt.

¡Advertencia!

Este equipo utiliza el sistema de protección contra cortocircuitos (o sobrecorrientes) del edificio. Asegúrese de que el dispositivo de protección no sea superior a: 250 V, 20 A.

Attention

Pour ce qui est de la protection contre les courts-circuits (surtension), ce produit dépend de l'installation électrique du local. Vérifiez que le courant nominal du dispositif de protection n'est pas supérieur à :250 V, 20 A.

מוצר זה מסתמך על הגנה המותקנת במבנים למניעת קצר חשמלי. יש לוודא כי המכשיר המגן מפני הקצר החשמלי הוא לא יותר מ-250 V, 20 A

هذا المنتج يعتمد على معدات الحماية من الدوائر القصيرة التي تم تثبيتها في المبنى

تأكد من أن تقييم الجهاز الوقائي ليس أكثر من: 20A, 250V

경고!

이 제품은 전원의 단락(과전류)방지에 대해서 전적으로 건물의 관련 설비에 의존합니다. 보호장치의 정격이 반드시 250V(볼트), 20A(암페어)를 초과하지 않도록 해야 합니다.

Waarschuwing

Dit product is afhankelijk van de kortsluitbeveiliging (overspanning) van uw electrische installatie. Controleer of het beveiligde aparaat niet groter gedimensioneerd is dan 220V, 20A.

Power Disconnection Warning

Warning!

The system must be disconnected from all sources of power and the power cord removed from the power supply module(s) before accessing the chassis interior to install or remove system components.

電源切断の警告

システムコンポーネントの取り付けまたは取り外しのために、シャーシー内部にアクセスするには、
システムの電源はすべてのソースから切断され、電源コードは電源モジュールから取り外す必要があります。

警告

在你打开机箱并安装或移除内部器件前,必须将系统完全断电,并移除电源线。

警告

在您打開機殼安裝或移除內部元件前，必須將系統完全斷電，並移除電源線。

Warnung

Das System muss von allen Quellen der Energie und vom Netzanschlusskabel getrennt sein, das von den Spg.Versorgungsteilmodulen entfernt wird, bevor es auf den Chassisinnenraum zurückgreift, um Systemsbestandteile anzubringen oder zu entfernen.

¡Advertencia!

El sistema debe ser disconnected de todas las fuentes de energía y del cable eléctrico quitado de los módulos de fuente de alimentación antes de tener acceso el interior del chasis para instalar o para quitar componentes de sistema.

Attention

Le système doit être débranché de toutes les sources de puissance ainsi que de son cordon d'alimentation secteur avant d'accéder à l'intérieur du chassis pour installer ou enlever des composants de systéme.

אזהרה !

יש לנתק את המערכת מכל מקורות החשמל ויש להסיר את כבל החשמלי מהספק לפני גישה לחלק הפנימי של המארז לצורך התקנת או הסרת רכיבים.

يجب فصل النظام من جميع مصادر الطاقة وإزالة سلك الكهرباء من وحدة امداد الطاقة قبل
الوصول إلى المناطق الداخلية للهيكل لتثبيت أو إزالة مكونات الجهاز

경고!

시스템에 부품들을 장착하거나 제거하기 위해서는 섀시 내부에 접근하기 전에 반드시 전원 공급장치로부터 연결되어있는 모든 전원과 전기코드를 분리해주어야 합니다.

Waarschuwing

Voordat u toegang neemt tot het binnenwerk van de behuizing voor het installeren of verwijderen van systeem onderdelen, dient u alle spanningsbronnen en alle stroomkabels aangesloten op de voeding(en) van de behuizing te verwijderen

Equipment Installation

Warning!

Only trained and qualified personnel should be allowed to install, replace, or service this equipment.

機器の設置

トレーニングを受け認定された人だけがこの装置の設置、交換、またはサービスを許可されています。

警告

只有经过培训且具有资格的人员才能进行此设备的安装、更换和维修。

警告

只有經過受訓且具資格人員才可安裝、更換與維修此設備。

Warnung

Das Installieren, Ersetzen oder Bedienen dieser Ausrüstung sollte nur geschultem, qualifiziertem Personal gestattet werden.

¡Advertencia!

Solamente el personal calificado debe instalar, reemplazar o utilizar este equipo.

Attention

Il est vivement recommandé de confier l'installation, le remplacement et la maintenance de ces équipements à des personnels qualifiés et expérimentés.

אזהרה !

צוות מוסמך בלבד רשאי להתקין, להחליף את הציוד או לתת שירות עבור הציוד.

يجب أن يسمح فقط للموظفين المؤهلين والمدربين لتركيب واستبدال أو خدمة هذا الجهاز

경고!

훈련을 받고 공인된 기술자만이 이 장비의 설치, 교체 또는 서비스를 수행할 수 있습니다.

Waarschuwing

Deze apparatuur mag alleen worden geïnstalleerd, vervangen of hersteld door geschoold en gekwalificeerd personeel.

Restricted Area

Warning!

This unit is intended for installation in restricted access areas. A restricted access area can be accessed only through the use of a special tool, lock and key, or other means of security. (This warning does not apply to workstations).

アクセス制限区域

このユニットは、アクセス制限区域に設置されることを想定しています。

アクセス制限区域は、特別なツール、鍵と錠前、その他のセキュリティの手段を用いてのみ出入りが可能です。

警告

此部件应安装在限制进出的场所，限制进出的场所指只能通过使用特殊工具、锁和钥匙或其它安全手段进出的场所。

警告

此裝置僅限安裝於進出管制區域，進出管制區域係指僅能以特殊工具、鎖頭及鑰匙或其他安全方式才能進入的區域。

Warnung

Diese Einheit ist zur Installation in Bereichen mit beschränktem Zutritt vorgesehen. Der Zutritt zu derartigen Bereichen ist nur mit einem Spezialwerkzeug, Schloss und Schlüssel oder einer sonstigen Sicherheitsvorkehrung möglich.

¡Advertencia!

Esta unidad ha sido diseñada para instalación en áreas de acceso restringido. Sólo puede obtenerse acceso a una de estas áreas mediante la utilización de una herramienta especial, cerradura con llave u otro medio de seguridad.

Attention

Cet appareil doit être installée dans des zones d'accès réservés. L'accès à une zone d'accès réservé n'est possible qu'en utilisant un outil spécial, un mécanisme de verrouillage et une clé, ou tout autre moyen de sécurité.

אזור עם גישה מוגבלת

אזהרה !
יש להתקין את היחידה באזורים שיש בהם הגבלת גישה. הגישה ניתנת בעזרת כלי אבטחה בלבד (מפתח, מנעול וכד').

تم تخصيص هذه الوحدة لتركيبها في مناطق محظورة .
يمكن الوصول إلى منطقة محظورة فقط من خلال استخدام أداة خاصة،
قفل ومفتاح أو أي وسيلة أخرى للالأمان

경고!

이 장치는 접근이 제한된 구역에 설치하도록 되어있습니다. 특수도구, 잠금 장치 및 키, 또는 기타 보안 수단을 통해서만 접근 제한 구역에 들어갈 수 있습니다.

Waarschuwing

Dit apparaat is bedoeld voor installatie in gebieden met een beperkte toegang. Toegang tot dergelijke gebieden kunnen alleen verkregen worden door gebruik te maken van speciaal gereedschap, slot en sleutel of andere veiligheidsmaatregelen.

Battery Handling

Warning!

There is the danger of explosion if the battery is replaced incorrectly. Replace the battery only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer. Dispose of used batteries according to the manufacturer's instructions

電池の取り扱い

電池交換が正しく行われなかった場合、破裂の危険性があります。交換する電池はメーカーが推奨する型、または同等のものを使用下さい。使用済電池は製造元の指示に従って処分して下さい。

警告
电池更换不当会有爆炸危险。请只使用同类电池或制造商推荐的功能相当的电池更换原有电池。请按制造商的说明处理废旧电池。

警告
電池更換不當會有爆炸危險。請使用製造商建議之相同或功能相當的電池更換原有電池。請按照製造商的說明指示處理廢棄舊電池。

Warnung

Bei Einsetzen einer falschen Batterie besteht Explosionsgefahr. Ersetzen Sie die Batterie nur durch den gleichen oder vom Hersteller empfohlenen Batterietyp. Entsorgen Sie die benutzten Batterien nach den Anweisungen des Herstellers.

Attention

Danger d'explosion si la pile n'est pas remplacée correctement. Ne la remplacer que par une pile de type semblable ou équivalent, recommandée par le fabricant. Jeter les piles usagées conformément aux instructions du fabricant.

¡Advertencia!

Existe peligro de explosión si la batería se reemplaza de manera incorrecta. Reemplazar la batería exclusivamente con el mismo tipo o el equivalente recomendado por el fabricante. Desechar las baterías gastadas según las instrucciones del fabricante.

אזהרה !
קיימת סכנת פיצוץ של הסוללה במידה והוחלפה בדרך לא תקינה. יש להחליף את הסוללה בסוג התואם מחברת יצרן מומלצת.

סילוק הסוללות המשומשות יש לבצע לפי הוראות היצרן.

هناك خطر من انفجار في حالة استبدال البطارية بطريقة غير صحيحة فعليك استبدال البطارية
فقط بنفس النوع أو ما يعادلها كما أوصت به الشركة المصنعة
تخلص من البطاريات المستعملة وفقا لتعليمات الشركة الصانعة

경고!

배터리가 올바르게 교체되지 않으면 폭발의 위험이 있습니다. 기존 배터리와 동일하거나 제조사에서 권장하는 동등한 종류의 배터리로만 교체해야 합니다. 제조사의 안내에 따라 사용된 배터리를 처리하여 주십시오.

Waarschuwing

Er is ontploffingsgevaar indien de batterij verkeerd vervangen wordt. Vervang de batterij slechts met hetzelfde of een equivalent type die door de fabrikant aanbevolen wordt. Gebruikte batterijen dienen overeenkomstig fabrieksvoorschriften afgevoerd te worden.

Redundant Power Supplies

Warning!

This unit might have more than one power supply connection. All connections must be removed to de-energize the unit.

冗長電源装置
このユニットは複数の電源装置が接続されている場合があります。
ユニットの電源を切るためには、すべての接続を取り外さなければなりません。

警告
此部件连接的电源可能不止一个，必须将所有电源断开才能停止给该部件供电。

警告
此裝置連接的電源可能不只一個，必須切斷所有電源才能停止對該裝置的供電。

Warnung

Dieses Gerät kann mehr als eine Stromzufuhr haben. Um sicherzustellen, dass der Einheit kein trom zugeführt wird, müssen alle Verbindungen entfernt werden.

¡Advertencia!

Puede que esta unidad tenga más de una conexión para fuentes de alimentación. Para cortar por completo el suministro de energía, deben desconectarse todas las conexiones.

Attention

Cette unité peut avoir plus d'une connexion d'alimentation. Pour supprimer toute tension et tout courant électrique de l'unité, toutes les connexions d'alimentation doivent être débranchées.

אם קיים יותר מספק אחד

אזהרה !
ליחדה יש יותר מחיבור אחד של ספק. יש להסיר את כל החיבורים על מנת לרוקן את היחידה.

قد يكون لهذا الجهاز عدة اتصالات بوحدات امداد الطاقة.
يجب إزالة كافة الاتصالات لعزل الوحدة عن الكهرباء

경고!

이 장치에는 한 개 이상의 전원 공급 단자가 연결되어 있을 수 있습니다. 이 장치에 전원을 차단하기 위해서는 모든 연결 단자를 제거해야만 합니다.

Waarschuwing

Deze eenheid kan meer dan één stroomtoevoeraansluiting bevatten. Alle aansluitingen dienen verwijderd te worden om het apparaat stroomloos te maken.

Backplane Voltage

Warning!

Hazardous voltage or energy is present on the backplane when the system is operating. Use caution when servicing.

バックプレーンの電圧

システムの稼働中は危険な電圧または電力が、バックプレーン上にかかっています。

修理する際には注意ください。

警告

当系统正在进行时，背板上有很危险的电压或能量，进行维修时务必小心。

警告

當系統正在進行時，背板上有危險的電壓或能量，進行維修時務必小心。

Warnung

Wenn das System in Betrieb ist, treten auf der Rückwandplatine gefährliche Spannungen oder Energien auf. Vorsicht bei der Wartung.

¡Advertencia!

Cuando el sistema está en funcionamiento, el voltaje del plano trasero es peligroso. Tenga cuidado cuando lo revise.

Attention

Lorsque le système est en fonctionnement, des tensions électriques circulent sur le fond de panier. Prendre des précautions lors de la maintenance.

מתח בפנל האחורי

אזהרה !
קיימת סכנת מתח בפנל האחורי בזמן תפעול המערכת. יש להיזהר במהלך העבודה.

هناك خطر من التيار الكهربائي أوالطاقة الموجودة على اللوحة
عندما يكون النظام يعمل كن حذرا عند خدمة هذا الجهاز

경고!

시스템이 동작 중일 때 후면판 (Backplane)에는 위험한 전압이나 에너지가 발생합니다. 서비스 작업 시 주의하십시오.

Waarschuwing

Een gevaarlijke spanning of energie is aanwezig op de backplane wanneer het systeem in gebruik is. Voorzichtigheid is geboden tijdens het onderhoud.

Comply with Local and National Electrical Codes

Warning!

Installation of the equipment must comply with local and national electrical codes.

地方および国の電気規格に準拠
機器の取り付けはその地方および国の電気規格に準拠する必要があります。

警告

设备安装必须符合本地与本国电气法规。

警告

設備安裝必須符合本地與本國電氣法規。

Warnung

Die Installation der Geräte muss den Sicherheitsstandards entsprechen.

¡Advertencia!

La instalacion del equipo debe cumplir con las normas de electricidad locales y nacionales.

Attention

L'équipement doit être installé conformément aux normes électriques nationales et locales.

תיאום חוקי החשמל הארצי

אזהרה !
התקנת הציוד חייבת להיות תואמת לחוקי החשמל המקומיים והארציים.

تركيب المعدات الكهربائية يجب أن يمتثل للقوانين المحلية والوطنية المتعلقة بالكهرباء

경고!

현 지역 및 국가의 전기 규정에 따라 장비를 설치해야 합니다.

Waarschuwing

Bij installatie van de apparatuur moet worden voldaan aan de lokale en nationale elektriciteitsvoorschriften.

Product Disposal

Warning!

Ultimate disposal of this product should be handled according to all national laws and regulations.

製品の廃棄

この製品を廃棄処分する場合、国の関係する全ての法律・条例に従い処理する必要があります。

警告
本产品的废弃处理应根据所有国家的法律和规章进行。

警告
本產品的廢棄處理應根據所有國家的法律和規章進行。

Warnung

Die Entsorgung dieses Produkts sollte gemäß allen Bestimmungen und Gesetzen des Landes erfolgen.

¡Advertencia!

Al deshacerse por completo de este producto debe seguir todas las leyes y reglamentos nacionales.

Attention

La mise au rebut ou le recyclage de ce produit sont généralement soumis à des lois et/ou directives de respect de l'environnement. Renseignez-vous auprès de l'organisme compétent.

סילוק המוצר

אזהרה !
סילוק סופי של מוצר זה חייב להיות בהתאם להנחיות וחוקי המדינה.

عند التخلص النهائي من هذا المنتج ينبغي التعامل معه وفقا لجميع القوانين واللوائح الوطنية

경고!

이 제품은 해당 국가의 관련 법규 및 규정에 따라 폐기되어야 합니다.

Waarschuwing

De uiteindelijke verwijdering van dit product dient te geschieden in overeenstemming met alle nationale wetten en reglementen.

Hot Swap Fan Warning

Warning!

The fans might still be turning when you remove the fan assembly from the chassis. Keep fingers, screwdrivers, and other objects away from the openings in the fan assembly's housing.

ファン・ホットスワップの警告

シャーシから冷却ファン装置を取り外した際、ファンがまだ回転している可能性があります。ファンの開口部に、指、ドライバー、およびその他のものを近づけないで下さい。

警告
当您从机架移除风扇装置，风扇可能仍在转动。小心不要将手指、螺丝起子和其他物品太靠近风扇

警告
當您從機架移除風扇裝置，風扇可能仍在轉動。小心不要將手指、螺絲起子和其他物品太靠近風扇。

Warnung

Die Lüfter drehen sich u. U. noch, wenn die Lüfterbaugruppe aus dem Chassis genommen wird. Halten Sie Finger, Schraubendreher und andere Gegenstände von den Öffnungen des Lüftergehäuses entfernt.

¡Advertencia!

Los ventiladores podran dar vuelta cuando usted quite ell montaje del ventilador del chasis. Mandtenga los dedos, los destornilladores y todos los objetos lejos de las aberturas del ventilador

Attention

Il est possible que les ventilateurs soient toujours en rotation lorsque vous retirerez le bloc ventilateur du châssis. Prenez garde à ce que doigts, tournevis et autres objets soient éloignés du logement du bloc ventilateur.

אזהרה !
כאשר מסירים את חלקי המאוורר מהמארז, יתכן והמאוררים עדיין עובדים. יש להרחיק למרחק בטוח את האצבעות וכלי עבודה שונים מהפתחים בתוך המאוורר

من الممكن أن المراوح لا تزال تدور عند إزالة كتلة المروحة من الهيكل يجب إبقاء الأصابع ومفكات البراغي
وغيرها من الأشياء بعيدا عن الفتحات في كتلة المروحة.

경고!

섀시로부터 팬 조립품을 제거할 때 팬은 여전히 회전하고 있을 수 있습니다. 팬 조림품 외관의 열려있는 부분들로부터 손가락 및 스크류드라이버, 다른 물체들이 가까이 하지 않도록 배치해 주십시오.

Waarschuwing

Het is mogelijk dat de ventilator nog draait tijdens het verwijderen van het ventilatorsamenstel uit het chassis. Houd uw vingers, schroevendraaiers en eventuele andere voorwerpen uit de buurt van de openingen in de ventilatorbehuizing.

Power Cable and AC Adapter

Warning!

When installing the product, use the provided or designated connection cables, power cables and AC adaptors. Using any other cables and adaptors could cause a malfunction or a fire. Electrical Appliance and Material Safety Law prohibits the use of UL or CSA -certified cables (that have UL/CSA shown on the code) for any other electrical devices than products designated by Supermicro only.

電源コードとACアダプター

製品を設置する場合、提供または指定された接続ケーブル、電源コードとACアダプターを使用下さい。他のケーブルやアダプタを使用すると故障や火災の原因になることがあります。電気用品安全法は、ULまたはCSA認定のケーブル(UL/CSEマークがコードに表記)を Supermicroが指定する製品以外に使用することを禁止しています。

警告

安装此产品时,请使用本身提供的或指定的连接线,电源线和电源适配器.使用其它线材或适配器可能会引起故障或火灾。除了Supermicro所指定的产品,电气用品和材料安全法律规定禁止使用未经UL或CSA认证的线材。(线材上会显示UL/CSA符号)。

警告

安裝此產品時,請使用本身提供的或指定的連接線,電源線和電源適配器.使用其它線材或適配器可能會引起故障或火災。除了Supermicro所指定的產品,電氣用品和材料安全法律規定禁止使用未經UL或CSA認證的線材。(線材上會顯示UL/CSA符號)。

Warnung

Bei der Installation des Produkts, die zur Verfügung gestellten oder benannt Anschlusskabel, Stromkabel und Netzteile. Verwendung anderer Kabel und Adapter kann zu einer Fehlfunktion oder ein Brand entstehen. Elektrische Geräte und Material Safety Law verbietet die Verwendung von UL-oder CSA-zertifizierte Kabel, UL oder CSA auf der Code für alle anderen elektrischen Geräte als Produkte von Supermicro nur bezeichnet gezeigt haben.

