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Introduction

These instructions are optimized for the SYS-1028UX-LL1/2/3-B8, SYS-1028-UX-CR-LL1/2 and SYS-6027AX-72RF/TRF- HFT1/2/3 systems. Steps may vary depending on SW application requirements and operating system.

1.1 OS Optimizations

1. Minimal OS installation of RHEL.
2. Kernel boot command line options: intel_idle.max_cstate=0
   processor.max_cstate=0 idle=poll pcie_aspm=performance mce=ignore_ce
   ipmi_si.force_kipmi=0 nmi_watchdog=0 hpet=disabled noht nohz=on nohalt
   nosoftlockup isolcpus=x,x (isolcpus option not required if using tuna to isolate
   CPU cores)
3. Disable all unnecessary services using CHKCONFIG command.
4. Install cpupowerutils, tuned-adm, tuna, and numacl.
5. Run the following commands to tune your system before running your
   application. It is best to script the following commands for ease of execution.

   a. Modprobe acpi-cpufreq
   b. cpupower set -b 0
   c. cpupower frequency-set --governor performance
   d. tuned-adm profile latency-performance
   e. tuna –S0 –i; tuna –S1 –i
   f. service irqbalance stop

1.2 BIOS/IPMI Optimizations

1. Set “SuperMicro Hyper-Speed” at the highest, appropriate level
3. Set “SuperMicro Hyper-Turbo” as “Enabled”
4. Set IPMI fan speed to FULL.
5. Disabling unused devices such as USB controllers and SCU controller (PCH chipset’s
   storage controller) can help reduce system interrupts.
1.3 NIC Optimizations

1. To locate which NUMA node the NIC is directly connected to:
   #cat/sys/class/net/<nic port>/device/numa_node
2. To ascertain which cores are located on the local NUMA node:
   #numactl --hardware
3. Finally, use taskset or numactl to bind application to specific CPU cores

Mellanox NIC Acceleration:
Prefix application with: LD_PRELOAD=libvma.so

SolarFlare NIC Acceleration:
Configure the firmware:
   i. Download SolarFlare Utilities
   ii. #sfupdate –write
   iii. #sfboot firmware-variant=ultra-low-latency
Prefix application with: onload --profile=latency

Exablaze NIC Acceleration:
Prefix application with: exasock

1.5 Reading the CPU Frequency in Linux

To check the CPU frequency consistency in a Linux environment, use the “turbostat –i 1” command.