¡Advertencia!

Al instalar el producto, utilice los cables de conexión previstos o designados, los cables y adaptadores de CA. La utilización de otros cables y adaptadores podría ocasionar un mal funcionamiento o un incendio. Aparatos Eléctricos y la Ley de Seguridad del Material prohíbe el uso de UL o CSA cables certificados que tienen UL o CSA se muestra en el código de otros dispositivos eléctricos que los productos designados por Supermicro solamente.

Attention

Lors de l'installation du produit, utilisez les bables de connection fournis ou désigné. L'utilisation d'autres cables et adaptateurs peut provoquer un dysfonctionnement ou un incendie. Appareils électroménagers et de loi sur la sécurité Matériel interdit l'utilisation de UL ou CSA câbles certifiés qui ont UL ou CSA indiqué sur le code pour tous les autres appareils électriques que les produits désignés par Supermicro seulement.

חשמליים ומתאמי AC

אזהרה !

כאשר מתקינים את המוצר, יש להשתמש בכבלים, ספקים ומתאמים AC אשר נועדו וסופקו לשם כך. שימוש בכל כבל או מתאם אחר יכול לגרום לתקלה או קצר חשמלי. על פי חוקי שימוש במכשירי חשמל וחוקי בטיחות, קיים איסור להשתמש בכבלים המוסמכים ב- UL או ב- CSA (כשאר מופיע עליהם קוד של UL/CSA) עבור כל מוצר חשמלי אחר שלא צוין על ידי סופרמיקרו בלבד.

عند تركيب الجهاز يجب استخدام كابلات التوصيل،والكابلات الكهربائية ومحولات التيار المتردد
التي . أن استخدام أي كابلات ومحولات أخرى يتسبب في حدوث عطل أو حريق.
تم توفيرها لك مع المنتج
الأجهزة الكهربائية ومواد قانون السلامة يحظر استخدام الكابلات CSA أو UL معتمدة من قبل
لأي أجهزة كهربائية أخرى غير المنتجات المعينة من قبل Supermicro
(التي تحمل علامة UL/CSA)

경고!

제품을 설치할 때에는 제공되거나 지정된 연결케이블과 전원케이블, AC어댑터를 사용해야 합니다. 그 밖의 다른 케이블들이나 어댑터들은 고장 또는 화재의 원인이 될 수 있습니다. 전기용품안전법 (Electrical Appliance and Material Safety Law)은 슈퍼마이크로에서 지정한 제품들 외에는 그 밖의 다른 전기 장치들을 위한 UL또는 CSA에서 인증한 케이블(전선 위에 UL/CSA가 표시)들의 사용을 금지합니다.

Waarschuwing

Bij het installeren van het product, gebruik de meegeleverde of aangewezen kabels, stroomkabels en adapters. Het gebruik van andere kabels en adapters kan leiden tot een storing of een brand. Elektrisch apparaat en veiligheidsinformatiebladen wet verbiedt het gebruik van UL of CSA gecertificeerde kabels die UL of CSA die op de code voor andere elektrische apparaten dan de producten die door Supermicro alleen.

Notes

Chapter 5

Advanced Serverboard Setup

This chapter covers the steps required to install the X9QR7-TF-JBOD serverboard into the chassis, connect the data and power cables and install add-on cards. All serverboard jumpers and connections are also described. A layout and quick reference chart are included in this chapter for your reference. Remember to completely close the chassis when you have finished working with the serverboard to better cool and protect the system.

5-1 Handling the Serverboard

Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) can damage electronic components. To prevent damage to any printed circuit boards (PCBs), it is important to handle them very carefully (see previous chapter). To prevent the serverboard from bending, keep one hand under the center of the board to support it when handling. The following measures are generally sufficient to protect your equipment from electric static discharge.

Precautions

- Use a grounded wrist strap designed to prevent Electrostatic Discharge (ESD).
- Touch a grounded metal object before removing any board from its antistatic bag.
- Handle a board by its edges only; do not touch its components, peripheral chips, memory modules or gold contacts.
- When handling chips or modules, avoid touching their pins.
- Put the serverboard, add-on cards and peripherals back into their antistatic bags when not in use.
- For grounding purposes, make sure your computer chassis provides excellent conductivity between the power supply, the case, the mounting fasteners and the serverboard.

Unpacking

The serverboard is shipped in antistatic packaging to avoid electrical static discharge. When unpacking the board, make sure the person handling it is static protected.

5-2 Connecting Cables

Now that the processors are installed, the next step is to connect the cables to the serverboard.

Connecting Data Cables

The cables used to transfer data from the peripheral devices have been carefully routed in preconfigured systems to prevent them from blocking the flow of cooling air that moves through the system from front to back. If you need to disconnect any of these cables, you should take care to reroute them as they were originally after reconnecting them (make sure the red wires connect to the pin 1 locations). If you are configuring the system, keep the airflow in mind when routing the cables.

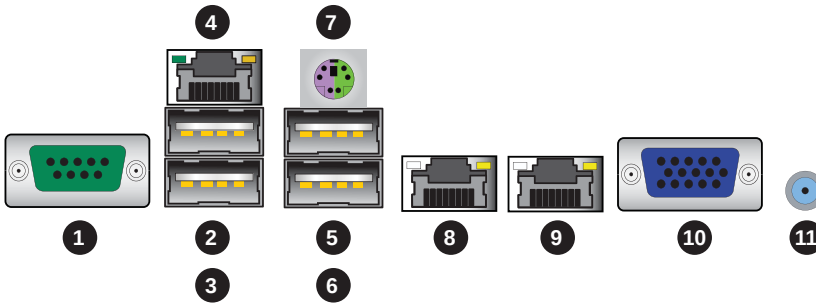
The following cables need to be connected for the SuperServer 8047R-7JRFT system:

- One (1) round 76-cm (30") 16-to-16-pin ribbon FP cable (CBL-0071L)
- Four (4) 10.5" 4-pin PWM middle fan power extention cables (CBL-0088L)
- Two (2) 20-cm 4-pin-to-4-pin PWM rear fan power extension cables (CBL-0216L)
- One (1) power extension cable; one HDD to two HDD and two FDD (CBL-0099)
- One (1) 22cm PBF 16-pin control panel converter cable for SC826/846 (CBL-0217L)
- One (1) 39-cm PBF IPASS TO IPASS cable (CBL-0108L-02)
- One (1) 55-cm PBF IPASS TO IPASS cable (CBL-0421L)

5-3 Control Panel Connectors and I/O Ports

The rear I/O ports are color coded in conformance with the PC 99 specification. See Figure 5-1 below for the colors and locations of the various I/O ports.

Figure 5-1. Rear I/O Ports



Back Panel I/O Port Locations and Definitions	
1.	COM Port 1 (Turquoise)
2.	Back Panel USB Port 3
3.	Back Panel USB Port 2
4.	IPMI_Dedicated LAN
5.	Back Panel USB Port 1
6.	Back Panel USB Port 0
7.	PS2 Keyboard/Mouse (Optional)
8.	10G_LAN 1
9.	10G_LAN 2
10	Back Panel VGA (Blue)
11	UID Switch

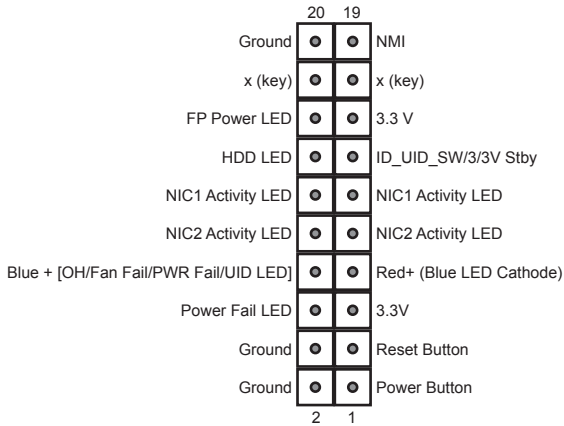
Connecting the Control Panel

JF1 contains header pins for various front control panel connectors. See Figure 5-1 for the pin locations of the various front control panel buttons and LED indicators. Even and odd numbered pins are on opposite sides of each header.

All JF1 wires have been bundled into single keyed ribbon cable to simplify their connection. The red wire in the ribbon cable plugs into pin 1 of JF1. Connect the other end of the cable to the Control Panel printed circuit board, located just behind the system status LEDs in the chassis.

See the Connector Definitions section in this chapter for details and pin descriptions of JF1.

Figure 5-2. Front Control Panel Header Pins (JF1)



5-4 Processor and Heatsink Installation

Caution! When handling the processor package, avoid placing direct pressure on the label area.

Note: Always connect the power cord last, and always remove it before adding, removing or changing any hardware components. Make sure that you install the processor into the CPU socket before you install the CPU heatsink.

Caution! If you buy a CPU separately, make sure that you use an Intel-certified multi-directional heatsink only.

Note: Make sure to install the system board into the chassis before you install the CPU heatsink.

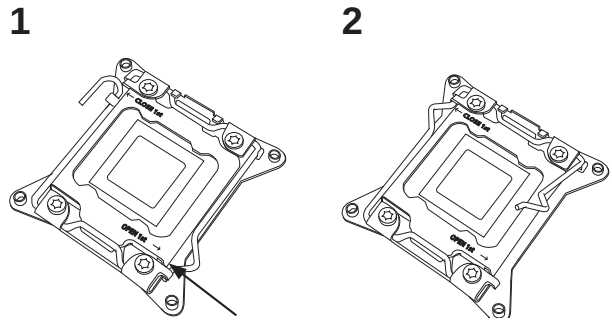
Note: When receiving a server board without a processor pre-installed, make sure that the plastic CPU socket cap is in place and none of the socket pins are bent; otherwise, contact your retailer immediately.

Note: Refer to the Supermicro website for updates on CPU support.

Note: When one CPU is installed, be sure to installed on CPU Socket 1 first.

Installing the LGA2011 Processor

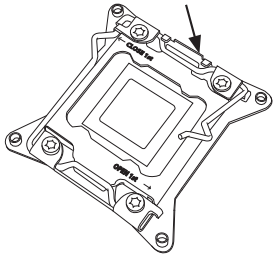
1. There are two load levers on the LGA2011 socket. To open the socket cover, first press and release the load lever labeled 'Open 1st'.



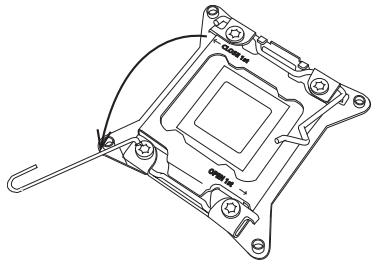
Press down on load lever labeled 'Open 1st'.

2. Press the second load lever labeled 'Close 1st' to release the load plate that covers the CPU socket from its locking position.

1 **Press down on the load lever labeled 'Close 1st'**

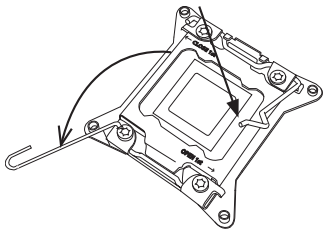


2 **Pull the lever away from the socket**

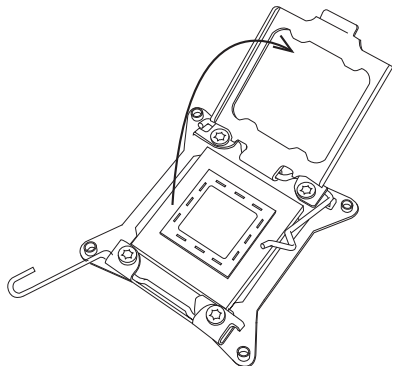


3. With the lever labeled 'Close 1st' fully retracted, gently push down on the lever marked 'Open 1st' to open the load plate. Lift the load plate to open it completely.

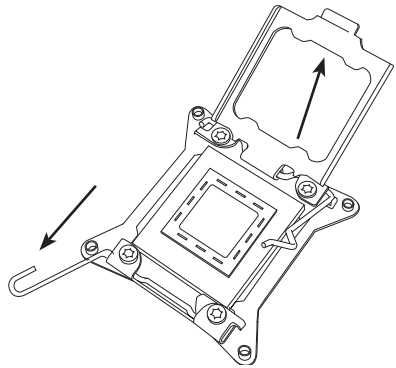
1 **Gently push to pop the load plate open.**



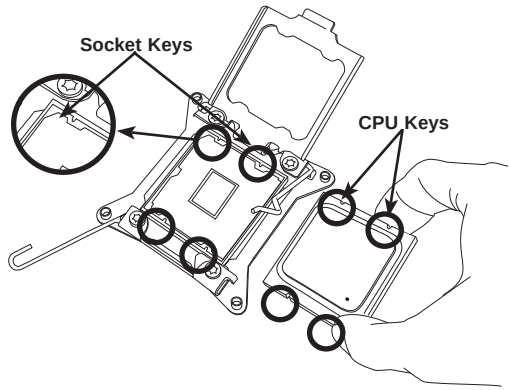
2



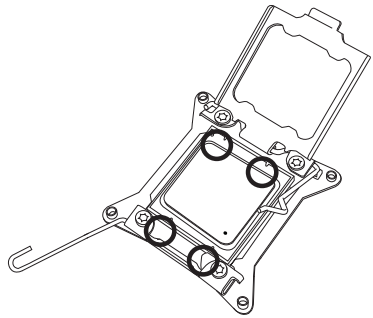
4. Use your index fingers to loosen the lever and open the load plate.



5. Use your thumb and index finger to hold the CPU on its edges. Align the CPU keys, which are semi-circle cutouts, against the socket keys.

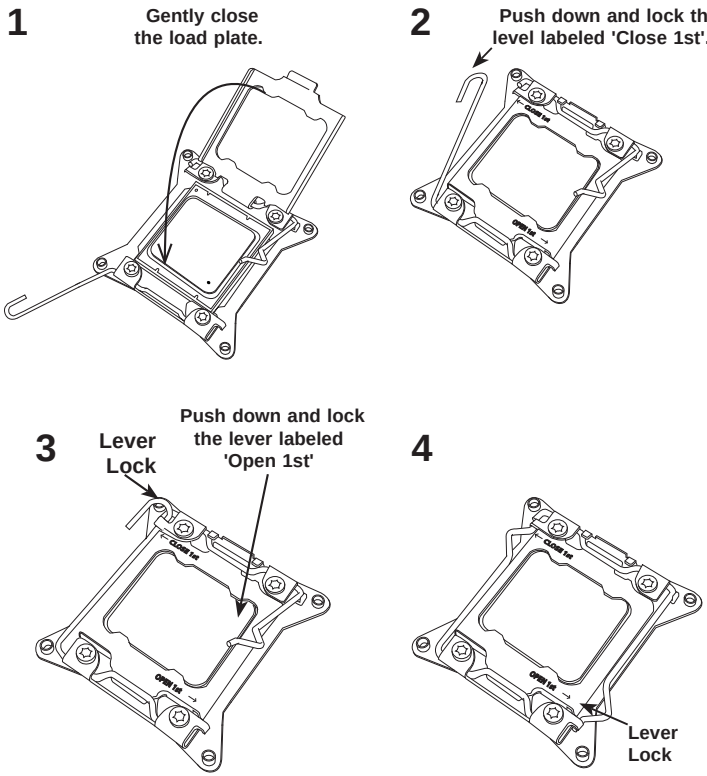


6. Once they are aligned, carefully lower the CPU straight down into the socket. (Do not drop the CPU on the socket. Do not move the CPU horizontally or vertically. Do not rub the CPU against the surface or against any pins of the socket to avoid damaging the CPU or the socket.)



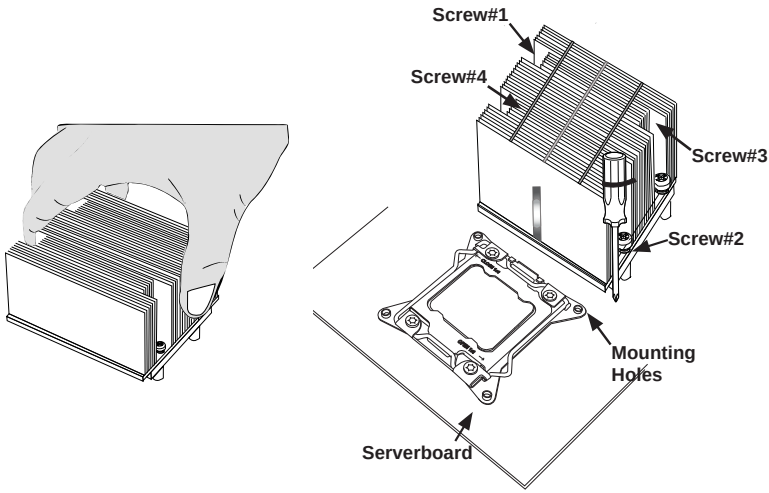
Warning: You can only install the CPU inside the socket in one direction. Make sure that it is properly inserted into the CPU socket before closing the load plate. If it doesn't close properly, do not force it as it may damage your CPU. Instead, open the load plate again and double-check that the CPU is aligned properly.

7. With the CPU inside the socket, inspect the four corners of the CPU to make sure that the CPU is properly installed.
8. Close the load plate with the CPU inside the socket. Lock the lever labeled 'Close 1st' first, then lock the lever labeled 'Open 1st' second. Use your thumb to gently push the load levers down to the lever locks.



Installing a Passive CPU Heatsink

1. Do not apply any thermal grease to the heatsink or the CPU die -- the required amount has already been applied.
2. Place the heatsink on top of the CPU so that the four mounting holes are aligned with those on the Serverboard's and the Heatsink Bracket underneath.
3. Screw in two diagonal screws (i.e., the #1 and the #2 screws) until just snug (-do not over-tighten the screws to avoid possible damage to the CPU.)
4. Finish the installation by fully tightening all four screws.

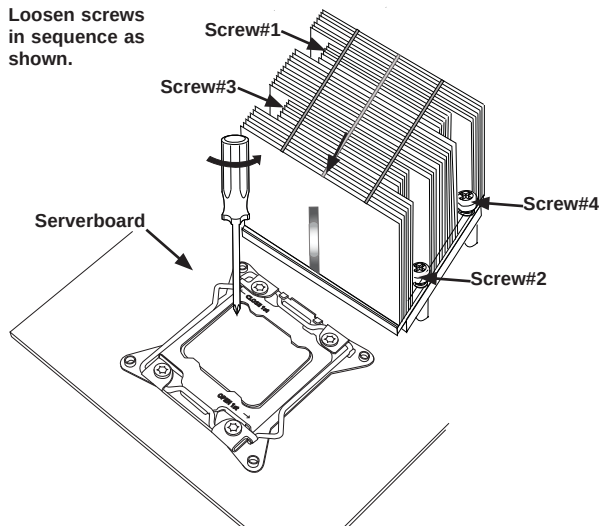


Heatsink for a 1U/2U System

Removing the Heatsink

Caution: We do not recommend that the CPU or the heatsink be removed. However, if you do need to uninstall the heatsink, please follow the instructions below to uninstall the heatsink to prevent damage done to the CPU or the CPU socket.

1. Unscrew the heatsink screws from the serverboard in the sequence as shown in the illustration below.
2. Gently wriggle the heatsink to loosen it from the CPU. (Do not use excessive force when wriggling the heatsink!)
3. Once the CPU is loosened, remove the CPU from the CPU socket.
4. Remove the used thermal grease and clean the surface of the CPU and the heatsink, Reapply the proper amount of thermal grease on the surface before reinstalling the CPU and the heatsink.



5-5 Installing Memory

Caution: exercise extreme care when installing or removing DIMM modules to prevent any possible damage.

Installing Memory

Installing & Removing DIMMs

1. Insert the desired number of DIMMs into the memory slots, starting with P1-DIMM #1A. (For best performance, please use the memory modules of the same type and speed in the same bank.)
2. Push the release tabs outwards on both ends of the DIMM slot to unlock it.
3. Align the key of the DIMM module with the receptive point on the memory slot.
4. Align the notches on both ends of the module against the receptive points on the ends of the slot.
5. Use two thumbs together to press the notches on both ends of the module straight down into the slot until the module snaps into place.
6. Press the release tabs to the locking positions to secure the DIMM module into the slot.

Reverse the steps above to remove the DIMM modules from the serverboard.

Note: 1 GB, 2 GB, 4 GB, 8 GB, 16 GB or 32 GB size memory modules are supported. It is highly recommended that you remove the power cord from the system before installing or changing memory modules. Please refer to our web site for memory that has been tested on the X9QR7-TF-JBOD serverboard.

Memory Support

The X9QR7-TF-JBOD serverboard supports DDR3-1600/1333/1066/800 MHz speed registered ECC/Unbuffered ECC/non-ECC SDRAM. Populating two slots at a time with memory modules of the same size and type will result in interleaved (128-bit) memory, which is faster than non-interleaved (64-bit) memory."

Note: Check the Supermicro website (www.supermicro.com) for the latest memory support information.

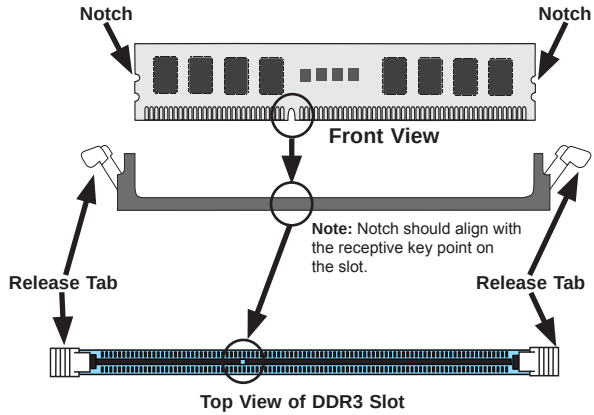
Maximum Memory

The X9QR7-TF-JBOD serverboard supports up to 768 GB of ECC 240-pin Registered (RDIMM)/Load Reduced (LRDIMM) ECC memory.

Figure 5-3. Installing DIMM into Slot

To Install: Insert module vertically and press down until it snaps into place. Pay attention to the alignment notch at the bottom.

To Remove: Use your thumbs to gently push the release tabs near both ends of the module. This should release it from the slot.



Processors and their Corresponding Memory Modules								
CPU#	**Corresponding DIMM Modules**							
CPU1	P1-A1	P1-A2	P1-B1	P1-B2	P1-C1	P1-C2	P1-D1	P1-D2
CPU2	P2-E1	P2-E2	P2-F1	P2-F2	P2-G1	P2-G2	P2-H1	P2-H2
CPU3	P3-J1		P3-K1		P3-L1		P3-M1	
CPU4	P4-N1		P4-P1		P4-R1		P4-T1	

Processor and Memory Module Population	
Number of CPUs+DIMMs	**CPU and Memory Population Configuration Table (*For memory to work properly, please follow the instructions below.)**
1 CPU & 2 DIMMs	CPU1 P1-DIMMA1/P1-DIMMB1
1 CPU & 4 DIMMs	CPU1 P1-DIMMA1/P1-DIMMB1, P1-DIMMC1/P1-DIMMD1
1 CPU & 5~8 DIMMs	CPU1 P1-DIMMA1/P1-DIMMB1, P1-DIMMC1/P1-DIMMD1 + Any memory pairs in P1-DIMMA2/ P1-DIMMB2/P1-DIMMC2/P1-DIMMD2 slots
2 CPUs & 4 DIMMs	CPU1 + CPU2 P1-DIMMA1/P1-DIMMB1, P2-DIMME1/P2-DIMMF1
2 CPUs & 6 DIMMs	CPU1 + CPU2 P1-DIMMA1/P1-DIMMB1/P1-DIMMC1/P1-DIMMD1, P2-DIMME1/P2-DIMMF1
2 CPUs & 8 DIMMs	CPU1 + CPU2 P1-DIMMA1/P1-DIMMB1/P1-DIMMC1/P1-DIMMD1, P2-DIMME1/P2-DIMMF1/P2-DIMMG1/ P2-DIMMH1
2 CPUs & 10~16 DIMMs	CPU1/CPU2 P1-DIMMA1/P1-DIMMB1/P1-DIMMC1/P1-DIMMD1, P2-DIMME1/P2-DIMMF1/P2-DIMMG1/ P2-DIMMH1 + Any memory pairs in P1, P2 DIMM slots

2 CPUs & 16 DIMMs	CPU1/CPU2 P1-DIMMA1/P1-DIMMA2, P1-DIMMB1/P1-DIMMB2, P1-DIMMC1/P1-DIMMC2, P1-DIMMD1/P1-DIMMD2, P2-DIMME1/P2-DIMME2, P2-DIMMF1/P2-DIMMF2, P2-DIMMG1/P2-DIMMG2, P2-DIMMH1/P2-DIMMH2
4 CPUs & 18~32 DIMMs	CPU1/CPU2/CPU3/CPU4 P1-DIMMA1/P1-DIMMA2/P1-DIMMB1/P1-DIMMB2, P2-DIMME1/P2-DIMME2/P2-DIMMF1/P2-DIMMF2, P3-DIMMJ1/P3-DIMMK1, P4-DIMMN1/P4-DIMMP1+ any DIMM pairs in the available DIMM slots

DIMM Module Population Configuration

Note 1: For the memory modules to work properly, please install DIMM modules of the same type, same speed and same operating frequency on the serverboard. Mixing of RDIMMs, UDIMMs or LRDIMMs is not allowed. Do not install both ECC and Non-ECC memory modules on the same serverboard.

Note 2: Using DDR3 DIMMs with different operating frequencies is not allowed. All channels in a system will run at the lowest common frequency.

For memory to work properly, follow the tables below for memory installation:

Populating UDIMM (ECC/Non-ECC) Memory Modules

Intel E5-4600 Series Processor UDIMM Memory Support									
Ranks Per DIMM & Data Width	**Memory Capacity Per DIMM (See the Note below)**			**Speed (MT/s) and Voltage Validated by Slot per Channel (SPC) and DIMM Per Channel (DPC)**					
				1 Slot Per Channel		**2 Slots Per Channel**			
				1DPC		**1DPC**		**2DPC**	
				1.35V	**1.5V**	**1.35V**	**1.5V**	**1.35V**	**1.5V**
SRx8 Non-ECC	1GB	2GB	4GB	NA	1066, 1333, 1600	NA	1066, 1333	NA	1066, 1333
DRx8 Non-ECC	2GB	4GB	8GB	NA	1066, 1333, 1600	NA	1066, 1333	NA	1066, 1333
SRx16 Non-ECC	512MB	1GB	2GB	NA	1066, 1333, 1600	NA	1066, 1333	NA	1066, 1333
SRx8 ECC	1GB	2GB	4GB	1066, 1333	1066, 1333, 1600	1066, 1333	1066, 1333	1066	1066, 1333
DRx8 ECC	2GB	4GB	8GB	1066, 1333	1066, 1333, 1600	1066, 1333	1066, 1333	1066	1066, 1333
Note: For detailed information on memory support and updates, please refer to the SMC Recommended Memory List posted on our website at http://www.supermicro.com/support/resources/mem.cfm.									

Populating RDIMM (ECC) Memory Modules

Intel E5-4600 Series Processor RDIMM Memory Support									
Ranks Per DIMM & Data Width	Memory Capacity Per DIMM (See the Note Below)			Speed (MT/s) and Voltage Validated by Slot per Channel (SPC) and DIMM Per Channel (DPC)					
				1 Slot Per Channel		2 Slots Per Channel			
				1DPC		1DPC		2DPC	
				1.35V	1.5V	1.35V	1.5V	1.35V	1.5V
SRx8	1GB	2GB	4GB	1066, 1333	1066, 1333, 1600	1066, 1333	1066, 1333, 1600	1066, 1333	1066, 1333, 1600
DRx8	2GB	4GB	8GB	1066, 1333	1066, 1333, 1600	1066, 1333	1066, 1333, 1600	1066, 1333	1066, 1333, 1600
SRx4	2GB	4GB	8GB	1066, 1333	1066, 1333, 1600	1066, 1333	1066, 1333, 1600	1066, 1333	1066, 1333, 1600
DRx4	4GB	8GB	16GB	1066, 1333	1066, 1333, 1600	1066, 1333	1066, 1333, 1600	1066, 1333	1066, 1333, 1600
QRx4	8GB	16GB	32GB	800	1066	800	1066	800	800
QRx8	4GB	8GB	16GB	800	1066	800	1066	800	800

Note: For detailed information on memory support and updates, please refer to the SMC Recommended Memory List posted on our website at http://www.supermicro.com/support/resources/mem.cfm.

Populating RDIMM (ECC) Memory Modules

Intel E5-4600 Series Processor LRDIMM Memory Support						
Ranks Per DIMM & Data Width (See the Note Below)	Memory Capacity Per DIMM		Speed (MT/s) and Voltage Validated by Slot per Channel (SPC) and DIMM Per Channel (DPC)			
			1 Slot Per Channel		2 Slots Per Channel	
			1DPC		1DPC and 2DPC	
			1.35V	1.5V	1.35V	1.5V
QRx4 (DDP)	16GB	32GB	1066, 1333	1066, 1333	1066	1066, 1333
QRx8 (P)	8GB	16GB	1066, 1333	1066, 1333	1066	1066, 1333

Note: For detailed information on memory support and updates, please refer to the SMC Recommended Memory List posted on our website at http://www.supermicro.com/support/resources/mem.cfm.

5-6 Adding PCI Expansion Cards

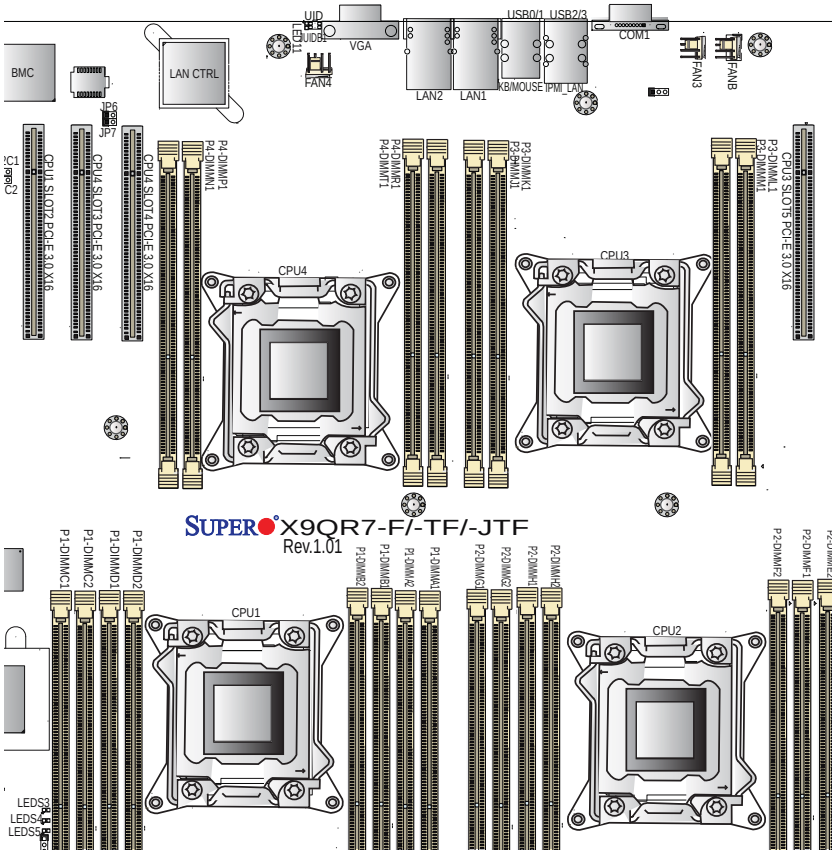
The 8047R-7JRFT includes one preinstalled riser cards designed specifically for use in the SC848E16-R1K628 4U rackmount chassis. These riser cards support one low-profile PCI Express x16 cards to fit inside the chassis for each node.

Installing an Expansion Card

1. After powering down the system, remove the PCI slot shield.
2. Fully seat the card into the slot, pushing down with your thumbs evenly on both sides of the card.
3. Finish by using a screw to secure the top of the card shield to the chassis. The PCI slot shield protects the serverboard and its components from EMI and aid in proper ventilation, so make sure it is always in place.

5-7 Serverboard Details

Figure 5-4. X9QR7-TF-JBOD Serverboard Layout (not drawn to scale)



Notes:

1. For the latest CPU/Memory updates, please refer to our website at **http://www.supermicro.com/products/serverboard/** for details.
2. Jumpers/LED Indicators not indicated are for testing only. Components that are not documented are reserved for internal testing only.
3. All graphics shown in this manual were based upon the latest PCB Revision available at the time of publishing of the manual. The serverboard you've received may or may not look exactly the same as the graphics shown in this manual.

X9QR7-TF-JBOD Quick Reference

Jumper	Description	Default Setting
JBT1	Clear CMOS	See Section 5-9 2
JI²C1/JI²C2	SMB to PCI-E Slots	Off (Disabled)
JPB1	BMC Enable	Pins 1-2 (Enabled)
JPG1	VGA Enable	Pins 1-2 (Enabled)
JPS1	SAS Enable for SAS 0~3, SAS 4~7 (JS14/JS15)	Pins 1-2 (Enabled)
JPS3	SAS Enable for SASA 0~3, SASA 4~7 (JS1/JS2)	Pins 1-2 (Enabled)
JPT1	TPM (Trusted Platform) Enable	Pins 1-2 (Enabled)
JPTG1	T_LAN (10G_LAN) Ports Enable	Pins 1-2 (Enabled)
JWD1	Watch Dog Timer Enable	Pins 1-2 (Reset)

Connector	Description
COM1/COM2	Backplane COM Port1/Front Accessible COM2 Header
Fan 1~Fan 4, Fan A~ Fan D)	CPU/System Fan Headers (Fan A: Fan 5, Fan B: Fan 6, Fan C: Fan7, and Fan D: Fan 8)
I-SATA 0/1	Intel SB SATA 3.0 Connectors 0/1 (Color: White)
I-SATA2~5, 6~9	Intel SB SATA 2.0 Connectors 2~5, 6~9 (Color: Black)
JF1	Front Panel Control Header
JL1	Chassis Intrusion
JIPMB1	4-pin IPMB I²C Header (for an IPMI Card)
JPI²C1	Power Supply SMBbus I²C Header
JTPM1	TPM/Port 80 Header
JPWR1~4	8-Pin SMCI-Proprietary Power Connectors
JPWR5	24-Pin SMCI-Proprietary Power Connectors
JSD1	SATA DOM (Device on Module) Device Power Connector
JSTBY1	Standby Power Connector
LAN1/LAN2	10G (T) LAN Ports 1/2
(IPMI) LAN	Dedicated IPMI LAN
(PS2) Keyboard/Mouse	PS2 Keyboard/Mouse Connector (Optional)
(L-)SAS0~3, 4~7	First Set of SAS Connections SAS 0~3, SAS 4~7 (JS14/ JS15) from the LSI 2308 SAS Controllers
(L-)SASA0~3, 4~7	Second Set of SAS Connections SASA 0~3, SASA 4~7 (JS1/JS2) from the LSI 2308 SAS Controllers
(CPU1) Slot 1	PCI-Express 3.0 x8 in x16 Slot (Available w/CPU1 installed)
(CPU1) Slot 2	PCI-Express 3.0 x16 Slot (Available w/CPU1 installed)

(CPU4) Slots 3/4	PCI-Express 3.0 x16 Slots (Available w/CPU4 installed)
(CPU3) Slots 5/6	PCI-Express 3.0 x16 Slots (Available w/CPU3 installed)
(CPU2) Slots 7/8	PCI-Express 3.0 x16 Slots (Available w/CPU2 installed)
SP1	Internal Speaker/Buzzer
T-SGPIO 1/2/3	Serial_Link General Purpose I/O Headers
UID	Unit Identifier Switch (UIDB1)
USB 0/1, 2/3	Back Panel USB 0/1, 2/3 Ports (JUSB0_1, JUSB2_3)
USB 8, USB 9	Type A USB Connectors for Front Access
USB 4/5, 6/7	Front Accessible USB Connections
VGA	Backpanel VGA Port

LED	Description	State	Status
LED10	Onboard Power LED	On	Power On
LED11	Rear UID (Unit Identification) LED		
LEDM1	BMC Heartbeat LED	Green	BMC Normal

5-8 Connector Definitions

Power Connectors

A 24-pin main power supply connector(JPWR5) and four 8-pin CPU PWR connectors (JPW1/2/3/4) are located on the serverboard. These power connectors are specially designed to support SMCI-proprietary power supplies. To avoid damaging the power supply or serverboard, be sure to use an appropriate SMCI power supply that contains a 24-pin and four 8-pin power connectors. Connect these PS connectors to the 24-pin power connector (JPWR5) and the 8-pin power connectors (JPWR1~4) on the serverboard to ensure adequate power supply to your system. Failure to do so will void the manufacturer warranty on your power supply and serverboard.

ATX Power 24-pin Connector Pin Definitions

Pin#	Definition	Pin #	Definition
13	+3.3V	1	+3.3V
14	-12V	2	+3.3V
15	COM	3	COM
16	PS_ON	4	+5V
17	COM	5	COM
18	COM	6	+5V
19	COM	7	COM
20	Res (NC)	8	PWR_OK
21	+5V	9	5VSB
22	+5V	10	+12V
23	+5V	11	+12V
24	COM	12	+3.3V

12V 8-pin PWR Connector Pin Definitions

Pins	Definition
1 through 4	Ground
5 through 8	+12V

(Required)

PW_ON Connector

The Power Button connection is located on pins 1 and 2 of JF1. Momentarily contacting both pins will power on/off the system. This button can also be configured to function as a suspend button (with a setting in the BIOS - See Chapter 5). To turn off the power when the system is in suspend mode, press the button for 4 seconds or longer. Refer to the table on the right for pin definitions.

Power Button Pin Definitions (JF1)

Pin#	Definition
1	PW_ON
2	Ground

Reset Connector

The reset connector is located on pins 3 and 4 of JF1 and attaches to the reset switch on the computer chassis. See the table on the right for pin definitions.

Reset Button Pin Definitions (JF1)

Pin#	Definition
3	Reset
4	Ground

Power Fail LED

The Power Fail LED connection is located on pins 5 and 6 of JF1. Refer to the table on the right for pin definitions.

PWR Fail LED Pin Definitions (JF1)

Pin#	Definition
5	3.3V
6	PWR Supply Fail

Blue + [OH/Fan Fail/PWR Fail/UID LED]

Connect an LED cable to pins 7 and 8 of Front Control Panel to use the Overheat/Fan Fail/Power Fail and UID LED connections. The Red LED on pin 7 provides warnings of overheat, fan failure or power failure. The Blue LED on pin 8 works as the front panel UID LED indicator. The Red LED takes precedence over the Blue LED by default. Refer to the table on the right for pin definitions.

Blue + [OH/Fan Fail/PWR Fail/ UID LED] Pin Definitions (JF1)

Pin#	Definition
7	Red_LED-Cathode/OH/Fan Fail/Power Fail5.5V.SB
8	Blue_UID LED

OH/Fan Fail/PWR Fail LED Status (Red LED)

State	Indication
Off	Normal
On	Overheat
Flashing	Fan Fail

NIC1/2 (LAN1) LED Indicators

The NIC (Network Interface Controller) LED cLED indicator onnections for GLAN port 1 are located on pins 11 and 12 of JF1, and those of the GLAN Port 2 are on pins 9 and 10. Attach NIC LED cables here to display network activity. Refer to the table on the right for pin definitions.

NIC1/2 LEDs Pin Definitions (JF1)

Pin#	Definition
9	NIC2 Activity LED
10	NIC2 Link LED
11	NIC1 Activity LED
12	NIC1 Link LED

HDD LED

The HDD LED connection is located on pins 13 and 14 of JF1. Attach the hard drive LED cable here to display disk activity (for any hard drives on the system, including SAS, Serial ATA and IDE). See the table on the right for pin definitions

HDD LED Pin Definitions (JF1)

Pin#	Definition
13	3.3V Standby
14	HD Active

Power On LED

The Power On LED connector is located on pins 15 and 16 of JF1. This connection is used to provide LED indication of power being supplied to the system. See the table on the right for pin definitions.

Power LED Pin Definitions (JF1)

Pin#	Definition
15	3.3V
16	PWR LED

NMI Button

The non-maskable interrupt button header is located on pins 19 and 20 of JF1. Refer to the table on the right for pin definitions.

NMI Button Pin Definitions (JF1)

Pin#	Definition
19	Control
20	Ground

Video Connector

A Video (VGA) connector is located next to the COM Port on the IO backplane. This connector is used to provide video and CRT display. Refer to the board layout below for the location.

Serial Ports

The COM1 serial port is located beside the VGA port. Refer to the serverboard layout for the location of the COM2 header. See the table on the right for pin definitions.

Serial Port Pin Definitions (COM1/COM2)

Pin #	Definition	Pin #	Definition
1	DCD	6	DSR
2	RXD	7	RTS
3	TXD	8	CTS
4	DTR	9	RI
5	Ground	10	NC

NC indicates no connection.

Universal Serial Bus (USB)

Four Universal Serial Bus ports (USB 2/3, USB 0/1) are located on the I/O back panel. Four USB headers (USB 4/5 and USB 6/7) provide front-accessible USB connections. In addition, two Type A USB headers (USB 8, USB 9) are also located on the serverboard to provide front USB support. (Cables are not included). See the tables on the right for pin definitions.

Type A USB (USB 8/9) Pin Definitions

Pin#	Definition
1	+5V
2	PO-
3	PO+
4	Ground
5	NA

Backplane Accessible (USB 2/3, 0/1) USB Connectors Pin Definitions

USB 2 Pin#	Definition	USB 3 Pin#	Definition
1	+5V	1	+5V
2	PO-	2	PO-
3	PO+	3	PO+
4	Ground	4	Ground
5	NC	5	Key

Front Panel Dual Port (USB 4/5, 6/7) USB Connectors Pin Definitions

USB 2 Pin#	Definition	USB 3 Pin#	Definition
1	+5V	1	+5V
2	PO-	2	PO-
3	PO+	3	PO+
4	Ground	4	Ground
5	NC	5	Key

NC indicates no connection.

Fan Headers

This serverboard has eight system/CPU fan headers (Fan1~Fan4, Fan A, Fan B, Fan C and Fan D) on the serverboard. All these 4-pin fans headers are backward compatible with the traditional 3-pin fans. However, fan speed control is available for 4-pin fans only. The fan speeds are controlled by firmware thermal management via IPMI Interface. See the table on the right for pin definitions.

Fan Header Pin Definitions

Pin#	Definition
1	Ground
2	+12V
3	Tachometer
4	Pulse Width Modulation (PWM)

Ethernet LAN Ports

Two 10 Gigabit Ethernet ports (LAN1/2) are located on the I/O backplane on the serverboard. In addition, an IPMI Dedicated LAN is located above USB 2/3 ports on the backplane to provide KVM support for IPMI 2.0. All these ports accept RJ45 type cables.

Note: Please refer to the LED Indicator Section for LAN LED information.

10 Gb LAN Ports (LAN1/2) Pin Definition

Pin#	Definition	Pin#	Definition
1	TRCT2	12	TRCT4
2	TRD2+	13	IETCT
3	TRD2-	14	IET+
4	TRD3+	15	IET-
5	TRD3-	16	LED1 (Green)
6	TRCT3	17	LED1
7	TRCT1	18	Ground
8	TRD1+	19	LED2 (Yellow)
9	TRD1-	20	Common
10	TRD4+	21	LED2 (Green)
11	TRD4-		

ATX PS/2 Keyboard/Mouse Ports

The ATX PS/2 keyboard and PS/2 mouse are located next to the Back Panel LAN ports 1/2 on the serverboard. See the table at right for pin definitions.

Note: This serverboard offers three Keyboard/Mouse connection options as shown in the graphic below.

1. Connect a keyboard cable or a mouse cable to the PS2 KB/Mouse port.
2. Connect an Y cable that includes a KB cable and a mouse cable to the PS2 KB/Mouse port.
3. Connect a KB cable and a mouse cable to any USB ports.

PS/2 Keyboard/Mouse Pin Definitions

PS2 Keyboard		PS2 Mouse	
Pin#	Definition	Pin#	Definition
1	KB Data	1	Mouse Data
2	No Connection	2	No Connection
3	Ground	3	Ground
4	Mouse/KB VCC (+5V)	4	Mouse/KB VCC (+5V)
5	KB Clock	5	Mouse Clock
6	No Connection	6	No Connection
VCC: with 1.5A PTC (current limit)			

IPMB I²C SMB

A System Management Bus header for the IPMI slot is located at JIPMB1. Connect an appropriate cable here to use the IPMB I²C connection on your system.

SMB Header (JIPMB1) Pin Definitions

Pin#	Definition
1	Data
2	Ground
3	Clock
4	No Connection

Unit Identifier Switch

A Unit Identifier Switch (UIDB1) and two LED Indicators are located on the serverboard. The UID Switch is located next to the LAN ports on the backplane. The Rear UID LED (LED11) is located next to the UID Switch. The Front Panel UID LED is located at Pins 7/8 of the Front Control Panel at JF1. Connect a cable to Pin 8 on JF1 for Front Panel UID LED indication. When you press the UID switch, both Rear UID LED and Front Panel UID LED Indicators will be turned on. Press the UID switch again to turn off both LED Indicators. These UID Indicators provide easy identification of a system unit that may be in need of service.

Note: UID can also be triggered via IPMI on the serverboard. For more information on IPMI, please refer to the IPMI User's Guide posted on our Website @http://www.supermicro.com.

UID Switch

Pin#	Definition
1	Ground
2	Ground
3	Button In
4	Ground

UID LED Status

Color/State	OS	Status
Blue: On	Windows OS	Unit Identified
Blue: Blinking	Linux OS	Unit Identified

TPM Header/Port 80

A Trusted Platform Module/Port 80 header is located at JTPM1 to provide TPM support and Port 80 connection. Use this header to enhance system performance and data security. See the table on the right for pin definitions.

TPM/Port 80 Header (JTPM1) Pin Definitions

Pin#	Definition	Pin#	Definition
1	LCLK	2	GND
3	LFRAME#	4	<(KEY)>
5	LRESET#	6	+5V (X)
7	LAD 3	8	LAD 2
9	+3.3V	10	LAD1
11	LAD0	12	GND
13	SMB_CLK4	14	SMB_DAT4
15	+3V_DUAL	16	SERIRQ
17	GND	18	CLKRUN# (X)
19	LPCPD#	20	LDRQ# (X)

Power SMB (I2C) Connector

Power System Management Bus (I^2C) Connector (JPI^{2}C1) monitors power supply, fan and system temperatures. See the table on the right for pin definitions.

PWR SMB (JPI^{2}C1) Pin Definitions

Pin#	Definition
1	Clock
2	Data
3	PWR Fail
4	Ground
5	+3.3V

SATA DOM Power Connector

A power connector for SATA DOM (Disk_On_Module) devices is located at JSD1. Connect an appropriate cable here to provide power support for your SATA DOM devices.

DOM PWR (JSD1) Pin Definitions

Pin#	Definition
1	+5V
2	Ground
3	Ground

T-SGPIO1/2/3 Headers

Three SGPIO (Serial-Link General Purpose Input/Output) headers (T-SGPIO1/2/3) are located on the serverboard. These headers support Serial_Link interface for onboard SATA connections. See the table on the right for pin definitions.

T-SGPIO Pin Definitions

Pin#	Definition	Pin#	Definition
1	NC	2	NC
3	Ground	4	Data
5	Load	6	Ground
7	Clock	8	NC

Note: NC= No Connection

Chassis Intrusion

A Chassis Intrusion header is located at JL1 on the serverboard. Attach an appropriate cable from the chassis to inform you of a chassis intrusion when the chassis is opened.

Chassis Intrusion Pin Definitions

Pin#	Definition
1	Intrusion Input
2	Ground

Standby Power Header

The Standby Power header is located at JSTBY1 on the serverboard. See the table on the right for pin definitions.

Standby Power Pin Definitions

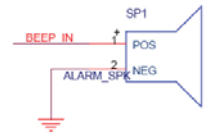
Pin#	Definition
1	+5V Standby
2	Ground
3	Wake-up

Internal Speaker

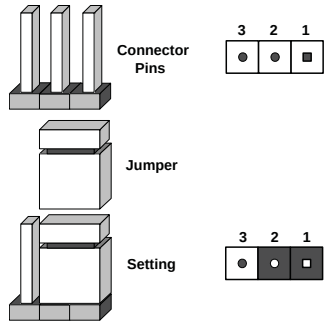
The Internal Speaker, located at SP1, can be used to provide audible indications for various beep codes. See the table on the right for pin definitions. Refer to the layout below for the locations of the Internal Buzzer.

Internal Buzzer Pin Definition

Pin#		Definitions
Pin 1	Pos. (+)	Beep In
Pin 2	Neg. (-)	Alarm Speaker



5-9 Jumper Settings



Explanation of Jumpers

To modify the operation of the serverboard, jumpers can be used to choose between optional settings. Jumpers create shorts between two pins to change the function of the connector. Pin 1 is identified with a square solder pad on the printed circuit board. See the diagram at right for an example of jumping pins 1 and 2. Refer to the serverboard layout page for jumper locations.

Note: On two-pin jumpers, "Closed" means the jumper is on and "Open" means the jumper is off the pins.


JBT1 contact pads

CMOS Clear

JBT1 is used to clear CMOS, which will also clear any passwords. Instead of pins, this jumper consists of contact pads to prevent accidentally clearing the contents of CMOS.

To Clear CMOS

1. First power down the system and unplug the power cord(s). It is also recommended that you remove the onboard battery from the serverboard.
2. With the power disconnected, short the CMOS pads with a metal object such as a small screwdriver.
3. Remove the screwdriver (or shorting device).
4. Reconnect the power cord(s) and power on the system.

Note: *Do not use the PW_ON connector to clear CMOS*.

I2C Bus to PCI-Exp. Slots

Jumpers JI²C1 and JI²C2 allow you to connect the System Management Bus (I²C) to PCI-Express slots. The default setting is Open to disable the connection. See the table on the right for jumper settings.

I2C to PCI-E (JI2C1/JI2C2) Jumper Settings	
Jumper Setting	Definition
1-2	Enabled
2-3	Disabled (Default)

BMC Enable

Jumper JPB1 allows you to enable the onboard BMC (Baseboard Management) Controller to provide IPMI 2.O/KVM support on the serverboard. See the table on the right for jumper settings.

BMC Enable (JPB1) Jumper Settings

Jumper Setting	Definition
Pins 1-2	BMC Enable (Default)
Pins 2-3	Normal

VGA Enable

Jumper JPG1 allows the user to enable the onboard VGA connectors. The default setting is 1-2 to enable the connection. See the table on the right for jumper settings.

VGA Enable (JPG1) Jumper Settings

Jumper Setting	Definition
1-2	Enabled (Default)
2-3	Disabled

GLAN Enable/Disable

Use JPL1 to enable GLAN Port1/Port2 on X9QRi-F. Use JPTG1 to enable 10G_LAN Ports 1/2 on the X9QR7-TF/JTF. These two jumpers share the same component. See the table on the right for jumper settings. The default setting is Enabled.

GLAN Enable (JPL1/JPTG1) Jumper Settings

Jumper Setting	Definition
1-2	Enabled (default)
2-3	Disabled

SAS Enable

JPS1 enables/disables L-SAS 0~3/4~7 support located at JS14/JS15; while JPS3 enables/disables L-SASA 0~3/4~7 connections located at JS1/JS2. See the table on the right for jumper settings. The default setting is enabled.

SAS Support Enable (JPS1/JPS3) Jumper Settings

Jumper Setting	Definition
Pins 1/2	SAS Enabled (Default)
Pins 2/3	SAS Disabled

TPM Enable

Jumper JPT1 allows the user to enable the onboard TPM Chip U437 for TPM (Trusted Platform Module) support to enhance data security. See the table on the right for jumper settings.

TPM Enable (JPT1) Jumper Settings

Jumper Setting	Definition
1-2	Enabled (Default)
2-3	Disabled

Watch Dog Enable/Disable

Watch Dog (JWD1) is a system monitor that can reboot the system when a software application hangs. Close Pins 1-2 to reset the system if an application hangs. Close Pins 2-3 to generate non-maskable interrupt signals for the application that hangs. See the table on the right for jumper settings. Watch Dog must also be enabled in the BIOS.

Watch Dog (JWD1) Jumper Settings

Jumper Setting	Definition
Pins 1-2	Reset (default)
Pins 2-3	NMI
Open	Disabled

5-10 Onboard Indicators

Onboard Power LED

An Onboard Power LED is located at LED10 on the serverboard. When this LED is lit, the system is on. Be sure to turn off the system and unplug the power cord before removing or installing components. See the tables at right for more information.

Onboard PWR LED State (LED10)

State/Color	Definition
Off	System Off (PWR cable not connected)
Green	System Power On

Unit Identification Switch/LED

A Unit Identifier switch (UIDB1) and a rear UID LED indicator (LED11) are located next to the VGA port on the back of the chassis. When the user pushes the rear UID switch, the front UID LED indicator and the rear UID LED (LED11) will be turned on. Push the UID switch again to turn off both UID LED indicators. The UID switch provides easy identification of a system unit that may be in need of service. See the tables on the right for more information.

UID LED (LED11) Status

Color/State	OS	Status
Blue: On	Windows OS	Unit Identified
Blue: Blinking	Linux OS	Unit Identified

GLAN LEDs

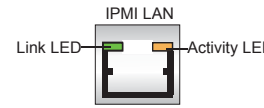
There are two ethernet LAN ports on the serverboard. Each Ethernet LAN port has two LEDs. The Yellow LED on the right indicates connection and activity. The Link LED on the left side may be green, amber or off to indicate the speed of the connection. 10G_LAN support is available on the X9QR7-TF/JTF only. See the tables at right for more information.

GLAN Activity Indicator (Right) LED Settings		
Color	Status	Definition
Off	No Connections	
Yellow	Flashing	Active

GLAN Link Speed Indicator LED Settings (Left)	
LED Color	Definition
Off	No Connection, 10 or 100 Mbps
Green	10 Gb (for X9QR7-TF/JTF only)
Amber	1 Gbps

IPMI Dedicated LAN LEDs

In addition to LAN 1/LAN 2, an IPMI Dedicated LAN is also located on the I/O Backplane of the serverboard. The amber LED on the right indicates connection and activity, while the green LED on the left indicates the speed of the connection. See the tables at right for more information.



IPMI LAN Link Speed LED (Left) & Connection Activity LED (Right)		
LED	Color/State	Definition
Off	Off	No Connection
Activity	Amber: Blinking	Active
Speed	Green: Solid	100 Mbps

BMC Heartbeat LED

A BMC Heartbeat LED is located at LEDM1 on the serverboard. When LEDM1is blinking, BMC functions normally. See the table at right for more information.

BMC Heartbeat LED (LEM1) Status	
Color/State	Definition
Green: Blinking	BMC:Normal

5-11 SAS/Serial ATA Ports

SAS2 Ports

Two sets of eight Serial Attached SCSI ports (SAS 3.0 0~3, 4~7) are located at JS1/JS2 and JS14/JS15 on the serverboard to provide serial link connections. These ports are supported by the LSI 2308 SAS controllers. See the table on the right for pin definitions.

SAS Port Pin Definitions

Pin #	Definition
1	Ground
2	TXP
3	TXN
4	Ground
5	RXN
6	RXP
7	Ground

Serial ATA (SATA) Ports

Eight Serial ATA 2.0 Ports (I-SATA2~5 from ACHI, I-SATA6~9 from SCU) and two SATA 3.0 (I-SATA0/1 from ACHI) are located on the serverboard. These ports provide serial-link signal connections, which are faster than Parallel ATA. See the table on the right for pin definitions.

SATA Port Pin Definitions

Pin #	Definition
1	Ground
2	TXP
3	TXN
4	Ground
5	RXN
6	RXP
7	Ground

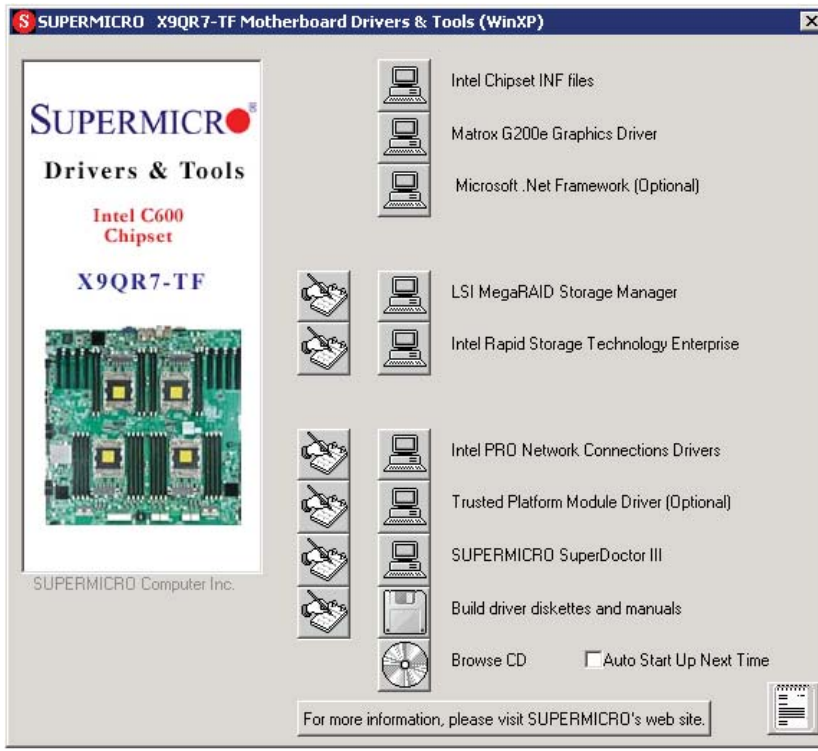
Note: For more information on SATA or SAS RAID configuration, please refer to the Intel SATA HostRAID and LSI SAS MegaRAID User's Guides on our Website @ http://www.supermicro.com..

5-12 Installing Drivers

The CD that came bundled with the system contains drivers, some of which must be installed, such as the chipset driver. After inserting this CD into your CD-ROM drive, the display shown in Figure 5-6 should appear. (If this display does not appear, click on the My Computer icon and then on the icon representing your CD-ROM drive. Finally, double click on the S "Setup" icon.)

Click the icons showing a hand writing on paper to view the readme files for each item. Click the computer icons to the right of these items to install each item (from top to the bottom) one at a time. After installing each item, you should reboot the system before moving on to the next item on the list. The bottom icon with a CD on it allows you to view the entire contents of the CD.

Figure 5-6. Driver/Tool Installation Display Screen



Supero Doctor III

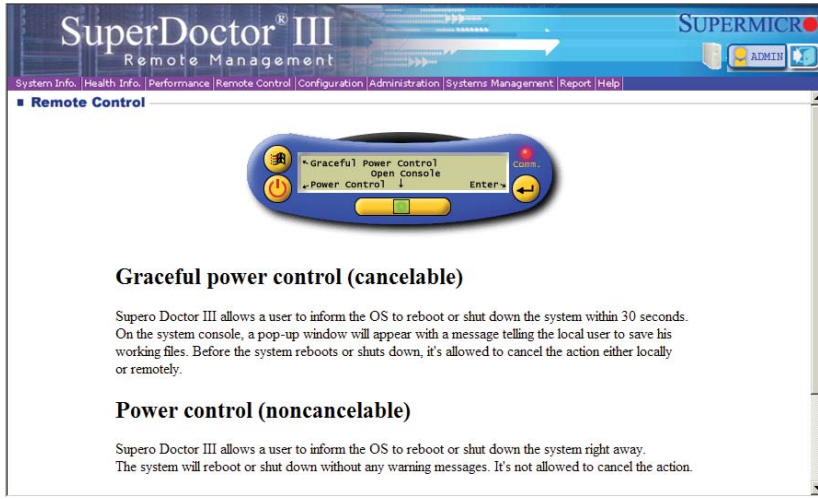
The SuperDoctor® III program is a Web base management tool that supports remote management capability. It includes Remote and Local Management tools. The local management is called SD III Client. The SuperDoctor III program included on the CD-ROM that came with your serverboard allows you to monitor the environment and operations of your system. SuperDoctor III displays crucial system information such as CPU temperature, system voltages and fan status. See the Figure below for a display of the SuperDoctor III interface.

Note: The default User Name and Password for SuperDoctor III is ADMIN / ADMIN.

Note: When SuperDoctor is first installed, it adopts the temperature threshold settings that have been set in BIOS. Any subsequent changes to these thresholds must be made within SuperDoctor, as the SuperDoctor settings override the BIOS settings. To set the BIOS temperature threshold settings again, you would first need to uninstall SuperDoctor.

Figure 5-7. Supero Doctor III Interface Display Screen (Health Information)

Figure 5-8. Supero Doctor III Interface Display Screen (Remote Control)

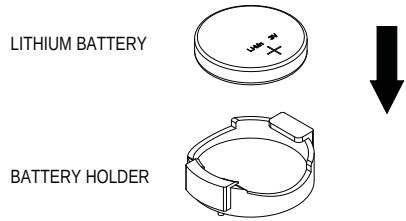


Note: The SuperDoctor III program and User's Manual can be downloaded from the Supermicro web site at http://www.supermicro.com/products/accessories/software/SuperDoctorIII.cfm. For Linux, we recommend that you use the SuperoDoctor II application instead.

5-13 Onboard Battery

Caution: There is a danger of explosion if the onboard battery is installed upside down, which will reverse its polarites (see Figure 5-9). This battery must be replaced only with the same or an equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer (CR2032). Dispose of used batteries according to the manufacturer's instructions.

Figure 5-9. Installing the Onboard Battery



Please handle used batteries carefully. Do not damage the battery in any way; a damaged battery may release hazardous materials into the environment. Do not discard a used battery in the garbage or a public landfill. Please comply with the regulations set up by your local hazardous waste management agency to dispose of your used battery properly.

Chapter 6

Chassis Setup and Maintenance

6-1 Overview

This chapter covers the steps required to install components and perform maintenance on the chassis. The only tool you will need to install components and perform maintenance is a Phillips screwdriver. Print this chapter to use as a reference while setting up your chassis.

Review the warnings and precautions listed in the manual before setting up or servicing this chassis. These include information in Chapter 2: System Safety and the warnings/precautions listed in the setup instructions.

Safety Warning: Before performing any chassis setup or maintenance, it is recommended that the chassis be removed from the rack and placed on a stable bench or table. For instructions on how to uninstall the chassis from the rack, refer to Chapter 5 Rack Installation in this manual.

6-2 Installing and Removing Hard Drives

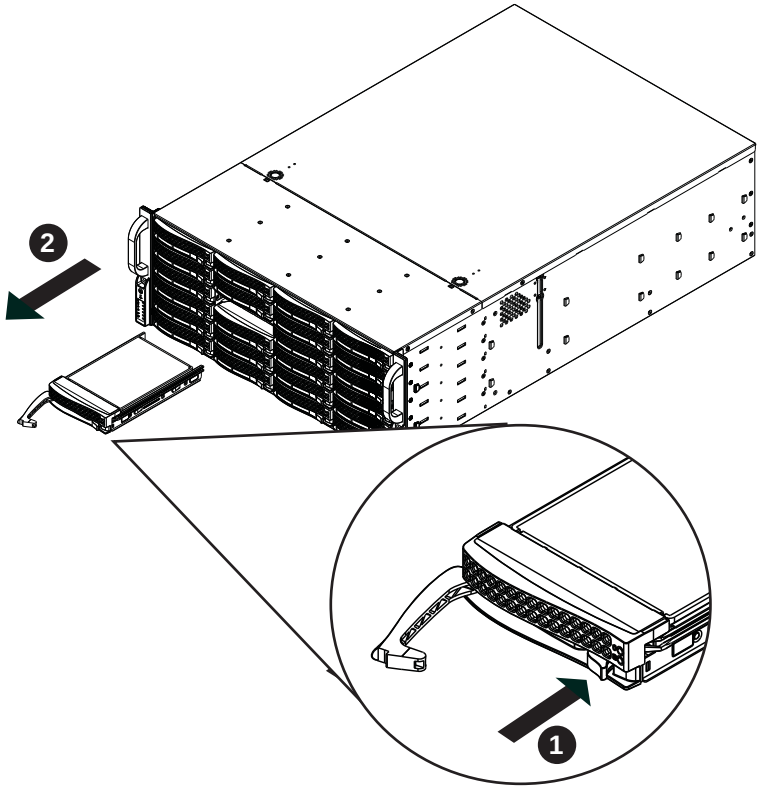


Figure 6-1. Removing a Hard Drive

Removing Hard Drive Trays from the Chassis

1. Press the release button on the drive tray. This extends the drive bay handle.
2. Use the handle to pull the drive out of the chassis.

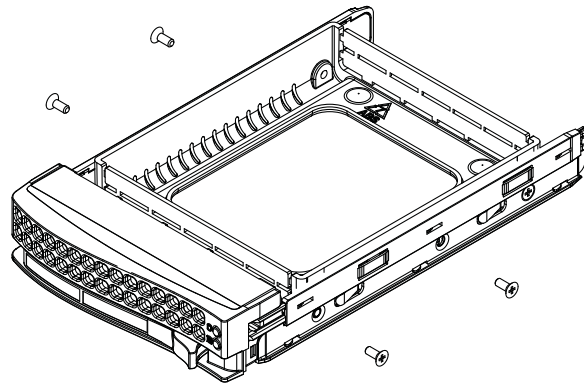


Figure 6-2. Chassis Drive Tray

The drives are mounted in drive trays to simplify their installation and removal from the chassis. These trays also help promote proper airflow for the drive bays.

Warning: Except for short periods of time (swapping hard drives), do not operate the server with the hard drives empty.

Installing a Hard Drive to the Hard Drive Tray

1. Remove the two screws securing the dummy drive to the drive tray and remove the dummy drive.Place the hard drive tray on a flat surface such as a desk, table or work bench.

2. Slide the hard drive into the tray with the printed circuit board side facing down.

3. Carefully align the mounting holes in both the drive tray and the hard drive.

4. Secure the hard drive to the tray using six screws.

5. Replace the drive tray into the chassis. Make sure to close the drive tray handle to lock the drive tray into place.

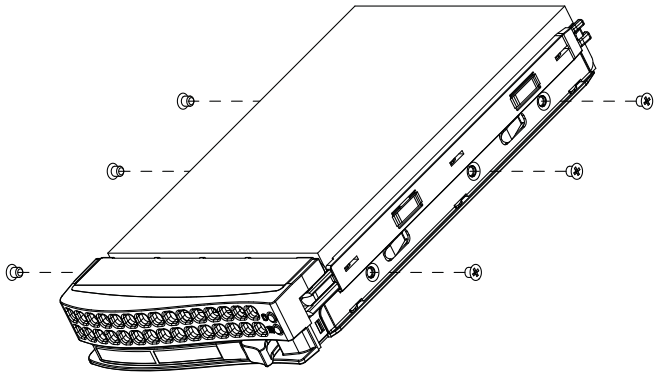


Figure 6-3. Installing a Hard Drive into the Tray

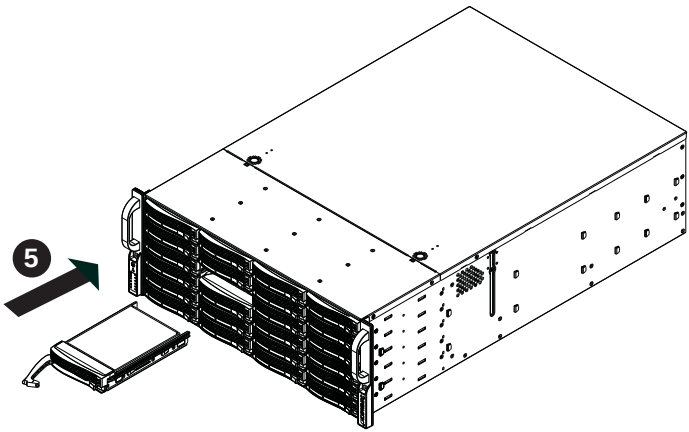


Figure 6-4. Installing the Hard Drive

6-3 Accessing the Inside of the System

Removing the Chassis Cover

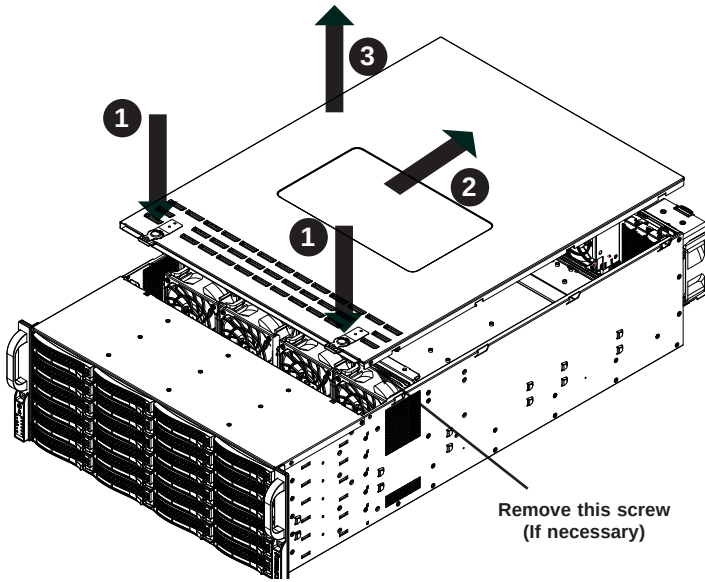


Figure 6-5. Removing the Chassis Cover

Removing the Chassis Cover

1. Press the release tabs to remove the cover from the locked position. Press both tabs at the same time.

2. Once the top cover is released from the locked position, slide the cover toward the rear of the chassis.

3. Lift the cover off the chassis.

Warning: Except for short periods of time, DO NOT operate the server without the cover in place. The chassis cover must be in place to allow proper airflow and prevent overheating.

Add-on Card/Expansion Slot Setup

The SC848 chassis includes I/O slots for add-on cards and expansion cards.

Installing Add-on and Expansion Cards in the SC848 Chassis

1. Disconnect the power supply, lay the chassis on a flat surface, and open the chassis cover.
2. Remove the screw holding the cover in place for each add-on/expansion card slot you want to use. Keep this screw for later use.
3. Connect the add-on cards and/or expansion cards to the mother board
4. Secure each card to the chassis using the L bracket on the add-on card and the previously removed screw.

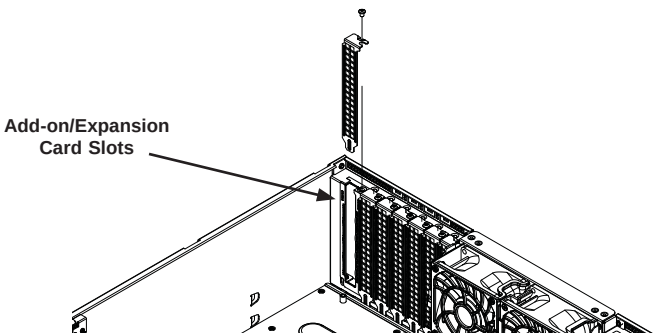


Figure 6-6. Installing Add-on and Expansion Cards

6-4 Installing the Air Shroud

Air shrouds concentrate airflow to maximize fan efficiency. The SC848 chassis air shroud does not require screws for installation.

Air Shroud Part No.	Description
MCP-310-84805-0B	Mylar air shroud for 8047R-7JRFT server system

Installing the Air Shroud

1. Place the air shroud in the chassis, fitting the air shroud between the middle bracket and the rear window.

2. Insert the three front hooks of the air shroud into the holes on the back of the middle bracket.

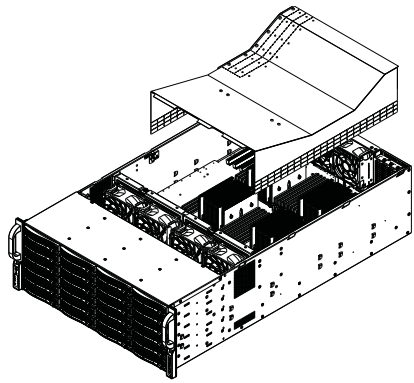


Figure 6-7. Air Shroud for SC848 Chassis

6-5 System Fans

Six heavy duty fans provide cooling for the chassis. These fans circulate air through the chassis as a means of lowering the chassis internal temperature.

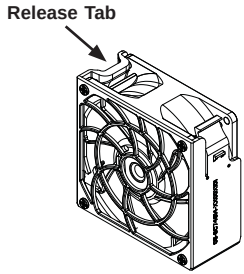


Figure 6-8. Front System Fan

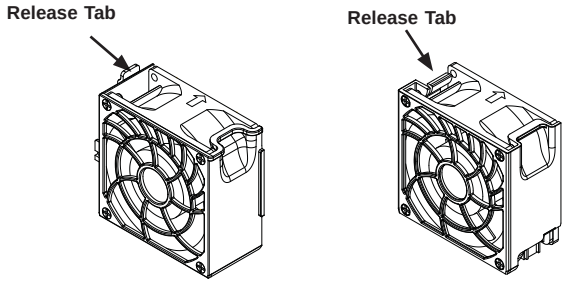


Figure 6-9. Rear System Fans

Replacing a System Fan

1. If necessary, open the chassis while the power is running to determine which fan has failed. (Never run the server for an extended period of time with the chassis open.)

2. Turn off the power to the system and unplug the system from the outlet.

3. Press the fan release tab to lift the failed fan from the chassis and pull it completely from the chassis.

4. Place the new fan into the vacant space in the housing while making sure the arrows on the top of the fan (indicating air direction) point in the same direction as the arrows on the other fans.

5. Power up the system and check that the fan is working properly before replacing the chassis cover.

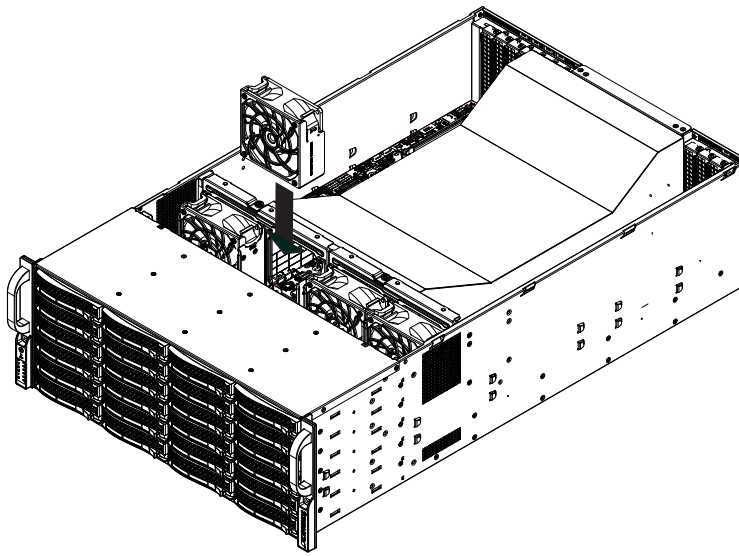


Figure 6-10. Installing a Front System Fan

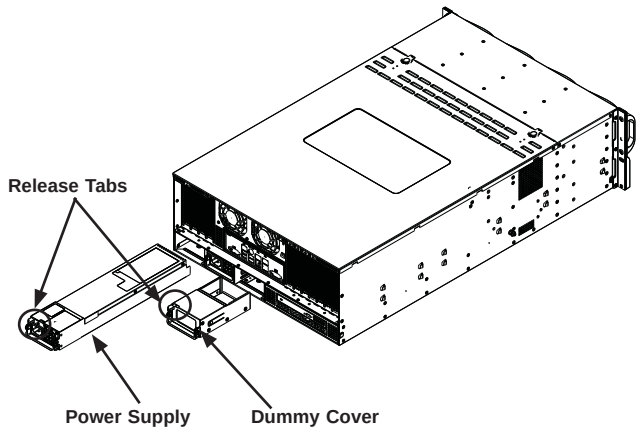
6-6 Power Supply

The SC848 chassis includes two 1620 Watt (1+1 redundant for a total of 3240 Watts) high-efficiency, power supplies. These power supplies are auto-switching capable. This enables it to automatically sense and operate at a 100v to 240v input voltage. An amber light will be illuminated on the power supply when the power is off. An illuminated green light indicates that the power supply is operating.

Power Supply Replacement

Redundant power supplies are hot-swappable, and can be changed without powering down the system. New units can be ordered directly from Supermicro (see the contact information in the Preface of this manual).

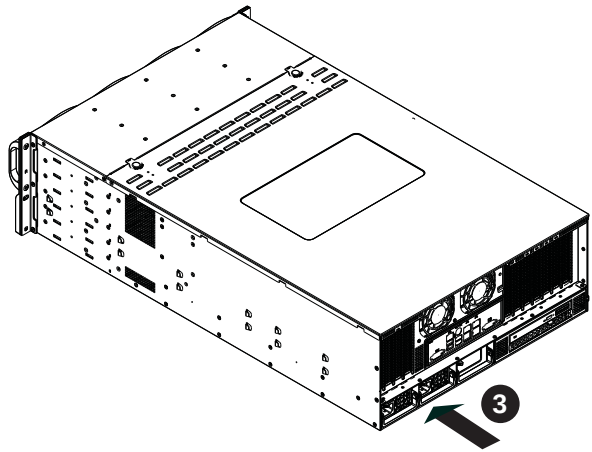
Figure 6-11. Power Supply Release Tab



Changing the Power Supply

1. With the system running, unplug the AC power cord from the failed power supply module.
2. Push and hold the release tab on the back of the power supply.
3. Grasp the handle and pull the power supply out of its bay.
4. Push the replacement power supply module into the empty bay until it clicks into the locked position.
5. Plug the AC power cord back into the power supply module.

Figure 6-12. Installing the Power Supply and Dummy Cover



Notes

Chapter 7

BIOS

7-1 Introduction

This chapter describes the AMI BIOS Setup utility for the X9QRiF/X9QR7-TF/X9QR7-JTF. It also provides the instructions on how to navigate the AMI BIOS Setup utility screens. The AMI ROM BIOS is stored in a Flash EEPROM and can be easily updated.

Starting BIOS Setup Utility

To enter the AMI BIOS Setup utility screens, press the <Del> key while the system is booting up.

> **Note**: In most cases, the <Del> key is used to invoke the AMI BIOS setup screen. There are a few cases when other keys are used, such as <F3>, <F4>, etc.

Each main BIOS menu option is described in this manual. The Main BIOS setup menu screen has two main frames. The left frame displays all the options that can be configured. Grayed-out options cannot be configured. Options in blue can be configured by the user. The right frame displays the key legend. Above the key legend is an area reserved for informational text. When an option is selected in the left frame, it is highlighted in white. Often, informational text about the option will display on the right.

> **Note**: The AMI BIOS has default informational messages built in. The manufacturer retains the option to include, omit, or change any of these messages.

The AMI BIOS Setup utility uses a key-based navigation system called "hot keys." Most of the AMI BIOS setup utility "hot keys" can be used at any time during setup navigation. These keys include <F3>, <F4>, <Enter>, <ESC>, arrow keys, etc.

> **Note 1**: In this section, options printed in **Bold** are default settings.
>
> **Note 2**: <F3> is used to load optimal default settings. <F4> is used to save the settings and exit the setup utility.

How To Change the Configuration Data

The configuration data that determines the system parameters may be changed by entering the AMI BIOS Setup utility. This Setup utility can be accessed by pressing <Delete> at the appropriate time during system boot.

Note: For AMI UEFI BIOS Recovery, please refer to the UEFI BIOS Recovery User Guide posted @http://www.supermicro.com/support/manuals/.

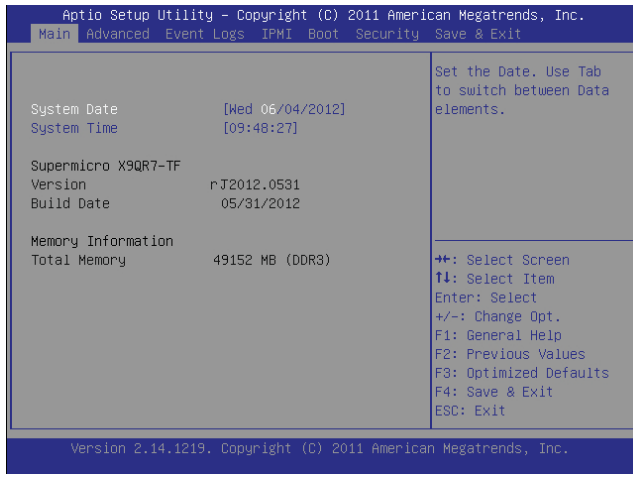
Starting the Setup Utility

Normally, the only visible Power-On Self-Test (POST) routine is the memory test. As the memory is being tested, press the <Delete> key to enter the main menu of the AMI BIOS Setup utility. From the main menu, you can access the other setup screens. An AMI BIOS identification string is displayed at the left bottom corner of the screen below the copyright message.

Warning! Do not upgrade the BIOS unless your system has a BIOS-related issue. Flashing the wrong BIOS can cause irreparable damage to the system. In no event shall the manufacturer be liable for direct, indirect, special, incidental, or consequential damage arising from a BIOS update. If you have to update the BIOS, do not shut down or reset the system while the BIOS is being updated to avoid possible boot failure.

7-2 Main Setup

When you first enter the AMI BIOS Setup utility, you will enter the Main setup screen. You can always return to the Main setup screen by selecting the Main tab on the top of the screen. The Main BIOS Setup screen is shown below.



The AMI BIOS main menu displays the following information:

System Date

This item displays the system date in Day MM/DD/YY format (e.g. Wed 10/12/2012).

System Time

This item displays the system time in HH:MM:SS format (e.g. 15:32:52).

Supermicro X9QR7-TF

Version

This item displays the SMC version of the BIOS ROM used in this system.

Build Date

This item displays the date that the BIOS ROM was built.

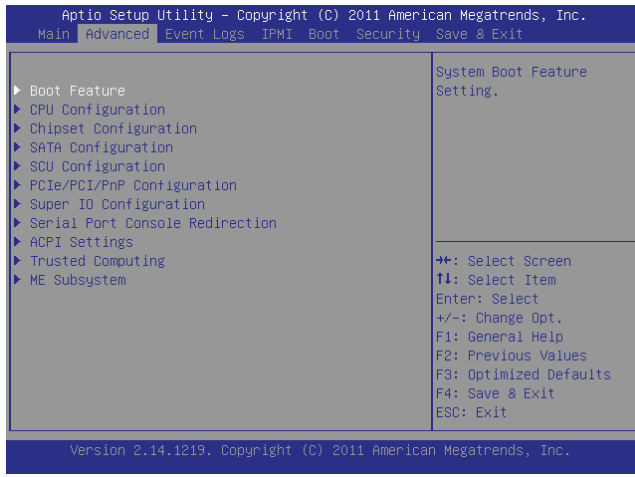
Memory Information

Total Memory

This displays the amount of memory that is available in the system.

7-3 Advanced Setup Configurations

Use the arrow keys to select Advanced Setup and press <Enter> to access the following submenu items.



▶Boot Features

Quiet Boot

This feature allows the user to select bootup screen display between POST messages and the OEM logo. Select Disabled to display the POST messages. Select Enabled to display the OEM logo instead of the normal POST messages. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled.

AddOn ROM Display Mode

Use this item to set the display mode for the Option ROM. Select Keep Current to use the current AddOn ROM Display setting. Select Force BIOS to use the Option ROM display mode set by the system BIOS. The options are **Force BIOS** and Keep Current.

Bootup Num-Lock

Use this feature to set the Power-on state for the Numlock key. The options are Off and **On**.

Wait For 'F1' If Error

Select Enabled to force the system to wait until the 'F1' key is pressed if an error occurs. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Interrupt 19 Capture

Interrupt 19 is the software interrupt that handles the boot disk function. When this item is set to Immediate, the ROM BIOS of the host adaptors will immediately "capture" Interrupt 19 at bootup and allow the drives that are attached to these host adaptors to function as bootable disks. If this item is set to Postponed, the ROM BIOS of the host adaptors will capture Interrupt 19 during a legacy boot. The options are **Immediate** and Postponed.

Power Configuration

Watch Dog Function

If enabled, the Watch Dog timer will allow the system to automatically reboot when a non-recoverable error occurs that lasts for more than five minutes. The options are Enabled and **Disabled.**

Power Button Function

If this feature is set to Instant Off, the system will power off immediately as soon as the user presses the power button. If this feature is set to 4 Seconds Override, the system will power off when the user presses the power button for 4 seconds or longer. The options are **Instant Off** and 4 Seconds Override.

Restore on AC Power Loss

Use this feature to set the power state after a power outage. Select Stay Off for the system power to remain off after a power loss. Select Power On for the system power to be turned on after a power loss. Select Last State to allow the system to resume its last state before a power loss. The options are Power On, Stay Off, and **Last State**.

CPU Configuration

This submenu displays the information of the CPU as detected by the BIOS. It also allows the user to configure CPU settings.

▶Socket 1 CPU Information/Socket 2 CPU Information/ Socket 3 CPU Information/ Socket 4 CPU Information

This submenu displays the following information regarding the CPUs installed in Socket 1, Socket 2, Socket 3, and Socket 4.

- Type of CPU
- CPU Signature

- Microcode Patch
- CPU Stepping
- Maximum CPU Speed
- Minimum CPU Speed
- Processor Cores
- Intel HT (Hyper-Threading) Technology
- Intel VT-x Technology
- Intel SMX Technology
- L1 Data Cache
- L1 Code Cache
- L2 Cache
- L3 Cache

CPU Speed

This item displays the speed of the CPU installed in the Socket selected.

64-bit

This item indicates if 64-bit technology is supported by the CPU installed in the Socket selected.

Clock Spread Spectrum

Select Enable to enable Clock Spectrum support, which will allow the BIOS to monitor and attempt to reduce the level of Electromagnetic Interference caused by the components whenever needed. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

RTID (Record Types IDs)

This feature displays the total number of Record Type IDs for local and remote pools. The options are **Optimal** and Alternate.

Hyper-threading

Select Enabled to support Intel Hyper-threading Technology to enhance CPU performance. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled.

Active Processor Cores

Set to Enabled to use a processor's second core and above. (Please refer to Intel's website for more information.) The options are **All,** 1, 2, and 4.

Limit CPUID Maximum

This feature allows the user to set the maximum CPU ID value. Enable this function to boot the legacy operating systems that cannot support processors with extended CPUID functions. The options are Enabled and **Disabled** (for the Windows OS).

Execute-Disable Bit (Available if supported by the OS & the CPU)

Select Enabled to enable the Execute Disable Bit which will allow the processor to designate areas in the system memory where an application code can execute and where it cannot, thus preventing a worm or a virus from flooding illegal codes to overwhelm the processor or damage the system during an attack. The default is **Enabled**. (Refer to Intel and Microsoft Web sites for more information.)

Intel® AES-NI

Select Enable to use the Intel Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) New Instructions (NI) to ensure data security. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled.

MLC Streamer Prefetcher (Available when supported by the CPU)

If set to Enabled, the MLC (mid-level cache) streamer prefetcher will prefetch streams of data and instructions from the main memory to the L2 cache to improve CPU performance. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

MLC Spatial Prefetcher (Available when supported by the CPU)

If this feature is set to Disabled, The CPU prefetches the cache line for 64 bytes. If this feature is set to Enabled the CPU fetches both cache lines for 128 bytes as comprised. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

DCU Streamer Prefetcher (Available when supported by the CPU)

Select Enabled to support Data Cache Unit (DCU) prefetch of L1 data to speed up data accessing and processing in the DCU to enhance CPU performance. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

DCU IP Prefetcher

Select Enabled for DCU (Data Cache Unit) IP Prefetcher support, which will prefetch IP addresses to improve network connectivity and system performance. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled.

Intel® Virtualization Technology (Available when supported by the CPU)

Select Enabled to support Intel Virtualization Technology, which will allow one platform to run multiple operating systems and applications in independent partitions, creating multiple "virtual" systems in one physical computer. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled.

> **Note**: If there is any change to this setting, you will need to power off and restart the system for the change to take effect. Please refer to Intel's website for detailed information.)

▶ CPU Power Management Configuration

This submenu allows the user to configure the following CPU Power Management settings.

Power Technology

Select Energy Efficiency to support power-saving mode. Select Custom to customize system power settings. Select Disabled to disable power-saving settings. The options are Disabled, **Energy Efficient**, and Custom. If the option is set to Custom, the following items will display:

EIST (Available when Power Technology is set to Custom)

EIST (Enhanced Intel SpeedStep Technology) allows the system to automatically adjust processor voltage and core frequency to reduce power consumption and heat dissipation. The options are Disabled (GV3 Disabled), and **Enabled (GV3 Enabled)**. (**Note**: GV3 is Intel Speedstep support used on older platforms. Please refer to Intel's website for detailed information.)

Turbo Mode

This feature allows processor cores to run faster than marked frequency in specific conditions. The options are Disabled and **Enabled.**

C1E Support (Available when Power Technology is set to Custom)

Select Enabled to enable Enhanced C1 Power State to boost system performance. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled.

CPU C3 Report (Available when Power Technology is set to Custom)

Select Enabled to allow the BIOS to report the CPU C3 State (ACPI C2) to the operating system. During the CPU C3 State, the CPU clock generator is turned off. The options are Enabled and **Disabled.**

CPU C6 Report (Available when Power Technology is set to Custom)

Select Enabled to allow the BIOS to report the CPU C6 State (ACPI C3) to the operating system. During the CPU C6 State, the power to all cache is turned off. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled.

CPU C7 Report (Available when Power Technology is set to Custom)

Select Enabled to allow the BIOS to report the CPU C7 State (ACPI C3) to the operating system. CPU C7 State is a processor-specific low C-State. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled.

Package C-State limit (Available when Power Technology is set to Custom)

This feature allows the user to set the limit on the C-State package register. The options are C0, C2, **C6,** and No Limit.

Energy Performance Bias

Use this feature to select an appropriate fan setting to achieve maximum system performance (with maximum cooling) or maximum energy efficiency with maximum power saving). The fan speeds are controlled by the firmware management via IPMI 2.0. The options are Performance, **Balanced Performance**, Balanced Energy, and Energy Efficient.

Factory Long Duration Power Limit

This item displays the power limit (in watts) set by the manufacturer during which long duration power is maintained.

Long Duration Power Limit

This item displays the power limit (in watts) set by the user during which long duration power is maintained. The default setting is **0**.

Factory Long Duration Maintained

This item displays the period of time (in seconds) set by the manufacturer during which long duration power is maintained.

Long Duration Maintained

This item displays the period of time (in seconds) during which long duration power is maintained. The default setting is **0**.

Recommended Short Duration Power Limit

This item displays the short duration power settings (in watts) recommended by the manufacturer.

Short Duration Power Limit

This item displays the time period during which short duration power (in watts) is maintained. The default setting is **0**.

▶Chipset Configuration

▶North Bridge

This feature allows the user to configure the settings for the Intel North Bridge.

▶Integrated IO Configuration

Intel VT-d

Select Enabled to enable Intel Virtualization Technology support for Direct I/O VT-d by reporting the I/O device assignments to the VMM (Virtual Machine Monitor) through the DMAR ACPI Tables. This feature offers fully-protected I/O resource sharing across Intel platforms, providing greater reliability, security and availability in networking and data-sharing. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled.

Data Direct I/O

Select Enabled to enable Intel I/OAT (I/O Acceleration Technology), which significantly reduces CPU overhead by leveraging CPU architectural improvements and freeing the system resource for other tasks. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

DCA Support

When set to Enabled, this feature uses Intel's DCA (Direct Cache Access) Technology to improve data transfer efficiency. The default is **Enabled** and can not be changed.

IOH Resource Selection Type

When set to Default, PCI resource allocation across multiple IOHs is optomized automatically based on the PCI device present. When set to Manual, the user can force the PCI resource allocation across multiple IOHs based on the ratios selected. The options are **Default** and Manual.

CPU2 Slot8 PCI-E Link Width

This feature allows the user to set the PCI-Exp bus speed between CPU2 and the PCI-e port. The options are x4, and x8, and **x16**.

CPU2 Slot8 PCI-E Link Speed

Select GEN1 to enable PCI-Exp Generation 1 support for Slot 8. Select GEN2 to enable PCI-Exp Generation 2 support for Slot 8. Select GEN3 to enable PCI-Exp Generation 3 support for Slot 8. The options are GEN1, GEN2**,** and **GEN3**.

CPU2 Slot7 PCI-E Link Width

This feature allows the user to set the PCI-Exp bus speed between CPU2 and the PCI-e port. The options are x4, x8, and **x16**.

CPU2 Slot7 PCI-E Link Speed

Select GEN1 to enable PCI-Exp Generation 1 support for Slot 7. Select GEN2 to enable PCI-Exp Generation 2 support for Slot 7. Select GEN3 to enable PCI-Exp Generation 3 support for Slot 7. The options are GEN1, GEN2**,** and **GEN3**.

CPU1 Slot2 PCI-E Link Width

This feature allows the user to set the PCI-Exp bus speed between CPU1 and the PCI-e port. The options are x4, and x8, and **x16**.

CPU1 Slot2 PCI-E Link Speed

Select GEN1 to enable PCI-Exp Generation 1 support for Slot 2. Select GEN2 to enable PCI-Exp Generation 2 support for Slot 2. Select GEN3 to enable PCI-Exp Generation 3 support for Slot 2. The options are GEN1, GEN2**,** and **GEN3**.

CPU1 Slot1 PCI-E Link Width

This feature allows the user to set the PCI-Exp bus speed between CPU1 and the PCI-e port. The options are x4, and **x8**.

CPU1 Slot1 PCI-E Link Speed

Select GEN1 to enable PCI-Exp Generation 1 support for Slot 1. Select GEN2 to enable PCI-Exp Generation 2 support for Slot 1. Select GEN3 to enable PCI-Exp Generation 3 support for Slot 1. The options are GEN1, GEN2**,** and **GEN3**.

CPU3 Slot6 PCI-E Link Width

This feature allows the user to set the PCI-Exp bus speed between CPU2 and the PCI-e port. The options are x4, x8, and **x16**.

CPU3 Slot6 PCI-E Link Speed

Select GEN1 to enable PCI-Exp Generation 1 support for Slot 7. Select GEN2 to enable PCI-Exp Generation 2 support for Slot 7. Select GEN3 to enable PCI-Exp Generation 3 support for Slot 7. The options are GEN1, GEN2**,** and **GEN3**.

CPU3 Slot5 PCI-E Link Width

This feature allows the user to set the PCI-Exp bus speed between CPU2 and the PCI-e port. The options are x4, x8, and **x16**.

CPU3 Slot5 PCI-E Link Speed

Select GEN1 to enable PCI-Exp Generation 1 support for Slot 7. Select GEN2 to enable PCI-Exp Generation 2 support for Slot 7. Select GEN3 to enable PCI-Exp Generation 3 support for Slot 7. The options are GEN1, GEN2**,** and **GEN3**.

CPU4 Slot4 PCI-E Link Width

This feature allows the user to set the PCI-Exp bus speed between CPU2 and the PCI-e port. The options are x4, x8, and **x16**.

CPU4 Slot4 PCI-E Link Speed

Select GEN1 to enable PCI-Exp Generation 1 support for Slot 7. Select GEN2 to enable PCI-Exp Generation 2 support for Slot 7. Select GEN3 to enable PCI-Exp Generation 3 support for Slot 7. The options are GEN1, GEN2**,** and **GEN3**.

CPU4 Slot3 PCI-E Link Width

This feature allows the user to set the PCI-Exp bus speed between CPU2 and the PCI-e port. The options are x4, x8, and **x16**.

CPU4 Slot3 PCI-E Link Speed

Select GEN1 to enable PCI-Exp Generation 1 support for Slot 7. Select GEN2 to enable PCI-Exp Generation 2 support for Slot 7. Select GEN3 to enable PCI-Exp Generation 3 support for Slot 7. The options are GEN1, GEN2**,** and **GEN3**.

▶QPI Configuration

Current QPI Link

This item displays the current status of the QPI Link.

Current QPI Frequency

This item displays the frequency of the QPI Link.

Isoc

Select Enabled to enable Isochronous support to meet QoS (Quality of Service) requirements. This feature is especially important for virtualization technology. The options are Enabled and **Disabled**.

QPI (Quick Path Interconnect) Link Speed Mode

Use this feature to select data transfer speed for QPI Link connections. The options are **Fast** and Slow.

QPI Link Frequency Select

Use this feature to select the desired QPI frequency. The options are **Auto**, 6.4 GT/s, 7.2 GT/s, 8.0 GT/s, and 16.0 GT/s.

▶DIMM Configuration

This section displays the following DIMM information.

Current Memory Mode

This item displays the current memory mode.

Current Memory Speed

This item displays the current memory speed.

Mirroring

This item displays if memory mirroring is supported by the serverboard. Memory mirroring creates a duplicate copy of the data stored in the memory to enhance data security.

Sparing

This item displays if memory sparing is supported by the serverboard. Memory sparing enhances system performance.

▶DIMM Information

This section displays the status of the memory modules as detected by the BIOS.

Memory Mode

When Independent is selected, all DIMMs are available to the operating system. When Mirroring is selected, the serverboard maintains two identical copies of all data in memory for data backup. When Lockstep is selected, the serverboard uses two areas of memory to run the same set of operations in parallel. The default setting is **Independent**.

DRAM RAPL Mode

RAPL (Running Average Power Limit) provides mechanisms to enforce power consumption limits on supported processors The options are DRAM RAPL MODE0 , **DRAM RAPL MODE1**, and Disabled.

DDR Speed

Use this feature to force a DDR3 memory module to run at a frequency other than what is specified by the manufacturer. The options are **Auto**, Force DDR3-800, Force DDR3-1066, Force DDR3-1333, Force DDR3-1600 and Force SPD.

Channel Interleaving

This feature selects from the different channel interleaving methods. The options are **Auto**, 1 Way, 2 Way, 3, Way, and 4 Way.

Rank Interleaving

This feature allows the user to select a rank memory interleaving method. The options are **Auto**, 1 Way, 2 Way, 4, Way, and 8 Way.

Patrol Scrub

Patrol Scrubbing is a process that allows the CPU to correct correctable memory errors detected on a memory module and send the correction to the requestor (the original source). When this item is set to Enabled, the IO hub will read and write back one cache line every 16K cycles, if there is no delay caused by internal processing. By using this method, roughly 64 GB of memory behind the IO hub will be scrubbed every day. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled.

Demand Scrub

Demand Scrubbing is a process that allows the CPU to correct correctable memory errors found on a memory module. When the CPU or I/O issues a demand-read command, and the read data from memory turns out to be a correctable error, the error is corrected and sent to the requestor (the original source). Memory is updated as well. Select Enabled to use Demand Scrubbing for ECC memory correction. The options are Enabled and **Disabled**.

Data Scrambling

Select Enabled to enable data scrambling to ensure data security and integrity. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Device Tagging

Select Enabled to support device tagging. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Thermal Throttling

Throttling improves reliability and reduces power consumption in the processor via automatic voltage control during processor idle states. The options are Disabled and **CLTT** (Closed Loop Thermal Throttling).

▶South Bridge Configuration

This feature allows the user to configure the settings for the Intel PCH chip.

PCH Information

This feature displays the following PCH information.

Name: This item displays the name of the PCH chip.

Stepping: This item displays the PCH stepping.

USB Devices: This item displays the USB devices detected by the BIOS.

All USB Devices

This feature enables all USB ports/devices. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

EHCI Controller 1, EHCI Controller 2 (Available when All USB Devices is set to Enabled)

Select Enabled to enable EHCI (Enhanced Host Controller Interface) Controller 1 or Controller 2. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Legacy USB Support (Available when USB Functions is not Disabled)

Select Enabled to support legacy USB devices. Select Auto to disable legacy support if USB devices are not present. Select Disabled to have USB devices available for EFI (Extensive Firmware Interface) applications only. The settings are Disabled, **Enabled** and Auto.

Port 60/64 Emulation

Select Enabled to enable I/O port 60h/64h emulation support for the legacy USB keyboard so that it can be fully supported by the operating systems that does not recognize a USB device. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

EHCI Hand-Off

This item is for operating systems that do not support Enhanced Host Controller Interface (EHCI) hand-off. When enabled, EHCI ownership change will be claimed by the EHCI driver. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

▶SATA Configuration

When this submenu is selected, the AMI BIOS automatically detects the presence of IDE or SATA devices and displays the following items.

SATA Port0~SATA Port9: The AMI BIOS displays the status of each SATA port as detected by the BIOS.

SATA Mode

Use this feature to configure SATA mode for a selected SATA port. The options are Disabled, IDE Mode, **AHCI Mode** and RAID Mode. The following are displayed depending on your selection:

IDE Mode

The following items are displayed when IDE Mode is selected:

Serial-ATA (SATA) Controller 0~1

Use this feature to activate or deactivate the SATA controller, and set the compatibility mode. The options are Disabled, Enhanced, and Compatible. The default for SATA Controller 0 is **Compatible.** The default of SATA Controller 1 is **Enhanced**.

AHCI Mode

The following items are displayed when the AHCI Mode is selected.

Aggressive Link Power Management

When Enabled, the SATA AHCI controller manages the power usage of the SATA link. The controller will put the link in a low power mode during extended periods of I/O inactivity, and will return the link to an active state when I/O activity resumes. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled.

Port 0~9 Hot Plug

Select Enabled to enable hot-plug support for a particular port, which will allow the user to change a hardware component or device without shutting down the system. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled.

Staggered Spin Up

Select Enabled to enable Staggered Spin-up support to prevent excessive power consumption caused by multiple HDDs spinning-up simultaneously. The options are Enabled and **Disabled**.

RAID Mode

The following items are displayed when RAID Mode is selected:

Port 0~9 Hot Plug

Select Enabled to enable hot-plug support for the particular port. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled.

▶SCU (Storage Control Unit) Configuration

Storage Controller Unit

Select Enabled to enable PCH SCU storage devices. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

OnChip SCU Option ROM

Select Enabled to support the onboard SCU Option ROM to boot up the system via a storage device. The options are Disabled, **Legacy Option ROM**, and EFI Driver.

▶PCIe/PCI/PnP Configuration

PCI ROM Priority

Use this feature to select the Option ROM to boot the system when there are multiple Option ROMs available in the system. The options are EFI Compatible ROM and **Legacy ROM**.

PCI Latency Timer

Use this feature to set the latency Timer of each PCI device installed on a PCI bus. Select 64 to set the PCI latency to 64 PCI clock cycles. The options are 32, **64**, 96, 128, 160, 192, 224 and 248.

Above 4G Decoding (Available if the system supports 64-bit PCI decoding)

Select Enabled to decode a PCI device that supports 64-bit in the space above 4G Address. The options are Enabled and **Disabled**.

PERR# Generation

Select Enabled to allow a PCI device to generate a PERR number for a PCI Bus Signal Error Event. The options are Enabled and **Disabled**.

SERR# Generation

Select Enabled to allow a PCI device to generate an SERR number for a PCI Bus Signal Error Event. The options are Enabled and **Disabled**.

Maximum Payload

Select Auto to allow the system BIOS to automatically set the maximum payload value for a PCI-E device to enhance system performance. The options are **Auto**, 128 Bytes and 256 Bytes, 512 Bytes, 1024 Bytes, 2048 Bytes, and 4096 Bytes.

Maximum Read Request

Select Auto to allow the system BIOS to automatically set the maximum Read Request size for a PCI-E device to enhance system performance. The options are **Auto**, 128 Bytes, 256 Bytes, 512 Bytes, 1024 Bytes, 2048 Bytes, and 4096 Bytes.

ASPM Support

This feature allows the user to set the Active State Power Management (ASPM) level for a PCI-E device. Select Force L0s to force all PCI-E links to operate at L0s state. Select Auto to allow the system BIOS to automatically set the ASPM level for the system. Select Disabled to disable ASPM support. The options are **Disabled**, Force L0s, and Auto.

Warning: Enabling ASPM support may cause some PCI-E devices to fail!

CPU1 Slot1 PCI-E 3.0 x8 OPROM, CPU1 Slot2 PCI-E 3.0 x16 OPROM, CPU4 Slot3 PCI-E 3.0 x16 OPROM, CPU4 Slot4 PCI-E 3.0 x16 OPROM, CPU3 Slot5 PCI-E 3.0 x16 OPROM, CPU3 Slot6 PCI-E 3.0 x16 OPROM, CPU2 Slot7 PCI-E 3.0 x16 OPROM, CPU2 Slot8 PCI-E 3.0 x16 OPROM

Select Enabled to enable Option ROM support to boot the computer using a device installed on the slot specified above. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled.

Onboard LAN Option ROM Select

Select iSCSI to use the iSCSI Option ROM to boot the computer using a network device. Select PXE (Preboot Execution Environment) to use an PXE Option ROM to boot the computer using a network device. The options are **PXE** and iSCSI.

Load Onboard LAN1 OPROM, Load Onboard LAN2 OPROM

Select Enabled to enable the onboard LAN1/LAN2 Option ROM. This is to boot the computer using a network device. The default setting for LAN1 Option ROM is **Enabled**, and the default setting for LAN2 Option ROM is **Disabled**.

Load Onboard LSI SAS (CPU1) OPROM, Load Onboard LSI SAS (CPU2) OPROM

Select Enabled to enable the onboard LSI SAS Option ROM. This is to boot the computer using a SAS device. The default setting for LSI SAS Option ROM is **Enabled**.

VGA Priority

This feature allows the user to select the graphics adapter to be used as the primary boot device. The options are **Onboard**, and Offboard.

Network Stack

Select Enabled enable PXE (Preboot Execution Environment) or UEFI (Unified Extensible Firmware Interface) for network stack support. The options are Enabled and **Disabled**.

IPv4 PXE Support (Available when Network Stack is set to Enabled)

Set this item to Enabled to activate IPv4 PXE Support. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled.

IPv6 PXE Support (Available when Network Stack is set to Enabled)

Set this item to Enabled to activate IPv6 PXE Support. The options are Enabled and **Disabled**.

▶Super IO Configuration

Super IO Chip: This item displays the Super IO chip used in the serverboard.

▶Serial Port 1 Configuration

Serial Port

Select Enabled to enable a serial port specified by the user. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled.

Device Settings

This item displays the settings of Serial Port 1.

Change Settings

This option specifies the base I/O port address and the Interrupt Request address of Serial Port 1. Select Disabled to prevent the serial port from accessing any system resources. When this option is set to Disabled, the serial port becomes unavailable. The options are **Auto**, IO=3F8h; IRQ=4; IO=3F8h; IRQ=3; IO=2F8h; IRQ=3; IO=3E8h; IRQ=5; IO=2E8h; IRQ=7; IO=3F8h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12; IO=2F8h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12; IO=3E8h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12; and IO=2E8h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12;

Device Mode

Use this feature to select the desired mode for a serial port specified. The options are **Normal** and High Speed.

▶Serial Port 2 Configuration

Serial Port

Select Enabled to enable a serial port specified by the user. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled.

Device Settings

This item displays the settings of Serial Port 2.

Change Settings

This option specifies the base I/O port address and the Interrupt Request address of Serial Port 2. Select Disabled to prevent the serial port from accessing any system resources. When this option is set to Disabled, the serial port becomes unavailable. The options are **Auto**, IO=3F8h; IRQ=4; IO=3F8h; IRQ=3; IO=2F8h; IRQ=3; IO=3E8h; IRQ=5; IO=2E8h; IRQ=7; IO=3F8h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12; IO=2F8h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12; IO=3E8h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12; and IO=2E8h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12;

Device Mode

Use this feature to select the desired mode for a serial port specified. The options are **Normal** and High Speed.

Serial Port 2 Attribute

Use this feature to select the attribute for serial port 2. The options are **SOL** (Serial On LAN), and COM.

▶Serial Port Console Redirection

COM 1, SOL

These two submenus allow the user to configure the following Console Redirection settings for a COM Port specified by the user.

Console Redirection

Select Enabled to use a COM Port selected by the user for Console Redirection. The options are Enabled and Disabled. The default setting for COM1 is **Disabled**, and for SOL is **Enabled**.

▶Console Redirection Settings

This feature allows the user to specify how the host computer will exchange data with the client computer, which is the remote computer used by the user.

Terminal Type

This feature allows the user to select the target terminal emulation type for Console Redirection. Select VT100 to use the ASCII Character set. Select VT100+ to add color and function key support. Select ANSI to use the Extended ASCII Character Set. Select VT-UTF8 to use UTF8 encoding to map Unicode characters into one or more bytes. The options are ANSI, VT100, **VT100+**, and VT-UTF8.

Bits Per second

Use this feature to set the transmission speed for a serial port used in Console Redirection. Make sure that the same speed is used in the host computer and the client computer. A lower transmission speed may be required for long and busy lines. The options are 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600 and **115200** (bits per second).

Data Bits

Use this feature to set the data transmission size for Console Redirection. The options are 7 Bits and **8 Bits**.

Parity

A parity bit can be sent along with regular data bits to detect data transmission errors. Select Even if the parity bit is set to 0, and the number of 1's in data bits is even. Select Odd if the parity bit is set to 0, and the number of 1's in data bits is odd. Select None if you do not want to send a parity bit with your data bits in transmission. Select Mark to add a mark as a parity bit to be sent along with the data bits. Select Space to add a Space as a parity bit to be sent with your data bits. The options are **None**, Even, Odd, Mark and Space.

Stop Bits

A stop bit indicates the end of a serial data packet. Select 1 Stop Bit for standard serial data communication. Select 2 Stop Bits if slower devices are used. The options are **1** and 2.

Flow Control

This feature allows the user to set the flow control for Console Redirection to prevent data loss caused by buffer overflow. Send a "Stop" signal to stop sending data when the receiving buffer is full. Send a "Start" signal to start sending data when the receiving buffer is empty. The options are **None** and Hardware RTS/CTS.

VT-UTF8 Combo Key Support

Select Enabled to enable VT-UTF8 Combination Key support for ANSI/VT100 terminals. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled**.**

Recorder Mode

Select Enabled to capture the data displayed on a terminal and send it as text messages to a remote server. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Resolution 100x31

Select Enabled for extended-terminal resolution support. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Legacy OS Redirection Resolution

Use this feature to select the number of rows and columns used in Console Redirection for legacy OS support. The options are 80x24 and **80x25**.

Putty KeyPad

This feature selects Function Keys and KeyPad settings for Putty, which is a terminal emulator designed for the Windows OS. The options are **VT100**, LINUX, XTERMR6, SC0, ESCN, and VT400.

Serial Port for Out-of-Band Management/Windows Emergency Management Services (EMS)

The submenu allows the user to configure Console Redirection settings to support Out-of-Band Serial Port management.

Console Redirection (for EMS)

Select Enabled to use a COM Port selected by the user for Console Redirection. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled.

▶Console Redirection Settings (for EMS)

This feature allows the user to specify how the host computer will exchange data with the client computer, which is the remote computer used by the user.

Out-of-Band Management Port

The feature selects a serial port used by the Microsoft Windows Emergency Management Services (EMS) to communicate with a remote server. The options are **COM1** and COM2.

Terminal Type

This feature allows the user to select the target terminal emulation type for Console Redirection. Select VT100 to use the ASCII character set. Select VT100+ to add color and function key support. Select ANSI to use the extended ASCII character set. Select VT-UTF8 to use UTF8 encoding to map Unicode characters into one or more bytes. The options are ANSI, VT100, **VT100+**, and VT-UTF8.

Bits Per Second

This item sets the transmission speed for a serial port used in Console Redirection. Make sure that the same speed is used in the host computer and the client computer. A lower transmission speed may be required for long and busy lines. The options are 9600, 19200, 57600, and **115200** (bits per second).

Flow Control

This feature allows the user to set the flow control for Console Redirection to prevent data loss caused by buffer overflow. Send a "Stop" signal to stop sending data when the receiving buffer is full. Send a "Start" signal to start sending data when the receiving buffer is empty. The options are **None,** Hardware RTS/CTS, and Software Xon/Xoff.

Data Bits, Parity, Stop Bits

The setting for each of these features is displayed.

▶ACPI Settings

Use this feature to configure Advanced Configuration and Power Interface (ACPI) power management settings for your system.

ACPI Sleep State

Use this feature to select the ACPI State when the system is in sleep mode. Select S1 (CPU Stop Clock) to erase all CPU caches and stop executing instructions. Power to the CPU(s) and RAM is maintained, but RAM is refreshed. Select Suspend Disabled to use power-reduced mode. Power will only be supplied to limited components (such as RAMs) to maintain the most critical functions of the system. The options are **S1 (CPU Stop Clock)**, and Suspend Disabled.

NUMA (NON-Uniform Memory Access)

This feature enables the Non-Uniform Memory Access ACPI support. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled.

High Precision Event Timer

Select Enabled to activate the High Precision Event Timer (HPET) that produces periodic interrupts at a much higher frequency than a Real-time Clock (RTC) does in synchronizing multimedia streams, providing smooth playback, reducing the dependency on other timestamp calculation devices, such as an x86 RDTSC Instruction embedded in the CPU. The High Performance Event Timer is used to replace the 8254 Programmable Interval Timer. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled.

▶Trusted Computing (Available when a TPM device is detected by the BIOS)

Configuration

TPM Support

Select Enabled on this item and enable the TPM jumper on the serverboard to enable TPM support to improve data integrity and network security. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled.

TPM State

Select Enabled to enable TPM security settings to improve data integrity and network security. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Pending Operation

Use this item to schedule an operation for the security device. The options are **None**, Enable Take Ownership, Disable Take Ownership, and TPM Clear.

> **Note:** During restart, the computer will reboot in order to execute the pending operation and change the state of the security device.

Current Status Information: This item displays the information regarding the current TPM status.

TPM Enable Status

This item displays the status of TPM Support to indicate if TPM is currently enabled or disabled.

TPM Active Status

This item displays the status of TPM Support to indicate if TPM is currently active or deactivated.

TPM Owner Status

This item displays the status of TPM Ownership.

▶Intel TXT (LT-SX) Configuration

Intel TXT (LT-SX) Hardware Support

This feature indicates if the following hardware components support Intel TXT (Trusted Execution Technology).

CPU: TXT Feature

Chipset: TXT Feature

Intel TXT (LT-SX) Configuration

This feature displays the following TXT configuration setting.

TXT Support: This item indicates if the Intel TXT support is enabled or disabled. The default setting is **Disabled**.

Intel TXT (LT-SX) Dependencies

This feature displays the features that need to be enabled for the Intel Trusted Execution Technology to work properly in the system.

VT-d Support: Intel Virtualization Technology with Direct I/O support

VT Support: Intel Virtualization Technology support

TPM Support: Trusted Platform support

TPM State: Trusted Platform state

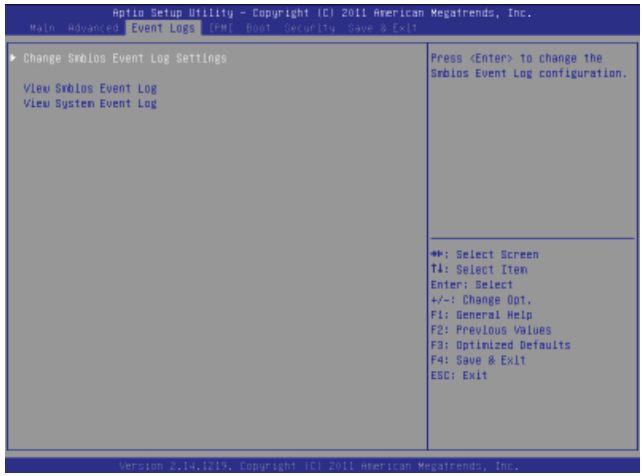
▶ME Subsystem

This feature displays the following ME Subsystem Configuration settings.

- **ME BIOS Interface Version**
- **ME Version**

7-4 Event Logs

Use this feature to configure Event Log settings.



▶Change SMBIOS Event Log Settings

This feature allows the user to configure SMBIOS Event settings.

Enabling/Disabling Options

SMBIOS Event Log

Select Enabled to enable SMBIOS (System Management BIOS) Event Logging during system boot. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled.

Runtime Error Logging Support

Select Enabled to support Runtime Error Logging. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled.

Memory Correctable Error Threshold

This feature allows the user to enter the threshold value for correctable memory errors. The default setting is **10**.

PCI Error Logging Support

Select Enabled to support error event logging for PCI slots. The options are Enabled and **Disabled**.

Erasing Settings

Erase Event Log

Select Enabled to erase the SMBIOS (System Management BIOS) Event Log, which is completed before an event logging is initialized upon system reboot. The options are **No**, Yes, next reset, and Yes, every reset.

When Log is Full

Select Erase Immediately to immediately erase SMBIOS error event logs that exceed the limit when the SMBIOS event log is full. Select Do Nothing for the system to do nothing when the SMBIOS event log is full. The options are **Do Nothing** and Erase Immediately.

SMBIOS Event Log Standard Settings

Log System Boot Event

Select Enabled to log system boot events. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

MECI (Multiple Event Count Increment)

Enter the increment value for the multiple event counter. Enter a number between 1 to 255. The default setting is **1**.

METW (Multiple Event Count Time Window)

This item allows the user to decide how long (in minutes) should the multiple event counter wait before generating a new event log. Enter a number between 0 to 99. The default setting is **60**.

View SMBIOS Event Log

This item allows the user to view an event in the SMBIOS event log. Select this item and press <Enter> to view the status of an event in the log.

Date/Time/Error Code/Severity

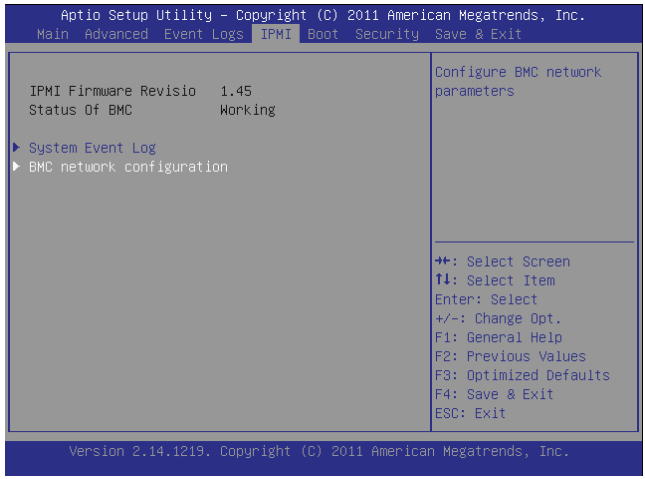
View System Event Log

This item allows the user to view an event in the System event log. Select this item and press <Enter> to view the status of an event in the log.

Date/Time/Error Code/Severity

7-5 IPMI

Use this feature to configure Intelligent Platform Management Interface (IPMI) settings.



IPMI Firmware Revision

This item indicates the IPMI firmware revision used in your system.

Status of BMC

This item indicates the status of the IPMI firmware installed in your system.

▶System Event Log

Enabling/Disabling Options

SEL Components

Select Enabled for all system event logging at bootup. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled.

Erasing Settings

Erase SEL

Select Yes, On next reset to erase all system event logs upon next system reboot. Select Yes, On every reset to erase all system event logs upon each system reboot. Select No to keep all system event logs after each system reboot. The options are **No,** Yes, On next reset, and Yes, On every reset.

When SEL is Full

This feature allows the user to decide what the BIOS should do when the system event log is full. Select Erase Immediately to erase all events in the log when the system event log is full. The options are **Do Nothing** and Erase Immediately.

Custom EFI Logging Options

Log EFI Status Codes

Select Enabled to log EFI (Extensible Firmware Interface) Status Codes, Error Codes or Progress Codes. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled.

> **Note**: After making changes on a setting, be sure to reboot the system for the changes to take effect.

▶BMC Network Configuration

LAN Channel 1: This feature allows the user to configure the settings for LAN1.

Update IPMI LAN Configuration

This feature allows the BIOS to implement any IP/MAC address changes at the next system boot. If the option is set to Yes, any changes made to the settings below will take effect when the system is rebooted. The options are **No** and Yes..

Configuration Address Source

This feature allows the user to select the source of the IP address for this computer. If Static is selected, you will need to know the IP address of this computer and enter it to the system manually in the field. If DHCP is selected, the BIOS will search for a DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) server in the network that it is attached to and request the next available IP address for this computer. The options are **DHCP** and Static.

Station IP Address

This item displays the Station IP address for this computer. This should be in decimal and in dotted quad form (i.e., 192.168.10.253).

Subnet Mask

This item displays the sub-network that this computer belongs to. The value of each three-digit number separated by dots should not exceed 255.

Station MAC Address

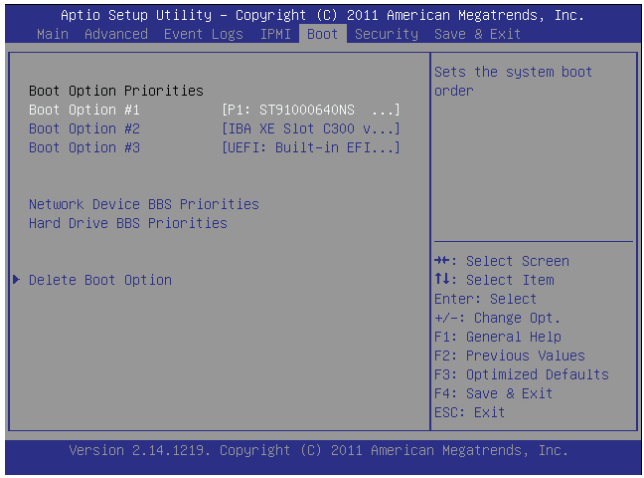
This item displays the Station MAC address for this computer. Mac addresses are 6 two-digit hexadecimal numbers.

Gateway IP Address

This item displays the Gateway IP address for this computer. This should be in decimal and in dotted quad form (i.e., 192.168.10.253).

7-6 Boot

This submenu allows the user to configure the following boot settings for the system.



Boot Option Priorities

Boot Option #1/ Boot Option #2/ Boot Option #3, etc.

Use this feature to specify the sequence of boot device priority.

Network Device BBS Priorities, Hard Drive BBS Priorities

This option sets the order of the legacy network and hard disk devices detected by the serverboard.

▶Delete Boot Option

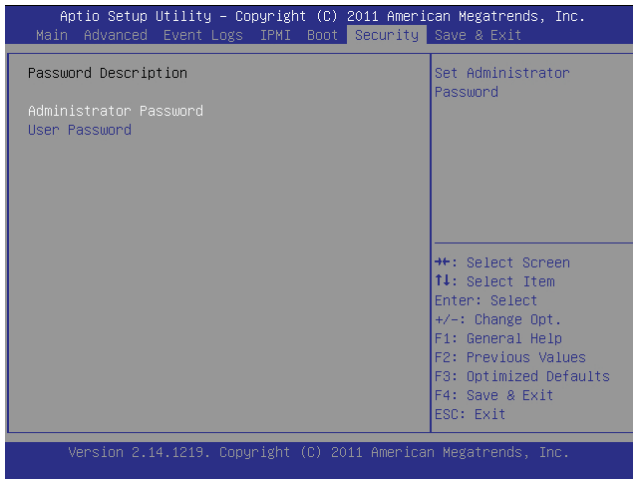
This feature allows the user to select a boot device to delete from the boot priority list.

Delete Boot Option

Select the desired boot device to delete.

7-7 Security

This menu allows the user to configure the following security settings for the system.



Administrator Password

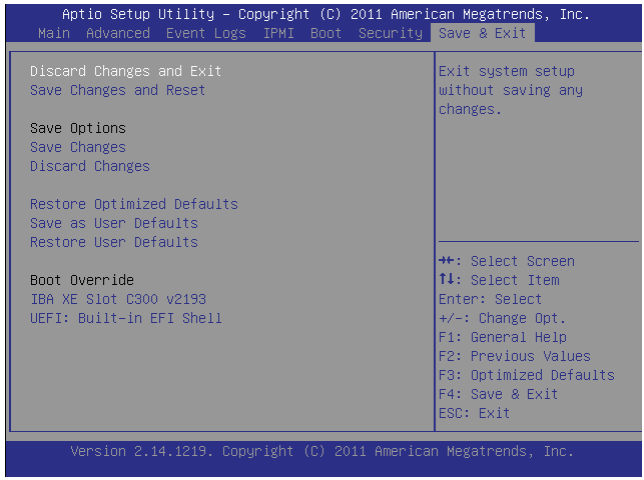
Use this feature to set the Administrator Password which is required to enter the BIOS setup utility. The length of the password should be from 3 characters to 20 characters long.

User Password

Use this feature to set a User Password which is required to log into the system and to enter the BIOS setup utility. The length of the password should be from 3 characters to 20 characters long.

7-8 Save & Exit

This submenu allows the user to configure the Save and Exit settings for the system.



Discard Changes and Exit

Select this option to quit the BIOS Setup without making any permanent changes to the system configuration, and reboot the computer. Select Discard Changes and Exit, and press <Enter>. When the dialog box appears, asking you if you want to exit the BIOS setup without saving, select **Yes** to quit BIOS without saving the changes, or select No to quit the BIOS and save changes.

Save Changes and Reset

When you have completed the system configuration changes, select this option to save the changes and reboot the computer so that the new system configuration settings can take effect. Select Save Changes and Exit, and press <Enter>. When the dialog box appears, asking you if you want to exit the BIOS setup without saving, select **Yes** to quit BIOS without saving the changes, or select No to quit the BIOS and save changes.

Save Options

Save Changes

Select this option and press <Enter> to save all changes you've done so far and return to the AMI BIOS utility Program. When the dialog box appears, asking you if you want to save configuration, select **Yes** to save the changes, or select No to return to the BIOS without making changes.

Discard Changes

Select this feature and press <Enter> to discard all the changes and return to the BIOS setup. When the dialog box appears, asking you if you want to load previous values, select **Yes** to load the values previous saved, or select No to keep the changes you've made so far.

Restore Optimized Defaults

Select this feature and press <Enter> to load the optimized default settings that help optimize system performance. When the dialog box appears, asking you if you want to load optimized defaults, select **Yes** to load the optimized default settings, or select No to abandon optimized defaults.

Save as User Defaults

Select this feature and press <Enter> to save the current settings as the user's defaults. When the dialog box appears, asking you if you want to save values as user's defaults, select **Yes** to save the current values as user's default settings, or select No to keep the defaults previously saved as the user's defaults.

Restore User Defaults

Select this feature and press <Enter> to load the user's defaults previously saved in the system. When the dialog box appears, asking you if you want to restore user's defaults, select **Yes** to restore the user's defaults previously saved in the system, or select No to abandon the user's defaults that were previously saved.

Boot Override

This feature allows the user to override the Boot Option Priorities setting in the Boot menu, and instead immediately boot the system with one of the listed devices. This is a one-time override

Notes

Appendix A

BIOS Error Beep Codes

During the POST (Power-On Self-Test) routines, which are performed at each system boot, errors may occur.

Non-fatal errors are those which, in most cases, allow the system to continue to boot. The error messages normally appear on the screen.

Fatal errors will not allow the system to continue with bootup procedure. If a fatal error occurs, you should consult with your system manufacturer for possible repairs.

These fatal errors are usually communicated through a series of audible beeps. The numbers on the fatal error list correspond to the number of beeps for the corresponding error.

A-1 BIOS Error Beep Codes

X9 Motherboard BIOS Error Beep Codes		
Beep Code/LED	**Error Message**	**Description**
1 beep	Refresh	Ready to boot
5 short beeps + 1 long beep	Memory error	No memory detected in the system
5 beeps	No Con-In or No Con-Out devices	Con-In includes USB or PS/2 keyboard, PCI or Serial Console Redirection, IPMI KVM or SOL. Con-Out includes Video Controller, PCI or Serial Console Redirection, IPMI SOL.
X9 IPMI Error Codes		
1 Continuous Beep	System OH	System Overheat

Notes

Appendix B

System Specifications

Processors

Four E5-4600 series processors per node in Socket R LGA 2011 type sockets

Note: please refer to our website for details on supported processors.

Chipset

C602 chipset

BIOS

16MB SPI Flash EEPROM with AMI® BIOS

Memory Capacity

Twenty four DIMM slots supporting up to 768 GB of DDR3-1600/1333/1066/800 MHz speed RDIMM registered ECC in up to 1 GB, 2 GB, 4 GB, 8 GB, 16 GB or 32 GB sizes at 1.35V or 1.5V voltages.

Note: refer to Section 5-6 for details on installation.

Note: Check the Supermicro website (www.supermicro.com) for the latest memory support information.

Hard Drive Bays

The SuperServer 8047R-7JRFT contains twenty-four hot-swap drive bays.

PCI Expansion

The SuperServer 8047R-7JRFT has eight PCI Express 3.0 x16 slots available.

Serverboard

X9QR7-TF-JBOD serverboard (proprietary form factor)

Dimensions: (LxW) 17 x 17 in. (432 mm x 432 mm)

Chassis

SC848E16-R1K628 (4U rackmount)

Dimensions: (WxHxD) 7 x 17.2 x 29 in. (178 x 437 x 737 mm)

Weight

Gross (Bare Bone): 100 lbs. (45.4 kg.)

System Cooling

The system has two 8-cm PWM system cooling fans and four 9-cm colling fans.

System Input Requirements

AC Input Voltage: 100-240V AC auto-range (1000W Output @ 100-120V, 12-10A, 1200W Output @ 120-140V, 12-10A, 1620W Output @ 180-240V, 10.5-8A)
Rated Input Frequency: 50 to 60 Hz
Efficiency: 80+ (Platinum Level)

Power Supply

Rated Output Power: 1620 Watt (Part# PWS-1K62P-1R)
Rated Output Voltages: 1000W: +12V/84A; +5Vsb/4A

1200W: +12V/100A; +5Vsb/4A

1620W: +12V/150A; +5Vsb/4A

Operating Environment

Operating Temperature: 10º to 35º C (50º to 95º F)
Non-operating Temperature: -40º to 70º C (-40º to 158º F)
Operating Relative Humidity: 8% to 90% (non-condensing)
Non-operating Relative Humidity: 5 to 95% (non-condensing)

Regulatory Compliance

Electromagnetic Emissions: FCC Class A, EN 55022 Class A, EN 61000-3-2/-3-3, CISPR 22 Class A

Electromagnetic Immunity: EN 55024/CISPR 24, (EN 61000-4-2, EN 61000-4-3, EN 61000-4-4, EN 61000-4-5, EN 61000-4-6, EN 61000-4-8, EN 61000-4-11)

Safety: CSA/EN/IEC/UL 60950-1 Compliant, UL or CSA Listed (USA and Canada), CE Marking (Europe)

California Best Management Practices Regulations for Perchlorate Materials: This Perchlorate warning applies only to products containing CR (Manganese Dioxide) Lithium coin cells. “Perchlorate Material-special handling may apply. See www.dtsc.ca.gov/hazardouswaste/perchlorate” for further details.

Notes

(continued from front)

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